GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 1721 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1721-PCS30474-ME-10

Short Titl	tle: H.E.L.P. Small Business Act.	(Public)
Sponsors	s:	
Referred	to:	
May 17, 2010		
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE H.E.L.P. (HEALTH CARE, EMPLOYMENT, LEVERAGE, AND PREPARATION) FOR SMALL BUSINESSES IN NORTH CAROLINA, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS. Whereas, small businesses are the backbone of North Carolina's economy; and Whereas, over 60% of all North Carolinians are employed by a business with fewer than 100 employees; and Whereas, small businesses have been hit particularly hard by the recent financial crisis and ensuing credit crunch; and Whereas, small businesses impact communities not just economically but through their social and civic engagement; Now, therefore, The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
PART 1: TAX BENEFITS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES		
INCREASE TAX BENEFITS FOR SMALL BUSINESS EQUIPMENT PURCHASES SECTION 1.1. G.S. 105-228.90(b)(1b) reads as rewritten:		
"\\$ 105-228.90. Scope and definitions.		
 (b)	Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this	Article:
	(1b) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted 2010, including any provisions enacted as effective either before or after that date."	
INCREA	ASE TAX BENEFITS FOR INVESTMENTS IN SMA SECTION 1.2. G.S. 105-163.012(b) reads as rewritte	
"§ 105-10	63.012. Limit; carry-over; ceiling; reduction in basis.	
dollars (The total amount of all tax credits allowed to taxpayers made in a calendar year may not exceed seven respectively. (\$7,500,000). eight million dollars (\$8,000,000). The total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of the total amount of tax credits claimed from the assertion of tax credits claimed from t	million five hundred thousand e Secretary of Revenue shall applications filed pursuant to



calendar year exceeds this maximum amount, the Secretary shall allow a portion of the credits claimed by allocating the maximum amount in tax credits in proportion to the size of the credit claimed by each taxpayer."

SECTION 1.3. G.S. 105-163.015 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-163.015. Sunset.

This Part is repealed effective for investments made on or after January 1, 2011. January 1, 2013."

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TAX BENEFITS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES THAT PROVIDE HEALTH INSURANCE

SECTION 1.4. G.S. 105-129.16E(d) reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-129.16E. Credit for small business employee health benefits.

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(d) Sunset. – This section expires for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. January 1, 2014."

TAX BENEFITS FOR PUTTING PEOPLE BACK TO WORK

SECTION 1.5. Article 3B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 105-129.16J. Credit for small businesses that create jobs.

- (a) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) Full-time job. Defined in G.S. 105-129.81.
 - (2) Small business. A taxpayer that employed no more than 25 full-time employees at the beginning of the taxable year.
- (b) Credit. A small business that meets the eligibility requirements of this section and creates a new, full-time job in this State is allowed a credit. The amount of the credit is equal to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each new full-time job created and maintained for a period of at least three years. The credit is taken in the taxable year in which the job is created.
- (c) Calculation. –The number of new jobs a taxpayer creates or maintains during the taxable year is determined by subtracting the average number of full-time employees the taxpayer had in this State during the 12-month period preceding the beginning of the taxable year from the average number of full-time employees the taxpayer has in this State during the taxable year.
- (d) Eligibility Requirements. In order to be eligible for a credit under this section, the taxpayer must satisfy the following eligibility requirements:
 - (1) Environmental impact. The taxpayer must satisfy the environmental impact requirement under G.S. 105-129.83.
 - (2) <u>Safety and health programs. The taxpayer must satisfy the safety and health programs requirement under G.S. 105-129.83.</u>
 - (3) Overdue tax debts. The taxpayer must not have any overdue tax debts that have not been satisfied or otherwise resolved.
- (e) Forfeiture. A taxpayer forfeits a credit allowed under this section if the taxpayer was not eligible for the credit for the calendar year in which the taxpayer created the job. In addition, a taxpayer forfeits a credit if the taxpayer fails to maintain the job for at least three years. A taxpayer that forfeits a credit under this Article is liable for all past taxes avoided as a result of the credit plus interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.21, computed from the date the taxes would have been due if the credit had not been allowed. The past taxes and interest are due 30 days after the date the credit is forfeited; a taxpayer that fails to pay the past taxes and interest by the due date is subject to the penalties provided in G.S. 105-236.

- (f) <u>Limitations. A taxpayer may not claim a credit under this section with respect to a job for which the taxpayer claims any other credit under this Chapter for job creation. The credit allowed by this section may not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

 (g) Report The Department must publish by May 1 of each year the total credits.</u>
- (g) Report. The Department must publish by May 1 of each year the total credits claimed under this section, itemized by taxpayer, for the 12-month period ending the previous December 31.
 - (h) Sunset. This section is repealed for jobs created on or after January 1, 2013."

PART 2: INCREASE FUNDING FOR SMALL BUSINESS SUPPORT PROGRAMS

LEVERAGE FEDERAL FUNDS TO CREATE RESEARCH JOBS

SECTION 2.1. There is appropriated to the Department of Commerce the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) for fiscal year 2010-2011 to be allocated to the One North Carolina Small Business Account.

INCREASE FUNDING FOR SUPPORT SERVICES FOR SMALL BUSINESSES

SECTION 2.2. There is appropriated to the Community College System the sum of four hundred two thousand eight hundred sixty-one dollars (\$402,861) for fiscal year 2010-2011 to be used for the Small Business Centers program.

INCREASE ACCESS TO CAPITAL FOR SMALL BUSINESSES

SECTION 2.3. There is appropriated to the North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center, Inc., a nonprofit corporation, the sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for fiscal year 2010-2011 to be used to support existing small businesses by expanding access to capital.

MORE MARKETING FOR BUSINESS LINK NORTH CAROLINA PROGRAM

SECTION 2.4. The General Assembly finds that access to information on small business assistance programs is vitally important to the success of the State's small businesses. The General Assembly finds further that the Business Link North Carolina program (BLNC) serves as an excellent clearinghouse for information on small businesses, but that many of the State's small business owners have not heard of BLNC. The General Assembly, therefore, directs the Department of Commerce, to increase its marketing expenditures on the BLNC program so as to reach the North Carolinians who can best benefit from BLNC's services.

PART 3: GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 3.1. Notwithstanding Section 1.1 of this act, any amendments to the Internal Revenue Code enacted after May 1, 2009, that increase North Carolina taxable income for the 2009 taxable year become effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010.

SECTION 3.2. Section 1.2 of this act is effective for investments made on or after January 1, 2010. Section 1.5 is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and for jobs created on or after January 1, 2010. Sections 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3 become effective July 1, 2010. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.