## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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### SENATE BILL 425 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S425-PCS55369-TD-33

| Snort Title: Fa  | air Housing Act Amendment. (Public)  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sponsors:  |  |  |  |  |
| Referred to:   |  |  |  |  |
| March 5, 2009  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  |  |  |  |  |
| AN ACT AMENDING THE STATE FAIR HOUSING ACT TO PROHIBIT                                       |  |  |  |  |
| DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF RECEIPT OF HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND                             |  |  |  |  |
| TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO THE NORTH CAROLINA HUMAN RELATIONS                                   |  |  |  |  |
| COMMISSION TO ADMINISTER THIS ACT.   |  |  |  |  |
| The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:   |  |  |  |  |
|  | <b>FION 1.</b> G.S. 41A-3 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:  |  |  |  |
| <u>(4a)</u>  | "Housing assistance" means a subsidy provided to defray the cost of rental housing for a household that has a member who is either: (i) age 62 or over |  |  |  |
|  | or (ii) has been determined eligible for a government-funded disability  |  |  |  |
|  | program, such as veterans benefits, social security disability, or   |  |  |  |
|  | supplemental security income."   |  |  |  |
| SECT   | FION 2. G.S. 41A-4 reads as rewritten:   |  |  |  |
| "§ 41A-4. Unlay  | wful discriminatory housing practices.   |  |  |  |
| (a) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person in a real estate        |  |  |  |  |
| transaction, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, |  |  |  |  |
| housing assistance, or familial status to:   |  |  |  |  |
| (1)  | Refuse to engage in a real estate transaction;   |  |  |  |
| (2)  | Discriminate against a person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of a real  |  |  |  |
|  | estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection  |  |  |  |
| (20)   | therewith;  Refuse to permit at the expense of a hardisenned person reasonable   |  |  |  |
| (2a)   | Refuse to permit, at the expense of a handicapped person, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person       |  |  |  |
|  | if the modifications are necessary to the handicapped person's full enjoyment  |  |  |  |
|  | of the premises; except that, in the case of a rental unit, the landlord may,  |  |  |  |
|  | where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for modifications on   |  |  |  |
|  | agreement by the renter to restore the interior of the premises to the   |  |  |  |
|  | condition that existed before the modifications, reasonable wear and tear  |  |  |  |
|  | excepted;  |  |  |  |
| (2b)   | Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or   |  |  |  |
|  | services, when these accommodations may be necessary to a handicapped  |  |  |  |
| / <b>-</b> .   | person's equal use and enjoyment of a dwelling;  |  |  |  |
| (2c)   | Fail to design and construct covered multifamily dwellings available for first   |  |  |  |
|  | occupancy after March 13, 1991, so that:   |  |  |  |



- (3) (4)
- a. The dwellings have at least one building entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do so because of terrain or unusual site characteristics; or
- b. With respect to dwellings with a building entrance on an accessible route:
  - 1. The public and common use portions are readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;
  - 2. There is an accessible route into and through all dwellings and units;
  - 3. All doors designed to allow passage into, within, and through these dwellings and individual units are wide enough for wheelchairs;
  - 4. Light switches, electrical switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls are in accessible locations;
  - 5. Bathroom walls are reinforced to allow later installation of grab bars; and
  - 6. Kitchens and bathrooms have space for an individual in a wheelchair to maneuver:
- Refuse to receive or fail to transmit a bona fide offer to engage in a real estate transaction;
- (4) Refuse to negotiate for a real estate transaction;
- (5) Represent to a person that real property is not available for inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or fail to bring a property listing to <a href="https://his-the-person's-attention">his-the person's attention</a>, or refuse to permit <a href="https://his-the-person\_to-inspect.">his-the person's attention</a>, or refuse to permit <a href="https://his-the-person\_to-inspect.">his-the person's attention</a>, or refuse to permit <a href="https://his-the-person\_to-inspect.">his-the-person's attention</a>, or refuse to permit <a href="https://his-the-person\_to-inspect.">his-the-person\_to-inspect.</a><a href="https://his-the-person\_to-inspect.">his-the-person\_to-inspec
- (6) Make, print, circulate, post, or mail or cause to be so published a statement, advertisement, or sign, or use a form or application for a real estate transaction, or make a record or inquiry in connection with a prospective real estate transaction, which indicates directly or indirectly, an intent to make a limitation, specification, or discrimination with respect thereto;
- (7) Offer, solicit, accept, use, or retain a listing of real property with the understanding that any person may be discriminated against in a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith; or
- (8) Otherwise make unavailable or deny housing.
- (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 507, s. 2.
- (b1) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction, or in the terms and conditions of such a transaction, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, housing assistance, or familial status. As used in this subsection, "residential real estate related transaction" means:
  - (1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing financial assistance (i) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling, or (ii) where the security is residential real estate; or
  - (2) The selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real estate.

The provisions of this subsection shall not prohibit any financial institution from using a loan application which inquires into a person's financial and dependent obligations or from basing its actions on the income or financial abilities of any person.

- (c) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for a person to induce or attempt to induce another to enter into a real estate transaction from which such person may profit:
  - (1) By representing that a change has occurred, or may or will occur in the composition of the residents of the block, neighborhood, or area in which the real property is located with respect to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, <u>housing assistance</u>, or familial status of the owners or occupants; or
  - (2) By representing that a change has resulted, or may or will result in the lowering of property values, an increase in criminal or antisocial behavior, or a decline in the quality of schools in the block, neighborhood, or area in which the real property is located.
- (d) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to deny any person who is otherwise qualified by State law access to or membership or participation in any real estate brokers' organization, multiple listing service, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of engaging in real estate transactions, or to discriminate in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, housing assistance, or familial status.
- (e) It is an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment of, on account of having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of any right granted or protected by this Chapter."

# **SECTION 3.** G.S. 41A-5 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 41A-5. Proof of violation.

- (a) It is a violation of this Chapter if:
  - (1) A person by his the person's act or failure to act intends to discriminate against a another person. A person intends to discriminate if, in committing an unlawful discriminatory housing practice described in G.S. 41A-4 he the person was motivated in full, or in any part at all, by race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, housing assistance, or familial status. An intent to discriminate may be established by direct or circumstantial evidence; or
  - (2) A person's act or failure to act has the effect, regardless of intent, of discriminating, as set forth in G.S. 41A-4, against a person of a particular race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicapping condition, housing assistance, or familial status. However, it is not a violation of this Chapter if a person whose action or inaction has an unintended discriminatory effect, proves that his the person's action or inaction was motivated and justified by business necessity.
- (b) It shall be no defense to a violation of this Chapter that the violation was requested, sought, or otherwise procured by another person.
- (c) It is not a violation of this Chapter if the housing assistance on which the transaction is dependent is not authorized for the transaction within 14 days of the date of the landlord's approval of the tenant."

#### **SECTION 4.** G.S. 41A-6(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The provisions of G.S. 41A-4, except for subdivision (a)(6), G.S. 41A-4(a)(6), do not apply to the following:
  - (1) The rental of a housing accommodation in a building which contains housing accommodations for not more than four families living independently of each other, if the lessor or a member of his the lessor's family resides in one of the housing accommodations;

|    |  |  | G 1 2000            |  |
|----|--|--|---------------------|--|
|    | General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2 |  |                     |  |
| 1  | (2)  | The rental of a room or rooms in a private house, not a boar   | ding house, if the  |  |
| 2  |  | lessor or a member of his the lessor's family resides in the h | iouse;              |  |
| 3  | (3)  | Religious institutions or organizations or charitable          |                     |  |
| 4  |  | organizations operated, supervised, or controlled by religion  | ous institutions or |  |
| 5  |  | organizations which give preference to members of the s        | ame religion in a   |  |
| 6  |  | real estate transaction, as long as membership in sucl         | _                   |  |
| 7  |  | restricted by race, color, sex, national origin, handica       | apping condition,   |  |
| 8  |  | housing assistance, or familial status;                        |                     |  |
| 9  | (4)  | Private clubs, not in fact open to the public, which inc       | ident to their the  |  |
| 10 |  | private clubs' primary purpose or purposes provide lodgin      | g, which they the   |  |
| 11 |  | private clubs own or operate for other than a commercial       | purpose, to their   |  |
| 12 |  | the private clubs' members or give preference to their         | the private clubs'  |  |
| 13 |  | members;   |                     |  |
| 14 | (5)  | With respect to discrimination based on sex, the rental or l   | easing of housing   |  |
| 15 |  | accommodations in single-sex dormitory property; and           |                     |  |
| 16 | (6)  | Repealed by Session Laws 1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 979,      | s. 4.               |  |
| 17 | (7)  | The sale, rental, exchange, or lease of commercial rea         | l estate. For the   |  |
| 18 |  | purposes of this Chapter, commercial real estate means re      | al property which   |  |
| 19 |  | is not intended for residential use."                          |                     |  |
| 20 | SECT   | <b>ION 5.</b> This act becomes effective October 1, 2009, and  | applies to actions  |  |
| 21 | taken or not taken on or after that date.    |  |                     |  |

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