GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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SENATE BILL 16 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S16-PCS15092-RK-21

Short Title: Obtain Blood Sample/Implied-Consent Laws.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 1, 2011

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT LAW ENFORCEMENT REQUEST A BLOOD SAMPLE
3	UNDER THE STATE IMPLIED-CONSENT LAWS FROM ANY PERSON
4	CRIMINALLY CHARGED IN ANY CASE INVOLVING DEATH BY VEHICLE AND
5	CERTAIN OTHER OFFENSES AND TO SEEK A WARRANT IF THE DRIVER
6	REFUSES AND THERE IS PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THE OFFENSE
7	INVOLVED IMPAIRED DRIVING OR IS ALCOHOL-RELATED.
8	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
9	SECTION 1. G.S. 20-16.2(a1) reads as rewritten:
10	"(a1) Meaning of Terms. – Under this section, an "implied-consent offense" is an offense
11	involving impaired driving, an alcohol-related offense, or charged as a violation of
12	G.S. 20-141.4(a2), and is driving or an alcohol-related offense made subject to the procedures
13	of this section. A person is "charged" with an offense if the person is arrested for it or if
14	criminal process for the offense has been issued."
15	SECTION 2. G.S. 20-139.1(b5) reads as rewritten:
16	"(b5) Subsequent Tests Allowed. – A person may be requested, pursuant to G.S. 20-16.2,
17	to submit to a chemical analysis of the person's blood or other bodily fluid or substance in
18	addition to or in lieu of a chemical analysis of the breath, in the discretion of a law enforcement
19	officer. officer; except that a person charged with a violation of G.S. 20-141.4 shall be
20	requested to provide a blood sample in addition to or in lieu of a chemical analysis of the
21	breath. However, if a breath sample shows an alcohol concentration of .08 or more, then
22	requesting a blood sample shall be in the discretion of a law enforcement officer. If a
23	subsequent chemical analysis is requested pursuant to this subsection, the person shall again be
24	advised of the implied consent rights in accordance with G.S. 20-16.2(a). A person's willful
25	refusal to submit to a chemical analysis of the blood or other bodily fluid or substance is a
26	willful refusal under G.S. 20-16.2. If a person willfully refuses to provide a blood sample under
27	this subsection, and the person is charged with a violation of G.S. 20-141.4, then a law
28	enforcement officer with probable cause to believe that the offense involved impaired driving
29	or was alcohol-related shall seek a warrant to obtain a blood sample. The failure to obtain a
30	blood sample pursuant to this subsection shall not be grounds for the dismissal of a charge and
31	is not assignable as error on appeal."
32	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to
33	offenses committed on or after that date.

