GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

H D

HOUSE BILL 397

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/20/11 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H397-PCS80269-TD-53

Short Title: DHI	S Penalties and Remedies RevisionAB (Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
	March 17, 2011
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT REVI FACILITIES.	ING PENALTIES AND REMEDIES CONCERNING HEALTH
The General Assem	oly of North Carolina enacts:
SECTION	N 1. G.S. 122C-24.1 reads as rewritten:
"§ 122C-24.1. Pen	lties; remedies.
Health and Huma provisions of this violation of Article	s Classified. Violation Classification and Penalties. – The Department of Services shall impose an administrative penalty in accordance with rticle on any facility licensed under this Article which is found to be in 2 or 3 of this Chapter or applicable State and federal laws and regulations. violations shall be classified and penalties assessed according to the nature
of the violation as f	
	Type A-A1 Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations,
	andards, and requirements set forth in Article 2 or 3 of this Chapter or
	oplicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or
	ertification of a facility which results in death or serious physical harm,
	ouse, neglect, or exploitation. harm, or results in substantial risk that death
	serious physical harm will occur. Type A Violations shall be abated or
•	iminated immediately. The Department shall require an immediate plan of
	orrection for each Type A Violation. The person making the findings shall
(the following:
8	Orally and immediately inform the administrator of the facility of the
	Type A1 Violation and the specific findings and what must be done
	to correct them, and set a date by which the violation must be
	corrected; findings.
<u>2</u>	Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will
	immediately abate the Type A1 Violation in order to protect clients from further risk or additional harm.
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·	the administrator the information provided orally under
	sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision; and send a report of the
	findings to the facility.



c. Provide a copy of the written confirmation required under sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision to the Department. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on a written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance.

The Department shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each Type A-Al Violation in facilities or programs that serve six or fewer persons. The Department shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each Type A-Al Violation in facilities or programs that serve seven or more persons.

Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A1 Violation, the Department shall access the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the violation continues beyond the time specified for correction. The Department or its authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been corrected.

- (1a) "Type A2 Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, standards, and requirements set forth in Article 2 or 3 of this Chapter or applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which results in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation will occur. The person making the findings shall do the following:
 - a. Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type A2 Violation and the specific findings.
 - b. Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will immediately abate the Type A2 Violation in order to protect clients or residents from further risk or additional harm.
 - <u>c.</u> Within 15 working days of the investigation, send a report of the findings to the facility.
 - d. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance.

The violation or violations shall be corrected within the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department may or may not assess a penalty taking into consideration the compliance history, preventative measures, and response to previous violations by the facility. Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A2 Violation, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been corrected.

- (1b) "Past Corrected Type A1 or Type A2 Violation" means either (i) the violation was not previously identified by the Department or its authorized representative or (ii) the violation was discovered by the facility and was self-reported, but in either case the violation has been corrected. In determining whether a penalty should be assessed under this section, the Department shall consider the following factors:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>Preventative measures in place prior to the violation.</u>

- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Whether the violation or violations were abated immediately. 1 b. 2 Whether the facility implemented corrective measures to achieve and <u>c.</u> 3 maintain compliance. Whether the facility's system to ensure compliance is maintained and 4 <u>d.</u> 5 continues to be implemented. 6 Whether the regulatory area remains in compliance. "Type B Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, 7 (2) 8 standards, and requirements set forth in Article 2 or 3 of this Chapter or 9 applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which present a direct relationship is detrimental to 10 11 the health, safety, or welfare of any client or patient, but which does not result in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm-harm, abuse, 12 13 neglect, or exploitation will occur. The Department shall require a plan of 14 correction for each Type B Violation and may require the facility to establish a specific plan of correction within a specific time period to address the 15 violation. The person making the findings shall do the following: 16
 - Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type B Violation a. and the specific findings.
 - Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will <u>b.</u> immediately abate the Type B Violation in order to protect clients or residents from further risk or additional harm.
 - Within 15 working days of the investigation, send a report of the <u>c.</u> findings to the facility.
 - <u>d.</u> Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance.
 - Penalties for Failure to Correct Violations Within Time Specified. -(b)
 - Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A Violation, the Department (1) shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time specified in the plan of correction approved by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected.
 - (2) Where a facility has failed to correct a Type B Violation within the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to four hundred dollars (\$400.00) for each day that the deficiency violation continues beyond the date specified for correction without just reason for the failure. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected.
 - Repeat Violations. The Department shall impose a civil penalty which is (3) treble the amount assessed under subdivision (1) of this subsection (a) of this section when a facility under the same management, ownership, or control management or ownership has received a citation during the previous 12 months for which the appeal rights are exhausted and penalty payment is expected or has occurred, and has received a citation and paid a penalty for the current violation is for violating the same specific provision of a statute or regulation for which it received a citation-violation during the previous 12 months.

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- (c) Factors to Be Considered in Determining Amount of Initial Penalty. In determining the amount of the initial penalty to be imposed under this section, the Department shall consider the following factors:
 - (1) There is substantial risk that serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation will occur, and this has not been corrected within the time specified by the Department or its authorized representative; The gravity of the violation, including the fact that death or serious physical harm to a client or patient has resulted; the severity of the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated:
 - (2) <u>Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation, without substantial risk for client death, did occur; The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical harm to a client or patient will result; the severity of the potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated;</u>
 - (3) <u>Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation, with substantial risk</u> for client death, did occur; The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical harm to a client or patient may result; the severity of the potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated;
 - (3a) A client died;
 - (3b) A client died and there is substantial risk to others for serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation;
 - (3c) A client died and there is substantial risk for further client death;
 - (4) The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee to comply with G.S. 131E-256 and other applicable State and federal laws and regulations;
 - (5) Efforts by the licensee to correct violations;
 - (6) The number and type of previous violations committed by the licensee within the past 36 months; and
 - (7) The amount of assessment necessary to ensure immediate and continued compliance; and
 - (8) The number of clients or patients put at risk by the violation.
- (d) The facts found to support the factors in subsection (c) of this section shall be the basis in determining the amount of the penalty. The Department shall document the findings in written record and shall make the written record available to all affected parties including:
 - (1) The licensee involved;
 - (2) The clients or patients affected; and
 - (3) The family members or guardians of the clients or patients affected.
- (e) The Department shall impose a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per day on any facility which refuses to allow an authorized representative of the Department to inspect the premises and records of the facility.
- (f) Any facility wishing to contest a penalty shall be entitled to an administrative hearing as provided in Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be filed within 30 days after the Department mails a notice of penalty to a licensee. At least the following specific issues shall be addressed at the administrative hearing:
 - (1) The reasonableness of the amount of any civil penalty assessed, and
 - (2) The degree to which each factor has been evaluated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to be considered in determining the amount of an initial penalty.

If a civil penalty is found to be unreasonable or if the evaluation of each factor is found to be incomplete, the hearing officer may recommend that the penalty be adjusted accordingly.

- (g) Any penalty imposed by the Department of Health and Human Services under this section shall commence on the day the violation began. date of the letter of notification of the penalty amount.
- (h) The Secretary may bring a civil action in the superior court of the county wherein the violation occurred to recover the amount of the administrative penalty whenever a facility:
 - (1) Which has not requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after being notified of the penalty, or
 - (2) Which has requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after receipt of a written copy of the decision as provided in G.S. 150B-36.
- (i) In lieu of assessing an-all or some of the administrative penalty, the Secretary may order a facility to provide staff training if: if the training is:
 - (1) Specific to the violation;
 - (2) Approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
 - (3) Taught by someone approved by the Department.
 - (1) The penalty would be for the facility's only violation within a 12-month period preceding the current violation and while the facility is under the same management; and
 - (2) The training is:
 - a. Specific to the violation;
 - b. Approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
 - c. Taught by someone approved by the Department and other than the provider.
- (j) The clear proceeds of civil penalties provided for in this section shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in accordance with State law.
- (k) In considering renewal of a license, the Department shall not renew a license if outstanding fines and penalties imposed by the Department against the facility or program have not been paid. Fines and penalties for which an appeal is pending are exempt from consideration for nonrenewal under this subsection."

SECTION 2. G.S. 131D-34 reads as rewritten:

"§ 131D-34. Penalties; remedies.

- (a) Violations Classified. Violation Classification and Penalties. The Department of Health and Human Services shall impose an administrative penalty in accordance with provisions of this Article on any facility which is found to be in violation of requirements of G.S. 131D-21 or applicable State and federal laws and regulations. Citations issued—for violations shall be classified and penalties assessed according to the nature of the violation as follows:
 - (1) "Type A–Al Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, standards, and requirements set forth in G.S. 131D-21 or applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which results in death or serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation. or results in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm will occur. Type A Violations shall be abated or eliminated immediately. The Department shall require an immediate plan of correction for each Type A Violation. The person making the findings shall do the following:
 - a. Orally and immediately inform the administrator of the facility of the Type A1 Violation and the specific findings findings and what must be done to correct them, and set a date by which the violation must be corrected;

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- a1. Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will immediately abate the Type A1 Violation in order to protect residents from further risk or additional harm.
- b. Within 10-15 working days of the investigation, confirm in writing to the administrator the information provided orally under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision; and a report of the findings to the facility.
- c. Provide a copy of the written confirmation required under sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision to the Department. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance.

The Department shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each Type A-Al Violation in homes-facilities licensed for six or fewer beds. The Department shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each Type A-Al Violation in facilities licensed for seven or more beds. Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A1 Violation, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the violation continues beyond the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been corrected.

- (1a) "Type A2 Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, standards, and requirements set forth in G.S. 131D-21 or applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which results in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation will occur. The person making the findings shall do the following:
 - a. Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type A2 Violation and the specific findings.
 - b. Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will immediately abate the Type A2 Violation in order to protect clients or residents from further risk or additional harm.
 - c. Within 15 working days of the investigation, send a report of the findings to the facility.
 - d. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance.

The violation or violations shall be corrected within the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department may or may not assess a penalty taking into consideration the compliance history, preventative measures, and response to previous violations by the facility. Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A2 Violation, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been corrected.

"Past Corrected Type A1 or Type A2 Violation" means either (i) 1 (1b) 2 the violation was not previously identified by the Department or its 3 authorized representative or (ii) the violation was discovered by the facility 4 and was self-reported, but in either case the violation has been corrected. In 5 determining whether a penalty should be assessed under this section, the 6 Department shall consider the following factors: 7 Preventive systems in place prior to the violation. 8 b. Whether the violation or violations were abated immediately. 9 Whether the facility implemented corrective measures to achieve <u>c.</u> maintain compliance. 10 11 Whether the facility's system to ensure compliance is maintained and d. continues to be implemented. 12 13 Whether the regulatory area remains in compliance. e. "Type B Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, 14 (2) standards and requirements set forth in G.S. 131D-21 or applicable State or 15 federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a 16 17 facility which is detrimental present a direct relationship to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident, but which does not result in substantial 18 19 risk that death or serious physical harm harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation 20 will occur. The Department shall require a plan of correction for each Type B Violation and may require the facility to establish a specific plan of 21 22 correction within a reasonable time period to address the violation. The 23 required plan cannot exceed requirements imposed by existing rule or 24 law. The person making the findings shall do the following: 25 Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type B Violation <u>a.</u> 26 and the specific findings. 27 Require a written plan of protection regarding how the facility will <u>b.</u> 28 immediately abate the Type B Violation in order to protect residents 29 from further risk or additional harm. Within 15 working days of the investigation, send a report of the 30 <u>c.</u> 31 findings to the facility. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based 32 <u>d.</u> 33 on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility 34 will take to achieve and maintain compliance. 35 Penalties for failure to correct violations within time specified. (b) 36 Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A Violation, the Department (1)37 shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand 38 dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time 39 specified in the plan of correction approved by the Department or its 40 authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected. 41 42 Where a facility has failed to correct a Type B Violation within the time (2)43 specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative, 44 the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to 45 four hundred dollars (\$400.00) for each day that the deficiency violation 46 continues beyond the date specified for correction without just reason for 47 such failure. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure 48 that the violation has been corrected. 49 Repeat Violations. – The Department shall impose a civil penalty which is (3)

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treble the amount assessed under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this

section when a facility under the same management, ownership, or control

General Assembly Of North Carolina has received a citation management or ownership has received a citation 1 2 during the previous 12 months for which the appeal rights are exhausted and 3 penalty payment is expected or has occurred, and the current violation is and 4 paid a penalty for violating the same specific provision of a statute or 5 regulation for which it received a citation-violation during the previous 12 6 months. The counting of the 12-month period shall be tolled during any time 7 when the facility is being operated by a court-appointed temporary manager 8 pursuant to Article 4 of this Chapter. 9 (c) Factors to be considered in determining amount of initial penalty. Factors to Be 10 Considered in Determining Amount of Initial Penalty. - In determining the amount of the initial penalty to be imposed under this section, the Department shall consider the following 11 12 factors: 13 (1) The gravity of the violation, including the fact that death or serious physical 14 harm to a resident has resulted; the severity of the actual or potential harm, 15 and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated; There is substantial risk that serious physical harm, 16 17 abuse, neglect, or exploitation will occur; 18 (1a) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious 19 physical harm to a resident will result; the severity of the potential harm, and 20 the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations 21 were violated; Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation, 22 without substantial risk for resident death, did occur; 23 The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious (1b) 24 physical harm to a resident may result; the severity of the potential harm, 25 and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or 26 regulations were violated; Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or 27 exploitation, with substantial risk for resident death, did occur; 28 A resident died; (1c) 29 A resident died and there is substantial risk to others for serious physical (1d)30 harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation; 31 A resident died and there is substantial risk for further resident death; (1e) 32 The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee to comply with (2) 33 G.S. 131E-256 and G.S. 131E-265 G.S. 131D-40 and other applicable State 34 and federal laws and regulations; 35 Efforts by the licensee to correct violations; (2a) 36 The number and type of previous violations committed by the licensee (3) 37 within the past 36 months; and 38 The amount of assessment necessary to insure immediate and continued (4) 39 compliance; and 40 (5) (4) The number of patients residents put at risk by the violation. The facts found to support the factors in subsection (c) of this section shall be the 41

- basis in determining the amount of the penalty. The Secretary Department shall document the findings in written record and shall make the written record available to all affected parties including:
 - (1) The penalty review committee;
 - (2) The local department of social services who is responsible for oversight of the facility involved;
 - The licensee involved; (3)

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(4) The residents affected; and

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- (5) The family members or guardians of the residents affected. The family member who serves as a responsible party or those who have legal authority on behalf of the affected resident.
- (c2) Local county departments of social services and Division of Health Service Regulation personnel shall submit proposed penalty recommendations to the Department within 45 days of the citation of a violation.
- (d) The Department shall impose a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per day on any facility which refuses to allow an authorized representative of the Department to inspect the premises and records of the facility.
- (d1) The Department shall impose a civil penalty on any applicant for licensure who provides false information or omits information on the portion of the licensure application requesting information on owners, administrators, principals, or affiliates of the facility. The amount of the penalty shall be as is prescribed for a Type A-A1 Violation.
- (e) Any facility wishing to contest a penalty shall be entitled to an administrative hearing as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be filed within 30 days after the Department mails a notice of penalty to a licensee. At least the following specific issues shall be addressed at the administrative hearing:
 - (1) The reasonableness of the amount of any civil penalty assessed, and
 - (2) The degree to which each factor has been evaluated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to be considered in determining the amount of an initial penalty.

If a civil penalty is found to be unreasonable or if the evaluation of each factor is found to be incomplete, the hearing officer may recommend that the penalty be adjusted accordingly.

- (f) Notwithstanding the notice requirements of G.S. 131D-26(b), any Any penalty imposed by the Department of Health and Human Services under this section shall commence on the day the violation began. date the violation was identified.
- (g) The Secretary may bring a civil action in the superior court of the county wherein the violation occurred to recover the amount of the administrative penalty whenever a facility:
 - (1) Which has not requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after being notified of the penalty, or
 - (2) Which has requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after receipt of a written copy of the decision as provided in G.S. 150B-36.
- (g1) In lieu of assessing an all or some of the administrative penalty, the Secretary may order a facility to provide staff training if: if the training is:
 - (1) Specific to the violation;
 - (2) Approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
 - (3) Taught by someone approved by the Department.
 - (1) The cost of training does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
 - (2) The penalty would be for the facility's only violation within a 12-month period preceding the current violation and while the facility is under the same management; and
 - (3) The training is:
 - a. Specific to the violation;
 - b. Approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
 - c. Taught by someone approved by the Department and other than the provider.
- (h) The Secretary shall establish a penalty review committee within the Department, which shall meet as often as needed, but no less frequently than once each quarter of the year,

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2011 to review administrative penalties assessed pursuant to this section and pursuant to 1 2 G.S. 131E-129 as follows: 3 The Secretary shall administer the work of the Committee and provide (1) 4 public notice of its meetings via Web site, and provide direct notice to the 5 following parties involved in the penalties the Committee will be reviewing: The licensed provider, who upon receipt of the notice, shall post the 6 7 notice of the scheduled Penalty Review Committee meeting in a 8 conspicuous place available to residents, family members, and the 9 10 The local department of social services that is responsible for b. oversight of the facility involved; 11 The residents affected; and 12 c. 13 Those individuals lawfully designated by the affected resident to d. make health care decisions for the resident. 14 The Secretary shall ensure that the Nursing Home/Adult Care Home Penalty 15 (2) Review Committee established by this subsection is comprised of nine 16 17 members. At least one member shall be appointed from each of the 18 following categories: 19 A licensed pharmacist; a. A registered nurse experienced in long term care; 20 b. 21 A representative of a nursing home; c. A representative of an adult care home; and 22 d. 23 Two public members. One shall be a "near" relative of a nursing e. 24 home patient, chosen from a list prepared by the Office of State Long 25 Term Care Ombudsman, Division of Aging, Department of Health 26 and Human Services. One shall be a "near" relative of a rest home 27 patient, chosen from a list prepared by the Office of State Long Term 28 Care Ombudsman, Division of Aging, Department of Health and 29 Human Services. For purposes of this subdivision, a "near" relative is 30 a spouse, sibling, parent, child, grandparent, or grandchild. Neither the pharmacist, nurse, nor public members appointed under this 31 (3) 32 subsection nor any member of their immediate families shall be employed 33 by or own any interest in a nursing home or adult care home. 34 (4) Repealed by Session Laws 2005-276, s. 10.40A(1), effective July 1, 2005. 35 Repealed by Session Laws 2007-544, s. 1, effective October 1, 2007. (4a) Prior to serving on the Committee, each member shall complete a training 36 (4b)program provided by the Department of Health and Human Services that 37 38 covers standards of care and applicable State and federal laws and 39 regulations governing facilities licensed under Chapter 131D and Chapter 40 131E of the General Statutes. Each member of the Committee shall serve a term of two years. The initial 41 (5) 42

- terms of the members shall commence on August 3, 1989. The Secretary shall fill all vacancies. Unexcused absences from three consecutive meetings constitute resignation from the Committee.
- The Committee shall be cochaired by: (6)

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- One member of the Department outside of the Division of Health a. Service Regulation; and
- One member who is not affiliated with the Department. b.
- The clear proceeds of civil penalties provided for in this section shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund State Treasurer for deposit in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2. State law."

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SECTION 3. G.S. 131E-129 reads as rewritten:

"§ 131E-129. Penalties. Penalties; remedies.

- (a) <u>Violations classified. Violation Classification and Penalties.</u> The Department of <u>Health and Human Services</u> shall impose an administrative penalty in accordance with provisions of this <u>Part-Article</u> on any <u>facility's licensee facility</u> which is found to be in violation of the requirements of G.S. 131E-117 or applicable State and federal laws and regulations. Citations <u>issued</u> for violations shall be classified <u>and penalties assessed</u> according to the nature of the violation as follows:
 - (1) "Type A-Al Violation" means a violation by a facility's licensee facility of the regulations, standards, regulations and requirements set forth in G.S. 131E-117, or applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which results in death or serious physical harm, or results in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm will occur. Type A Violations shall be abated or eliminated immediately. The Department shall require an immediate plan of correction for each Type A Violation. harm. The person making the findings shall do the following:
 - a. Orally and immediately inform the administrator of the facility of the Type A1 Violation and the specific findings and what must be done to correct them and set a date by which the violation must be corrected; findings.
 - b. Within 10 working days of the investigation, confirm in writing to the administrator the information provided orally under sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision; and
 - e. Provide a copy of the written confirmation required under sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision to the Department.
 - d. Require a written, credible allegation regarding how the facility will immediately remove the Type A1 Violation in order to protect residents from further risk or additional harm.
 - e. Within 15 working days of the investigation, send a report of the findings to the facility.
 - f. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance by the date specified by the Department.

The Department shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each Type A-Al Violation. Where a facility has failed to correct a Type Al Violation, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the violation continues beyond the date specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been corrected.

- (1a) "Type A2 Violation" means a violation by a facility of the regulations, standards, and requirements set forth in G.S. 131E-117 or applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or certification of a facility which results in substantial risk that death or serious physical harm will occur. The person making the findings shall do the following:
 - <u>a.</u> Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type A2 Violation and the specific findings.

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Require a credible allegation regarding how the facility will 1 b. 2 immediately remove the Type A2 Violation in order to protect 3 residents from further risk or additional harm. 4 Within 10 working days of the investigation, send a report of the <u>c.</u> 5 findings to the facility. 6 Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based <u>d.</u> on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility 7 8 will take to achieve and maintain compliance by the date specified by 9 the Department. 10 The violation or violations shall be corrected within the time specified for 11 correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department may or may not assess a penalty taking into consideration the 12 13 compliance history, preventative measures, and response to previous violations by the facility. Where a facility has failed to correct a Type A2 14 Violation, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the 15 amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the 16 17 deficiency continues beyond the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its 18 authorized representative shall determine whether the violation has been 19 20 corrected. 21 (1b) "Past Corrected Type A1 or Type A2 Violation" means either (i) the 22 violation was not previously identified by the Department or its authorized 23 representative or (ii) the violation was discovered by the facility and was 24 self-reported, but in either case the violation has been corrected. In 25 determining whether a penalty should be assessed under this section, the 26 Department shall consider the following factors: Preventive systems in place prior to the violation. 27 28 b. Whether the violation or violations were abated immediately. and 29 Whether the facility implemented corrective measures to achieve and <u>c.</u> 30 maintain compliance. Whether the facility's system to ensure compliance is maintained and 31 d. 32 continues to be implemented. 33 Whether the regulatory area remains in compliance. 34 (2) "Type B Violation" means a violation by a facility's licensee of the 35 regulations, standards and requirements set forth in G.S. 131E-117 or 36 applicable State or federal laws and regulations governing the licensure or 37 certification of a facility which presents a direct relationship is detrimental to 38 the health, safety, or welfare of any resident, but which does not result in 39 substantial risk that death or serious physical harm will occur. The 40 Department shall require a plan of correction for each Type B Violation and 41 may require the facility to establish a specific plan of correction within a 42 specific time period to address the violation. The person making the findings 43 shall do the following: 44 Orally and immediately inform the facility of the Type B Violation a. and the specific findings. 45 Require a written plan regarding how the facility will immediately 46 b. 47 remove the Type B Violation in order to protect residents from 48 further risk or additional harm. Within 10 working days of the investigation, send a report of the 49 <u>c.</u> 50 findings to the facility.

d. Require a plan of correction to be submitted to the Department, based on the written report of the findings, that describes steps the facility will take to achieve and maintain compliance by the date specified by the Department.

Where a facility has failed to correct a Type B Violation within the time specified for correction by the Department or its authorized representative, the Department shall assess the facility a civil penalty in the amount of up to four hundred dollars (\$400.00) for each day that the violation continues beyond the date specified for correction without just reason for such failure. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected.

- Repeat Violations. The Department shall impose a civil penalty which is treble the amount assessed under subsection (a) of this section when a facility under the same management or ownership has received a citation during the previous 12 months for which the appeal rights are exhausted and penalty payment is expected or has occurred, and the current violation is for the same specific provision of a statute or regulation for which it received a violation during the previous 12 months. The counting of the 12-month period shall be tolled during any time when the facility is being operated by a court-appointed temporary manager pursuant to law.
- (b) Penalties for failure to correct violations within time specified.
 - (1) Where a facility's licensee has failed to correct a Type A Violation, the Department shall assess the facility's licensee a civil penalty in the amount of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time specified in the plan of correction approved by the Department or its authorized representative. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected.
 - Where a facility's licensee has failed to correct a Type B Violation within the time—specified—for correction—by—the—Department—or—its—authorized representative, the Department shall assess the facility's licensee—a civil penalty in the amount of up to two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the time specified in the plan of correction approved by the Department or its authorized representative without just reason for such failure. The Department or its authorized representative shall ensure that the violation has been corrected.
 - (3) The Department shall impose a civil penalty on a facility's licensee which is treble the amount assessed under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) when a facility under the management, ownership, or control of that same licensee has received a citation and paid a penalty for violating the same specific provision of a statute or regulation for which the facility's licensee has received a citation during the previous 12 months. The counting of the 12 month period shall be tolled during any time when the facility is being operated by a court appointed temporary manager pursuant to Article 13 of this Chapter.
- (c) Factors to be considered in determining amount of initial penalty. In determining the amount of the initial penalty to be imposed under this section, the Department shall consider the following factors:
 - (1) The gravity of the violation, including the fact that death or serious physical harm to a resident has resulted; the severity of the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated;

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- The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious 1 (1a) 2 physical harm to a resident will result; the severity of the potential harm, and 3 the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations 4 were violated: 5 The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious (1b) 6 physical harm to a resident may result; the severity of the potential harm, 7 and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or
 - (2) The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee to comply with G.S. 131E-256 and G.S. 131E-265 and other applicable State and federal laws and regulations:
 - (2a) Efforts by the licensee to correct violations;

regulations were violated;

- (3) The number and type of previous violations committed by the licensee within the past 36 months;
- (4) The amount of assessment necessary to insure immediate and continued compliance; and
- (5) The number of patients put at risk by the violation.
- (1) There is substantial risk that serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation will occur.
- (2) Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation, without substantial risk for resident death, did occur.
- (3) Serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation, with substantial risk for resident death, did occur.
- (4) A resident died.
- (5) A resident died and there is substantial risk to others for serious physical harm, abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
- (6) A resident died and there is substantial risk for further resident death.
- (7) Reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee to comply with G.S. 131E-256 and G.S. 131E-265 did occur.
- (8) Efforts by the licensee to correct violations.
- (9) The number and type of previous violations committed by the licensee within the past 36 months.
- (10) The number of residents put at risk by the violations.
- (c1) The facts found to support the factors in subsection (c) of this section shall be the basis in determining the amount of the penalty. The Secretary shall document the findings in written record and shall make the written record available to all affected parties including:
 - (1) The penalty review committee;
 - (2) The local department of social services who is responsible for oversight of the facility involved;
 - (3) The licensee involved;
 - (4) The residents affected; and
 - (5) The family members or guardians of the residents affected. The family member who serves as a responsible party or those who have legal authority on behalf of the affected resident.
- (c2) Local county departments of social services and Division of Health Service Regulation personnel shall submit proposed penalty recommendations to the Department within 45 days of the citation of a violation.
- (d) The Department shall impose a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per day on any facility's licensee facility which refuses to allow an authorized representative of the Department to inspect the premises and records of the facility.

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- (e) Any facility's licensee facility wishing to contest a penalty shall be entitled to an administrative hearing as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be filed within 30 days after the Department mails a notice of penalty to a licensee. At least the following specific issues shall be addressed at the administrative hearing:
 - (1) The reasonableness of the amount of any civil penalty assessed, and
 - (2) The degree to which each factor has been evaluated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to be considered in determining the amount of an initial penalty.

If a civil penalty is found to be unreasonable or if the evaluation of each factor is found to be incomplete, the hearing officer may recommend that the penalty be adjusted accordingly.

- (e1) Notwithstanding the notice requirements of G.S. 131E-24, any penalty imposed by the Department of Health and Human Services under this section shall commence on the day the citation is imposed.
- (f) The Secretary may bring a civil action in the superior court of the county wherein the violation occurred to recover the amount of the administrative penalty whenever a facility's licensee: facility:
 - (1) Which has not requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after being notified of the penalty; or
 - (2) Which has requested an administrative hearing fails to pay the penalty within 60 days after receipt of a written copy of the decision as provided in G.S. 150B-36.
- (g) The penalty review committee established pursuant to G.S. 131D-34(h) shall review administrative penalties assessed pursuant to this section.
- (g1) In lieu of assessing an all or some of the administrative penalty, the Secretary may order a facility to provide staff training if: if the training is:
 - (1) The cost of training does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
 - (2) The penalty would be for the facility's only violation within a 12 month period preceding the current violation and while the facility is under the same management; and
 - (3) The training is:
 - a. (1) Specific to the violation;
 - b. (2) Approved by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
 - e. (3) Taught by someone an individual approved by the Department and other than the provider. Department.
- (h) The Department shall not assess an administrative penalty against a facility under this section if a civil monetary penalty has been assessed for the same violation under federal enforcement laws and regulations.
- (i) The clear proceeds of civil penalties provided for in this section shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2."

SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.