## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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## HOUSE BILL 459\* Committee Substitute Favorable 3/25/09

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## Committee Substitute Favorable 3/25/09 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H459-PCS80328-RR-19

Short Title: Rocky Mount/Fair Housing Ordinance. (Local) Sponsors: Referred to: March 9, 2009 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT AMENDING THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF ROCKY MOUNT TO ALLOW THE CITY TO ENACT A FAIR HOUSING ORDINANCE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** The Charter of the City of Rocky Mount, being S.L. 2003-327, is amended by adding a new Article to read as follows: "ARTICLE IX. FAIR HOUSING. "Section 520. Provisions. The City shall have the power to adopt ordinances prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, sex, religion, handicap, familial status, or national origin in the sale, rental, or advertising of dwellings, in the provision of real estate brokerage services, or in the availability of residential real estate related transactions. The ordinances may regulate or prohibit any act, practice, activity, or procedure related, directly or indirectly, to the sale or rental of public or private housing, that affects or may tend to affect the availability or desirability of housing on an equal basis to all persons; may provide that violations constitute a criminal offense; may subject the offender to civil penalties; and may provide that the City may enforce the ordinances by application to a court for appropriate legal and equitable remedies, including mandatory and prohibitory injunctions and orders of abatement, attorneys' fees, and punitive damages, and the court shall have jurisdiction to grant the remedies. The City shall have the power to amend any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions contained in subsection (a) of this Article to ensure that the ordinance remains substantially equivalent to the federal Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. § 3601, et seq.) and consistent with subsection (a). Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this Article prohibiting discrimination on the basis of familial status shall not apply to housing for older persons, as defined in the federal Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. § 3601, et seq.). Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this Article may provide for exemption from its (c) coverage: The rental of a housing accommodation in a building containing <u>(1)</u> accommodations for not more than four families living independently of each other if the lessor or a member of his family resides in one of those accommodations. The rental of a room or rooms in a housing accommodation by an individual (2) if he or a member of his family resides there.



- (3) With respect to discrimination based on sex, the rental or leasing of housing accommodations in single-sex dormitory property.
- With respect to discrimination based on religion to housing accommodations owned and operated for other than a commercial purpose by a religious organization, association, or society, or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, the sale, rental, or occupancy of the housing accommodation being limited or preference being given to persons of the same religion, unless membership in the religion is restricted because of race, color, national origin, or sex.
- (5) Any person, otherwise subject to its provisions, who adopts and carries out a plan to eliminate present effects of past discriminatory practices or to assure equal opportunity in real estate transactions, if the plan is part of a conciliation agreement entered into by that person under the provisions of the ordinance.
- (d) The City may create or designate a committee to assume the duty and responsibility of enforcing ordinances adopted pursuant to this Article. The committee may be granted any authority deemed necessary by the City Council for the proper enforcement of any fair housing ordinance, including the power to:
  - (1) Promulgate rules for the receipt, initiation, investigation, and conciliation of complaints of violations of the ordinance.
  - (2) Require answers to interrogatories, the production of documents and things, and the entry upon land and premises in the possession of a party to a complaint alleging a violation of the ordinance; compel the attendance of witnesses at hearings; administer oaths; and examine witnesses under oath or affirmation.
  - (3) Apply to a court, upon the failure of any person to respond to or comply with a lawful interrogatory, request for production of documents and things, request to enter upon land and premises, or subpoena, for an order requiring the person to respond or comply.
  - (4) Upon finding reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the ordinance has occurred, to petition a court for appropriate civil relief on behalf of the aggrieved person or persons.
- (e) The City may provide that neither complaints filed with any committee pursuant to the ordinance nor the results of the committee's investigations, discovery, or attempts at conciliation, in whatever form prepared and preserved, shall be subject to inspection, examination, or copying under the provisions of what is now Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.
- (f) The City may provide that the statutory provisions relating to meetings of governmental bodies, presently embodied in Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, shall not apply to the activity of any committee authorized to enforce the ordinance to the extent that the committee is receiving a complaint or conducting an investigation, discovery, or conciliation pertaining to a complaint filed pursuant to the ordinance."

**SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law.

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