GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

S

SENATE BILL 476* Insurance Committee Substitute Adopted 4/18/13 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S476-PCS85213-TP-25

Short Title: NC Captive Insurance Act.

(Public)

D

	Sponsors:				
	Referred to:				
	March 28, 2013				
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO EN	VACT THE NORTH CAROLINA CAPTIVE INSURANCE ACT.			
3	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:			
4	SEC	TION 1. Article 10 of Chapter 58 of the North Carolina General Statutes is			
5	amended by add	ing a new Part to read:			
6	-	"Part 9. Captive Insurance Companies.			
7		"Subpart 1. General Provisions.			
8	" <u>§ 58-10-335.</u> P	urpose.			
9	(a) This	Part shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolina Captive Insurance			
10	<u>Act.</u> "				
11	(b) The	purpose of this Part is to establish the procedures for the organization and			
12	regulation of th	e operations of captive insurance companies within this State and thereby			
13	promote the gene	eral welfare of the people of this State.			
14	" <u>§ 58-10-340. D</u>	Definitions.			
15	The followin	g definitions apply in this Part:			
16	<u>(1)</u>	Affiliated company Any company in the same corporate system as a			
17		parent, an industrial insured, or a member organization by virtue of common			
18		ownership, control, operation, or management.			
19	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Alien. – An alien company as defined in G.S. 58-1-5.</u>			
20	<u>(3)</u>	Alien captive insurance company Any insurance company formed to write			
21		insurance business for its parents and affiliates and licensed pursuant to the			
22		laws of an alien jurisdiction which imposes statutory or regulatory standards			
23		in a form acceptable to the Commissioner on companies transacting the			
24		business of insurance in such jurisdiction.			
25	<u>(4)</u>	Association Any legal association of individuals, corporations, limited			
26		liability companies, partnerships, associations, or other entities that meets			
27		the criteria set forth in either sub-subdivision a. or b. of this subdivision:			
28		<u>a.</u> The member organizations of the association or the association itself,			
29		either alone or in conjunction with some or all of the member			
30		organizations, are described by any of the following:			
31		<u>1.</u> <u>Owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote all of the</u>			
32		outstanding voting securities of an association captive			
33		insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer.			
34		2. <u>Having complete voting control over an association captive</u>			
35		insurance company incorporated as a mutual insurer.			



Gen	eral Assemb	oly Of Nort	h Carolina	Session 2013
		<u>3.</u>	Constituting all of the subscribers of an	association captive
			insurance company formed as a reciprocal	-
		<u>4.</u>	- · · ·	
			insurance company formed as a limited lial	
		<u>b.</u> <u>Ea</u>	ach member organization of the association is on	
		<u> </u>	-	
			nonprofit organization.	
		<u>2.</u>	An entity or organization exempt from tax	
			501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U	
		<u>3.</u>		
			utility district, or other public body gener	•
			governmental body or governmental	
			organized by local act or public act of the	
			or any agency, board, or commission of	
			metropolitan government, county, authorit	
			other public body generally classified as a	
			or governmental entity. This sub-sub-su	bdivision shall be
	(5)	A	liberally construed.	41 - 4 ¹
	<u>(5)</u>		on captive insurance company. – Any company	
			per organizations of an association, and that a	
			ffiliated companies of the member organizatio	is and the risks of
	(6)		ation itself.	w a branch contina
	<u>(6)</u>		<u>usiness. – Any insurance business transacted b</u>	y a branch captive
	(7)		<u>company in this State.</u>	ingurance company
	<u>(7)</u>		aptive insurance company. – Any alien captive	
			by the Commissioner to transact the business of bugh a business unit with a principal place of bu	
			<u>captive insurance company is a pure captive i</u>	
			ect to operations in this State, unless otherwis	
		Commiss	-	<u>e permitted by the</u>
	<u>(8)</u>		perations. – Any business operations of a branc	h cantive insurance
	<u>(0)</u>		in this State.	<u>n captive institutee</u>
	<u>(9)</u>		insurance company. – Any pure captive in	surance company
	<u>(2)</u>		on captive insurance company, industrial insured	
			, risk retention group, protected cell captive in	
			ted cell captive insurance company, or special	
			surance company formed or licensed under this	
	<u>(10)</u>	-	ioner. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.	<u> </u>
	$\frac{(10)}{(11)}$		controlling, controlled by, or under common c	control with. – The
	<u>(11)</u>		n, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or ca	
			gement and policies of a person, whether through	
			curities, by contract other than a commercial co	
			gement services, or otherwise; provided that such	
			an official position or corporate office held by	
			presumed to exist if a person, directly or indirec	-
			th the power to vote, or holds proxies repres	-
			more of the voting securities of another person	
			ebutted by a showing that control does not exist	-
		•	ition, for purposes of this Part, the fact that an	
			reinsurance to a ceding insurer under an SPFC	

General Assen	bly Of North Carolina Session 2013
	itself sufficient grounds for a finding that the SPFC and ceding insurer are
	under common control.
<u>(12)</u>	<u>Controlled unaffiliated business. – A person meeting all of the following:</u>
	a. The person is not in the corporate system of a parent and its affiliated
	companies in the case of a pure captive insurance company, or is not
i	in the corporate system of an industrial insured and its affiliated
,	companies in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance
	company.
	b. The person has an existing contractual relationship with a parent or
	one of its affiliated companies in the case of a pure captive insurance
	company, or with an industrial insured or one of its affiliated
	companies in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance
	<u>c.</u> <u>c.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C.</u> <u>C</u>
	or an industrial insured captive insurance company, as applicable, in
(12)	accordance with G.S. 58-10-470.
<u>(13)</u>	
	to the SPFC contract. A nonaffiliated company may be designated a
	counterparty, but that designation is subject to the prior approval of the
	Commissioner.
<u>(14)</u>	
<u>(15)</u>	· ·
<u>(16)</u>	
	insurance company not attributable to a protected cell.
<u>(17)</u>	
	insurance company that is organized as a corporation or other legal entity
	separate from the incorporated cell captive insurance company.
<u>(18)</u>	Incorporated cell captive insurance company A protected cell captive
	insurance company that is established as a corporation or other legal entity
	separate from its incorporated cells that are also organized as separate legal
	entities.
<u>(19)</u>	Industrial insured. – An insured that meets all of the following:
	<u>a.</u> It procures the insurance of any risk or risks by use of the services of
	a full-time employee acting as an insurance manager or buyer.
	b. Its aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least
	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
	c. It has at least 25 full-time employees.
<u>(20)</u>	
<u></u>	risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group,
	and that may insure the risks of the affiliated companies of the industrial
	insureds and the risks of the controlled unaffiliated business of an industrial
	insured or its affiliated companies.
(21)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
<u>(21)</u>	are described by any of the following:
	a. Own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding
	voting securities of an industrial insured captive insurance company
	incorporated as a stock insurer.
	b. <u>Have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive</u>
	in announce a common string common to a company to a line announce
	insurance company incorporated as a mutual insurer.
	<u>c.</u> <u>Constitute all of the subscribers of an industrial insured captive</u> insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer.

General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
	d. Have complete voting control over an industria	l insured captive
	insurance company formed as a limited liability cor	npany.
(22)	Insurance securitization or securitization. – A transaction	
<u>,</u>	related transactions which meet the requirements of sub-s	
	b. of this subdivision:	<u></u>
	<u>a. The transactions include capital market offerings</u>	that are effected
	through related risk transfer instruments	and facilitating
	administrative agreements where all or part of t	<u>_</u>
	transactions is used to fund the SPFC's obl	igations under a
	reinsurance contract with a ceding insurer and by	which one of the
	following occur:	
	<u>1.</u> <u>Proceeds are obtained by a SPFC, direc</u>	•
	through the issuance of securities by the S	PFC or any other
	person.	
	2. <u>All of the following occur: (i) a person pro</u>	
	letters of credit or other assets for the benefi	t of the SPFC; (ii)
	the Commissioner authorizes the SPFC to the	
	credit or other assets as admitted assets for	or purposes of the
	SPFC's annual report; and (iii) all or a	iny part of such
	proceeds, letters of credit, or assets, as appl	icable, are used to
	fund the SPFC's obligations under a reinsur	ance contract with
	a ceding insurer.	
	b. The transactions do not include the issuance of a	letter of credit for
	the benefit of the Commissioner to satisfy all or p	
	capital and surplus requirements under G.S. 58-10-	
(23)	Member organization. – Any individual, corporation,	
<u>,</u>	company, partnership, association, or other entity that	-
	association.	
(24)	Mutual corporation. – A corporation organized without	stockholders and
<u>(</u>	includes a nonprofit corporation with members.	
(25)	Mutual insurer. – A company owned by its policyholders	where no stock is
(20)	available for purchase on the stock exchanges.	
<u>(26)</u>	NAIC. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.	
$\frac{(20)}{(27)}$	Organizational documents. – The documents that mu	ust he submitted
(27)	pursuant to North Carolina law in order to legally form	
	State or to obtain a certificate of authority to transact busin	
(28)	Parent. – An individual, corporation, limited liability com	
<u>(28)</u>	association, or other entity, or individual that directly on	
		•
	controls, or holds with power to vote more than fifty per	cent (50%) of the
	outstanding voting of any of the following interests:	• • • • •
	<u>a.</u> <u>Securities of a pure captive insurance company or</u>	ganized as a stock
	<u>corporation.</u>	
	b. <u>Membership interests of a pure captive insurance co</u>	<u>ompany organized</u>
	as a nonprofit corporation.	
	<u>c.</u> <u>Membership interests of a pure captive insurance co</u>	ompany organized
	as a limited liability company.	
	<u>d.</u> <u>Securities of an SPFC.</u>	
		a mantiaimant by
<u>(29)</u>	Participant A person or an entity authorized to be	<u>a participant by</u>
<u>(29)</u>	<u>Participant.</u> – A person or an entity authorized to be <u>G.S. 58-10-515</u> , and any affiliate of a participant, that	
<u>(29)</u>		is insured by a

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1 2	<u>(30)</u>	Participant contract. – A contract by which a protected centric company insures the risks of a participant and limits the	-
3		participant to its pro rata share of the assets of one or m	nore protected cells
4		identified in such participant contract.	
5	<u>(31)</u>	Person. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.	
6	<u>(32)</u>	Protected cell. – Either of the following:	
7		<u>a.</u> <u>A separate account established by a protected cel</u>	l captive insurance
8		company formed or licensed under this Part, in y	
9		pool of assets and liabilities are segregated and ins	-
10		this Part from the remainder of the protected cel	
11		company's assets and liabilities, in accordance wi	
12		or more participant contracts to fund the liability of	
13		captive insurance company, with respect to the	participants as set
14		forth in the participant contracts.	
15		b. <u>A separate account established and maintained by</u>	
16		SPFC contract and the accompanying insurance set	ecuritization with a
17		<u>counterparty.</u>	
18	<u>(33)</u>	Protected cell assets. – All assets, contract rights, and	
19		identified with and attributable to a specific protected cell	of a protected cell
20	(24)	captive insurance company.	•
21	<u>(34)</u>	<u>Protected cell captive insurance company. – Any captive</u>	insurance company
22		meeting all of the following:	· Dout our muorridad
23		a. <u>The minimum capital and surplus required by thi</u>	s Part are provided
24 25		by one or more sponsors. The company is formed or licensed under this Part	
		b. The company is formed or licensed under this Part	
26 27		c. <u>The company insures the risks of separate participant contracts</u>	articipants through
27		<u>d.</u> <u>The company funds its liability to each participa</u>	ant through one or
28 29		<u>d.</u> <u>The company funds its liability to each participa</u> more protected cells and segregates the assets of	_
30		from the assets of other protected cells and from	
31		protected cell captive insurance company's general	
32	(35)	Protected cell liabilities. – All liabilities and other obligat	
33	<u>(55)</u>	and attributed to a specific protected cell of a prot	
34		insurance company.	celeu cell captive
35	<u>(36)</u>	Pure captive insurance company. – Any company that	insures risks of its
36	<u>(50)</u>	parent and affiliated companies or a controlled unaffi	
37		businesses.	indied business of
38	<u>(37)</u>	<u>Risk retention group. – A captive insurance company o</u>	roanized under the
39	<u>(57)</u>	laws of this State pursuant to the Liability Risk Retention	•
40		U.S.C. § 3901 et seq., as amended, as a stock or mutual	
41		reciprocal or other limited liability entity. Risk retenti	
42		under this Part are subject to all applicable insurance laws	
43		limited to, any applicable provisions in Articles 1, 2, 3, 7.	-
44		of this Chapter.	<u>, 19, 22, 55, and 51</u>
45	(38)	Securities. – Those different types of debt obligation	ns. equity. surplus
46	<u>x==x</u>	certificates, surplus notes, funding agreements, derivativ	
47		forms of financial instruments.	,
48	<u>(39)</u>	SPFC or Special Purpose Financial Captive. – A captive	insurance company
49	<u> </u>	that has received a certificate of authority from the Con	1 1
50		limited purposes provided for in this Part.	

General A	ssemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
	(40)	SPFC contract A contract between the SPI	FC and the counterparty
		pursuant to which the SPFC agrees to provide	insurance or reinsurance
		protection to the counterparty for risks associate	d with the counterparty's
		insurance or reinsurance business.	
	(41)	SPFC securities. – The securities issued by an SPF	С.
	(42)	Sponsor. – Any person or entity that is approved	
		provide all or part of the capital and surplus req	•
		organize and operate a protected cell captive insura	ance company.
	(43)	Surplus note An unsecured subordinated debt of	
		surplus certificate under this Part and otherwise	possessing characteristics
		consistent with paragraph 3 of the NAIC's	
		Accounting Principles No. 41, as amended.	-
"§ 58-10-3	45. Li	icensing; authority; confidentiality.	
(a)		captive insurance company, when permitted by its of	organizational documents,
may apply		ne Commissioner for a license to do any and all	-
		hrough (16) and (19) through (22) of G.S. 58-7-15; p	_
	(1)	No pure captive insurance company shall insure an	
		its parent and affiliated companies or a controlle	-
		businesses.	
	(2)	No association captive insurance company shall in	nsure any risks other than
	<u> </u>	those of its association, those of the member organ	
		and those of a member organization's affiliated con	
	(3)	No industrial insured captive insurance company s	-
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	than those of the industrial insureds that compr	•
		group, those of their affiliated companies, and	·
		unaffiliated business of an industrial insured or its	
	(4)	No risk retention group shall insure any risks other	-
		and owners.	
	(5)	No captive insurance company shall provide po	ersonal motor vehicle or
	<u> </u>	homeowner's insurance coverage or any componen	·
	(6)	No captive insurance company shall accept or ce	ede reinsurance except as
		provided in G.S. 58-10-445 and G.S. 58-10-605.	
	(7)	No captive insurance company shall provide acci	dent and health insurance
		on a direct basis.	
	(8)	No captive insurance company shall provide we	orkers' compensation and
		employer's liability insurance on a direct basis.	•
	(9)	No captive insurance company shall provide life in	nsurance or annuities on a
	<u> </u>	direct basis.	
<u>(b)</u>	No ca	uptive insurance company shall transact any insurat	nce business in this State
unless:	-		
	(1)	It obtains a license from the Commissioner pursua	nt to subsection (c) of this
	<u></u>	section authorizing it to do insurance business in th	
	<u>(2)</u>	Its board of directors or committee of manage	
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	reciprocal insurer, its subscribers' advisory com	
		meeting each year in this State.	
	(3)	It maintains its principal place of business in this S	tate.
	(4)	It appoints a registered agent to accept service of	process and to otherwise
	<u>(4)</u>	It appoints a registered agent to accept service of act on its behalf in this State, provided that when	-
	<u>(4)</u>	act on its behalf in this State, provided that whene cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the	ever such registered agent

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1 2		captive insurance company upon whom any process, notice be served and such service shall be done in accordance with	
3	(c) In or	der to receive a license to issue policies of insurance as a	
4		State, an applicant business entity shall meet all of the followi	-
5	(1)	The applicant business entity shall submit its organization	
6	<u> </u>	the Commissioner. If the Commissioner approves the	
7		documents, then the Commissioner shall issue a letter	-
8		certifying the Commissioner's approval. The applicant bus	siness entity shall
9		submit the organizational documents, along with a copy	of the approval
10		letter issued by the Commissioner, and the required	filing fees for
11		organizational documents prescribed by North Carolina law	v to the Secretary
12		of State for filing. Upon filing the organizational docume	nts, the Secretary
13		of State shall issue an acknowledgment letter to the application	* *
14		business entity shall submit a copy of the acknowledgmen	
15		the applicant's organizational documents issued by the Sec	retary of State to
16		the Commissioner.	
17	<u>(2)</u>	The applicant business entity shall file a statement under oa	th of its president
18		and secretary showing its financial condition.	
19	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	The applicant business entity shall file its plan of operation.	
20	<u>(4)</u>	The applicant business entity shall file other documents a	s required by the
21	(5)	<u>Commissioner.</u>	issionen svidenes
22	<u>(5)</u>	The applicant business entity shall also file with the Comm	issioner evidence
23 24		of all of the following:	a tha mighta ta ha
24 25		a. <u>The amount and liquidity of its assets relative to</u> assumed.	<u>j the fisks to be</u>
23 26		b. The adequacy of the expertise, experience, and	character of the
20		person or persons who will manage it.	<u>character</u> of the
28		c. The overall soundness of its plan of operation.	
29		d. The adequacy of the loss prevention programs of its	insureds
30		e. Such other factors deemed relevant by the C	
31		ascertaining whether the applicant business entity	
32		meet its policy obligations.	
33	<u>(6)</u>	No less than the amount required by G.S. 58-10-370 shall	be paid in by the
34		applicant business entity and deposited with the Comr	
35		alternative, an irrevocable letter of credit in that amount a	and acceptable to
36		the Commissioner shall be filed with the Commissioner.	
37	<u>(7)</u>	The applicant business entity shall submit to the Commissi	oner for approval
38		a description of the coverages, deductibles, coverage l	imits, and rates,
39		together with such additional information as the Commission	
40		never a captive insurance company desires to amend the	-
41		hitted pursuant to subdivision (c)(1) of this section, the comp	
42		anizational documents to the Commissioner. If the Commission	* *
43		en the Commissioner shall issue a letter to the application of the second state of the	
44 45		approval. The applicant business entity shall submit the	
45 46		ig with a copy of the approval letter issued by the Comm	
46 47		fees for organizational documents prescribed in North Car te for filing. Upon filing the organizational documents, the	
47 48	-	te for filing. Upon filing the organizational documents, the skinowledgment letter to the applicant. The applicant shall sub	-
48 49		t letter relative to the applicant's organizational documen	* *
49 50		e to the Commissioner.	is issued by the
50	<u>Secretary Or Stat</u>		

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2013
1	(e) If a captive insurance company makes any subsequent material change to any item
2	in the description submitted pursuant to subdivision (c)(7) of this section, then the captive
3	insurance company shall submit an appropriate revision to the Commissioner for approval and
4	shall not offer any additional kinds of insurance until a revision of such description is approved
5	by the Commissioner. The captive insurance company shall inform the Commissioner of any
6	material change in rates within 30 days of the adoption of such change.
7	(f) Information submitted pursuant to this subsection is confidential, and may be made
8	public by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee only upon an order of a court of
9	competent jurisdiction, except:
0	(1) This subdivision shall not apply to any risk retention group.
1	(2) The Commissioner shall have the discretion to disclose such information to a
2	public official having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in another
3	state, provided that:
ŀ	<u>a.</u> <u>The public official agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of</u>
	such information; and
	b. The laws of the state in which the public official serves require the
	information to be and to remain confidential.
	(g) The Commissioner is authorized to retain legal, financial, and examination services
	from outside the Department, the costs of which shall be reimbursed by the applicant.
	G.S. 58-2-160 shall apply to examinations, investigations, and processing conducted under the
	authority of this section.
	(h) If the Commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by an
	applicant captive insurance company comply with this section, then the Commissioner shall
	grant a license authorizing it to do insurance business in this State.
	"§ 58-10-350. Commissioner use of consultants and other professionals.
	The Commissioner may contract with consultants and other professionals to expedite and
	complete the application process, examinations, and other regulatory activities required
	pursuant to this Part. Such contracts for financial, legal, examination, and other services shall
	not be subject to any of the following:
	(1) <u>G.S. 114-2.3.</u> (2) <u>G.S. 147-17</u>
	$\frac{(2)}{(2)} = \frac{G.S. 147-17.}{A.S. 142}$
	(3) Articles 3, 3C, and 8 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, together with
	rules and procedures adopted under those Articles concerning procurement,
	contracting, and contract review.
	" <u>§ 58-10-355. Organizational examination.</u>
	In addition to the processing of the application, an organizational investigation or
	examination may be performed before an applicant is licensed. Such investigation or
	examination shall consist of a general survey of the applicant's corporate records, including
	charters, bylaws, and minute books; verification of capital and surplus; verification of principal place of business; determination of assets and liabilities; and a review of such other factors as
	the Commissioner deems necessary.
	"§ 58-10-360. Designation of captive manager.
	<u>Before licensing, captive insurance companies shall report in writing to the Commissioner</u>
	the name and address of the manager designated to manage the captive insurance company.
	The Commissioner shall approve the captive manager and may require the submission of
	additional information regarding the proposed captive manager in a form and manner as the
	Commissioner may designate.
	"§ 58-10-365. Names of companies.
	<u>No captive insurance company shall adopt a name that is the same, deceptively similar, or</u>
))	likely to be confused with or mistaken for any other existing business name registered in this

General Assen	bly Of North Carolina Session 2013
State, nor any	name likely to mislead the public. Any name adopted by a captive insurance
	omply with the requirements of State law.
	Capital and surplus requirements.
	captive insurance company shall be issued a license unless it possesses and
	paired paid-in capital and surplus of:
(1)	In the case of a pure captive insurance company, not less than two hundred
<u> </u>	fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or such other amount determined by the
(2)	Commissioner.
<u>(2)</u>	In the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than five
(2)	hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
<u>(3)</u>	In the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
<u>(4)</u>	In the case of a risk retention group, not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
(5)	In the case of a protected cell captive insurance company, not less than two
<u>\07</u>	hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
(b) The	Commissioner may prescribe additional capital and surplus based upon the
	nd nature of insurance business to be transacted.
• •	tal and surplus shall be in the form of cash or an irrevocable letter of credit
····	approved by the Commissioner.
	Dividends and distributions.
No captive	insurance company shall pay a dividend or other distribution from capital or
urplus without	the prior approval of the Commissioner. Approval of an ongoing plan for the
	dends or other distributions shall be conditioned upon the retention, at the time
of each payme	nt, of capital or surplus in excess of amounts specified by or determined in
ccordance wit	n formulas approved by the Commissioner. A captive insurance company may
otherwise make	such distributions as are in conformity with its purposes and approved by the
Commissioner.	
	Formation of captive insurance companies.
	re captive insurance company may be incorporated as a stock insurer with its
-	nto shares and held by the stockholders, as a nonprofit corporation with one or
	or as a manager-managed limited liability company.
	ssociation captive insurance company, an industrial insured captive insurance
- ·	sk retention group may be any of the following:
<u>(1)</u>	Incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held
	by the stockholders.
<u>(2)</u>	Incorporated as a mutual corporation.
<u>(3)</u>	Organized as a reciprocal insurer in accordance with Article 15 of this
	Chapter.
$(\underline{4})$	Organized as a manager-managed limited liability company.
	ptive insurance company incorporated or organized in this State shall have not
	ncorporators or three organizers of whom not less than one shall be a resident of
his State.	
	capital stock of a captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer
	ed with no par value.
	e case of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation, at least one of
	the board of directors shall be a resident of this State. In the case of a captive
	pany formed as a reciprocal insurer, at least one of the members of the
	visory committee shall be a resident of this State. In the case of a captive any formed as a limited liability company, at least one of the managers shall be
a resident of thi	
a restaent of th	

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
	(f) Capt	ive insurance companies formed as corporations, limited liabil	ity companies.
		as nonprofit corporations under this Part shall have the privileg	· ·
5	-	to all State statutes and laws, as applicable, provided that this Pa	
ļ	in the event of a		
5	(g) Merg		acquisitions
		s, or other similar transactions of captive insurance companies s	
		visions of this Chapter applicable to traditional insurance company	•
	<u>(1)</u>	The Commissioner may, upon request of an insurer party	-
	<u>(1)</u>	authorized under this subsection, waive such applicable require	
	<u>(2)</u>	The Commissioner may waive or modify the requirements for	
	<u>(2)</u>	and hearing.	<u>r public libilec</u>
	(3)	An alien insurer may be a party to a merger authorized under t	his subsection
	<u>(5)</u>	provided that the requirements for a merger between a car	
		company and a foreign insurer under this Chapter shall app	
		between a captive insurance company and an alien insu	
		subsection. For the purposes of this subdivision, an alien in	
		treated as a foreign insurer under this Chapter and the domic	
		shall be the equivalent to that of another state.	<u>ne or the unen</u>
	(h) Capt	ive insurance companies formed as reciprocal insurers under	this Part shall
		ges provided in and be subject to Article 15 of this Chapter in a	
		hat this Part shall control in the event of a conflict. To the exte	
	*	e subject to other provisions of this Chapter pursuant to Arti	•
		rovisions shall not be applicable to a reciprocal insurer formed	
		visions are expressly made applicable to captive insurance compa	
	Part.		
		articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurance compar	nv formed as a
		y authorize a quorum of its board of directors to consist of	•
	-	fixed or prescribed number of directors.	
		subscribers' agreement or other organizing document of a car	otive insurance
		ed as a reciprocal insurer may authorize a quorum of its subscr	
		onsist of no fewer than one-third of the number of its members.	<u>_</u> _
		the Commissioner's approval, a captive insurance company of	organized as a
		ay convert to a nonprofit corporation with one or more members	-
		State an election for such conversion, provided that:	
	<u>(1)</u>	The election shall certify that, at the time of the comp	<u>oany's origin</u> al
		organization and at all times thereafter, the company has	
		business in a manner not inconsistent with a nonprofit purpose	
	<u>(2)</u>	At the time of the filing of its election, the company shall file	e with both the
	. –	Commissioner and the Secretary of State amended and resta	ated articles of
		incorporation consistent with this Part and with all other a	
		statutes and laws.	
	<u>(1)</u> <u>In the</u>	e case of a captive insurance company formed as a limited liabil	<u>ity company, a</u>
		rance company, or mutual insurance company, any proxy ex	• • •
	-	ribers, and policyholders of each shall be valid if executed and	•
	compliance with	n all applicable State statutes and laws.	
	" <u>§ 58-10-385.</u> I		
	(a) Ever	y captive insurance company shall report to the Commissioner	within 30 days
	after any chang	e in its executive officers or directors, including in its report	a biographical
	• •	h new officer or director.	
	<u>(b)</u> <u>No d</u>	lirector, officer, or employee of a captive insurance company sl	hall, except on
	behalf of the ca	potive insurance company, accept or be the beneficiary of, any	fee brokerage

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1	gift, or other compensation because of any investment, loan, deposit, purchas	se, sale, payment,
2	or exchange made by or for the captive insurance company, but such per	son may receive
3	reasonable compensation for necessary services rendered to the captive insur	ance company in
4	his or her usual private, professional, or business capacity.	
5	(c) Any profit or gain received by or on behalf of any person in violati	ion of this section
6	shall inure to and be recoverable by the captive insurance company.	
7	"§ 58-10-390. Conflict of interest.	
8	(a) Each captive insurance company chartered in this State is req	uired to adopt a
9	conflict of interest statement for officers, directors, and key employees. Suc	h statement shall
10	disclose that the individual has no outside commitments, personal or other	wise, that would
11	divert him or her from his or her duty to further the interests of the captive in	surance company
12	he or she represents, but this shall not preclude such person from being a dire	ector or officer in
13	more than one insurance company.	
14	(b) Each officer, director, and key employee shall file such disclosure	with the Board of
15	Directors yearly.	
16	"§ 58-10-395. Change of business.	
17	(a) <u>Any material change in a captive insurance company's business p</u>	lan that was filed
18	with the Commissioner at the time of initial application and any subsequent a	mendment of the
19	plan requires prior approval from the Commissioner.	
20	(b) Any change in any other information filed with the application m	nust be filed with
21	the Commissioner within 60 days but does not require prior approval.	
22	"§ 58-10-400. Insurance manager and intermediaries.	
23	No person shall act in or from this State as a managing general age	ent, producer, or
24	reinsurance intermediary for captive business without the authorization of the	
24 25	Application for such authorization must be on a form prescribed by the Comm	issioner.
26	" <u>§ 58-10-405. Annual reports.</u>	
27	(a) No captive insurance companies shall be required to make any an	nual report to the
28	Commissioner except as provided in this Part.	
29	(b) Prior to March 1 of each year, and prior to March 15 of each year in	· · · · ·
30	captive insurance companies or industrial insured captive insurance compan	
31	insurance company shall submit to the Commissioner a report of its fin	
32	verified by oath of two of its executive officers. Each captive insurance com	
33	using generally accepted accounting principles, unless the Commissioner requ	. .
34	accepts the use of statutory accounting principles or other comprehensive bas	-
35	The Commissioner may require, approve, or accept any appropriate or necess	
36	of the statutory accounting principles or other comprehensive basis of account	
37	of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon. The Commission	• •
38	additional information to supplement such report. Except as otherwise pro	
39	retention group and association captive insurance company shall file its re	*
40	required by G.S. 58-2-165, and each risk retention group and association of	-
41	company shall comply with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-4-5. A	
42	insurance companies shall report on forms adopted by the Commissioner.	
43	shall apply to each report filed pursuant to this section. Branch captive insu	
44	shall file the report required by this section unless otherwise required by	
45	Special Purpose Financial Captive insurance companies shall report in	accordance with
46	<u>G.S. 58-10-625.</u>	
47 49	(c) <u>A pure captive insurance company or an industrial insured c</u>	
48 40	company may make written application to the Commissioner for filing the requ	*
49 50	alternative reporting date based on the company's fiscal year-end. If an alternative reported by the Commissioner them	ernative reporting
50 51	date is granted by the Commissioner, then: (1) The annual report is due 75 days after the fiscal year-end.	
) [LID LIDE ADDIAL FEDORE IS QUE 7 CAVS ATTER THE TISCAL VEAR-ENG	

	General Assembl	y Of North Carolina	Session 2013
L	<u>(2)</u>	In order to provide sufficient detail to support the prem	nium tax return, the
		pure captive insurance company or industrial insured	captive insurance
		company shall file, prior to March 15 of each year	for each calendar
		year-end, pages 1, 2, 3, and 5 of the "Captive Annual	Statement; Pure or
		Industrial Insured," verified by oath of two of its executiv	e officers.
	" <u>§ 58-10-420.</u> An	nual audit and actuarial certification.	
		ptive insurance companies shall have an annual audit	by an independent
		countant and shall file such audited financial report with	
	-	30 for the prior calendar year.	
		e insurance companies that have received approval to rep	oort on other than a
		s pursuant to G.S. 58-10-405 shall file such statements w	
	the end of their fis	-	<u>,</u>
		e insurance companies with less than one million two	hundred thousand
		00) in written premium may make a written request for e	
		irement. Such request must be made at least 90 days	
		y's fiscal year-end or as otherwise required by the Com	
	-	I on a case-by-case basis and may be subject to the Com	-
		the captive insurance company's parent company in lieu	
	of the captive insu		
	-	nual audit report shall be considered part of the captive in	nsurance company's
		inancial condition except with respect to the date by wh	
	-	ioner. The annual audit shall consist of the following:	
	(1)	Opinion of independent certified public accountant. – F	Financial statements
	<u>_/</u>	furnished pursuant to this section shall be audited by in	
		public accountants in accordance with generally accepted	
		as determined by the American Institute of Certified Pu	
		statutory accounting principles in accordance with the	
		Practices and Procedures Manual in effect for the per-	-
		report. The opinion of the independent certified publ	-
		cover all years presented. The opinion shall be address	
		insurance company on stationery of the accountant show	
		issuance and shall be signed and dated.	the address of
	<u>(2)</u>	Report of evaluation of internal controls. – This repo	rt shall include an
	<u>_/</u>	evaluation of the internal controls of the captive insurance	
		to the methods and procedures used in the securing	
		reliability of the financial records, including, but not limit	
		as the system of authorization and approval and the separ	
		review shall be conducted in accordance with generally	
		standards or statutory accounting principles and the re-	
		Commissioner. An exemption from this evaluation ma	-
		case–by-case basis upon written request to the Commission	
	<u>(3)</u>	Accountant's letter of qualifications. – The accountant	
	<u>(5)</u>	captive insurance company, for inclusion in the filing of	
		report, a letter stating:	and undertoo unitout
		<u>a.</u> That the accountant is independent with resp	ect to the captive
		insurance company and conforms to the standard	
		as contained in the Code of Professional Ethics,	
		the American Institute of Certified Public	
		pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Stan	
		pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Stan	auto Doute.

	General Assem	bly Of	North (Carolina	Session 2013
1		<u>b.</u>	The g	general background and experience of	the staff engaged in the
2			audit.	, including the experience in auditing c	aptives or other insurance
3			comp	panies.	-
4		<u>c.</u>	That	the accountant understands that the a	udited annual report and
5			the a	ccountant's opinions thereon will be	filed in compliance with
6			this s	ection with the Commissioner.	
7		<u>d.</u>	That	the accountant consents to	the requirements of
8			G.S. :	58-10-422(b) and (c) and that the	accountant consents and
9			agree	es to make available for review by	the Commissioner, the
0			Com	missioner's appointed agent, or other of	lesignee the work papers
1			-	fined in G.S. 58-10-422(c).	
2		<u>e.</u>	That	the accountant is properly licensed	by an appropriate state
3			-	sing authority and that he or she is a r	• • • •
1			-	e American Institute of Certified Public	
5	<u>(4)</u>	Finar		tements. – Statements required shall be	
5	<u></u>	<u>a.</u>		nce sheets reporting assets, liabilities, c	
7		<u>b.</u>		ments of operations.	- <u>+</u>
3		<u>c.</u>		ments of cash flow.	
)		<u>d.</u>		ments of changes in capital and surplus	
0		<u>e.</u>		s to financial statements. The notes to	
1				ose required by generally accepted acc	
2				red by any other comprehensive basis	
3			-	aptive insurance company and approv	
1				hall include:	
5			<u>1.</u>	A reconciliation of differences, if a	any, between the audited
5				financial report and the report of its	
7					n accordance with
3				G.S. 58-10-405(b).	
)			<u>2.</u>	A summary of ownership and rel	ationship of the captive
)				insurance company and all aff	
				companies insured by the captive ins	surance company.
2			<u>3.</u>	A narrative explanation of all m	naterial transactions and
				balances with the captive insurance of	
Ļ	<u>(5)</u>	Certi	fication	of loss reserves and loss expense rese	erves. – The annual audit
5		shall	be filed	d with a Statement of Actuarial Opinio	on evaluating the captive
5		insur	ance co	mpany's loss reserves and loss expense	e reserves. The individual
7		who	prepare	s the Statement of Actuarial Opinion	shall be a Fellow of the
8		Casu	alty Ac	tuarial Society, a member in good st	tanding of the American
)		Acad	emy of	Actuaries, or an individual who has o	lemonstrated competence
)		in los	s reserv	ve evaluation to the Commissioner. Cer	tification shall be in such
1		form	as the C	Commissioner deems appropriate.	
2	" <u>§ 58-10-422.</u> II	ndepen	dent ce	rtified public accountants.	
3	<u>(a)</u> <u>A ca</u>	otive in	surance	company, after becoming subject to	this Part, shall within 60
4	days report to th	e Com	mission	er in writing, the name and address of	the independent certified
5	public accountant	t retain	ed to co	onduct the annual audit set forth in G.S.	58-10-420.
5	<u>(b)</u> <u>A ca</u>	ptive	insuranc	ce company shall require its indep	pendent certified public
0	accountant to im	mediat	ely notif	fy in writing an officer and all members	s of the board of directors
7		nsuranc		pany of any determination by the inde	
7 8 9	of the captive in		e comp	• •	ependent certified public

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2013
1	public accountant shall furnish such notification to the Commissioner within five working days
2	of notifying the captive insurance company.
3	(c) A captive insurance company shall require its independent certified public
4	accountant to make available for review by the Commissioner or his or her appointed agent the
5	work papers prepared in the conduct of the audit of the captive insurance company. The captive
6	insurance company shall require that the independent certified public accountant retain the
7	audit work papers for a period of not less than five years after the period reported upon. The
8	aforementioned review by the Commissioner shall be considered an examination and all
9	working papers obtained during the course of such examination shall be confidential. The
10	captive insurance company shall require that the independent certified public accountant
11	provide copies, in such form as the Commissioner deems appropriate, of any of the working
12	papers which the Commissioner considers relevant. Such working papers may be retained by
13	the Commissioner. "Work papers" as referred to in this section include, but are not necessarily
14	limited to, schedules, analyses, reconciliations, abstracts, memoranda, narratives, flow charts,
15	copies of captive insurance company records, or other documents prepared or obtained by the
16	independent certified public accountant and the independent certified public accountant's
17	employees in the conduct of their audit of the captive insurance company.
18	(d) The lead audit partner may not act in that capacity for more than five consecutive
19	years. For purposes of this subsection, lead audit partner means the partner having primary
20	responsibility for the audit. The person shall be disqualified from acting in that or similar
21	capacity for the captive insurance company for a period of five consecutive years. A captive
22	insurance company may make application to the Commissioner for relief from the above
23 24	rotation requirement on the basis of unusual circumstances. This application should be made at least 30 days before the end of the calendar year. The Commissioner may consider the
24 25	following factors in determining if the relief should be granted:
25 26	(1) Number of partners, expertise of the partners, or the number of insurance
27	clients in the firm;
28	(2) Premium volume of the captive insurance company; or
29	(3) Number of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business.
30	"§ 58-10-425. Deposit requirement.
31	(a) Whenever the Commissioner deems that the financial condition of a captive
32	insurance company warrants additional security beyond that required pursuant to
33	G.S. 58-10-345(c)(6), the Commissioner may require a captive insurance company to deposit
34	with the Commissioner additional cash or securities approved by the Commissioner or,
35	alternatively, to furnish the Commissioner a clean irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank
36	chartered by the State or by a member bank of the Federal Reserve System and approved by the
37	<u>Commissioner.</u>
38 39	(b) <u>A captive insurance company may receive interest or dividends from deposits held</u> by the Commissioner or exchange the deposits for others of equal value with the approval of
40	the Commissioner.
41	(c) If a captive insurance company discontinues business, the Commissioner shall
42	return deposits held by the Commissioner only after being satisfied that all obligations of the
43	captive insurance company have been discharged.
44	"§ 58-10-430. Examinations.
45	(a) Whenever the Commissioner determines it to be prudent, the Commissioner shall
46	visit a captive insurance company and inspect and examine its affairs to ascertain its financial
47	condition, its ability to fulfill its obligations, and whether it has complied with this Part. The
48	expenses and charges of the examination shall be paid by the captive insurance company.
49	(b) <u>G.S. 58-2-160 shall apply to examinations conducted under this section.</u>
50	(c) <u>All examination reports, preliminary examination reports or results, working papers,</u>
51	recorded information, documents, and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to

General Assembly Of North Carolina

1		er or any other person in the course of an examination made under this section				
2	are confidential, are not subject to subpoena, and may not be made public by the Commissioner					
3	or an employee or agent of the Commissioner. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the					
4	Commissioner from using such information in furtherance of the Commissioner's regulatory					
5	authority under	this Chapter. The Commissioner shall have the discretion to grant access to				
6	such information	to public officials having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in any				
7	other state or cou	untry, or to law enforcement officers of this State, or any other state or agency				
8	of the federal go	vernment at any time, only if the officials receiving the information agree in				
9	writing to maint	ain the confidentiality of the information in a manner consistent with this				
10	subsection.					
11		icense suspension or revocation.				
12		icense of a captive insurance company may be suspended or revoked if the				
13		nds, upon examination, hearing, or other evidence, that a captive insurance				
14	company has co	permitted the violations described in subdivisions (1) through (7) of this				
15	subsection, or m	et the criteria in subdivisions (8) through (10) of this subsection, and that the				
16	suspension or re	vocation is in the best interest of the public and the policyholders of such				
17	captive insurance	e company, notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter:				
18	<u>(1)</u>	Insolvency or impairment of capital or surplus.				
19	<u>(2)</u>	Failure to meet the requirements of G.S. 58-10-370.				
20	<u>(3)</u>	Refusal or failure to submit an annual report, as required by this Part, or any				
21		other report or statement required by law or by lawful order of the				
22		Commissioner.				
23	<u>(4)</u>	Failure to comply with its own charter, bylaws, or other organizational				
24		document.				
25	<u>(5)</u>	Failure to submit to or pay the cost of an examination or any legal obligation				
26		relative to an examination, as required by this Part.				
27	<u>(6)</u>	Use of methods that, although not otherwise specifically prohibited by law,				
28		nevertheless render its operation detrimental or its condition unsound with				
29		respect to the public or to its policyholders.				
30	<u>(7)</u>	Failure otherwise to comply with the laws of this State.				
31	<u>(8)</u>	Failure to commence business according to its plan of operation within two				
32		years of being licensed.				
33	<u>(9)</u>	Failure to carry on insurance business in or from this State.				
34	<u>(10)</u>	By request of the captive insurance company.				
35	(b) Befor	e the Commissioner suspends or revokes the license of a captive insurance				
36	company under	subdivisions (a)(7) or (a)(8) of this section, the Commissioner shall give the				
37	captive insuranc	e company notice in writing of the grounds on which the Commissioner				
38	proposes to susp	end or revoke the license, and shall afford the captive insurance company an				
39	opportunity to m	ake objection in writing within the period of 30 days after receipt of notice.				
40	The Commission	her shall take into consideration any objection received by the Commissioner				
41	within that period	d and, if the Commissioner decides to suspend or revoke the license, cause the				
42	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	on or revocation to be served on the captive insurance company.				
43		vestment requirements.				
44		ot as may be otherwise authorized by the Commissioner, association captive				
45	_	nies and risk retention groups shall comply with the investment requirements				
46	contained in G.S. 58-7-167, 58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180,					
47	58-7-183, 58-7-185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 58-7-197, 58-7-200, and					
48		pplicable. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the				
49	Commissioner may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and rating.					
50		are captive insurance company, industrial insured captive insurance company,				
51	protected cell ca	aptive insurance company, incorporated cell captive insurance company, or				

General Assembly Of North Carolina

1	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be subject to any restrictions on
2	allowable investments, provided that the Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investment
3	that threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such company.
4	(c) No pure captive insurance company shall make a loan to or an investment in its
5	parent company or affiliates without prior written approval of the Commissioner, and any such
6	loan or investment shall be evidenced by documentation approved by the Commissioner. Loans
7	of minimum capital and surplus funds required by G.S. 58-10-370 are prohibited.
8	(d) Notwithstanding this section or G.S. 58-7-167, 58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173,
9	58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180, 58-7-183, 58-7-185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193,
10	58-7-197, 58-7-200, and 58-7-205, an association captive insurance company of an association
11	described in G.S. 58-10-340(4)(b) may hold any interest in qualified headquarters property, and
12	the qualified headquarters property shall be admitted assets and authorized investments of the
13	association captive insurance company. The net book value of the qualified headquarters
14	property deemed admitted and authorized under this subsection may not exceed two million
15	five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), and an association captive insurance company
16	holding qualified headquarters property pursuant to this subsection shall at all times maintain
17	total surplus, without regard to the qualified headquarters property, of at least the sum of (i)
18	fifty percent (50%) of the net book value of the qualified headquarters property and (ii) the
19	minimum capital and surplus requirements. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified
20	headquarters property" includes the real property and the building in which the principal office
21	of the association captive insurance company is located and also includes any improved and
22	unimproved real property of the association captive insurance company that is located within
23	1,500 feet of the company's principal office.
23	"§ 58-10-445. Reinsurance.
25	(a) Any captive insurance company may provide reinsurance as authorized by this
26	<u>Chapter on risks ceded by any other insurance company may provide remsurance as authorized by tims</u>
20 27	(b) Any captive insurance company may take credit for the reinsurance of risks or
28	portions of risks ceded to reinsurers complying with this Chapter. If the reinsurer is licensed as
28 29	a risk retention group, then the ceding risk retention group or its members must qualify for
30	membership with the reinsurer. The Commissioner shall have the discretion to allow a captive
31	insurance company to take credit for the reinsurance of risks or portions of risks ceded to an
32	unauthorized reinsurer, after review, on a case-by-case basis. The Commissioner may require
	any documents, financial information, or other evidence that such an unauthorized reinsurer
33	•
34 25	will be able to demonstrate adequate security for its financial obligations.
35	(c) In addition to reinsurers authorized by this Chapter, a captive insurance company
36	may take credit for the reinsurance of risks or portions of risks ceded to a pool, exchange, or
37	association to the extent authorized by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may require any
38	documents, financial information, or other evidence that such a pool, exchange, or association
39	will be able to provide adequate security for its financial obligations. The Commissioner may
40	deny authorization or impose any limitations on the activities of a reinsurance pool, exchange,
41	or association that in the Commissioner's judgment are necessary and proper to provide
42	adequate security for the ceding captive insurance company and for the protection and
43	consequent benefit of the public at large.
44	(d) Insurance by a captive insurance company of any workers' compensation or accident
45	and health-qualified self-insured plan shall only be in the form of reinsurance.
46	(e) No credit shall be allowed for reinsurance where the reinsurance contract does not
47	result in the complete transfer of the risk or liability to the reinsurer.
48	(f) No credit shall be allowed, as an asset or a deduction from liability, to any ceding
49	insurer for reinsurance unless the reinsurance is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of
50	the liability of the ceding insurer under the contract reinsured without diminution because of
51	the insolvency of the ceding insurer.

General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
(g) Reinsurance under this section shall be effected through a w	written agreement of
reinsurance setting forth the terms, provisions, and conditions governing st	
Commissioner may require that complete copies of all reinsurance treat	
iled and approved by the Commissioner.	
<u>§ 58-10-450.</u> Membership in rating organizations; exemption	from compulsory
associations.	
(a) No captive insurance company shall be required to join a rating	organization.
(b) No captive insurance company shall be permitted to join or con	tribute financially to
ny plan, pool, association, or guaranty or insolvency fund in this State	, nor shall any such
captive insurance company, or any insured or affiliate thereof, receive a	ny benefit from any
such plan, pool, association, or guaranty or insolvency fund for claim	s arising out of the
pperations of such captive insurance company.	
<u>§ 58-10-455. Taxation.</u>	
A captive insurance company is taxed in accordance with Article 8B o	f Chapter 105 of the
General Statutes.	
<u>'§ 58-10-460. Adoption and amendment of rules by Commissioner.</u>	
The Commissioner may adopt and, from time to time, amend such rule	• •
nsurance companies as are necessary to enable the Commissioner to carry	out the provisions of
<u>his Part.</u>	
<u>§ 58-10-465. Applicable provisions.</u>	
No provisions of this Chapter, other than those contained in this l	
provided in this Part, shall apply to captive insurance companies. Risk re	
ave the privileges and be subject to Article 22 of this Chapter in additi	on to the applicable
provisions of this Part.	
" <u>§ 58-10-470. Establishment of standards regarding risk management.</u>	
The Commissioner may adopt rules establishing standards to ensure	•
affiliated company, or an industrial insured or its affiliated company, is able the risk monogement function of any controlled unaffiliated business to	
of the risk management function of any controlled unaffiliated business to aptive insurance company or an industrial insured captive insurance con	• • •
provided, however, that until such time as rules under this section	
Commissioner may approve the coverage of such risks by a pure captive ir	
an industrial insured captive insurance company.	isurance company or
'§ 58-10-475. Supervision; rehabilitation; liquidation.	
Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the terms and conditions set	forth in Article 30 of
his Chapter shall apply in full to captive insurance companies formed on	
Part.	
<u>\$ 58-10-480. Authority for expenditure of public funds.</u>	
Any municipality, county, authority, utility district, or other put	olic body generally
classified as a governmental body or governmental entity whether charter	
ocal act or public act of the General Assembly, or otherwise, or any	
commission of any municipality, metropolitan government, county, author	
other public body generally classified as a governmental body or gover	
expend public funds for the purchase of capital stock in a captive insur	
provide guaranty capital in a mutual captive insurance company, provide	· · ·
authorization of expenditure of public funds adequate insurance markets	
are not available to cover the risks, hazards, and liabilities of the public bo	
coverage is only available at excessive rates or with unreasonable deductibl	
"§ 58-10-485. Violations and penalties.	
(a) If, after providing the opportunity for a contested case hearing	g held in accordance
with the provisions of Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statute	
	1 .1 . 1 .

General Asso	nbly Of North Carolina Session 20	013
transact the b	siness of insurance under this Part has violated any provision of this Part or a	any
rule or regula	on authorized by this Part, the Commissioner may order:	•
(1	The insurer, person, or entity to cease and desist from engaging in the act	t or
	practice giving rise to the violation.	
<u>(2</u>	Payment of a monetary penalty pursuant to G.S. 58-2-70.	
(3	The suspension or revocation of the insurer's, person's, or entity's license.	
(b) \overline{W}	enever the Commissioner has evidence that any person has violated or	is :
	provisions of this Part, or has violated or is violating any order or requirement	
	oner issued by the Commissioner under this Part, and that the interests	
	creditors, or the public may be irreparably harmed by delay, the Commissio	
may issue an	mergency cease and desist order that shall become effective on the date specif	ïed
•	he emergency cease and desist order shall also include a notice of hearing, wh	
	ucted as provided under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statu	
	person ordered to cease and desist under this subsection may request and shall	
	edited review of the order. The emergency order shall remain in effect prior	
-	proceedings, unless modified by the Commissioner.	
"§ 58-10-495	Captive insurance companies reinsuring life insurance policies.	
	aptive insurance company that reinsures life insurance policies, including ter	rm,
universal, and	variable life policies, and related guarantees and riders, shall maintain reser	ves
that are actu	rially sufficient to support the liabilities incurred by the captive insuration	nce
company in re	nsuring life insurance policies.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>Fo</u>	purposes of the annual report required pursuant to G.S. 58-10-405, a capt	ive
insurance cor	pany described by subsection (a) of this section shall comply with the follow	ing
requirements:		
<u>(1</u>	If the company uses statutory accounting principles, it shall submit	the
	annual report in the form of the annual statement approved by the NAIC	for
	life insurers, as modified or supplemented by the Commissioner, unless	the
	Commissioner requires or approves a different form of annual report.	
<u>(2</u>	If the company uses generally accepted accounting principles, including a	any
		the
	Commissioner, it shall submit the annual report in a form approved by	the
	Commissioner.	
	"Subpart 2. Protected Cell Captive Insurance Companies.	
	Forming a protected cell captive insurance company.	
	e or more sponsors may form a protected cell captive insurance company un	der
this Subpart.		
	rotected cell captive insurance company shall be incorporated as a stock insu	
	divided into shares and held by the stockholders, as a mutual corporation, a	
	oration with one or more members, or as a manager-managed limited liabi	lity
company.		
" <u>§ 58-10-50</u>		ive
	urance companies.	
	to the information required by G.S. 58-10-345(c), each applicant protected of	cell
-	ce company shall file with the Commissioner all of the following:	
<u>(1</u>	Materials demonstrating how the applicant will account for the loss a	
	expense experience of each protected cell at a level of detail found to	
	sufficient by the Commissioner, and how it will report such experience	<u>to :</u>
~	the Commissioner.	•
<u>(2</u>	A statement acknowledging that all records of the applicant, includ	
	records pertaining to any protected cells, shall be made available	ror

General Assem	ably Of North Carolina Session 2013
	inspection or examination by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's
	designated agent.
<u>(3)</u>	All contracts or sample contracts between the applicant and any participants.
(4)	Evidence that expenses shall be allocated to each protected cell in a fair and
	equitable manner.
" <u>§ 58-10-510. 1</u>	Establishment of protected cells.
<u>(a)</u> <u>A pr</u>	otected cell captive insurance company formed or licensed under this Part may
establish and m	naintain one or more incorporated or unincorporated protected cells, to insure
risks of one or r	nore participants, subject to the following conditions:
<u>(1)</u>	A protected cell captive insurance company may establish one or more
	protected cells if the Commissioner has approved in writing a plan of
	operation or amendments to a plan of operation submitted by the protected
	cell captive insurance company with respect to each protected cell. A plan of
	operation shall include, but is not limited to, the specific business objectives
	and investment guidelines of the protected cell, provided that the
	Commissioner may require additional information in the plan of operation.
<u>(2)</u>	Upon the Commissioner's written approval of the plan of operation, the
	protected cell captive insurance company may attribute insurance obligations
	with respect to its insurance business to the protected cell in accordance with
	the approved plan of operation.
<u>(3)</u>	A protected cell shall have its own distinct name or designation that shall
	include the words "protected cell" or "incorporated cell."
<u>(4)</u>	The protected cell captive insurance company shall transfer all assets
	attributable to a protected cell to one or more separately established and
	identified protected cell accounts bearing the name or designation of that
	protected cell. Protected cell assets must be held in the protected cell
	accounts for the purpose of satisfying the obligations of that protected cell.
<u>(5)</u>	An incorporated protected cell may be organized and operated in any form
	of business organization authorized by the Commissioner. Each incorporated
	protected cell of a protected cell captive insurer shall be treated as a captive
	insurer for purposes of this Part. Unless otherwise permitted by the
	organizational documents of a protected cell captive insurer, each
	incorporated protected cell of the protected cell captive insurer must have
	the same directors, secretary, and registered office as the protected cell
	captive insurer.
<u>(6)</u>	All attributions of assets and liabilities between a protected cell and the
	general account shall be in accordance with the plan of operation and
	participant contracts approved by the Commissioner. No other attribution of
	assets or liabilities shall be made by a protected cell captive insurance
	company between the protected cell captive insurance company's general
	account and its protected cells. Any attribution of assets and liabilities
	between the general account and a protected cell shall be in cash or in
	readily marketable securities with established market values.
	creation of a protected cell does not create, with respect to that protected cell, a
	parate from the protected cell captive insurance company, unless the protected
	porated cell. Amounts attributed to a protected cell under this Part, including
	ed to a protected cell account, are owned by the protected cell. No protected cell
-	ce company shall be, or hold itself out to be, a trustee with respect to those
-	assets of that protected cell account. Notwithstanding this subsection, the
protected cell ca	aptive insurance company may allow for a security interest to attach to protected

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 1 cell assets or a protected cell account when the security interest is in favor of a creditor of the 2 protected cell and otherwise allowed under applicable law. 3 This Part shall not be construed to prohibit the protected cell captive insurance (c) 4 company from contracting with or arranging for an investment advisor, commodity trading 5 advisor, or other third party to manage the protected cell assets of a protected cell, if all remuneration, expenses, and other compensation of the third-party advisor or manager are 6 7 payable from the protected cell assets of that protected cell and not from the protected cell 8 assets of other protected cells or the assets of the protected cell captive insurance company's 9 general account. 10 A protected cell captive insurance company shall establish administrative and (d) 11 accounting procedures necessary to properly identify (i) the one or more protected cells of the protected cell captive insurance company and (ii) the assets and liabilities attributable to each 12 13 protected cell. The directors of a protected cell captive insurance company shall keep protected 14 cell assets and liabilities: 15 (1) Separate and separately identifiable from the assets and liabilities of the 16 protected cell captive insurance company's general account. 17 Attributable to one protected cell separate and separately identifiable from (2) 18 protected cell assets and protected cell liabilities attributable to other 19 protected cells. 20 If this subsection is violated, then the remedy of tracing is applicable to protected cell assets 21 when commingled with protected cell assets of other protected cells or the assets of the 22 protected cell captive insurance company's general account. The remedy of tracing shall not be 23 construed as an exclusive remedy. When establishing a protected <u>cell</u>, the protected <u>cell</u> captive insurance company 24 (e) 25 shall attribute to the protected cell assets a value at least equal to the reserves and other 26 insurance liabilities attributed to that protected cell. 27 (f)Each protected cell shall be accounted for separately on the books and records of the 28 protected cell captive insurance company to reflect (i) the financial condition and results of 29 operations of such protected cell, (ii) net income or loss, (iii) dividends or other distributions to 30 participants, and (iv) such other factors as may be provided in the participant contract or 31 required by the Commissioner. 32 No asset of a protected cell shall be chargeable with liabilities arising out of any (g) 33 other insurance business the protected cell captive insurance company may conduct. 34 No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets shall be made by such protected cell (h) 35 captive insurance company between or among any of its protected cells without the consent of 36 such protected cells. 37 No sale, exchange, transfer of assets, dividend, or distribution shall be made from a (i) 38 protected cell to a protected cell captive insurance company or participant without the 39 Commissioner's approval. In no event shall the Commissioner's approval be given if the sale, 40 exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result in the insolvency or impairment of a 41 protected cell. 42 All attributions of assets and liabilities to the protected cells and the general account (j) shall be in accordance with the plan of operation approved by the Commissioner. No other 43 attribution of assets or liabilities shall be made by a protected cell captive insurance company 44 45 between its general account and any protected cell, or between any protected cells. The protected cell captive insurance company shall attribute all insurance obligations, assets, and 46 47 liabilities relating to a reinsurance contract entered into with respect to a protected cell to such 48 protected cell. The performance under such reinsurance contract and any tax benefits, losses, 49 refunds, or credits allocated pursuant to a tax allocation agreement to which the protected cell 50 captive insurance company is a party, including any payments made by or due to be made to 51 the protected cell captive insurance company pursuant to the terms of such agreement, shall

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013
1	reflect the insurance obligations, assets, and liabilities relating to the reinsurance contract that
2	are attributed to such protected cell.
3	(k) In connection with the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a protected cell
4	captive insurance company, the assets and liabilities of a protected cell shall, to the extent the
5	Commissioner determines they are separable, at all times be kept separate from and shall not be
6	commingled with those of other protected cells and the protected cell captive insurance
7	company.
8	(1) Each protected cell captive insurance company shall annually file with the
9	Commissioner such financial reports as required by the Commissioner. Any such financial
10	report shall include without limitation accounting statements detailing the financial experience
11	of each protected cell.
12	(m) Each protected cell captive insurance company shall notify the Commissioner in
13	writing within 10 business days of any protected cell that is insolvent or otherwise unable to
14	meet its claim or expense obligations.
15	(n) No participant contract shall take effect without the Commissioner's prior written
16	approval. The addition of each new protected cell, the withdrawal of any participant, or the
17	termination of any existing protected cell shall constitute a change in the plan of operation
18	requiring the Commissioner's prior written approval.
19	(o) The business written by a protected cell captive insurance company, with respect to
20	each protected cell, must be secured by one of the following methods:
21	(1) Fronted by an insurance company licensed under the laws of any state.
22	(2) Reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved by this State.
23	(3) Secured by a trust fund in the United States for the benefit of policyholders
24	and claimants, funded by an irrevocable letter of credit, or other arrangement
25	that is acceptable to the Commissioner. The amount of security provided
26	shall be no less than the reserves associated with those liabilities which are
27	neither fronted nor reinsured, including reserves for losses, allocated loss
28	adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported losses, and unearned
29	premiums for business written through the participant's protected cell. The
30	Commissioner may require the protected cell captive insurance company to
31	increase the funding of any security arrangement established under this
32	subdivision. If the form of security is a letter of credit, the letter of credit
33	shall be issued or confirmed by a bank approved by the Commissioner. A
34	trust maintained pursuant to this subdivision shall be established in a form
35	and upon such terms approved by the Commissioner.
36	(p) Notwithstanding this Chapter or other laws of this State, and in addition to
37	G.S. 58-10-525, in the event of an insolvency of a protected cell captive insurance company
38	where the Commissioner determines that one or more protected cells remain solvent, the
39	Commissioner may separate such cells from the protected cell captive insurance company and
40	may allow, on application of the protected cell captive insurance company, for the conversion
41	of such protected cells into one or more new or existing protected cell captive insurance
42	companies, or one or more other captive insurance companies, pursuant to such plan of
43	operation as the Commissioner deems acceptable.
44	" <u>§ 58-10-515. Participation in a protected cell captive insurance company.</u>
45	(a) Associations, corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, trusts, and
46	other business entities may be participants in any protected cell captive insurance company
47	formed or licensed under this Part.
48	(b) <u>A sponsor may be a participant in a protected cell captive insurance company.</u>
49 50	(c) <u>A participant need not be a shareholder of the protected cell captive insurance</u>
50	company or any affiliate thereof.

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 201.					
1	(d) A participant shall insure only its own risks through a protected cell captive					
2	insurance company.					
3	"§ 58-10-520. Combining assets of protected cells.					
4	Notwithstanding G.S. 58-10-510, the assets of two or more protected cells may be					
5	combined for purposes of investment and such combination shall not be construed as defeating					
6	the segregation of such assets for accounting or other purposes. Protected cell captive insurance					
7	companies shall comply with the investment requirements contained in G.S. 58-7-167					
8	58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180, 58-7-183, 58-7-185, 58-7-187					
9	58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 58-7-197, 58-7-200, and 58-7-205, as applicable; provided that					
10	compliance with such investment requirements shall be waived for protected cell captive					
11	insurance companies to the extent that credit for reinsurance ceded to reinsurers is allowed					
12	pursuant to G.S. 58-10-445 or to the extent otherwise deemed reasonable and appropriate by					
13	the Commissioner. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the Commissioner					
14	may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and rating.					
15	"§ 58-10-525. Application of supervision, rehabilitation, and liquidation provisions to					
16	protected cell captive insurance companies.					
17	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Part, Article 30 of this Chapter shall apply to a					
18	protected cell captive insurance company.					
19	(b) Upon any order of supervision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a protected cel					
20	captive insurance company, the Commissioner or receiver shall manage the assets and					
21	liabilities of the protected cell captive insurance company pursuant to this Part.					
22	(c) <u>Notwithstanding Article 30 of this Chapter:</u>					
23	(1) No assets of a protected cell shall be used to pay any expenses or claims					
24 25	<u>other than those attributable to such protected cell.</u>					
23 26	(2) <u>A protected cell captive insurance company's capital and surplus shall at al</u> times be available to pay any expenses of, or claims against, the protected					
20 27	cell captive insurance company.					
28	"Subpart 3. Branch Captive Insurance Companies.					
20 29	"§ 58-10-530. Establishment of branch captive insurance companies.					
30	(a) A branch captive insurance company may be established in this State, in accordance					
31	with this Subpart, to write in this State any insurance or reinsurance of the employee benefi					
32	business of its parent and affiliated companies that is subject to the Employee Retiremen					
33	Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or any insurance or reinsurance permitted to be					
34	written by captive insurance companies pursuant to this Part.					
35	(b) No branch captive insurance company shall do any insurance business in this State					
36	unless it maintains the principal place of business for its branch operations in this State.					
37	"§ 58-10-535. Security for payment of branch captive insurance company liabilities.					
38	(a) No branch captive insurance company shall be issued a license by the					
39	Commissioner unless it possesses and maintains as security for the payment of liabilitie					
40	attributable to the branch operations:					
41	(1) An amount equal to the amount set forth in G.S. 58-10-370 as the minimum					
42	capital requirement for a pure captive insurance company.					
43	(2) <u>Reserves on such insurance policies or such reinsurance contracts as may be</u>					
44	issued or assumed by the branch captive insurance company through it					
45	branch operations, including reserves for losses, allocated loss adjustmen					
46	expenses, incurred but not reported losses, and unearned premiums with					
47	regard to business written through the branch operations; provided, however					
48	that the Commissioner may permit a branch captive insurance company to					
49 50	credit against any such reserve requirement any security for loss reserve					
50	that the branch captive insurance company may post with a ceding insurer o					

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013
1	that may be posted by a reinsurer with the branch captive insurance
2	company, and in either case if such security remains posted.
3	(b) Subject to the prior approval of the Commissioner, the amounts required in
4	subsection (a) of this section may be held in the form of:
5	(1) A trust formed under a trust agreement and funded by assets acceptable to
6	the Commissioner.
7	(2) An irrevocable letter of credit issued or confirmed by a bank approved by
8	the Commissioner.
9	(3) With respect to the amounts required in subdivision (a)(1) of this section
10	only, cash on deposit with the Commissioner.
11	(4) Any combination of subdivisions (b)(1) through (3) of this section.
12	"§ 58-10-540. Petition for certificate of authority.
13	In the case of an alien captive insurance company seeking to become licensed as a branch
14	captive insurance company, the alien captive insurance company shall petition the
15	Commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth the Commissioner's finding that, after
16	considering the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
17	business qualifications of the officers and directors of the alien captive insurance company, the
18	licensing and maintenance of the branch operations will promote the general good of the State.
19	After the Commissioner issues a certificate of authorization, the alien captive insurance
20	company shall comply with all other applicable State statutes or common law.
21	"§ 58-10-545. Filing of reports and statements.
22	Prior to March 1 of each year, or with the approval of the Commissioner within 60 days
23	after its fiscal year-end, a branch captive insurance company shall file with the Commissioner a
24	copy of all reports and statements required to be filed under the laws of the jurisdiction in
25	which the alien captive insurance company is formed, verified by oath of two of its executive
26	officers. If the Commissioner is satisfied that the annual report filed by the alien captive
27	insurance company in its domiciliary jurisdiction provides adequate information concerning the
28	financial condition of the alien captive insurance company, the Commissioner may waive the
29	requirement for completion of the captive annual statement for business written in the alien
30	jurisdiction.
31	"§ 58-10-550. Examination of a branch captive insurance company.
32	(a) Any examination of a branch captive insurance company pursuant to
33	G.S. 58-10-430 shall be of branch business and branch operations only so long as the branch
34	captive insurance company files annually with the Commissioner a certificate of compliance, or
35	its equivalent, issued by or filed with the licensing authority of the jurisdiction in which the
36	branch captive insurance company is formed, and demonstrates to the Commissioner's
37	satisfaction that it is operating in sound financial condition in accordance with all applicable
38	laws and regulations of such jurisdiction.
39	(b) As a condition of licensure, an alien captive insurance company shall grant authority
40	to the Commissioner for examination of the affairs of the alien captive insurance company in
41	the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed.
42	"Subpart 4. Special Purpose Financial Captives.
43	"§ 58-10-555. Creation of special purpose financial captives.
44	Special purpose financial captives (SPFCs) are provided by this Subpart exclusively to
45	facilitate the securitization of one or more risks as a means of accessing alternative sources of
46	capital and achieving the benefits of securitization. SPFCs are created for the limited purpose
47	of entering into SPFC contracts and insurance securitization transactions and into related
48	agreements to facilitate the accomplishment and execution of those transactions. The creation
49	of SPFCs is intended to achieve greater efficiencies in structuring and executing insurance
50	securitizations, to diversify and broaden sources of capital for insurers, to facilitate access for
51	many insurers to insurance securitization and capital markets financing technology, and to

	General A	Assemb	oly Of I	North Carolina	Session 2013	
1	further th	e econ	omic d	evelopment and expand the interest of this	s State through its captive	
2	insurance program.					
3	"§ 58-10-560. Controlling provisions when conflict exists; exemptions.					
4	(a) No provisions of this Chapter, other than those expressly provided in this Part, shall					
5	<u>~~</u>			y conflict occurs in this Part related to an S		
6	<u>Subpart sl</u>			y connect occurs in this I art related to an S	TTC, the provisions of this	
7	(b)			ssioner, by rule, regulation, or order, ma	v event an SPEC or its	
8				case-by-case basis, from this Part if the	-	
o 9	2					
				t to be inappropriate given the nature of the	risks to be insured.	
10				<u>ion requirements.</u>	umanta may apply to the	
11	(<u>a)</u> Commissi			when permitted by its organizational docu	• • • •	
12				rtificate of authority to transact insurance	•	
13		-		An SPFC shall only insure or reinsure th	· · ·	
14		-		her provision of this Part, an SPFC may put	•	
15				the SPFC contract as approved by the Comr	nissioner.	
16	<u>(b)</u>			usiness in this State, an SPFC shall:	0.10.245()	
17		(1)	-	bly with the procedures established in G.S. 5		
18		<u>(2)</u>		n from the Commissioner a certificate of	• • •	
19		$\langle 0 \rangle$		ict insurance or reinsurance business, or both		
20		(3)		at least one management meeting each y		
21				ses of this section, management is defined		
22				ging board, or other individual or indivi	•	
23			-	nsibility for the management of the affairs		
24				on and appointment of officers or other of the	nose agents to act on behalf	
25		(4)		<u>SPFC.</u>		
26		<u>(4)</u>		tain its principal place of business in this Sta		
27		<u>(5)</u>		int a resident registered agent to accept	-	
28				wise act on its behalf in this State. If		
29				nable diligence, is not found at the register		
30				nissioner shall be an agent of the SPFC	upon whom any process,	
31				e, or demand may be served.		
32		<u>(6)</u>		de such documentation of the insurance sed		
33				ommissioner immediately upon closing of th		
34			<u>a.</u>	An opinion of a duly licensed North C		
35				respect to compliance with this Part and a	ny other applicable laws as	
36				of the effective date of the transaction.		
37			<u>b.</u>	A statement under oath of its president a	nd secretary demonstrating	
38				its financial condition.		
39		<u>(7)</u>		de a complete set of the documentation of		
40				Commissioner immediately following closi		
41	<u>(c)</u>	-	-	SPFC application shall include the following		
42		(1)		tified copy of the SPFC's organizational doc	<u>uments.</u>	
43		<u>(2)</u>		ence of:		
44			<u>a.</u>	The amount and liquidity of its assets	relative to the risks to be	
45				assumed.		
46			<u>b.</u>	The adequacy of the expertise, experie	nce, and character of the	
47				person or persons who manage the SPFC.		
48			<u>c.</u>	The overall soundness of the SPFC's plan	•	
49 50			<u>d.</u>	Other factors considered relevant by		
50				ascertaining whether the proposed SPFC	is able to meet its policy	
51				obligations.		

	General Assemb	oly Of	North Carolina	Session 2013
1		<u>e.</u>	The applicant SPFC's financial cond	ition, including the source and
2			form of the minimum capital to be cor	ntributed to the SPFC.
3	<u>(3)</u>	<u>A pla</u>	an of operation consisting of a description	n of or statement of intent with
1		respe	ect to the contemplated insurance securit	ization, the SPFC contract, and
5		relate	ed transactions, which shall include:	
5		<u>a.</u>	Draft documentation or, at the discu	retion of the Commissioner, a
			written summary of all material agre	
			effectuate the SPFC contract and, before	
			contract, the insurance securitization	
			counterparty, the nature of the risks be	
			of protected cells, if any, and the ma	
			nature and the interrelationships of th	
			to effectuate the insurance securitization	-
		<u>b.</u>	The source and form of additional c	
			SPFC.	··· g
		C.	The proposed investment strategy of the	he SPFC.
		<u>c.</u> <u>d.</u>	A description of the underwriting, 1	
		<u>u.</u>	methods by which losses covered by	
			accounted for, and settled.	
		<u>e.</u>	A pro forma balance sheet and incom	e statement illustrating various
		<u></u>	stress case scenarios for the perform	
			SPFC contract.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Biog	raphical affidavits in NAIC format of	all of the prospective SPEC's
	<u>1.17</u>		ers and directors, providing the officers'	-
			es under which they have or are conduct	• •
			aphical information as the Commissione	
	<u>(5)</u>	-	ffidavit from the applicant SPFC verifyir	• •
	<u>197</u>	<u>a.</u>	The applicant SPFC complies with thi	-
		<u>b.</u>	The applicant SPFC operates only pur	
		<u>c.</u>	The applicant SPFC's investment st	
		<u>.</u>	account the liquidity of assets and	
			administration, and asset managemen	
			risks associated with the SPFC	
			securitization transaction.	contract and the institute
		<u>d.</u>	The securities proposed to be iss	ued if any are valid legal
		<u>u.</u>	obligations that are either properly reg	
			or constitute an exempt security	
			transaction.	or torin part of an exempt
	(6)	Any	other statements or documents requi	rad by the Commissioner to
	<u>(0)</u>		ate and complete the licensing of the SP.	•
	(d) In ad		to the information required by subsect	
		when	a protected cell is used, an applica	un SPFC shan me whith the
	Commissioner:	A 1	sin and along domentations have the small	ant SDEC assesses for the loss
	<u>(1)</u>		siness plan demonstrating how the applic	
			expense experience of each protected cell	
			cient by the Commissioner and how	the applicant will report the
	(0)	-	rience to the Commissioner.	of the SDEC including and
	<u>(2)</u>		atement acknowledging that all records of	
		1	ining to any protected cells, must be m	ade available for inspection or
		exan	nination by the Commissioner.	

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1	(3)	All contracts or sample contracts between the SPFC a	and any counterparty
2		related to each protected cell.	
3	<u>(4)</u>	A description of the expenses allocated to each protected	<u>d cell.</u>
4	(e) Inform	mation submitted pursuant to this section shall be and rem	nain confidential, and
5	shall not be m	ade public by the Commissioner or the Commission	er's designee unless
6	disclosure is ord	ered by a court of competent jurisdiction. In addition, the	e Commissioner shall
7	have the discreti	on to disclose such information to a public official having	gjurisdiction over the
8	regulation of inst	urance in another state, provided that:	
9	<u>(1)</u>	Such public official shall agree in writing to maintain	the confidentiality of
10		such information.	
11	<u>(2)</u>	The laws of the state in which such public official	serves require such
12		information to be and to remain confidential.	
13		58-10-430 applies to SPFCs.	
14		es are subject to any rules or regulations promu	ilgated pursuant to
15	<u>G.S. 58-10-460.</u>		
16		Commissioner may retain legal, financial, and examin	
17	•	artment to examine and investigate the application, the c	•
18		the applicant. The Commissioner also may use internal	
19	-	the application based upon an hourly rate for the service	÷
20		hary fee charged by the financial services industry for sim	-
21		twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000), six thousand dollars	(\$6,000) of which is
22		ing of the application and the remainder upon licensure.	
23		SPFC shall be subject to payment of premium tax	xes as required by
24 25	<u>G.S. 58-10-455.</u>		ani-in a the CDEC to
25 26		Commissioner shall grant a certificate of authority auth	
26 27	<u>Commissioner th</u>	ce or reinsurance business as an SPFC in this State, up	bon a midning by the
28	<u>(1)</u>	<u>The SPFC's proposed plan of operation provides a reas</u>	sonable and expected
28 29	<u>(1)</u>	successful operation.	soliable and expected
30	(2)	The terms of the SPFC contract and related transaction	ons comply with this
31	<u>(2)</u>	Part.	<u>ms compry with tins</u>
32	<u>(3)</u>	The proposed plan of operation is not hazardous to any of	counterparty.
33	$\frac{(4)}{(4)}$	To the extent required by law or regulation, the (
34	<u></u>	equivalent regulatory authority of the state of domicile	
35		has notified the Commissioner in writing or otherwise	1 .
36		satisfactory to the Commissioner that it has approved or	r not disapproved the
37		transaction.	<u> </u>
38	<u>(5)</u>	The certificate of authority authorizing the SPFC to	transact business is
39		limited only to the insurance or reinsurance activitie	es that the SPFC is
40		authorized to conduct pursuant to this Part.	
41	<u>(k)</u> <u>In ev</u>	aluating the expectation of a successful operation, facto	rs the Commissioner
42		nclude whether the proposed SPFC and its management	-
43		asonably believed not to be affiliated, directly or indirectly	
44		ment, reinsurance transactions, or other insurance or busi	
45		o have been involved in the improper manipulation of	assets, accounts, or
46	reinsurance.		
47		nsure the proposed plan of operation is not hazardous to a	
48		nay require reasonable safeguards in the SPFC's plan	÷
49 50		ppropriate in the circumstance, including, without limitation	
50		held in a trust to secure the obligations of the SPFC to a c	counterparty under an
51	SPFC contract.		

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 A foreign or alien corporation or limited liability company, upon approval of the 1 (m) 2 Commissioner, may become a domestic SPFC after complying with G.S. 58-10-345(c)(1). 3 After such documents are successfully filed, the foreign or alien corporation or limited liability 4 company is entitled to the necessary or appropriate certificates or licenses to transact business as an SPFC in this State and is subject to the authority and jurisdiction of this State. In 5 6 connection with this redomestication, the Commissioner may waive any requirements for 7 public hearings. It is not necessary for a corporation or limited liability company 8 redomesticating into this State to merge, consolidate, transfer assets, or otherwise engage in 9 another reorganization, other than as specified in this section. "§ 58-10-570. Organization of an SPFC. 10 11 An SPFC may be established as a stock corporation, limited liability company, (a) 12 mutual, partnership, or other form of organization approved by the Commissioner. 13 The SPFC's organizational documents shall limit the SPFC's authority to transact the (b) 14 business of insurance or reinsurance to those activities the SPFC conducts to accomplish its 15 purpose as expressed in this Part. 16 The SPFC shall not adopt a name that is the same as, deceptively similar to, or (c) 17 likely to be confused with or mistaken for another existing business name registered in this 18 State. Any name adopted by an SPFC shall comply with State law. An SPFC shall have at least three incorporators or organizers, of whom at least two 19 (d) 20 shall be residents of this State. 21 At least one of the members of the management of the SPFC shall be a resident of (e) 22 this State. 23 An SPFC formed pursuant to this Part has the privileges of and is subject to all other (f) 24 requirements of this State's law applicable to its formation, as well as the applicable provisions 25 contained in this Part, provided that this Part controls if a conflict exists in this State's law. 26 "§ 58-10-575. Minimum capital. 27 An SPFC shall initially possess and maintain minimum capital of not less than two (a) hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). All of the minimum initial capitalization shall 28 29 be in cash. All other funds of the SPFC in excess of its minimum initial capitalization shall be 30 in the form of cash, cash equivalent, or securities invested as approved by the Commissioner. 31 Additional capitalization for the SPFC shall be determined, if so required, by the (b) Commissioner after giving due consideration to the SPFC's plan of operation, feasibility study, 32 33 pro formas, and the nature of the risks being insured or reinsured, which may be prescribed in 34 formulas approved by the Commissioner. 35 "§ 58-10-580. Authorized activities. 36 An SPFC shall only insure the risks of a counterparty. (a) 37 (b) No SPFC shall issue a contract for assumption of risk or indemnification of loss 38 other than an SPFC contract. However, the SPFC may cede risks assumed through an SPFC 39 contract to third-party reinsurers through the purchase of reinsurance or retrocession protection 40 on terms approved by the Commissioner. 41 An SPFC may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related (c) 42 or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of the SPFC contract, insurance 43 securitization, and this Part. Those activities may include, but are not limited to: 44 Entering into SPFC contracts. (1) 45 Issuing SPFC securities in accordance with applicable securities law. (2)Complying with the terms of such contracts or securities. 46 (3) 47 (4) Entering into trust, guaranteed investment contract, letter of credit, swap, 48 tax, administration, reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions. 49 Complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, or retrocession, and agreements (5) 50 necessary or incidental to effectuate an insurance securitization in

(General Ass	embly Of North Carolina Sess	ion 2013
		compliance with this Part or the plan of operation approved	by the
		Commissioner.	
	<u>(d)</u> <u>A</u>	n SPFC shall do all of the following:	
	<u>(1</u>	<u>Discount its reserves at discount rates as approved by the Commission</u>	oner.
	(2	Maintain reserves that are actuarially sufficient to support the	iabilities
		incurred by an SPFC in reinsuring life insurance policies.	
	(3	File annually with the Commissioner an actuarial opinion on	reserves
		provided by an approved independent actuary.	
'	' <u>§ 58-10-585</u>	Establishment of protected cell accounts.	
	(a) T	is section and G.S. 58-10-590 provide a basis for the creation and	l use of
1	protected cel	s by an SPFC as a means of accessing alternative sources of capital,	lowering
f	formation an	d administrative expenses, and generally making insurance securitization	ons more
		conflict exists between other provisions of this Part and either this s	
		00, then this section or G.S. 58-10-515 shall control as applicable.	
-		SPFC may establish and maintain one or more protected cells with price	r written
2		ne Commissioner and subject to compliance with the applicable provision	
		f the following conditions:	
=	(1		suring or
	<u></u>	reinsuring risks of one or more SPFC contracts with a counterparty	-
		intent of facilitating an insurance securitization.	
	(2		ooks and
	<u>, -</u>	records of the SPFC to reflect the financial condition and re	
		operations of the protected cell, net income or loss, dividends,	
		distributions to the counterparty for the SPFC contract with each	
		other factors as may be provided in the SPFC contract, i	
		securitization transaction documents, plan of operation, or business	
		as required by the Commissioner.	<u></u>
	(3	· · ·	io assets
	<u>\-</u>	transferred to a protected cell account, are owned by the SPFC, and	-
		shall be or hold itself out to be a trustee with respect to those prote	
		assets of that protected cell account.	
	(4		and the
	<u> </u>	general account shall be in accordance with the plan of operation a	
		by the Commissioner, and no other attribution of assets or liabiliti	
		SPFC between the SPFC's general account and its protected cell o	
		permitted. The SPFC shall attribute all insurance obligations, as	
		liabilities relating to an SPFC contract and the related i	
		securitization transaction, including any securities issued by the	
		part of the insurance securitization, to a particular protected of	
		insurance obligations, assets, and liabilities relating to the SPFC con	
		the insurance securitization transaction that are attributed to a p	
		protected cell shall be consistent with:	<u>Jai ticulai</u>
			oourition
		<u>a.</u> <u>The rights, benefits, obligations, and liabilities of any s</u> attributable to that protected cell.	<u>ecurries</u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rolated
		securitization transaction and any tax benefits, losses, ref	
		credits allocated, at any point in time pursuant to a tax a	
		agreement between the SPFC and the SPFC's counterparty, p	
		company or group company, or any of them, in common com	
		them, as the case may be, including any payments made by	
		be made to the SPFC pursuant to the terms of the agreement.	

	General Assem	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1	<u>(5)</u>	No assets of a protected cell shall be chargeable with liab	oilities arising out of
		an SPFC contract related to or associated with ano	ther protected cell.
		However, one or more SPFC contracts may be attribute	d to a protected cell
		only if the SPFC contracts are intended to be and ultim	mately are part of a
		single securitization transaction.	
	<u>(6)</u>	No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets shall be	made by the SPFC
		between or among any of the SPFC's protected cells wi	thout the consent of
		the Commissioner, counterparty, and each protected cell.	
	<u>(7)</u>	Except as otherwise contemplated in the SPFC contract	or related insurance
		securitization transaction documents, or both, no sale, e	-
		assets, dividend, or distribution shall be made from a	protected cell to a
		counterparty or parent without the Commissioner's app	proval and the sale,
		exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution shall not be	
		exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result	t in a protected cell's
		insolvency or impairment.	
	<u>(8)</u>	An SPFC may pay interest or repay principal, o	
		distributions or repayments with respect to any secur	
		particular protected cell from assets or cash flows rela	
		from the SPFC contract and the insurance securitization	
		attributable to that particular protected cell in accordance	e with this Part, or as
		otherwise approved by the Commissioner.	
		PFC contract with or attributable to a protected cell shall	
		er's prior written approval, and the addition of each	
		nge in the business plan requiring the Commissioner's pri	± ±
		ner may retain legal, financial, and examination service	
	-	xamine and investigate the application for a protected cel	
		against the applicant, or the Commissioner may use in	
	applicant, or both	vestigate the application, the cost of which may be c	charged against the
		<u>1.</u> SPFC utilizing protected cells shall possess and 1	maintain minimum
		parate and apart from the capitalization of its protected	
		by the Commissioner after giving due consideration of	
		study, and pro formas, including the nature of the risl	
		irposes of determining the capitalization of each protected	
	-	the and maintain capitalization in each protected cell in the	
		PFC in G.S. 58-10-575.	amount and manner
		establishment of one or more protected cells alone shall not	constitute and shall
		be a fraudulent conveyance, an intent by the SPFC to defi	
		usiness by the SPFC for any other fraudulent purpose.	und creditors, or the
		rotected cell accounts.	
		f the following shall apply to a protected cell:	
	(1)	The creation of a protected cell shall not create, with resp	pect to that protected
		cell, a legal person separate from the SPFC.	
	<u>(2)</u>	Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection, a	protected cell shall
		have its own distinct name or designation that includes t	-
		cell." The SPFC shall transfer all assets attributable to	
		one or more separately established and identified pro-	
		bearing the name or designation of that protected cell.	
	<u>(3)</u>	Although a protected cell is not a separate legal person	the property of an
	767	SPFC in a protected cell is subject to orders of the co	
		property would have been if the protected cell were a sep	
		r - r	a art ger personi

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1	(4) The property of an SPFC in a protected cell shall be service.	ved with process in
2	its own name in all civil actions or proceedings involvin	_
3	activities of that protected cell or a breach by the SPF	
4	protected cell or to a counterparty to a transaction linked	
5	serving the SPFC.	<u> </u>
6	(5) <u>A protected cell exists only at the pleasure of the SPFC.</u>	At the cessation of
7	business of a protected cell in accordance with the pla	
8	Commissioner, the SPFC shall close out the protected cell	** *
9	(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an SPFC fro	
10	or arranging for an investment advisor, commodity trading advisor, or o	
11	manage the assets of a protected cell, if all remuneration, expenses, and oth	
12	the third-party advisor or manager are payable from the assets of that pro-	-
13	from the assets of other protected cells or the assets of the SPFC's gene	
14	approved by the Commissioner.	
15	(c) Creditors with respect to a protected cell are not entitled to have	recourse against the
16	protected cell assets of other protected cells or the assets of the SPFC's get	-
17	obligation of an SPFC relates only to the general account, the obligation of	
18	only to that creditor with respect to that obligation, and the creditor is entitl	
19	only to the assets of the SPFC's general account.	
20	(d) The assets of the protected cell shall not be used to pay expen	ses or claims other
21	than those attributable to the protected cell. Protected cell assets are available	
22	contract counterparty and other creditors of the SPFC that are creditors only	
23	protected cell and, accordingly, are entitled in conformity with this Part, to h	nave recourse to the
24	protected cell assets attributable to that protected cell. The assets of the	protected cell are
25	protected from the creditors of the SPFC that are not creditors with respect to	o that protected cell
26	and who, accordingly, are not entitled to have recourse to the protected cel	l assets attributable
27	to that protected cell. If an obligation of an SPFC to a person or counterp	arty arises from an
28	SPFC contract or related insurance securitization transaction, or is other	wise incurred with
29	respect to a protected cell, then the obligation shall:	
30	(1) Extend only to the protected cell assets attributable to that	t protected cell, and
31	the person or counterparty, with respect to that obligation	i, is entitled to have
32	recourse only to the protected cell assets attributable to th	at protected cell.
33	(2) Not extend to the protected cell assets of another protected	ed cell or the assets
34	of the SPFC's general account, and the person or counter	rparty, with respect
35	to that obligation, is not entitled to have recourse to the p	protected cell assets
36	of another protected cell or the assets of the SPFC's ge	eneral account. The
37	SPFC's capitalization held separate and apart from the	capitalization of its
38	protected cell or cells must be available at all times to	pay expenses of or
39	claims against the SPFC and may not be used to pay	expenses or claims
40	attributable to any protected cell.	
41	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an SPFC may a	llow for a security
42	interest in accordance with applicable law to attach to protected cell assets	or a protected cell
43	account when in favor of a creditor of the protected cell or to facily	litate an insurance
44	securitization, including, without limitation, the issuance of the SPFC cor	ntract, to the extent
45	those protected cell assets are not required at all times to support the risk, but	t without otherwise
46	affecting the discharge of liabilities under the SPFC contract, or as otherwi	se approved by the
47	Commissioner.	
48	(f) An SPFC shall establish administrative and accounting proce	
49	properly identify the one or more protected cells of the SPFC and the prote	
50	protected cell liabilities to each protected cell. An SPFC shall keep protected	cted cell assets and
51	protected cell liabilities:	

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1 2	<u>(1)</u>	Separate and separately identifiable from the assets SPFC's general account.	and liabilities of the
2 3 4	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Attributable to one protected cell separate and separate</u> protected cell assets and protected cell liabilities	
5		protected cells.	
6	(g) All c	contracts or other documentation reflecting protected cell 1	iabilities shall clearly
7		ly the protected cell assets are available for the satisfaction	•
8		n all SPFC insurance securitizations involving a protected	-
9 10		ation effecting the transaction shall contain provisions ide ne transaction is attributed. In addition, the contracts or	
10		close that the assets of that protected cell, and only those a	
12	•	ons of that protected cell. Notwithstanding this subsectio	
12		applicable laws or regulations, the failure to include	
14		er documentation shall not be used as the sole basis by	
15	reinsureds, insu	irers or reinsurers, or other claimants to circumvent th	
16	section.		, , , .
17		SPFC with protected cells shall annually file with the De	epartment accounting
18		<u>Financial reports required by this Part, which shall:</u>	call and the CDEC
19 20	<u>(1)</u>	Detail the financial experience of each protected	cen and the SPFC
20	<u>(2)</u>	separately. Provide the combined financial experience of the SP	FC and all protected
22	(2)	cells.	re and an protected
23	(i) An S	SPFC with protected cells shall notify the Commissioner	in writing within 10
24		f a protected cell becoming insolvent.	in writing wrunn 10
25		ssuing securities.	
26		SPFC may issue securities, including surplus notes and oth	her forms of financial
27	instruments, sul	pject to and in accordance with applicable law, its approv	ved plan of operation,
28	and its organiza	tional documents.	
29	<u>(b)</u> <u>An S</u>	SPFC, in connection with the issuance of securities, may e	nter into and perform
30		ions under any required contracts to facilitate the issuance	
31	<u>(c)</u> <u>Subj</u>	ect to the approval of the Commissioner, an SPFC may law	
32	<u>(1)</u>	Account for the proceeds of surplus notes as surplus	and not as debt for
33		purposes of statutory accounting.	
34	<u>(2)</u>	Submit for prior approval of the Commissioner periodi	±
35		payments of interest on and repayments of principal of	-
36 37		of approval of periodic written requests for authorization	
37 38		of interest on and repayments of principal of surplus	
38 39		obligations issued by the SPFC, the Commissioner ma or plan, which shall be included in the SPFC's plan of o	• • •
39 40		from time to time, for payment of interest, principal, or	-
40 41		such surplus notes and debt obligations.	boui, will respect to
42	(d) The	Commissioner, without otherwise prejudicing the Com	missioner's authority
43		ormulas for an ongoing plan of interest payments or prir	-
44		guidance in connection with the Commissioner's ongoin	
45		ayments on and principal repayments of the surplus notes.	
46		obligation to repay principal or interest, or both, on the se	
47		lect the risk associated with the obligations of the SPFC	
48	under the SPFC	contract.	
49	" <u>§ 58-10-600.</u> A	Asset management agreements.	
50		ay enter into swap agreements, or other forms of asset mar	
51	including guara	nteed investment contracts, or other transactions that h	ave the objective of

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013
1	leveling timing differences in funding of up-front or ongoing transaction expenses, or
2	managing asset, credit, or interest rate risk of the investments to ensure that the investments are
3	sufficient to assure payment or repayment of the securities, and related interest or principal
4	payments, issued pursuant to an SPFC insurance securitization transaction, or the obligations of
5	the SPFC under the SPFC contract.
6	"§ 58-10-605. Reinsurance.
7	(a) An SPFC may reinsure only the risks of a ceding insurer pursuant to a reinsurance
8	contract. No SPFC shall issue a contract of insurance or a contract for assumption of risk or
9	indemnification of loss other than such reinsurance contract.
10	(b) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner, no SPFC shall assume
11	or retain exposure to insurance or reinsurance losses for its own account that are not funded by:
12	(1) Proceeds from an insurance securitization, letters of credit, or other assets
13	described in G.S. 58-10-340(22).
14	(2) Premium and other amounts payable by the ceding insurer to the SPFC
15	pursuant to the reinsurance contract.
16	(3) Any return on investment of the items described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
17	of this subsection.
18	(c) The reinsurance contract shall contain all provisions required or approved by the
19	Commissioner, which requirements shall take into account the laws applicable to the ceding
20	insurer regarding the ceding insurer taking credit for the reinsurance provided under such
21	reinsurance contract.
22	(d) An SPFC may cede risks assumed through a reinsurance contract to one or more
23	reinsurers through the purchase of reinsurance, subject to the prior approval of the
24	Commissioner.
25	(e) An SPFC may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related
26	or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of the reinsurance contract, the insurance
27	securitization, and this Part, provided such contracts and activities are included in the SPFC's
28	plan of operation or are otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner. Such contracts
29	and activities may include the following:
30	(1) Entering into SPFC contracts.
31	(2) Issuing SPFC securities in accordance with applicable securities law.
32	(3) Complying with the terms of such contracts or securities.
33	(4) Entering into trust, guaranteed investment contract, letter of credit, swap,
34	tax, administration, reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions.
35	(5) Complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, or retrocession and other
36	agreements necessary or incidental to effectuate an insurance securitization
37	in compliance with this Part or the plan of operation approved by the
38	Commissioner.
39	(f) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner, a reinsurance contract
40	shall not contain any provision for payment by the SPFC in discharge of its obligations under
41	the reinsurance contract to any person other than the ceding insurer or any receiver of the
42	<u>ceding insurer.</u>
43	(g) An SPFC shall notify the Commissioner immediately of any action by a ceding
44	insurer or any other person to foreclose on or otherwise take possession of collateral provided
45	by the SPFC to secure any obligation of the SPFC.
46	(h) In the SPFC insurance securitization, the contracts or other relating documentation
47	shall contain provisions identifying the SPFC.
48	(i) <u>Unless otherwise approved by the Commissioner, no SPFC shall enter into an SPFC</u>
49	contract with a person that is not licensed or otherwise authorized to transact the business of
50	insurance or reinsurance in at least its state or country of domicile.
51	(j) <u>No SPFC shall:</u>

General Assem	ably Of North Carolina	Session 2013
<u>(1)</u>	Have any direct obligation to the policyholders or re	insureds of the
	<u>counterparty.</u>	
<u>(2)</u>	Perform any of the following activities with anyone convie	cted of a felony,
	anyone who is untrustworthy or of known bad chara	
	convicted of a criminal offense involving the conversion or	misappropriation
	of fiduciary funds or insurance accounts, theft,	deceit, fraud,
	misrepresentation, or corruption:	
	<u>a.</u> <u>Lend or otherwise invest assets.</u>	
	b. Place any assets in custody, trust, or under management	
	<u>c.</u> Borrow money or receive a loan or advance, other	than by issuance
	of the securities pursuant to an insurance securitization	<u>on.</u>
" <u>§ 58-10-610.</u> N	No securities considered to be insurance or reinsurance cont	tracts.
No securitie	es issued by an SPFC pursuant to an insurance securitization sha	all be considered
to be insurance	e or reinsurance contracts. No investor in these securities or a	tholder of these
securities, by so	ble means of this investment or holding, shall be considered to b	be transacting the
business of inst	urance in this State. The underwriter's placement or selling	agents and their
partners, direct	tors, officers, members, managers, employees, agents, repr	esentatives, and
advisors involve	ed in an insurance securitization pursuant to this Part shall not	be considered to
be insurance p	roducers or brokers or conducting business as an insurance	e or reinsurance
company or age	ency, brokerage, intermediary, advisory, or consulting business	only by virtue of
their activities in	n connection with an insurance securitization.	
" <u>§ 58-10-615. I</u>	Disposition of assets; investment limitations.	
(a) The	assets of an SPFC shall be preserved and administered by or	on behalf of the
SPFC to satisfy	the liabilities and obligations of the SPFC incident to the reins	surance contract,
the insurance se	ecuritization, and other related agreements.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>In t</u>	he insurance securitization, the security offering memora	andum or other
document issued	d to prospective investors regarding the offer and sale of a surp	olus note or other
security shall	include a disclosure that all or part of the proceeds of	such insurance
securitization w	vill be used to fund the SPFC's obligations to the ceding insurer.	
(c) No S	SPFC shall be subject to any restriction on investments other that	in the following:
<u>(1)</u>	The Commissioner may limit investments by an SPFC to	those categories
	and amounts of authorized investments delineated in	
	58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7	7-180, 58-7-183,
	58-7-185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 58-7-19	7, 58-7-200, and
	58-7-205, as applicable and as amended from time to time.	
<u>(2)</u>	No SPFC shall make a loan to any person other than as pe	rmitted under its
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	plan of operation or as otherwise approved in advance by the	
(3)	The Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investment the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u></u>	solvency or liquidity of the SPFC unless the investme	
	approved by the Commissioner in writing.	
" <u>§ 58-10-620.</u> I		
	SPFC shall declare or pay dividends in any form to its owned	ers other than in
	h the insurance securitization transaction agreements, and in no	
	ease the capital of the SPFC below two hundred fifty t	
	er giving effect to the dividends, the assets of the SPFC, includi	
	to the terms of the insurance securitization, shall be sufficie	
	that the SPFC can meet its obligations. Approval by the Con	
	for the payment of dividends or other distribution by an	
	on the retention at the time of each payment of capital or surpl	
-	ints specified by or determined in accordance with formulas a	
SPFC by the Co		approved for the
~	/*************	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2013	
1	(b) The dividends may be declared by the management of the SPFC if t	he dividends do	
2	not violate this Part or jeopardize the fulfillment of the obligations of the SPF		
3	pursuant to the SPFC insurance securitization agreements, the SPFC contract	, or any related	
4	transaction and other provisions of this Part.		
5	"§ 58-10-625. Changes in plan of operation; filing of audit and statemen	t of operation;	
6	examinations.		
7	(a) Any material change of the SPFC's plan of operation, whether or	not through an	
8	SPFC protected cell, shall require prior approval of the Commissioner.	The following	
9	transactions do not constitute material change for purposes of this section:		
10	(1) If initially approved in the plan of operation, securities subs	sequently issued	
11	to continue the securitization activities of the SPFC either	during or after	
12	expiration, redemption, or satisfaction of all of these, of pa	art or all of the	
13	securities issued pursuant to initial insurance securitization tra	ansactions.	
14	(2) <u>A change and substitution in a counterparty to a swap tra</u>	insaction for an	
15	existing insurance securitization as allowed pursuant to	this Part if the	
16	replacement swap counterparty carries a similar or high		
17	predecessor with two or more nationally recognized rating ag		
18	(b) No later than six months after the fiscal year-end of the SPFC, the	SPFC shall file	
19	with the Commissioner an audit by a certified public accounting firm of	of the financial	
20	statements of the SPFC and the trust accounts.		
21	(c) An SPFC shall report using statutory accounting principle		
22	Commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of generally accept	-	
23	principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting. In each case the Con-		
24	require, approve, or accept any appropriate or necessary modifications or ad	-	
25	accounting basis, and may require the report to be supplemented by additional in		
26	(d) Each SPFC shall file by March 1 a statement of operations, using		
27	accepted accounting principles or, if approved, accepted, or required by the		
28	statutory accounting principles with useful or necessary modifications or ada	-	
29	type of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon, and as supplemented		
30	information required by the Commissioner. The statement of operations		
31	statement of income, a balance sheet, and may include a detailed listing of invested assets,		
32	including identification of assets held in trust to secure the obligations of the		
33	SPFC contract. The SPFC also may include with the filing risk-based capital of		
34	other adjusted capital calculations to assist the Commissioner with evaluating the second sec		
35	surplus of the SPFC for the year ending on December 31 of the previous year.		
36	shall be prepared on forms required by the Commissioner. In addition, the Cor	nmissioner may	
37	require the filing of performance assessments of the SPFC contract.	a maria a a managara d	
38	(e) An SPFC shall maintain the SPFC's records in this State unless other		
39 40	by the Commissioner and shall make its records available for examination of the special shall be a standard of the specia	-	
	Commissioner at any time. The SPFC shall keep its books and records in such		
41	financial condition, affairs, and operations can be ascertained and so that the		
42 43	may readily verify its financial statements and determine its compliance with the		
43 44	(f) <u>All original books, records, documents, accounts, and vouchers sha</u>	-	
44 45	and kept available in this State for the purpose of examination and until author otherwise dispose of the records is secured from the Commissioner. The o		
45 46			
40 47	however, may be kept and maintained outside this State if, according to a plan management of the SPFC and approved by the Commissioner, the SPFC ma		
47	copies instead of the originals. The books or records may be photographed, repr		
40 49	or stored and reproduced electronically.		
49 50	"§ 58-10-630. Cessation of business.		
50	<u>3 20-10-0200 (Cessanon of Dusiness</u>		

	General Assembly ()f North Carolina	Session 2013
1	At the cessation	of business of an SPFC following termination or	cancellation of an SPFC
2	contract and the red	emption of any related securities issued in co	nnection with the SPFC
3	contract, the authori	ty granted by the Commissioner expires or, in	the case of retiring and
4	surviving protected a	ells, is modified, the SPFC is no longer authority	ized to conduct activities
5	unless and until a ne	w or modified certificate of authority is issued	pursuant to a new filing
6	under this Part or as a	greed by the Commissioner.	
7		vision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of SPFC.	
8	(a) Except as	otherwise provided in this section, the terms an	nd conditions set forth in
9		apter pertaining to supervision, rehabilitation, and	
10		Cs or each of the SPFC's protected cells, indepe	-
11		e effecting a supervision, rehabilitation, or liqu	uidation of the SPFC or
12	another protected cel		
13		anding the provisions of Article 30 of this Chapte	
14		rehabilitation or liquidation of an otherwise sol	
15		the provisions of subdivision (g)(5) of this section	
16		the court for an order authorizing the Commi	
17	-	miciled in this State on one or more of the follow	
18		ere has been embezzlement, wrongful seque	-
19		version of the assets of the SPFC intended to be u	1 · ·
20		the counterparty or the holders of SPFC securities	
21		e SPFC is insolvent and the holders of a majority	
22		nount of each class of SPFC securities request or	
23		liquidation pursuant to the provisions of this Part	
24 25		anding the provisions of Article 30 of this Chapte the Court for an order authorizing the Commi	
26		e of an SPFC's protected cells independently, with	
27	•	tion or liquidation of the SPFC generally or ano	
28	on one or more of the		
29		ere has been embezzlement, wrongful seque	estration. dissipation. or
30		version of the assets of the SPFC attributable to t	
31		cells intended to be used to pay amounts owed t	
32		lders of SPFC securities of the affected protected	
33		e affected protected cell is insolvent and the	
34	ou	tstanding principal amount of each class of SPFC	C securities attributable to
35	that	at particular protected cell request or conse	ent to rehabilitation or
36	lic	uidation pursuant to the provisions of this Part.	
37	(d) The Cour	t may not grant relief provided by subdivision	<u>(b)(1) or (c)(1) of this</u>
38		notice and a hearing, the Commissioner, who	
39		preponderance of the evidence that relief must	
40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with respect to one or more protected cells by national sector of the se	me, rather than the SPFC
41	generally.		
42		anding another provision in this Chapter, rules ad	± ± ·
43	* *	e law or regulation, upon any order of rehabilit	-
44		e of the SPFC's protected cells, the receiver sha	
45		<u>C pursuant to the provisions of this Part. The reco</u>	
46		protected cell are not applied to the liabilities lin	
47 19		generally, unless an asset or liability is linked to	-
48 49		e receiver shall deal with the asset or liability in a	accordance with the terms
49 50		ning instrument or contract. Dect to amounts recoverable under an SPFO	C contract the amount
50		eceiver must not be reduced or diminished as a	
51	<u>recoverable by the l</u>	verver must not be reduced of unninfished as a	result of the chity of all

	General	Asseml	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
1	order of r	ehabili	tation or liquidation with respect to the counterparty, notw	vithstanding another
2			contracts or other documentation governing the SPFC insura	-
3	<u>(g)</u>		ithstanding the provisions of Article 30 of this Chapter o	
4	State:	110011		
5	<u></u>	(1)	An application or petition, or a temporary restraining	order or injunction
6		<u>(1)</u>	issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 30 of this C.	
7			to a counterparty does not prohibit the transaction of a bu	
8			including any payment by an SPFC made pursuant to an	•
)			any action or proceeding against an SPFC or its assets.	<u>i bi i e security, or</u>
)		(2)	The commencement of a summary proceeding or other	interim proceeding
		(2)	commenced before a delinquency proceeding with respe	
			any order issued by the court does not prohibit the pa	
			made pursuant to an SPFC security, SPFC contract, or the	• •
			any action required to make the payment.	
		(3)	A receiver of a counterparty may not void a nonfraud	ulent transfer by a
		<u>(J)</u>	counterparty to an SPFC of money or other property m	
			SPFC contract.	lade pursuant to an
		<u>(4)</u>	A receiver of an SPFC may not void a nonfraudulent tran	sfer by the SPEC of
		<u>(+)</u>	money or other property made to a counterparty put	
			contract or made to or for the benefit of any holder of a	
			account of the SPFC security.	II SITC Security OII
		<u>(5)</u>	The Commissioner may not seek to have an SPFC v	with protected cells
		<u>(J)</u>	declared insolvent as long as at least one of the SPF	
			remains solvent, and in the case of such an insolvency	-
			handle the SPFC's assets in compliance with subsection	
			and other laws of this State.	i (e) of this section
	(h)	Subse	ection (g) of this section does not prohibit the Commission	per from taking any
			under Article 30 of this Chapter with respect only to the	
	-		ected cell or cells, provided the Commissioner would l	
		-	to declare the SPFC insolvent, subject to and without other	
	-		bdivision (5) of subsection (g) of this section. In this case,	
			l cell or cells, the Commissioner may not prohibit payments	
	-		SPFC security, SPFC contract, or otherwise made u	-
	-		insaction that are attributable to these protected cell or c	
			g any action required to make these payments.	<u>ens or promote the</u>
	(i)		the exception of the fulfillment of the obligations under an	SPFC contract and
	<u> </u>		another provision of this Part or other laws of this State, the	
		-	held in trust, must not be consolidated with or included	
			ny delinquency proceeding against the counterparty, pursua	
	-		any purpose including, without limitation, distribution	-
	counterpa		any purpose including, without initiation, distribution	to creditors of the
	counterpa	<u>uty.</u>	"Subpart 5. Other Provisions.	
	"8 58-10-	650 O	ther laws applicable to captive insurance companies.	
			to the statutes and laws previously referred to in this	Part the following
			s Chapter are applicable to all captive insurance companies	
	<u>P10131011</u>	<u>(1)</u>	G.S. 58-2-45. – Orders of Commissioner; when writing re	
		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	G.S. 58-2-160. – Reporting and investigation of insurar	
		<u>(</u> <u></u>	fraud and the financial condition of licensees; immunity f	
		(3)	G.S. 58-2-162. – Embezzlement by insurance ag	
		(3)	administrators.	<u>ents, brokers, or</u>
			aunningu alors.	

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2013
1	(4) G.S. 58-2-185. – Record of business kept by companies and agents;
2	Commissioner may inspect.
3	(5) G.S. 58-2-190. – Commissioner may require special reports.
4	(6) G.S. 58-2-195. – Commissioner may require records, reports, etc., for
5	agencies, agents, and others.
6	(7) $\overline{G.S. 58-2-200.}$ – Books and papers required to be exhibited.
7	$\overline{(8)}$ $\overline{G.S. 58-5-1 Deposits; use of master trust.}$
8	$\overline{(9)}$ $\overline{G.S. 58-7-50 Maintenance and removal of records and assets.}$
9	$\overline{(10)}$ G.S. 58-7-55. – Exceptions to requirements of G.S. 58-7-50."
10	SECTION 2. G.S. 58-22-15 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 58-22-15. Risk retention groups chartered in this State.
12	(a) A risk retention group seeking to be chartered in this State must be chartered shall,
13	pursuant to the provisions of Part 9 of Article 10 of this Chapter, be chartered and licensed as a
14	to write only liability insurance company under Article 7 of this Chapter pursuant to this
15	Article and, except as provided elsewhere in this Article, must comply with all of the laws and
16	rules applicable to such insurers chartered and licensed in this State and with G.S. 58-22-20 to
17	the extent such requirements are not a limitation on laws, administrative rules, or requirements
18	of this State. As a chartered and licensed liability insurance company, the group is subject to
19	the taxes imposed in Article 8B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
20	"
21	SECTION 3. G.S. 58-28-5 reads as rewritten:
22	"§ 58-28-5. Transacting business without a license prohibited; exceptions.
23	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is unlawful for any company to enter
24	into a contract of insurance as an insurer or to transact insurance business in this State as set
25	forth in G.S. 58-28-13 without a license issued by the Commissioner. This section does not
26	apply to the following acts or transactions:
27	
28	(10) An activity in this State by or on the sole behalf of a captive insurer <u>licensed</u>
29	and subject to regulation in another jurisdiction other than this State that
30	insures solely the risks of the company's parent and affiliated
31	companies.companies, or the risks of controlled unaffiliated companies.
32	····
33	SECTION 4. G.S. 58-47-95 reads as rewritten:
34	"§ 58-47-95. Excess insurance and reinsurance.
35	
36	(b) Any excess insurance policy or reinsurance contract under this section shall be
37	issued by a licensed insurance company, a licensed captive insurance company, an approved
38	surplus lines insurance company, or an accredited reinsurer, and shall:
39	(1) Provide for at least 30 days' written notice of cancellation by certified mail,
40	return receipt requested, to the group and to the Commissioner.
41	(2) Be renewable automatically at its expiration, except upon 30 days' written
42	notice of nonrenewal by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the group
43	and to the Commissioner.
44	
45	SECTION 5. G.S. 97-90 reads as rewritten:
46	"§ 97-190. Excess insurance.
47	
48	(b) An excess insurance policy required by this section shall be issued by either an
49	insurance company licensed in this State State, a captive insurance company licensed in this
50	State, or an eligible surplus lines insurer as defined in G.S. 58-21-10 and shall:

General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2013
(1)	•	ten notice of cancellation by registered or equested, to the self-insurer and to the
(2)	•	s expiration, except upon 30 days' written ed mail, return receipt requested, to the
"	sen-insurer and to the Commissio	ner.
SECT	TION 6.(a) G.S. 105-228.3 reads as	rewritten:
"§ 105-228.3. D	efinitions.	
The following	g definitions apply in this Article:	
(1)	of the General Statutes, regulati	bration subject to Article 65 of Chapter 58 ing hospital, medical, and dental service
(1a)	corporations.	fined in $C = 59, 10, 240$
<u>(1a)</u> (2)		1 G.S. 58-1-5 or a group of employers who ursuant to G.S. 97-93 of the Workers'
	Compensation Act.	
(3)	Self-insurer. – An employer that	carries its own risk pursuant to G.S. 97-93
	of the Workers' Compensation Ac	
	· · · ·	105 of the General Statutes is amended by
adding a new sec		
	Fax on captive insurance compan	
		ection on captive insurance companies. A
-		ax levied by this section is not subject to and 4 of this Chapter or to the insurance
	e imposed by G.S. 58-6-25.	and 4 of this chapter of to the insurance
	1 V	58-10-340 apply in this section. Except as
		ninistered in the same manner as the gross
-	posed under G.S. 105-228.5.	-
<u>(c)</u> <u>Tax B</u>	ase Gross premiums from busine	ss done in this State by a captive insurance
		calendar year less the amounts paid to
		turn premium" means dividends paid on
		or credited to policyholders. In the case of
	÷	be prorated for purposes of calculating the captive insurance company, the tax applies
	h business of the company.	captive insurance company, the tax applies
		The tax to be applied to gross premiums
		e insurance company under G.S. 58-10-445
	e following percentages:	
<u>1</u>	Premiums Collected	Rate of Tax
	<u>Up to \$20,000,000</u>	.225%
	<u>\$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000</u>	<u>.150%</u>
	<u>\$40,000,000 to \$60,000,000</u>	<u>.050%</u>
	<u>\$60,000,000 and over</u>	<u>.025%</u>
		to be applied to gross premiums collected
		ive insurance company is computed at the
following percen		
	Premiums Collected	Rate of Tax
	<u>Up to \$20,000,000</u> \$20,000,000 and more	$\frac{0.4\%}{0.3\%}$
	\$20,000,000 and more	0.3%

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013
1	(f) Total Tax Liability. – The aggregate amount of tax payable under this section by a
2	protected cell captive insurance company with more than 10 cells may not be less than ten
3	thousand dollars (\$10,000) and may not exceed the lesser of (i) one hundred thousand dollars
4	(\$100,000) plus five thousand dollars (\$5,000) multiplied by the number of cells over 10 and
5	(ii) two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
6	For all other captive insurance companies, the aggregate amount of tax payable under this
7	section may not be less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and may not exceed one hundred
8	thousand dollars (\$100,000).
9	(g) Common Ownership and Control. – Two or more captive insurance companies
10	under common ownership and control are taxed under this section as a single captive insurance
11	company. When one or more captive insurance companies under common ownership and
12	control are taxed as a single captive insurance company, the amount of premium tax calculated
13	with respect to the consolidated group is allocated to each member of the consolidated group in
14	the same proportion that the premium allocable to the member bears to the total premium of all
15	members. The amount of tax allocated to a member of the consolidated group may not exceed
16	one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). The aggregate amount of tax payable under
17	subsection (f) of this section by the consolidated group is the sum of the premium tax allocated
18	to the members plus five thousand dollars (\$5,000)."
19	SECTION 6.(c) G.S. 105-228.5(g) reads as rewritten:
20	"(g) Exemptions. – This section does not apply to farmers' mutual assessment fire
21	insurance companies or to fraternal orders or societies that do not operate for a profit and do
22	not issue policies on any person except members. This section does not apply to captive
23	insurance companies taxed under G.S. 105-228.4A."
24	SECTION 7. G.S. 58-6-25 reads as rewritten:
25	"§ 58-6-25. Insurance regulatory charge.
26	(a) Charge Levied. – There is levied on each insurance company company, other than a
27	captive insurance company, an annual charge for the purposes stated in subsection (d) of this
28	section. The charge levied in this section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The
29	percentage rate of the charge is established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and is
30	applied to the company's premium tax liability for the taxable year. In determining an insurance
31	company's premium tax liability for a taxable year, the following shall be disregarded:
32	
33	(d) Use of Proceeds. – The Insurance Regulatory Fund is created in the State treasury,
34	under the control of the Office of State Budget and Management. The proceeds of the charge
35	levied in this section and all fees collected under Articles 69 through 71 of this Chapter and
36	under Articles 9 and 9C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes shall be credited to the Fund.
37	The Fund shall be placed in an interest-bearing account and any interest or other income
38	derived from the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. Moneys in the Fund may be spent only
39	pursuant to appropriation by the General Assembly and in accordance with the line item budget
40	enacted by the General Assembly. The Fund is subject to the provisions of the Executive
41	Budget Act, except that no unexpended surplus of the Fund shall revert to the General Fund.
42	All money credited to the Fund shall be used to reimburse the General Fund for the following:
43	(1) Money appropriated to the Department of Insurance to pay its expenses
44	incurred in regulating the insurance industry-industry, including the captive
45	insurance industry, and other industries in this State.
46	
47	(10) Money appropriated to the Department of Insurance to pay its expenses
48	incurred in promoting North Carolina's captive insurance industry.
49	(e) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
50	(1) Repealed by Session Laws 2003-284, s. 43.2, effective for taxable years
51	beginning on or after January 1, 2004.

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013
1	(1a) Captive insurance company. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3.
2	(2) Insurance company. – A company that pays the gross premiums tax levied in
3	G.S. 105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8.
4	(3) Insurer. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3."
5	SECTION 8. Nothing in this act shall be construed to obligate the General
6	Assembly to appropriate funds to implement the provisions of this act. This act becomes
7	effective July 1, 2013, if funds are appropriated for the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium to provide
8	the Department with regulatory staff and resources to license and regulate captive insurance
9	companies. If no funds are appropriated, then this act shall not become effective until July 1 of
10	a year in which the General Assembly appropriates funds to implement it.