## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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## HOUSE BILL 748 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H748-PCS70584-ST-108

Short Title: Citizens United Response.

(Public)

D

Sponsors:

Referred to:

## March 24, 2009

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO D	DEFINE COORDINATION AND COORDINATED EXPENDITURE; TO
3	REQUIRE	REPORTING OF AND DISCLOSURES ON INDEPENDENT
4	EXPENDITU	IRES FOR POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS THAT IS THE SAME AS
5	THAT OF P	OLITICAL COMMITTEES; TO REPEAL ARTICLES 22E AND 22F OF
6	CHAPTER	163 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES; AND TO CLARIFY THE
7	EXEMPTION	N OF POLITICAL EXPENDITURES TO THE DEFINITION OF "GIFT"
8	UNDER THE	E STATE GOVERNMENT ETHICS ACT AND THE MISCELLANEOUS
9	REPORTING	UNDER CHAPTER 120C OF THE GENERAL STATUTES.
10	The General Asse	embly Of North Carolina enacts:
11	SECT	<b>TON 1.</b> G.S. 163-278.6 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 163-278.6. De	efinitions.
13	When used in	this Article:
14	(1)	The term "board" means the State Board of Elections with respect to all
15		candidates for State, legislative, and judicial offices and the county or
16		municipal board of elections with respect to all candidates for county and
17		municipal offices. The term means the State Board of Elections with respect
18		to all statewide referenda and the county or municipal board of elections
19		conducting all local referenda.
20	(2)	The term "broadcasting station" means any commercial radio or television
21		station or community antenna radio or television station. Special definitions
22		of "radio" and "television" that apply only in Part 1A of this Article are set
23		forth in G.S. 163-278.38Z.
24	(3)	The term "business entity" means any partnership, joint venture, joint-stock
25		company, company, firm, or any commercial or industrial establishment or
26		enterprise.
27	(4)	The term "candidate" means any individual who, with respect to a public
28		office listed in G.S. 163-278.6(18), has taken positive action for the purpose
29		of bringing about that individual's nomination or election to public office.
30		Examples of positive action include:
31		a. Filing a notice of candidacy or a petition requesting to be a
32		candidate,
33		b. Being certified as a nominee of a political party for a vacancy,
34		c. Otherwise qualifying as a candidate in a manner authorized by law,



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1		d. Making a public announcement of a definite inte	ent to run for public
2		office in a particular election, or	
3		e. Receiving funds or making payments or givi	-
4		anyone else to receive funds or transfer anythi	0
5		purpose of bringing about that individual's nomination of the second sec	
6 7		office. Transferring anything of value incl obligation to transfer anything of value.	udes incurring an
8		Status as a candidate for the purpose of this Artic	le continues if the
9		individual is receiving contributions to repay loans or o	
10		making expenditures to satisfy obligations from an ele	
11		Special definitions of "candidate" and "candidate campa	•
12		apply only in Part 1A of this Article are set forth in G.S.	0
13	(5)	The term "communications media" or "media" means be	
14		carrier current stations, newspapers, magazines, p	-
15		advertising facilities, billboards, newspaper inserts, a	
16		individual whose business is polling public opinion, ana	lyzing or predicting
17		voter behavior or voter preferences. Special definition	s of "print media,"
18		"radio," and "television" that apply only in Part 1A of	this Article are set
19		forth in G.S. 163-278.38Z.	
20	<u>(5h)</u>	The term "coordination" means in concert or cooperation	tion with, or at the
21		request or suggestion of.	
22	<u>(5g)</u>	The term "coordinated expenditure" means an expendit	
23 24		concert or cooperation with, or at the request or suggesting and idea appropriate and defined in C.S. 162.27	
24 25		candidate campaign committee as defined in G.S. 163-2' of the candidate, or the agent of the candidate campa	
25 26		expenditure for the distribution of information relating	
27		campaign, positions, or policies, that is obtained throug	
28		resources, including a candidate campaign committee, i	
29		expenditure if it is not made in concert or cooperation w	ith, or at the request
30		or suggestion of, a candidate, the candidate campaign c	
31		of the candidate, or the agent of the candidate campaign of	
32	(6)	The terms "contribute" or "contribution" mean any ad	-
33		deposit, distribution, transfer of funds, loan, payme	• • •
34 25		subscription of money or anything of value whatsoever	
35 36		<u>coordination with</u> , a candidate to support or oppose election of one or more clearly identified candida	
30 37		committee, to a political party, or to a referendum comm	
38		made in an election year, and any contract, agreement, o	
39		make a contribution. An expenditure forgiven by a perso	
40		it is owed shall be reported as a contribution from th	
41		These terms include, without limitation, such contrib	
42		personal services, postage, publication of campaign lite	erature or materials,
43		in-kind transfers, loans or use of any supplies, office r	nachinery, vehicles,
44		aircraft, office space, or similar or related services, good	-
45		property. These terms also include, without limitation,	-
46		of services, campaign literature and materials, wearing	
47 48		admission prices to campaign events such as rallies	
48 49		proceeds of sale of any campaign-related services or goo the foregoing meanings of "contribution " the word shall	
49 50		the foregoing meanings of "contribution," the word shall include services provided without compensation by indi-	
50 51		a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate, po	
51		a position of an of their time on behan of a candidate, po	

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1 2	referendum committee. The term "contribution" does not include an "independent expenditure." If:
3	a. Any individual, person, committee, association, or any other
4	organization or group of individuals, including but not limited to, a
5	political organization (as defined in section 527(e)(1) of the Internal
6	Revenue Code of 1986) makes, or contracts to make, any
7	disbursement for any electioneering communication, as defined in
8	G.S. 163-278.80(2) and (3) and G.S. 163-278.90(2) and (3); this
9	section; and
10	b. That disbursement is coordinated with a candidate, an authorized
11	political committee of that candidate, a State or local political party
12	or committee of that party, or an agent or official of any such
13	candidate, party, or committee
14	that disbursement or contracting shall be treated as a contribution to the
15	candidate supported by the electioneering communication or that candidate's
16	party and as an expenditure by that candidate or that candidate's party.
17 (7)	The term "corporation" means any corporation established under either
18	domestic or foreign charter, and includes a corporate subsidiary and any
19	business entity in which a corporation participates or is a stockholder, a
20	partner or a joint venturer. The term applies regardless of whether the
21	corporation does business in the State of North Carolina.
22 (7a)	The term "costs of collection" means monies spent by the State Board of
23	Elections in the collection of the penalties levied under this Article to the
24	extent the costs do not constitute more than fifty percent (50%) of the civil
25	penalty. The costs are presumed to be ten percent (10%) of the civil penalty
26	unless otherwise determined by the State Board of Elections based on the
27	records of expenses incurred by the State Board of Elections for its
28	collection procedures.
29 (7b)	The term "day" means calendar day.
30 (7c)	The term "election cycle" means the period of time from January 1 after an
31	election for an office through December 31 after the election for the next
32	term of the same office. Where the term is applied in the context of several
33	offices with different terms, "election cycle" means the period from January
34	1 of an odd-numbered year through December 31 of the next even-numbered
35	year.
36 (8)	The term "election" means any general or special election, a first or second
37	primary, a run-off election, or an election to fill a vacancy. The term
38	"election" shall not include any local or statewide referendum.
39 (8a)	The term "enforcement costs" means salaries, overhead, and other monies
40	spent by the State Board of Elections in the enforcement of the penalties
41	provisions of this Article, including the costs of investigators, attorneys,
42	travel costs for State Board employees and its attorneys, to the extent the
43	costs do not constitute more than fifty percent (50%) of the sum levied for
44 45 (8j)	the enforcement costs and civil late penalty.
	The term "electioneering communication" means any broadcast, cable,
46 47	Internet, or satellite communication, or mass mailing, or telephone bank that
47 48	has all the following characteristics:
48 49	a. <u>Refers to a clearly identified candidate for elected office.</u>
50	b. <u>Is aired or transmitted within 60 days of the time set for absentee</u> voting to begin pursuant to G.S. 163-227.2 in an election for that
51	office.

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	c. May be received by either:	
	1. 50,000 or more individuals in the State in an elect	tion for
	statewide office or 7,500 or more individuals in an	
	election if in the form of broadcast, cable, Internet, or	-
	communication.	
	2. 20,000 or more households, cumulative per election	on. in a
	statewide election or 2,500 households, cumulati	
	election, in any other election if in the form of mass	
	or telephone bank.	
<u>(8k)</u>	The term "electioneering communication" does not include any	of the
<u>(,,,,,,</u>	following:	
	<u>a.</u> A communication appearing in a news story, comment	arv. or
	editorial distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting	
	unless those facilities are owned or controlled by any politica	
	political committee, or candidate.	<u>a party</u> ,
	b. A communication that constitutes an expenditure or inde	pendent
	expenditure under this Article.	penaent
	c. A communication that constitutes a candidate debate or	· forum
	conducted pursuant to rules adopted by the Board or that	
	promotes that debate or forum and is made by or on behalt	•
	person sponsoring the debate or forum.	<u> </u>
	d. A communication made while the General Assembly is in	session
	which, incidental to advocacy for or against a specific p	
	legislation pending before the General Assembly, urges the a	
	to communicate with a member or members of the General As	
	concerning that piece of legislation or a solicitation of ot	•
	defined in G.S. 120C-100(a)(13) properly reported under	
	120C of the General Statutes.	
	e. A communication that meets all of the following criteria:	
	<u>1.</u> Does not mention any election, candidacy, politica	l party.
	opposing candidate, or voting by the general public.	F J - J
	2. Does not take a position on the candidate's chara	acter or
	gualifications and fitness for office.	
	3. Proposes a commercial transaction.	
	<u>f.</u> <u>A public opinion poll conducted by a news medium, as det</u>	fined in
	$\overline{G.S. 8-53.11(a)(3)}$ , or conducted by an organization whose	
	purpose is to conduct or publish public opinion polls.	<u> </u>
	g. A communication made by a news medium, as defi	ined in
	G.S. $8-53.11(a)(3)$ , if the communication is in print.	
(9)	The terms "expend" or "expenditure" mean any purchase, a	dvance,
	conveyance, deposit, distribution, transfer of funds, loan, payment	,
	pledge or subscription of money or anything of value whatsoever, wh	
	not made in an election year, and any contract, agreement, o	
	obligation to make an expenditure, to support or oppose the nom	
	election, or passage of one or more clearly identified candidates, o	
	measure. An expenditure forgiven by a person or entity to whom it	
	shall be reported as a contribution from that person or entity. Suppo	
	opposing the election of clearly identified candidates includes suppo	-
	opposing the candidates of a clearly identified political party. The	-
	"expenditure" also includes any payment or other transfer mad	
	candidate, political committee, or referendum committee.	
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1 2 3	(9a)	The term "independently expend" or "independent ex expenditure to support or oppose the nomination or ele clearly identified candidates that is made with	ection of one or more
4 5		coordination with a candidate or agent of a candidate election the expenditure supports or whose oppon	
6		election the expenditure opposes. not a coordinated exp	
7		or opposing the election of clearly identified candidate	
8		or opposing the candidates of a clearly identified	l political party. A
9		contribution is not an independent expenditure. As app	lied to referenda, the
10		term "independent expenditure" applies if consultation	
11		not take place with a referendum committee that supp	
12		the expenditure supports, or a referendum committee th	nat opposes the ballot
13		measure the expenditure opposes.	
14	(10)	The term "individual" means a single individual or more	
15	(11)	The term "insurance company" means any person whose	-
16		or underwriting contracts of insurance, and include	
17 18		companies, stock insurance companies, and fassociations.	raternal beneficiary
18 19	(12)	The term "labor union" means any union, organization	tion combination or
20	(12)	association of employees or workmen formed for the	
20		by united action favorable wages, improved labor cond	
22		labor or work-related benefits, or for handling, pro-	
23		grievances by employees against their employers,	
24		employees collectively or individually in dealings with	
25		term includes any unions to which Article 10, Chapter 9	
26	<u>(12k)</u>	The term "mass mailing" means any mailing by U	nited States mail or
27		facsimile to 20,000 or more households, cumulative	e per election, in a
28		statewide election or 2,500 households, cumulative per	election, in any other
29		election.	
30	(13)	The term "person" means any business entity, co	prporation, insurance
31	(1.4)	company, labor union, or professional association.	<b>C</b>
32	(14)	The term "political committee" means a combinati	
33 34		individuals, such as any person, committee, associat	-
34 35		other entity that makes, or accepts anything of value to or expenditures and has one or more of the following ch	
36		a. Is controlled by a candidate;	aracteristics.
37		<ul><li>b. Is a political party or executive committee of a</li></ul>	a political party or is
38		controlled by a political party or executive con	
39		party;	
40		c. Is created by a corporation, business entity, insu	rance company, labor
41		union, or professional association pursuant to G.	
42		d. Has the major purpose to support or oppose	
43		election of one or more clearly identified candid	ates.
44		Supporting or opposing the election of clearly identified	d candidates includes
45		supporting or opposing the candidates of a clearly identit	1 1 1
46		If the entity qualifies as a "political committee" under s	
47		c., or d. of this subdivision, it continues to be a poli	
48		receives contributions or makes expenditures or	
49 50		liabilities. A political committee ceases to exist whether the second se	1
50		operations, disposes of its assets, and files its final report	t.

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		The term "political committee" includes the campaign of a	candidate who
		serves as his or her own treasurer.	
		Special definitions of "political action committee" and "cane	lidate campaign
		committee" that apply only in Part 1A of this Article a	are set forth in
		G.S. 163-278.38Z.	
	(15)	The term "political party" means any political party organiz	ed or operating
	~ /	in this State, whether or not that party is recognized under the	1 0
		G.S. 163-96. A special definition of "political party org	-
		applies only in Part 1A of this Article is set forth in G.S. 163-	
	(16)	Repealed by Session Laws 1999-31, s. 4.	
	(17)	The term "professional association" means any trade asso	ociation group
	(17)	organization, association, or collection of persons or individ	
		the purposes of advancing, representing, improving, furthering	
		the interests of persons or individuals having a com	0 1 0
		profession, calling, occupation, employment, or training.	mon vocation,
	(18)	The term "public office" means any office filled by election b	w the people on
	(10)	a statewide, county, municipal or district basis, and this	• • •
		applicable to such elective offices whether the election theref	
		11	or is partisall of
	(19a)	nonpartisan. The term "referendum" means any question issue or est refe	rrad to a viota of
	(18a)	The term "referendum" means any question, issue, or act refe	
		the people of the entire State by the General Assembly,	
		government, or by the people under any applicable local a	
		constitutional amendments and State bond issues. The terr	
		includes any type of municipal, county, or special district	
		any initiative or referendum authorized by a municipal charter	
		recall election shall not be considered a referendum within	the meaning of
	(10L)	this Article.	f two on mon
	(18b)	The term "referendum committee" means a combination of individuals such as a committee association or approximation of the second secon	
		individuals such as a committee, association, organization, o	•
		a combination of two or more business entities, corporat	
		companies, labor unions, or professional associations such	
		association, organization, or other entity the primary purpos	
		support or oppose the passage of any referendum on the bal	•
		qualifies as a "referendum committee" under this subdivision	
		be a referendum committee if it receives contributi	
		expenditures or maintains assets or liabilities. A reference	
		ceases to exist when it winds up its operations, disposes of	f its assets, and
	(101)	files its final report.	
	<u>(18k)</u>	• •	-
		relevant electorate, except when those telephone calls are ma	
		workers, whether or not the design of the telephone	-
		development of calling instructions, or training of voluntee	rs was done by
		paid professionals.	
	(19)	The term "treasurer" means an individual appointed by a car	-
		committee, or referendum committee as provided in G.S.	S. 163-278.7 or
		G.S. 163-278.40A."	
		<b>TON 2.</b> G.S. 163-278.12 reads as rewritten:	
		pecial reporting of contributions and independent expendit	tures
"§ 163-278			
(a)	Subjec	ct to G.S. 163-278.39 and G.S. 163-278.14, individuals and o	ther entities not
(a) otherwise	Subject prohibit		ther entities not n the event an

#### them makes independent expenditures in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100.00), that 1 2 individual or entity shall file a statement of such independent expenditure with the appropriate 3 board of elections in the manner prescribed by the State Board of Elections. 4 Any entity other than an individual that is permitted to make contributions but is not (b) 5 otherwise required to report them shall report each contribution in excess of one hundred 6 dollars (\$100.00) with the appropriate board of elections in the manner prescribed by the State 7 Board of Elections. 8 In assuring compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the State Board (c) 9 of Elections shall require the identification of each entity making a donation of more than one 10 hundred dollars (\$100.00) to the entity filing the report if the donation was made for the <del>purpose of furthering</del> to further the reported independent expenditure or contribution. If the 11 donor is an individual, the statement shall also contain the principal occupation of the donor. 12 The "principal occupation of the donor" shall mean the same as the "principal occupation of the 13 14 contributor" in G.S. 163-278.11. 15 Contributions or independent expenditures required to be reported under this section (d) shall be reported within 30 days after they exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or 10 days 16 17 before an election the contributions or independent expenditures affect, whichever occurs 18 earlier. 19 The State Board of Elections shall require subsequent reporting of independent (e) 20 expenditures according to the same schedule required of political committees under G.S. 163-278.9(a). An individual or person that makes an independent expenditure shall 21 22 disclose by report to the State Board of Elections within 48 hours of incurring an expense of ten 23 thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more or receiving a donation of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or 24 more for making an independent expenditure before an election but after the period covered by 25 the last report due before that election. For the purposes of subsection (c) of this section, a donation to the entity making the 26 (f) independent expenditure is deemed to have been donated to further the independent 27 28 expenditure if any of subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection apply. For purposes of this 29 subsection, the "filer" is the entity making the independent expenditure and responsible for 30 filing the report, or an agent of that entity. For purposes of this subsection, the "donor" is the 31 entity donating to the filer the funds or other thing of value, or an agent of that entity. The donor designates, requests, or suggests that the donation be used for an 32 (1)33 independent expenditure or for multiple independent expenditures, and the 34 filer agrees to use the donation for an independent expenditure. 35 The filer expressly solicited the donor for a donation for making or paying <u>(2)</u> 36 for an independent expenditure. 37 The donor and the filer engaged in substantial written or oral discussion (3) 38 regarding the donor's making, donating, or paying for an independent 39 expenditure. 40 The donor or the filer knew or had reason to know of the filer's intent to (4)41 make independent expenditures with the donation. 42 A donation shall not be deemed to be made to further an independent expenditure if the donation was a commercial transaction occurring in the ordinary course of business between 43 44 the donor and the filer unless there is affirmative evidence that the amounts were donated to further an independent expenditure. In determining the amount of a donation that was made to 45 further any particular independent expenditure, there shall be excluded any amount that was 46 47 designated by the donor with respect to a different election than the election that is the subject 48 of the independent expenditure covered by the report. Subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection shall also apply to reports made under 49

50 subsection (c) of this section concerning contributions. However, nothing in this section shall

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1	be interpreted to	b limit the effect of the prohibition on making contribution	is in the name of
2	another in G.S. 1		
3		ports required by this section shall be filed according to rul	es adopted by the
4		lections. If the expense incurred is greater than ten thousand	
5		be filed electronically. The State Board of Elections shall pro	
6		the electronic report to any individual or person required to	
7		to that individual or person."	
8	_	<b>FION 3.</b> Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statut	es is amended by
9	adding a new sec	-	5
10	U	Special reporting of electioneering communications.	
11		individual or person that incurs an expense for the direct c	osts of producing
12		oneering communications aggregating in excess of five	
13		le the following reports with the appropriate board of election	
14		e State Board of Elections:	
15	(1)	The identification of the individual or person incurring th	e expense, of any
16	<u>+</u>	individual or person sharing or exercising direction or	
17		activities of that individual or person, and of the custodian	
18		accounts of the individual or person incurring the expense.	
19	<u>(2)</u>	The principal place of business of the person incurring the	expense, if not an
20	<u>+</u>	individual.	<u>+</u>
21	<u>(3)</u>	The amount of each expense incurred during the period	d covered by the
22	<u>+</u>	statement and the identification of the individual or per	
23		expense was incurred.	
24	<u>(4)</u>	The elections to which the electioneering communication	ns pertain, if any,
25		and the names, if known, of the candidates identified or to l	
26	<u>(5)</u>	The names and addresses of all entities that donate	
27		electioneering communication or electioneering commun	
28		anything of value whatsoever in an aggregate amount of	of more than one
29		thousand dollars (\$1,000) during the reporting period. In	f the donor is an
30		individual, the statement shall also contain the principal	occupation of the
31		donor. The "principal occupation of the donor" shall mea	n the same as the
32		"principal occupation of the contributor" in G.S. 163-278.1	1.
33	(b) The i	nitial report shall be filed with the State Board no later	than the 10 <sup>th</sup> day
34	following the day	y the individual or person incurs an expense for the direct cos	ts of producing or
35	airing an election	neering communication. The State Board shall require sub	sequent reporting
36	according to the	same schedule required of political committees under G.S.	163-278.9(a). An
37	individual or per	rson that produces or airs an electioneering communication	shall disclose by
38	report to the Sta	ate Board within 48 hours of incurring an expense of ten	thousand dollars
39	(\$10,000) or mot	re or receiving a donation of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on	more for making
40	an electioneering	g communication before an election but after the period co	overed by the last
41	report due before		
42	(c) For t	he purposes of subdivision (a)(5) of this section, a donate	tion to the entity
43	making the elec	ctioneering communication is deemed to have been donat	ed to further the
44	-	ommunication if any of subdivisions (1) through (4) of this	
45	· · ·	of this subsection, the "filer" is the entity making the	
46		and responsible for filing the report, or an agent of that entity	
47		the "donor" is the entity donating to the filer the funds or oth	er thing of value,
48	or an agent of the		
49	<u>(1)</u>	The donor designates, requests, or suggests that the donati	
50		electioneering communication or electioneering commun	ications, and the
51		filer agrees to use the donation for that purpose.	

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1	(2)	The filer expressly solicited the donor for a donation for	making or paying
2	<u>,                                     </u>	for an electioneering communication.	<u> </u>
3	<u>(3)</u>	The donor and the filer engaged in substantial written	or oral discussion
4		regarding the donor's making, donating, or paying for	
5		communication.	
6	<u>(4)</u>	The donor or the filer knew or had reason to know of t	the filer's intent to
7	<u> </u>	make electioneering communication with the donation.	
8	A donation s	shall not be deemed to be made to further an electioneering	communication if
9	the donation wa	as a commercial transaction occurring in the ordinary c	ourse of business
10		nor and the filer unless there is affirmative evidence that	
11	donated to furth	er an electioneering communication. In determining the am	ount of a donation
12	that was made to	o further any particular electioneering communication, there	shall be excluded
13	any amount that	t was designated by the donor with respect to a different	election than the
14	election that is the	he subject of the electioneering communication covered by th	ie report.
15	(d) All re	eports required by this section shall be filed according to ru	les adopted by the
16	State Board. If t	the expense incurred is greater than ten thousand dollars (\$	10,000), the report
17	shall be filed ele	ectronically. The State Board shall provide the software ne	ecessary to file the
18	electronic report	t to any individual or person required to file an electronic r	eport at no cost to
19	that individual of	r person."	-
20	SEC	<b>TION 4.</b> G.S. 163-278.17 reads as rewritten:	
21	"§ 163-278.17.	Statements of media outlets receiving campaign expen	ditures.regarding
22	politi	ical advertising.	
23	(a) Repe	aled by Session Laws 1985, c. 183, s. 1.	
24	(b) Each	media outlet shall require written authority for each expe	enditure from each
25	candidate, treasu	urer or individual making or authorizing an expenditure.	A candidate may
26	authorize adver	tisement paid for by a treasurer appointed by the cand	idate. All written
27	authorizations of	f expenditures signed by a candidate, treasurer or individua	al shall be deemed
28	public records an	nd copies of said-those written authorizations shall be available	able for inspection
29	during normal b	pusiness hours at the office(s) of the media outlet making	the publication or
30	broadcast neares	st to the place(s) of publication or broadcast.	
31	(c) Repe	aled by Session Laws 1985, c. 183, s. 2.	
32		media outlet shall require written authority for each indepe	-
33		g communication from each individual or entity making	
34		penditure or electioneering communication. All written	
35		penditures or electioneering communications shall be deem	<b>.</b>
36	and copies of t	hose written authorizations shall be available for inspecti	on during normal
37		at the office(s) of the media outlet making the publication of	
38	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of publication or broadcast. The written authorization shall	include all of the
39	<u>following:</u>		
40	<u>(1)</u>	The name and address of the individual or entity makin	ig the independent
41		expenditure or electioneering communication.	
42	<u>(2)</u>	The information required by G.S. 163-278.39(a), provided	
43		provisions of G.S. 163-278(a)(7) and (8) shall not a	pply to radio or
44		television advertising."	
45		TION 5. G.S. 163-278.19 reads as rewritten:	
46		Violations by corporations, business entities, labor un	ions, professional
47		ciations and insurance companies.	
48		pt as provided in subsections (a2), (b), (d), (e), (f), and (g	
49 50		al for any corporation, business entity, labor union, professionary directly or indirectly indirectly do any of the following:	onal association or

50 insurance company directly or indirectly:indirectly do any of the following:

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(1)	To make any contribution to a candidate or political e	ommittee or to make
	any expenditure to support or oppose the nomination of	relection of a clearly
	identified candidate; committee.	
(2)	To pay or use or offer, consent or agree to pay or use	any of its money or
	property for any contribution to a candidate or political	committee or for any
	expenditure to support or oppose the nomination or	election of a clearly
	identified candidate; or committee.	
(3)	To compensate, reimburse, or indemnify any person or	individual for money
	or property so used or for any contribution or expenditu	re so <del>made;<u>m</u>ade.</del>
	be unlawful for any officer, director, stockholder, attorn	
of any corporation	n, business entity, labor union, professional association of	r insurance company
	e or consent to any such contribution or expenditure, co	
person or individ	ual to solicit or knowingly receive any such contribu	ition or expenditure.
-	porting or opposing the election of clearly identified	
11 0 1	posing the candidates of a clearly identified political	
	der, attorney, agent or member of any corporation, b	
-	al association or insurance company aiding or abetting i	•
-	in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class	
	be liable to such corporation, business entity, labor	-
	urance company for the amount of such contribution or	1
	vered of him upon suit by any stockholder or member the	
	sfer of funds shall be deemed to have been a contribution	-
•	made to any committee or political party account, whet	
	e intent or purpose of being exchanged in whole or in pa	•
	or expended in an election for North Carolina office of	or to offset any other
	or expended in an election for North Carolina office.	
	ds of loans made in the ordinary course of business by	
	ontributions made in compliance with this Chapter. Fina	
	ng credit to political committees and referendum comm	ittees in the ordinary
course of business	l, however, be lawful for any corporation, business	antity labor union
	ciation or insurance company to communicate v	-
	embers and their families on any subject; to conduct no	
	te campaigns aimed at their employees, stockholders, o	
ē	fficials and employees of any corporation, insurance of	
,	ials and members of any labor union or professional as	1 2
•	bute to, and to receive and solicit contributions to a separate	
	political purposes, and those individuals shall be deemed	
	the as that term is defined in G.S. 163-278.6(14) or a refer	
1	53-278.6(18b); provided, however, that it shall be unlaw	
	ution or expenditure by utilizing contributions secured b	•
	nancial reprisals or the threat of force, job discrim	
	dues, fees, or other moneys required as a condition	
- ·	s a requirement with respect to any terms or condition	-
	t limitation, hiring, firing, transferring, promoting, de	
	ployment-related benefits of any kind, or by mone	
commercial transa		ja sessing in any
	ation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor. In additi	on, the acceptance of
	expenditure, payment, reimbursement, indemnification,	-

any contribution, expenditure, payment, reimbursement, indemnification, or anything of value
 or indemnification under subsection (a) shall be a Class 2 misdemeanor.

Whenever a candidate or treasurer is an officer, director, stockholder, attorney, 1 (d) 2 agent, or employee of any corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association or 3 insurance company, and by virtue of his position therewith uses office space and 4 communication facilities of the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional 5 association or insurance company in the normal and usual scope of his employment, the fact that the candidate or treasurer receives telephone calls, mail, or visits in such office which 6 7 relates to activities prohibited by this Article shall not be considered a violation under this 8 section.

9 (e) Notwithstanding the prohibitions specified in this Article and Article 22 of this 10 Chapter, a political committee organized under provisions of this Article shall be entitled to receive and the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance 11 12 company designated on the committee's organizational report as the parent entity of the 13 employees or members who organized the committee is authorized to give reasonable 14 administrative support that shall include record keeping, computer services, billings, mailings 15 to members of the committee, membership development, fund-raising activities, office 16 supplies, office space, and such other support as is reasonably necessary for the administration 17 of the committee.

18 The approximate cost of any reasonable administrative support shall be submitted to the 19 committee, in writing, and the committee shall include that cost on the report required by 20 G.S. 163-278.9(a)(6). Also included in the report shall be the approximate allocable portion of 21 the compensation of any officer or employee of the corporation, business entity, labor union, 22 professional association, or insurance company who has devoted more than thirty-five percent 23 (35%) of his time during normal business hours of the corporation, business entity, labor union, 24 professional association, or insurance company during the period covered by the required 25 report. The approximate cost submitted by the parent corporation, business entity, labor union, 26 professional association, or insurance company shall be entered on the committee's report as the 27 final entry on its list of "contributions" and a copy of the written approximate cost received by 28 it shall be attached.

The reasonable administrative support given by a corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance company shall be designated on the books of the corporation, business entity, labor union, professional association, or insurance company as such and may not be treated by it as a business deduction for State income tax purposes.

(f) This section does not prohibit a contribution or independent expenditure by an entity
 that:

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- (1) Has as an express purpose promoting social, educational, or political ideas and not to generate business income;
- (2) Does not have shareholders or other persons which have an economic interest in its assets and earnings; and
- (3) Was not established by a business corporation, by an insurance company, by a business entity, including, but not limited to, those chartered under Chapter 55, Chapter 55A, Chapter 55B, or Chapter 58 of the General Statutes, by a professional association, or by a labor union and does not receive substantial revenue from such entities. Substantial revenue is rebuttably presumed to be more than ten percent (10%) of total revenues in a calendar year.

(g) If a political committee has as its only purpose accepting contributions and making expenditures to influence elections, and that political committee incorporates as a nonprofit corporation to shield its participants from liability created outside this Chapter, that political committee is not considered to be a corporation for purposes of this section. Incorporation of a political committee does not relieve any individual, person, or other entity of any liability, duty, or obligation created pursuant to any provision of this Chapter. To obtain the benefits of this subsection, an incorporating political committee must state exactly the following language as

1 2	expenditures to i	for which the corporation can be organized: "to accept contributions and make influence elections as a political committee pursuant to G.S. 163-278.6(14)
3	only." No politic	al committee shall do business as a political committee after incorporation
4	unless it has been	n certified by the State Board of Elections as being in compliance with this
5	subsection."	
6	SECT	<b>TON 6.</b> G.S. 163-278.22 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
7	"(15)	To establish a process for determination as to whether communication is an
8	<u></u>	expenditure, independent expenditure, or electioneering communication
9		prior to the airing or distribution of that communication when so requested
10		by an individual or person producing a communication. The responsibility
11		for the determination may be delegated to the Executive Director. If the
12		responsibility is delegated to the Executive Director, the process established
12		by the State Board shall require a written determination by the Executive
13		Director to include stated findings and an opportunity for immediate appeal
14		to the State Board of the determination by the Executive Director."
15 16	SECT	
10 17		<b>TION 7.</b> G.S. 163-278.38Z(7) reads as rewritten:
	"(7)	"Print media" means billboards, cards, newspapers, newspaper inserts,
18		magazines, mass mailings, pamphlets, fliers, periodicals, and outdoor
19		advertising facilities. A "mass mailing" is a mailing with more than 500
20		pieces."
21		<b>ION 8.</b> G.S. 163-278.39 reads as rewritten:
22		Basic disclosure requirements for all political <del>campaign</del> advertisements.
23		Requirements It shall be unlawful for any sponsor to sponsor an
24		the print media or on radio or television that constitutes an expenditure
25	-	pendent expenditure, electioneering communication, or contribution required
26		nder this Article unless all the following conditions are met:
27	(1)	It bears the legend or includes the statement: "Paid for by [Name of
28		candidate, candidate campaign committee, political party organization,
29		political action committee, referendum committee, individual, or other
30		sponsor]." In television advertisements, this disclosure shall be made by
31		visual legend.
32	(2)	The name used in the labeling required in subdivision (1) of this subsection
33		is the name that appears on the statement of organization as required in
34		G.S. 163-278.7(b)(1).G.S. 163-278.7(b)(1) or G.S. 163-278.12C(a).
35	(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 2001-353, s. 5, effective August 10, 2001.
36	(4)	The sponsor states in the advertisement its position for or against a ballot
37		measure, provided that this subdivision applies only if the advertisement is
38		made for or against a ballot measure.
39	(5)	In a print media advertisement supporting or opposing the nomination or
40		election of one or more clearly identified candidates, the sponsor states
41		whether it is authorized by a candidate. The visual legend in the
42		advertisement shall state either "Authorized by [name of candidate],
43		candidate for [name of office]" or "Not authorized by a candidate." This
44		subdivision does not apply if the sponsor of the advertisement is the
45		candidate the advertisement supports or that candidate's campaign
45 46		committee.
40 47	(6)	In a print media advertisement that identifies a candidate the sponsor is
47	(0)	opposing, the sponsor discloses in the advertisement the name of the
48 49		candidate who is intended to benefit from the advertisement. This
50		subdivision applies only when the sponsor coordinates or consults about the

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2		advertisement or the expenditure for it with the cand benefit.	idate who is intended to
3	<u>(7)</u>	In a print media advertisement supporting or oppo	osing the nomination or
1	<u></u>	election of one or more clearly identified candidate	-
i		expenditure, the sponsor discloses the names of the	•
		making the five largest donations to the sponsor with	<b>.</b>
		prior to the purchase of the advertisement if those d	
		be reported under G.S. 163-278.12.	<u>.</u>
	<u>(8)</u>	In a print media advertisement that is an electioneer	ing communication, the
		sponsor discloses the names of the individuals or	-
		largest donations to the sponsor within the six-mo	onth period prior to the
		purchase of the advertisement if those donations are	required to be reported
		under G.S. 163-278.12C.	
	If an advertis	sement described in this section is jointly sponsored,	the disclosure statement
	shall name all the		
		Requirements. – In a print media advertisement cover	red by subsection (a) of
	. ,	height of all disclosure statements required by that su	•
	at least five perc	ent (5%) of the height of the printed space of the adve	ertisement, provided that
	the type shall in	no event be less than 12 points in size. In an advertisen	nent in a newspaper or a
	newspaper insert	, the total height of the disclosure statement need not c	constitute five percent of
	the printed space	of the advertisement if the type of the disclosure states	ment is at least 28 points
	in size. If a sing	gle advertisement consists of multiple pages, folds,	or faces, the disclosure
	requirement of th	his section applies only to one page, fold, or face. In a	television advertisement
	covered by subse	ection (a) of this section, the visual disclosure legend	shall constitute 32 scan
		a radio advertisement covered by subsection (a) of thi	
	statement shall l	ast at least two seconds, provided the statement is spo	oken so that its contents
	may be easily un		
		presentation of Authorization Notwithstanding G	
	,	idate campaign committee, political party organiz	· 1
		endum committee, individual, or other sponsor making	
	-	on radio or television bearing any legend required by	
		epresents the sponsorship or authorization of the adve	ertisement is guilty of a
	Class 1 misdeme		
		<b>FION 9.</b> G.S. 163-278.39A reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 163-278.39A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		orting or opposing the nomination or election of	f one or more clearly
		ified candidates.	
	• • • •	nded Disclosure Requirements. – Any political camp	
		on shall comply with the expanded disclosure requir	
		extent that it provides the same information required	-
		pursuant to this section satisfies the requirements of	G.S. 163-278.39 for the
	same advertisem		
		osure Requirements for Television. –	••• •
	(1)	Candidate advertisements on television. – Tel	
		purchased by a candidate or by a candidate campaig	
		or opposing the nomination or election of one or	-
		candidates shall include a disclosure statement spok	•
		containing at least the following words: "I am (or "	
		candidate], candidate for [name of office], and I (a	
		sponsored this ad." This subdivision applies only t	
		mentions the name of, shows the picture of, tran	isinitis the voice of, or

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1 2		otherwise refers to an opposing candidate for the same office as the sponsoring candidate.
$\frac{2}{3}$	(2)	Political party advertisements on television. – Television advertisements
4	(2)	purchased by a political party organization supporting or opposing the
5		nomination or election of one or more clearly identified candidates shall
6		include a disclosure statement spoken by the chair, executive director, or
7		treasurer of the political party organization and containing at least the
8		following words: "The [name of political party organization] sponsored this
9		ad opposing/supporting [name of candidate] for [name of office]." The
10		disclosed name of the political party organization shall include the name of
11		the political party as it appears on the ballot.
12	(3)	Political action committee advertisements on television. – Television
13	(-)	advertisements purchased by a political action committee supporting or
14		opposing the nomination or election of one or more clearly identified
15		candidates shall include a disclosure statement spoken by the chief executive
16		officer or treasurer of the political action committee and containing at least
17		the following words: "The [name of political action committee] political
18		action committee sponsored this ad opposing/supporting [name of candidate]
19		for [name of office]." The name of the political action committee used in the
20		advertisement shall be the name that appears on the statement of
21		organization as required in G.S. 163-278.7(b)(1).
22	(4)	Advertisements on television by an individual Television advertisements
23		purchased by an individual supporting or opposing the nomination or
24		election of one or more clearly identified candidates shall include a
25		disclosure statement spoken by the individual and containing at least the
26		following words: "I am [individual's name], and I sponsored this
27		advertisement opposing/supporting [name of candidate] for [name of
28		office]."
29	(5)	Advertisements on television by another sponsor Television
30		advertisements purchased by a sponsor other than a candidate, a candidate
31		campaign committee, a political party organization, a political action
32		committee, or an individual which supports or opposes the nomination or
33		election of one or more clearly identified candidates shall include a
34		disclosure statement spoken by the chief executive or principal decision
35		maker of the sponsor and containing at least the following words: "[Name of
36 37		sponsor] sponsored this ad." If the sponsor is a corporation that has the purpose of promoting social advantional or political ideas the
37 38		purpose of promoting social, educational, or political ideas, the advertisement shall also include a legible listing on the screen indicating that
38 39		
39 40		the viewer may obtain additional information on the sponsor and the sponsor's donors from the appropriate board of elections, containing at least
40 41		the following words: "For donor information contact [Name of board of
42		elections with whom information filed]."
43	(6)	All advertisements on television. – In any television advertisement described
44	(0)	in subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection, an unobscured, full-screen
45		picture containing the disclosing individual, either in photographic form or
46		through the actual appearance of the disclosing individual on camera, shall
47		be featured throughout the duration of the disclosure statement.
48	<u>(7)</u>	<u>Electioneering communications on television. – Television advertisements</u>
49	<u>\//</u>	purchased by an individual that are electioneering communications shall
50		include a disclosure statement spoken by the individual and containing at
51		least the following words: "I am [individual's name], and I sponsored this
		reast the renowing words. I am interviduals numer, and i sponsored and

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1			advertisement opposing/supporting [name of candidat	e] for [name of
2			office]." Television advertisements purchased by a spo	nsor other than a
3			candidate, a candidate campaign committee, a political pa	
4			political action committee, or an individual that a	are electioneering
5			communications shall include a disclosure statement sp	oken by the chief
6			executive or principal decision maker of the sponsor and	containing at least
7			the following words: "[Name of sponsor] sponsored this	
8			is a corporation that has the purpose of promoting soci	
9			political ideas, the advertisement shall also include a leg	
10			screen indicating that the viewer may obtain additional i	-
11			sponsor and the sponsor's donors from the appropriate h	
12			containing at least the following words: "For donor in	
13			[Name of board of elections with whom information filed]	
14	(c)	Disclo	osure Requirements for Radio. –	-
15		(1)	Candidate advertisements on radio. – Radio advertisemen	ts purchased by a
16			candidate or by a candidate campaign committee supporti	1 1
17			nomination or election of one or more clearly identifie	
18			include a disclosure statement spoken by the candidate	
19			least the following words: "I am (or "This is") [na	e
20			candidate for [name of office], and this ad was paid for	
21			"furnished") by [name of candidate campaign committee	· •
22			advertisement]." This subdivision applies only to an a	1
23			mentions the name of, transmits the voice of, or other	
24			opposing candidate for the same office as the sponsoring c	
25		(2)	Political party advertisements on radio. – Radio advertisem	
26		(-)	a political party organization supporting or opposing t	1 •
27			election of one or more clearly identified candidates	
28			disclosure statement spoken by the chair, executive direc	
29			the political party organization and containing at least the	
30			"This ad opposing/supporting [name of candidate] for [na	U
31			paid for (or "sponsored" or "furnished") by [name of pol	
32			disclosed name of the political party organization shall in	
33			the political party as it appears on the ballot.	
34		(3)	Political action committee advertisements on radio. – Rad	dio advertisements
35		(-)	purchased by a political action committee supporting	
36			nomination or election of one or more clearly identifie	11 0
37			include a disclosure statement spoken by the chief ex	
38			treasurer of the political action committee and contai	
39			following words: "This ad opposing/supporting [name	-
40			[name of office] was paid for (or "sponsored" or "furnish	
41			political action committee] political action committee."	· •
42			political action committee used in the advertisement shal	
43			•	s required by
44			G.S. 163-278.7(b)(1).	s required by
45		(4)	Advertisements on radio by an individual. – Radio adverti	sements purchased
46			by an individual supporting or opposing the nomination of	-
47			more clearly identified candidates shall include a dis	
48			spoken by the individual and containing at least the follow	
49			[individual's name], and this ad opposing/supporting [nam	-
50			[name of office] was paid for (or "sponsored" or "furnished	
50			[	~ , 0 <sub>j</sub> 110.

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1 2 3	(5)	Advertisements on radio by another sponsor. – Radio advertisements purchased by a sponsor other than a candidate, a candidate campaign committee, a political party organization, a political action committee, or an			
4		individual which supports or opposes the nomination or election of one or			
5		more clearly identified candidates shall include a disclosure statement			
6 7		spoken by the chief executive or principal decision maker of the sponsor and			
8		containing at least the following words: "[Name of sponsor] paid for (or "sponsored" or "furnished") this ad." If the sponsor is a corporation that has			
9		the purpose of promoting social, educational, or political ideas, the			
10		advertisement shall also include an aural disclosure indicating that the			
11		viewer may obtain additional information on the sponsor and the sponsor's			
12		donors from the appropriate board of elections, containing at least the			
13		following words: "For donor information contact [Name of board of			
14		elections with whom information filed]."			
15	<u>(6)</u>	Electioneering communication on the radio. – Radio advertisements			
16 17		purchased by an individual that are electioneering communications shall include a disclosure statement angles by the individual and containing at			
17		include a disclosure statement spoken by the individual and containing at least the following words: "I am [individual's name], and this ad			
19		opposing/supporting [name of candidate] for [name of office] was paid for			
20		(or "sponsored" or "furnished") by me." Radio advertisements purchased by			
21		a sponsor other than a candidate, a candidate campaign committee, a			
22		political party organization, a political action committee, or an individual			
23		that are electioneering communications shall include a disclosure statement			
24		spoken by the chief executive or principal decision maker of the sponsor and			
25		containing at least the following words: "[Name of sponsor] paid for (or			
26		"sponsored" or "furnished") this ad." If the sponsor is a corporation that has			
27		the purpose of promoting social, educational, or political ideas, the			
28 29		advertisement shall also include an aural disclosure indicating that the viewer may obtain additional information on the sponsor and the sponsor's			
29 30		donors from the appropriate board of elections, containing at least the			
31		following words: "For donor information contact [Name of board of			
32		elections with whom information filed]."			
33	(d) Place	ment of Disclosure Statement in Television and Radio Advertisements. – In			
34		on television, a sponsor may place the disclosure statement required by this			
35	section at any p	section at any point during the advertisement, except if the duration of the advertisement is			

advertisements on television, a sponsor may place the disclosure statement required by this section at any point during the advertisement, except if the duration of the advertisement is more than five minutes, the disclosure statement shall be made both at the beginning and end of the advertisement. The sponsor may provide the oral disclosure statement required by this section at the same time as the visual disclosure required under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. §§ 315 and 317, is shown. But any visual disclosure legend shall be at least <del>32</del> scan lines four percent (4%) of vertical picture height in size. For advertisements on radio, the placement of the oral disclosure statement shall comply with the requirements of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. §§ 315 and 317.

(e) Choice of Supporting or Opposing a Candidate. – In its oral disclosure statement, a
 sponsoring political party organization, political action committee, individual, or other
 noncandidate sponsor shall choose either to identify an advertisement as supporting or
 opposing the nomination or election of one or more clearly identified candidates.

47 (e1) Joint Sponsors. – If an advertisement described in this section is jointly sponsored,
48 the disclosure statement shall name all the sponsors and the disclosing individual shall be one
49 of those sponsors. If a candidate is one of the sponsors, that candidate shall be the disclosing
50 individual, and if more than one candidate is the sponsor, at least one of the candidates shall be
51 the disclosing individual.

1 (f) Legal Remedy. – Pursuant to the conditions established in subdivisions (1), (2), and 2 (3) of this subsection, a candidate for an elective office who complied with the television and 3 radio disclosure requirements throughout that candidate's entire campaign shall have a 4 monetary remedy in a civil action against (i) an opposing candidate or candidate committee 5 whose television or radio advertisement violates these disclosure requirements and (ii) against 6 any political party organization, political action committee, individual, or other sponsor whose 7 advertisement for that elective office violates these disclosure requirements:

8 Any plaintiff candidate in a statewide race in an action under this section (1)9 shall complete and file a Notice of Complaint Regarding Failure to Disclose 10 on Television or Radio Campaign Advertising with the State Board of Elections after the airing of the advertisement but no later than the first 11 Friday after the Tuesday on which the election occurred. Candidates in 12 13 nonstatewide races may file the notice during the same time period with one county board of elections within the electoral area in which they are 14 candidates. The timely filing of this notice preserves the candidate's right to 15 bring an action in superior court any time within 90 days after the election. 16 17 A candidate shall bring the civil action in the county where the candidate 18 filed the notice.

19 (2) Upon receiving a favorable verdict in accordance with existing law, the 20 plaintiff candidate shall receive a monetary award of actual damages. The 21 price of actual damages shall be calculated as the total dollar amount of 22 television and radio advertising time that was aired and that the plaintiff 23 candidate correctly identifies as being in violation of the disclosure 24 requirements of this section.

The plaintiff candidate shall also receive an award that trebles the amount of actual damages if:

- a. The plaintiff candidate can establish having notified or attempted to notify the sponsor of the advertisement properly by return-receipt mail about the failure of a particular advertisement or advertisements to comply with the disclosure requirements of this section, and
- b. After the notice or attempted notice, the advertisement continued to be aired.

The treble damages shall be calculated from the date on which the return-receipt notice was accepted or rejected by a defendant sponsoring candidate or candidate committee, political party organization, political action committee, or individual. The plaintiff candidate or candidate committee shall send a copy of any return-receipt mailing to the relevant board of elections as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection within five days after the notice is returned to the possession of the candidate or candidate or candidate committee.

The plaintiff candidate may bring the civil action personally or authorize his or her candidate campaign committee to bring the civil action.

(3) A candidate who violates the disclosure requirements of State law in this section and that candidate's campaign committee shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment of damages and attorneys' fees. If the candidate is held personally liable for any payment of damages or attorneys' fees, the candidate for state or local office shall not use or be reimbursed by funds from the candidate's campaign committee in paying any amount.

(g) Relation to the Communications Act of 1934. – Television advertisements by a
 sponsor supporting or opposing the nomination or election of one or more clearly identified
 candidates shall comply with the oral disclosure requirements under State law in this section.

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1	Those advertisements shall also comply with disclosure requirements under the							
2	Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. §§ 315 and 317 by use of visual legends. The content							
3	of those visual legends is specified by the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. §§ 315 and							
4	317, and G.S. 163-278.39(a)(1). The size of those visual legends is determined by							
5	G.S. 163-278.39(b), which satisfies requirements under the Communications Act of 1934, 47							
6	U.S.C. §§ 315 and 317. In the case of radio advertisements, the oral disclosure requirements							
7	under State law in this section incorporate the content requirements under the Communications							
8	Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. §§ 315 and 317.							
9	(h) No Additional Liability of Television or Radio Outlets. – Television or radio outlets							
10	shall not be liable under this Part for carriage of political advertisements that fail to include the							
11	disclosure requirements provided for in this Part.							
12	(i) No Criminal Liability. – Nothing in this section regarding the disclosure							
13	requirements in subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall be relied upon or otherwise							
14	interpreted to create criminal liability."							
15	<b>SECTION 10.</b> Article 22E of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is repealed.							
16	<b>SECTION 11.</b> Article 22F of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is repealed.							
17	SECTION 12. G.S. 163-278.62(5a) reads as rewritten:							
18	"(5a) Electioneering communication. – As defined in $G.S. 163-278.80$ and							
19	G.S. 163-278.90, G.S. 163-278.6, except that it is made during the period							
20	beginning 30 days before absentee ballots become available for a primary							
21	and ending on primary election day and during the period 60 days before							
22	absentee ballots become available for a general election and ending on							
23	general election day."							
24	SECTION 13. G.S. 163-278.96(6a) reads as rewritten:							
25	"(6a) Electioneering communication. – As defined in $G.S. 163-278.80$ and							
26	G.S. 163-278.90, G.S. 163-278.6, except that it is made during the period							
27	beginning 30 days before absentee ballots become available for a primary							
28	and ending on primary election day and during the period 60 days before							
29	absentee ballots become available for a general election and ending on							
30	general election day."							
31	SECTION 14. G.S. 138A-3(15) reads as rewritten:							
32	"(15) Gift. – Anything of monetary value given or received without valuable							
33	consideration by or from a lobbyist, lobbyist principal, liaison personnel, or							
34	a person described under G.S. 138A-32(d)(1), (2), or (3). The following shall							
35	not be considered gifts under this subdivision:							
36	a. Anything for which fair market value, or face value if shown, is paid							
37	by the covered person or legislative employee.							
38	b. Commercially available loans made on terms not more favorable							
39	than generally available to the general public in the normal course of							
40	business if not made for the purpose of lobbying.							
41	c. Contractual arrangements or commercial relationships or							
42	arrangements made in the normal course of business if not made for							
43	the purpose of lobbying.							
44	d. Academic or athletic scholarships based on the same criteria as							
45	applied to the public.							
46	e. Campaign contributions <u>Anything of value</u> properly received and							
47	reported as required under Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General							
48	Statutes.							
49	f. Expressions of condolence related to a death of an individual, sent							
50	within a reasonable time of the death, if the expression is one of the							
51	following:							

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1			1. A sympathy card, letter, or note.	
2			2. Flowers.	
3			3. Food or beverages for immediate consumption	on
4			4. Donations to a religious organization, chari	
5			political subdivision of the State, not to exc	
6			hundred dollars (\$200.00) per death per don	
0 7		SECT	<b>TION 15.</b> G.S. 120C-800(e) reads as rewritten:	Л.
8	"(2)			
	"(e)		ection shall not apply to any of the following:	ules manadated and
9		(1)	Lawful campaign contributions <u>Anything of value</u> prope	-
10			reported as required under Article 22A of Chapter 163	of the General
11		$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	Statutes.	4 1 1 6 1
12		(2)	Any reportable expenditure from a designated individual's	s extended family
13			member to a designated individual.	
14		(3)	Reportable expenditures associated primarily with	-
15			individual's employment or that designated individual's i	mmediate family
16			member's employment.	
17		(4)	Reportable expenditures, other than food, beverages, tra	
18			which are received from a person who is a citizen of a cour	•
19			United States or a state other than North Carolina and	l given during a
20			ceremonial presentation or as a custom.	
21		(5)	A thing of value that is paid for by the State.	
22		(6)	A scholarship paid for by a nonpartisan state, regio	
23			international legislative organization of which the Gener	-
24			member or a legislator or legislative employee is a membe	
25			by virtue of that legislator's or legislative employee's public	
26			affiliated organization of that nonpartisan state, regio	nal, national, or
27			international organization."	
28			<b>TION 15.5.(a)</b> G.S. 163-293(b) reads as rewritten:	
29	"(b)		candidate for a single office receives a majority of the vo	
30			per of candidates receives a majority of the votes cast for a g	roup of offices, a
31	runoff ele		all be held as herein provided:	
32		(1)	If no candidate for a single office receives a majority of t	
33			candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be	
34			unless the candidate receiving the second highest number of	-
35			runoff election in accordance with subsection (c) of this	
36			runoff election only the names of the two candidates w	
37			highest and next highest number of votes shall be printed	
38			space for write-in votes shall be included on the ballo	ot for the runoff
39			election.	
40		(2)	If candidates for two or more offices (constituting a group)	
41			and aspirants for some or all of the positions within the gro	-
42			a majority of the votes, those candidates equal in numbe	-
43			remaining to be filled and having the highest number of	
44			declared elected unless some one or all of the candidates en	-
45			the positions remaining to be filled and having the second l	-
46			votes shall request a runoff election in accordance with sub	
47			section. In the runoff election to elect candidates for the	-
48			group remaining to be filled, the names of all those candid	-
49			highest number of votes and demanding a runoff election s	-
50			the ballot. No space for write-in votes shall be included on	the ballot for the
51			runoff election."	

1 **SECTION 15.5.(b)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2011, and applies 2 with respect to elections held on or after that date.

3 **SECTION 16.** If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, the 4 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect 5 without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are 6 severable.

7 **SECTION 17.** Sections 1 through 15 of this act become effective upon 8 preclearance by the United States Department of Justice. The remainder of this act is effective 9 when it becomes law.