GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

H.B. 732 Apr 10, 2013 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE DRH70256-MH-156A (03/26)

Short Title: Clarify DOT Toll Enfrcmnt/Collectn./Contract. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives W. Brawley, Iler, Torbett, and Shepard (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TOLL CONTRACTING, COLLECTION, AND ENFORCEMENT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-18 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-18. Powers of Department of Transportation.

The said Department of Transportation is vested with the following powers:

- (39a) a. The Department of Transportation may enter into a partnership agreement up to five agreements with a private entity as provided under subdivision (39) of this section for which the provisions of this section may apply.apply, provided that prior to the letting of the partnership agreement, (i) the project is included in the current State Transportation Improvement Plan, (ii) the project is eligible for funding under G.S. 136-188, and (iii) the project is ranked as one of the top 30 projects based on the scoring set forth in G.S. 136-188. The pilot project allowed under this subdivision must be one that is a candidate for funding under the Mobility Fund, that is planned for construction through a public-private partnership, and for which a Request for Qualifications has been issued by the Department no later than June 30, 2012.
 - b. A private entity or its contractors must provide performance and payment security in the form and in the amount determined by the Department of Transportation. The form of the performance and payment security may consist of bonds, letters of credit, parent guaranties, or other instruments acceptable to the Department of Transportation.
 - c. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 143B-426.40A, an agreement entered into under this subdivision may allow the private entity to assign, transfer, sell, hypothecate, and otherwise convey some or all of its right, title, and interest in and to such agreement, and any rights and remedies thereunder, to a lender, bondholder, or any other party. However, in no event shall any such assignment create additional debt or debt-like obligations of the State of North Carolina, the Department, or any other agency, authority, commission, or similar



subdivision of the State to any lender, bondholder, entity purchasing a participation in the right to receive the payment, trustee, trust, or any other party providing financing or funding of projects described in this section. The foregoing shall not preclude the Department from making any payments due and owing pursuant to an agreement entered into under this section.

The Department of Transportation may fix, revise, charge, and collect tolls and fees to the same extent allowed under Article 6H of Chapter 136 of the General Statutes. Statutes shall apply to the Department of Transportation and to projects undertaken by the Department of Transportation under subdivision (39) of this section. The Department may assign its authority under that Article to fix, revise, charge, retain, enforce, and collect tolls and fees to the private entity.

For the purposes of financing an agreement under subdivision (39a) of this section, the Department of Transportation may act as a conduit issuer for private activity bonds to the extent the bonds do not constitute a debt obligation of the State. The issuance of private activity bonds under this subdivision and any related actions shall be governed by The State and Local Government Revenue Bond Act, Article 5 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes, with G.S. 159-88 satisfied by adherence to the requirements of subdivisions (39) and subdivision (39a) of this section."

SECTION 2. G.S. 136-89.183(a)(5) reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-89.183. Powers of the Authority.

The Authority shall have all of the powers necessary to execute the provisions of this Article, including the following:

> To fix, revise, charge, retain, enforce, and collect tolls and fees for the use of the Turnpike Projects. Prior to the effective date of any toll or fee for use of a Turnpike Facility, the Authority shall submit a description of the proposed toll or fee to the Board of Transportation, the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee and the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations for review.

SECTION 3. G.S. 136-89.188 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-89.188. Use of revenues.

- Revenues derived from Turnpike Projects authorized under this Article shall be used
 - Authority administration costs; costs.
 - Turnpike **Project** development, right-of-way design, acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance; maintenance, reconstruction, rehabilitation, and replacement. and
 - debt-Debt service on the Authority's revenue bonds or related purposes such as the establishment of debt service reserve funds. funds.
 - Debt service, debt service reserve funds, and other financing costs related to any of the following:
 - A financing undertaken by a private entity under a partnership agreement with the entity for a Turnpike Project.
 - Private activity bonds issued under law. <u>b.</u>

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Any federal or State loan, line of credit, or loan guarantee relating to <u>c.</u> a Turnpike Project.

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- A return on investment of any private entity under a partnership agreement **(5)** with the entity for a Turnpike Project.
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- Any other uses granted to a private entity under a partnership agreement (6) with the entity for a Turnpike Project.

The Authority shall use not more than five percent (5%) of total revenue derived

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, toll

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, excess toll revenues

SECTION 4. Part 1 of Article 6H of Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is

SECTION 5. Part 2 of Article 6H of Chapter 136 of the General Statutes reads as

construction, expansion, operations, maintenance, and Authority

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- The Authority may use up to one hundred percent (100%) of the revenue derived (b) from a Turnpike Project for debt service on the Authority's revenue bonds or for a combination of debt service and operation and maintenance expenses of the Turnpike Projects.

revenues generated from a converted segment of the State highway system previously planned

for operation as a nontoll facility shall only be used for the funding or financing of the right of

with respect to a Turnpike Project shall be used for the funding or financing of transportation

projects that are within the jurisdictional limits of the applicable metropolitan planning

organization or rural transportation planning organization where the Turnpike Project is

located. For purposes of this subsection, the term "excess toll revenues" means those toll

revenues derived from a Turnpike Project that are not otherwise used or allocated to the

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, the Authority may designate one or more lanes of any highway, or portion thereof, within the State, including lanes that may

previously have been designated as HOV lanes under G.S. 20-146.2, as high-occupancy toll

(HOT) or other type of managed lanes; provided, however, that such designation shall not

reduce the number of existing general purpose lanes. In making such designations, the

Authority shall specify the high-occupancy requirement or other conditions for use of such

lanes, which may include restricting vehicle types, access controls, or the payment of tolls for

"Part 2. Collection of Tolls on Turnpike Projects.

vehicles that do not meet the high-occupancy requirements or conditions for use."

administration costs associated with the converted segment or a contiguous toll facility.

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- (c) from all Turnpike Projects for Authority administration costs.

acquisition,

amended by adding a new section to read:

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rewritten:

"§ 136-89.212. Payment of toll required for use of Turnpike project.

Authority or a private entity pursuant to subsection (a) of this section."

"§ 136-89.199. Designation of high-occupancy toll and managed lanes.

- A motor vehicle that is driven on a Turnpike project is subject to a toll imposed by the Authority for the use of the project. If the toll is an open road toll, the person who is the registered owner of the motor vehicle is liable for payment of the toll unless the registered owner establishes that the motor vehicle was in the care, custody, and control of another person when it was driven on the Turnpike project.
- A person establishes that a motor vehicle was in the care, custody, and control of another person when it was driven on a Turnpike project by submitting to the Authority a sworn affidavit stating one of the following:
 - The name and address of the person who had the care, custody, and control (1) of the motor vehicle when it was driven. If the motor vehicle was leased or rented under a long-term lease or rental, as defined in G.S. 105-187.1, the

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- affidavit must be supported by a copy of the lease or rental agreement or other written evidence of the agreement.
- The motor vehicle was stolen. The affidavit must be supported by an (2) insurance or police report concerning the theft or other written evidence of the theft.
- The person transferred the motor vehicle to another person by sale or (3) otherwise before it was driven on the Turnpike project. The affidavit must be supported by insurance information, a copy of the certificate of title, or other evidence of the transfer.
- If a person establishes that a motor vehicle was in the care, custody, and control of (c) another person under subsection (b) of this section, the other person shall be liable for the payment of the toll and the Authority may send a bill to collect and enforce the toll in accordance with this Article; provided, however, that such other person may contest such toll in accordance with this Article.

"§ 136-89.213. Administration of tolls and requirements for open road tolls.

- Administration. The Authority is responsible for collecting tolls on Turnpike (a) projects. In exercising its authority under G.S. 136-89.183 to perform or procure services required by the Authority, the Authority may contract with one or more providers to perform part or all of the collection functions and may enter into agreements to exchange information, including confidential information under subsection (a1) of this section, that identifies motor vehicles and their owners with one or more of the following entities: the Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of Transportation, another state, another toll operator, or a toll collection-related organization, or a private entity that has entered into a partnership agreement with the Authority pursuant to G.S. 136-89.183(a)(17). Further, the Authority may assign its authority to fix, revise, charge, retain, enforce, and collect tolls and fees under this Article to a private entity that has entered into a partnership agreement with the Authority pursuant to G.S. 136-89.183(a)(17).
- Open Road Tolls. If a Turnpike project uses an open road tolling system, the (b) Authority must operate a facility that is in the immediate vicinity of the Turnpike project and that accepts or provide an alternate means to accept cash payment of the toll and must place signs on the Turnpike project that give drivers the following information:
 - Notice that the driver is approaching a highway for which a toll is required. (1) Signs providing this information must be placed before the toll is incurred.
 - The methods by which the toll may be paid. (2)
 - (3) Directions If applicable, directions to the nearby facility that accepts cash payment of the toll.

"§ 136-89.214. Bill for unpaid open road toll.

- Bill. If a motor vehicle travels on a Turnpike project that uses an open road tolling system and a toll for traveling on the project is not paid prior to travel or at the time of travel, the Authority must send a bill by first-class mail to the registered owner of the motor vehicle or the person who had care, custody, and control of the vehicle as established under G.S. 136-89.212(b) for the amount of the unpaid toll. The Authority must send the bill within 90 days after the travel occurs, or within 90 days of receipt of a sworn affidavit submitted under G.S. 136-89.212(b) identifying the person who had care, custody, and control of the motor vehicle. If a bill is not sent within the required time, the Authority waives collection of the toll. The Authority must establish a billing period for unpaid open road tolls that is no shorter than 15 days. A bill for a billing period must include all unpaid tolls incurred by the same person during the billing period.
- Information on Bill. A bill sent under this section must include all of the following information:

- Fee. If a person does not take one of the actions required under subsection (a) of this section within the required time, the Authority may add a processing fee to the amount the person owes. The processing fee may not exceed six dollars (\$6.00). A person may not be charged more than forty-eight dollars (\$48.00) in processing fees in a 12-month period (\$6.00) for each unpaid bill.

The Authority must set the processing fee at an amount that does not exceed the costs of identifying the owner of a motor vehicle that is subject to an unpaid toll and toll, billing the owner for the unpaid toll. toll, and collecting and enforcing the unpaid toll. The fee is a receipt of the Authority and must be applied to these costs.

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SECTION 6. This act is effective when it becomes law.