GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

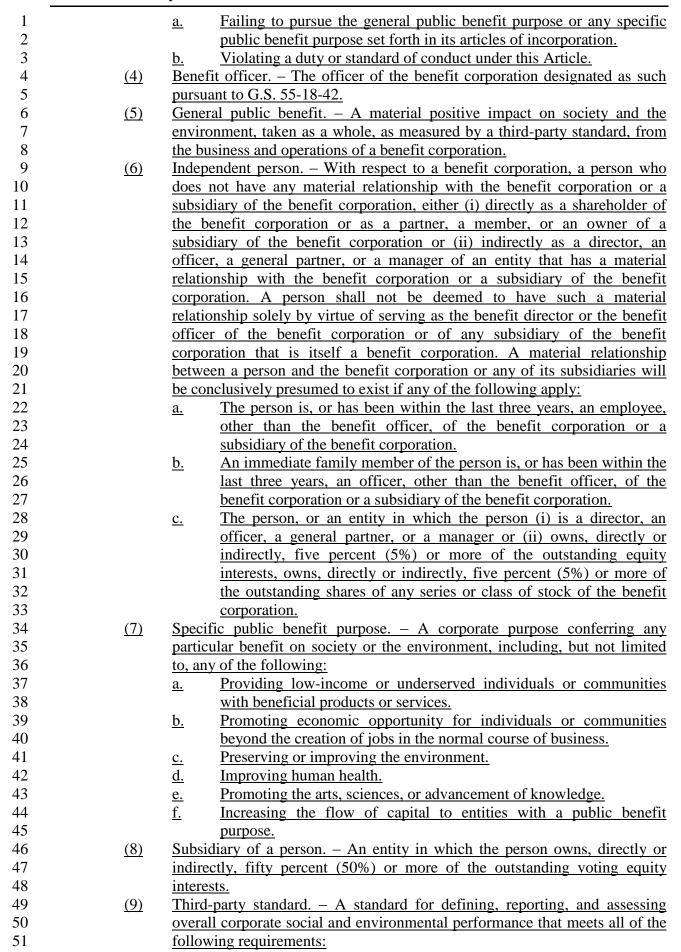
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SENATE BILL 26

Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 3/21/11 PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S26-PCS35341-RO-32

Short Tit	le: N	North Carolina Benefit Corporation Act.	(Public)
Sponsors	S:		
Referred	to:		
		February 2, 2011	
		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT	TOEN	NACT THE NORTH CAROLINA BENEFIT CORPORATION ACT.	
The Gen	eral Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	SEC'	TION 1. Chapter 55 of the General Statutes is amended by addi	ng a new
Article to		·	
		"Article 18.	
		"The North Carolina Benefit Corporation Act.	
		"Part 1. Preliminary Provisions.	
" <u>§ 55-18</u>	-1. Sho	ort title.	
<u>This</u>	Article	may be cited as "The North Carolina Benefit Corporation Act."	
" <u>§ 55-18</u>		plication and effect of Article.	
<u>(a)</u>	<u>This</u>	Article applies to all benefit corporations.	
<u>(b)</u>		provisions of the other Articles of this Chapter apply to benefit corpo	
		f this Article conflicts with any provision of the other Articles of this	s Chapter,
		this Article shall control.	
<u>(c)</u>		r than as provided in G.S. 55-18-21, corporations that are no	
		all not be subject to this Article, and this Article shall not otherwise	
		law that is applicable to a corporation that is not a benefit corporation	
<u>(d)</u>		ovision of the articles of incorporation or bylaws of a benefit corpor	
		ent with or supersede a provision of this Article, except to the extent	expressly
permitted			
" <u>§ 55-18</u>			
<u>(a)</u>		following definitions apply to this Article:	1
	<u>(1)</u>	Benefit corporation. – A domestic corporation that has elected t	
		subject to this Article by including a provision in its articles of incommendation that it is a large fit a provision and the chief.	_
		providing that it shall be a benefit corporation governed by this A	
		that has not terminated its status as a benefit corporation pu	irsuant to
	(2)	G.S. 55-18-22.	. 1 1.
	<u>(2)</u>	Benefit director. – The director of the benefit corporation designate	ed as such
	(2)	pursuant to G.S. 55-18-41. Penefit enforcement proceeding. Any claim or action brown	aht under
	<u>(3)</u>	Benefit enforcement proceeding. – Any claim or action brou	_
		G.S. 55-18-43 against a director of a benefit corporation for a	ny or the
		<u>following:</u>	





- 1 The standard assesses the effect of the business and its operations <u>a.</u> 2 upon the interests listed in subdivisions (2) through (5) of 3 G.S. 55-18-40(a). 4 The standard is developed by an entity that is independent of the <u>b.</u> 5 benefit corporation and satisfies the following: 6 Not more than one-third of the members of the governing 1. 7 body of the entity are representatives of either of the 8 following: 9 An association of businesses operating in a specific I. 10 industry, the performance of whose members is 11 measured by the standard. Businesses whose performance is measured by the 12 II. 13 standard. 14 The entity is not materially financed by an association or <u>2.</u> business described in sub-sub-subdivision 1. of this 15 16 sub-subdivision. 17 The standard is developed by an entity that satisfies the following: <u>c.</u> 18 <u>1.</u> Has access to necessary expertise to assess overall corporate 19 social and environmental performance. Uses a balanced multistakeholder approach, including a 20 <u>2.</u> 21 public comment period of at least 30 days to develop the 22 standard. 23 The standard is transparent because the following information about <u>d.</u> 24 the standard is publicly available: 25 The criteria considered when measuring the overall social and 1. 26 environmental performance of a business, as well as the 27 relative weightings of those criteria. 28 <u>2.</u> The process for the development and revision of the standard, 29 including the following: 30 I. The identity of the directors, officers, any material 31 owners, and the governing body of the entity that 32 developed and controls revisions to the standard. 33 <u>II.</u> The process by which revisions to the standard and 34 changes to the membership of the governing body are 35 made. 36 III. An accounting of the sources of financial support for 37 the entity, with sufficient detail to disclose any 38 relationships that could reasonably be considered to 39 present a potential conflict of interest. 40 For purposes of the definitions of "independent person" and "subsidiary" in 41 subsection (a) of this section, a percentage of ownership in an entity shall be calculated as if all 42 outstanding rights to acquire equity interests in the entity had been exercised. 43 44 A benefit corporation shall not be entitled to claim an exemption from any property tax 45
 - "§ 55-18-4. Benefit corporation not entitled to property tax exemption.

imposed under Subchapter II of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.

"Part 2. Adoption and Change of Status.

"§ 55-18-20. Incorporation as a benefit corporation.

A domestic corporation, including a domestic corporation incorporated upon a conversion effected pursuant to Part 1 of Article 11A of this Chapter, may be incorporated as a benefit corporation by including in its initial articles of incorporation a provision providing that the corporation shall be a benefit corporation governed by this Article. The articles of incorporation

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 must also include an identification of any specific public benefit purpose or purposes as required by G.S. 55-18-30 and must include all provisions required by, and may include any provision permitted by, G.S. 55-2-02.

"§ 55-18-21. Transition to benefit corporation status.

- (a) An existing domestic corporation shall become a benefit corporation upon the effectiveness of an amendment to its articles of incorporation to include a provision providing that the corporation shall be a benefit corporation governed by this Article. As amended, such articles of incorporation must also include an identification of any specific public benefit purpose or purposes as required by G.S. 55-18-30. An amendment under this section must be approved in the manner required by G.S. 55-18-23. In addition to other requirements of applicable law, the notice of the meeting of shareholders to approve the amendment must include a statement by the board of directors of the reasons why the board is proposing the amendment and a discussion of the anticipated effect on the shareholders of becoming a benefit corporation.
- (b) If a corporation or other entity that is not a benefit corporation is a party to a merger, conversion, or share exchange, and the surviving or acquiring corporation in the merger, conversion, or share exchange is, or is to be as a result of such transaction, a benefit corporation, the plan of merger, conversion, or share exchange must be approved in the manner required by G.S. 55-18-23. In addition to other requirements of applicable law, the notice of the meeting of shareholders to approve the plan of merger, conversion, or share exchange must include a discussion of the anticipated effect on the shareholders resulting from the surviving or acquiring corporation being a benefit corporation. Upon the completion of such transaction, the surviving or acquiring corporation to be a benefit corporation must include a provision in its articles of incorporation providing that the corporation shall be a benefit corporation governed by this Article and an identification of any specific public benefit purpose or purposes as required by G.S. 55-18-30.

"§ 55-18-22. Termination of benefit corporation status.

- (a) A benefit corporation may terminate its status and cease to be subject to this Article by amending its articles of incorporation to delete the provision that the corporation shall be a benefit corporation governed by this Article. Such an amendment must be approved in the manner required by G.S. 55-18-23. The notice of the meeting of shareholders to approve the amendment must include a statement by the board of directors of the reasons why the board is proposing the amendment and a discussion of the anticipated effect on the shareholders of terminating the status of the corporation as a benefit corporation.
- (b) If a plan of merger, conversion, or share exchange would have the effect of terminating the status of a benefit corporation as a benefit corporation, the plan must be approved in the manner required by G.S. 55-18-23.

"§ 55-18-23. Heightened voting requirements.

In addition to any other requirements of applicable law, where specified in this Article that approval of a matter shall be in the manner required by this section, the following requirements apply:

- With respect to a corporation, including a benefit corporation, such matter must be approved by the affirmative vote of sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the outstanding shares or each class and series of stock of the corporation, voting as separate voting groups, regardless of any limitation in the corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws of the voting rights of such class or series.
- With respect to any entity incorporated under Chapter 55A of the General Statutes, the matter must be approved by the affirmative vote of sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the votes cast by the members entitled to vote thereon.

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With respect to an entity organized under Chapter 57C or Chapter 59 of the (3) General Statutes, the matter must be approved in the same manner as would be required for the approval of a merger of such entity, unless otherwise provided in the articles of entity, operating agreement, or partnership agreement of the entity.

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"Part 3. Corporate Purposes.

"§ 55-18-30. Corporate purposes.

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A benefit corporation shall have as one of its corporate purposes the creation of a general public benefit. A benefit corporation may include in its articles of incorporation other corporate purposes, including the purpose of engaging in any lawful business.

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A benefit corporation may include as a corporate purpose in its articles of incorporation one or more specific public benefit purposes in addition to its purposes under subsection (a) of this section.

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A benefit corporation may amend its articles of incorporation to add, amend, or delete the identification of a specific public benefit purpose. Such an amendment must be approved by the shareholders of the benefit corporation in the manner required by G.S. 55-18-23.

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"Part 4. Accountability.

"§ 55-18-40. Standard of conduct for directors.

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In discharging their duties as directors of a benefit corporation, directors shall consider the effects of any action or decision not to act upon the following:

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The shareholders of the benefit corporation. (1)

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The employees and workforce of the benefit corporation, its subsidiaries, **(2)** and suppliers.

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The interests of customers to the extent they are beneficiaries of the general (3) or specific public benefit purposes of the benefit corporation.

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The local community and society, including the interests of each community <u>(4)</u> in which offices or facilities of the benefit corporation, its subsidiaries, or suppliers are located.

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The local and global environment. (5)

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The short-term and long-term interests of the benefit corporation, including (6) benefits that may accrue to the benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the possibility that these interests may be best served by the continued independence of the benefit corporation.

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The ability of the benefit corporation to accomplish its general and any <u>(7)</u> specific public benefit purpose.

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In addition to the required considerations in subsection (a) of this section, a director of a benefit corporation may consider the effects of any action or decision not to act upon the following:

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The resources, intent, and conduct (past, stated, and potential) of any person <u>(1)</u> seeking to acquire control of the benefit corporation.

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Other pertinent factors or the interests of any other group that the director in (2) good faith considers to be appropriate.

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A director of a benefit corporation need not give priority to the interests of a particular person or group referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of this section over the interests of any other person or group unless the benefit corporation's articles of incorporation explicitly specify a priority of interests.

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The consideration of interests and factors in the manner required by this section shall not be deemed to be inconsistent with the requirements of G.S. 55-8-30.

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A director is not liable for monetary damages arising out of an action under this Article with respect to any of the following:

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- (1) Any act taken as a director, or any omission to act as a director, other than any act or omission that the director at the time of such act or omission knew or believed to be clearly in conflict with the benefit corporation's general public benefit purpose and any specific public benefit purpose stated in its articles of incorporation.
- (2) Failure of the benefit corporation to create a general or specific public benefit.

"§ 55-18-41. Benefit director.

- (a) The board of directors of a benefit corporation must by resolution designate one director who is an independent person to be the benefit director. The benefit director shall have, in addition to the powers, duties, rights, and immunities of the other directors of the benefit corporation, the powers, duties, rights, and immunities provided in this section.
- (b) The benefit director may serve as the benefit officer at the same time as serving as the benefit director. The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a benefit corporation may prescribe additional qualifications of the benefit director not inconsistent with this section.
- (c) The benefit director must prepare, and the benefit corporation must include in the annual benefit report to shareholders required by G.S. 55-18-50, the opinion of the benefit director on the following:
 - (1) Whether the benefit corporation acted in accordance with its general and any specific public benefit purpose in all material respects during the period covered by the report.
 - (2) Whether the benefit corporation conferred a general public benefit and any specific public benefit during the period covered by the report.
 - (3) Whether the directors complied with G.S. 55-18-40.

If the benefit director finds a failure under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection, the benefit director shall include in the annual benefit report a description, to the extent relevant, of the ways in which the benefit corporation or its directors failed to act or comply.

- (d) If a benefit corporation dispenses with a board of directors pursuant to G.S. 55-8-01(c), the articles of incorporation of the benefit corporation must provide that the persons who perform the duties of the board of directors designate an independent person with the powers, duties, rights, and immunities of a benefit director.
- (e) Regardless of whether the articles of incorporation or the bylaws of a benefit corporation include a provision limiting or eliminating the personal liability of directors authorized by G.S. 55-2-02(b)(3) or G.S. 55-2-06, a benefit director shall not be personally liable for monetary damages for any act or omission taken in such capacity unless the act or omission constitutes (i) a transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit, (ii) willful misconduct, or (iii) a knowing violation of law.

"§ 55-18-42. Benefit officer.

- (a) A benefit corporation may have an officer designated as the benefit officer.
- (b) The duties of the benefit officer shall include the following:
 - (1) Monitoring the benefit corporation's pursuit of the general and any specific public benefit purpose of the benefit corporation and the general and any specific public benefit created by the benefit corporation.
 - (2) Performing such other duties to the extent provided in either of the following:
 - a. The bylaws of the benefit corporation.
 - b. A resolution adopted by the board of directors of the benefit corporation that is not in conflict with the bylaws.
 - (3) Preparing the annual benefit report required by G.S. 55-18-50.

"§ 55-18-43. Right of action; benefit enforcement proceeding.

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1 The duties of directors under this Article may be enforced only in a benefit (a) 2 enforcement proceeding. No person may bring an action or assert a claim against a benefit 3 corporation or its directors with respect to the duties of directors under this Article, except in a 4 benefit enforcement proceeding. 5 (b) A benefit enforcement proceeding may be commenced or maintained only by the following: 6 7 Directly, by the benefit corporation. (1) 8 **(2)** Derivatively, by any of the following: 9 A shareholder that owns five percent (5%) or more of the shares in 10 the benefit corporation. 11 A director. <u>b.</u> 12 A person or group of persons that owns, directly or indirectly, five <u>c.</u> 13 percent (5%) or more of the outstanding equity voting interests in an 14 entity of which the benefit corporation is a subsidiary. 15 Other persons specified in the articles of incorporation or bylaws of <u>d.</u> 16 the benefit corporation. 17 A benefit enforcement proceeding commenced or maintained derivatively under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section shall be subject to the requirements applicable 18 to derivative proceedings under Part 4 of Article 7 of this Chapter, except that such 19 20 requirements shall be interpreted to reflect that a benefit enforcement proceeding may be 21 commenced and maintained by those persons listed in subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this 22 section. 23 "Part 5. Annual Reporting. 24 "§ 55-18-50. Annual benefit report. 25 A benefit corporation shall prepare an annual benefit report that includes all of the (a) 26 following: 27 A narrative description of all of the following: (1) 28 The manner in which the benefit corporation has pursued its general <u>a.</u> 29 public benefit purposes during the year and the extent to which a 30 general public benefit was created. 31 The manner in which the benefit corporation has pursued any <u>b.</u> 32 specific public benefit purposes during the year and the extent to 33 which a specific public benefit was created. 34 Circumstances that have materially hindered the pursuit by the <u>c.</u> 35 benefit corporation of its general and any specific public benefit 36 purposes or the creation by the benefit corporation of a general or 37 specific public benefit. 38 An assessment of the social and environmental performance of the benefit **(2)** 39 corporation (i) prepared in accordance with a third-party standard applied 40 consistently with any application of that standard in prior benefit reports or (ii) accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for any inconsistent 41 42 application. The name of the benefit director and the benefit officer and the address to 43 (3) 44 which correspondence to each of them may be directed. 45 The compensation paid by the benefit corporation during the year to each <u>(4)</u> director in the capacity as a director. 46 47 The name of each person that owns five percent (5%) or more of the <u>(5)</u> 48 outstanding shares of the benefit corporation either (i) indirectly, to the

or (ii) of record.

(6)

extent known to the benefit corporation without independent investigation,

The statement of the benefit director described in G.S. 55-18-41(c).

- A statement of any relationship, including a financial or governance relationship, between the benefit corporation and the entity that developed the third-party standard that might affect the credibility of the objective assessment of the third-party standard, including any relationships between the directors, officers, or material owners of the benefit corporation and the directors, officers, or material owners of the entity that developed the third-party standard.
- (b) The benefit report must be sent annually to each shareholder (i) within 120 days following the end of the fiscal year of the benefit corporation or (ii) at the same time that the benefit corporation delivers any other annual report to its shareholders, whichever occurs first.
- (c) A benefit corporation must post each annual benefit report on the publicly accessible portion of its Internet Web site, if it maintains such a Web site, for a period of five years from the date the annual benefit report is first sent to shareholders. The compensation paid to directors and any financial or proprietary information included in the benefit report may be omitted from the benefit report as posted.
- (d) The annual report that a benefit corporation is required to deliver to the Secretary of Revenue or, in the alternative, to the Secretary of State pursuant to G.S. 55-16-22 must include the most recent benefit report delivered to shareholders pursuant to G.S. 55-18-50(b), except that the compensation paid to directors and any financial or proprietary information included in the benefit report may be omitted from the benefit report delivered to the Secretary of Revenue or Secretary of State under this section."

SECTION 2. G.S. 55-13-02(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(a) In addition to any rights granted under Article 9, a shareholder is entitled to appraisal rights and to obtain payment of the fair value of that shareholder's shares, in the event of any of the following corporate actions:

. . .

- (9) Consummation of a designation of the corporation as a benefit corporation pursuant to Part 2 of Article 18 of this Chapter."
- **SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2012.

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