GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

H D

HOUSE BILL 239 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H239-PCS50641-SB-25

| Short Title: R | estore Water Quality in Jordan Reservoir. | (Public) |
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| Sponsors: | | |
| Referred to: | | |
| | February 23, 2009 | |
| | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED | |
| AN ACT TO | PROVIDE FOR IMPROVEMENTS IN THE MANAGE | EMENT OF THE |
| | VATERSHED IN ORDER TO RESTORE WATER QU | JALITY IN THE |
| JORDAN RE | | |
| | sembly of North Carolina enacts: | |
| | TION 1. Definitions. – The following definitions apply | to this act and its |
| implementation: (1) | The definitions set out in G.S. 143-212 and G.S. 143-213. | |
| (2) | The definitions set out in 15A NCAC 02B .0262 (Jord | dan Water Supply |
| (2) | Nutrient Strategy: Purpose and Scope) and 15A NCAC (| 11. |
| | Water Supply Nutrient Strategy: Definitions). | 022 10200 (0010001 |
| (3) | "Division" means the Division of Water Quality in the | he Department of |
| | Environment and Natural Resources. | - |
| (4) | "Existing Development Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0266" n | |
| | 02B .0266 (Jordan Water Supply Nutrient Strates | |
| | Management for Existing Development), adopted by th | |
| | May 8, 2008, and approved by the Rules Review Commis | sion on November |
| (5) | 20, 2008. "Wastewater Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0270" n | neans 15A NCAC |
| (3) | 02B .0270 (Jordan Water Supply Nutrient Strategy: Was | |
| | Requirements) adopted by the Commission on May 8, 20 | _ |
| | by the Rules Review Commission on October 16, 2008. | |
| SEC | TION 2.(a) Wastewater Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B | .0270 Until the |
| | the revised permanent rule that the Commission is required | |
| | f this act, the Commission and the Department shall impleme | |
| Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0270, as provided in Section 2(b) of this act. | | |
| | TION 2.(b) Implementation. – Notwithstanding sub-s | |
| subdivision (6) of Wastewater Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0270, each existing discharger with a permitted flow greater than or equal to 0.1 million gallons per day (MGD) shall limit its | | |
| | ischarge to its active individual discharge allocation as de | |
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2016.

SECTION 2.(c) Additional Rule-Making Authority. – The Commission shall adopt a rule to replace Wastewater Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0270. Notwithstanding

pursuant to Wastewater Discharge Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0270 no later than calendar year



G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Commission pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to the provisions of Section 2(b) of this act. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to G.S. 150B-21.9 through G.S. 150B-21.14. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though 10 or more written objections had been received as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

SECTION 3.(a) Existing Development Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0266 Disapproved. – Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), Existing Development Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0266, as adopted by the Environmental Management Commission on May 8, 2008, and approved by the Rules Review Commission on November 20, 2008, is disapproved.

SECTION 3.(b) References in the North Carolina Administrative Code to the rule cited in Section 3(a) of this act shall be deemed to refer to the equivalent provisions of this act.

SECTION 3.(c) Nutrient Monitoring. – The Department shall maintain an ongoing program to monitor water quality in each arm of Jordan Reservoir. The Department shall also accept water quality sampling data from a monitoring program implemented by a local government or nonprofit organization if the data meets quality assurance standards established by the Department. On March 1, 2014, the Department shall report the results of monitoring in each arm of Jordan Reservoir to the Environmental Review Commission. The Department shall submit an updated report under this section every three years thereafter until such time as the lake is no longer impaired by nutrient pollution.

SECTION 3.(d) Control of Nutrient Loading From Existing Development. – The Department shall require implementation of reasonable nutrient load reduction measures for existing development in each arm of the Jordan Reservoir, as provided in this act. The Department shall determine whether nutrient load reduction measures for existing development are necessary in each subwatershed of Jordan Reservoir and require implementation of reasonable nutrient reduction measures in accordance with an adaptive management program as follows:

- (1) Stage 1 Adaptive Management Program to Control Nutrient Loading From Existing Development.
 - a. Municipalities and counties located in whole or in part in the Jordan watershed shall implement a Stage 1 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development in the Jordan watershed. The Stage 1 adaptive management program shall meet the requirements set out in 40 C.F.R. § 122.34 as applied by the Department in the NPDES General Permit for municipal separate storm sewer systems in effect on July 1, 2009. The Stage 1 adaptive management program shall include all of the following measures:
 - 1. A public education program to inform the public of the impacts of nutrient loading and measures that can be implemented to reduce nutrient loading from stormwater runoff from existing development.
 - 2. A mapping program that includes major components of the municipal separate storm sewer system, including the location of major outfalls, as defined in 40 Code of Federal Regulations §122.26(b)(5) (July 1, 2008) and the names and location of all waters of the United States that receive discharges from those outfalls, land use types, and location of sanitary sewers.
 - 3. A program to identify and remove illegal discharges.
 - 4. A program to identify opportunities for retrofits and other projects to reduce nutrient loading from existing developed lands.

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- A program to ensure maintenance of best management 5. practices implemented by the local government.
- The Department shall accept local government implementation of b. another stormwater program or programs meeting the standards set out in this section as satisfying one or more of the requirements set forth in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision. The local government shall provide technical information sufficient to demonstrate the adequacy of the alternative program or program elements.
- A Stage 1 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading c. from existing development shall be implemented as follows:
 - No later than December 31, 2009, each local government 1. shall submit its Stage 1 adaptive management program to the Commission for review and approval.
 - Within six months following submission of a Stage 1 2. adaptive management program, the Division recommend that the Commission approve or disapprove the program. The Commission shall either approve the program or require changes based on the standards set out in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision. If the Commission requires changes, the local government shall submit revisions responding to the required changes within two months and the Department shall provide follow-up recommendations to the Commission within two months after receiving revisions.
 - 3. Within three months following Commission approval of a Stage 1 adaptive management program, the local government shall begin implementation of the program. Each local government shall report annually to the Department on implementation of its program.
- Stage 2 Adaptive Management Program to Control Nutrient Loading From (2) Existing Development. –
 - If the March 1, 2017, report or any subsequent monitoring report for an arm of Jordan Reservoir required under Section 3(c) of this act shows that nutrient-related water quality standards are not being achieved, a municipality or county located in whole or in part in the subwatershed of that arm of Jordan Reservoir shall develop and implement a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development in the Jordan watershed, as provided in this act. The Department shall defer development and implementation of Stage 2 adaptive management programs to control nutrient loading from existing development required in an arm of Jordan Reservoir by this subdivision if it determines that additional reductions in nutrient loading from existing development in that arm will not be necessary to achieve nutrient-related water quality standards. In making this determination, the Department shall consider the anticipated effect of measures implemented or scheduled to be implemented to reduce nutrient loading from sources in the arm other than existing development. If any subsequent monitoring report for an arm of Jordan Reservoir required under Section 3(c) of this act shows that nutrient-related water quality standards have not been achieved, the Department shall notify the municipalities and counties located in whole or in part in the subwatershed of that arm of Jordan

Reservoir and the municipalities and counties shall develop and implement a Stage 2 adaptive management program as provided in this subdivision.

- The Department shall establish a load reduction goal for existing b. development for each municipality and county required to implement a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development. The load reduction goal shall be designed to achieve an eight percent (8%) reduction in nitrogen loading of surface water from existing development and a five percent (5%) reduction in phosphorus loading of surface water from existing development relative to the baseline period 1997 through 2001 and reaching Jordan Reservoir from existing developed lands within the municipal limits or county boundary. The baseline load shall be calculated by applying the Tar-Pamlico Nutrient Export Calculation Worksheet, Piedmont Version, dated October 2004, to acreages of different types of existing development within the local government planning jurisdiction during the baseline period. The baseline load may also be calculated using an equivalent or more accurate method acceptable to the Division and recommended by the Scientific Advisory Board established pursuant to Section 4(a) of this act. The baseline load for a municipality or county shall not include nutrient loading from lands under State or federal control or lands in agriculture or forestry. The load reduction goal shall be adjusted to account for nutrient loading increases from lands developed subsequent to the baseline period but prior to implementation of new development stormwater programs.
- c. Based on findings under sub-subdivisions a. and b. of this subdivision, the Department shall notify the local governments in each subwatershed that either:
 - 1. Implementation of a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development will be necessary to achieve water quality standards in an arm of the reservoir and direct the municipalities and counties in the subwatershed to develop a load reduction program in compliance with this section.
 - 2. Implementation of a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development is not necessary at that time but will be reevaluated in three years based on the most recent water quality monitoring information.
- d. A local government receiving notice of the requirement to develop and implement a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development under this section shall not be required to submit a program if the local government demonstrates that it has already achieved the reductions in nutrient loadings required by sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision.
- e. Within six months after receiving notice to develop and implement a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development, each local government shall submit to the Commission a program that is designed to achieve the reductions in nutrient loadings established by the Division pursuant to

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sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision. A local government program may include nutrient management strategies that are not included in the model program developed pursuant to Section 3(c) of this act in addition to or in place of any component of the model program. In addition, a local government may satisfy the requirements of this subdivision through reductions in nutrient loadings from other sources in the same subwatershed to the extent those reductions go beyond measures otherwise required by statute or rule. A local government may also work with other local governments within the same subwatershed to collectively meet the required reductions in nutrient loadings from existing development within their combined jurisdictions. Any credit for reductions achieved or obtained outside of a local government's planning jurisdiction shall be adjusted based on transport factors established by the Department document Nitrogen and Phosphorus Delivery from Small Watersheds to Jordan Lake, dated June 30, 2002.

- Within six months following submission of a local government's Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development, the Department shall recommend that the Commission approve or disapprove the program. The Commission shall approve the program if it meets the requirements of this subdivision, unless the Commission finds that the local government can, through the implementation of reasonable and cost-effective measures not included in the proposed program, meet the reductions in nutrient loading established by the Department pursuant to sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision by a date earlier than that proposed by the local government. If the Commission finds that there are additional or alternative reasonable and cost-effective measures, the Commission may require the local government to modify its proposed program to include such measures to achieve the required reductions by the earlier date. If the Commission requires such modifications, the local government shall submit a modified program within two months. The Department shall recommend that the Commission approve or disapprove the modified program within three months after receiving the local government's modified program. In determining whether additional or alternative load reduction measures are reasonable and cost effective, the Commission shall consider factors including, but not limited to, the increase in the per capita cost of a local government's stormwater management program that would be required to implement such measures and the cost per pound of nitrogen and phosphorus removed by such measures. The Commission shall not require additional or alternative measures that would require a local government to:
- 1. Install or require installation of a new stormwater collection system in an area of existing development unless the area is being redeveloped.
- 2. Acquire developed private property.
- 3. Reduce or require the reduction of impervious surfaces within an area of existing development unless the area is being redeveloped.

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- Within three months after the Commission's approval of a Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development, the local government shall complete adoption and begin implementation of its program.
- Each local government implementing a Stage 2 adaptive h. management program to control nutrient loading from existing development shall submit an annual report to the Division summarizing its activities in implementing its program.
- If at any time the Department finds, based on water quality i. monitoring, that an arm of the Jordan Reservoir has achieved compliance with water quality standards, the Department shall notify the local governments in the subwatershed. Subject to the approval of the Commission, a local government may modify its Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development to maintain only those measures necessary to prevent increases in nutrient loading from existing development.

Model Stage 2 Adaptive Management Program to Control SECTION 3.(e) Nutrient Loading From Existing Development. - No later than December 31, 2014, the Department shall submit a model Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development to the Commission for approval. The model program shall identify specific load reduction practices and programs and reduction credits associated with each practice or program. In developing the model program, the Department shall consider the findings and recommendations of the Scientific Advisory Board established pursuant to Section 4(a) of this act and comments submitted by municipalities and counties identified in 15A NCAC 02B .0262(7) (Jordan Water Supply Nutrient Strategy: Purpose and Scope). The Commission shall review the model program and either approve the program or return it to the Department with requested changes. The Department shall revise the model program to address changes requested by the Commission. The Commission shall approve a final model program no later than December 31, 2015.

SECTION 3.(f) Additional Measures to Reduce Nitrogen Loading From Existing Development in the Upper New Hope Creek Arm of the Jordan Reservoir. –

- If the March 1, 2026, report or any subsequent monitoring report for the Upper New Hope Creek Arm of Jordan Reservoir shows that nutrient-related water quality standards are not being achieved, a municipality or county located in whole or in part in the Upper New Hope Creek Subwatershed shall modify its Stage 2 adaptive management program to control nutrient loading from existing development to achieve additional reductions in nitrogen loading from existing development. The modified Stage 2 adaptive management program shall be designed to achieve a total reduction in nitrogen loading from existing development of thirty-five percent (35%) relative to the baseline period 1997 through 2001. The Department shall notify local governments of the requirement to submit a modified Stage 2 adaptive management program. Submission, review and approval, and implementation of a modified Stage 2 adaptive management program shall follow the process, timeline, and standards set out in sub-subdivisions e. through g. of subdivision (2) of Section 3(d) of this act.
- (2) At the request of one or more local governments located in whole or in part in the Upper New Hope Creek Subwatershed, the Commission may initiate alternative regulatory actions authorized by State or federal law, including, but not limited to, the granting of a variance and the establishment of

alternative water quality standards for the Upper New Hope Creek Arm of Jordan Reservoir.

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SECTION 3.(g) Enforcement. – The Department shall enforce the provisions of this act as provided in G.S. 143-215.6A, 143-215.6B, and 143-215.6C.

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SECTION 3.(h) Collective Compliance. – Local governments that are subject to regulation under this act may establish collective programs to comply with the requirements of this act.

SECTION 3.(i) Report. – The Division shall report annually to the Commission regarding the implementation of adaptive management programs to control nutrient loading from existing development in the Jordan watershed.

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SECTION 3.(j) Additional Rule-Making Authority. – The Commission shall adopt a rule to replace Sections 3(c) through 3(i) of this act. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Commission pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to the provisions of Sections 3(c) through 3(f) of this act. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to G.S. 150B-21.9 through G.S. 150B-21.14. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though 10 or more written objections had been received as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

Scientific Advisory Board for Nutrient-Impaired Waters SECTION 4.(a) Established. - No later than July 1, 2010, the Secretary shall establish a Nutrient Sensitive Waters Scientific Advisory Board. The Scientific Advisory Board shall consist of no fewer than five and no more than 10 members with the following expertise or experience:

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Representatives of one or more local governments in the Jordan Reservoir watershed. Local government representatives shall have experience in stormwater management, flood control, or management of a water or wastewater utility.

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One member with at least 10 years of professional or academic experience (2) relevant to the management of nutrients in impaired water bodies and possessing a graduate degree in a related scientific discipline, such as aquatic science, biology, chemistry, geology, hydrology, environmental science, engineering, economics, or limnology.

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One professional engineer with expertise in stormwater management, (3) hydrology, or flood control.

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One representative of the Department of Transportation with expertise in (4) stormwater management. One representative of a conservation organization with expertise in

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(5) stormwater management, urban landscape design, nutrient reduction, or water quality.

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SECTION 4.(b) Duties. – No later than July 1, 2012, the Scientific Advisory Board shall do all of the following:

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Identify management strategies that can be used by local governments to (1) reduce nutrient loading from existing development.

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Evaluate the feasibility, costs, and benefits of implementing the identified (2) management strategies.

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Develop an accounting system for assignment of nutrient reduction credits (3) for the identified management strategies.

46 47 (4) Identify the need for any improvements or refinements to modeling and other analytical tools used to evaluate water quality in nutrient-impaired waters and nutrient management strategies.

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SECTION 4.(c) Report; Miscellaneous Provisions. – The Scientific Advisory Board shall also advise the Secretary on any other issue related to management and restoration of nutrient-impaired water bodies. The Scientific Advisory Board shall submit an annual report out in this section.

lands in agriculture or forestry.

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SECTION 6. Construction of Act. – Except as specifically provided in Sections 2(c) and 3(j) of this act, nothing in this act shall be construed to limit, expand, or otherwise alter the authority of the Commission or any unit of local government.

SECTION 5. No Preemption. – A local government may adopt and implement a

(2) This act shall not be construed to affect any delegation of any power or duty by the Commission to the Department or subunit of the Department.

SECTION 7. Note to Revisor of Statutes. – Notwithstanding G.S. 164-10, the Revisor of Statutes shall not codify any of the provisions of this act. The Revisor of Statutes shall set out the text of Section 2 of this act as a note to G.S. 143-215.1 and may make notes concerning this act to other sections of the General Statutes as the Revisor of Statutes deems appropriate. The Revisor of Statutes shall set out the text of Section 3 of this act as a note to G.S. 143-214.7 and may make notes concerning this act to other sections of the General Statutes as the Revisor of Statutes deems appropriate.

to the Secretary no later than July 1 of each year concerning its activities, findings, and

recommendations. Members of the Scientific Advisory Board shall be reimbursed for

reasonable travel expenses to attend meetings convened by the Department for the purposes set

stormwater management program that contains provisions that are more restrictive than the

standards set forth in Sections 2 and 3 of this act or in any rules concerning stormwater

management in the Jordan watershed adopted by the Commission. This section shall not be

construed to authorize a local government to impose stormwater management requirements on

SECTION 8. Effective Date. – This act is effective when it becomes law.