

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2013

H.B. 251  
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HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE DRH70084-LH-75A (02/13)

Short Title: Pretrial Release/Rebuttable Presumption. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Michaux and Faircloth (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION EXISTS IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES THAT A PERSON CHARGED WITH A FELONY OR CLASS A1 MISDEMEANOR OFFENSE INVOLVING THE ILLEGAL USE, POSSESSION, OR DISCHARGE OF A FIREARM SHOULD NOT BE RELEASED PRIOR TO TRIAL.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 15A-533 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-533. **Right to pretrial release in capital and noncapital cases.**

(a) A defendant charged with any crime, whether capital or noncapital, who is alleged to have committed this crime while still residing in or subsequent to his escape or during an unauthorized absence from involuntary commitment in a mental health facility designated or licensed by the Department of Health and Human Services, and whose commitment is determined to be still valid by the judge or judicial officer authorized to determine pretrial release to be valid, has no right to pretrial release. In lieu of pretrial release, however, the individual shall be returned to the treatment facility in which he was residing at the time of the alleged crime or from which he escaped or absented himself for continuation of his treatment pending the additional proceedings on the criminal offense.

(b) A defendant charged with a noncapital offense must have conditions of pretrial release determined, in accordance with G.S. 15A-534.

(c) A judge may determine in his discretion whether a defendant charged with a capital offense may be released before trial. If he determines release is warranted, the judge must authorize release of the defendant in accordance with G.S. 15A-534.

(d) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no condition of release will reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required and the safety of the community if a judicial official finds the following:

- (1) There is reasonable cause to believe that the person committed an offense involving trafficking in a controlled substance;
- (2) The drug trafficking offense was committed while the person was on pretrial release for another offense; and
- (3) The person has been previously convicted of a Class A through E felony or an offense involving trafficking in a controlled substance and not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction or the person's release from prison for the offense, whichever is later.

(e) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no condition of release will reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required and the safety of the community, if a judicial official finds the following:



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- 1 (1) There is reasonable cause to believe that the person committed an offense for  
2 the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with, any criminal street  
3 gang, as defined in G.S. 14-50.16;  
4 (2) The offense described in subdivision (1) of this subsection was committed  
5 while the person was on pretrial release for another offense; and  
6 (3) The person has been previously convicted of an offense described in  
7 G.S. 14-50.16 through G.S. 14-50.20, and not more than five years has  
8 elapsed since the date of conviction or the person's release for the offense,  
9 whichever is later.

10 (f) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no condition of release will reasonably  
11 assure the appearance of the person as required and the safety of the community, if a judicial  
12 official finds there is reasonable cause to believe that the person committed a felony or Class  
13 A1 misdemeanor offense involving the illegal use, possession, or discharge of a firearm; and  
14 the judicial official also finds any of the following:

- 15 (1) The offense was committed while the person was on pretrial release for  
16 another felony or Class A1 misdemeanor offense involving the illegal use,  
17 possession, or discharge of a firearm.  
18 (2) The person has previously been convicted of a felony or Class A1  
19 misdemeanor offense involving the illegal use, possession, or discharge of a  
20 firearm and not more than five years have elapsed since the date of  
21 conviction or the person's release for the offense, whichever is later.

22 (g) Persons who are considered for bond under the provisions of subsections ~~(d)~~ and  
23 ~~(e)~~(d), (e), and (f) of this section may only be released by a district or superior court judge upon  
24 a finding that there is a reasonable assurance that the person will appear and release does not  
25 pose an unreasonable risk of harm to the community."

26 **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2013, and applies to  
27 proceedings to determine pretrial release conditions on or after that date.