GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 1134

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/4/09 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1134-PCS80487-SVf-45

Short Titl	e: O	pen Government Act. (Pu	ıblic)
Sponsors			
Referred	to:		
April 7, 2009			
JUST MED SUCC	ICE, T IATION CESSFU	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED REATE THE OPEN GOVERNMENT UNIT OF THE DEPARTMENT O ESTABLISH A FEE FOR SERVICES OF MODERATION N BY THE OPEN GOVERNMENT UNIT, AND TO PROVIDE THAT JL PLAINTIFF IN A PUBLIC RECORDS DISPUTE IS ENTITLEI	AND THE
		LE ATTORNEYS' FEES.	
The Gene		embly of North Carolina enacts:	
Article to		FION 1. Chapter 114 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a	new
Afficie to	reau.	"Article 8.	
"Open Government Unit.			
"§ 114-51. Open Government Unit.			
(a) To further the goals of government transparency and that public records, as defined			
by G.S. 132-1, compiled by agencies of North Carolina government or its subdivisions, are the			
property	of the p	eople, there is created within the Department of Justice the Open Govern	<u>ment</u>
<u>Unit.</u>			
<u>(b)</u>		Open Government Unit shall do all of the following:	
	<u>(1)</u>	Develop and implement education and awareness programs design	
	<u>(2)</u>	educate the public and government agencies of their rights responsibilities under the public records and open meetings laws. Serve as a moderator or mediator in resolving public records and meetings issues between parties, including adopting procedures guidelines for assisting in the informal resolution of open govern	open and
	<u>(3)</u>	disputes. Assemble and maintain a collection of relevant State laws, opinions, and regulations related to public records and open meetings laws, with shall be made available electronically as a resource.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Adopt and develop policies and procedures as may be necessar	v to
	 /	accomplish these functions.	
(c) A reasonable fee shall be charged for services of moderation or mediation is			
resolving public records and open meetings issues by the Open Government Unit of the			
		ustice. The fee authorized by this section shall not exceed the actual co	
preparing, researching, and conducting the moderation or mediation. The fee for moderation or			



mediation services is a departmental receipt of the Department and must be used to offset the cost of the Open Government Unit.

(d) This section shall not apply to the Judicial Department."

SECTION 2. The Department of Justice Open Government Unit shall receive and attempt to informally resolve disputes between the public and more than 1,500 State and local government agencies, along with educating and raising awareness among the public and governmental agency representatives about the rights and responsibilities under the public records and open meetings laws.

SECTION 3. G.S. 132-9(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) In any action brought pursuant to this section in which a party successfully compels the disclosure of public records, the court shall allow the prevailing—a party who substantially prevails to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees if attributed to those public records, unless the court finds the agency acted with substantial justification in denying access to the public records or the court finds circumstances that would make the award of attorneys' fees unjust records. The court may not assess attorneys' fees against the governmental body or governmental unit if the court finds that the governmental body or governmental unit acted in reasonable reliance on:
 - (1) A judgment or an order of a court applicable to a governmental unit or governmental body;
 - (2) The published opinion of an appellate court; or
 - (3) A written opinion, decision, or letter of the Attorney General.

Any attorneys' fees assessed against a public agency under this section shall be charged against the operating expenses of the agency; provided, however, that the court may order that all or any portion of any attorneys' fees so assessed be paid personally by any public employee or public official found by the court to have knowingly or intentionally committed, caused, permitted, suborned, or participated in a violation of this Article. No order against any public employee or public official shall issue in any case where the public employee or public official seeks the advice of an attorney and such advice is followed."

SECTION 4. This act becomes effective January 1, 2010, and applies to actions brought on or after that date.

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