GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 137* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H137-PCS30430-RK-52

	Short Title: Capital Procedure/Severe Mental Disability. (Public	c)			
	Sponsors:				
	Referred to:				
	February 12, 2009				
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2 3	AN ACT TO AMEND THE CAPITAL TRIAL, SENTENCING, AND POST-CONVICTION PROCEDURES FOR A PERSON WITH A SEVERE MENTAL DISABILITY.	N			
4	Whereas, leading State and national mental health organizations have called for				
5	prohibition on imposition of the death penalty for persons with a severe mental disability at th				
6	time of the commission of the crime; and				
7	Whereas, specifically, the American Psychological Association, the American				
8	Psychiatric Association, and the National Alliance on Mental Illness have all called for th				
9	exclusion of persons with a severe mental disability from the imposition of the death penalty	у;			
10	and Whereas the American Ber Association recently endersed the call for the and of the	•••			
11 12	Whereas, the American Bar Association recently endorsed the call for the end of th death penalty for persons with a severe mental disability; Now, therefore,	le			
12	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
14	SECTION 1. Article 100 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended b	w			
15	adding a new section to read:	. y			
16	" <u>§ 15A-2007. Defendant with severe mental disability; death sentence prohibited.</u>				
17	(a) Definition. – For purposes of this section, the term "severe mental disability" mean	ıs			
18	any mental disability or defect that significantly impairs a person's capacity to do any of th				
19	following: (i) appreciate the nature, consequences, or wrongfulness of the person's conduct; (i				
20	exercise rational judgment in relation to conduct; or (iii) conform the person's conduct to the	<u>ie</u>			
21	requirements of the law. A mental disability manifested primarily by repeated criminal conduc				
22	or attributable solely to the acute effects of alcohol or other drugs does not, standing alone	e,			
23	constitute a severe mental disability for purposes of this section.				
24	(b) Death Penalty Prohibited for Defendant with Severe Mental Disability at Time of				
25	Commission of Criminal Offense Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, n				
26	defendant who had a severe mental disability at the time of the commission of the crimina	<u>al</u>			
27	offense shall be sentenced to death.				
28	(c) <u>Pretrial Hearing to Determine Severe Mental Disability. – Upon motion of th</u>				
29	defendant, supported by appropriate affidavits, the court shall order a pretrial hearing t	_			
30 21	determine if the defendant had a severe mental disability at the time of the commission of the				
31 32	offense. The defendant has the burden of production and persuasion to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant had a severe mental disability at the time of the	_			
32 33	criminal offense. If the court determines that the defendant had a severe mental disability at the	_			
55	- communications, in the court actorning that the actornault had a severe mental algability at th	•v			



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1	time of the criminal offense, the court shall declare the case noncapital, and the State shall not				
2	seek the death penalty against the defendant.				
3	(d) Pretrial Determination Does Not Affect Legal Defenses. – The pretrial				
4	determination of the court shall not preclude the defendant from raising any legal defense				
5	during the trial.				
6	(e) Procedure at Sentencing Hearing Regarding Determination of Severe Mental				
7	Disability. – If the court does not find in the pretrial proceeding that the defendant had a severe				
8	mental disability at the time of the commission of the criminal offense, the defendant may				
9	introduce evidence during the sentencing hearing regarding the disability. If, during the				
10	sentencing hearing, the defendant introduces evidence regarding the disability, the court shall				
11	submit a special issue to the jury as to whether the defendant had a severe mental disability at				
12	the time of the commission of the criminal offense. These special issues shall be considered and				
13	answered by the jury prior to the consideration of aggravating or mitigating factors and the				
14	determination of sentence. If the jury determines that the defendant had a severe mental				
15	disability at the time of the commission of the criminal offense, the court shall declare the case				
16	noncapital, and the defendant shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole.				
17	(f) Burden of Production and Persuasion. – The defendant has the burden of production				
18	and persuasion to demonstrate to the jury by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant				
19	had a severe mental disability at the time of the commission of the criminal offense.				
20	(g) Jury Consideration of Severe Mental Disability. – If the jury determines that the				
21	defendant did not have a severe mental disability as defined by this section at the time of the				
22	commission of the criminal offense, the jury may consider any evidence of the disability				
23	presented during the sentencing hearing when determining mitigating factors and the				
24	defendant's sentence.				
25	(h) Penalties that May Be Imposed on Convicted Defendant with a Severe Mental				
26	Disability The provisions of this section do not preclude the sentencing of an offender who				
27	has a severe mental disability as defined by this section to any other sentence authorized by				
28	G.S. 14-17 for the crime of murder in the first degree."				
29	SECTION 2. G.S. 15A-2000(b) reads as rewritten:				
30	"(b) Sentence Recommendation by the Jury. – Instructions determined by the trial judge				
31	to be warranted by the evidence shall be given by the court in its charge to the jury prior to its				
32	deliberation in determining sentence. The court shall give appropriate instructions in those				
33	cases in which evidence of the defendant's mental retardation requires the consideration by the				
34 25	jury of the provisions of G.S. 15A-2005. The court shall also give appropriate instructions in				
35 36	those cases in which evidence of the defendant's severe mental disability requires the consideration by the jury of the provisions of $C = 15A - 2007$. In all associate which the death				
30 37	consideration by the jury of the provisions of G.S. 15A-2007. In all cases in which the death penalty may be authorized, the judge shall include in his instructions to the jury that it must				
37	consider any aggravating circumstance or circumstances or mitigating circumstance or				
38 39	circumstances from the lists provided in subsections (e) and (f) which may be supported by the				
40	evidence, and shall furnish to the jury a written list of issues relating to such aggravating or				
40 41	mitigating circumstance or circumstances.				
42	After hearing the evidence, argument of counsel, and instructions of the court, the jury shall				
43	deliberate and render a sentence recommendation to the court, based upon the following				
44	matters:				
45	(1) Whether any sufficient aggravating circumstance or circumstances as				
46	enumerated in subsection (e) exist;				
47	(2) Whether any sufficient mitigating circumstance or circumstances as				
48	enumerated in subsection (f), which outweigh the aggravating circumstance				
49	or circumstances found, exist; and				
50	(3) Based on these considerations, whether the defendant should be sentenced to				
51	death or to imprisonment in the State's prison for life.				

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1	The sentence recommendation must be agreed upon by a unanimous vote of the 12 jurors.					
2	Upon delivery of the sentence recommendation by the foreman of the jury, the jury shall be					
3	individually polled to establish whether each juror concurs and agrees to the sentence					
4	recommendation returned.					
5	If the jury cannot, within a reasonable time, unanimously agree to its sentence					
6		, the judge shall impose a sentence of life imprisonment; pre-				
7	that the judge shall in no instance impose the death penalty when the jury cannot agree					
8	unanimously to its sentence recommendation."					
9	SECTION 3. Article 100 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by					
10	adding a new sec					
11		equest for postconviction determination of severe mental d				
12		which the defendant has been convicted of first degree mure				
13		custody awaiting imposition of the death penalty, the follo	wing procedures			
14	<u>apply:</u>		· · · · · · · · ·			
15	<u>(1)</u>	Notwithstanding any other provision or time limitation cor				
16		89 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, a defendant may	** *			
17		relief from the defendant's death sentence upon the ground t				
18		had a severe mental disability, as defined in G.S. 15A-2007	(a), at the time of			
19 20	(2)	the commission of the capital crime.	in the anound that			
20 21	<u>(2)</u>	A motion seeking appropriate relief from a death sentence of the defendant had a severe mental disability at the time of the				
21		the capital crime, shall be filed:				
22			conviction and			
23 24		<u>a.</u> <u>On or before April 1, 2010, if the defendant's</u> sentence of death were entered prior to December 1,				
25		<u>b.</u> Within 150 days of the imposition of a sentence				
26		<u>defendant's trial was in progress on December 1, 20</u>				
27		of this section, a trial is considered to be in progress				
28		jury selection has begun.				
29	(3)	The motion, seeking relief from a death sentence upon the	e ground that the			
30	<u></u>	defendant had a severe mental disability, shall comply with	-			
31		G.S. 15A-1420. The procedures and hearing on the motion	-			
32		comply with G.S. 15A-1420. Upon motion of the defendation				
33		appropriate affidavits, the court shall order a hearing to				
34		defendant had a severe mental disability at the time of the c	ommission of the			
35		offense.				
36	<u>(4)</u>	If the court determines that the defendant had a severe me	ental disability at			
37		the time of the commission of the criminal offense, the dea	ath sentence shall			
38		be vacated and the defendant shall be sentenced to life impr	isonment without			
39		parole."				
40		FION 4. There is appropriated from the General Fund				
41		sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for the 2009-20				
42	1 1	providing superior court judges with information and	training on the			
43	requirements of t					
44		FION 5. Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective Decen				
45	apply to trials docketed to begin on or after that date. Section 3 of this act becomes effective					
46	December 1, 2009, and expires December 1, 2010. Section 4 of this act becomes effective July					