GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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SENATE BILL 271 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S271-PCS35239-RV-15

Short Title: Commercial and Other M/V Law Changes.-AB

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 9, 2011

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO MODIFY WINDOW TINTING RESTRICTIONS FOR MOTOR CARRIERS	
3	SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 49 OF THE FEDERAL CODE, TO	
4	CLARIFY TEXTING FOR MOTOR CARRIERS SUBJECT TO TITLE 49 OF THE	
5	FEDERAL CODE, TO REQUIRE REDACTION OF CERTAIN VEHICLES CRASH	
6	REPORT INFORMATION, AND TO PROVIDE FOR CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES TO	
7	MANAGE OR OPERATE PERMANENT WEIGH STATIONS FOR THE STATE	
8	HIGHWAY PATROL.	
9	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
10	SECTION 1. G.S. 20-127 reads as rewritten:	
11	"§ 20-127. Windows and windshield wipers.	
12		
13	(b) Window Tinting Restrictions A window of a vehicle that is operated on a	
14	highway or a public vehicular area shall comply with this subsection. The windshield of the	
15	vehicle may be tinted only along the top of the windshield and the tinting may not extend more	
16	than five inches below the top of the windshield or below the AS1 line of the windshield,	
17	whichever measurement is longer. Provided, however, an untinted clear film which does not	
18	obstruct vision but which reduces or eliminates ultraviolet radiation from entering a vehicle	
19	may be applied to the windshield. Any other window of the vehicle may be tinted in	
20	accordance with the following restrictions:	
21	(1) The total light transmission of the tinted window shall be at least thirty-five	
22	percent (35%). A vehicle window that, by use of a light meter approved by	
23	the Commissioner, measures a total light transmission of more than	
24	thirty-two percent (32%) is conclusively presumed to meet this restriction.	
25	(2) The light reflectance of the tinted window shall be twenty percent (20%) or	
26	less.	
27	(3) Tinted film or another material used to tint the window shall be nonreflective	
28	and shall not be red, yellow, or amber.	
29	(b1) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a window of a vehicle that is	
30	operated on a public street or highway and which is subject to the provisions of Part 393 of	
31	Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall comply with the provisions of that Part.	
32	(c) Tinting Exceptions. – The window tinting restrictions in subsection (b) of this	
33	section apply without exception to the windshield of a vehicle. The window tinting restrictions	



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in subdivisions	(b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section do not apply to any of the following vehicle
windows:	
(1)	A window of an excursion passenger vehicle, as defined in
	G.S. 20-4.01(27)a.
(2)	A window of a for-hire passenger vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)b.
(3)	A window of a common carrier of passengers, as defined in
	G.S. 20-4.01(27)c.
(4)	A window of a motor home, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)d2.
(5)	A window of an ambulance, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)f.
(6)	The rear window of a property-hauling vehicle, as defined in
	G.S. 20-4.01(31).
(7)	A window of a limousine.
(8)	A window of a law enforcement vehicle.
(9)	A window of a multipurpose vehicle that is behind the driver of the vehicle.
	A multipurpose vehicle is a passenger vehicle that is designed to carry 10 or
	fewer passengers and either is constructed on a truck chassis or has special
	features designed for occasional off-road operation. A minivan and a pickup
	truck are multipurpose vehicles.
(10)	A window of a vehicle that is registered in another state and meets the
	requirements of the state in which it is registered.
(11)	A window of a vehicle for which the Division has issued a medical
	exception permit under subsection (f) of this section.
"	
SEC	CTION 2. G.S. 20-137.4A is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
" <u>(a1)</u> Mot	or Carrier Offense It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a
commercial motor vehicle subject to Parts 390 or 392 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal	
Regulations on a public street or highway or public vehicular area while using a mobile	
	her electronic device in violation of those Parts. Nothing in this subsection shall
be construed to	prohibit the use of hands-free technology."
SEC	CTION 3. G.S. 20-166.1(i) reads as rewritten:
"(i) Effe	ect of Report A report of an accident made under this section by a person who
is not a law en	forcement officer is without prejudice, is for the use of the Division, and shall
not be used in	any manner as evidence, or for any other purpose in any trial, civil or criminal,
arising out of the	ne accident. Any other report of an accident made under this section may be used
in any manner	as evidence, or for any other purpose, in any trial, civil or criminal, as permitted
	s of evidence. At the demand of a court, the Division must give the court a
properly execu	ted certificate stating that a particular accident report has or has not been filed
	on solely to prove a compliance with this section.
The reports	made by persons who are not law enforcement officers or medical examiners
are not public-	records. The reports made by law enforcement officers and medical examiners
	ords and are open to inspection by the general public at all reasonable times.
	s section are public records within the meaning of G.S. 132-1. Reports made
pursuant to thi	s section may not be released to any person making a request unless and until
personal identi	fying information has been redacted from the report in compliance with the
provisions of the	ne federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2721(b)(11) and (12), and
	The Division must give a certified copy of one of these reports to a member of
	blic who requests a copy any person entitled to a copy of such report and who
1 .	in G.S. 20-42."
SEC	CTION 4. G.S. 20-383 reads as rewritten:
"§ 20-383. Ins	pectors and officers given enforcement authority.

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Only designated inspectors and officers inspectors, officers, and personnel of the 1 2 Department of Crime Control and Public Safety shall have the authority to enforce the 3 provisions of this Article and provisions of Chapter 62 applicable to motor transportation, and 4 they are empowered to make complaint for the issue of appropriate warrants, informations, presentments or other lawful process for the enforcement and prosecution of violations of the 5 transportation laws against all offenders, whether they be regulated motor carriers or not, and to 6 appear in court or before the North Carolina Utilities Commission and offer evidence at the 7 8 trial pursuant to such processes."

9 SECTION 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act are effective when this act becomes law. 10 Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective December 1, 2011, and apply to offenses

11 committed on or after that date.