

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 576
PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H576-PCS80233-SQ-9

Short Title: Remove Endorsement for Denied Access LME.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 16, 2009

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE LOCAL MANAGEMENT ENTITIES TO REMOVE A PROVIDER'S ENDORSEMENT FOR FAILING TO ALLOW ACCESS FOR MONITORING PURPOSES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 122C-115.4(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The primary functions of an LME are designated in this subsection and shall not be conducted by any other entity unless an LME voluntarily enters into a contract with that entity under subsection (c) of this section. The primary functions include all of the following:

- (1) Access for all citizens to the core services and administrative functions described in G.S. 122C-2. In particular, this shall include the implementation of a 24-hour a day, seven-day a week screening, triage, and referral process and a uniform portal of entry into care.
- (2) Provider endorsement, monitoring, technical assistance, capacity development, and quality control. An LME may remove a provider's endorsement if a provider fails to meet defined quality criteria, fails to adequately document the provision of services, fails to provide required staff training, or fails to provide required data to the LME provider:
 - a. Fails to meet defined quality criteria.
 - b. Fails to adequately document the provision of services.
 - c. Fails to provide required staff training.
 - d. Fails to provide required data to the LME.
 - e. Fails to allow the LME access for monitoring in accordance with rules established under G.S. 143B-139.1.

If at anytime the LME has reasonable cause to believe a violation of licensure rules has occurred, the LME shall make a referral to the Division of Health Service Regulation. If at anytime the LME has reasonable cause to believe the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a client has occurred, the LME shall make a referral to the local Department of Social Services, Child Protective Services Program, or Adult Protective Services Program.

- (3) Utilization management, utilization review, and determination of the appropriate level and intensity of services. An LME may participate in the development of person centered plans for any consumer and shall monitor the implementation of person centered plans. An LME shall review and



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1 approve person centered plans for consumers who receive State-funded
2 services and shall conduct concurrent reviews of person centered plans for
3 consumers in the LME's catchment area who receive Medicaid funded
4 services.

5 (4) Authorization of the utilization of State psychiatric hospitals and other State
6 facilities. Authorization of eligibility determination requests for recipients
7 under a CAP-MR/DD waiver.

8 (5) Care coordination and quality management. This function involves
9 individual client care decisions at critical treatment junctures to assure
10 clients' care is coordinated, received when needed, likely to produce good
11 outcomes, and is neither too little nor too much service to achieve the
12 desired results. Care coordination is sometimes referred to as "care
13 management." Care coordination shall be provided by clinically trained
14 professionals with the authority and skills necessary to determine
15 appropriate diagnosis and treatment, approve treatment and service plans,
16 when necessary to link clients to higher levels of care quickly and
17 efficiently, to facilitate the resolution of disagreements between providers
18 and clinicians, and to consult with providers, clinicians, case managers, and
19 utilization reviewers. Care coordination activities for high-risk/high-cost
20 consumers or consumers at a critical treatment juncture include the
21 following:

- 22 a. Assisting with the development of a single care plan for individual
23 clients, including participating in child and family teams around the
24 development of plans for children and adolescents.
- 25 b. Addressing difficult situations for clients or providers.
- 26 c. Consulting with providers regarding difficult or unusual care
27 situations.
- 28 d. Ensuring that consumers are linked to primary care providers to
29 address the consumer's physical health needs.
- 30 e. Coordinating client transitions from one service to another.
- 31 f. Conducting customer service interventions.
- 32 g. Assuring clients are given additional, fewer, or different services as
33 client needs increase, lessen, or change.
- 34 h. Interfacing with utilization reviewers and case managers.
- 35 i. Providing leadership on the development and use of communication
36 protocols.
- 37 j. Participating in the development of discharge plans for consumers
38 being discharged from a State facility or other inpatient setting who
39 have not been previously served in the community.

40 (6) Community collaboration and consumer affairs including a process to
41 protect consumer rights, an appeals process, and support of an effective
42 consumer and family advisory committee.

43 (7) Financial management and accountability for the use of State and local funds
44 and information management for the delivery of publicly funded services.

45 Subject to all applicable State and federal laws and rules established by the Secretary and
46 the Commission, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preempt or supersede the
47 regulatory or licensing authority of other State or local departments or divisions."

48 **SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law.