GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

S SENIATE DILL 0*

SENATE BILL 9* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S9-PCS55034-RK-2

D

Short Title: Make Synthetic Cannabinoids Illegal. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

January 31, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ADD SYNTHETIC CANNABINOIDS TO THE LIST OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, WHICH MAKES THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OR DELIVERY OF SYNTHETIC CANNABINOIDS CRIMINAL OFFENSES AND TO CREATE THE CRIMINAL OFFENSE OF TRAFFICKING IN SYNTHETIC CANNABINOIDS.

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that there is a growing use of the unregulated synthetic cannabinoids commonly known as K2 or synthetic marijuana; and

Whereas, preliminary studies indicate that synthetic cannabinoid substances unregulated in North Carolina are from three to over 100 times more potent than THC, the active ingredient found in marijuana; and

Whereas, many states have already included one or more of these chemical compounds on schedules of controlled substances, but none of these chemicals are currently listed on North Carolina's schedule of controlled substances; and

Whereas, synthetic cannabinoids are referred to as the new marijuana, and K2 is gaining in popularity at an alarming rate among high school and college students and persons on probation and parole; and

Whereas, while having the same or stronger physiological effects as high potency marijuana, synthetic marijuana or K2 does not show a positive reading in a urinalysis test, which adds to the desirability and increased growth among drug abusers and increases the threat to public health and safety by avoiding detection; and

Whereas, the General Assembly should address the growing threat of synthetic cannabinoids to the health, safety, and welfare of our citizens before the problem becomes epidemic in the State of North Carolina; Now, therefore,

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 90-94 reads as rewritten:

"§ 90-94. Schedule VI controlled substances.

This schedule includes the controlled substances listed or to be listed by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or trade name designated. In determining that such substance comes within this schedule, the Commission shall find: no currently accepted medical use in the United States, or a relatively low potential for abuse in terms of risk to public health and potential to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability based upon present medical knowledge, or a need for further and continuing study to develop scientific evidence of its pharmacological effects.



1 The following controlled substances are included in this schedule: 2 Marijuana. (1) 3 (2) Tetrahydrocannabinols. 4 Synthetic cannabinoids. – Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation (3) 5 that is not listed as a controlled substance in Schedule I through V, is not an 6 FDA approved drug, and contains any quantity of the following substances, 7 their salts, isomers (whether optical, positional, or geometric), homologues, 8 and salts of isomers and homologues, unless specifically excepted, whenever 9 the existence of these salts, isomers, homologues, and salts of isomers and homologues is possible within the specific chemical designation: 10 11 Naphthoylindoles. Any compound containing 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom 12 13 of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, 14 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 15 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the 16 17 naphthyl ring to any extent. Some trade or other names: JWH-015. JWH-018, JWH-019, JWH-073, JWH-081, JWH-122, JWH-200, 18 JWH-210, JWH-398, AM-2201, WIN 55-212. 19 20 Naphthylmethylindoles. Any compound containing <u>b.</u> 21 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the 22 nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, 23 cycloalkylmethyl, cvcloalkvlethvl. 24 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, 25 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and 26 whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. 27 Naphthoylpyrroles. Any compound containing <u>c.</u> 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen 28 29 atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, 30 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, 31 32 whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent 33 and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. 34 Another name: JWH-307. Naphthylmethylindenes. Any compound 35 <u>d.</u> containing 36 naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of 37 the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, 38 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 39 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in 40 the indene ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the 41 naphthyl ring to any extent. 42 Phenylacetylindoles. compound Any containing <u>e.</u> 3-phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom 43 44 of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl. 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 45 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in 46 47 the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the 48 phenyl ring to any extent. Some trade or other names: SR-18, 49 RCS-8, JWH-250, JWH-203. 50 Cyclohexylphenols. <u>f.</u> Any compound containing 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 51

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2011 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, 1 2 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 3 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, 4 whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Some 5 trade or other names: 47,497 CP (and homologues), 6 cannabicyclohexanol. 7 Benzoylindoles. Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole g. 8 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by 9 an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, 10 11 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Some 12 13 trade or other names: AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), RCS-4. 14 2,3-Dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1, <u>h.</u> 15 4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-napthalenylmethanone. Some trade or other names: WIN 55,212-2. 16 17 (6aR, 10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6, 6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl) <u>i.</u> - 6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol 7370. Some trade or 18 19 other names: HU-210." 20 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 90-95(b) reads as rewritten: 21 "(b) Except as provided in subsections (h) and (i) of this section, any person who 22 violates G.S. 90-95(a)(1) with respect to: 23 24 (2) A controlled substance classified in Schedule III, IV, V, or VI shall be 25 punished as a Class I felon, except that the sale of a controlled substance 26 classified in Schedule III, IV, V, or VI shall be punished as a Class H felon. 27 The transfer of less than 5 grams of marijuana or less than 5 grams of a 28 synthetic cannabinoid or any mixture containing such substance for no 29 remuneration shall not constitute a delivery in violation of G.S. 90-95(a)(1)." 30 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 90-95(d) reads as rewritten: Except as provided in subsections (h) and (i) of this section, any person who 31 32 violates G.S. 90-95(a)(3) with respect to: 33 34 (4) A controlled substance classified in Schedule VI shall be guilty of a Class 3 35 misdemeanor, but any sentence of imprisonment imposed must be suspended 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

and the judge may not require at the time of sentencing that the defendant serve a period of imprisonment as a special condition of probation. If the quantity of the controlled substance exceeds one-half of an ounce (avoirdupois) of marijuana-marijuana, one-half of an ounce of a synthetic cannabinoid or any mixture containing such substance, or one-twentieth of an ounce (avoirdupois) of the extracted resin of marijuana, commonly known as hashish, the violation shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. If the quantity of the controlled substance exceeds one and one-half ounces (avoirdupois) of marijuana marijuana, one and one-half ounces of a synthetic cannabinoid or any mixture containing such substance, or three-twentieths of an ounce (avoirdupois) of the extracted resin of marijuana, commonly known as hashish, or if the controlled substance consists any quantity of synthetic tetrahydrocannabinols

tetrahydrocannabinols isolated from the resin of marijuana, the violation

43 44

45

46 47

48

49 50

51

SECTION 4. G.S. 90-95(h) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

shall be punishable as a Class I felony."

	General Assembly Of North Carolina		Session 2011
1	" <u>(1a)</u>	Any person who sells, manufactures, deli	vers, transports, or possesses in
2		excess of 35 grams of a synthetic cannab	inoid or any mixture containing
3		such substance shall be guilty of a felony,	which felony shall be known as
4		"trafficking in synthetic cannabinoids." Th	ne person shall be punished as a
5		Class F felon and shall be sentenced to a m	inimum term of 70 months and a
6		maximum term of 84 months in the State's	prison and shall be fined not less
7		than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)."	-
8	SECT	ION 5. This act becomes effective April	1, 2011, and applies to offenses
9	committed on or	fter that date.	

Page 4 Senate Bill 9* S9-PCS55034-RK-2