GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 961

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/15/09 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 5/12/09 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H961-PCS30530-STx-94

Short Title:	Gov't Ethics and Campaign Reform Act of 2010.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

April 1, 2009

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN THE ELECTION PROCESS FOR COUNCIL OF STATE OFFICES THAT REGULATE INDIVIDUALS AND BUSINESSES IN THIS STATE; TO PROVIDE LIMITS ON THE TRADING OF INFLUENCE OR POSITION FOR GAIN; TO INCREASE THE PUNISHMENT FOR MAKING CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS IN THE NAME OF ANOTHER; TO INCREASE ACCESSIBILITY TO INFORMATION RELATED TO CANDIDATE CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES: TO STRENGTHEN PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT BY INCREASING THE REVOLVING DOOR PERIOD AND APPLICABILITY; TO STRENGTHEN TRANSPARENCY OF GOVERNMENT THROUGH ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES BY PUBLIC SERVANTS; TO INCREASE ACCOUNTABILITY OF PUBLIC SERVANTS, APPOINTEES OF THE GOVERNOR, AND STATE EMPLOYEES BY PERMITTING THE GOVERNOR TO ADOPT MINIMUM STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT: TO **STRENGTHEN** TRANSPARENCY OF GOVERNMENT THROUGH INCREASING ACCESSIBILITY TO PUBLIC RECORDS; TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES; AND TO MAKE OTHER CHANGES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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31 32 **SECTION 1.(a)** Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Article 22J.

"The Voter-Owned Elections Act.

"\$ 163-278.95. Purpose and establishment of Voter-Owned Elections Act.

The purpose of this Article is to ensure the vitality and fairness of democratic elections <u>for</u> elected offices that implement and provide oversight on the regulation or investigation of <u>individuals</u>, <u>businesses</u>, <u>or government</u> in North Carolina to the end that any eligible citizen of this State can realistically choose to seek and run for <u>that</u> public office. It is also the purpose of this Article to protect the constitutional rights of voters and candidates from the detrimental effects of increasingly large amounts of money being raised and spent in North Carolina to influence the outcome of elections. It is essential to the public interest that the potential for corruption or the appearance of corruption <u>within regulatory or investigatory offices overseen</u> by elected officials is minimized and that the equal and meaningful participation of all citizens



in the democratic process is ensured. Accordingly, this Article establishes the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund as an alternative source of campaign financing for candidates who obtain a sufficient number of qualifying contributions from registered voters and who voluntarily accept strict fund-raising and spending limits. This Article is available to candidates for the Council of State offices of Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Commissioner of Insurance in elections to be held in 2008 and thereafter, thereafter; to candidates for the Council of State office of Secretary of State and Treasurer, and to candidates for the offices of Commissioner of Agriculture and Commissioner of Labor, in elections to be held in 2012 and thereafter; and to candidates for the Council of State office of Attorney General in elections to be held in 2016 and thereafter.

"§ 163-278.96. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Board. The State Board of Elections.
- (2) Campaign-related expenditure. An expenditure that benefits the candidate's current campaign in accordance with guidelines established by the Board.
- (3) Candidate. An individual who becomes a candidate as described in G.S. 163-278.6(4). The term includes a "candidate campaign committee" as defined in G.S. 163-278.38Z(3).
- (4) Certified candidate. A candidate for office who chooses to receive campaign funds from the Fund and who is certified under G.S. 163-278.98(c). A write-in candidate authorized under G.S. 163-123 is not eligible to become a certified candidate.
- (5) Contested primary and contested general election. An election in which there are more candidates than the number to be elected.
- (6) Contribution. Defined in G.S. 163-278.6. A distribution from the Fund pursuant to this Article is not a "contribution" and is not subject to the limitations of G.S. 163-278.13 or the prohibitions of G.S. 163-278.15 or G.S. 163-278.19. Instead of being subject to G.S. 163-278.16B, distributions are subject to the guidelines issued by the Board pursuant to G.S. 163-278.98(e)(5).
- (6a) Electioneering communication. As defined in G.S. 163-278.80 and G.S. 163-278.90, except that it is made during the period beginning 30 days before absentee ballots become available for a primary and ending on primary election day and during the period 60 days before absentee ballots become available for a general election and ending on general election day.
- (7) Expenditure. Defined in G.S. 163-278.6.
- (8) Fund. The North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund established in G.S. 163-278.97.
- (9) Independent expenditure. Defined in G.S. 163-278.6.
- (10) Maximum qualifying contributions. If the candidate has an uncontested no primary, an amount equal to 100 one hundred dollars (\$100.00) times the filing fee minimum number of registered voters required to make a qualifying contribution under G.S. 163-278.98(b) for the office sought. If the candidate has a contested primary, 200 two hundred dollars (\$200.00) times the filing fee minimum number of registered voters required to make a qualifying contribution under G.S. 163-278.98(b) for the office sought.
- (11) Nonparticipating candidate. A candidate for office who is not seeking to be certified under G.S. 163-278.98(c).
- (12) Office. The Council of State offices of Auditor, <u>Secretary of State</u>, Superintendent of Public Instruction, <u>Treasurer</u>, <u>Commissioner of Agriculture</u>, <u>Commissioner of Labor</u>, and <u>Commissioner of Insurance</u>.

Page 2 House Bill 961 H961-PCS30530-STx-94

- (13) Participating candidate. A candidate for office who has filed a declaration of intent to participate under G.S. 163-278.98(a).
- (14) Political committee. Defined in G.S. 163-278.6.
- (15) Qualifying contribution. A contribution of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) and not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) in the form of a check or money order prescribed for noncash monetary contributions in G.S. 163-278.14(b) to the candidate that meets both of the following conditions:
 - a. Made by <u>any an individual who is a registered voter in this State. State at the time of the submittal of the report specified in G.S. 163-278.98(c).</u>
 - b. Made only during the qualifying period and obtained with the approval of the candidate or candidate's committee.
- (16) Qualifying period. The period beginning September 1 in the year before the election and ending on the day of the primary.
- (17) Trigger for matching funds. The dollar amount at which matching funds are released under G.S. 163-278.99B for certified candidates. In the case of a contested primary, the trigger equals the maximum qualifying contributions for the candidate. In the case of a contested general election, the trigger equals the base level of funding available under G.S. 163-278.99(b)(4).

"§ 163-278.97. Voter-Owned Elections Fund established; sources of funding.

- (a) Establishment of Fund. The North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund is established to finance the election campaigns of certified candidates for office and to pay administrative and enforcement costs of the Board related to this Article. The Fund is a special, dedicated, nonlapsing, nonreverting fund. Any interest generated by the Fund is credited to the Fund. The Board shall administer the Fund.
- (b) Sources of Funding. Money received from all the following sources must be deposited in the Fund:
 - (1) Unspent Fund revenues distributed for an election that remain unspent or uncommitted at the time the recipient is no longer a certified candidate in the election.
 - (2) Money ordered returned to the Fund in accordance with G.S. 163-278.99D.
 - (3) Money paid to the Fund equal to excess contributions as provided in G.S. 163-278.98(e)(1).
 - (4) Voluntary donations made directly to the Fund.
 - (5) Appropriations from the General Fund.
 - (6) Money collected pursuant to G.S. 55A-1-22, 57C-1-22, 58-33-125, 78A-35, 95-110.5(20), 95-69.11(11), 106-22, and 147-69.2(e).
- (c) Evaluation and Determination of Fund Amount. By January 1, 2011, and every four years thereafter, the Board, in conjunction with the Advisory Council established under G.S. 163-278.68(b), shall prepare and provide to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations of the General Assembly a report documenting, evaluating, and making recommendations relating to the administration, implementation, and enforcement of this Article. In its report, the Board shall set out the funds received to date and the expected needs of the Fund during the next election cycle and make recommendations about the feasibility of expanding its provisions to include other candidates for State office based on the experience of this Article and the experience of similar programs in North Carolina and other states. The Board shall also evaluate and make recommendations regarding how to address activities that could undermine the purpose of this Article, including spending that appears to target candidates but is not reached by regulation.
- "§ 163-278.98. Requirements for participation.

- (a) Declaration of Intent to Participate. Any individual choosing to receive campaign funds from the Fund shall first file with the Board a declaration of intent to participate in the program established by this Article as a candidate for a stated office. The declaration of intent shall be filed before or during the qualifying period and before collecting any qualifying contributions. In the declaration, the candidate shall swear or affirm that only one political committee, identified with its treasurer, shall handle all contributions, campaign-related expenditures, and obligations for the participating candidate and that the candidate will comply with the contribution and expenditure limits set forth in subsection (e) of this section and all other requirements set forth in this Article or adopted by the Board. Failure to comply is a violation of this Article.
- (b) Demonstration of Support of Candidacy. In order to be certified, participating candidates must obtain qualifying contributions from at least 750-900 registered voters in this State. State, and from an additional 100 registered voters in this State for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) that the grant amount for the office under G.S. 163-278.99(b)(4) exceeds three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000). Multiple contributions from the same individual to the same candidate shall not count as more than one qualifying contribution.

The qualifying contributions shall be equal to at least 25-twenty dollars (\$20.00) times the amount of the filing fee for the office. minimum number of qualifying contributions but shall not exceed the maximum qualifying contributions defined in G.S. 163-278.96(10). No payment, gift, or anything of value value, or the opportunity to win anything of value shall be given in exchange for a qualifying contribution.

- (c) Certification of Candidates. Upon receipt of a submittal of the record of qualifying contributions by a participating candidate, the Board shall determine whether or not the candidate has:
 - (1) Filed a completed declaration of intent to participate in this Article.
 - (2) Submitted a report itemizing the appropriate number of qualifying contributions received from registered voters, which the Board shall verify through a random sample or other means it adopts. The report shall include the county of residence of each registered voter listed.
 - (3) Filed a notice of candidacy with the State Board of Elections as a candidate for the office.
 - (4) Otherwise met the requirements for participation in this Article.

The Board shall certify candidates complying with the requirements of this section as soon as possible and no later than five business days after receipt of a satisfactory record of qualifying contributions.

- (d) Final Report for Qualifying Contributions. No later than five business days after the end of the qualifying period, all participating candidates shall submit a report to the Board of all previously unreported qualifying contributions, in accordance with procedures developed by the Board. Within seven business days after submittal of the final report, the Board shall determine, through a random audit or other means it adopts, whether the contributions abide by the definition of qualifying contributions, whether they must be returned to the donor, and whether they exceed the maximum amount of qualifying contributions.
- (e) Restrictions on Contributions and Expenditures for Participating and Certified Candidates. The following restrictions shall apply to contributions and expenditures with respect to participating and certified candidates:
 - (1) Beginning August 1 of the year before the election and before filing a declaration of intent, a candidate shall limit campaign-related expenditures to twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) and shall not accept more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) from sources and in amounts permitted by Article 22A of this Chapter. A candidate who exceeds either of these limits shall be ineligible to file a declaration of intent or receive funds from the

- Fund. However, the acceptance of contributions in excess of that twenty thousand dollar (\$20,000) limit does not render the candidate ineligible if the candidate pays to the Board an amount equal to the contributions accepted by the candidate in excess of that limit. The Board shall deposit all such payments into the Fund.
- From the filing of a declaration of intent through the end of the qualifying (2) period, a candidate may accept only qualifying contributions, contributions under ten dollars (\$10.00) from North Carolina voters, in-kind party contributions as permitted in subdivision (4) of this subsection, and personal and family contributions permitted under subdivision (4a) of this subsection. The total contributions the candidate may accept during this period shall not exceed the maximum qualifying contributions for that candidate. Except for personal and family contributions permitted under subdivision (4a) of this subsection, multiple contributions from the same contributor to the same candidate shall not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00). In addition to these contributions, the candidate may only expend during this period the remaining money raised pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection and possible matching funds received pursuant to G.S. 163-278.99B. If the candidate has any remaining money that was raised as contributions before August 1 of the year before the election, the candidate may not expend that money after filing the declaration of intent, except for purposes permitted under subdivision (2), (3), (6), (7), or (8) of G.S. 163-278.16B(a).
- (3) After the qualifying period and through the date of the general election, the candidate shall cease campaign-related fund-raising activities and shall expend only the funds the candidate receives from the Fund pursuant to G.S. 163-278.99(b) plus any funds remaining from the qualifying period and possible matching funds.
- (4) In addition to the amounts above, a candidate may accept in-kind contributions from political party executive committees, up to an aggregate value of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for the election cycle.
- (4a) During the qualifying period, the candidate may contribute up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of that candidate's own money to the campaign. Debt incurred by the candidate for a campaign expenditure shall count toward that limit. The candidate may accept in contributions one thousand dollars (\$1,000) from each member of that candidate's family consisting of spouse, parent, child, brother, and sister. Up to two hundred dollars (\$200.00) of a contribution from the candidate's family member may be treated as a qualifying contribution if it meets the requirements of G.S. 163-278.96(15)a. and b.
- (5) A candidate and the candidate's committee shall limit the use of all revenues permitted by this subsection to expenditures for campaign-related purposes only. The Board shall publish guidelines outlining permissible campaign-related expenditures.
- (6) Except as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, any contribution received by a participating or certified candidate that falls outside that permitted by this subsection shall be returned to the donor as soon as practicable. Contributions intentionally made, solicited, or accepted in violation of this Article are subject to civil penalties as specified in G.S. 163-278.99D. The funds involved shall be forfeited to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund.

- (7) A candidate shall return to the Fund any amount distributed for an election that is unspent and uncommitted at the date of the election or at the time the individual ceases to be a certified candidate, whichever occurs first. For accounting purposes, all qualifying, personal, and family contributions shall be considered spent before revenue from the Fund is spent or committed.
- (f) Revocation. A candidate may revoke, in writing to the Board, a decision to participate in the Fund at any time. After a revocation, that candidate may accept and expend outside the limits of this Article without violating this Article. Within 10 days after revocation, a candidate shall return to the Board all money received from the Fund.

"§ 163-278.99. Distribution from the Fund.

- (a) Timing of Fund Distribution. The Board shall distribute to a certified candidate revenue from the Fund in an amount determined under subdivision (b)(4) of this section as follows:
 - (1) One-third of the amount within five business days after the certified candidate's name is approved to appear on the ballot in a contested general election, but no earlier than five business days after the primary.
 - (2) The remainder of the amount on August 1 before the general election.
- (b) Amount of Fund Distribution. By August 1, 2011, and no less frequently than every four years thereafter, No later than August 1 of the second year before an election, the Board shall determine the amount of funds, rounded to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100.00), funds to be distributed to certified candidates as follows:
 - (1) Uncontested primaries. No primary. No funds shall be distributed.
 - (2) Contested primaries. No funds shall be distributed except as provided in G.S. 163-278.99B.
 - (3) Uncontested general elections. No funds shall be distributed.
 - (4) Contested general elections. The amount of funds to be distributed to a candidate is the average amount of campaign-related expenditures made <u>in</u> the general election by all candidates who won the immediately preceding three general elections for that office, <u>rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars (\$1,000)</u>, but not less than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000). For purposes of this subsection, "campaign-related expenditures" does not include loan repayments and contributions to a candidate, political committee, or political party. <u>For purposes of this subsection</u>, expenditures are made in the general election if they are required to be reported on the third and fourth quarterly reports.
- (c) Method of Fund Distribution. The Board, in consultation with the State Treasurer and the State Controller, shall develop a rapid, reliable method of conveying funds to certified candidates. In all cases, the Board shall distribute funds to certified candidates in a manner that is expeditious, ensures accountability, and safeguards the integrity of the Fund. If the money in the Fund is insufficient to fully fund all certified candidates, then the available money shall be distributed proportionally, according to each candidate's eligible funding, and the candidate may raise additional money in the same manner as a nonparticipating candidate for the same office up to the unfunded amount of the candidate's eligible funding.

"§ 163-278.99A. Reporting requirements.

(a) Reporting by Noncertified Candidates and Other Entities. – Any nonparticipating candidate with a certified opponent shall report total contributions received to the Board by facsimile machine or electronically within 24 hours after the total amount of contributions received exceeds eighty percent (80%) of the trigger for matching funds as defined in G.S. 163-278.96(17). Any entity making independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to a certified candidate, or in support of a candidate opposing a certified candidate, or paying for electioneering communications referring to one of those candidates, shall report

- the total funds received, spent, or obligated for those expenditures or payments to the Board by facsimile machine or electronically within 24 hours after the total amount of expenditures or obligations made, or funds raised or borrowed, for the purpose of making the independent expenditures or electioneering communications exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000). After the initial 24-hour filing, the nonparticipating candidate or other reporting entity shall comply with an expedited reporting schedule. The schedule and forms for reports required by this subsection shall be supplied by the Board.
- (b) Reporting by Participating and Certified Candidates. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, participating and certified candidates shall report any money received and all campaign expenditures, obligations, and related activities to the Board according to procedures developed by the Board. Upon the filing of a final report for any losing primary election, special election, or general election, each candidate who has revenues from the Fund remaining unspent shall return those revenues to the Board. In developing these procedures, the Board shall utilize existing campaign reporting procedures wherever practicable.
- (c) Timely Access to Reports. The Board shall ensure prompt public access to the reports received in accordance with this Article. The Board may utilize electronic means of reporting and storing information.

"§ 163-278.99B. Matching funds.

- (a) When Matching Funds Become Available. When any report or group of reports shows that "funds in opposition to a certified candidate or in support of an opponent to that candidate" as described in this section exceed the trigger for matching funds as defined in G.S. 163-278.96(17), the Board shall issue immediately to that certified candidate an additional amount equal to the reported excess within the limits set forth in this section. "Funds in opposition to a certified candidate or in support of an opponent to that candidate" shall be equal to the sum of subdivisions (1) and (2) as follows:
 - (1) The greater of the following:
 - a. Campaign expenditures or obligations made, or funds raised or borrowed, whichever is greater, reported by any one nonparticipating opponent of a certified candidate. Where a certified candidate has more than one nonparticipating opponent, the measure shall be taken from the nonparticipating candidate showing the highest relevant dollar amount.
 - b. The funds distributed in accordance with G.S. 163-278.99(b) to a certified opponent of the certified candidate.
 - (2) The aggregate total of all expenditures and payments reported in accordance with G.S. 163-278.99A(a) of entities making independent expenditures or electioneering communications in opposition to the certified candidate or in support of any opponent of that certified candidate.
- (b) Limit on Matching Funds in Contested Primary. Before Date of Primary. Total matching funds to a certified candidate in a contested before the date of the primary shall be limited to an amount equal to the maximum qualifying contributions for a candidate with a contested primary. Matching funds are available to a certified candidate with an opponent in the primary or to a certified candidate who is clearly referred to in expenditures reportable under G.S. 163-278.99A made in opposition to that candidate.
- (c) Limit on Matching Funds in Contested General Election. Total matching funds to a certified candidate in a contested general election shall be limited to an amount equal to two times the amount described in G.S. 163-278.99(b)(4).
- (d) Determinations by Board. In the case of electioneering communications, the Board shall determine which candidate, if any, is entitled to receive matching funds as a result of the communication. The Board shall issue matching funds based on the communication only if it ascertains that the communication is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation other than

as an appeal to vote for or against a specific candidate. In making its determination, the Board shall not consider evidence external to the communication itself of the intent of the sponsor or the effect of the communication. The Board shall notify each candidate it determines is entitled to receive matching funds based on those communications, the sponsor of those communications, and any candidate who is an opponent of the candidate it determines is entitled to the matching funds. The Board shall give the sponsor of the communication and any opposing candidate an adequate opportunity to rebut the determination of the Board. In considering the rebuttal, all candidates in the race and the sponsor shall be given adequate and equal opportunity to be heard. The Board shall adopt procedures for implementing this subsection, balancing in those procedures adequacy of opportunity to rebut and adequacy and equality of opportunity to be heard on the rebuttal with the need to expedite the decision on awarding matching funds. The Board shall distribute the matching funds, if any, at the conclusion of its process.

- (e) Proportional Measuring of Multicandidate Communications. In calculating the amount of matching funds a certified candidate is eligible to receive under this section, the Board shall include the proportion of expenditures, obligations, or payments for multicandidate communications that pertains to the candidate.
- (f) No Matching Funds for Communications Supporting or Opposing All Candidates. No matching funds are available under this section as a result of an expenditure that supports all candidates for the same office or opposes all candidates for the same office. No matching funds are available under this section as a result of an electioneering communication that the Board ascertains is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation other than as an appeal to vote for all candidates for the same office.

"§ 163-278.99C. Unaffiliated and new-party candidates.

Unaffiliated candidates certified pursuant to G.S. 163-122 and new-party candidates certified pursuant to G.S. 163-98 shall be eligible for revenues from the Fund in the same amounts and at the same time as specified in G.S. 163-278.99. For unaffiliated candidates and new-party candidates not certified to appear on the ballot by noon on the deadline set in G.S. 163-106(c) for candidate filing in the election year, the deadline for seeking certification to receive revenue from the Fund is noon on the first business day of July of the election year.

"§ 163-278.99D. Enforcement by the Board; civil penalty.

In addition to any other penalties that may be applicable, any individual, political committee, or other entity that violates any provision of this Article is subject to a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation or three times the amount of any financial transactions involved in the violation, whichever is greater. In addition to any fine, for good cause shown, a candidate found in violation of this Article may be required to return to the Fund all amounts distributed to the candidate from the Fund. If the Board makes a determination that a violation of this Article has occurred, the Board shall calculate and assess the amount of the civil penalty and shall notify the entity that is assessed the civil penalty of the amount that has been assessed. The Board shall then proceed in the manner prescribed in G.S. 163-278.34. In determining whether or not a candidate is in violation of this Article, the Board may consider as a mitigating factor any circumstances out of the candidate's control.

"§ 163-278.99D.1. Enforcement and administration.

- (a) Enforcement by the Board. The Board, with the advice of the Advisory Council for the Public Campaign Fund established by G.S. 163-278.68, shall administer the provisions of this Article.
- (b) Appeals. The initial decision on an issue concerning qualification, certification, or distribution of funds under this Article shall be made by the Executive Director of the Board. The procedure for challenging that decision is as follows:
 - (1) An individual or entity aggrieved by a decision by the Executive Director of the Board may appeal to the full Board within three business days of the

- decision. The appeal shall be in writing and shall set forth the reasons for the appeal.
 - Within five business days after an appeal is properly made, and after due notice is given to the parties, the Board shall hold a hearing. The appellant has the burden of providing clear and convincing evidence to demonstrate that the decision of the Executive Director was improper. The Board shall rule on the appeal within three business days after the completion of the hearing.
 - (c) Board to Adopt Procedures and Issue Opinions. The Board shall adopt procedures and issue opinions to ensure effective administration of this Article. Such procedures and opinions shall include, but not be limited to, procedures for obtaining qualifying contributions, certification of candidates, addressing circumstances involving special elections, vacancies, recounts, withdrawals, or replacements, collection of revenues for the Fund, distribution of Fund revenue to certified candidates, return of unspent Fund disbursements, and compliance with this Article. The Board shall adopt procedures for the distribution of matching money that further the purpose and avoid the subversion of G.S. 163-278.99B. For races involving special elections, recounts, vacancies, withdrawals, or replacement candidates, the Board shall establish procedures for qualification, certification, disbursement of Fund revenues, and return of unspent Fund revenues. Where applicable, the Board shall adopt the provisions of G.S. 163-278.64A. The Board shall fulfill each of these duties in consultation with the Advisory Council on the Public Campaign Fund.
 - (d) Report to the Public. The Advisory Council for the Public Campaign Fund shall issue a report by March 1, 2013, and every two years thereafter that evaluates and makes recommendations about the implementation of this Article based on the experience of the Fund and the experience of similar programs in other states. The Advisory Council shall also evaluate and make recommendations regarding how to address activities that could undermine the purpose of this Article, including spending that appears to target candidates receiving money from the Fund but that does not meet the definition of "independent expenditures."

"§ 163-278.99E. Voter education.

- (a) Voter Guide. The Board shall publish a Voter Guide that explains the functions of office as defined in G.S. 163-278.96(12) and the laws concerning the election all 10 offices of the Council of State, the purpose and function of the Fund, and the laws concerning voter registration. The Board shall distribute the Guide to as many voting-age individuals in the State as practical, through a mailing to all residences or other means it deems effective. The State Board of Elections shall maintain a list of the addresses from which mailed Voter Guides are returned as undeliverable. That list shall be available for public inspection. The distribution shall occur no more than 28 days nor fewer than seven days before the one-stop voting period provided in G.S. 163-227.2 for the primary and no more than 28 days nor fewer than seven days before the one-stop voting period provided in G.S. 163-227.2 for the general election.
- (b) Candidate Information. The Voter Guide shall include information concerning all candidates for office as defined in G.S. 163-278.96(12), all 10 of the offices of the Council of State, as provided by those candidates according to a format provided to the candidates by the Board. The Board shall request information for the Guide from each candidate according to the following format:
 - (1) Place of residence.
 - (2) Education.
 - (3) Occupation.
 - (4) Employer.
 - (5) Previous elective offices held.
- 50 (6) Endorsements, limited to 50 words. Endorsements. Concerning endorsements, the Board shall send to the candidates instructions as follows:

"In order to have an endorsement published, you must provide written confirmation to the Board from the endorsing person or organization that you received that person's or organization's endorsement."

(7) Candidate statement, limited to 150 words. Statement. — Concerning that statement, the Board shall send to the candidates instructions as follows: "Your statement may include information such as your qualifications, your endorsements, why you would make a good elected official, what distinguishes you from your opponent(s), and any other information relevant to your candidacy. The State Board of Elections will reject any portion of any statement which it determines contains obscene, profane, or defamatory language. The candidate shall have three days to resubmit the candidate statement if the Board rejects a portion of the statement."

The entire entry for a candidate shall be limited to 250 words.

- (c) Disclaimer. The Voter Guide shall contain the following statement: "Statements by candidates do not express or reflect the opinions of the State Board of Elections."
- (d) Relationship to the Judicial Voter Guide. The Board may Whenever possible, the Board shall publish the Voter Guide in conjunction with the Judicial Voter Guide described in G.S. 163-278.69."

SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 55A-1-22 reads as rewritten:

"§ 55A-1-22. Filing, service, and copying fees.

(a) The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees when the documents described in this subsection are delivered to the Secretary for filing:

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24		Document	Fee
25	(1)	Articles of incorporation	\$60.00 <u>\$65.00</u>
26	(2)	Application for reserved name	\$10.00
27	(3)	Notice of transfer of reserved name	\$10.00
28	(4)	Application for registered name	\$10.00
29	(5)	Application for renewal of registered name	\$10.00
30	(6)	Corporation's statement of change of registered agent or	
31		registered office or both	\$ 5.00
32	(7)	Agent's statement of change of registered office for each	
33		affected corporation	\$ 5.00
34	(8)	Agent's statement of resignation	No fee
35	(9)	Designation of registered agent or registered office or both	\$ 5.00
36	(10)	Amendment of articles of incorporation	\$25.00
37	(11)	Restated articles of incorporation without amendment of articles	\$10.00
38	(12)	Restated articles of incorporation with amendment of articles	\$25.00
39	(13)	Articles of merger	\$25.00
40	(14)	Articles of dissolution	\$15.00
41	(15)	Articles of revocation of dissolution	\$10.00
42	(16)	Certificate of administrative dissolution	No fee
43	(17)	Application for reinstatement following administrative	
44		dissolution	\$100.00
45	(18)	Certificate of reinstatement	No fee
46	(19)	Certificate of judicial dissolution	No fee
47	(20)	Application for certificate of authority	\$125.00
48	(21)	Application for amended certificate of authority	\$25.00
49	(22)	Application for certificate of withdrawal	\$10.00
50	(23)	Certificate of revocation of authority to conduct affairs	No fee
51	(24)	Corporation's Statement of Change of Principal Office	\$ 5.00

Page 10 House Bill 961 H961-PCS30530-STx-94

General Assem	ably Of North Carolina	Session 2009
(24a)	Designation of Principal Office Address	\$ 5.00
(25)	Articles of correction	\$10.00
(26)	Application for certificate of existence or authorization (paper)	\$15.00
(26a)	Application for certificate of existence or authorization	
	(electronic)	\$10.00
(27)	Any other document required or permitted to be filed by this	
	Chapter	\$10.00
(28)	Repealed by Session Laws 2001-358, s. 7(c), effective January 1	1, 2002.
<u>(a1)</u> Of the	ne fee charged pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section, five	dollars (\$5.00)
shall be paid	into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for	distribution in
accordance with	Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes.	
(b) The	Secretary of State shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) each	time process is
served on the	Secretary under this Chapter. The party to a proceeding cause	sing service of
process is entitle	ed to recover this fee as costs if the party prevails in the proceeding	ng.
(c) The	Secretary of State shall collect the following fees for copying,	comparing, and
certifying a cop	y of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign corpora	tion:
(1)	One dollar (\$1.00) a page for copying or comparing a copy to	the original.
(2)	Fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for a paper certificate.	
(3)	Ten dollars (\$10.00) for an electronic certificate."	
SEC	TION 1.(c) G.S. 57C-1-22 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 57C-1-22. F	liling, service, and copying fees.	
(a) The	Secretary of State shall collect the following fees when	the documents
described in this	s subsection are delivered to the Secretary of State for filing:	
	<u>Document</u>	<u>Fee</u>
(1)	Articles of organization	\$125.00 <u>\$130.00</u>
(2)	Application for reserved name	10.00
(3)	Notice of transfer of reserved name	10.00
(4)	Application for registered name	10.00
(5)	Application for renewal of registered name	10.00
(6)	Limited liability company's statement of change of registered	
	agent or registered office or both	5.00
(7)	Agent's statement of change of registered office for each	
	affected limited liability company	5.00
(8)	Agent's statement of resignation	No fee
(9)	Designation of registered agent or registered office or both	5.00
(10)	Amendment of articles of organization	50.00
(11)	Restated articles of organization without amendment of articles	10.00
(12)	Restated articles of organization with amendment of articles	50.00
(12a)	Articles of conversion (other than articles of conversion include	d
	as part of another document)	50.00
(13)	Articles of merger	50.00
(14)	Articles of dissolution	30.00
(15)	Cancellation of articles of dissolution	10.00
(16)	Certificate of administrative dissolution	No fee
(16a)	Application for reinstatement following administrative	
, ,	dissolution	100.00
(17)	Certificate of reinstatement	No fee
(18)	Certificate of judicial dissolution	No fee
` ′	<u>v</u>	250.00
(19)	Application for certificate of authority	250.00
(19) (20)	Application for amended certificate of authority	50.00

- company:

 (1) One dollar (\$1.00) a page for copying or comparing a copy to the original;
 - and
 - (2) Fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for a paper certificate.

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(3) Ten dollars (\$10.00) for an electronic certificate."

SECTION 1.(d) G.S. 58-33-125(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Any person who is not licensed and who is required by law or administrative rule to secure a license shall, upon application for licensing, pay to the Commissioner a fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00). If additional licensing for other kinds of insurance is requested, a fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) fifty-five dollars (\$55.00) shall be paid to the Commissioner upon application for licensing for each additional kind of insurance. Of the fifty-five dollar (\$55.00) fee charged, five dollars (\$5.00) shall be paid into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund or distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes.

In addition to the fees prescribed by this subsection, any person applying for a supplemental license to sell Medicare supplement and long-term care insurance policies shall pay an additional fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) upon application for licensing for those kinds of insurance."

SECTION 1.(e) G.S. 78A-37(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Every applicant for initial or renewal registration shall pay a filing fee of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) three hundred five dollars (\$305.00) in the case of a dealer and one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) one hundred thirty dollars (\$130.00) in the case of a salesman. The Administrator may by rule reduce the registration fee proportionately when the registration will be in effect for less than a full year. Of a fee charged pursuant to this subsection, five dollars (\$5.00) shall be paid into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 1.(f) G.S. 95-110.5(20) reads as rewritten:

"(20) To establish fees not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for the inspection and issuance of certificates of operation for all devices and equipment subject to this Article upon installation or alteration, for each follow-up inspection, and for annual periodic inspections thereafter. Of the fee charged pursuant to this subdivision, five dollars (\$5.00) shall be paid into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."

Page 12 House Bill 961 H961-PCS30530-STx-94

SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 95-69.11(11) reads as rewritten:

"(11) To establish reasonable fees for the inspection and issuance of inspection certificates for boilers and pressure vessels that are in use. Of any fee charged pursuant to this subdivision, five dollars (\$5.00) shall be paid into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 106-22 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(18) Rental agreements. – For every rental agreement where the Board or the Commissioner is the lessor, the Board or Commissioner shall pay five percent (5%) of the rental agreement into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 147-69.2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(e) There shall be charged a fee of two one-hundredths of a percent (.02%) on each fund held by the Treasurer that consists of nontax revenue, excluding funds holding monies for pensions and retirement, escheats, general fund, federal funds, and bond proceeds, to be paid into the North Carolina Voter-Owned Elections Fund for distribution in accordance with Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 1.(j) For the period January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2012, two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) of each three dollar (\$3.00) allocation under G.S. 105-159.2 shall be transferred on a monthly basis to the North Carolina Voter-Owned Election Fund for distribution under Article 22J of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes in the 2012 election.

SECTION 1.(k) The State Board of Elections shall make the determination of available funds required by G.S. 163-278.99(b), as enacted by this section, on October 1, 2010, or within 30 days of receiving preclearance under section 5 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, whichever date occurs first.

SECTION 1.(1) This section becomes effective October 1, 2010.

SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 163-278.96(12), as amended by Section 1 of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(12) Office. – The Council of State offices of <u>Attorney General</u>, Auditor, Secretary of State, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Treasurer, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commissioner of Labor, and Commissioner of Insurance."

SECTION 2.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2015.

SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 126-14 reads as rewritten:

"§ 126-14. Promise or threat to obtain political contribution or support.

- (a) It is unlawful for a State employee or a person appointed to State office, other than elective office or office on a board, commission, committee, or council whose function is advisory only, whether or not subject to the Personnel Act, to coerce:
 - (1) a State employee subject to the Personnel Act,
 - (2) a probationary State employee,
 - (3) a temporary State employee, or
 - (4) an applicant for a position subject to the Personnel Act

to support or contribute to a political candidate, political committee as defined in G.S. 163-278.6, or political party or to change the party designation of his the individual's voter registration by threatening that change in employment status or discipline or preferential personnel treatment will occur with regard to a person an individual listed in subdivisions (1) through (4).

(a1) It is unlawful for an individual as defined in G.S. 138A-3(30)a. to coerce a person as described in G.S. 138A-32(d)(1), (2), or (3) to support or contribute to a political candidate, a political committee as defined in G.S. 163-278.6, or a political party by threatening discipline

or promising preferential treatment with regard to that person's business with the individual's State office or that person's activities regulated by the individual's State office.

- (b) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.
- (c) A State employee subject to the Personnel Act, probationary State employee, or temporary State employee who without probable cause falsely accuses a State employee or a person appointed to State office of violating this section shall be subject to discipline or change in employment status in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 126-35, 126-37, and 126-38 and may, as otherwise provided by law, be subject to criminal penalties for perjury or civil liability for libel, slander, or malicious prosecution."

SECTION 3.(b) This section becomes effective December 1, 2010, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 14-234(a) reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-234. Public officers or employees benefiting from public contracts; exceptions.

- (a) No public officer or employee who is involved in making or administering a contract on behalf of a public agency may derive a direct benefit from the contract except as provided in this section, or as otherwise allowed by law.
 - (2) A public officer or employee who will derive a direct benefit from a contract with the public agency he or she serves, but who is not involved in making or administering the contract, shall not attempt to influence any other person who is involved in making or administering the contract.
 - (3) No public officer or employee may solicit or receive any gift, <u>favor</u>, reward, <u>service</u>, or promise of <u>reward</u> <u>reward</u>, <u>including a promise of future employment</u>, in exchange for recommending, influencing, or attempting to influence the award of a contract by the public agency he or she serves."

SECTION 4.(b) This section becomes effective December 1, 2010, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 120C-304(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) No legislator or former legislator may register as a lobbyist under this Chapter:Chapter
 - (1) While while in office or
 - (2) Before the later of the close of session as set forth in G.S. 120C-100(a)(4)b.1 in which the legislator served or six months within one year after leaving office."

SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 120C-304(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) No public servant or former public servant as defined in G.S. 138A-3(30)a. may register as a lobbyist <u>under this Chapter</u> while in office or within <u>six months</u> one <u>year</u> after leaving office."

SECTION 5.(c) G.S. 120C-304(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) No public servant or former public servant as defined in G.S. 138A-3(30)c. employee of any State agency may register as a lobbyist under this Chapter lobby the State agency that previously employed the former employee within six months one year after voluntary or for cause separation from employment as a public servant. with that State agency."

SECTION 5.(d) G.S. 120C-200 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

- "(f) In addition to the information required for registration under subsection (b) of this section, former employees of a State agency who register as a lobbyist within one year after voluntary or for cause separation from employment with the State agency shall also indicate which State agency was employed."
- **SECTION 5.(e)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2010, and applies to individuals leaving office or employment on or after that date.

SECTION 6. G.S. 163-278.22(7) reads as rewritten:

Page 14

"(7) To make investigations to the extent the Board deems necessary with respect to statements filed under the provisions of this Article and with respect to alleged failures to file any statement required under the provisions of this Article or Article 22M of the General Statutes and, upon complaint under oath by any registered voter, with respect to alleged violations of any part of this Article or Article 22M of the General Statutes. The Board has the authority to hire or contract with a special investigator, if needed, for this purpose."

SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 163-278.27 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-278.27. Criminal penalties; duty to report and prosecute.

- (a) Any individual, candidate, political committee, referendum committee, treasurer, person or media who intentionally violates the applicable provisions of G.S. 163-278.7, 163-278.8, 163-278.9, 163-278.10, 163-278.11, 163-278.12, 163-278.13, 163-278.13B, 163-278.14, 163-278.16, 163-278.16B, 163-278.17, 163-278.18, 163-278.19, 163-278.20, 163-278.39, 163-278.40A, 163-278.40B, 163-278.40C, 163-278.40D, 163-278.40E, or 163-278.40J is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. The statute of limitations as stated in G.S. 15-1 shall run from the day the last report is due to be filed with the appropriate board of elections for the election cycle for which the violation occurred.
- (a1) A violation of G.S. 163-278.32 by making a certification knowing the information to be untrue is a Class I felony.
- (a2) A person or individual who intentionally violates G.S. 163-278.14(a) or G.S. 163-278.19(a) and the unlawful contributions total more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per election is guilty of a Class I felony.
- (b) Whenever the Board has knowledge of or has reason to believe there has been a violation of any section of this Article, it shall report that fact, together with accompanying details, to the following prosecuting authorities:
 - (1) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the State Senate or State House of Representatives: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which the candidate for nomination or election resides;
 - (2) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Attorney General, State Commissioner of Agriculture, State Commissioner of Labor, State Commissioner of Insurance, and all other State elective offices, Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, judge of a superior court, judge of a district court, and district attorney of the superior court: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which Wake County is located;
 - (3) In the case of an individual other than a candidate, including, without limitation, violations by members of political committees, referendum committees or treasurers: report to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district in which the individual resides; and
 - (4) In the case of a person or any group of individuals: report to the district attorney or district attorneys [of] the prosecutorial district or districts in which any of the officers, directors, agents, employees or members of the person or group reside.
- (c) Upon receipt of such a report from the Board, the appropriate district attorney shall prosecute the individual or persons alleged to have violated a section or sections of this Article.

(d) As a condition of probation, a sentencing judge may order that the costs incurred by the State Board of Elections in investigating and aiding the prosecution of a case be paid to the State Board of Elections by the defendant on such terms and conditions as set by the judge."

SECTION 7.(b) G.S. 163-278.14(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) No individual, political committee, or other entity shall make any contribution anonymously or in the name of another. No candidate, political committee, referendum committee, political party, or treasurer shall knowingly accept any contribution made by any individual or person in the name of another individual or person or made anonymously. If a candidate, political committee, referendum committee, political party, or treasurer receives anonymous contributions or contributions determined to have been made in the name of another, he shall pay the money over to the Board, by check, and all such moneys received by the Board shall be deposited in the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund of the State of North Carolina. This subsection shall not apply to any contribution by an individual with the lawful authority to act on behalf of another individual, whether through power of attorney, trustee, or other lawful authority."

SECTION 7.(c) This section becomes effective December 1, 2010, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

SECTION 8. In order to foster and facilitate transparency of information relating to political campaigns, the State Board of Elections shall create an easily searchable database to provide any member of the public with access to the database to search by geographic location, occupation, employer, contributor, or contributee, within an election cycle and over a period of time as specified by the searcher.

SECTION 9. Article 2 of Chapter 143C of the General Statutes is amended to add new sections to read:

"§ 143C-2-5. Grants and contracts database.

- (a) The Director of the Budget shall require the Office of State Budget and Management, with the support of Information Technology Services, to build and maintain a database and Web site for providing a single, searchable Web site on State spending for grants and contracts.
- (b) Heads of the principal departments as listed in G.S. 143B-6 shall monthly conduct a review of all State contracts and grants administered by the principal department.
- (c) All State institutions, departments, bureaus, agencies, or commissions subject to the authority of the Director of the Budget that maintain a Web site shall be required to include an access link to the NC OpenBook Web site on the home page of the agency Web site. Each agency shall also prominently display a search engine on the agency Web site home page to allow for ease of searching for information, including contracts and grants, on the agency's Web site.

"§ 143C-2-6. Contents of database and Web site.

- (a) The Office of State Controller, the Department of Administration, and Information Technology Services shall provide the Office of State Budget and Management with the statewide information on State contracts necessary for the development and maintenance of the database and Web site required by this Article, with the information updated at least every 30 days.
- (b) The Office of State Budget and Management shall work with the Office of the State Auditor and the Grant Information Center to incorporate data on grants into the database and Web site required by this Article. All State institutions, departments, bureaus, agencies, or commissions subject to the authority of the Governor shall make necessary changes to existing reporting processes for grants and contracts to ensure the goals of this Article are met.
- (c) All State contracts and grants awarded in amounts in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) shall be included in the database and Web site required by this Article. The following information shall be provided for each contract or grant:

The chief information officer, deputy chief information officers, 1 <u>p.</u> 2 chief financial officers, and general counsel of the Office of 3 Information Technology. 4 The director of the State Museum of Art. <u>q.</u> 5 The executive director of the Agency for Public Telecommunication. <u>r.</u> 6 The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. S. 7 The Commissioner of Banks and the chief deputy commissioners of t. 8 the Banking Commission. 9 The executive director of the North Carolina Housing Finance <u>u.</u> 10 Agency. 11 The executive director, chief financial officer, and chief operating v. officer of the North Carolina Turnpike Authority." 12 13 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 143B-478 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 14 The Commission shall be treated as a board for purposes of Chapter 138A of the "(f) General Statutes." 15 **SECTION 12.** G.S. 138A-22 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 16 17 "(d1) In addition to subsections (a) and (d) of this section, a covered person holding elected office or a former covered person who held elected office subject to this Article shall 18 file a statement of economic interest in all of the following instances, as specified: 19 20 (1) Filed on or before April 15 of the year following the year a covered person elects not to continue in the position making that individual a covered 21 22 person, with all information provided in the statement of economic interest 23 current as of the last day of December of the preceding year. 24 <u>(2)</u> Filed on or before April 15 of the year following the year the covered person 25 resigns from the position making that individual a covered person, with all 26 information provided in the statement of economic interest current as of the 27 last day in the position. 28 **(3)** Filed on or before April 15 of the year following the year the covered person 29 dies while holding the position that made the deceased a covered person, 30 with all information provided in the statement of economic interest current 31 as of the day of death. The statement of economic interest shall be filed by 32 the personal representative of the estate." 33 **SECTION 13.(a)** G.S. 138A-24(a) reads as rewritten: 34 "§ 138A-24. Contents of statement. 35 Any statement of economic interest filed under this Article shall be on a form prescribed by the Commission and sworn to by the filing person. Commission. Answers must 36 37 be provided to all questions. The form shall include the following information about the filing 38 person and the filing person's immediate family: 39 Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the name, current mailing (1) 40 address, occupation, employer, and business of the filing person. Any individual holding or seeking elected office for which residence is a 41 42 qualification for office shall include a home address. A judicial officer may use a current mailing address instead of the home address on the form 43 required in this subsection. The judicial officer may also use the initials 44 instead of the name of any unemancipated child of the judicial officer who 45 also resides in the household of the judicial officer. If the judicial officer 46 47 provides the initials of an unemancipated child, the judicial officer shall 48 concurrently provide the name of the unemancipated child to the Commission. The name of an unemancipated child provided by the judicial 49 50 officer to the Commission shall not be a public record under Chapter 132 of

the General Statutes and is privileged and confidential.

- (2) A list of each asset and liability included in this subdivision of whatever nature (including legal, equitable, or beneficial interest) with a value of at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) owned by the filing person and the filing person's immediate family, except assets or liabilities held in a blind trust. This list shall include the following:
 - a. All real estate located in the State owned wholly or in part by the filing person or the filing person's immediate family, including descriptions adequate to determine the location by city and county of each parcel.
 - b. Real estate that is currently leased or rented to or from the State.
 - c. Personal property sold to or bought from the State within the preceding two years.
 - d. Personal property currently leased or rented to or from the State.
 - e. The name of each publicly owned company. For purposes of this sub-subdivision, the term "publicly owned company" shall not include a widely held investment fund, including a mutual fund, regulated investment company, or pension or deferred compensation plan, if all of the following apply:
 - 1. The filing person or a member of the filing person's immediate family neither exercises nor has the ability to exercise control over the financial interests held by the fund.
 - 2. The fund is publicly traded, or the fund's assets are widely diversified.
 - f. The name of each nonpublicly owned company or business entity, including interests in <u>sole proprietorships</u>, partnerships, limited partnerships, joint ventures, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and closely held corporations.
 - g. For each company or business entity listed under sub-subdivision f. of this subdivision, if known, a list of any other companies or business entities in which the company or business entity owns securities or equity interests exceeding a value of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
 - h. A list of all nonpublicly owned businesses of which the filing person and the filing person's immediate family is an officer, employee, director, partner, owner, or member or manager of a limited liability company.
 - i. For any company or business entity listed under sub-subdivisions f., g., and h. of this subdivision, if known, any company or business entity that has any material business dealings, contracts, or other involvement with the State, or is regulated by the State, including a brief description of the business activity.
 - j. For a vested trust created, established, or controlled by the filing person of which the filing person or the members of the filing person's immediate family are the beneficiaries, excluding a blind trust, the name and address of the trustee, a description of the trust, and the filing person's relationship to the trust.
 - k. A list of all liabilities, excluding indebtedness on the filing person's primary personal residence, by type of creditor and debtor.
 - 1. Repealed by Session Laws 2007-348, s. 34. See Editor's note for effective date.

1 A list of all stock options in a company or business not otherwise m. 2 disclosed on this statement. 3 (3) The name of each source (not specific amounts) of income of more than five 4 thousand dollars (\$5,000) received during the previous year by business or 5 industry type, if that source is not listed under subdivision (2) of this 6 subsection. Income shall include salary, wages, professional fees, honoraria, 7 interest, dividends, rental income, and business income from any source 8 other than capital gains, federal government retirement, military retirement, 9 or social security income. If the filing person is a practicing attorney, an indication of whether the 10 (4) filing person, or the law firm with which the filing person is affiliated, 11 earned legal fees during the past year in excess of ten thousand dollars 12 13 (\$10,000) from any of the following categories of legal representation: 14 Administrative law. 15 b. Admiralty law. 16 c. Corporate law. 17 Criminal law. d. 18 e. Decedents' estates law. 19 f. Environmental law. 20 Insurance law. g. 21 h. Labor law. 22 i. Local government law. 23 j. Negligence or other tort litigation law. 24 k. Real property law. 25 1. Securities law. 26 Taxation law. m. 27 Utilities regulation law. 28 (5) Except for a filing person in compliance under subdivision (4) of this 29 subsection, if the filing person is a licensed professional or provides 30 consulting services, either individually or as a member of a professional 31 association, a list of categories of business and the nature of services 32 rendered, for which payment for services were charged or paid during the 33 past year in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). 34 (6) An indication of whether the filing person, the filing person's employer, a 35 member of the filing person's immediate family, or the immediate family 36 member's employer is licensed or regulated by, or has a business relationship 37 with, the board or employing entity with which the filing person is or will be 38 associated. This subdivision does not apply to a legislator, a judicial officer, 39 or that legislator's or judicial officer's immediate family. 40 A list of societies, organizations, or advocacy groups, pertaining to subject (7) 41 matter areas over which the public servant's agency or board may have 42 jurisdiction, in which the public servant or a member of the public servant's 43 immediate family is a director, officer, or governing board member. This subdivision does not apply to a legislator, a judicial officer, or that 44 45 legislator's or judicial officer's immediate family. A list of all things with a total value of over two hundred dollars (\$200.00) 46 (8) 47 per calendar quarter given and received without valuable consideration and

not required to report under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes, excluding things given by a member of the filing person's extended family. The list

under circumstances that a reasonable person would conclude that the thing

was given for the purpose of lobbying, if such things were given by a person

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 shall include only those things received during the 12 months preceding the reporting period under subsection (d) of this section, and shall include the source of those things. The list required by this subdivision shall not apply to things of monetary value received by the filing person prior to the time the filing person filed or was nominated as a candidate for office, as described in G.S. 138A-22, or was appointed or employed as a covered person.

- (9) A list of any felony convictions of the filing person, excluding any felony convictions for which a pardon of innocence or order of expungement has been granted.
- (10) Any other information that the filing person believes may assist the Commission in advising the filing person with regards to compliance with this Chapter.
- (11) A list of any nonprofit corporation or organization with which associated during the preceding calendar year, including a list of which of those nonprofit corporations or organizations with which associated do business with the State or receive State funds and a brief description of the nature of the business, if known or with which due diligence could reasonably be known
- (12) A statement of whether the filing person or the filing person's immediate family is or has been a lobbyist or lobbyist principal registered under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes within the preceding 12 months.
- (13) The name of each business with which associated that the filing person or filing person's immediate family is an employee, director, officer, partner, proprietor, or member or manager."

SECTION 13.(b) G.S. 138A-24(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Each statement of economic interest shall contain sworn a certification by the filing person that the filing person has read the statement and that, to the best of the filing person's knowledge and belief, the statement is true, correct, and complete. The filing person's sworn certification also shall provide that the filing person has not transferred, and will not transfer, any asset, interest, or other property for the purpose of concealing with the intent to conceal it from disclosure while retaining an equitable interest therein."

SECTION 13.(c) G.S. 138A-24(a)(2)i. is recodified as G.S. 138A-24(a)(14). **SECTION 13.(d)** G.S. 138A-24(a)(14), as enacted by Section 13(c) of this act, reads as rewritten:

'(14) For any company or business entity listed under <u>subdivision (13) of this subsection and sub-subdivisions f., g., and h. f. and g. of subdivision (2) of this subdivision, subsection, if known, a statement whether any that company or business entity that has any material business dealings, contracts, or other involvement business contracts with the State, or is regulated by the State, including a brief description of the business activity."</u>

SECTION 13.(e) This section becomes effective January 1, 2011, and applies to statements of economic interest filed on or after that date.

SECTION 14. G.S. 138A-41 reads as rewritten:

"§ 138A-41. Other ethics standards.

- (a) Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent the Supreme Court, the Committee, the Legislative Services Commission, constitutional officers of the State, heads of principal departments, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, the State Board of Community Colleges, or other boards from adopting additional or supplemental ethics standards applicable to that public agency's operations.
- (b) The Governor, as a constitutional officer of the State, shall have the authority to adopt additional and supplemental ethics standards applicable to any appointee of the Governor

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to any State board, commission, council, committee, task force, authority, or similar public body, however denominated, created by statute or executive order, whether advisory or non-advisory in authority. If the Governor adopts such ethics standards, the standards shall be published in the North Carolina Register and made available to each appointee subject to the ethics standards.

(c) The Governor, as a constitutional officer of the State, shall have the authority to adopt minimum ethics standards applicable to any employee of a State agency. If the Governor adopts such standards, the ethics standards shall be published in the North Carolina Register and made available to each employee subject to the ethics standards."

SECTION 15.(a) G.S. 120C-303(a) reads as rewritten:

- Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, no lobbyist or lobbyist principal may do any of the following:
 - (1) Knowingly give a gift to a designated individual.
 - (2) Knowingly give a gift with the intent that a designated individual be the an ultimate recipient."

SECTION 15.(b) G.S. 138A-32(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) No public servant, legislator, or legislative employee shall knowingly accept a gift from a lobbyist or lobbyist principal registered under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes. No legislator or legislative employee shall knowingly accept a gift from liaison personnel designated under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes. No public servant, legislator, or legislative employee shall accept a gift knowing all of the following:
 - The gift was obtained indirectly from a lobbyist, lobbyist principal, or liaison personnel registered under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes.
 - (2) The lobbyist, lobbyist principal, or liaison personnel registered under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes intended for the an ultimate recipient of the gift to be a public servant, legislator, or legislative employee as provided in G.S. 120C-303."

SECTION 15.(c) G.S. 138A-32(d1) reads as rewritten:

- No public servant shall accept a gift knowing all of the following: ''(d1)
 - (1) The gift was obtained indirectly from a person described under subdivisions (d)(1), (2), and (3) of this section.
 - The person described under subdivisions (d)(1), (2), and (3) of this section (2) intended for the an ultimate recipient of the gift to be a public servant."

SECTION 15.(d) This section becomes effective December 1, 2010, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

SECTION 16. G.S. 120C-101(c) reads as rewritten:

- In adopting rules under this Chapter, the Commission is exempt from the requirements of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, except that the Commission shall comply with G.S. 150B-21.2(d). At least 30 business days prior to adopting a rule, the Commission shall:
 - Publish the proposed rules in the North Carolina Register. (1)
 - Submit the rule and a notice of public hearing to the Codifier of Rules, and (2) the Codifier of Rules shall publish the proposed rule and the notice of public hearing on the Internet to be posted within five business days.
 - Notify those on the mailing list maintained in accordance with (3) G.S. 150B-21.2(d) and any other interested parties of its intent to adopt a rule and of the public hearing.
 - Accept written comments on the proposed rule for at least 15 business days (4) prior to adoption of the rule.
 - Hold at least one public hearing on the proposed rule no less than five days (5) after the rule and notice have been published.

A rule adopted under this subsection becomes effective the first day of the month following the month the final rule is submitted to the Codifier of Rules for entry into the North Carolina Administrative Code. Code, and applies prospectively. A rule adopted by the Commission that does not comply with the procedural requirements of this subsection shall be null, void, and without effect. For purposes of this subsection, a rule is any Commission regulation, standard, or statement of general applicability that interprets an enactment by the General Assembly or Congress, or a regulation adopted by a federal agency, or that describes the procedure or practice requirements of the Commission."

SECTION 17.(a) G.S. 120C-100(a)(9) reads as rewritten:

- "(9) <u>Lobby or Lobbying.</u> Any of the following:
 - a. Influencing or attempting to influence legislative or executive action, or both, through direct communication or activities with a designated individual or that designated individual's immediate family.
 - b. Developing goodwill through communications or activities, including the building of relationships, with a designated individual or that designated individual's immediate family with the intention of influencing current or future legislative or executive action, or both.

The <u>term-terms "lobby" or "lobbying" does do</u> not include communications or activities as part of a business, civic, religious, fraternal, personal, or commercial relationship which is not connected to legislative or executive action, or both."

SECTION 17.(b) G.S. 120C-100(a)(10) reads as rewritten:

- "(10) Lobbyist. An individual who engages in lobbying <u>for payment</u> and meets any of the following criteria:
 - a. Repealed by Session Laws 2007-348, s. 8(a), effective October 10, 2007.
 - b. Represents another person or governmental unit, but is not directly employed by that person or governmental unit, and receives payment for services. unit. For the purposes of this sub-subdivision, the term "payment for services" shall not include reimbursement of actual travel and subsistence.
 - c. Contracts for economic consideration payment for the purpose of lobbying.
 - d. Is employed by a person and a significant part of that employee's duties include lobbying. In no case shall an employee be considered a lobbyist if in no 30-day period less than five percent (5%) of that employee's actual duties include engaging in lobbying as defined in subdivision (9)a. of this section or if in no 30-day period less than five percent (5%) of that employee's actual duties include engaging in lobbying as defined in subdivision (9)b. of this section.

The term "lobbyist" shall not include individuals who are specifically exempted from this Chapter by G.S. 120C-700 or registered as liaison personnel under Article 5 of this Chapter."

SECTION 17.(c) G.S. 120C-100(a)(11) reads as rewritten:

"(11) Lobbyist principal and principal. – The person or governmental unit on whose behalf the lobbyist lobbies. lobbies and who makes payment for the lobbying. In the case where a lobbyist is compensated paid by a law firm, consulting firm, or other entity retained by a person or governmental unit for lobbying, the principal is the person or governmental unit who makes payment and whose interests the lobbyist represents in lobbying. In the case of a lobbyist employed or retained by an association or other organization,

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 the lobbyist principal is the association or other organization, not the individual members of the association or other organization.

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The term "lobbyist principal" shall not include those designating registered liaison personnel under Article 5 of this Chapter."

SECTION 17.(d) G.S. 120C-100(a)(11k) reads as rewritten:

"(11k) Payment for services. Payment. – Any money, thing of value, or economic benefit paid conveyed to a the lobbyist for the purpose of lobbying lobbying, other than reimbursement of actual travel, administrative expenses, or subsistence."

SECTION 17.(e) G.S. 120C-100(a)(13) reads as rewritten:

- "(13) Solicitation of others. A solicitation of members of the public to communicate directly with or contact one or more designated individuals for the purpose of influencing or attempting to influence or attempt to influence legislative or executive action to further the solicitor's position on that legislative or executive action, when that request is made by any of the following methods:
 - a. A broadcast, cable, or satellite transmission.
 - b. An e-mail communication or a Web site posting.
 - c. A communication delivered by print media as defined in G.S. 163-278.38Z.
 - d. A letter or other written communication delivered by mail or by comparable delivery service.
 - e. Telephone.
 - f. A communication at a conference, meeting, or similar event.

The term "solicitation of others" does not include communications made by a person or by the person's agent to that person's stockholders, employees, board members, officers, members, subscribers, or other recipients who have affirmatively assented to receive the person's regular publications or notices."

SECTION 17.(f) G.S. 120C-300 reads as rewritten:

"§ 120C-300. Contingency fees prohibited.

- (a) No individual shall act as a lobbyist <u>for and receive</u> payment for <u>services lobbying</u> that is dependent upon the result or outcome of any legislative or executive action.
- (b) This section shall not apply to an individual doing business with the State who is engaged in sales with respect to that business with the State whose regular remuneration agreement includes commissions based on those sales. For purposes of this subsection, the term "regular remuneration" means any money, thing of value, or economic benefit conferred on or received by the individual in return for services rendered or to be rendered by that individual or another.
- (c) Any payment for services to a lobbyist in violation of this section is subject to forfeiture and shall be paid into the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund."

SECTION 17.(g) G.S. 120C-305 reads as rewritten:

"§ 120C-305. Prohibition on the use of cash or credit of the lobbyist.

No lobbyist or another acting on the lobbyist's behalf shall permit_lobby by permitting a designated individual, or that designated individual's immediate family member, to use the cash or credit of the lobbyist for the purpose of lobbying unless the lobbyist is in attendance at the time of the reportable expenditure. G.S. 120C-303 applies to this section."

SECTION 17.(h) G.S. 120C-400(a) reads as rewritten:

"§ 120C-400. Reporting of reportable expenditures.

(a) For purposes of this Chapter, all reportable expenditures made for the purpose of lobbying shall be reported, including the following:

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- Reportable expenditures benefiting or made on behalf of a designated individual in the regular course of that designated individual's employment.
- (1a) Reportable expenditures benefiting or made on behalf of a designated individual's immediate family member in the regular course of that immediate family member's employment.
- Contractual arrangements or direct business relationships between a lobbyist (2) or lobbyist principal and a designated individual, or that designated individual's immediate family member, in effect during the reporting period or the previous 12 months.
- Reportable expenditures reimbursed to a lobbyist in the ordinary course of (3) business by the lobbyist principal or other employer."

SECTION 17.(i) G.S. 120C-402(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The report shall include all of the following for the reporting period:
 - (1) All reportable expenditures made for the purpose of lobbying.
 - (2) Solicitation of others when such solicitation involves an aggregate cost of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000).
 - Reportable expenditures reimbursed by the lobbyist principal, or another (3) person or governmental unit on the lobbyist principal's behalf.
 - All reportable expenditures for gifts given under G.S. 138A-32(e)(1)-(9), (4) 138A-32(e)(11), 138A-32(e)(12), and all gifts given under G.S. 138A-32(e)(10) with a value of more than ten dollars (\$10.00)."

SECTION 17.(k) G.S. 120C-403 reads as rewritten:

"§ 120C-403. Lobbyist principal's reports.

- Each lobbyist principal shall file quarterly reports under oath with the Secretary of State with respect to each lobbyist principal.
- The report shall be filed whether or not reportable expenditures are made, shall be due 10-15 business days after the end of the reporting period, and shall include all of the following for the reporting period:
 - All reportable expenditures made for the purpose of lobbying. (1)
 - (2) Solicitation of others when such solicitation involves an aggregate cost of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000).
 - Recodified as G.S. 120C-403(d). (3)
 - With respect to each lobbyist registered under G.S. 120C-206, reportable (4) expenditures reimbursed or paid to lobbyists for lobbying that are not reported on the lobbyist's report, with an itemized description of those reportable expenditures.
 - (5) All reportable expenditures for gifts given under G.S. 138A-32(e)(1)-(9), 138A-32(e)(12), 138A-32(e)(11), and all gifts given under G.S. 138A-32(e)(10) with a value of more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00).
 - With respect to each lobbyist registered under G.S. 120C-206, the name of <u>(6)</u> each person or governmental unit not otherwise registered as a lobbyist principal for whom the lobbyist principal directs or permits the lobbyist to lobby, whether for payment or not.
- In addition to the reports required by this section, each lobbyist principal incurring (c) reportable expenditures in any month while the General Assembly is in session with respect to lobbying legislators and legislative employees shall file a monthly reportable expenditure report. The monthly reportable expenditure report shall contain information required by this section with respect to all lobbying of legislators and legislative employees, and is due within 10 business days after the end of the month. The information on the monthly report shall also be included in each quarterly report required by subsection (a) of this section.

- In addition to the reports required by this section, each lobbyist principal shall 1 (d) 2 annually, in the last report of the registration period under G.S. 120C-200(d), report the total of 3 all payments for lobbying and other activities described in subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of 4 this section made during the registration period, as applicable: 5 If a lobbyist represents the lobbyist principal, but is not directly employed by (1) that lobbyist principal, the portion of the payment that is for lobbying and to 6 7 whom it was paid. 8 If a lobbyist is under contract with the lobbyist principal for lobbying, the (2) 9 portion of the contract that is reasonably allocated for lobbying. If a lobbyist is a full-time employee of the principal, or is paid by means of 10 <u>(3)</u> 11 an annual fee or retainer, the principal shall estimate and report the portion of the salary, fee, or retainer salary that is reasonably allocated for lobbying. 12 13 For purposes of subsection (d) of this section, the following shall apply: (e) A lobbyist principal may rely upon a statement by the lobbyist estimating the 14 (1) portion of the salary or other payment that is reasonably allocated for 15 16 lobbying. 17 In addition to reporting any payment to a lobbyist for lobbying under (2) subsection (d) of this section, a lobbyist principal shall report any payment 18 to a lobbyist for any of the following communications and activities that 19 20 were used to lobby within the registration period under G.S. 120C-200(d): 21 Research. a. 22 Drafting of written communications. <u>b.</u> 23 Monitoring of proposed or pending legislative action or executive <u>c.</u> 24 action, including time spent preparing communications with the 25 lobbyist principal to relate information on proposed or pending 26 legislative action or executive action. Time spent advising and rendering opinions to the lobbyist principal 27 <u>d.</u> as to the construction and effect of proposed or pending legislative 28 29 action or executive action. 30 **(3)** A lobbyist principal is required to report any payment to a lobbyist for any 31 of the following: 32 Direct lobbying communications or direct lobbying activities with a <u>a.</u> 33 designated individual or that designated individual's immediate 34 family. 35 Communications or activities to develop goodwill, including the <u>b.</u> 36 building or relationships, with a designated individual or that designated individual's immediate family member." 37 38 **SECTION 17.(1)** G.S. 120C-404(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 39 "(1)40
 - All reportable expenditures made for the purpose of lobbying during the reporting period."

SECTION 17.(m) G.S. 120C-501(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) The Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina and its constituent institutions, or the liaison personnel designated by that board or the constituent institutions, shall not give, for the purpose of lobbying, athletic tickets to any designated individual, except for those who are described in G.S. 138A-3(30)j. or those who are students and receive tickets on the same basis as other students."

SECTION 17.(n) G.S. 120C-800(a) reads as rewritten:

If a designated individual accepts a reportable expenditure made for the purpose of lobbying with a total value of over two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per calendar quarter from a person or group of persons acting together, exempted or not otherwise covered by this Chapter, the person, or group of persons, making the reportable expenditure shall report the date, a

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description of the reportable expenditure, the name and address of the person, or group of persons, making the reportable expenditure, the name of the designated individual accepting the reportable expenditure, and the estimated fair market value, or face value if shown, of the reportable expenditure."

SECTION 17.(o) G.S. 138A-3(1) reads as rewritten:

"(1) Blind trust. – A trust established by or for the benefit of a covered person or a member of the covered person's immediate family for the purpose of divestiture of all control and knowledge of assets. A trust qualifies as a blind trust under this subdivision if the covered person or a member of the covered person's immediate family has no knowledge of the holdings and sources of income of the trust, the trustee of the trust is independent of and not associated with or employed by the covered person or a member of the covered person's immediate family and is not a member of the covered person's extended family, and the trustee has sole discretion as to the management of the trust assets."

SECTION 17.(p) G.S. 138A-3(15) reads as rewritten:

- "(15) Gift. Anything of monetary value given or received without valuable consideration by or from a lobbyist, lobbyist principal, liaison personnel, or a person described under G.S. 138A-32(d)(1), (2), or (3). The following shall not be considered gifts under this subdivision:
 - a. Anything for which fair market value, or face value if shown, is paid by the covered person or legislative employee.
 - b. Commercially available loans made on terms not more favorable than generally available to the general public in the normal course of business if not made for the purpose of lobbying.
 - c. Contractual arrangements or commercial relationships or arrangements made in the normal course of business if not made for the purpose of lobbying.
 - d. Academic or athletic scholarships based on the same criteria as applied to the public.
 - e. Campaign contributions properly received and reported as required under Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes.
 - f. Expressions of condolence related to a death of an individual, sent within a reasonable time of the death, if the expression is one of the following:
 - 1. A sympathy card, letter, or note.
 - 2. Flowers.
 - 3. Food or beverages for immediate consumption.
 - 4. Donations to a religious organization, charity, the State or a political subdivision of the State, not to exceed a total of two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per death per donor."

SECTION 17.(q) G.S. 138A-13(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) This section shall apply to judicial officers only for the purpose of advice related to Article 3 of this Chapter."

SECTION 17.(r) G.S. 138A-24(a)(8) reads as rewritten:

"(8) A list of all things with a total value of over two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per calendar quarter given and received without valuable consideration and under circumstances that a reasonable person would conclude that the thing was given for the purpose of lobbying, if such things were given by a person not required to report under Chapter 120C of the General Statutes, excluding things given by a member of the filing person's extended family. The list

shall include only those things received during the 12 months preceding the reporting period under subsection (d) of this section, and shall include the source of those things. The list required by this subdivision shall not apply to things of monetary value received by the filing person prior to the time the filing person filed or was nominated as a candidate for office, as described in G.S. 138A-22, or was appointed or employed as a covered person."

SECTION 17.(s) G.S. 138A-32(e)(10) reads as rewritten:

- "(10) Gifts given or received as part of a business, civic, religious, fraternal, personal, or commercial relationship provided all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. The relationship is not related to the public servant's, legislator's, or legislative employee's public service or position.
 - b. The gift is made under circumstances that a reasonable person would conclude that the gift was not given for the purpose of lobbying. to lobby."

SECTION 17.(t) This section is effective January 1, 2011, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date, and reports filed on or after that date.

SECTION 18.(a) G.S. 126-23 reads as rewritten:

"§ 126-23. Certain records to be kept by State agencies open to inspection.

- (a) Each department, agency, institution, commission and bureau of the State shall maintain a record of each of its employees, showing the following information with respect to each such employee:
 - (1) name, Name.
 - (2) age, Age.
 - (3) date Date of original employment or appointment to the State service, service.
 - (4) the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the agency has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession, possession.
 - (5) current position, Current position.
 - (6) title, Title.
 - (7) current salary,Current salary.
 - (8) date Date and amount of most recenteach increase or decrease in salary, salary with that department, agency, institution, commission, or bureau.
 - (9) date <u>Date</u> of most recenteach promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position elassification, classification with that department, agency, institution, commission, or bureau.
 - (10) and the The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing entity.
- (c) Subject only to rules and regulations for the safekeeping of the records, adopted by the State Personnel Commission, every person having custody of such records shall permit them to be inspected and examined and copies thereof made by any person during regular business hours. Any person who is denied access to any such record for the purpose of inspecting, examining or copying the same shall have a right to compel compliance with the provisions of this section by application to a court of competent jurisdiction for a writ of mandamus or other appropriate relief."

SECTION 18.(b) G.S. 115C-320 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-320. Certain records open to inspection.

(a) Each local board of education shall maintain a record of each of its employees, showing the following information with respect to each employee:

- (9) date Date of most recenteach promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position classification, and classification.
- (10) the The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing entity.
- (c) Subject only to rules and regulations for the safekeeping of records adopted by the board of trustees, every person having custody of the records shall permit them to be inspected and examined and copies made by any person during regular business hours. Any person who is denied access to any record for the purpose of inspecting, examining or copying the record shall have a right to compel compliance with the provisions of this section by application to a court of competent jurisdiction for a writ of mandamus or other appropriate relief."

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SECTION 18.(d) G.S. 122C-158(b) reads as rewritten: 1 2 "(b) The following information with respect to each employee is a matter of public 3 record: 4 (1) name; Name. 5 **(2)** age; Age. 6 (3) dateDate of original employment or appointment to the area 7 authority; authority. 8 the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether (4) 9 written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the agency has the written 10 contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession; possession. current position. Current position. 11 (5) title; Title. 12 (6) 13 current salary; Current salary. (7) 14 (8) dateDate and amount of most recenteach increase or decrease in salary; 15 salary. 16 (9) date-Date of the most recenteach promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, 17 separation, or other change in position elassification; and classification. the The office to which the employee is currently assigned. 18 19 For the purposes of this subsection, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, 20 incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing 21 entity. 22 The area authority shall determine in what form and by whom this information will 23 be maintained. Any person may have access to this information for the purpose of inspection, 24 examination, and copying during regular business hours, subject only to rules for the 25 safekeeping of public records as the area authority may have adopted. Any person denied 26 access to this information may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice 27 for an order compelling disclosure, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue these orders." 28 **SECTION 18.(f)** G.S. 153A-98(b) reads as rewritten: 29 The following information with respect to each county employee is a matter of "(b) 30 public record: 31 (1) name; Name. 32 (2) age; Age. 33 date—Date of original employment or appointment to the county (3) 34 service; service. 35 the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether <u>(4)</u> 36 written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the county has the written 37 contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession; possession. 38 current position. Current position. **(5)** 39 title; Title. (6) current salary; Current salary. 40 (7) dateDate and amount of the most recenteach increase or decrease in salary; 41 (8) 42 salary. 43 (9) date Date of the most recenteach promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation or other change in position classification; and classification. 44

the The office to which the employee is currently assigned. (10)For the purposes of this subsection, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing

The board of county commissioners shall determine in what form and by whom this information will be maintained. Any person may have access to this information for the purpose of inspection, examination, and copying, during regular business hours, subject only to such rules and regulations for the safekeeping of public records as the board of commissioners may have adopted. Any person denied access to this information may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an order compelling disclosure, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders."

SECTION 18.(g) G.S. 160A-168(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The following information with respect to each city employee is a matter of public record:
 - (1) name; Name.
 - (2) age; Age.

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- (3) date <u>Date</u> of original employment or appointment to the <u>service; service</u>.
- (4) the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the city has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession;
- (5) current position. Current position.
- (6) title; Title.
 - (7) current salary;Current salary.
 - (8) date <u>Date</u> and amount of the most recenteach increase or decrease in salary; salary.
 - (9) date Date of the most each recent promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position elassification; and classification.
 - (10) the The office to which the employee is currently assigned.
 - (b1) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing entity.
 - (b2) The city council shall determine in what form and by whom this information will be maintained. Any person may have access to this information for the purpose of inspection, examination, and copying, during regular business hours, subject only to such rules and regulations for the safekeeping of public records as the city council may have adopted. Any person denied access to this information may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an order compelling disclosure, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders."

SECTION 18.(h) G.S. 162A-6.1(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The following information with respect to each authority employee is a matter of public record:
 - (1) name; Name.
 - (2) age; Age.
 - (3) date Date of original employment or appointment to the service; service.
 - (4) the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the authority has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession; possession.
 - (5) current position.
 - (6) title; Title.
 - (7) current salary; Current salary.
 - (8) date <u>Date</u> and amount of the most recenteach increase or decrease in salary; salary.
 - (9) date <u>Date</u> of the most recenteach promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position classification; and classification.
 - (10) the The office to which the employee is currently assigned.
- (b1) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "salary" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms of compensation paid by the employing entity.

(b2) The authority shall determine in what form and by whom this information will be maintained. Any person may have access to this information for the purpose of inspection, examination, and copying, during regular business hours, subject only to such rules and regulations for the safekeeping of public records as the authority may have adopted. Any person denied access to this information may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an order compelling disclosure, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders."

SECTION 18.(i) This section becomes effective October 1, 2010.

SECTION 19.(a) G.S. 120C-600 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(d) The Secretary shall publish annual statistics on complaints received and systematic reviews conducted under this section, including the number of systematic reviews, the number of complaints, the number of apparent violations of this Chapter referred to a district attorney, the number of complaints dismissed, and the number and age of complaints pending. Subject to the provisions of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, the levy of all civil fines, including the amount of the fine and the identity of the person or governmental unit against whom it was levied, shall be a public record as defined in G.S. 132-1(a)."

SECTION 19.(b) G.S. 120C-601 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(d) The Commission shall publish annual statistics on complaints, including the number of complaints, the number of apparent violations of this Chapter referred to a district attorney, the number of dismissals, and the number and age of complaints pending."

SECTION 20.(a) Article 5 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 7A-38.3E. Mediation of public records disputes.

- (a) Voluntary Mediation. The parties to a public records dispute under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes may agree at anytime prior to filing a civil action under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes to mediation of the dispute under the provisions of this section. Mediation of a public records dispute shall be initiated by filing a request for mediation with the clerk of superior court in a county in which the action may be brought.
- (b) Mandatory Mediation. Subsequent to filing a civil action under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, a person shall initiate mediation pursuant to this section. Such mediation shall be initiated no later than 30 days from the filing of responsive pleadings with the clerk in the county where the action is filed.
- (c) Initiation of Mediation. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prescribe a request for mediation form. The party filing the request for mediation shall mail a copy of the request by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each party to the dispute. The clerk shall provide each party with a list of mediators certified by the Dispute Resolution Commission. If the parties agree in writing to the selection of a mediator from that list, the clerk shall appoint that mediator selected by the parties. If the parties do not agree on the selection of a mediator, the party filing the request for mediation shall bring the matter to the attention of the clerk, and a mediator shall be appointed by the senior resident superior court judge. The clerk shall notify the mediator and the parties of the appointment of the mediator.
- (d) Mediation Procedure. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, mediation under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions for mediated settlement of civil cases in G.S. 7A-38.1 and G.S. 7A-38.2 and rules and standards adopted pursuant to those sections. The Supreme Court may adopt additional rules and standards to implement this section, including an exemption from the provisions of G.S. 7A-38.1 for cases in which mediation was attempted under this section.
- (e) Waiver of Mediation. The parties to the dispute may waive the mediation required by this section by informing the mediator of the parties' waiver in writing. No costs shall be assessed to any party if all parties waive mediation prior to the occurrence of an initial mediation meeting.

(f)

(g) Time Periods Tolled. – Time periods relating to the filing of a claim or the taking of other action with respect to a public records dispute, including any applicable statutes of limitations, shall be tolled upon the filing of a request for mediation under this section, until 30 days after the date on which the mediation is concluded as set forth in the mediator's certification, or if the mediator fails to set forth such date, until 30 days after the filing of the certification under subsection (f) of this section.

Certification That Mediation Concluded. – Immediately upon a waiver of mediation

under subsection (e) of this section or upon the conclusion of mediation, the mediator shall

prepare a certification stating the date on which the mediation was concluded and the general

results of the mediation, including, as applicable, that the parties waived the mediation, that an agreement was reached, that mediation was attempted but an agreement was not reached, or

that one or more parties, to be specified in the certification, failed or refused without good

cause to attend one or more mediation meetings or otherwise participate in the mediation. The

mediator shall file the original of the certification with the clerk and provide a copy to each

(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any party's authority to seek, or the timing of seeking, injunctive or other relief, pursuant to Chapter 132 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 20.(b) G.S. 7A-38.2(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Supreme Court may adopt standards of conduct for mediators and other neutrals who are certified or otherwise qualified pursuant to G.S. 7A-38.1, 7A-38.3, 7A-38.3B, 7A-38.3D, <u>7A-38.3E</u>, and 7A-38.4A, or who participate in proceedings conducted pursuant to those sections. The standards may also regulate mediator and other neutral training programs. The Supreme Court may adopt procedures for the enforcement of those standards."

SECTION 20.(c) G.S. 132-9 reads as rewritten: "§ 132-9. Access to records.

- (a) Any person who is denied access to public records for purposes of inspection and examination, or who is denied copies of public records, may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an order compelling disclosure or copying, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders. orders if the person has complied with G.S. 7A-38.3E. Actions brought pursuant to this section shall be set down for immediate hearing, and subsequent proceedings in such actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts.
- (b) In an action to compel disclosure of public records which have been withheld pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 132-6 concerning public records relating to the proposed expansion or location of particular businesses and industrial projects, the burden shall be on the custodian withholding the records to show that disclosure would frustrate the purpose of attracting that particular business or industrial project.
- (c) In any action brought pursuant to this section in which a party successfully compels the disclosure of public records, the court shall allow the prevailing a party seeking disclosure of public records who substantially prevails to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees if attributed to those public records, unless the court finds the agency acted with substantial justification in denying access to the public records or the court finds circumstances that would make the award of attorneys' fees unjust records. The court may not assess attorneys' fees against the governmental body or governmental unit if the court finds that the governmental body or governmental unit acted in reasonable reliance on any of the following:
 - (1) A judgment or an order of a court applicable to the governmental unit or governmental body.
 - (2) The published opinion of an appellate court, an order of the North Carolina Business Court, or a final order of the Trial Division of the General Court of Justice.

(3) A written opinion, decision, or letter of the Attorney General.

Any attorneys' fees assessed against a public agency under this section shall be charged against the operating expenses of the agency; provided, however, that the court may order that all or any portion of any attorneys' fees so assessed be paid personally by any public employee or public official found by the court to have knowingly or intentionally committed, caused, permitted, suborned, or participated in a violation of this Article. No order against any public employee or public official shall issue in any case where the public employee or public official seeks the advice of an attorney and such advice is followed.

(d) If the court determines that an action brought pursuant to this section was filed in bad faith or was frivolous, the court shall assess a reasonable attorney's fee against the person or persons instituting the action and award it to the public agency as part of the costs."

SECTION 20.(d) This section becomes effective October 1, 2010, and applies to actions filed on or after that date.

SECTION 21.(a) G.S. 138A-14(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Commission shall <u>make offer</u> basic ethics education and awareness presentations to all public servants and their immediate staffs, upon their election, appointment, or employment, and shall offer periodic refresher presentations as the Commission deems appropriate. Every public servant shall participate in an ethics presentation approved by the Commission within six months of the public servant's election, reelection, appointment, or employment, and shall attend refresher ethics education presentations at least every two years thereafter in a manner as the Commission deems appropriate."

SECTION 21.(b) G.S. 138A-24(c2) is recodified as G.S. 138A-22(c2).

SECTION 21.(c) The catch line to G.S. 138A-37 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"§ 138A-37. Legislator participation in official legislative actions."

SECTION 21.(d) G.S. 138A-38(a)(6) and (7) read as rewritten:

"§ 138A-38. Permitted participation exception.

(a) Notwithstanding G.S. 138A-36 and G.S. 138A-37, a covered person may participate in an official action or legislative action under any of the following circumstances except as specifically limited:

- (6) When a public or legislative body records in its minutes that it cannot obtain a quorum in order to take the official or legislative action because the covered person is disqualified from acting under G.S. 130-36, G.S. 138A-36, G.S. 138A-37, or this section, the covered person may be counted for purposes of a quorum, but shall otherwise abstain from taking any further action.
- (7) When a public servant notifies the Commission in writing that the public servant judicial employee, servant, or someone whom the public servant appoints to act in the public servant's stead, or both, are the only individuals having legal authority to take an official action, and the public servant discloses in writing the circumstances and nature of the conflict of interest."

SECTION 21.(e) G.S. 120-104(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) A legislator who acts in reliance on a formal advisory opinion issued by the Committee under this section shall be entitled to the immunity granted under G.S. 138A-13(b). G.S. 138A-13(b1)."

SECTION 21.(f) G.S. 120C-800(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) If the person making the reportable expenditure in subsection (a) of this section is outside North Carolina, and the designated individual accepting the reportable expenditure is also outside North Carolina at the time the designated individual accepts the reportable expenditure, then the designated individual accepting the reportable expenditure shall be

- responsible for filing the report or reporting the information in the designated individual's 1 statement of economic interest in accordance with G.S. 138A 24(a)(2).G.S. 138A-24(a)(8)."
- 2 **SECTION 22.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes 4 law.