GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2013**

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SENATE BILL 636 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S636-PCS95086-RV-31

Wildlife Resources Comm. Penalty Changes. Short Title:

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

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April 4, 2013			
1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
AN ACT TO AMEND THE BOATING SAFETY ACT BY INCREASING THE FINES AND			
OTHERWISE AMENDING THE PENALTY AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF THAT			
ACT AND BY AMENDING THE PENALTY PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC			
VIOLATIONS OF THE WILDLIFE LAWS.			
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
SECTION 1. G.S. 75A-3 reads as rewritten:			
8 "§ 75A-3. Wildlife Resources Commission to administer Chapter; Vess			
9 Committee; Boating Safety Committee; funds for administration.			
10 (a) The Commission shall enforce and administer the provisions of this Chapter.			
11 (b) The chair of the Commission shall designate from among the members of the			
12 Commission three members who shall serve as the Vessel Committee Boating Safet			
13 <u>Committee</u> of the Commission, and who shall, in their activities with the Commission, plac 14 special emphasis on the administration and enforcement of this Chapter.			
special emphasis on the administration and enforcement of this Chapter.			
(c) The Boating Account is established within the Wildlife Resources Fund created			
under G.S. 143-250. Interest and other investment income earned by the Account accrues to the			
Account. All moneys collected pursuant to the numbering and titling provisions of this Chapter			
shall be credited to this Account. Motor fuel excise tax revenue is credited to the Account			
under G.S. 105-449.126. The Commission shall use revenue in the Account, subject to the			
Executive Budget Act and the Personnel Act, for the administration and enforcement of this			
Chapter; for activities relating to boating and water safety including education and waterway			
marking and improvement; and for boating access area acquisition, development, and			
maintenance. The Commission shall use at least three dollars (\$3.00) of each one-year			
certificate of number fee and at least nine dollars (\$9.00) of each three-year certificate of			
number fee collected under the numbering provisions of G.S. 75A-5 for boating access area			
 acquisition, development, and maintenance." SECTION 2. G.S. 75A-6.1(c) reads as rewritten: 			
 "(c) Violation of the navigation rules specified in subsection (a) of this section sha constitute a Class 3 misdemeanor and is punishable only by a fine not to exceed one hundre 			
30 dollars (\$100.00).an infraction as provided in G.S. 14-3.1."			
31 SECTION 3. G.S. 75A-10 reads as rewritten:			
32 "§ 75A-10. Operating vessel or manipulating water skis, etc., in reckless manner			
33 operating, etc., while intoxicated, etc.; depositing or discharging litter, etc.			
34 (a) No person shall operate any motorboat or vessel, or manipulate any water ski			
35 surfboard, or similar device on the waters of this State in a reckless or negligent manner so a			
36 to endanger the life, limb, or property of any person.			



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1	(b) No person shall manipulate any water skis, surfboard, nonmotorized vessel, or			
2	similar device on the waters of this State while under the influence of an impairing substance.			
3	(b1) No person shall operate any vessel while underway on the waters of this State:			
4	(1) While under the influence of an impairing substance, or			
5	(2) After having consumed sufficient alcohol that the person has, at any relevant			
6	time after the boating, an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.			
7	(b2) The fact that a person charged with violating this subsection is or has been legally			
8	entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense to a charge under subsections (b) and (b1) of			
9	this section. The relevant definitions contained in G.S. 20-4.01 shall apply to subsections (b),			
10	(b1), and (b2) of this section.			
1	(b3) A person who violates a provision of subsection (a), (b), or (b1)subsection (a) or (b)			
12	of this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.			
13	(b4) A person who violates subsection (b1) of this section is guilty of a Class 2			
14	misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).			
5	(c) No person shall place, throw, deposit, or discharge or cause to be placed, thrown,			
16	deposited, or discharged on the waters of this State or into the inland lake waters of this State,			
17	any litter, raw sewage, bottles, cans, papers, or other liquid or solid materials which render the			
18	waters unsightly, noxious, or otherwise unwholesome so as to be detrimental to the public			
9	health or welfare or to the enjoyment and safety of the water for recreational purposes.			
20	(d) No person shall place, throw, deposit, or discharge or cause to be placed, thrown,			
21	deposited, or discharged on the waters of this State or into the inland lake waters of this State			
22	any medical waste as defined by G.S. 130A-290 which renders the waters unsightly, noxious,			
23	or otherwise unwholesome so as to be detrimental to the public health or welfare or to the			
24	enjoyment and safety of the water for recreational purposes.			
25	(e) A person who willfully violates subsection (d) of this section is guilty of a Class 1			
26	misdemeanor. A person who willfully violates subsection (d) of this section and in so doing			
27	releases medical waste that creates a substantial risk of physical injury to any person who is not			
28 29	a participant in the offense is guilty of a Class F felony which may include a fine not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) nor day of violation "			
30	fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per day of violation." SECTION 4. G.S. 75A-13.1(d) reads as rewritten:			
31	"(d) A person who violates a provision of this section is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor			
32	and shall only be subject to a fine not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). responsible for an			
33	infraction as provided in G.S. 14-3.1."			
34	SECTION 5. G.S. 75A-13.3(b1) reads as rewritten:			
35	"(b1) A person who is the lawful owner of a personal watercraft or a person having			
36	<u>control of a personal watercraft who knowingly allows a person</u> under 16 years of age who			
37	operates operate a personal watercraft in violation of the provisions of subsection (b) of this			
38	section is guilty of responsible for an infraction as provided in G.S. 14-3.1."			
39	SECTION 6. G.S. 75A-13.3(c3) reads as rewritten:			
40	"(c3) A vessel livery shall provide the operator of a leased personal watercraft with basic			
41	safety instruction prior to allowing the operation of the leased personal watercraft. "Basic safety			
42	instruction" shall include direction on how to safely operate the personal watercraft and a			
43	review of the safety provisions of this section. A vessel livery that fails to provide basic safety			
44	instruction is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. responsible for an infraction as provided in			
45	G.S. 14-3.1."			
46	SECTION 7. G.S. 75A-16.2 reads as rewritten:			
17	"§ 75A-16.2. Boating safety education required.			
18	(a) No person shall operate a vessel with a motor of 10 horsepower or greater on the			
49	public waters of this State unless the operator has met the requirements for boating safety			
50	education.			

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2013(b)A person shall be considered in compliance with the requirements of boating safety			
	education if the person does one of the following:			
	(1)	Completes and passes the boating safety course instituted by the Wildlife		
		Resources Commission under G.S. 75A-16.1 or another boating safety		
		course that is approved by the National Association of State Boating Law		
		Administrators (NASBLA) and accepted by the Wildlife Resources		
		Commission;		
	(2)	Passes a proctored equivalency examination that tests the knowledge of		
		information included in the curriculum of an approved course;		
	(3)	Possesses a valid or expired license to operate a vessel issued to maritime		
		personnel by the United States Coast Guard;		
	(4)	Possesses a State-approved nonrenewable temporary operator's certificate to		
	()	operate a vessel for 90 days that was issued with the certificate of number		
		for the vessel, if the boat was new or was sold with a transfer of ownership;		
	(5)	Possesses a rental or lease agreement from a vessel rental or leasing business		
	· · · ·	that lists the person as the authorized operator of the vessel;		
	(6)	Properly displays Commission-issued dealer registration numbers during the		
	· · · ·	demonstration of the vessel;		
	(7)	Operates the vessel under onboard direct supervision of a person who is at		
		least 18 years of age and who meets the requirements of this section;		
	(8)	Demonstrates that he or she is not a resident, is temporarily using the waters		
		of this State for a period not to exceed 90 days, and meets any applicable		
		boating safety education requirements of the state or nation of residency;		
	(9)	Has assumed operation of the vessel due to the illness or physical		
		impairment of the initial operator, and is returning the vessel to shore in		
		order to provide assistance or care for the operator;		
	(10)	Is registered as a commercial fisherman or a person who is under the		
		onboard direct supervision of a commercial fisherman while operating the		
		commercial fisherman's boat; or		
	(11)	Provides proof that he or she is at least 26 years of age.was born before		
		January 1, 1988.		
	Any person who operates a vessel with a motor of 10 horsepower or greater on the waters			
	of this State shall, upon the request of a law enforcement officer, present to the officer a			
	certification card or proof that the person has complied with the provisions of this section.			
	(c) Any person who violates a provision of this section or a rule adopted pursuant to			
	this section is guilty of responsible for an infraction, as provided in G.S. 14-3.1. The court shall			
	assess court costs for each violation but shall not assess a penalty. G.S. 14-3.1, and shall pay a			
	fine of fifty dollars (\$50.00). A person may not be convicted of responsible for violating this			
		section if, when tried for the offense, if the person produces in court at the adjudicatory hearing		
		rd or proof that the person has completed and passed a boating safety course in		
	-	subdivision (b)(1) of this section.		
		nit of local government shall enact any ordinance or rule relating to boating		
	•	and this law preempts all existing ordinances or rules.		
	(e) An operator of a personal watercraft on the public waters of this State remains			
	subject to any more specific provision of law found in G.S. 75A-13.3."			
	SECTION 8. G.S. 75A-17(f) reads as rewritten:			
		els operated on the waters of this State shall slow to a no-wake speed when		
	passing within 100 feet of a law enforcement vessel that is displaying a flashing blue light			
	unless the vessel is in a narrow channel. Vessels operated on the waters of this State in a			
		shall slow to a no-wake speed when passing within 50 feet of a law		
	enforcement ves	ssel that is displaying a flashing blue light. A person who violates this		

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 subsection is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.responsible for an infraction as provided in 1 2 G.S. 14-3.1." 3 SECTION 9. G.S. 75A-18 reads as rewritten: 4 "§ 75A-18. Penalties. 5 Except as otherwise provided, a person who violates a provision of this Article or (a) 6 who violates a rule adopted under authority of this Chapter is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor 7 and shall only be subject to a fine not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00) for 8 each violation. responsible for an infraction as provided in G.S. 14-3.1. This limitation shall not 9 apply in a case where a more severe penalty is prescribed in this Chapter. 10 through (e) Repealed by Session Laws 2006-185, s. 1." (b) SECTION 10. G.S. 113-294 reads as rewritten: 11 12 "§ 113-294. Specific violations. 13 Any person who unlawfully sells, possesses for sale, or buys any wildlife is guilty of (a) 14 a Class 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars 15 (\$250.00) unless a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in question. 16 Any person who unlawfully sells, possesses for sale, or buys any deer or wild turkey (b) 17 is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty 18 dollars (\$250.00) five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in addition to such other punishment 19 prescribed for the offense in question. 20 (c) Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, or transports any wild turkey is guilty 21 of a Class 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars 22 (\$250.00) in addition to such other punishment prescribed for the offense in question. 23 Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, transports, sells, possesses for sale, or (c1)24 buys any bear or bear part is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less 25 than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in addition to such other punishment prescribed for the offense in question. Each of the acts specified shall constitute a separate offense. 26 27 Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, transports, sells, possesses for sale, or (c2)28 buys any cougar (Felis concolor) is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, unless a greater penalty is 29 prescribed for the offense in question. 30 (c3)Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, or transports any elk from 31 State-owned land is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two 32 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) in addition to such other punishment prescribed for the 33 offense in question. 34 Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, or transports any deer is guilty of a (d) 35 Class 3 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) two 36 hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) in addition to such other punishment prescribed for the offense 37 in question. 38 (d1) Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, or transports any deer from land that 39 has been posted in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 14-159.7 without written permission 40 of the landowner, lessee, or the agent of the landowner or lessee is guilty of a Class 2 41 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). 42 Any person who unlawfully takes deer between a half hour after sunset and a half (e) 43 hour before sunrise with the aid of an artificial light is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, 44 punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) five hundred dollars 45 (\$500.00) in addition to such other punishment prescribed for the offense in question. 46 (f) Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, transports, sells, or buys any beaver, 47 or violates any rule of the Wildlife Resources Commission adopted to protect beavers, is guilty 48 of a Class 3 misdemeanor, unless a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in question. 49 Any person who unlawfully takes wild animals or birds from or with the use of a (g) 50 vessel equipped with a motor or with motor attached is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, unless 51 a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in question.

Any person who willfully makes any false or misleading statement in order to 1 (h) 2 secure for himself or another any license, permit, privilege, exemption, or other benefit under 3 this Subchapter to which he or the person in question is not entitled is guilty of a Class 1 4 misdemeanor. 5 (i) Any person who violates any provision of G.S. 113-291.6, regulating trapping, is 6 guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, unless a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in 7 question. 8 Any person who unlawfully sells, possesses for sale, or buys a fox, or who takes any (i) 9 fox by unlawful trapping or with the aid of any electronic calling device is guilty of a Class 2 10 misdemeanor, unless a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in question. 11 Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 209, s. 1. (k) 12 (1) Any person who unlawfully takes, possesses, transports, sells or buys any bald eagle 13 or golden eagle, alive or dead, or any part, nest or egg of a bald eagle or golden eagle is guilty 14 of a Class 1 misdemeanor, unless a greater penalty is prescribed for the offense in question. 15 (m) Any person who unlawfully takes any migratory game bird with a rifle; or who 16 unlawfully takes any migratory game bird with the aid of live decoys or any salt, grain, fruit, or 17 other bait; or who unlawfully takes any migratory game bird during the closed season or during 18 prohibited shooting hours; or who unlawfully exceeds the bag limits or possession limits 19 applicable to any migratory game bird; or who violates any of the migratory game bird permit 20 or tagging rules of the Wildlife Resources Commission is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, 21 punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) two hundred fifty dollars 22 (\$250.00) in addition to any other punishment prescribed for the offense in question. 23 Any person who violates any rule of the Commission that restricts access by vehicle (n) 24 on game lands to a person who holds a special vehicular access identification card and permit 25 issued by the Commission to persons who have a handicap that limits physical mobility shall be 26 guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) 27 in addition to any other punishment prescribed for the offense. 28 Any person who willfully transports or attempts to transport live coyotes (Cania (0)29 latrans) into this State for any purpose, or who breeds covotes for any purpose in this State, is 30 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and upon conviction the Wildlife Resources Commission 31 shall suspend any controlled hunting preserve operator license issued to that person for two 32 years. 33 Any person who willfully imports or possesses black-tailed or mule deer (p) 34 (Odocoileus hemionus and all subspecies) in this State for any purpose is guilty of a Class 1 35 misdemeanor. 36 Any person who violates any provision of G.S. 113-291.1A is guilty of a Class 1 (q) 37 misdemeanor. 38 It is unlawful to place processed food products as bait in any area of the State where (r) 39 the Wildlife Resources Commission has set an open season for taking black bears. For purposes 40 of this subsection, the term "processed food products" means any food substance or flavoring 41 that has been modified from its raw components by the addition of ingredients or by treatment 42 to modify its chemical composition or form or to enhance its aroma or taste. The term includes 43 substances modified by sugar, honey, syrups, oils, salts, spices, peanut butter, grease, meat, 44 bones, or blood, as well as extracts of such substances. The term also includes sugary products 45 such as candies, pastries, gums, and sugar blocks, as well as extracts of such products. Nothing 46 in this subsection prohibits the lawful disposal of solid waste or the legitimate feeding of 47 domestic animals, livestock, or birds. The prohibition against taking bears with the use and aid 48 of bait shall not apply to the release of dogs in the vicinity of any food source that is not a 49 processed food product as defined herein. Violation of this subsection constitutes a Class 2 50 misdemeanor. Class 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty 51 dollars (\$250.00).

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1 (s) Any person who violates the provisions of G.S. 113-291.12 by unlawfully removing 2 feral swine from a trap while the swine is still alive or by transporting such swine after that 3 removal is guilty of a <u>Class 2 misdemeanor.Class 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not</u> 4 <u>less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).</u> The acts of removal from a trap and of 5 transporting the swine after removal shall constitute separate offenses."

6 **SECTION 11.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2013, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.