# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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### HOUSE BILL 707 **Committee Substitute Favorable 6/3/11** PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H707-PCS90247-TG-44

Short Title:	Register of Deeds/Directed Trustees/Estates.			
Sponsors:				
Referred to:				
	April 7, 2011			

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ELIMINATE OBSOLETE REGISTER OF DEEDS PROVISIONS FROM THE
3	GENERAL STATUTES, TO AMEND LOCAL AGENCY CHARGES FOR VITAL
4	RECORDS SEARCHES, TO CLARIFY THE LAW GOVERNING PERSONS HOLDING
5	THE POWER TO DIRECT TRUSTEES, TRUST PROTECTORS, AND DIRECTED
6	TRUSTEES AND OTHER FIDUCIARIES, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES IN THE
7	LAW GOVERNING TRUSTS AND DECEDENTS' ESTATES, AND TO AUTHORIZE
8	THE REVISOR OF STATUTES TO PRINT OFFICIAL COMMENTS TO THE
9	UNIFORM TRUST CODE.
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
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12	PART I. OBSOLETE REGISTER OF DEEDS PROVISIONS
13	<b>SECTION 1.1.</b> G.S. 9-4 reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 9-4. Preparation and custody of list.
15	As the jury list is prepared, the name and address of each qualified person selected for the
16	list shall be recorded and alphabetically arranged. written on a separate card. The cards shall
17	then be alphabetized and permanently numbered, the numbers running consecutively with a
18	different number on each card. These cards shall constitute the jury list for the county. They
19	The list shall be filed with the office of the clerk of court, register of deeds of the county,
20	together with a statement of the sources used and procedures followed in preparing the list. The
21	list shall be kept under lock and key, but shall be available for public inspection during regular
22	office hours. The register of deedsclerk of court may elect to store an electronic copy of the
23	jury list for the county."
24	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 45-16 is repealed.
25	SECTION 1.3. G.S. 45-21.17A(b) reads as rewritten:
26	"§ 45-21.17A. Requests for copies of notice.
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28	(b) Register of Deeds' Duties. – Upon the filing for record of such request, the register
29	of deeds shall index in the general index of grantors the names of the trustors (mortgagors)
30	recited therein, and the names of the persons requesting copies, with a reference in the index of
31	the book and page of the recorded security instrument to which the request refers. refers: or

upon the filing for record of such request, the register of deeds may, instead of indexing such 32



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**General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2011 request on the general index of grantors, stamp upon the face of the security instrument referred 1 2 to in the request the book and page of each request for notice thereunder." 3 **SECTION 1.4.** G.S. 47-14(e) reads as rewritten: 4 "§ 47-14. Register of deeds to verify the presence of proof or acknowledgement and 5 register instruments and electronic documents; order by judge; instruments to 6 which register of deeds is a party. 7 . . . 8 Register of Deeds as Party. – Any instrument required or permitted by law to be (e) 9 registered in which the register of deeds of the county of registration is a party may be proved 10 or acknowledged before any magistrate or any notary public. The clerk of superior court of the 11 county of registration shall examine any instrument presented for registration. If it appears that the execution and acknowledgment are in due form, the clerk shall so certify and the instrument 12 13 shall then be recorded in the office of the register of deeds." 14 **SECTION 1.5.** G.S. 47C-2-101(a) reads as rewritten: 15 "§ 47C-2-101. Execution and recordation of declaration. 16 A declaration creating a condominium shall be executed in the same manner as a (a) 17 deed, shall be recorded in every county in which any portion of the condominium is 18 located.located, and shall be indexed in the Grantee index in the name of the condominium and 19 in the Grantor index in the name of each person executing the declaration." 20 SECTION 1.6. G.S. 47C-2-109(a) reads as rewritten: 21 "§ 47C-2-109. Plats and plans. 22 (a) The declarant shall file with the register of deeds in each county where the 23 condominium is located the condominium's plat or plan prepared in accordance with this 24 section. The plat or plan shall be considered a part of the declaration but shall be recorded 25 separately, and the declaration shall refer by number to the file where such plat or plan is 26 recorded. Each plat or plan shall be kept by the register of deeds in a separate file, indexed in 27 the same manner as a conveyance entitled to be recorded, numbered serially in the order of 28 receipt, and designated "Condominium" with the name of the building, if any, and shall contain 29 a reference to the book and page numbers and date of the recording of the declaration. Each 30 plat or plan must contain a certification by an architect licensed under the provisions of Chapter 31 83A of the General Statutes or an engineer registered under the provisions of Chapter 89C of 32 the General Statutes that it contains all of the information required by this section." 33 SECTION 1.7. G.S. 47F-2-101 reads as rewritten: 34 "§ 47F-2-101. Creation of the planned community. 35 A declaration creating a planned community shall be executed in the same manner as a deed, deed and shall be recorded in every county in which any portion of the planned 36 37 community is located.located, and shall be indexed in the Grantee index in the name of the 38 planned community and the association and in the Grantor index in the name of each person 39 executing the declaration." 40 SECTION 1.8. G.S. 47F-2-117(c) reads as rewritten: 41 "§ 47F-2-117. Amendment of declaration. 42 . . . 43 (c) Every amendment to the declaration shall be recorded in every county in which any 44 portion of the planned community is located and is effective only upon recordation. An 45 amendment shall be indexed in the Grantee index in the name of the planned community and 46 the association and in the Grantor index in the name of each person executing the amendment." 47 SECTION 1.9. G.S. 58-72-50 reads as rewritten: 48 "§ 58-72-50. Approval, acknowledgment and custody of bonds. 49 The approval of all official bonds taken or renewed by the board of commissioners shall be 50 recorded by the clerk to the board. Every such bond shall be acknowledged by the parties 51 thereto or proved by a subscribing witness, before the chairman of the board of commissioners,

or before the clerk of the superior court, registered in the register's office in a separate book to 1 2 be kept for the registration of official bonds, and the original bond, with the approval of the 3 commissioners endorsed thereon and certified by their chairman, shall be deposited with the 4 clerk of the superior court for safekeeping. Provided that an official bond executed as surety by 5 a surety company authorized to do business in this State need not be acknowledged upon behalf 6 of the surety when such bond is executed under seal in the name of the surety by an agent or 7 attorney-in-fact by authority of a power of attorney duly recorded in the office of the register of 8 deeds of such county.county and such bond may be recorded by the register of deeds without 9 an order of probate entered by the clerk of the superior court." 10 SECTION 1.10. G.S. 68-18.1 reads as rewritten: 11 "§ 68-18.1. Notice when owner not known. 12 If the owner of the impounded livestock is not known or cannot be found, the impounder 13 shall inform the register of deeds that he has impounded the livestock and provide the register 14 of deeds with a description of the livestock. The register of deeds shall record the information 15 in a book kept for that purpose, and shall charge the impounder a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00). The register of deeds shall immediately publish a notice of the impoundment of the animal by 16 17 posting a notice on the courthouse door. The notice on the courthouse door shall be posted for 18 30 days, and shall contain sheriff of the county in which the livestock was found of the 19 impoundment, giving a full description of the livestock impounded, including all marks or 20 brands on the livestock, and shall state when and where the animal was taken up. The 21 impounder shall publish once, in some newspaper published and distributed in the county, a notice containing the same information as the notice posted by the register of deeds. The fees 22 23 for publishing the notice shall be paid by the impounder." 24 SECTION 1.11. G.S. 80-16 reads as rewritten: 25 "§ 80-16. How adopted, registered and published. 26 Every such dealer desiring to adopt a trademark may do so pursuant to the provisions of 27 Article 1 of Chapter 80 of the General Statutes. Nothing in this section invalidates or otherwise 28 alters the legal effect of any timber mark registered according to the law in effect at the time of 29 registration. by the execution of a writing in form and effect as follows: 30 Notice is hereby given that I (or we, etc., as the case may be) have adopted the following 31 trademark, to be used in my (or our, etc.) business as timber dealer (or dealers), to wit: (Here 32 insert the words, letters, figures, etc., constituting the trademark, or if it be any device other 33 than words, letters or figures, insert a facsimile thereof). 34 Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ A \_\_\_\_B \_\_\_ 35 Such writing shall be acknowledged or proved for record in the same manner as deeds are 36 acknowledged or proved, and shall be registered in the office of the register of deeds of the 37 county in which the principal office or place of business of such timber dealer may be, in a 38 book to be kept for that purpose marked Registry of Timber Marks, also in office of Secretary 39 of State, and a copy thereof shall be published at least once in each week for four successive 40 weeks in some newspaper printed in such county, or if there be no such newspaper printed 41 therein, then in some newspaper of general circulation in such county." 42 SECTION 1.12. G.S. 80-33 through G.S. 80-37 are repealed. 43 SECTION 1.13. G.S. 80-38 reads as rewritten: 44 "§ 80-38. When transfer of farm carries name. 45 When any owner of a farm, the name of which has been recorded in the office of the 46 register of deeds of the county in which the farm is located according to the law in effect at the 47 time of recording, as provided in this Article, transfers by deed or otherwise the whole of such 48 farm, such transfer may include the registered name thereof; but if the owner shall transfer only 49 a portion of such farm, then, in the event, the registered name thereof shall not be transferred to 50 the purchaser unless so stated in the deed or conveyance." 51 SECTION 1.14. G.S. 80-39 reads as rewritten:

General A	Sembly Of North Carolina Session 201
"§ 80-39.	ancellation of registry; fee.
When	ny owner of a registered farm name that has been registered in the office of the
register of	eeds of the county in which the farm is located desires to cancel the registered
name ther	f, such owner may record a duly signed and acknowledged instrument to that effect
in the reg	er of deeds real estate records.he shall state on the margin of the record of th
	uch name the following: "This name is canceled and I hereby release all right
0	which shall be signed by the person canceling such name, and attested by the
	eeds. For such latter service the register of deeds shall charge a fee of twenty-fiv
0	which shall be paid to the county treasurer as other fees are paid to the count
treasurer l	
ireasurer t	ECTION 1.15. G.S. 87-110(d) reads as rewritten:
"8 87-110	Recording requirements for utility owners.
80/-110	According requirements for atimity owners.
 (4)	(non receipt of the documents recorded nursuant to subsections (a) (b) or (a)
(d)	upon receipt of the documents recorded pursuant to subsections (a), (b), or (c) of the Desister of Deside shall also the descenter in the Countering in the
	the Register of Deeds shall place the documents in the Grantor's Index under the
	derground Utilities". The registration fee imposed by Chapter 161 of the Gener
Statutes sl	l apply to these documents."
	ECTION 1.16. G.S. 104-7(c) reads as rewritten:
"§ 104-7.	cquisition of lands by the United States for customhouses, courthouses, po
	ffices, forts, arsenals, or armories; cession of jurisdiction; exemption fro
	axation.
(c)	The jurisdiction ceded shall not vest until the United States has acquired title to the
land by p	hase, condemnation, or otherwise; accepted the cession of jurisdiction in writin
and filed a	ertified copy of the acceptance in the office of the register of deeds in the county
counties i	which the land is located. The acceptance of jurisdiction shall be made by a
	official of the United States and shall include a precise description of the lar
	l a statement of the extent to which cession of jurisdiction is accepted. The regist
	all record the acceptance of jurisdiction and index it in both the grantor and the
	ex under the name of the United States and, if title to the land over which
	is ceded is vested in any entity other than the United States, then the register
	also index the acceptance of jurisdiction in both the grantor and the grantee inde
	me of that entity."
under the	<b>ECTION 1.17.</b> G.S. 130A-301 reads as rewritten:
"8 120A <sup>2</sup>	<b>1. Recordation of permits for disposal of waste on land and Notice of Ope</b>
§ 130A	
(a)	<b>Nump.</b>
(a)	Whenever the Department approves a permit for a sanitary landfill or a facility f
-	of hazardous waste on land, the owner of the facility shall be granted both
0 1	mit and a copy certified by the Secretary. The permit shall include a leg
-	of the site that would be sufficient as a description in an instrument of conveyance
(b)	he owner of a facility granted a permit for a sanitary landfill or a facility for the
-	nazardous waste on land shall file the certified copy of the permit in the office
the registe	of deeds in the county or counties in which the land is located.
<del>(c)</del>	he register of deeds shall record the certified copy of the permit and index it in the
grantor in	x under the name of the owner of the land.
(d)	he permit shall not be effective unless the certified copy is filed as required und
(u)	b) of this section.
	When a sanitary landfill or a facility for the disposal of hazardous waste on land
	then a sumary function of a facility for the disposal of hazardous waste on fand
subsection (e)	conveyed or transferred, the deed or other instrument of transfer shall contain

statement that the property has been used as a sanitary landfill or a disposal site for hazardous 1 2 waste and a reference by book and page to the recordation of the permit.

3 When the Department determines that an open dump exists, the Department shall (f) 4 notify the owner or operator of the open dump of applicable requirements to take remedial 5 action at the site of the open dump to protect public health and the environment. If the owner or 6 operator fails to take remedial action, the Department may record a Notice of Open Dump in 7 the office of the register of deeds in the county or counties where the open dump is located. Not 8 less than 30 days before recording the Notice of Open Dump, the Department shall notify the 9 owner or operator of its intention to file a Notice of Open Dump. The Department may notify 10 the owner or operator of its intention to file a Notice of Open Dump at the time it notifies the 11 owner or operator of applicable requirements to take remedial action. An owner or operator 12 may challenge a decision of the Department to file a Notice of Open Dump by filing a contested case under Article 3 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. If an owner or operator 13 14 challenges a decision of the Department to file a Notice of Open Dump, the Department shall 15 not file the Notice of Open Dump until the contested case is resolved, but may file a notice of 16 pending litigation under Article 11 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. This power is 17 additional and supplemental to any other power granted to the Department. This subsection 18 does not repeal or supersede any statute or rule requiring or authorizing record notice by the 19 owner.

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The Department shall file the Notice of Open Dump in the office of the register of deeds in substantially the following form:

### **"NOTICE OF OPEN DUMP**

The Division of Waste Management of the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources has determined that an open dump exists on the property described below. The Department provides the following information regarding this open dump as a public service. This Notice is filed pursuant to G.S. 130A-301(f).

Name(s) of the record owner(s): \_\_\_\_\_ 29

(1)

30 Description of the real property: 31 Description of the particular area where the open dump is located: 32 Any person who has questions regarding this Notice should contact the 33 Division of Waste Management of the North Carolina Department of 34 Environment and Natural Resources. The contact person for this Notice is: 35

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\_\_\_\_\_ who may be reached by telephone at \_\_\_\_\_\_ or by mail at \_\_\_\_\_\_. Requests for inspection and copying of public records regarding this open dump may be directed to \_\_\_\_\_\_ who may be reached by telephone at \_\_\_\_\_ or by mail at

Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources by

- Date: ."
- (2)The description of the particular area where the open dump is located shall be based on the best information available to the Department but need not be a survey plat that meets the requirements of G.S. 47-30 unless a survey plat that meets those requirements and that is approved by the Department is furnished by the owner or operator.
- 48 (3)The register of deeds shall record the Notice of Open Dump and index it in 49 the grantor index under the name of the record owner or owners. After 50 recording the Notice of Open Dump, the register of deeds shall return the

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	Notice of Open Dump to the Department in care	of the person listed as the
	contact person in the Notice of Open Dump.	
(4)	When the owner removes all solid waste from the	he open dump site to the
	satisfaction of the Department, the Department sl	
	the Notice of Open Dump. The Cancellation shall	
	original Notice of Open Dump and shall state the	
	constituted the open dump has been removed t	
	Department. The Cancellation shall be filed and in	dexed in the same manner
	as the original Notice of Open Dump."	
	<b>TION 1.18.</b> G.S. 130A-310.8 reads as rewritten:	
	Recordation of inactive hazardous substance or w	-
. ,	determination by the Department of the existence a	
	ance or waste disposal site, the owner of the real pro-	1 0
	180 days after official notice to the owner to do	
-	urvey plat of areas designated by the Department th	
	professional land surveyor, and entitled "Ne	
	SUBSTANCE OR WASTE DISPOSAL SITE". Wh	
	ste disposal site is located on more than one parcel or	
1 1	wing all parcels or tracts may be recorded. The No	0
-	e site that would be sufficient as a description in an i	•
	quirements of G.S. 47-30 for maps and plats, and sha	
(1)	The location and dimensions of the disposal are	-
	environmental concern with respect to permanently	-
(2)	The type, location, and quantity of hazardous s	substances known by the
(2)	owner of the site to exist on the site.	
(3)	Any restrictions approved by the Department on the	he current or future use of
(b) After	the site.	he owner of the site shall
	the Department approves and certifies the Notice, t	
	copy of the Notice in the register of deeds' office in s located within 15 days of the date on which the or	
	the Department.	when receives approval of
	egister of deeds shall record the certified copy of the	Notice and index it in the
	der the names of the owners of the lands.	Notice and index it in the
0	e event that the owner of the site fails to submit and f	ile the Notice required by
	in the time specified, the Secretary may prepare and f	
	recovered by the Secretary from any responsible p	
•	who is not a responsible party submits and files th	-
	recover the reasonable costs thereof from any response	
•	an inactive hazardous substance or waste disp	1 0
	ansferred, the deed or other instrument of trans	
•	on, in no smaller type than that used in the body of	
-	e property has been used as a hazardous substance of	
	k and page to the recordation of the Notice.	a sector on probar bite and a
•	otice of Inactive Hazardous Substance or Waste Disp	osal Site filed pursuant to
	, at the request of the owner of the land, be cancelled	-
•	een eliminated. If requested in writing by the own	
	rs with the request, the Secretary shall send to the	
•	e Notice is recorded a statement that the hazards l	•
•	Notice be cancelled of record. The Secretary's st	
-	vners of the land as shown in the Notice and referen	
names of the ov	field of the fund as shown in the routee and referen	

1 deed books and index it on the grantor index in the names of the owners of the land as shown in

2 the Notice and on the grantee index in the name "Secretary of Environment and Natural

3 Resources". The register of deeds shall make a marginal entry on the Notice showing the date

4 of cancellation and the book and page where the Secretary's statement is recorded, and the

register of deeds shall sign the entry. If a marginal entry is impracticable because of the method
 used to record maps and plats, the register of deeds shall not be required to make a marginal

7 entry.

8 (g) Recordation under this section is not required for any inactive hazardous substance 9 or waste disposal site that is undergoing voluntary remedial action pursuant to this Part unless 10 the Secretary determines that either:

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- (1) A concentration of a hazardous substance or hazardous waste that poses a danger to public health or the environment will remain following implementation of the voluntary remedial action program.
- (2) The voluntary remedial action program is not being implemented in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary and in compliance with the agreement between the Secretary and the owner, operator, or other responsible party.

17 The Secretary may waive recordation under this section with respect to any (h) 18 residential real property that is contaminated solely because a hazardous substance or 19 hazardous waste migrated to the property from other property by means of groundwater flow if 20 disclosure of the contamination is required under Chapter 47E of the General Statutes. An 21 owner of residential real property whose recordation requirement is waived by the Secretary 22 under this subsection and who fails to disclose contamination as required by Chapter 47E of the 23 General Statutes is subject to both the penalties and remedies under this Chapter applicable to a 24 person who fails to comply with the recordation requirements of this section as though those 25 requirements had not been waived and to the remedies available under Chapter 47E of the 26 General Statutes."

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SECTION 1.19. G.S. 130A-310.35 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 130A-310.35. Notice of Brownfields Property; land-use restrictions in deed.

29 In order to reduce or eliminate the danger to public health or the environment posed (a) 30 by a brownfields property being addressed under this Part, a prospective developer who desires 31 to enter into a brownfields agreement with the Department shall submit to the Department a 32 proposed Notice of Brownfields Property. A Notice of Brownfields Property shall be entitled 33 "Notice of Brownfields Property", shall include a survey plat of areas designated by the 34 Department that has been prepared and certified by a professional land surveyor and that meets 35 the requirements of G.S. 47-30, shall include a legal description of the brownfields property 36 that would be sufficient as a description of the property in an instrument of conveyance, and 37 shall identify all of the following:

38 39 The location and dimensions of the areas of potential environmental concern with respect to permanently surveyed benchmarks.

- 40 41
- (2) The type, location, and quantity of regulated substances and contaminants known to exist on the brownfields property.
- 42 Any restrictions on the current or future use of the brownfields property or, (3) 43 with the owner's permission, other property that are necessary or useful to 44 maintain the level of protection appropriate for the designated current or 45 future use of the brownfields property and that are designated in the 46 brownfields agreement. These land-use restrictions may apply to activities 47 on, over, or under the land, including, but not limited to, use of groundwater, 48 building, filling, grading, excavating, and mining. Where a brownfields 49 property encompasses more than one parcel or tract of land, a composite 50 map or plat showing all parcels or tracts may be recorded.

(1)

1 (b) After the Department approves and certifies the Notice of Brownfields Property 2 under subsection (a) of this section, a prospective developer who enters into a brownfields 3 agreement with the Department shall file a certified copy of the Notice of Brownfields Property 4 in the register of deeds' office in the county or counties in which the land is located. The 5 prospective developer shall file the Notice of Brownfields Property within 15 days of the 6 prospective developer's receipt of the Department's approval of the notice or the prospective 7 developer's entry into the brownfields agreement, whichever is later.

8 (c) The register of deeds shall record the certified copy of the notice and index it in the 9 grantor index under the names of the owners of the land, and, if different, also under the name 10 of the prospective developer conducting the redevelopment of the brownfields property.

(d) When a brownfields property is sold, leased, conveyed, or transferred, the deed or
other instrument of transfer shall contain in the description section, in no smaller type than that
used in the body of the deed or instrument, a statement that the brownfields property has been
classified and, if appropriate, cleaned up as a brownfields property under this Part.

15 (e) A Notice of Brownfields Property filed pursuant to this section may, at the request 16 of the owner of the land, be cancelled by the Secretary after the hazards have been eliminated. 17 If requested in writing by the owner of the land and if the Secretary concurs with the request, 18 the Secretary shall send to the register of deeds of each county where the notice is recorded a 19 statement that the hazards have been eliminated and request that the notice be cancelled of 20 record. The Secretary's statement shall contain the names of the owners of the land as shown in 21 the notice and reference the plat book and page where the notice is recorded. The register of 22 deeds shall record the Secretary's statement in the deed books and index it on the grantor index 23 in the names of the owners of the land as shown in the Notice of Brownfields Property and on 24 the grantee index in the name "Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources". The register 25 of deeds shall make a marginal entry on the Notice of Brownfields Property showing the date 26 of cancellation and the book and page where the Secretary's statement is recorded, and the 27 register of deeds shall sign the entry. If a marginal entry is impracticable because of the method 28 used to record maps and plats, the register of deeds shall not be required to make a marginal 29 entry.

30 (f) Any land-use restriction filed pursuant to this section shall be enforced by any 31 owner of the land. Any land-use restriction may also be enforced by the Department through 32 the remedies provided in Part 2 of Article 1 of this Chapter or by means of a civil action. The 33 Department may enforce any land-use restriction without first having exhausted any available 34 administrative remedies. A land-use restriction may also be enforced by any unit of local 35 government having jurisdiction over any part of the brownfields property by means of a civil 36 action without the unit of local government having first exhausted any available administrative 37 remedy. A land-use restriction may also be enforced by any person eligible for liability 38 protection under this Part who will lose liability protection if the land-use restriction is violated. 39 A land-use restriction shall not be declared unenforceable due to lack of privity of estate or 40 contract, due to lack of benefit to particular land, or due to lack of any property interest in 41 particular land. Any person who owns or leases a property subject to a land-use restriction 42 under this section shall abide by the land-use restriction.

43 (g) This section shall apply in lieu of the provisions of G.S. 130A-310.8 for brownfields
 44 properties remediated under this Part."

# 45 **SECTION 1.20.** G.S. 143-215.85A reads as rewritten:

# 46 "§ 143-215.85A. Recordation of oil or hazardous substance discharge sites.

47 (a) The owner of the real property on which a site is located that is subject to current or 48 future use restrictions approved as provided in G.S. 143-215.84(f) shall submit to the 49 Department a survey plat as required by this section within 180 days after the owner is notified 50 to do so. The survey plat shall identify areas designated by the Department, shall be prepared 51 and certified by a professional land surveyor, and shall be entitled "NOTICE OF OIL OR

**General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2011 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE DISCHARGE SITE". Where an oil or hazardous substance 1 2 discharge site is located on more than one parcel or tract of land, a composite map or plat 3 showing all parcels or tracts may be recorded. The Notice shall include a legal description of the site that would be sufficient as a description in an instrument of conveyance, shall meet the 4 5 requirements of G.S. 47-30 for maps and plats, and shall identify: The location and dimensions of the disposal areas and areas of potential 6 (1)7 environmental concern with respect to permanently surveyed benchmarks. 8 The type, location, and quantity of oil or hazardous substances known to the (2)9 owner of the site to exist on the site. 10 Any restrictions approved by the Department on the current or future use of (3)11 the site. 12 (b) After the Department approves and certifies the Notice, the owner of the site shall 13 file the certified copy of the Notice in the register of deeds office in the county or counties in 14 which the land is located within 15 days of the date on which the owner receives approval of 15 the Notice from the Department. <del>(c)</del> The register of deeds shall record the certified copy of the Notice and index it in the 16 17 grantor index under the names of the owners of the lands. In the event that the owner of the site fails to submit and file the Notice required by 18 (d) 19 this section within the time specified, the Secretary may prepare and file the Notice. The costs 20 thereof may be recovered by the Secretary from any responsible party. In the event that an 21 owner of a site who is not a responsible party submits and files the Notice required by this 22 section, he may recover the reasonable costs thereof from any responsible party. 23 When an oil or hazardous substance discharge site that is subject to current or future (e) 24 land-use restrictions under this section is sold, leased, conveyed, or transferred, the deed or 25 other instrument of transfer shall contain in the description section, in no smaller type than that 26 used in the body of the deed or instrument, a statement that the property has been used as an oil 27 or hazardous substance discharge site and a reference by book and page to the recordation of 28 the Notice. 29 (f) A Notice of Oil or Hazardous Substance Discharge Site filed pursuant to this section 30 may, at the request of the owner of the land, be cancelled by the Secretary after the hazards 31 have been eliminated. If requested in writing by the owner of the land and if the Secretary 32 concurs with the request, the Secretary shall send to the register of deeds of each county where 33 the Notice is recorded a statement that the hazards have been eliminated and request that the 34 Notice be cancelled of record. The Secretary's statement shall contain the names of the owners 35 of the land as shown in the Notice and reference the plat book and page where the Notice is 36 recorded. The register of deeds shall record the Secretary's statement in the deed books and 37 index it on the grantor index in the names of the owners of the land as shown in the Notice and 38 on the grantee index in the name "Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources". The 39 register of deeds shall make a marginal entry on the Notice showing the date of cancellation 40 and the book and page where the Secretary's statement is recorded, and the register of deeds 41 shall sign the entry. If a marginal entry is impracticable because of the method used to record maps and plats, the register of deeds shall not be required to make a marginal entry."

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SECTION 1.21. G.S. 143-215.104M reads as rewritten:

# 44 "§ 143-215.104M. (Expires January 1, 2022 – see notes) Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent 45 Remediation; land-use restrictions in deeds.

(a) Land-Use Restriction. – In order to reduce or eliminate the danger to public health
or the environment posed by a dry-cleaning solvent contamination site, the owner of property
upon which dry-cleaning solvent contamination has been discovered may file a Notice of
Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation approved by the Commission identifying the site on which
the contamination has been discovered and providing for current or future restrictions on the
use of the property. If a petitioner requests that a contamination site be remediated to standards

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1	that require	e land	-use restrictions, the owner of the property must file a Not	ice of Dry-Cleaning
2	Solvent Rep	media	tion for the remediation agreement to become effective.	
3		Notic	e of Restriction A Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent	Remediation shall
4	include:			
5		(1)	A survey plat of the contamination site that has been pr	-
6 7			by a professional land surveyor and that meets the $C = 47.20$	e requirements of
7		$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	G.S. 47-30.	· · · ·
8 9		(2)	A legal description of the property that would be suffici	ent as a description
		( <b>2</b> )	in an instrument of conveyance.	
10		(3)	A description of the location and dimensions of the	-
11		(1)	environmental concern with respect to permanently surve	-
12		(4)	The type, location, and quantity of dry-cleaning sol	vent contamination
13 14		(5)	known to exist on the property.	tty on other property
14 15		(5)	Any restrictions on the current or future use of the proper that are necessary to assure adequate protection of pu	
16			environment as provided in rules adopte	
17			G.S. 143-215.104D(b)(3). These land-use restrictions ma	1
18			on, over, or under the land, including, but not limited to,	
19			building, filling, grading, excavating, and mining. Whe	6
20			site encompasses more than one parcel or tract of land,	
21			plat showing all parcels or tracts may be recorded.	1 1
22	(c)	Reco	rdation of Notice. – After the Commission approves and ce	ertifies the Notice of
23			olvent Remediation under subsection (a) of this section, a	
24	Notice of D	Dry-C	leaning Solvent Remediation shall be filed in the office of t	the register of deeds
25	of the coun	ty or	counties in which the property described is located. The ov	wner of the property
26	shall file the	he N	otice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation within 15 days	ays of the property
27	owner's rea	ceint	of the Commission's approval of the notice or the ef	fective date of the

owner's receipt of the Commission's approval of the notice or the effective date of the
 dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement, whichever is later. The register of deeds shall
 record the certified copy of the Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation and index it in the
 grantor index under the names of the owners of the land.

(d) Notice of Transfer. – When property for which a Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent
 Remediation has been filed is sold, leased, conveyed, or transferred, the deed or other
 instrument of transfer shall contain in the description section, in no smaller type than that used
 in the body of the deed or instrument, a statement that the property has been contaminated with
 dry-cleaning solvent and, if appropriate, cleaned up under this Part.

36 Cancellation of Notice. - A Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation filed (e) 37 pursuant to this Part may, at the request of the owner of the property subject to the Notice of 38 Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation, be canceled by the Secretary after the risk to public health 39 and the environment associated with the dry-cleaning solvent contamination and any other 40 contaminants included in the dry-cleaning solvent remediation agreement has been eliminated 41 as a result of remediation of the property. The Secretary shall forward notice of cancellation to 42 the register of deeds of the county or counties where the Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent 43 Remediation is recorded and request that the Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation be 44 canceled. The notice of cancellation shall contain the names of the landowners as shown in the 45 Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation. The register of deeds shall record the notice of 46 cancellation in the deed books and index it on the grantor index in the name of the landowner 47 as shown in the Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation and on the grantee index in the 48 name "Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources". The register of deeds shall make a 49 marginal entry on the Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation showing the date of 50 cancellation and the book and page where the notice of cancellation is recorded, and the 51 register of deeds shall sign the entry. If a marginal entry is impracticable because of the method

used to record maps and plats, the register of deeds shall not be required to make a marginal 1 2 entry.

3 (f) Enforcement. – Any restriction on the current or future use of property subject to a 4 Notice of Dry-Cleaning Solvent Remediation filed pursuant to this section shall be enforced by 5 any owner of the property or by any other potentially responsible party. Any land-use 6 restriction may also be enforced by the Commission through the remedies provided in this Part 7 or by means of a civil action in the superior court. The Commission may enforce any land-use 8 restriction without first having exhausted any available administrative remedies. Restrictions 9 also may be enforced by any unit of local government having jurisdiction over any part of the 10 property by means of a civil action without the unit of local government having first exhausted 11 any available administrative remedy. A land-use restriction may also be enforced by any person 12 eligible for liability protection under this Part who will lose liability protection if the land-use 13 restriction is violated. A restriction shall not be declared unenforceable due to lack of privity of 14 estate or contract, due to lack of benefit to particular land, or due to lack of privity of any 15 property interest in particular land. Any person who owns or leases a property subject to a 16 land-use restriction under this section shall abide by the land-use restriction. Failure to submit 17 an annual certification that land-use restrictions are properly recorded and followed shall result 18 in a notice from the Commission to the property owner. The notice shall inform the person of 19 the actions that need to be taken in order for the person to come into compliance and specify a 20 date by which the person must comply, which shall not be less than 30 calendar days from the 21 date the notice is mailed. Any person who fails to comply within the time specified shall then 22 be subject to enforcement procedures as provided in this Part.

23 Relation to Brownfields Notice. – Unless the Commission decertifies a previously (g) 24 certified facility or a previously certified abandoned site, this section shall apply in lieu of the 25 provisions of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes and Parts 1 and 2 of Article 26 21A of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes for properties remediated under this Part." 27

SECTION 1.22. G.S. 143B-279.10 reads as rewritten:

28 "§ 143B-279.10. Recordation of contaminated sites.

29 The owner of the real property on which a site is located that is subject to current or (a) 30 future use restrictions approved as provided in G.S. 143B-279.9(a) shall submit to the 31 Department a survey plat as required by this section within 180 days after the owner is notified to do so. The survey plat shall identify areas designated by the Department, shall be prepared 32 33 and certified by a professional land surveyor, and shall be entitled "NOTICE OF 34 CONTAMINATED SITE". Where a contaminated site is located on more than one parcel or 35 tract of land, a composite map or plat showing all parcels or tracts may be recorded. The Notice 36 shall include a legal description of the site that would be sufficient as a description in an 37 instrument of conveyance, shall meet the requirements of G.S. 47-30 for maps and plats, and 38 shall identify:

- 39 40
- The location and dimensions of any disposal areas and areas of potential (1)environmental concern with respect to permanently surveyed benchmarks.
- 41 42
- The type, location, and quantity of contamination known to the owner of the (2)site to exist on the site.
- 43

44

(3) Any restriction approved by the Department on the current or future use of the site.

45 The Department shall review the proposed Notice to determine whether the Notice (b) 46 meets the requirements of this section and rules adopted to implement this section, and shall 47 provide the owner of the site with a notarized copy of the approved Notice. After the 48 Department approves the Notice, the owner of the site shall file a notarized copy of the 49 approved Notice in the register of deeds office in the county or counties in which the land is 50 located within 15 days of the date on which the owner receives approval of the Notice from the 51 Department.

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(c) The register of deeds shall record the notarized copy of the approved Notice and index it in the grantor index under the names of the owners of the land.

3 (d) In the event that the owner of the site fails to submit and file the Notice required by 4 this section within the time specified, the Secretary may prepare and file the Notice. The costs 5 thereof may be recovered by the Secretary from any responsible party. In the event that an 6 owner of a site who is not a responsible party submits and files the Notice required by this 7 section, the owner may recover the reasonable costs thereof from any responsible party.

8 (e) When a contaminated site that is subject to current or future land-use restrictions is 9 sold, leased, conveyed, or transferred, the deed or other instrument of transfer shall contain in 10 the description section, in no smaller type than that used in the body of the deed or instrument, 11 a statement that the property is a contaminated site and a reference by book and page to the 12 recordation of the Notice.

13 A Notice of Contaminated Site filed pursuant to this section shall, at the request of (f)14 the owner of the land, be cancelled by the Secretary after the contamination has been 15 eliminated or remediated to unrestricted use standards. If requested in writing by the owner of 16 the land and if the Secretary concurs with the request, the Secretary shall send to the register of 17 deeds of each county where the Notice is recorded a statement that the contamination has been 18 eliminated, or that the contamination has been remediated to unrestricted use standards, and 19 request that the Notice be cancelled of record. The Secretary's statement shall contain the 20 names of the owners of the land as shown in the Notice and reference the plat book and page 21 where the Notice is recorded. The register of deeds shall record the Secretary's statement in the 22 deed books and index it on the grantor index in the names of the owners of the land as shown in 23 the Notice and on the grantee index in the name "Secretary of Environment and Natural 24 Resources". The register of deeds shall make a marginal entry on the Notice showing the date 25 of cancellation and the book and page where the Secretary's statement is recorded, and the 26 register of deeds shall sign the entry. If a marginal entry is impracticable because of the method 27 used to record maps and plats, the register of deeds shall not be required to make a marginal 28 entry.

(g) This section does not apply to the cleanup pursuant to a remedial action plan that
addresses environmental damage resulting from a discharge or release of petroleum from an
underground storage tank pursuant to Part 2A of Article 21A of Chapter 143 of the General
Statutes.

(h) The definitions set out in G.S. 143B-279.9 apply to this section."

SECTION 1.23. G.S. 143B-279.11 reads as rewritten:

35 "§ 143B-279.11. Recordation of residual petroleum from an underground storage tank.

(a) The definitions set out in G.S. 143-215.94A and G.S. 143B-279.9 apply to this
section. This section applies only to a cleanup pursuant to a remedial action plan that addresses
environmental damage resulting from a discharge or release of petroleum from an underground
storage tank pursuant to Part 2A of Article 21A of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.

40 (b) The owner, operator, or other person responsible for a discharge or release of 41 petroleum from an underground storage tank shall prepare and submit to the Department a 42 proposed Notice that meets the requirements of this section. The proposed Notice shall be 43 submitted to the Department (i) before the property is conveyed, or (ii) when the owner, 44 operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release requests that the Department 45 issue a determination that no further action is required under the remedial action plan, 46 whichever first occurs. The Notice shall be entitled "NOTICE OF RESIDUAL PETROLEUM". 47 The Notice shall include a description that would be sufficient as a description in an instrument 48 of conveyance of the (i) real property on which the source of contamination is located and (ii) 49 any real property on which contamination is located at the time the remedial action plan is 50 approved and that was owned or controlled by any owner or operator of the underground 51 storage tank or other responsible party at the time the discharge or release of petroleum is

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discovered or reported or at any time thereafter. The Notice shall identify the location of any residual petroleum known to exist on the real property at the time the Notice is prepared. The Notice shall also identify the location of any residual petroleum known, at the time the Notice is prepared, to exist on other real property that is a result of the discharge or release. The Notice shall set out any restrictions on the current or future use of the real property that are imposed by the Secretary pursuant to G.S. 143B-279.9(b) to protect public health, the environment, or users of the property.

8 (c) If the contamination is located on more than one parcel or tract of land, the 9 Department may require that the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge 10 or release prepare a composite map or plat that shows all parcels or tracts. If the contamination 11 is located on one parcel or tract of land, the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the 12 discharge or release may prepare a map or plat that shows the parcel but is not required to do 13 so. A map or plat shall be prepared and certified by a professional land surveyor, shall meet the 14 requirements of G.S. 47-30, and shall be submitted to the Department for approval. When the 15 Department has approved a map or plat, it shall be recorded in the office of the register of 16 deeds and shall be incorporated into the Notice by reference.

17 The Department shall review the proposed Notice to determine whether the Notice (d) 18 meets the requirements of this section and rules adopted to implement this section and shall 19 provide the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release of 20 petroleum from an underground storage tank with a notarized copy of the approved Notice. 21 After the Department approves the Notice, the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release of petroleum from an underground storage tank shall file a notarized 22 23 copy of the approved Notice in the register of deeds office in the county or counties in which 24 the real property is located (i) before the property is conveyed or (ii) within 30 days after the 25 owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release receives notice from 26 the Department that no further action is required under the remedial action plan, whichever first 27 occurs. If the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release fails to 28 file the Notice as required by this section, any determination by the Department that no further 29 action is required is void. The owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or 30 release, may record the Notice required by this section without the agreement of the owner of 31 the real property. The owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release 32 shall submit a certified copy of the Notice as filed in the register of deeds office to the 33 Department.

34 (e) The register of deeds shall record the notarized copy of the approved Notice and
 35 index it in the grantor index under the names of the owners of the real property.

(f) In the event that the owner, operator, or other person responsible for the discharge or release fails to submit and file the Notice required by this section within the time specified, the Secretary may prepare and file the Notice. The costs thereof may be recovered by the Secretary from any responsible party. In the event that an owner of the real property who is not a responsible party submits and files the Notice required by this section, the owner may recover the reasonable costs thereof from any responsible party.

42 A Notice filed pursuant to this section shall, at the request of the owner of the real (g) 43 property, be cancelled by the Secretary after the residual petroleum has been eliminated or 44 remediated to unrestricted use standards. If requested in writing by the owner of the land, the 45 Secretary shall send to the register of deeds of each county where the Notice is recorded a 46 statement that the residual petroleum has been eliminated, or that the residual petroleum has 47 been remediated to unrestricted use standards, and request that the Notice be cancelled of 48 record. The Secretary's statement shall contain the names of the owners of the land as shown in 49 the Notice and reference the plat book and page where the Notice is recorded. The register of 50 deeds shall record the Secretary's statement in the deed books and index it on the grantor index 51 in the names of the owners of the real property as shown in the Notice and on the grantee index

in the name "Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources". The register of deeds shall 1 2 make a marginal entry on the Notice showing the date of cancellation and the book and page 3 where the Secretary's statement is recorded, and the register of deeds shall sign the entry. If a 4 marginal entry is impracticable because of the method used to record, the register of deeds shall 5 not be required to make a marginal entry." 6 SECTION 1.24. G.S. 160A-400.6 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 160A-400.6. Required landmark designation procedures. 8 As a guide for the identification and evaluation of landmarks, the commission shall 9 undertake, at the earliest possible time and consistent with the resources available to it, an 10 inventory of properties of historical, architectural, prehistorical, and cultural significance within 11 its jurisdiction. Such inventories and any additions or revisions thereof shall be submitted as 12 expeditiously as possible to the Office of Archives and History. No ordinance designating a 13 historic building, structure, site, area or object as a landmark nor any amendment thereto may 14 be adopted, nor may any property be accepted or acquired by a preservation commission or the 15 governing board of a municipality, until all of the following procedural steps have been taken: 16 17 (6) Upon adoption of the ordinance, the owners and occupants of each 18 designated landmark shall be given written notification of such designation 19 insofar as reasonable diligence permits. One copy of the ordinance and all 20 amendments thereto shall be filed by the preservation commission in the 21 office of the register of deeds of the county in which the landmark or 22 landmarks are located. Each designated landmark shall be indexed according 23 to the name of the owner of the property in the grantee and grantor indexes 24 in the register of deeds office, and the preservation commission shall pay a 25 reasonable fee for filing and indexing. In the case of any landmark property 26 lying within the zoning jurisdiction of a city, a second copy of the ordinance 27 and all amendments thereto shall be kept on file in the office of the city or 28 town clerk and be made available for public inspection at any reasonable 29 time. A third copy of the ordinance and all amendments thereto shall be 30 given to the city or county building inspector. The fact that a building, 31 structure, site, area or object has been designated a landmark shall be clearly 32 indicated on all tax maps maintained by the county or city for such period as 33 the designation remains in effect. 34 . . . . " 35 36 PART II. LOCAL AGENCY CHARGES FOR VITAL RECORDS SEARCHES 37 **SECTION 2.1.** G.S. 130A-93.1(a)(1) reads as rewritten: 38 "§ 130A-93.1. Fees for vital records copies or search; automation fund. 39 The State Registrar shall collect, process, and utilize fees for services as follows: (a) 40 A fee not to exceed twenty-four dollars (\$24.00) shall be charged for issuing (1)41 a first copy of a vital record or for conducting a routine search of the files for 42 the record when no copy is made. A fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) shall be 43 charged for each additional certificate copy requested from the same search. 44 When certificates are issued or searches conducted for statewide issuance by 45 local agencies using databases maintained by the State Registrar, the local

45focal agencies using databases maintained by the State Registral, the local<br/>agency shall charge these fees and shall retain ten dollars (\$10.00) of these46agency shall charge these fees and shall retain ten dollars (\$10.00) of these<br/>fees to cover local administrative costs and forward the remaining fees to the<br/>State Registrar for the purposes established in subsection (b) of this<br/>section.section fourteen dollars (\$14.00) and shall charge and retain ten<br/>dollars (\$10.00) if a copy of the record is made. Provided, however, that a

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	local agency may waive the ten dollar (\$10.00) charge fo	or its retention when
	the copy is issued to a person over the age of 62 years."	
	<b>ON 2.2.</b> G.S. 161-10(8a) is repealed.	
PART III. CHAI ESTATES	NGES TO THE LAWS GOVERNING TRUSTS AN	ND DECEDENTS'
	iform TRUST CODE AMENDMENTS RELATING TO PERSO	
POWER TO D	irect Trustees, TRUST PROTECTORS, DIRECTED TRUSTE	ES AND OTHER
SECTI	FIDUCIARIES	
	<b>ION 3.1.</b> G.S. 36C-8-808 reads as rewritten:	age a at the the tweet
	wers to direct.of a settlor to take certain actions with r	
. ,	a trust is revocable, the <u>settlor of a revocable trust has, at</u>	*
	to the actions of the trustee whether or not the power is	
	s of the trust. The duty and liability of the trustee subject	to the direction and
consent of the settl		
	<u>The</u> trustee may follow a direction of the settlor that is n	-
	is contrary to the terms of the trust, even if by doing	
	exceeds the authority granted to the trustee under the te	
	(ii) the trustee would otherwise violate a duty the trust trust.	tee owes under the
	The trustee is not liable, individually or as a fiduciary, for	or any loss resulting
	directly or indirectly from compliance with the direct	
	requires the settlor's consent to certain actions of the tru	
	does not provide consent within a reasonable time after the	
	a timely request for the settlor's consent, the trustee is not	
	or as a fiduciary, for any loss resulting directly or i	•
	trustee's failure to take any action that required the settlor	-
	erms of a trust confer upon a person other than the settlor	
	tain actions of the trustee, the trustee must act in accordance	
•	s the attempted exercise is manifestly contrary to the term	
	attempted exercise would constitute a serious breach of a	
	the power owes to the beneficiaries of the trust.	5 5
1 0	ms of a trust may confer upon a trustee or other person a	power to direct the
	mination of the trust.	•
(d) A perso	on, other than a beneficiary, who holds a power to direct	t is presumptively a
fiduciary who, as	such, is required to act in good faith with regard to the p	urposes of the trust
and the interests o	f the beneficiaries. The holder of a power to direct is lial	ble for any loss that
results from breach	h of a fiduciary duty."	
SECTI	ION 3.2. G.S. 36C-7-703 is amended by adding the follow	ving new subsection
to read:		
"§ 36C-7-703. Co	otrustees.	
	erms of a trust confer upon a cotrustee, to the exclusion of	
	certain actions with respect to the trust, including the	power to direct or
-	ions of the trustees, the following apply:	
<u>(1)</u>	The duty and liability of the excluded trustee is as follows	
	a. If the terms of a trust confer upon the cotrustee	-
	certain actions of the excluded trustee, the excluded	
	in accordance with the direction and is not liable,	
	fiduciary, for any loss resulting directly o	or indirectly from

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		compliance v	with the dire	ection unless	compliar	nce with the	direction
		constitutes i	intentional 1	misconduct o	on the p	part of the	directed
		cotrustee.					
	<u>b.</u>			confer upon t			-
				ot liable, indi			
		•	ulting directly	y or indirectly	y from th	ne action take	n by the
		cotrustee.					
	<u>c.</u>			<u>is no duty to</u>			
				to the cotrus			
				stee. The excl			-
		•		ciary of any a the excluded			
				ken by the ex		-	
				ons of the co			
		-	-	e cotrustee h		-	-
				of the cotrus			
				ns within th			
		authority.			±		
(2)	Excer	ot as otherwise	provided in	sub-subdivisi	on a. of s	subdivision (1	1) of this
	subse	ction, the coti	rustee holdir	ng the power	to take	certain actio	ons with
	respec	ct to the trust	shall be liab	ole to the ber	neficiarie	es with respec	ct to the
		ise of the powe					
		sive obligation					•
		ht by the benef		-	e exercise	e of the power	<u>r.</u> "
		<b>.3.</b> G.S. 32-72		rewritten:			
"§ 32-72. Terms	of crea	ating instrum	ent.				
(d) Whene	war an	instrument re	serves to the	sattlar or yas	te in ons	nerson inclu	uding an
advisory or inves					•	-	-
making or retentie						•	
one or more of							
discretion in select							
beneficiaries or to							
to direct the maki	ing or 1	retention of inv	vestments. A	s used in this	subsecti	on, the term	"person"
includes an indiv	<del>idual,</del>	a corporation,	<del>, or any lega</del>	al or commer	cial entit	ty authorized	to hold
property or do but							
fiduciary relation	-				Chapter	36C of the	General
Statutes applies an							
<u>(1)</u>		erms of the ins	•	-	-	-	
		nt to certain ac					
	<u>a.</u>			etention, purc			
			-	ownership of	investine	ents with resp	ect to all
	h	or any one of Any other ad	<u>lministrative</u>				
<u>(2)</u>	<u>b.</u> When	the terms of t			n a nerso	on the nower	to direct
<u>(2)</u>		nsent to certai					
		ary are as follo		ine maarial y	, 110 000		J OI UIC
	<u>a.</u>	-		iment confer	upon the	person the 1	power to
	<u></u>			f the fiduciar	-		L
				ction and is r	•	•	
				s resulting			
			-				

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		compliance with the direction unless comp	liance with the direction
		constitutes intentional misconduct on the par	
	<u>b.</u>	If the terms of the instrument confer upor	•
		consent to certain actions of the fiduciary, and	<b>-</b>
		not provide consent within a reasonable tim	
		made a timely request for the power holder's	
		not liable, individually or as a fiduciary.	
		directly or indirectly from the fiduciary's fa	
		that required the power holder's consent.	undre to take any action
	<u>c.</u>	The fiduciary has no duty to monitor the	e conduct of the power
	<u></u>	holder, provide advice to the power holder, of	-
		holder. The fiduciary is not required to give	-
		of any action taken or not taken by the pow	• •
		the fiduciary agrees with the result. Admini	
		the fiduciary for the purpose of implementin	
		holder, including confirming that the direct	
		have been carried out, do not constitute r	-
		holder or other participation in decisions	• •
		power holder's authority.	<u>+</u>
(3)	A per	son who holds a power to direct or consent is	a fiduciary who, as such,
	-	uired to act in good faith with regard to the p	-
	-	relationship between the fiduciary and benefi	-
	of the	beneficiaries, except that if a beneficiary is a	a person with a power to
		or consent, the beneficiary is not a fiduci	
	follov	ving:	• •
	<u>a.</u>	A power that constitutes a power of appointr	<u>nent.</u>
	<u>b.</u>	A power the exercise or nonexercise of	which affects only the
		interests of the beneficiary holding the	power and no other
		beneficiary.	
		older of the power to direct or consent is liable	
	from	breach of a fiduciary duty occurring as a r	result of the exercise or
		ercise of the power.	
	TION 3	.4. Chapter 36C of the General Statutes is an	nended by adding a new
Article to read:			
		"Article 8A.	
		ties, and Liability of a Power Holder Other Th	-
		bility of a Trustee With Respect to Power Hol	der's Actions.
" <u>§ 36C-8A-801.</u>			
		Article, the term "power holder" means a per	
	_	to take certain actions with respect to a trust an	nd who is not a trustee or
		direct or consent pursuant to G.S. 36C-8-808.	
		s of a power holder.	
		a trust may confer upon a power holder a pow	
•		ally be required of a trustee, including, but no	ot limited to, a power to
direct or consent			
<u>(1)</u>		ments, including any action relating to invest	
( <b>2</b> )		of the trust assets that a trustee is authorized to	-
<u>(2)</u>		etionary distributions of trust assets, includin	-
		beneficiaries, distribution of one of more trust	assets, and termination
	of the	trust by distribution of all of the trust assets.	

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<u>(3)</u>	Any other matter regarding trust administration, include	ling the transfer of the
<u>x=7</u>	principal place of administration of the trust.	
(b) The t	erms of a trust may also confer upon the power hol	der any other power.
	t limited to, the power to do the following:	<u> </u>
<u>(1)</u>	Modify or amend the trust to do any of the following:	
<u>(1)</u>		
	<u>a.</u> <u>Achieve favorable tax status under applicable la</u> <u>b.</u> <u>Take advantage of laws governing restraints</u>	
	<u>State laws restricting the terms of the trust.</u>	
	property, or the administration of the trust.	, distribution of trust
( <b>2</b> )	<u>Remove and appoint trustees and power holders.</u>	
$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$		
	Increase or decrease the interests of any beneficiary.	cionica of the tweet on
<u>(4)</u>	Grant a power of appointment to one or more benefit	
	modify the terms of or terminate a power of appo	
	beneficiary by the governing instrument, except that a	-
	of a power of appointment may not grant a beneficial	interest to any of the
	following:	C 11 · 1 1 C ·
	a. <u>Any individual or class of individuals not speci</u>	fically provided for in
	the trust instrument.	
	b. The person having the power to grant, mod	lify, or terminate the
	power of appointment.	
	c. The estate and creditors of the person having	
	modify, or terminate the power of appointment.	<u>.</u>
<u>(5)</u>	Change the governing law of the trust.	
	Duty and liability of power holder.	
	wer holder is a fiduciary with respect to the powers cont	
	uch, is required to act in good faith and in accordance	
	and the interests of the beneficiaries, except a power ho	lder is not a fiduciary
with respect to th		
<u>(1)</u>	A power to remove and appoint a trustee or power hold	
<u>(2)</u>	A power that constitutes a power of appointment held	by a beneficiary of a
	<u>trust.</u>	
<u>(3)</u>	A power the exercise or nonexercise of which may af	fect only the interests
	of the power holder and no other beneficiary.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>A po</u>	wer holder is liable for any loss that results from bre	ach of fiduciary duty
occurring as a rea	sult of the exercise or nonexercise of the power.	
(c) The f	ollowing provisions applicable to a trustee shall also be	applicable to a power
holder with respe	ect to powers conferred upon the power holder as a fiduci	ary:
(1)	The provisions of G.S. 36C-8-814 regarding discretion	onary powers and tax
	savings.	• •
<u>(2)</u>	The provisions of G.S. 36C-10-1001 through G.S. 36	5C-10-1012 regarding
	liability of trustees and rights of third persons dealing v	
(3)	The provisions of Article 9 of this Chapter regarding	
<u></u>	investor rule.	
"§ 36C-8A-804.	Duty and liability of trustee.	
	terms of a trust confer upon a power holder the power to	o direct certain actions
	the trustee must act in accordance with the direction	
	s a fiduciary, for any loss resulting directly or indirectly	
	ess compliance with the direction constitutes intentional i	•
of the trustee.	255 compliance with the uncerton constitutes intentional I	moondaet on the part
	terms of a trust confer upon the power holder the power	r to consent to certain
	istee, and the power holder does not provide consent wi	
uenons of the tit	istee, and the power notice does not provide collisent wi	

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2011 1 after the trustee has made a timely request for the power holder's consent, the trustee is not 2 liable, individually or as a fiduciary, for any loss resulting directly or indirectly from the 3 trustee's failure to take any action that required the power holder's consent. 4 If the terms of a trust confer upon the person a power other than the power to direct (c) 5 or consent to actions of the trustee, the trustee is not liable, individually or as a fiduciary, for 6 any loss resulting directly or indirectly from the exercise or nonexercise of the power. 7 The trustee has no duty to monitor the conduct of the power holder, provide advice (d) 8 to the power holder, or consult with the power holder. The trustee is not required to give notice 9 to any beneficiary of any action taken or not taken by the power holder whether or not the 10 trustee agrees with the result. Administrative actions taken by the trustee for the purpose of 11 implementing directions of the power holder, including confirming that the directions of the power holder have been carried out, do not constitute monitoring of the power holder nor do 12 13 they constitute participation in decisions within the scope of the power holder's authority. 14 "§ 36C-8A-805. Compensation and reimbursement of expenses of power holder. 15 A power holder as a fiduciary is entitled to compensation and reimbursement of expenses as 16 provided in G.S. 32-59. 17 "§ 36C-8A-806. Jurisdiction over power holder. 18 (a) By accepting appointment to serve as a power holder with respect to a trust having 19 its principal place of business in this State, or by moving the principal place of administration 20 to this State, the power holder submits personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State 21 regarding any matter involving action or inaction of the power holder. 22 This section does not preclude other methods of obtaining jurisdiction over a power (b) 23 holder. 24 "§ 36C-8A-807. Accepting or declining the appointment as power holder. 25 A person designated as a power holder accepts the appointment to serve as a power (a) 26 holder: 27 By substantially complying with a method of acceptance provided in the <u>(1)</u> 28 terms of a trust; or 29 If the terms of a trust do not provide a method or the method provided in the (2)30 terms of a trust is not expressly made exclusive, by exercising powers or 31 performing duties as a power holder or otherwise indicating acceptance of 32 the appointment to serve as a power holder. 33 A person designated as a power holder may reject the appointment to serve as a (b) 34 power holder. A trustee may give written notice to a power holder requesting acceptance of the appointment as power holder. A power holder who does not accept such appointment within 35 36 120 days after receipt of such notice is considered to have rejected the appointment to serve as 37 a power holder. 38 "§ 36C-8A-808. Powers of trustee in the absence of a power holder. 39 The trustee shall be vested with any fiduciary power or duty conferred upon a power holder 40 by the terms of a trust that are described in G.S. 36C-8A-802(a) during the time when no power 41 holder is available to exercise such power or perform such duty because of absence, illness, or 42 other cause. 43 "§ 36C-8A-809. More than one power holder. 44 When there is more than one power holder authorized to act, and they are unable to reach a 45 unanimous decision, they may act by majority decision. Unanimity is required when only two 46 are authorized to act. 47 "§ 36C-8A-810. Resignation of power holder. 48 A power holder may resign upon either of the following conditions: (a) 49 Upon at least 30 days' notice in writing to the qualified beneficiaries, the (1)50 settlor, if living, and all trustees. 51 With the approval of the court. (2)

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1	(b) In approving a resignation, the court may issue orders and impose con	ditions
2	reasonably necessary for the protection of the trust property.	
3	"§ 36C-8A-811. Removal of power holder.	
4	(a) For the reasons set forth in subsection (b) of this section, the settlor	of an
5	irrevocable trust, a trustee of an irrevocable trust, or a beneficiary of an irrevocable tru	
6	request the court to remove a power holder, or a power holder may be removed by the co	
7	its own initiative.	
8	(b) The court may remove a power holder under any of the following circumstance	ces:
9	(1) The power holder has committed a serious breach of trust.	
10	(2) Lack of cooperation with the trustee substantially impairs the adminis	stration
11	of the trust.	
12	(3) Because of unfitness, unwillingness, or a persistent failure of the	power
13	holder to exercise effectively the duties and powers conferred up	on the
14	power holder the court determines that removal of the power holder	er best
15	serves the interests of the beneficiaries.	
16	(4) There has been a substantial change of circumstances, the court fine	<u>ds that</u>
17	removal of the power holder best serves the interests of all	
18	beneficiaries and is consistent with a material purpose of the trust,	and a
19	suitable successor power holder is available.	
20	(c) Pending a final decision on a request to remove a power holder, or in lieu of	
21	addition to removing a power holder, the court may order appropriate relief	
22	G.S. 36C-10-1001(b) as may be necessary to protect the trust property or the interests	of the
23	beneficiaries."	
24		
25	SUBPART B. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO LAWS GOVERNING TRUSTS AND DECED	'ENTS'
26	ESTATES	
27	SECTION 3.5. G.S. 36C-7-707(b) reads as rewritten:	
28	"§ 36C-7-707. Delivery of property by former trustee.	
29 30	(b) A trustee who has resigned or been removed shall proceed expeditiously to	daliyar
30 31	(b) A trustee who has resigned or been removed shall proceed expeditiously to the trust property within the trustee's possession to the cotrustee, successor trustee, or	
32	person entitled to it. A former trustee shall execute those documents trans	
33	<u>acknowledging the transfer of title to trust property as may be appropriate reasonably rec</u>	U
33 34	by the cotrustee, successor trustee, or other person entitled to it to facilitate administra	-
35	the trust, and in the event that the former trustee fails to do so, the clerk of superior cou	
36	order the former trustee to execute those documents, or the clerk of superior court may t	•
37	title.documents."	runsier
38	SECTION 3.6. G.S. 108A-70.5(c) reads as rewritten:	
39	"§ 108A-70.5. Medicaid Estate Recovery Plan.	
40		
41	(c) The amount the Department recovers from the estate of any recipient sh	all not
42	exceed the amount of medical assistance made on behalf of the recipient and sh	
43	recoverable only for medical care services prescribed in subsection (b) of this sectio	
44	Department is a fifth-classsixth-class creditor, as prescribed in G.S. 28A-19-6, for purpo	
45	determining the order of claims against an estate; provided, however, that judgments in fa	
46	other fifth classsixth-class creditors docketed and in force before the Department	
47	recovery for medical assistance shall be paid prior to recovery by the Department."	
48	SECTION 3.7. G.S. 28A-13-3 reads as rewritten:	
49	"§ 28A-13-3. Powers of a personal representative or fiduciary.	
50		

(b) Any question arising out of the powers conferred by subsections (a), (a1), and (a2)
 of this section shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Article 18 of this
 Chapter.

4

. . .

5 (d) The personal representative <u>shall havehas</u> the power to institute <u>an estatea</u> 6 proceeding pursuant to Article 2 of this Chapter to enforce the rights set forth in this <u>subsection</u> 7 <u>[section]. section.</u> The clerk of superior court may enter orders necessary to enforce the rights 8 set forth in this <u>subsection [section].section.</u> If the person occupying the real property is a 9 tenant or lessee of the property, the personal representative may seek ejectment of the tenant or 10 lessee only pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 42 of the General Statutes."

11

SECTION 3.8. G.S. 28A-21-6 reads as rewritten:

# 12 "§ 28A-21-6. Permissive notice of final accounts.

13 The personal representative or collector may, but is not required to, give written notice of a 14 proposed final account pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4, to all devisees of the estate in the case of 15 testacy, and to all heirs of the estate in the case of intestacy, of the date and place of filing of 16 such account. In giving written notice, the personal representative shall attach a copy of the 17 proposed final accounting with exhibits made a part thereof, but is not required to include 18 copies of vouchers, account statements, or other supporting evidence submitted to the clerk. If 19 the personal representative or collector elects to provide this notice, the personal representative 20 or collector shall file with the clerk of superior court a certificate indicating that this notice has 21 been given to all devisees and heirs. Notwithstanding any right to appeal an order or judgment 22 under G.S. 1-301.3, any payment, distribution, action, or other matter disclosed on such 23 account or any annual account for the estate filed by the personal representative or 24 collectorattached to the written notice must be objected to by a devisee or heir within 30 days 25 after the receipt of the written notice or will be deemed to be accepted by the devisee or heir."

26

# SECTION 3.9. G.S. 28A-25-1.1(a) reads as rewritten:

### 27 "§ 28A-25-1.1. Collection of property by affidavit when decedent dies testate.

28 When a decedent dies testate leaving personal property, less liens and encumbrances (a) 29 thereon, not exceeding twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in value, at any time after 30 days 30 from the date of death, any person indebted to the decedent or having possession of tangible 31 personal property or an instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock or chose in action 32 belonging to the decedent shall make payment of the indebtedness or deliver the tangible 33 personal property or an instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock or chose in action to a 34 person claiming to be the public administrator appointed pursuant to G.S. 28A-12-1, a person 35 named or designated as executor in the will, devisee, heir or creditor, of the decedent, not 36 disqualified under G.S. 28A-4-2, upon being presented a certified copy of an affidavit filed in 37 accordance with subsection (b) and made by or on behalf of the heir, the person named or 38 designated as executor in the will of the decedent, the creditor, the public administrator, or the 39 devisee, stating:

40 41 42 (1) The name and address of the affiant and the fact that the affiant is the public administrator, a person named or designated as executor in the will, devisee, heir or creditor, of the decedent;

43

44 45

- (2) The name of the decedent and the decedent's residence at time of death;
- (3) The date and place of death of the decedent;
- (4) That 30 days have elapsed since the death of the decedent;
- 46(5)That the decedent died testate leaving personal property, less liens and<br/>encumbrances thereon, not exceeding twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in<br/>value;48value;
- 49(6)That the decedent's will has been admitted to probate in the court of the<br/>proper county and a duly certified copy of the will has been recorded in each

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	•	in which is located any real property owned b the decedent's death;	by the decedent at the
(7)		certified copy of the decedent's will is attached t	to the affidavit;
(8)	That no	application or petition for appointment of a p	ersonal representative
		ing or has been granted in any jurisdiction;	
(9)	-	mes and addresses of those persons who ar	e entitled, under the
	provisi	ons of the will, or if applicable, of the Intestate	Succession Act, to the
	propert	y of the decedent; and their relationship, if any,	to the decedent; and
(10)	A desc	iption sufficient to identify each tract of real p	property owned by the
	decede	nt at the time of the decedent's death.	
In those cases	s in whic	h the affiant is the surviving spouse, is entitled	to all of the property
of the decedent,	and is a	not disqualified under G.S. 28A-4-2, the prop	erty described in this
subsection that m	hay be co	llected pursuant to this section may exceed tw	enty thousand dollars
(\$20,000) in valu	e but sh	all not exceed thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000)	) in value. value, after
reduction for any	y spousal	allowance paid to the surviving spouse pursu	uant to G.S. 30-15. In
such cases, the af	ffidavit s	nall state: (i) the name and address of the affiar	nt and the fact that the
affiant is the surv	viving sp	ouse and is entitled, under the provisions of the	e decedent's will, or if
applicable, of the	e Intestat	e Succession Act, to all of the property of the	decedent; (ii) that the
decedent died te	state lea	ving personal property, less liens and encun	nbrances thereon, not
exceeding thirty	thousa	nd dollars (\$30,000); and (iii) the information	ation required under
subdivisions (2),	(3), (4),	6), (7), (8), and (10) of this subsection."	
SECT	TION 3.1	<b>0.</b> G.S. 30-31 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 30-31. Amou			
	-	court may assign to the petitioner a value suffic	
-	-	he estate and condition of the decedent and	-
		Chapter; but the value allowed shall be fixed v	
		to allowances for year's support from the dece	
		es shall not in any case exceed the one half of t	-
		r three years next preceding the deceased's deat	h. This report shall be
returned by the m	0		
		1. Section 14 of S. L. 2011-344 reads as rewrit	
		<u>Except as provided below, this</u> act becomes	s effective January I,
, II		s of decedents dying on or after that date.date:	
<u>(1)</u>	•	to subdivision (3) of this section, Section 10	
	-	e January 1, 2012, and applies to health car	e powers of attorney
( <b>2</b> )		<u>d before, on, or after that date.</u>	12 and 12 of this act
<u>(2)</u>		to subdivision (3) of this section, Sections 11, effective January 1, 2012, and apply	
	-	• • • • •	to trust proceedings
( <b>2</b> )		nced before, on, or after that date. Istanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) and	(2) of this soction:
<u>(3)</u>		In any proceeding pending before the effectiv	
		provisions in Sections 10, 11, 12, and 13 of the	
		retroactively and shall not apply prospectively application of a newly effective provision	
			-
		interfere with the effective conduct of a jup prejudice the rights of the parties.	iuiciai proceeding of
	h	An act done before the date of enactment of this	s act is not affected by
	<u>b.</u>	this act, and a right that was acquired, ext	-
		• •	-
		Commenced to run maar to the date of the add	is not attacted by this
		commenced to run prior to the date of this act act."	is not affected by this

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# 1PART IV. AUTHORITY OF THE REVISOR OF STATUTES TO PUBLISH2EXPLANATORY COMMENTS

3 **SECTION 4.** The Revisor of Statutes shall cause to be printed, as annotations to 4 the published General Statutes, all relevant portions of the Official Comments to the North 5 Carolina Uniform Trust Code and all explanatory comments of the drafters of this act as the 6 Revisor may deem appropriate.

7 8

# PART V. EFFECTIVE DATE

9 SECTION 5. Sections 1.1 through 1.24 and Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of this act become 10 effective July 1, 2012. The remaining sections of this act are effective when this act becomes 11 law.