Original line number fit Proposed Court Sub. as reported from Finance fit 5th ed. Senate Bill 202

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JUN 11 2009 Date

2009

S202-ASVxf-21 [v.6]

Comm. Sub. [YES]
Amends Title PCS Amends Title [YES]

PCS to Fourth Edition

Representative Luebke

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32 33 moves to amend the bill on page 1, lines 2-4, by rewriting the lines to read:

"AN ACT TO MAKE BASE BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FOR CURRENT OPERATIONS OF STATE DEPARTMENTS, INSTITUTIONS, AND AGENCIES; TO PROVIDE FOR TWO NEW PERMANENT UPPER-INCOME TAX BRACKETS WITH BEGINNING THRESHOLDS AT TWICE AND FIVE TIMES THE CURRENT HIGHEST BRACKET EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2009; TO PERMANENTLY PROVIDE FOR MANDATORY COMBINED REPORTING FOR CORPORATE INCOME TAX PURPOSES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010; TO PERMANENTLY EXPAND THE CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAX BASE TO INCLUDE ALL LIMITED LIABILITY BUSINESS ENTITIES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010; TO PERMANENTLY MODIFY THE CORPORATE INCOME TAX APPORTIONMENT FORMULA BY REQUIRING THAT SALES BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE SALES FACTOR IF THE PROPERTY IS SHIPPED FROM THIS STATE AND THE TAXPAYER IS NOT TAXABLE IN THE STATE WHERE THE PROPERTY IS DELIVERED, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010; PERMANENTLY **CONFORM EXEMPTION** FOR THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FOR INTEREST EXPENSE THAT IS ALLOCABLE TO TAX-EXEMPT INTEREST INCOME TO THE GENERAL FEDERAL TREATMENT OF THIS EXPENSE EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010; TO PERMANENTLY INCREASE THE STATE GENERAL SALES AND USE TAX RATE BY ONE-QUARTER PERCENTAGE POINT EFFECTIVE AUGUST 1, 2009; TO PERMANENTLY IMPOSE THE STATE AND LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX ON SERVICE CONTRACTS AND ON REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, AND INSTALLATION SERVICES FOR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2009; TO PERMANENTLY IMPOSE THE STATE AND LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX ON LOCAL AND INTERSTATE COURIER SERVICES EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1. PERMANENTLY IMPOSE THE STATE AND LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX ON OF DIGITAL PRODUCTS EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1. 2009: PERMANENTLY REQUIRE A REMOTE SELLER TO COLLECT SALES TAX WHEN THE SELLER ENTERS INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH ONE OR MORE STATE RESIDENTS PROVIDING FOR A COMMISSION WHEN THE RESIDENT REFERS CUSTOMERS TO THE SELLER AND THE SELLER HAS GROSS RECEIPTS OF AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS ANNUALLY FROM SALES TO ALL



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(to be filled in by Principal Clerk) S202-ASVxf-21 [v.6] Page 2 of 43 1 CUSTOMERS REFERRED TO THE SELLER BY ALL SUCH RESIDENTS. 2 EFFECTIVE WHEN IT BECOMES LAW; TO PERMANENTLY IMPOSE THE STATE 3 AND LOCAL SALES TAX ON MOVIES AND OTHER AMUSEMENTS IN LIEU OF 4 THE PRIVILEGE TAXES CURRENTLY IMPOSED ON THESE ACTIVITIES EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2009; AND TO PERMANENTLY INCREASE THE EXCISE 5 6 TAX RATE ON SPIRITUOUS LIOUOR BY ONE AND ONE-HALF PERCENTAGE 7 POINTS EFFECTIVE AUGUST 1, 2009."; 8 9 and on page 261, lines 48-49, by inserting the following between those lines: 10 "PART XXVIIA. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES 11 12 TWO NEW TAX BRACKETS FOR UPPER INCOME 13 **SECTION 27A.1.(a)** G.S. 105-134.2(a) reads as rewritten: 14 A tax is imposed upon the North Carolina taxable income of every individual. The 15 tax shall be levied, collected, and paid annually and shall be computed at the following percentages of the taxpaver's North Carolina taxable income. 16 For married individuals who file a joint return under G.S. 105-152 and for 17 (1) 18 surviving spouses, as defined in section 2(a) of the Code: 19 20 Over Up To Rate 21 0 \$21,250 6% 22 \$21,250 \$100,000 7% 23 \$100,000 NA\$200,000 7.75% 24 \$500,000 \$200,000 8.25% 25 \$500,000 NA 8.5% 26 27 (2)For heads of households, as defined in section 2(b) of the Code: 28 29 Over Up To Rate 30 \$17,000 0 6% 31 \$80,000 \$17,000 7% NA\$160,000 32 \$80,000 7.75% 33 \$400,000 \$160,000 8.25% 34 \$400,000 NA 8.5% 35 36 (3)For unmarried individuals other than surviving spouses and heads of 37 households: 38 39 Up To Over Rate 40 \$12,750 6% 41 \$12,750 \$60,000 7% 42 \$60,000 NA\$120,000 7.75%

\$300,000

8.25%

\$120,000

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			8
1		\$300,000 <u>NA</u>	8.5%
2	(4)	For married individuals who do not file a joint return under G.S.	105-152:
3	()		
4		Over Up To	Rate
5	*	0 \$10,625	6%
6		\$10,625 \$50,000	7%
7		\$50,000 NA\$100,000	7.75%
8		\$100,000 \$250,000	8.25%
9		\$250,000 NA	8.5%'
10	SECT	FION 27A.1.(b) This section becomes effective for taxable year	
11		ry 1, 2009. Notwithstanding G.S. 105-163.15, no addition to tax n	
12		e for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and be	
13		respect to an underpayment of individual income tax to the	•
14		as created or increased by this section.	
15	1 7	(2017) 1 전 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
16	PART XXVIIB.	CORPORATE INCOME TAX CHANGES	
17			
18	SINGLE INCOM	ME TAX RETURN FOR UNITARY BUSINESS	
19	SECT	ΓΙΟΝ 27B.1.(a) G.S. 105-130.2 reads as rewritten:	
20	'§ 105-130.2. De	efinitions.	
21	The following	g definitions apply in this Part:	
22	(1)	Code. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.90.	
23	(1a)	Common ownership The direct or indirect control or owners	hip of more
24		than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting stock of	the persons
25		carrying on a unitary business activity.	
26	(1a) (1	b)Corporation A joint-stock company or association, ar	insurance
27		company, a domestic corporation, a foreign corporation, a unita	ary business
28		group, or a limited liability company.	
29	(1b) (1	<u>c</u>)C Corporation. – A corporation that is not an S Corporation.	
30	(1c) (1	<u>d</u>)Department. – The Department of Revenue.	
31	<u>(1e)</u>	Principal reporting member A member of the unitary bus	iness group
32		appointed by the group to act in its own name in all matters rel	ating to the
33		tax liability for the unitary business group. The principal report	ing member
34		continues to act for the group until a new principal reporting	member is
35		appointed.	
36	(2)	Domestic corporation A corporation organized under the l	aws of this
37		State.	
38	(3)	Fiscal year An income year, ending on the last day of any r	nonth other
39		than December. A corporation that pursuant to the provisions of	
40		has elected to compute its federal income tax liability on the	basis of an
11		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 .

annual period varying from 52 to 53 weeks shall compute its taxable income

under this Part on the basis of the same period used by the corporation in

computing its federal income tax liability for the income year.

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1	(4)	Foreign corporation. – Any corporation other than a domestic corporation.
2	(4a)	Gross income. – Defined in section 61 of the Code.
3	(4b)	Income year The calendar year or the fiscal year upon the basis of which
4		the net income is computed under this Part. If no fiscal year has been
5		established, the income year is the calendar year. In the case of a return
6		made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this Part or under
7		rules adopted by the Secretary, the income year is the period for which the
8		return is made.
9	(5)	Limited liability company Either a domestic limited liability company
10	` /	organized under Chapter 57C of the General Statutes or a foreign limited
11		liability company authorized by that Chapter to transact business in this
12		State that is classified for federal income tax purposes as a corporation. As
13		applied to a limited liability company that is a corporation under this Part,
14		the term 'shareholder' means a member of the limited liability company and
15		the term 'corporate officer' means a member or manager of the limited
16		liability company.
17	(5a)	Person. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.90.
18	(5a) (5	(b)S Corporation. – Defined in G.S. 105-131(b).
19	(5b)(5	Secretary. – The Secretary of Revenue.
20	(5c)(5	d)State net income The taxpayer's federal taxable income as determined
21		under the Code, adjusted as provided in G.S. 105-130.5 and, in the case of a
22		corporation-taxpayer that has income from business activity that is taxable
23		both within and without this State, allocated and apportioned to this State as
24		provided in G.S. 105-130.4.
25	(5d) (5	Se)Taxable year. – Income year.
26	(6)	Taxpayer. – A corporation subject to the tax imposed by this Part.
27	<u>(7)</u>	Tax haven country A country identified in G.S. 143-59.1(c)(2), or a
28		country that has no or nominal effective tax on the relevant income and
29		meets at least one of the following conditions:
30		a. Has laws or practices that prevent effective exchange of information
31		for tax purposes with other governments on taxpayers benefiting
32		from the tax regime.
33		b. Has a tax regime which lacks transparency. A tax regime lacks
34		transparency if the details of legislative, legal, or administrative
35		provisions are not open and apparent or are not consistently applied
36		among similarly situated taxpayers, or if the information needed by
37		tax authorities to determine a taxpayer's correct tax liability, such as
38		accounting records and underlying documentation, is not adequately
39		available.
40		c. Facilitates the establishment of foreign-owned entities without the
41		need for a local substantive presence or prohibits these entities from
42		having any commercial impact on the local economy.

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1		<u>d.</u>	Explicitly or implicitly excludes the jurisdiction's resident taxpayers
2			from taking advantage of the tax regime's benefits or prohibits
3			enterprises that benefit from the regime from operating in the
4			jurisdiction's domestic market.
5		<u>e.</u>	Has a tax regime which is favorable for tax avoidance, based upon an
6		<u>u.</u>	overall assessment of relevant factors, including whether the
7			jurisdiction has a significant untaxed offshore financial/other services
8			sector relative to its overall economy.
9	(9)	Unite	
10	(8)		ry business. — Business activities that meet one or more of the ving conditions:
11			Activities of the members are in the same general line of business.
12		<u>a.</u> b.	Activities of the members are steps in a vertically structured
13		<u>U.</u>	
14			enterprise or process.
		<u>c.</u>	Activities of members that provide mutual benefit and produce a
15	* ,		significant sharing or exchange of value among them or a significant
16			flow of value between them.
17	(0)	<u>d.</u>	Centralized management.
18	<u>(9)</u>		y business group. – One or more persons related through common
19			ship who engage in a unitary business. The term does not include any
20			following persons:
21		<u>a.</u>	A corporation exempt from taxation under Code section 501.
22		<u>b.</u>	An S-Corporation.
23		<u>c.</u>	A partnership.
24		<u>d.</u>	An insurance company subject to tax under Article 8B of this
25			Chapter.
26		<u>e.</u>	A corporation whose business activity outside the United States is
27			eighty percent (80%) or more of any such corporation's total business
28			activity is excluded from the unitary business group unless that
29			corporation is in a tax haven country. 'United States' means the 50
30			states of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the United
31			States' territories and possessions.'
32	SECT	TION 27	7B.1.(b) G.S. 105-130.3 reads as rewritten:
33	'§ 105-130.3. Co	orporati	ions.
34	A tax is impo	osed on	the State net income of every C Corporation or unitary business group
35	doing business in	n this St	ate. An S Corporation is not subject to the tax levied in this section.
36	The tax rate is	six and	nine-tenths percent (6.9%) of the taxpayer's State net income.is a
37			er's State net income computed as follows:
38	Income Years Be		
39	In 1997		7.5%
40	In 1998		7.25%
41	In 1999		7%
42	After 1999		6.9%.'

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SECTION 27B.1.(c) Part 1 of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

'§ 105-130.3A. Taxation of unitary business group.

- (a) Return. A unitary business group with business activity in this State must file an income tax return that includes the State net income of the unitary business group. The unitary business group's return must be filed by the principal reporting member as defined in G.S.105-130.2. The accounting period of the unitary business group is the accounting period used by members of the unitary business group for federal consolidated return purposes.
- (b) Federal Taxable Income. The federal taxable income of a unitary business group is determined by adding together the federal taxable income of each member of the unitary business group as if that member filed a separate federal income tax return and eliminating all intercompany transactions. The federal taxable income of the unitary business group shall be adjusted as required under G.S. 105-130.5 except that no adjustments shall be made with respect to intercompany transactions that have been eliminated pursuant to this subsection. If a unitary business group has income from business activity that is taxable both within and without this State, the unitary business group's federal taxable income as adjusted pursuant to G.S. 105-130.5 is allocated and apportioned to North Carolina pursuant to G.S. 105-130.4. The property, payroll, and sales factors for the unitary business group are determined by adding together the property, payroll, and sales of each member of the unitary business group after eliminating intercompany transactions. The appropriate apportionment methodology as set out in G.S. 105-130.4(m) through (s) to be used by the unitary business group is based on the unitary business group, not the individual member.
- (c) Tax Credits. Tax credits earned by a member of the group, but not fully used by or allowed to that member prior to becoming a member of the unitary business group, may be used by the group, subject to the provisions of the specific credits. Tax credits brought into the group or earned by the group remain with the group and may not be claimed by a member that is no longer a member of the group.
- (d) Net Economic Losses. Net economic losses sustained by a member of the group, but not fully used by that member prior to becoming a member of the unitary business group, may be used by the group subject to the provisions of G.S. 105-130.8. Net economic losses brought into the group or earned by the group remain with the group and may not be claimed by a member that is no longer a member of the group.
- (e) <u>Liability</u>. Every member of the unitary business group is jointly and severally <u>liable for the unitary business group's tax liability under this Part, including any interest and penalties.'</u>

SECTION 27B.1.(d) G.S. 105-228.3 reads as rewritten:

'§ 105-228.3. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

(1) Article 65 corporation. – A corporation subject to Article 65 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes, regulating hospital, medical, and dental service corporations.

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1	(1a) <u>Ca</u>	aptive insurance company. – An insurer that receives more than fifty
2	pe	ercent (50%) of its gross premiums from affiliates as defined in
3	G.	S. 105-130.6.
4	(2) In:	surer An insurer as defined in G.S. 58-1-5 G.S. 58-1-5, other than a
5	ca	ptive insurance company, or a group of employers who have pooled their
6	lia	bilities pursuant to G.S. 97-93 of the Workers' Compensation Act.
7	(3) Se	elf-insurer An employer that carries its own risk pursuant to G.S. 97-93
8	of	the Workers' Compensation Act.'
9	SECTIO!	N 27B.1.(e) G.S. 105-228.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to
10	read:	
11	'(a1) A captive	insurance company is not subject to the tax levied by this section if the
12		mpany is part of a unitary business group with business activity in this
13	State.'	
14		N 27B.1.(f) G.S. 105-130.14 reads as rewritten:
15		orations filing consolidated returns for federal income tax purposes.
16		electing or required to file a consolidated income tax return with the
17		rvice shall not file a consolidated return with the Secretary of Revenue,
18	-	directed to do so in writing by the Secretary, and Secretary. If the
19		nber of a unitary business group, it, along with the other members of the
20		ncome tax return for the unitary business group. If the corporation is not a
21		business group, it shall determine its State net income as if a separate
22	return had been filed	
23		N 27B.1.(g) This section becomes effective for taxable years beginning on
24	or after January 1, 20	10.
25 26	EVDAND EDANC	HISE TAX TO INCLUDE LIMITED LIABILITY BUSINESS
27	ENTITIES	HISE TAX TO INCLUDE LIMITED LIABILITY BUSINESS
28		N 27B.2.(a) G.S. 105-114 reads as rewritten:
29	'§ 105-114. Nature o	` '
30	· ·	Taxes. – The taxes levied in this Article upon persons and partnerships are
31		ngaging in business or doing the act named. This Article imposes a tax on a
32		he privilege of doing business in this State in an ownership form that
33		ty on the owners of the entity.
34		The taxes levied in this Article upon corporations are privilege or excise
35	taxes levied upon:	
36		exporations A corporation organized under the laws of this State for the
37		istence of the corporate rights and privileges granted by their charters, and
38		enjoyment, under the protection of the laws of this State, of the powers,
39	rig	hts, privileges and immunities derived from the State by the form of such

existence; andor of another state.

Corporations not organized under the laws of this State for doing business in

this State and for the benefit and protection which these corporations receive

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1	from the government and laws of this State in doing business in this State. A
2	limited liability company.
3	(3) A limited partnership.
4	(4) A limited liability partnership.
5	(5) A limited liability limited partnership.
6	(a2) Condition for Doing Business If the corporation is organized under the laws of
7	this State, the payment of the taxes levied by this Article is a condition precedent to the right to
8	continue in the corporate form of organization. If the corporation is not organized under the
9	laws of this State, payment of these taxes is a condition precedent to the right to continue to
10	engage in doing business in this State. Payment of the taxes levied by this Article is a condition
11	precedent to the right to do business in this State.
12	(a3) Tax Year The taxes levied in this Article are for the fiscal year of the State in
13	which the taxes become due, except that the taxes levied in G.S. 105-122 are for the income
14	year of the eorporation business entity in which the taxes become due.
15	(a4) No Double Taxation G.S. 105-122 does not apply to holding companies taxed
16	under G.S. 105-120.2. G.S. 105-122 applies to a corporation business entity taxed under
17	another section of this Article only to the extent the taxes levied on the eorporation-business
18	entity in G.S. 105-122 exceed the taxes levied in other sections of this Article on the
19	corporation or on a limited liability company whose assets must be included in the corporation's
20	tax base under G.S. 105-114.1. business entity.
21	(b) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this Article:
22	(1) Business entity A corporation, a limited liability company, a limited
23	partnership, a limited liability partnership, or a limited liability limited
24	partnership.
25	(1)(1a) City. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.90.
26	(1a)(1b) Code. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.90.
27	(2) Corporation. – A domestic corporation, a foreign corporation, an electric
28	membership corporation organized under Chapter 117 of the General
29	Statutes or doing business in this State, or an association that is organized for
30	pecuniary gain, has capital stock represented by shares, whether with or
31	without par value, and has privileges not possessed by individuals or
32	partnerships. The term includes a mutual or capital stock savings and loan
33	association or building and loan association chartered under the laws of any
34	state or of the United States. The term includes a limited liability company
35	that elects to be taxed as a corporation under the Code, but does not
36	otherwise include a limited liability company.
37	(3) Doing business. – Each and every act, power, or privilege exercised or
38	enjoyed in this State, as an incident to, or by virtue of the powers and
39	privileges granted by the laws of this State.
40	(4) Income year. – Defined in G.S. 105-130.2(4b).
41	(5) Limited liability company. – An entity formed under Chapter 57C of the
42	General Statutes.

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1.	(6)	<u>Limited liability limited partnership. – A limited partnership registered under</u>
2		G.S. 59-210.
3	(7)	Limited liability partnership An entity registered under Article 3B of
4	ž.	Chapter 59 of the General Statutes.
5	(8)	Limited partnership A partnership formed with one or more general
6		partners and one or more limited partners.
7	(c) Reco	dified as G.S. 105-114.1 by Session Laws 2002-126, s. 30G.2.(b), effective
8	January 1, 2003.	
9	SEC	TION 27B.2.(b) G.S. 105-114.1 is repealed.
10	SEC	TION 27B.2.(c) G.S. 105-120.2 reads as rewritten:
11	'§ 105-120.2. F	ranchise or privilege tax on holding companies.
12	(a) Requ	irement Every corporation, domestic and foreign, incorporated or, by an act,
13	domesticated ur	nder the laws of this State or doing business in this State A business entity
14		ose of its taxable year is a holding company as defined in subsection (c) of this
15	section, shall, pu	rsuant to the provisions of G.S. 105-122: G.S. 105-122, do all of the following:
16	(1)	Make a report and statement, and statement.
17	(2)	Determine the total amount of its issued and outstanding capital stock,
18		surplus and undivided profits, and capital base.
19	(3)	Apportion such outstanding capital stock, surplus and undivided profits-its
20		capital base to this State.
21		- A business entity taxed under this section must pay the tax due under this
22		e time a report is due under G.S. 105-122.
23	(1)	Every corporation taxed under this section shall annually pay to the
24		Secretary of Revenue, at the time the report and statement are due, a
25		franchise or privilege tax, which is hereby levied, at the rate of The tax rate
26		is one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of the
27		amount determined under subsection (a) of this section, but in no case shall
28		the tax be more than seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) nor less than
29		thirty-five dollars (\$35.00).
30	(2)	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if If the
31		tax produced pursuant to application of under this paragraph (2) subdivision
32	6 1	exceeds the tax produced pursuant to application of subdivision (1), under
33		subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the tax shall be is levied at the rate of
34		one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on the
35		greater of the amounts of following two amounts:
36	in the same	a. Fifty-five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined for ad
37		valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property in this
38		State of each such corporation plus the total appraised value of
39		intangible property returned for taxation of intangible personal
40		property as computed under G.S. 105-122(d); or G.S. 105-122(d).
41		b. The total actual investment in tangible property in this State of such
42		corporation as computed under G.S. 105-122(d).

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1 Definition. – The following definitions apply in this section: For purposes of this (c) 2 section, a 3 Capital interest. – The right of a business entity that is not a corporation to (1) 4 receive a percentage of the business entity's assets upon dissolution after 5 payments to creditors. 6 'holding company'-is-a-Holding company. – A corporation-business entity (2) 7 that receives during its taxable year more than eighty percent (80%) of its gross income from corporations-a business entity in which it owns directly or 8 9 indirectly more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting stock or 10 voting capital interests. 11 (d) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 656, s. 39. 12 Prohibition on Local Tax. – Counties, cities and towns shall not levy a franchise tax 13 on corporations—a business entity taxed under this section. The tax imposed under the 14 provisions of G.S. 105-122 shall not apply to businesses taxed under the provisions of this 15 section. 16 (f) Credit. – In determining the total tax payable by any holding company under this 17 section, there shall be allowed as a credit on such tax the amount of the credit authorized under 18 Part 5 of Article 4 of this Chapter.' 19 **SECTION 27B.2.(d)** G.S. 105-122 reads as rewritten: 20 '§ 105-122. Franchise or privilege tax on domestic and foreign corporations, a business 21 22 Tax Imposed. – An annual franchise or privilege tax is imposed on a corporation (a) 23 business entity doing business in this State. The tax is determined on the basis of the books and 24 records of the eorporation business entity as of the close of its income year. A corporation 25 subject to the tax must file a return under affirmation with the Secretary at the place and in the 26 manner prescribed by the Secretary. The return must be signed by the president, vice president, 27 treasurer, or chief financial officer of the corporation. The tax rate is one dollar and fifty cents 28 (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of the capital base of the business entity and may not 29 be less than thirty-five dollars (\$35.00). The return is due on or before the fifteenth day of the 30 fourth month following the end of the corporation's business entity's income year. 31 (b) Determination of Capital Base. Base of Corporation. – A corporation taxed under 32 this section shall determine the total amount of its issued and outstanding capital stock, surplus, 33 and undivided profits. Every corporation doing business in this State which is a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of another corporation shall add to its capital stock, surplus, and 34 35 undivided profits all indebtedness owed to a parent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation as a 36 part of its capital used in its business and as a part of the base for franchise tax under this 37 section. If any part of the capital of the creditor corporation is capital borrowed from a source 38 other than a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate, the debtor corporation, which is required under this 39 subsection to include in its tax base the amount of debt by reason of being a parent, subsidiary.

or affiliate of the creditor corporation, may deduct from the debt included a proportionate part

determined on the basis of the ratio of the borrowed capital of the creditor corporation to the

total assets of the creditor corporation. If the creditor corporation is also taxable under the provisions of this section, the creditor corporation is allowed to deduct from the total of its

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capital, surplus, and undivided profits the amount of any debt owed to it by a parent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation to the extent that the debt has been included in the tax base of the parent, subsidiary, or affiliated debtor corporation reporting for taxation under the provisions of this section. No

No reservation or allocation from surplus or undivided profits is allowed except as provided below:

- (1) Definite and accrued legal liabilities.
- (2) Taxes accrued, dividends declared, and reserves for depreciation of tangible assets as permitted for income tax purposes.
- (3) When including deferred tax liabilities, a corporation may reduce the amount included in its base by netting against that amount deferred tax assets. The reduction may not decrease deferred tax liabilities below zero (0).
- (4) Reserves for the cost of any air-cleaning device or sewage or waste treatment plant, including waste lagoons, and pollution abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed which reduces the amount of air or water pollution resulting from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and industrial wastes or other polluting materials or substances into the outdoor atmosphere or streams, lakes, or rivers, upon condition that the corporation claiming such deductible liability shall furnish to the Secretary a certificate from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources or from a local air pollution control program for air-cleaning devices located in an area where the Environmental Management Commission has certified a local air pollution control program pursuant to G.S. 143-215.112 certifying that the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control program has found as a fact that the air-cleaning device, waste treatment plant or pollution abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed as above described has actually been constructed and installed and that such plant or equipment complies with the requirements of the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control program with respect to such devices, plants or equipment, that such device, plant or equipment is being effectively operated in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the permit, certificate of approval, or other document of approval issued by the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control program and that the primary purpose thereof is to reduce air or water pollution resulting from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and waste and not merely incidental to other purposes and functions.
- (5) Reserves for the cost of purchasing and installing equipment or constructing facilities for the purpose of recycling or resource recovering of or from solid waste or for the purpose of reducing the volume of hazardous waste generated shall be treated as deductible for the purposes of this section upon condition that the corporation claiming such deductible liability shall furnish to the Secretary a certificate from the Department of Environment and

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1		Natural Resources certifying that	at the Department of Environment and
2		Natural Resources has found as	a fact that the equipment or facility has
3		actually been purchased, installed	or constructed, that it is in conformance
4		with all rules and regulations of th	e Department of Environment and Natural
5		Resources, and the recycling or re	esource recovering is the primary purpose
6		of the facility or equipment.	
7	(6)	Reserves for the cost of constructi	ng facilities of any private or public utility
8		built for the purpose of providing	sewer service to residential and outlying
9		areas shall be treated as deducti	ble for the purposes of this section; the
10		deductible liability allowed by thi	s section shall apply only with respect to
11		such pollution abatement plants of	r equipment constructed or installed on or
12		after January 1, 1955.	
13	(7)	The cost of treasury stock.	
14	(8)	In the case of an international b	anking facility, the capital base shall be
15		reduced by the excess of the amount	ant as of the end of the taxable year of all
16		assets of an international banking	facility which are employed outside the
17		United States over liabilities of t	he international banking facility owed to
18		foreign persons. For purposes of s	such reduction, foreign persons shall have

Every corporation doing business in this State which is a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of another corporation shall add to its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits all indebtedness owed to a parent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation as a part of its capital used in its business and as a part of the base for franchise tax under this section. If any part of the capital of the creditor corporation is capital borrowed from a source other than a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate, the debtor corporation, which is required under this subsection to include in its tax base the amount of debt by reason of being a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the creditor corporation, may deduct from the debt included a proportionate part determined on the basis of the ratio of the borrowed capital of the creditor corporation to the total assets of the creditor corporation. If the creditor corporation is also taxable under the provisions of this section, the creditor corporation is allowed to deduct from the total of its capital, surplus, and undivided profits the amount of any debt owed to it by a parent, subsidiary or affiliated corporation to the extent that the debt-has been included in the tax base of the parent, subsidiary, or affiliated debtor corporation reporting for taxation under the provisions of this section.

the same meaning as defined in G.S. 105-130.5(b)(13)d.

- The following definitions apply in this subsection: subsection (b) of this section: (b1)
 - Affiliate. The same meaning as specified in G.S. 105-130.6. (1)
 - Indebtedness. All loans, credits, goods, supplies, or other capital of (2)whatsoever nature furnished by a parent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation, other than indebtedness endorsed, guaranteed, or otherwise supported by one of these corporations.
 - (3) Parent. – The same meaning as specified in G.S. 105-130.6.
 - Subsidiary. The same meaning as specified in G.S. 105-130.6.
- Capital Base for Noncorporate Business Entity. A business entity that is not a corporation must determine its net worth. Its net worth is equal to its members' and partners'

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- capital accounts, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. If the business entity does not maintain its book and records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, its net worth is computed in accordance with the accounting method used by the entity for federal tax purposes, so long as the method fairly reflects the taxpayer's net worth for purposes of the tax levied by this section. A business entity must add to its net worth all indebtedness owed to it by a related person, as defined in G.S. 105-163.010.
 - (c) Repealed by Session Laws 2007-491, s. 2, effective January 1, 2008.
- Apportionment. A business entity that is doing business in this State and in one or (c1) more other states must apportion its tax base to this State. A corporation that is subject to income tax under Article 4 of this Chapter must use the fraction it applies in apportioning its income under that Article. A business entity that is not subject to income tax under Article 4 of this Chapter must apportion its net worth by using the fraction it would be required to apply in apportioning its income if it were subject to that Article. A business entity that believes this apportionment method subjects a greater portion of its net worth to tax under this section than is attributable to its business in this State may make a written request to the Secretary for permission to use an alternative method of apportionment, in the same manner as provided in G.S. 105-130.4(t1). A corporation that is doing business in this State and in one or more other states must apportion its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits to this State. A corporation must use the apportionment method set out in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless the Department has authorized it to use a different method under subdivision (2) of this subsection. The portion of a corporation's capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits determined by applying the appropriate apportionment method is considered the amount of capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits the corporation uses in its business in this State.
 - (1) Statutory. A corporation that is subject to income tax under Article 4 of this Chapter must apportion its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits by using the fraction it applies in apportioning its income under that Article. A corporation that is not subject to income tax under Article 4 of this Chapter must apportion its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits by using the fraction it would be required to apply in apportioning its income if it were subject to that Article. The apportionment method set out in this subdivision is considered the statutory method of apportionment and is presumed to be the best method of determining the amount of a corporation's capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits attributable to the corporation's business in this State.
 - (2) Alternative. A corporation that believes the statutory apportionment method set out in subdivision (1) of this subsection subjects a greater portion of its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits to tax under this section than is attributable to its business in this State may make a written request to the Secretary for permission to use an alternative method. The request must set out the reasons for the corporation's belief and propose an alternative method. The corporation has the burden of establishing by clear, cogent, and convincing proof that the statutory apportionment method subjects a greater portion of the corporation's capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits to

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tax under this section than is attributable to its business in this State and that the proposed alternative method is a better method of determining the amount of the corporation's capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits attributable to the corporation's business in this State.

The Secretary must issue a written decision on a corporation's request for an alternative apportionment method. If the decision grants the request, it must describe the alternative method the corporation is authorized to use and state the tax years to which the alternative method applies. A decision may apply to no more than three tax years. A corporation may renew a request to use an alternative apportionment method by following the procedure in this subdivision. A decision of the Secretary on a request for an alternative apportionment method is final and is not subject to administrative or judicial review. A corporation authorized to use an alternative method may apportion its capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits in accordance with the alternative method or the statutory method.

Alternative Tax Base. - After determining the proportion of its total capital stock, (d) surplus and undivided profits as set out in subsection (c) of this section, which amount The tax imposed by this section shall not be less than fifty-five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined for ad valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property in this State of each corporation-business entity nor less than its total actual investment in tangible property in this State, every corporation taxed under this section shall annually pay to the Secretary of Revenue, at the time the report and statement are due, a franchise or privilege tax at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of the total amount of capital stock, surplus and undivided profits as provided in this section. The tax imposed in this section shall not be less than thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) and shall be for the privilege of carrying on, doing business, and/or the continuance of articles of incorporation or domestication of each corporation in this State. Appraised value of tangible property including real estate is the ad valorem valuation for the calendar year next preceding the due date of the franchise tax return. The term 'total actual investment in tangible property' as used in this section means the total original purchase price or consideration to the reporting taxpayer of its tangible properties, including real estate, in this State plus additions and improvements thereto less reserve for depreciation as permitted for income tax purposes, and also less any indebtedness incurred and existing by virtue of the purchase of any real estate and any permanent improvements made thereon. In computing 'total actual investment in tangible personal property' there shall also be deducted reserves for the entire cost of any air-cleaning device or sewage or waste treatment plant, including waste lagoons, and pollution abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed which reduces the amount of air or water pollution resulting from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and industrial wastes or other polluting materials or substances into the outdoor atmosphere or into streams, lakes, or rivers, upon condition that the corporation claiming this deduction shall furnish to the Secretary a certificate from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources or from a local air pollution control program for air-cleaning devices located in an area where the Environmental Management Commission has certified a local air pollution

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control program pursuant to G.S. 143-215.112 certifying that said Department or local air pollution control program has found as a fact that the air-cleaning device, waste treatment plant or pollution abatement equipment purchased or constructed and installed as above described has actually been constructed and installed and that the device, plant or equipment complies with the requirements of the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control program with respect to the devices, plants or equipment, that the device, plant or equipment is being effectively operated in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the permit, certificate of approval, or other document of approval issued by the Environmental Management Commission or local air pollution control program and that the primary purpose is to reduce air or water pollution resulting from the emission of air contaminants or the discharge of sewage and waste and not merely incidental to other purposes and functions. The cost of constructing facilities of any private or public utility built for the purpose of providing sewer service to residential and outlying areas is treated as deductible for the purposes of this section; the deductible liability allowed by this section shall apply only with respect to pollution abatement plants or equipment constructed or installed on or after January 1, 1955.

- (d1) Credits. A corporation is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this section for a taxable year equal to one-half of the amount of tax payable during the taxable year under Article 5E of this Chapter. The credit allowed by this subsection may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by this section for the taxable year, reduced by the sum of all other credits allowed against that tax, except tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer.
- (e) <u>Change in Income Year. Any corporation A business entity</u> which changes its income year, and files a 'short period' income tax return pursuant to G.S. 105-130.15 shall file a franchise tax return in accordance with the provisions of this section in the manner and as of the date specified in subsection (a) of this section. Such corporation shall be The business entity is entitled to deduct from the total franchise tax computed (on an annual basis) on such return the amount of franchise tax previously paid which is applicable to the period subsequent to the beginning of the new income year.
- (f) The report, statement and tax required by this section shall be in addition to all other reports required or taxes levied and assessed in this State.
- (g) <u>Prohibition on Local Tax.</u> Counties, cities and towns shall not levy a franchise tax on corporations a business entity taxed under this section.
 - (h) Repealed by Session Laws 1981 (Regular Session, 1982), c. 1211, s. 5.' **SECTION 27B.2.(e)** G.S. 105-125(b) reads as rewritten:
- '(b) Certain Investment Companies. A eorporation—business entity doing business in North Carolina that meets one or more of the following conditions may, in determining its basis for franchise tax, deduct the aggregate market value of its investments in the stocks, bonds, debentures, or other securities or evidences of debt of other corporations, partnerships, individuals, municipalities, governmental agencies, or governments:
 - (1) A regulated investment company. A regulated investment company is an entity that qualifies as a regulated investment company under section 851 of the Code.
 - (2) A REIT, unless the REIT is a captive REIT. The terms 'REIT' and 'captive REIT' have the same meanings as defined in G.S. 105-130.12.'

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SECTION 27B.2.(f) G.S. 105-127 reads as rewritten:

'§ 105-127. When franchise or privilege taxes payable.

- (a) Tax Due. The taxes imposed under this Article are due when a return is due. A taxpayer may ask the Secretary for an extension of time to file a return under G.S. 105-263. Every corporation, domestic or foreign, from which a report is required by law to be made to the Secretary of Revenue, shall, unless otherwise provided, pay to said Secretary annually the franchise tax as required by G.S. 105-122.
 - (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1998-98, s. 78, effective August 14, 1998.
- (c) It shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officer having charge of any such corporation, domestic or foreign, upon which a tax is herein imposed, to transmit the amount of the tax due to the Secretary of Revenue within the time provided by law for payment of same.
 - (d), (e) Repealed by Session Laws 2002-72, s. 11, effective August 12, 2002.
- (f) <u>Dissolution.</u>—After the end of the income year in which a domestic corporation is dissolved pursuant to Article 14 of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes, the corporation is no longer subject to the tax levied in this Article unless the Secretary of Revenue finds that the corporation has engaged in business activities in this State not appropriate to winding up and liquidating its business and affairs.'

SECTION 27B.2.(g) G.S. 105-128 and G.S. 105-129 are repealed.

SECTION 27B.2.(h) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010.

THROWBACK RULE

SECTION 27B.3.(a) G.S. 105-130.4(1)(2) reads as rewritten:

Sales of tangible personal property are in this State if (i) the property is received in this State by the purchaser. a purchaser other than the United States government or (ii) the property is shipped from a place in this State and the purchaser is the United States government or the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser. In the case of delivery of goods by common carrier or by other means of transportation, including transportation by the purchaser, the place at which the goods are ultimately received after all transportation has been completed shall be considered as the place at which the goods are received by the purchaser. Direct delivery into this State by the taxpayer to a person or firm designated by a purchaser from within or without the State shall constitute delivery to the purchaser in this State.'

SECTION 27B.3.(b) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010.

CONFORM BANK EXPENSE DEDUCTION

SECTION 27B.4.(a) G.S. 105-130.5(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

'(a) The following additions to federal taxable income shall be made in determining State net income:

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(2a) That portion of a financial institution's interest expense that is allocable to interest income exempt from taxation under this Part. The allocable portion of the interest expense is the portion for which deduction would be disallowed pursuant to section 265(b) of the Code if the interest were earned on a tax-exempt obligation as defined in section 265(b) of the Code.

SECTION 27B.4.(b) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010.

PART XXVIIC. SALES TAX CHANGES

INCREASE STATE SALES TAX BY ONE-QUARTER CENT

SECTION 27C.1.(a) The introductory language of G.S. 105-164.4(a) reads as rewritten:

'(a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is four and one half percent (4.5%).three-quarters percent (4.75%).'

SECTION 27C.1.(b) Subsection (a) of this section increasing the general rate of State sales tax does not apply to construction materials purchased to fulfill a lump-sum or unit-price contract entered into or awarded before the effective date of the increase or entered into or awarded pursuant to a bid made before the effective date of the increase when the construction materials would otherwise be subject to the increased rate of tax provided under that subsection.

SECTION 27C.1.(c) The introductory language of G.S. 105-164.4(a) reads as rewritten:

'(a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is four and three-quarters percent (4.75%). five percent (5%).

SECTION 27C.1.(d) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section become effective August 1, 2009, and apply to sales made on or after that date. Subsection (a) of this section is repealed October 1, 2009. Subsection (c) of this section is effective October 1, 2009, and applies to sales made on or after that date. The remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law. This section does not affect the rights or liabilities of the State, a taxpayer, or another person arising under a statute amended or repealed by this section before the effective date of its amendment or repeal; nor does it affect the right to any refund or credit of a tax that accrued under the amended or repealed statute before the effective date of its amendment or repeal.

NEXUS CLARIFICATION AND CLICK-THROUGHS

SECTION 27C.2.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(18) is recodified as G.S. 105-164.3(33g) and reads as rewritten:

'§ 105-164.3. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

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(33g) Mail order Remote sale. – A sale of tangible personal property, ordered by mail, by telephone, computer link, via the Internet, or other by another similar method, to a purchaser who is in this State at the time the order is remitted, from a retailer who receives the order in another state and transports the property or causes it to be transported to a person in this State. It is presumed that a resident of this State who remits an order was in this State at the time the order was remitted.

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13 14 SECTION 27C.2.(b) The catch line of G.S. 105-164.8 reads as rewritten: '\$ 105-164.8. Retailer's obligation to collect tax: mail order remote sales subject to tax.'

SECTION 27C.2.(c) G.S. 105-164.8(b) reads as rewritten:

'(b) <u>Mail Order Remote</u> Sales. – A retailer who makes a <u>mail order remote</u> sale is engaged in business in this State and is subject to the tax levied under this Article if at least one of the following conditions is met:

- (1) The retailer is a corporation engaged in business under the laws of this State or a person domiciled in, a resident of, or a citizen of, this State.
- (2) The retailer maintains retail establishments or offices in this State, whether the mail order remote sales thus subject to taxation by this State result from or are related in any other way to the activities of such the establishments or offices.
- (3) The retailer has representatives in this State who solicit business or transact business on behalf of the retailer, solicits or transacts business in this State by employees, independent contractors, agents, or other representatives whether the mail order-remote sales thus subject to taxation by this State result from or are related in any other way to such-the solicitation or transaction of business. A retailer is presumed to be soliciting or transacting business by an independent contractor, agent, or other representative if the retailer enters into an agreement with a resident of this State under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an Internet Web site or otherwise, to the retailer, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the retailer to purchasers in this State who are referred to the retailer by all residents with this type of agreement with the retailer is in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the preceding four quarterly periods. This presumption may be rebutted by proof that the resident with whom the retailer has an agreement did not engage in any solicitation in the State on behalf of the seller that would satisfy the nexus requirement of the United States Constitution during the four quarterly periods in question.
- (4) Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 45, s. 16.
- (5) The retailer, by purposefully or systematically exploiting the market provided by this State by any media-assisted, media-facilitated, or media-solicited means, including direct mail advertising, distribution of catalogs, computer-assisted shopping, television, radio or other electronic

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1		media, telephone solicitation, magazine or newspaper advertisements, or
2		other media, creates nexus with this State.
3	(6)	Through compact or reciprocity with another jurisdiction of the United
4		States, that jurisdiction uses its taxing power and its jurisdiction over the
5		retailer in support of this State's taxing power.
6	(7)	The retailer consents, expressly or by implication, to the imposition of the
7		tax imposed by this Article. For purposes of this subdivision, evidence that a
8		retailer engaged in the activity described in subdivision (5) shall be is prima
9		facie evidence that the retailer consents to the imposition of the tax imposed
10		by this Article.
11	(8)	The retailer is a holder of a wine shipper permit issued by the ABC
12		Commission pursuant to G.S. 18B-1001.1.'
13	SECT	TION 27C.2.(d) This section is effective when it becomes law.
14	SALES TAX BA	ASE EXPANSION
15	SECT	TION 27C.3.(a) G.S. 105-37.1, 105-38.1, and 105-40 are repealed.
16	SECT	TION 27C.3.(b) G.S. 105-164.3 reads as rewritten:
17	'§ 105-164.3. De	finitions.
18	The following	g definitions apply in this Article:
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20	<u>(1b)</u>	Audio work A series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including a
21		ringtone.
22	<u>(1c)</u>	Audiovisual A series of related images and any sounds accompanying the
23		images that impart an impression of motion when shown in succession.
24	(1b) (1d)	Bundled transaction. – A retail sale of two or more distinct and identifiable
25		products, at least one of which is taxable and one of which is exempt, for
26		one nonitemized price. Products are not sold for one nonitemized price if an
27		invoice or another sales document made available to the purchaser separately
28		identifies the price of each product. A bundled transaction does not include
29		the retail sale of any of the following:
30		a. A product and any packaging item that accompanies the product and
31		is exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(23).
32		b. A sale of two or more products whose combined price varies, or is
33		negotiable, depending on the products the purchaser selects.
34		c. A sale of a product accompanied by a transfer of another product
35		with no additional consideration.
36		d. A product and the delivery or installation of the product.
37		e. A product and any service necessary to complete the sale.
38	(1d) (1e)	Business Includes any activity engaged in by any person or caused to be
39		engaged in by him with the object of gain, profit, benefit or advantage, either
40	-	direct or indirect. The term 'business' shall not be construed in this Article to
41		include occasional and isolated sales or transactions by a person who does
42		not hold himself out as engaged in business.

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1	(7a)	Digital code A code that gives a purchaser of the code a right to receive an
2		item by electronic delivery or electronic access. A digital code may be
3		obtained by an electronic means or by a tangible means. A digital code does
4		not include a gift certificate or a gift card.
5	(7a) (7h)	Direct mail. – Printed material delivered or distributed by the United States
6	, , , , , ,	Postal Service or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addresses
7		on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the
8		purchaser when the cost of the items is not billed directly to the recipients.
9		The term includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly
10		by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package
11		containing the printed material. The term does not include multiple items of
12		printed material delivered to a single address.
13		printed material derivered to a single address.
14	(33e)	Repair, maintenance, and installation services The term includes the
15	(550)	activities listed in this subdivision:
16		
17		a. Repairing tangible personal property to restore it to proper working order.
18		b. Maintaining tangible personal property to keep the property in
19		working order, to avoid breakdown, or to prevent unnecessary
20		repairs.
21		
22		c. <u>Installing tangible personal property or a fixture that becomes part of real property.</u>
23		<u>lear property.</u>
24	(25f)	Ringtone. – A digitized sound file that is downloaded onto a device and that
25	(35f)	
	(26)	may be used to alert the user of the device with respect to a communication.
26 27	(36)	Sale or selling. – The transfer of title or possession of tangible personal
		property, an item, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means
28		whatsoever, for a consideration paid or to be paid. The
29		The term includes the fabrication-following:
30		<u>a.</u> <u>Fabrication</u> of tangible personal property for consumers by persons
31		engaged in business who furnish either directly or indirectly the
32		materials used in the fabrication work. The term also includes the
33		furnishing
34		<u>b.</u> <u>Furnishing</u> or preparing for a consideration of any -tangible personal
35		property consumed on the premises of the person furnishing or
36		preparing the property or consumed at the place at which the
37		property is furnished or prepared. The term also includes a
38		c. A transaction in which the possession of the property an item is
39		transferred but the seller retains title or security for the payment of
40		the consideration.
41		d. Transfer of a digital code.
42		If a retailer engaged in the business of selling prepared food and drink
43		for immediate or on-premises consumption also gives prepared food or drink

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		to its patrons or employees free of charge, for the purposes of this Article the property given away is considered sold along with the property sold. If a retailer gives an item of inventory to a customer free of charge on the condition that the customer purchase similar or related property, the item given away is considered sold along with the item sold. In all other cases, property given away or used by any retailer or wholesale merchant is not considered sold, whether or not the retailer or wholesale merchant recovers its cost of the property from sales of other property.
10	(29h)	Comice contract A vyomenty agreement a maintenance agreement a reneir
11	(38b)	Service contract. – A warranty agreement, a maintenance agreement, a repair contract, or a similar agreement or contract by which the seller agrees to
12		
13	1	maintain or repair tangible personal property.
14	SECT	TION 27C.3.(c) G.S. 105-164.4(a), as amended by Section 3.1 of this act,
15	reads as rewritten	
16		vilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the
17	• •	able sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is five
18	percent (5%).	able sales of gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is five
19	percent (370).	
20	(6b)	The general rate applies to the sales price of an item that is listed in this
21	1007	subdivision, is delivered or accessed electronically, and would be taxable
22		under this Article if sold in a tangible medium. The tax applies regardless of
23		whether the purchaser of the item has a right to use it permanently or to use
24		it without making continued payments. The tax does not apply to
25		telecommunications service, video programming service, satellite digital
26		audio radio service, or any other service that is taxed under another
27		subdivision of this subsection. A person who sells an item that is taxable
28		under this subdivision is considered a retailer under this Article. The
29		following items are subject to tax under this subdivision:
30		a. An audio work.
31		b. An audiovisual work.
32		c. A book.
33		
34	(9)	The general rate of tax applies to the gross receipts derived from a service
35		contract and from repair, maintenance, and installation services.
36	(10)	The general rate of tax applies to the gross receipts from charges for any of
37		the activities listed in this subdivision. Gross receipts may take the form of a
38		single or multioccasion ticket, a seasonal pass, a permanent seat license, a
39		charge for a luxury suite, a cover charge, a membership fee, periodic dues,
40		or any other form of payment. A person engaged in the business of providing
41		any of these activities is considered a retailer under this Article:

Admission to a live performance or other live event of any kind.

Admission to a movie or other audiovisual work.

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(11) The general rate of tax applies to the gross receipts derived from providing air, surface, or combined courier delivery services of parcels.'

SECTION 27C.3.(d) Part 2 of Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

'§ 105-164.4E. When an item given away is considered sold.

An item that is given away or used by a retailer or a wholesale merchant is not considered sold, whether or not the retailer or wholesale merchant receives its cost of the item from sales of other items, except as follows:

- (1) If a retailer engaged in the business of selling prepared food and drink for immediate or on-premises consumption also gives prepared food or drink to its patrons or employees free of charge, for the purposes of this Article the property given away is considered sold along with the property sold.
- (2) If a retailer gives an item of inventory to a customer free of charge on the condition that the customer purchase similar or related property, the item given away is considered sold along with the item sold.'

SECTION 27C.3.(e) G.S. 105-164.7 reads as rewritten:

'§ 105-164.7. Sales tax part of purchase price. Retailer to collect sales tax from purchaser as trustee for State.

Every retailer subject to the tax levied in G.S. 105-164.4 shall at the time of selling or delivering or taking an order for the sale or delivery of taxable tangible personal property or a taxable service, or collecting the sales price, add to the sales price the amount of tax due. The tax constitutes a part of the purchase price, is a debt from the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and is recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts. The tax must be stated and charged separately from the sales price, shown separately on the retailer's sales records, and paid by the purchaser to the retailer as trustee for and on account of the State. The retailer is liable for the collection of the tax and for its payment to the Secretary. The retailer's failure to charge the tax to or to collect the tax from the purchaser does not affect this liability. It is the intent of this Article that the tax be added to the sales price of tangible personal property and services when sold at retail and be borne and passed on to the customer, instead of being borne by the retailer.

The sales tax imposed by this Article is intended to be passed on to the purchaser of a taxable item and borne by the purchaser instead of by the retailer. A retailer must collect the tax due on an item when the item is sold at retail. The tax is a debt from the purchaser to the retailer until paid and is recoverable at law by the retailer in the same manner as other debts. A retailer is considered to act as a trustee on behalf of the State when it collects tax from the purchaser of a taxable item.'

SECTION 27C.3.(f) G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:

'§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.

The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following tangible personal property and services items are specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:

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1		(25)	Sales	by merchants a merchant on the Cherokee Indian Reservation when
2			such 1	nerchants are who is authorized to do business on the Reservation and
3			are pa	ying pays the tribal gross receipts levy to the Tribal Council.
4				
5		(60)	A serv	vice contract for, and the repair, maintenance, or installation of, an item
6			that is	s exempt from tax under this Article, other than an item exempt from
7			tax un	der G.S. 105-164.13(32).
8		(61)	Admi	ssion charges to any of the following recreational or entertainment
9			activit	ties:
10			<u>a.</u>	An event at an elementary or secondary school.
11			<u>b.</u>	A commercial agricultural fair that meets the requirements of
12				G.S. 106-520.1, as determined by the Commissioner of Agriculture.
13			<u>c.</u>	A festival or other recreational or entertainment activity that lasts no
14				more than seven consecutive days and is sponsored by a nonprofit
15			-	entity that is exempt from tax under Article 4 of this Chapter and
16				uses the entire proceeds of the activity exclusively for the entity's
17				nonprofit purpose. This exemption applies to no more than two
18		•		activities sponsored by the entity during a calendar year.
19			<u>d.</u>	An entertainment activity produced by local talent exclusively, for
20				the benefit of religious, charitable, benevolent, or educational
				purposes, as long as no compensation is paid to the local talent.
21 22			<u>e.</u>	The North Carolina Symphony Society, Incorporated, as specified in
23				G.S. 140-10.1.
24			<u>f.</u>	All outdoor historical dramas, as specified in Article 19C of Chapter
25				143 of the General Statutes.
26			g.	A youth athletic contest with an admissions price that does not
27				exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) sponsored by a person exempt from
28				income tax under Article 4 of this Chapter. For the purpose of this
29				sub-subdivision, a youth athletic contest means a contest in which
30				each participating athlete is less than 20 years of age.
31			<u>h.</u>	A choral or theatrical performance promoted and managed by a
32				nonprofit entity that is exempt from tax under Article 4 of this
33				Chapter.
34			<u>i.</u>	A recreational or an entertainment activity exclusively for teenagers
35				and sponsored by a nonprofit entity that is exempt from tax under
36				Article 4 of this Chapter.
37			<u>j.</u>	A farm-related entertainment activity offered on land used for bona
38				fide farm purposes as defined in G.S. 153A-340.'
39		SECT	ION 2	7C.3.(g) G.S. 105-467(a) is amended by adding two new subdivisions
10	to read:			
11		<u>'(8)</u>	The sa	eles price of an item that is delivered or accessed electronically and is
12				t to the general rate of tax under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(6b).

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(9) The gross receipts derived from providing a service subject to the general rate of tax under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(9), (a)(10), or (a)(11).'

SECTION 27C.3.(h) Section 4 of Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws, as amended, reads as rewritten:

'Sec. 4. Scope of Sales Tax. The sales tax which may be imposed under this division after the holding of a special election is limited to a tax at the rate of one per cent (1%) of: (1) the sale price of those articles of tangible personal property now the items subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1) and (4b); 105-164.4(a)(1), (4b), and (6b); (2) the gross receipts derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property when the lease or rental of the property is subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(2): (3) the gross receipts derived from the rental of any room or lodging furnished by any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp or other similar public accommodations now subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G. S. 105-164.4(a)(3); (4) the gross receipts derived from services rendered by laundries, dry cleaners, cleaning plants and similar type businesses now subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4); (5) The sales price of food and other items that are not otherwise exempt from tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13 but are exempt from the State sales and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13B; and (6) The sales price of prepaid telephone calling service taxed as tangible personal property under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4d), G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4d); and (7) The gross receipts derived from providing a service subject to the general rate of tax under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(9), (a)(10), or (a)(11). The sales price of prepaid telephone calling service taxed as tangible personal property under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4d). The taxes authorized by this division do not apply to sales that are taxable by the State under G.S. 105-164.4 but are not specifically listed in this section.

The exemptions and exclusions contained in G.S. 105-164.13 and the sales and use tax holiday contained in G.S. 105-164.13C and G.S. 105-164.13D apply with equal force and like manner to the local sales tax authorized to be imposed and levied under this division. The county shall have no authority, with respect to the local sales and use tax imposed under this division, to change, alter, add, or delete any exemptions or exclusions contained under G.S. 105-164.13.

The local sales tax authorized to be imposed and levied under the provisions of this division shall be applicable to such retail sales, leases, rentals, rendering of services, furnishing of lodging or accommodations and other taxable transactions which are made, furnished or rendered by retailers whose place of business is located within the taxing county. The tax imposed shall apply to the furnishing of rooms, lodging or other accommodations within the county which are rented to transients. The sourcing principles in G.S. 105-164.4B apply in determining whether the local sales tax applies to a transaction. Provided, however, no tax shall be imposed where the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to the purchaser at a point outside this State.'

SECTION 27C.3.(i) This section becomes effective October 1, 2009, and applies to sales occurring on or after that date. This act does not affect the rights or liabilities of the State, a taxpayer, or another person arising under a statute amended or repealed by this act before the effective date of its amendment or repeal; nor does it affect the right to any refund or

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credit of a tax that accrued under the amended or repealed statute before the effective date of its amendment or repeal. G.S. 105-164.4(a)(10), as enacted by this section, applies to gross receipts received from admissions purchased on or after that date and to gross receipts received on or after that date from other recreational and entertainment activities occurring on or after that date.

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PART XXVIID. ALCOHOL EXCISE TAX CHANGE

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INCREASE TAX ON LIQUOR

SECTION 27D.2.(a) G.S. 105-113.80(c) reads as rewritten:

'(c) Liquor. – An excise tax of twenty-five percent (25%) twenty-six and one-half percent (26.5%) is levied on liquor sold in ABC stores. Pursuant to G.S. 18B-804(b), the price of liquor on which this tax is computed is the distiller's price plus (i) the State ABC warehouse freight and bailment charges, and (ii) a markup for local ABC boards.'

SECTION 27D.2.(b) This section becomes effective August 1, 2009."

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moves to amend the bill on page 5, line 10° , by inserting a new section to read:

" SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

SECTION 2.1A. Additional appropriations from the General Fund of the State are made for the biennium ending June 30, 2011, to partially restore reductions made in section 2.1 of this act, according to the following schedule:

24 -- -2009-2010 2010-2011 25 26 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES 27 Child Care Subsidy Rate Reduction 3,977,578 R 3,977,578 R 28 Smart Start Funding 20,000,000 R 20,000,000 R 29 Local Management Entities System Management Funds 4,000,000 R 4,857,331 R 30 CAP/MR-DD Reduction in State Supplemental Funds 8,000,000 R 8,000,000 R 31 State Funded Services 50,000,000 R 50,000,000 R 32 **Direct Payments to Providers** 7,100,000 R 7,100,000 R Reduce Funding for Accreditation of 33 Local Health Department 34 700,000 R 700,000 R 35 Eliminate Funding for the Early Hearing Program 171,000 R 171,000 R 36 Eliminate Funding 37 for Second Dose Chicken Pox Vaccine 1,223,027 R 1.233,027 R 38 Reduce Oral Health Program Funds 3,388,418 R 3,388,413 R Reduce Funding Office of Chief Medical Examiner 39 80,000 R 80,000 R 40 Reduce Division of Public Health Contract Funds 5,000,000 R 5,000,000 R Establish/Increase Emergency Room Co-payments 41 for Non-emergency Visits 42 382,665 R 482,728 R Health Choice Enrollment Freeze 43 2,542,557 R 2,542,557 R

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1	Adjust Continuation Budget to FY2008-2009		
2	Authorized Budget Level	15,207,242 R	13,240,268 R
3	Reduce Funds for Child Advocacy Centers	115,000 R	115,000 R
4	Reduce Funds for NC Reach	1,500,000 R	1,500,000 R
5	Recovery Funds for Foster Care and	-,,	-,,
6	Adoption Assistance	-636,719 NR	-325,671 NR
7	Reduce State Aid to Counties	5,473,985 R	5,473,985 R
8	Decrease Foster Care & Adoption Assistance Rates	-1,174,026 R	1,122,638 R
9	Reduce Family Resource Center Funds	229,151 R	229,151 R
10	Service Rate Adjustment	64,767 R	64,767 R
11	Reduce Basic Support Case Services	3,612,025 R	3,612,025 R
12	Reduce Funds for Independent Living	1,500,000 R	1,500,000 R
13	Service Rate Adjustment	69,038 R	69,038 R
14	Reduce Home and Community Care Block Grant	2,594,744 R	2,594,744 R
15	Provider Rate Reduction	65,791,000 R	67,451,725 R
16	Modify Personal Care Services Benefit	34,000,000 R	40,800,000 R
17	Reduce Personal Care Services in Adult Care Homes	8,000,000 R	8,000,000 R
18	Eliminates PT/OT/ST	15,633,333 R	18,760,000 R
19	Reduces Adult Optical	3,201,911 R	3,842,293 R
20	Dental Coverage	16,726,329 R	20,905,072 R
21	Dental Policy Adjustments	3,689,582 R	4,427,500 R
22	Orthotics and prosthetics	2,267,877 R	2,885,284 R
23	Emergency Room Copayment	_,,	_,,,,_,,
24	for Nonemergency Visits	2,975,070 R	3,945,037 R
25	CCNC Savings	30,917,506 R	43,010,007 R
26	Growth	8,544,885 R	17,297,851 R
27	Phased-Out County Share	13,740,196 R	16,052,019 R
28	Reduction in Medical Assistance Payments		-38,805,850 NR
29	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
30	Totals	290,642,892	345,299,517
31		, ,	
32	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION		
33	Adjust Continuation Budget-for utilities	1,667,388	1,140,952
34	Veterans Services Office	12,032	12,032
35	Domestic Violence	170,203	170,203
36	Telecommunications Office	371,989	655,621
37	Rape Crisis	195,175	195,175
38	Veterans Affairs	175,968	175,968
39		,	,
40	OFFICE OF STATE PERSONNEL		
41	Reduce Various Line Items	100,000	100,000
42		,	,
43	STATE ETHICS COMMISSION		

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1 2	Reduce State Ethics Commission	81,752	81,752
3	DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL RESOURCES		
4	Libraries	1,553,583	1,936,979
5	Grassroots	271,024	338,780
6	Basic Grants	387,332	484,155
7	Museum of Art& Tyron Palace Reserve	1,456,484	2,809,565
8	Symphony	425	425
9	Restoring filled positions	272,361	276,132
10			
11	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE		
12	PSA-Rev	424,120	424,120
13	***************************************	*	
14	HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY	1 000 000	1 000 000
15	HFA	1,000,000	1,000,000
16 17	DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE TREASURER		
18	Adjust Continuation Budget-for utilities	221,000	221,000
19	Fire Rescue - Management Flexibility Reserve	221,000	139,703
20	Pension Fund	317,863	317,863
21	1 Olibioli I dild	317,003	317,003
22	OFFICE OF THE STATE CONTROLLER		
23	Management Flexibility Reserve		229,619
24	Adjust Continuation Budget	312,798	,
25			
26	GOVERNOR		
27	Reduce Exp. Accounts	50,000	50,000
28			
29	OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT		
30.	Reduce Various Accounts	50,000	50,000
31			
32	STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS	00.001	00.001
33	Last four positions	89,021	89,021
34	CECDETADY OF CTATE		
35	SECRETARY OF STATE	155 514	170 067
36 37	4.25 filled positions	155,514	170,967
38	OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS		
39	Reduce Various Operating Accounts	64,689	64,689
40	reduce various Operating recounts	07,007	04,007
41	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR		
42	Reduce Various Operating Accounts	22,831	22,831
43		,~~ -	22,001

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		AMENDMENT N	
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			1 age 26 01 43
1	DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE		
2	Reduce Various Operating Accounts	316,449	316,449
3			
4	OFFICE OF STATE AUDITOR		
5	Four auditor positions	260,000	260,000
6	WIDNOVA DEPARENCE VE		
7	JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT	0.400.004	0.400.004
8	Vacant AOC positions (179.0)	9,498,004	9,498,004
9	VWLA Positions (155.0)	7,019,017	7,019,017
10 11	DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DE	ELINOLIENCV PREVENTI	ON
12	DJJDP Continuation Budget	BEINQUENCTTREVENT	3,100,000
13	JCPC County Allocation	3,472,929	3,472,929
14	Jer e county Amocation	3,172,727	5,472,727
15	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION		
16	Jail Misdemeanant Payments	5,000,000	5,000,000
17	DOC Continuation Budget	50,010,050	60,610,050
18		**	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
19	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION		
20	Restore Teachers to Classrooms		
21	(Maintains K-3 class size at 08-09 levels)	138,958,000	198,500,000
22	At Risk		70,000,000
23	50,000,000		
24	Low Wealth	4,853,701	9,707,403
25	Instructional Support Positions	19,367,181	20,772,741
26	School Building Administration	17,586,720	17,586,720
27	Restore LEA Flexibility Reduction	2,871,551	9,635,289
28	COMMUNITY COLLEGE QUATEM OFFICE		
29	COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM OFFICE	16 262 947	16 262 047
30 31	Restore All Tuition Waivers	16,362,847	16,362,847
32	Restore Cuts to CC Personnel	10,000,000	14,000,000
33	UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA		
34	Restore Cuts to University Personnel	75,000,000	80,000,000
35	restore cuts to oniversity reisonner	73,000,000	80,000,000
36	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
37	Oper. Res Barn	152,799	156,925
38	Oper. Res Lab	43,500	79,000
39	Oper. Res Vet Services - Rendering	75,000	75,000
40	Operating - Cell Phones	60,909	60,909
41	FFA to 4% & 6%	1,980	1,980
42	Marketing - Ag Review	25,000	25,000
43	Ag in Classroom 4% & 6%	990	990

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1			
2	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR		
3	Wage & Hour	94,796	94,796
4	Operating - Cell Phones	27,164	27,164
5			
6	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RI		
7	Oper. Res Nature Research Cntr	242,159	855,620
8	Oper. Res Parks	1,537,849	1,342,669
9	Operating - Comm Travel/ Subsistence	170,399	170,399
10	Forestry Equipment	-	112,556
11	State Parks	_	262,037
12	Grassroots to 4% & 6%	139,254	139,254
13	Partnerships to 4% & 6%	20,690	20,690
14		,	,
15	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		
16	Oper. Res China Trade Office	175,000	175,000
17	Operating - Cell Phones	34,682	34,682
18	BI - Contractors	720,868	720,868
19	Heritage Tourism	56,125	56,125
20	State Aid - Land Loss to 4% & 6%	15,500	15,700
21	State Aid - Institute of Minority Econ. Dev. to 4% & 6%		119,900
22	State Aid - NC Assoc. of CDCs to 4% & 6%	44,300	47,300
23	State Aid - NC Minority Support Cntr to 4% & 6%	143,500	143,400
24	State Aid - NC Comm. Dev. Initiative to 4% & 6%	209,000	209,200
25	State Aid - e-NC Authority to 4% & 6%	20,200	19,300
26		•	
27	State Aid - High Point Furniture Market to 4% & 6%	36,600	35,200
	NC Biotech to 4% & 6%	617,000	616,900
28	Rural Economic Development Center to 4% & 6%	228,436	248,436"; and
29	6 44 pw		
30	On page 11, lines 12-50, by deleting the lines.		
31	TDVIC LOVON		
32	EDUCATION		
33			
34	moves to amend the Committee Report on page F3, item 20,	by rewriting the iten	n to read:
35			
36		\$183,747,848) (\$264	1,638,920) R
37	Decreases funding for the Classroom Teachers allotment		
38	consistent with increasing the student-to-teacher funding		
39	allotment ratio currently set by the State Board of Education		
40	for grades 4-12 by 2 in FY 2009-10 and by 3 in FY 2010-11.		
41	The related provision, section 7.23, increases the allowable		
42	maximum district-wide class size average and maximum indi	vidual	
4.3	1	0.11	

class size in grades 4-12 by 2 in FY 2009-10 and 3 in FY 2010-11.

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1	Student-to-teacher ratios in grades K-3 will remain unchanged."; and
2 3 4	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F2, item 10, by deleting the item; and
5 6	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F4, item 30, by deleting the item; and
7 8	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F4, item 25, by deleting the item; and
9 10	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F4, item 26, by deleting the item; and
11 12 13 14 15	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F5, item 37, by reducing the cut for the 2009-2010 fiscal year by \$5,135,289 in recurring funds, adding a nonrecurring cut for the 2009-2010 fiscal year of \$2,263,738, and reducing the cut for the 2010-2011 fiscal year by \$9,635,289; and
16 17 18	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F14, items 89 and 90, by deleting the items; and
19 20 21 22	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F10, item 61, by reducing the cut for the 2009-2010 fiscal year by \$10,000,000 and by reducing the cut for the 2010-2011 fiscal year by \$14,000,000; and
23 24 25	Further moves to amend the committee report on page F16, item 97, by reducing the cut for the 2009-2010 fiscal year by \$75,000,000 and by reducing the cut for the 2010-2011 fiscal year by \$80,000,000;
26 27 28	and moves to amend the bill on page 28, line 47, through page 32, line 14, by deleting the lines and substituting the following:
29 30	"USE OF SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING IN LOW-WEALTH COUNTIES SECTION 7.3.(a) Use of Funds for Supplemental Funding. – All funds received
31	pursuant to this section shall be used only: (i) to provide instructional positions, instructional
32	support positions, teacher assistant positions, clerical positions, school computer technicians,
33	instructional supplies and equipment, staff development, and textbooks and (ii) for salary
34	supplements for instructional personnel and instructional support personnel. Local boards of
35	education are encouraged to use at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds received
36 37	pursuant to this section to improve the academic performance of children who are performing at Level I or II on either reading or mathematics end-of-grade tests in grades 3-8 and children

SECTION 7.3.(b) Definitions. – As used in this section:

who are performing at Level I or II in grades 4 and 7.

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- (1) "Anticipated county property tax revenue availability" means the county-adjusted property tax base multiplied by the effective State average tax rate.
- (2) "Anticipated total county revenue availability" means the sum of the:

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b.

43

Anticipated county property tax revenue availability, 1 a. 2 Local sales and use taxes received by the county that are levied under b. Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws or under Subchapter VIII of 3 Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, 4 5 Sales tax hold harmless reimbursement received by the county under c. 6 G.S. 105-521, and 7 Fines and forfeitures deposited in the county school fund for the most d. 8 recent year for which data are available. "Anticipated total county revenue availability per student" means the 9 (3) anticipated total county revenue availability for the county divided by the 10 average daily membership of the county. 11 "Anticipated State average revenue availability per student" means the sum 12 (4)of all anticipated total county revenue availability divided by the average 13 daily membership for the State. 14 15 (5) "Average daily membership" means average daily membership as defined in the North Carolina Public Schools Allotment Policy Manual, adopted by the 16 17 State Board of Education. If a county contains only part of a local school administrative unit, the average daily membership of that county includes all 18 19 students who reside within the county and attend that local school 20 administrative unit. "County-adjusted property tax base" shall be computed as follows: 21 (6) 22 Subtract the present-use value of agricultural land, horticultural land, and forestland in the county, as defined in G.S. 105-277.2, from the 23 24 total assessed real property valuation of the county, Adjust the resulting amount by multiplying by a weighted average of 25 b. 26 the three most recent annual sales assessment ratio studies, 27 Add to the resulting amount the: c. 28 Present-use value of agricultural land, horticultural land, and 29 forestland, as defined in G.S. 105-277.2, 30 Value of property of public service companies, determined in 2. 31 accordance with Article 23 of Chapter 105 of the General 32 Statutes, and 33 Personal property value for the county. 34 "County-adjusted property tax base per square mile" means the (7) county-adjusted property tax base divided by the number of square miles of 35 36 land area in the county. 37 (8) "County wealth as a percentage of State average wealth" shall be computed 38 as follows: 39 Compute the percentage that the county per capita income is of the 40 State per capita income and weight the resulting percentage by a 41 factor of five-tenths, 42 Compute the percentage that the anticipated total county revenue

availability per student is of the anticipated State average revenue

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1		availability per student and weight the resulting percentage by a
2		factor of four-tenths,
3		c. Compute the percentage that the county-adjusted property tax base
4		per square mile is of the State-adjusted property tax base per square
5		mile and weight the resulting percentage by a factor of one-tenth,
6		d. Add the three weighted percentages to derive the county wealth as a
7		percentage of the State average wealth.
8	(9)	"Effective county tax rate" means the actual county tax rate multiplied by a
9		weighted average of the three most recent annual sales assessment ratio
10		studies.
11	(10)	"Effective State average tax rate" means the average of effective county tax
12		rates for all counties.
13	(11)	"Local current expense funds" means the most recent county current expense
14		appropriations to public schools, as reported by local boards of education in
15		the audit report filed with the Secretary of the Local Government
16		Commission pursuant to G.S. 115C-447.
17	(12)	"Per capita income" means the average for the most recent three years for
18		which data are available of the per capita income according to the most
19		recent report of the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of
20		Economic Analysis, including any reported modifications for prior years as
21		outlined in the most recent report.
22	(13)	"Sales assessment ratio studies" means sales assessment ratio studies
23		performed by the Department of Revenue under G.S. 105-289(h).
24	(14)	"State average current expense appropriations per student" means the most
25		recent State total of county current expense appropriations to public schools,
26		as reported by local boards of education in the audit report filed with the
27		Secretary of the Local Government Commission pursuant to G.S. 115C-447.
28	(15)	"State average adjusted property tax base per square mile" means the sum of
29		the county-adjusted property tax bases for all counties divided by the
30		number of square miles of land area in the State.
31	(16)	"Supplant" means to decrease local per student current expense
32	,	appropriations from one fiscal year to the next fiscal year.
33	(17)	"Weighted average of the three most recent annual sales assessment ratio
34	,	studies" means the weighted average of the three most recent annual sales
35		assessment ratio studies in the most recent years for which county current
36		expense appropriations and adjusted property tax valuations are available. If
37		real property in a county has been revalued one year prior to the most recent
38		sales assessment ratio study, a weighted average of the two most recent sales
39		assessment ratios shall be used. If property has been revalued the year of the
40		most recent sales assessment ratio study, the sales assessment ratio for the
41		year of revaluation shall be used.
42	SECT	ION 7.3.(c) Eligibility for Funds. – Except as provided in subsection (g) of

this section, the State Board of Education shall allocate these funds to local school

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administrative units located in whole or in part in counties in which the county wealth as a percentage of the State average wealth is less than one hundred percent (100%).

SECTION 7.3.(d) Allocation of Funds. — Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, the amount received per average daily membership for a county shall be the difference between the State average current expense appropriations per student and the current expense appropriations per student that the county could provide given the county's wealth and an average effort to fund public schools. (To derive the current expense appropriations per student that the county could be able to provide given the county's wealth and an average effort to fund public schools, multiply the county's wealth as a percentage of State average wealth by the State average current expense appropriations per student.) The funds for the local school administrative units located in whole or in part in the county shall be allocated to each local school administrative unit located in whole or in part in the county based on the average daily membership of the county's students in the school units. If the funds appropriated for supplemental funding are not adequate to fund the formula fully, each local school administrative unit shall receive a pro rata share of the funds appropriated for supplemental funding.

SECTION 7.3.(e) Formula for Distribution of Supplemental Funding Pursuant to This Section Only. – The formula in this section is solely a basis for distribution of supplemental funding for low-wealth counties and is not intended to reflect any measure of the adequacy of the educational program or funding for public schools. The formula is also not intended to reflect any commitment by the General Assembly to appropriate any additional supplemental funds for low-wealth counties.

SECTION 7.3.(f) Minimum Effort Required. — Counties that had effective tax rates in the 1996-1997 fiscal year that were above the State average effective tax rate but that had effective rates below the State average in the 1997-1998 fiscal year or thereafter shall receive reduced funding under this section. This reduction in funding shall be determined by subtracting the amount that the county would have received pursuant to Section 17.1(g) of Chapter 507 of the 1995 Session Laws from the amount that the county would have received if qualified for full funding and multiplying the difference by ten percent (10%). This method of calculating reduced funding shall apply one time only. This method of calculating reduced funding shall not apply in cases in which the effective tax rate fell below the statewide average effective tax rate as a result of a reduction in the actual property tax rate. In these cases, the minimum effort required shall be calculated in accordance with Section 17.1(g) of Chapter 507 of the 1995 Session Laws. If the county documents that it has increased the per student appropriation to the school current expense fund in the current fiscal year, the State Board of Education shall include this additional per pupil appropriation when calculating minimum effort pursuant to Section 17.1(g) of Chapter 507 of the 1995 Session Laws.

SECTION 7.3.(g) Nonsupplant Requirement. — A county in which a local school administrative unit receives funds under this section shall use the funds to supplement local current expense funds and shall not supplant local current expense funds. For the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, the State Board of Education shall not allocate funds under this section to a county found to have used these funds to supplant local per student current expense funds. The State Board of Education shall make a finding that a county has used these funds to supplant

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local current expense funds in the prior year, or the year for which the most recent data are available, if:

- (1) The current expense appropriation per student of the county for the current year is less than ninety-five percent (95%) of the average of the local current expense appropriations per student for the three prior fiscal years; and
- (2) The county cannot show: (i) that it has remedied the deficiency in funding or (ii) that extraordinary circumstances caused the county to supplant local current expense funds with funds allocated under this section. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to implement this section.

SECTION 7.3.(h) Reports. – The State Board of Education shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee prior to May 1, 2010, if it determines that counties have supplanted funds.

SECTION 7.3.(i) Department of Revenue Reports. – The Department of Revenue shall provide to the Department of Public Instruction a preliminary report for the current fiscal year of the assessed value of the property tax base for each county prior to March 1 of each year and a final report prior to May 1 of each year. The reports shall include for each county the annual sales assessment ratio and the taxable values of (i) total real property, (ii) the portion of total real property represented by the present-use value of agricultural land, horticultural land, and forestland, as defined in G.S. 105-277.2, (iii) property of public service companies determined in accordance with Article 23 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, and (iv) personal property.";

and on page 39, line 49 through page 40, line 6, by deleting the lines and substituting the following:

"INCREASE CLASS SIZE

SECTION 7.23. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the allotment ratios, the maximum class size, and the maximum average class size limits for grades 4-12 in the public schools shall be two students higher beginning with the 2009-2010 school year than they were for the 2008-2009 school year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the allotment ratios, the maximum class size, and the maximum average class size limits for grades 4-12 in the public schools shall be three students higher beginning with the 2010-2011 school year than they were for the 2008-2009 school year."; and

on page 51, line 40, through page 54, line 35, by deleting the lines; and

on page 57, by inserting on line 21 the following new section to read:

" MANAGEMENT FLEXIBILITY REDUCTION/COMMUNITY COLLEGES

SECTION 8.24. The management flexibility reduction for the North Carolina Community College System shall be allocated by the State Board of Community Colleges in a manner that accounts for the unique needs of each college and provides for the equitable distribution of funds to the institutions consistent with G.S. 115D-5(a). Before taking reductions to instructional budgets, the community colleges shall consider reducing budgets for

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senior and middle management personnel and for programs that have both low-enrollment and low-postgraduate success. Colleges shall minimize the impact on student support services and on the retraining of dislocated workers. The community colleges shall also review their institutional funds to determine whether there are monies available in those funds that can be used to assist with operating costs before taking reductions in instructional budgets."; and

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on page 47, line 47, by inserting the following new section to read:

"REPEAL SENIOR CITIZEN TUITION WAIVER FOR UNC CONSTITUENT INSTITUTIONS

SECTION 9.29.(a) G.S. 115B-2(a)(1) is repealed. **SECTION 9.29.(b)** G.S. 115B-2.1 is repealed. **SECTION 9.29.(c)** G.S. 115B-5(a) is repealed.

SECTION 9.29.(d) G.S. 115D-5(b) reads as rewritten:

In order to make instruction as accessible as possible to all citizens, the teaching of '(b) curricular courses and of noncurricular extension courses at convenient locations away from institution campuses as well as on campuses is authorized and shall be encouraged. A pro rata portion of the established regular tuition rate charged a full-time student shall be charged a part-time student taking any curriculum course. In lieu of any tuition charge, the State Board of Community Colleges shall establish a uniform registration fee, or a schedule of uniform registration fees, to be charged students enrolling in extension courses for which instruction is financed primarily from State funds; provided, however, that the State Board of Community Colleges may provide by general and uniform regulations for waiver of tuition and registration fees for persons not enrolled in elementary or secondary schools taking courses leading to a high school diploma or equivalent certificate, for training courses for volunteer firemen, local fire department personnel, volunteer rescue and lifesaving department personnel, local rescue and lifesaving department personnel, Radio Emergency Associated Citizens Team (REACT) members when the REACT team is under contract to a county as an emergency response agency, local law-enforcement officers, patients in State alcoholic rehabilitation centers, all full-time custodial employees of the Department of Correction, employees of the Department's Division of Community Corrections and employees of the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention required to be certified under Chapter 17C of the General Statutes and the rules of the Criminal Justice and Training Standards Commission, trainees enrolled in courses conducted under the New and Expanding Industry Program, clients of sheltered workshops, clients of adult developmental activity programs, students in Health and Human Services Development Programs, juveniles of any age committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention by a court of competent jurisdiction, prison inmates, members of the North Carolina State Defense Militia as defined in G.S. 127A-5 and as administered under Article 5 of Chapter 127A of the General Statutes, and elementary and secondary school employees enrolled in courses in first aid or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Provided further, tuition shall be waived for senior citizens attending institutions operating under this Chapter as set forth in Chapter 115B of the General Statutes, Tuition Waiver for Senior Citizens. Chapter. Provided further, tuition shall also be waived for all courses taken by high school students at community colleges, including students in early

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1	college and middle college high school programs, in accordance with G.S. 115D-20(4) and this
2	section."; and
3	
4	DHHS
5	31 35
6	on page 80, lines 36-46, by deleting the lines; and
7	
8	on page 88; lines 4-7, by deleting the lines; and
9	87 line 49 to page 88 line 3
10	of some 44 to back or some
11	on page 96, line 25, by deleting the amount "\$390.00" and substituting the amount "\$475.00";
12	and 23
13	
14	on page 96, line 26, by deleting the amount "\$440.00" and substituting the amount "\$581.00";
15	and 24
16	
17	on page 96, line 27, by deleting the amount "\$490.00" and substituting the amount "\$634.00";
18	and Z5
19	
20	on page 96, line 30, by deleting the amount "\$390.00" and substituting the amount "\$475.00";
21	and Zf
22	
23	on page 96, line 34, by deleting the amount "\$440.00" and substituting the amount "\$581.00";
24	and 29
25	
26	on page 96, line 32, by deleting the amount "\$490.00" and substituting the amount "\$634.00";
27	and 30
28	11-5
29	on page 99, lines $\frac{4-5}{5-6}$, by deleting the words "three million one hundred sixty-eight thousand
30	two hundred fifty dollars (\$3,168,250)" and substituting the words "one million five hundred
31	thousand dollars (\$1,500,000); and
32	
33 .	on page 101, line 36, by deleting the words "five and five tenths percent (5.5%)" and
34	substituting the words "three and six hundredths percent (3.06%); and
35	
36	on page 101, line 37, by deleting the words "six percent (6.0%)" and substituting the words
37	"three and fifty-six hundredths percent (3.56%)"; and
38	
39	on page 107, line 21, by rewriting the line to read:
40	"(20) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy. – Services for
41	adults and EPSDT eligible children. Payments are to be made only to
42	qualified providers at rates negotiated by the Department of Health and
43	Human Services."; and

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42 43 District

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1 2 on page 111, lines 17-19, by deleting the lines; and 4 on page 118, line 50, by deleting the words "five and five tenths percent (5.5%)" and 5 substituting the words "three and six hundredths percent (3.06%); and 6 on page 118, line 51, by deleting the words "six percent (6.0%)" and substituting the words 7 8 "three and fifty-six hundredths percent (3.56%)"; and 9 10 11 on page 119, lines 14-16, by deleting the lines; and 12 13 **JPS** 14 moves to amend the House Appropriations Committee Report on page I-1, Item 2, by deleting 15 16 that item; 17 18 and further moves to amend the Committee Report on page I-2, Item 8 by deleting that item; 19 20 and further moves to amend the Committee Report on page I-9, Item 44 by decreasing the reduction for the 2010-2011 fiscal year by \$3,100,000; 21 22 23 and further moves to amend the Committee Report on page I-10, Item 56 by deleting that item; 24 25 and further moves to amend the Committee Report on page I-12, Item 67 by decreasing the reduction for the 2009-2010 fiscal year by \$50,010,050 and for the 2011-2012 fiscal year by 26 27 decreasing the reduction by \$60,610,050; 28 29 and further moves to amend the Committee Report on page I-12, Item 70 by deleting that item; 30 31 moves to amend the bill on page 180, line 51 through line 181, line 17, by deleting the lines and inserting the following: 32 33 34 "DIVIDE PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT 11 INTO DISTRICTS 11A AND 11B 35 'SECTION 15.17E.(a) G.S. 7A-60(a1) reads as rewritten: "(a1) The counties of the State are organized into prosecutorial districts, and each district 36 has the counties and the number of full-time assistant district attorneys set forth in the 37 38 following table: 39 No. of Full-Time 40 Prosecutorial Asst. District

Counties

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1	<u>11B</u> <u>Johnston</u> <u>10</u>
2	"
3	SECTION 15.17E.(b) The district attorney position established for District 11B by
4	subsection (a) of this section shall be filled by the district attorney currently serving District 11
5	who resides in Johnston County. A district attorney for District 11A shall be elected in the 2010
6	election for a four-year term commencing January 1, 2011.
7	SECTION 15.17E.(c) This section becomes effective January 1, 2011."; and
8	
9	Section 15.17C & 15.17D
10	further moves to amend the bill on page 177, line 12, through page 180, line 49, by deleting the
11	lines;
12	
13	further moves amend the bill on page 181, line 22, through page 184, line 9, by deleting the
14	lines; and
15	
16	further moves to amend the bill on page 220, lines 4-8, by deleting the lines; and
17	
18	NER
19	
20	on page 152, line 23 through 154, line 30, by deleting the lines and substituting the following:
21	

"GRASSROOTS SCIENCE PROGRAM

22 23

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SECTION 13.7.(a) Of the funds appropriated in this act to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for the Grassroots Science Program, the sum of three million three hundred forty-two thousand eighty-six dollars (\$3,342,086) for the 2009-2010 fiscal year and the sum of three million two hundred seventy-two thousand four hundred fifty-nine dollars (\$3,272,459) for the 2010-2011 fiscal year is allocated as grants-in-aid for each fiscal year as follows:

28	each fiscal year as follows:	•	
29		2009-2010	2010-2011
30			
31	Aurora Fossil Museum	\$56,695	\$55,514
32	Cape Fear Museum	\$154,567	\$151,347
33	Carolina Raptor Center	\$107,687	\$105,444
34	Catawba Science Center	\$140,502	\$137,575
35	Colburn Earth Science Museum, Inc.	\$71,563	\$70,072
36	Core Sound Waterfowl Museum	\$48,000	\$47,000
37	Discovery Place	\$636,350	\$623,093
38	Eastern NC Regional Science Center	\$48,000	\$47,000
39	Fascinate-U	\$77,829	\$76,208
40	Granville County Museum Commission,		
41	IncHarris Gallery	\$54,165	\$53,037
42	Greensboro Children's Museum	\$129,673	\$126,971
43	The Health Adventure Museum of Pack		

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		* 4 *			
1	Place Education, Arts and				
2	Science Center, Inc.	\$149,387	\$146,274		
3	Highlands Nature Center	\$76,097	\$74,512		
4	Imagination Station	\$82,593	\$80,871		
5	The Iredell Museums, Inc.	\$58,854	\$57,628		
6	Kidsenses	\$78,031	\$76,405		
7	Museum of Coastal Carolina	\$74,899	\$73,339		
8	The Natural Science Center				
9	of Greensboro, Inc.	\$178,900	\$175,173		
10	North Carolina Museum of Life				
11	and Science	\$364,633	\$357,036		
12	Pisgah Astronomical Research Institute	\$48,000	\$47,000		
13	Port Discover: Northeastern	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		
14	North Carolina's Center for				
15	Hands-On Science, Inc.	\$48,000	\$47,000		
16	Rocky Mount Children's Museum	\$69,364	\$67,919		
17	Schiele Museum of Natural History				
18	and Planetarium, Inc.	\$220,365	\$215,774		
19	Sci Works Science Center and	, and the second	,		
20	Environmental Park of Forsyth County	\$140,639	\$137,709		
21	Sylvan Heights Waterfowl Park				
22	and Eco-Center	\$48,000	\$47,000		
23	Western North Carolina Nature Center	\$108,363	\$106,106		
24	Wilmington Children's Museum	\$70,930	\$69,452		
25					
26	Total	\$3,342,086	\$3,272,459.		
27	SECTION 13.7.(b) No later than Ma	rch 1, 2010, the Departme	ent of Environment		
28	and Natural Resources shall report to the Fisc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
29	information for each museum that receives funds u				
30	(1) The actual operating budget for	the 2008-2009 fiscal year.			
31	(2) The proposed operating budget		ear.		
32	(3) The total attendance at the muse				
33	SECTION 13.7.(c) No later than Man		· ·		
34	and Natural Resources shall report to the Fisc				
35	information for each museum that receives funds u				
36 .	(1) The actual operating budget for the 2009-2010 fiscal year.				
37	(2) The proposed operating budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.				
38	(3) The total attendance at the museum during the 2010 calendar year.				
39	SECTION 13.7.(d) As a condition f				
40	section, all of the following documentation shall, r		•		
41	2009-2011 biennium, be submitted for each muse				
42	Environment and Natural Resources for fiscal year		-		
		, , ,	,		

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1	2008, and only those costs that are properly documented under this subsection are allowed by		
2	the Department in calculating the distribution of funds under this section:		
3	(1) Each museum under this section shall submit its IRS (Internal Revenue		
4	Service) Form 990 to show its annual operating expenses, its annual report		
5	and a reconciliation that explains any differences between expenses a		
6	shown on the IRS Form 990 and the annual report.		
7	(2) Each friends association of a museum under this section shall submit its IRS		
8	Form 990 to show its reported expenses for the museum, its annual report		
9	and a reconciliation that explains any differences between expenses as		
10	shown on the IRS Form 990 and the annual report, unless the association		
11	does not have both an IRS Form 990 and an annual report available, in		
12	which case, it shall submit either an IRS Form 990 or an annual report.		
13	(3) The chief financial officer of each county or municipal government tha		
14	provides funds for the benefit of the museum shall submit a detailed signed		
15	statement of documented costs spent for the benefit of the museum tha		
16	includes documentation of the name, address, title, and telephone number of		
17	the person making the assertion that the museum receives funds from the		
18	county or municipality for the benefit of the museum.		
19	(4) The chief financial officer of each county or municipal government or each		
20	friends association that provides indirect or allocable costs that are no		
21	directly charged to a museum under this section but that benefit the museum		
22	shall submit in the form of a detailed statement enumerating each cost by		
23	type and amount that is verified by the financial officer responsible for the		
24	completion of the documentation and that includes the name, address, title		
25	and telephone number of the person making the assertion that the county		
26	municipality, or association provides indirect or allocable costs to the		
27	museum.		
28	SECTION 13.7.(e) As used in subsection (d) of this section, "friends association"		
29	means a nonprofit corporation established for the purpose of supporting and assisting a		
30	museum that receives funding under this section.		
31	SECTION 13.7.(f) The Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall		
32	study the advisability of the Department developing for museums that are members of the		
33	Grassroots collaborative, a competitive and need-based grant program for operating expense		
34	support, to be implemented and administered by the Office of Environmental Education within		
35	the Department, and shall study the advisability of using this competitive and need-based grant		

study the advisability of the Department developing for museums that are members of the Grassroots collaborative, a competitive and need-based grant program for operating expense support, to be implemented and administered by the Office of Environmental Education within the Department, and shall study the advisability of using this competitive and need-based grant program for the 2011-2012 fiscal year and thereafter for specific museums that are members of the Grassroots collaborative in lieu of the allocations provided in subsection (a) of this section. In conducting this study, the Department shall, in consultation with the Fiscal Research Division and the Grassroots collaborative, consider establishing a process for applying for these grants, criteria for evaluating applications, and a process for allocating grants. The process and criteria should include giving special consideration to small museums and to the variation in access to development staff. No later than May 1, 2010, the Department shall submit a report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, the House and Senate

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Appropriations Subcommittees on Natural and Economic Resources, and the Fiscal Research Division on the results of its study under this section, including its findings, recommendations, and any legislative or administrative proposals.; and

on page 172, line 40 through 173, line 8, by deleting the lines and substituting the following:

"OPPORTUNITIES INDUSTRIALIZATION CENTERS FUNDS

SECTION 14.17.(a) Of the funds appropriated in this act to the North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center, Inc. (Rural Center), the sum of three hundred forty-three thousand dollars (\$343,000) for the 2009-2010 fiscal year and the sum of three hundred thirty-six thousand dollars (\$336,000) for the 2010-2011 fiscal year shall be equally distributed among the certified Opportunities Industrialization Centers (OI Centers).

SECTION 14.17.(b) By September 1 of each year, and more frequently as requested, the Rural Center shall report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Fiscal Research Division on OI Centers receiving funds pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The report shall include data for each OI Center on all itemized expenditures and all fund sources for the prior State fiscal year. The report shall also contain a written narrative on prior fiscal year program activities, objectives, and accomplishments that were funded with funds appropriated in subsection (a) of this section.

SECTION 14.17.(c) The Rural Center shall ensure that each OI Center files annually with the State Auditor a financial statement in the form and on the schedule prescribed by the State Auditor.

SECTION 14.17.(d) No funds appropriated under this act shall be released to an OI Center listed in subsection (a) of this section if the OI Center has any overdue tax debts, as that term is defined in G.S. 105-243.1, at the federal or State level."; and

On page 171, line 6 through page 172, line 2, by deleting the lines and substituting the following:

"RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CENTER

SECTION 14.15.(a) Of the funds appropriated in this act to the North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center, Inc. (Rural Center), the sum of four million six hundred two thousand four hundred thirty-six dollars (\$4,602,436) for the 2009-2010 fiscal year and the sum of four million five hundred twenty-seven thousand four hundred thirty-six dollars (\$4,527,436) for the 2010-2011 fiscal year shall be allocated as follows:

35		2009-2010	2010-2011
36	Center Administration, Technical Assistance,		
37	& Oversight	\$1,555,000	\$1,523,000
38	Research and Demonstration Grants	\$351,000	\$344,000
39	Institute for Rural Entrepreneurship	\$136,000	\$134,000
40	Community Development Grants	\$987,436	\$987,436
41	Microenterprise Loan Program	\$185,000	\$182,000
42	Water/Sewer/Business Development		
43	Matching Grants	\$840,000	\$821,000

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1	Statewide Water/Sewer Database \$ 95,000 \$ 93,000
1	Statewide Water/Sewer Database \$ 95,000 \$ 93,000 Agricultural Advancement Consortium \$110,000 \$107,000
2	SECTION 14.15.(b) Funds allocated in subsection (a) of this section for
4	community development grants shall support development projects and activities within the
5	State's minority communities. Any new or previously funded community development
6	corporation, as that term is defined in subsection (c) of this section, is eligible to apply for
7	community development grant funds. However, no community development grant funds shall
8	be released to a community development corporation unless the corporation can demonstrate
9	that there are no outstanding or proposed assessments or other collection actions against the
10	corporation for any State or federal taxes, including related penalties, interest, and fees.
11	SECTION 14.15.(c) For purposes of this section, the term "community
12	development corporation" means a nonprofit corporation:
13	(1) Chartered pursuant to Chapter 55A of the General Statutes;
14	(2) Tax-exempt pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
15	1986;
16	(3) Whose primary mission is to develop and improve low-income communities
17	and neighborhoods through economic and related development;
18	(4) Whose activities and decisions are initiated, managed, and controlled by the
19	constituents of those local communities; and
20	(5) Whose primary function is to act as deal maker and packager of projects and
21	activities that will increase their constituencies' opportunities to become
22	owners, managers, and producers of small businesses, affordable housing,
23	and jobs designed to produce positive cash flow and curb blight in the
24	targeted community.
25	SECTION 14.15.(d) The Rural Center shall provide a report containing detailed
26 27	budget, personnel, and salary information to the Office of State Budget and Management in the
28	same manner as State departments and agencies in preparation for biennium budget requests. SECTION 14.15.(e) By September 1 of each year, and more frequently as
29	requested, the Rural Center shall report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental
30	Operations and the Fiscal Research Division on prior State fiscal year program activities,
31	objectives, and accomplishments and prior State fiscal year itemized expenditures and fund
32	sources.";
33	30 4.2 4.3 1
34	and on page 225, line 49 by rewriting the line to read:
35	"SECTION 21.1.(b) The percentage rate to be used in calculating the insurance
36	regulatory charge under G.S. 58-6-25 is six percent (6%) for the 2010 calendar year.
37	SECTION 21.1.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law.";
38	
20	1 105 11 201

and on page 195, lines 27 and 32 by deleting the phrase "G.S. 7A-372(2)" and substituting the phrase "G.S. 7A-273(2).";

and on page 195, line 22 by rewriting the line to read: "INCREASE FINES FOR WAIVABLE OFFENSES';

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and by adjusting the appropriate totals accordingly.		
SIGNED Amendment Sponsor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SIGNED Committee Chair if Senate Committee Amenda	ment	
ADOPTED 64-52 RCFAILED	TABLED _	
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