GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 937 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/13 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H937-PCS80373-SA-50

Short Title: Amend Various Firearms Laws.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 15, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO INCREASE PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN CRIMES IN WHICH A FIREARM 3 IS USED, DISPLAYED, OR THERE IS A THREAT TO USE OR DISPLAY A 4 FIREARM; TO MAKE IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE FOR ANYONE TO PERMIT A 5 CHILD TO HAVE ACCESS TO OR POSSESS A FIREARM WITHOUT SUPERVISION AND PARENTAL CONSENT; TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON WHO HAS A VALID 6 7 CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT MAY DO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: HAVE A 8 CONCEALED HANDGUN IN A LOCKED VEHICLE IN A STATE GOVERNMENT 9 A CONCEALED PARKING LOT, HAVE HANDGUN IN Α LOCKED 10 COMPARTMENT IN A VEHICLE ON EDUCATIONAL PROPERTY, AND CARRY A HANDGUN INTO AN ASSEMBLY WHERE AN ADMISSION FEE IS CHARGED OR 11 12 AN ESTABLISHMENT WHERE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ARE SOLD AND 13 CONSUMED, OR AT A PARADE OR FUNERAL PROCESSION, UNLESS THE 14 PERSON IN LEGAL POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE PREMISES HAS POSTED 15 A NOTICE PROHIBITING THE CARRYING OF HANDGUNS ON THE PREMISES; TO PROVIDE THAT AN EMPLOYEE OF AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER 16 17 EDUCATION WHO LIVES IN A CERTAIN TYPE OF CAMPUS RESIDENCE MAY CARRY A HANDGUN ON THE EMPLOYEE'S RESIDENTIAL PREMISES AND IN 18 19 SOME INSTANCES ALSO KEEP THE GUN IN THE EMPLOYEE'S LOCKED 20 VEHICLE IN THE PARKING AREA OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION; TO CLARIFY THE LAW ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY 21 22 TO PROHIBIT CONCEALED CARRY OF FIREARMS; TO ESTABLISH UNIFORM 23 STATE REOUIREMENTS FOR REPORTING INFORMATION CONCERNING MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE JUDICIAL DETERMINATIONS OR 24 25 FINDINGS TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK 26 SYSTEM AND TO MAKE THESE REQUIREMENTS MORE CONSISTENT WITH 27 FEDERAL FIREARMS LAW: TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF 28 INFORMATION REGARDING CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMITS AND SALE OF 29 HANDGUNS: TO CLOSE THE LOOPHOLE ON USING PISTOL PERMITS TO AVOID 30 A BACKGROUND CHECK WHEN PURCHASING A HANDGUN; TO REQUIRE REVOCATION OF A CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT UPON CONVICTION OF A 31 32 DISQUALIFYING OFFENSE; TO PROVIDE THAT ANY NORTH CAROLINA 33 DISTRICT OR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE, MAGISTRATE, CLERK OF COURT, OR 34 REGISTER OF DEEDS WHO HAS A CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT THAT IS 35 VALID IN NORTH CAROLINA IS EXEMPT FROM THE GENERAL PROHIBITION



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1	AGAINST C	ARRY	ING A CONCEALED WEAPON AND FROM	I THE PROHIBITIONS
2	AGAINST C	CARRY	ING A WEAPON ON CERTAIN PREMIS	ES OR IN CERTAIN
3			; TO ALLOW HUNTING WITH A SUPP	
4			D TO MUFFLE OR MINIMIZE THE REPO	,
5			IE DEFINITION OF QUALIFIED RETIRED I	LAW ENFORCEMENT
6	OFFICER CO	ONSIST	ENT WITH FEDERAL LAW.	
7	The General Asso	embly c	of North Carolina enacts:	
8			. G.S. 14-269 is amended by adding a new sub-	
9	" <u>(a2)</u> <u>This p</u>	<u>prohibit</u>	ion does not apply to a person who has a con	ncealed handgun permit
10	issued in accord	lance v	vith Article 54B of this Chapter, has a con	cealed handgun permit
11	considered valid	under	G.S. 14-415.24, or is exempt from obtainin	<u>g a permit pursuant to</u>
12			d the weapon is a handgun, is in a closed co	÷
13	within the persor	n's locke	ed vehicle, and the vehicle is in a parking area	that is owned or leased
14	by State governm	nent. A	person may unlock the vehicle to enter or exit t	he vehicle, provided the
15	handgun remains	in the	closed compartment at all times and the vehicl	e is locked immediately
16	following the ent	rance of	<u>r exit.</u> "	
17	SECT	TION 2	. G.S. 14-269.2 is amended by adding the fol	lowing new subsections
18	to read:			
19			ns of this section shall not apply to an emplo	
20	higher education	as de	fined in G.S. 116-143.1 or a nonpublic post	t-secondary educational
21			on the campus of the institution at which the pe	erson is employed when
22	all of the following	-		
23	<u>(1)</u>		employee's residence is a detached, single-far	
24			he employee and the employee's immediate fan	nily reside.
25	<u>(2)</u>	The in	nstitution is either:	
26		<u>a.</u>	An institution of higher education as defined	•
27		<u>b.</u>	A nonpublic post-secondary educational i	
28			specifically prohibited the possession of a h	andgun pursuant to this
29			subsection.	
30	<u>(3)</u>		zeapon is a handgun.	
31	<u>(4)</u>	The h	andgun is possessed in one of the following ma	
32		<u>a.</u>	If the employee has a concealed handgun pe	
33			Article 54B of this Chapter, or who is ex	
34			permit pursuant to that Article, the handgun	• •
35			of the employee's residence or in a closed co	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
36			within the employee's locked vehicle that is l	
37			of the educational property of the institution	
38			employed and resides. Except for direct	
39			residence and the vehicle, the handgun must r	
40			on the premises of the employee's reside	
41			compartment of the employee's locked vehi	
42			unlock the vehicle to enter or exit, but	
43			immediately following the entrance or exit	if the handgun is in the
44			vehicle.	
45		<u>b.</u>	If the employee is not authorized to carry	
46			pursuant to Article 54B of this Chapter, the	
47			premises of the employee's residence, and	• •
48			employee's vehicle when the vehicle is occ	
49			and the employee is immediately leaving the	
50			directly to their residence from off campu	
51			possess the handgun on the employee's pers	on outside the premises

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l			of the employee's residence when making a dir	ect transfer of the
2 3			handgun from the residence to the employee's	vehicle when the
			employee is immediately leaving the campus or fi	com the employee's
			vehicle to the residence when the employee	is arriving at the
			residence from off campus.	
	(j) The pro	ovision	ns of this section shall not apply to an employ	ee of a public or
	nonpublic school v	who re	sides on the campus of the school at which the p	verson is employed
	when all of the folle	owing	criteria are met:	
	<u>(1)</u>	The en	nployee's residence is a detached, single-family	dwelling in which
	<u>(</u>	only th	e employee and the employee's immediate family r	eside.
	(2)	The sc	hool is either:	
	<u>6</u>	<u>a.</u>	A public school which provides residential ho	using for enrolled
			students.	
	<u>t</u>	<u>b.</u>	A nonpublic school which provides residential he	ousing for enrolled
			students and has not specifically prohibited th	e possession of a
			handgun pursuant to this subsection.	
	<u>(3)</u>	The w	eapon is a handgun.	
	<u>(4)</u>	The ha	ndgun is possessed in one of the following manners	
	<u>6</u>	<u>a.</u>	If the employee has a concealed handgun permit	that is valid under
			Article 54B of this Chapter, or who is exempt	from obtaining a
			permit pursuant to that Article, the handgun may	be on the premises
			of the employee's residence or in a closed compar	rtment or container
			within the employee's locked vehicle that is locate	d in a parking area
			of the educational property of the school at w	hich the person is
			employed and resides. Except for direct tran	isfer between the
			residence and the vehicle, the handgun must remai	n at all times either
			on the premises of the employee's residence	or in the closed
			compartment of the employee's locked vehicle.	<u> The employee may</u>
			unlock the vehicle to enter or exit, but must	lock the vehicle
			immediately following the entrance or exit if the	handgun is in the
			vehicle.	
	<u>l</u>	<u>b.</u>	If the employee is not authorized to carry a c	concealed handgun
			pursuant to Article 54B of this Chapter, the hand	gun may be on the
			premises of the employee's residence, and ma	y only be in the
			employee's vehicle when the vehicle is occupied	<u>d by the employee</u>
			and the employee is immediately leaving the car	mpus or is driving
			directly to their residence from off campus. T	<u>'he employee may</u>
			possess the handgun on the employee's person ou	atside the premises
			of the employee's residence when making a dir	ect transfer of the
			handgun from the residence to the employee's	vehicle when the
			employee is immediately leaving the campus or fi	com the employee's
			vehicle to the residence when the employee	is arriving at the
			residence from off campus.	
	(k) The pro	ovisior	s of this section shall not apply to a person wh	o has a concealed
			valid under Article 54B of this Chapter, or wh	
		-	ant to that Article, who has a handgun in a close	
			son's locked vehicle or in a locked container secu	
	•		on may unlock the vehicle to enter or exit the ve	-
			osed compartment at all times and the vehicle is l	ocked immediately
	following the entra			
	SECTIO	UN 3.	G.S. 14-269.3(b) reads as rewritten:	

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1	"(b)	This section	shall not apply to <u>any of</u> the following	<u>o</u> :
2			rson exempted from the provisions of	-
3		· · · ·	owner or lessee of the premises or bus	
4			rson participating in the event, if he	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5		· · · •	stol with the permission of the owner	
6			soring the event; and event.	, lessee, or person or organization
7		-	rson registered or hired as a securit	w guard by the owner lessee or
8		· · · •	n or organization sponsoring the even	
o 9		-	rson carrying a handgun if the perso	
10		_	it issued in accordance with Artic	-
10			ealed handgun permit considered v	=
12			pt from obtaining a permit put	
12			vision shall not be construed to perm	
13 14				
14			remises where the person in legal pos	
15 16			posted a conspicuous notice prohibi	
17			gun on the premises in accordance with G.S. 14-316 reads as rewritten:	<u>ui 0.5. 14-415.11(c).</u>
18	"8 14-316		young children to use dangerous fir	'eerme
19	s 14-510 (a)	0	unlawful for any parent, guardia	
20			ingly permit his a child under the age	· 1 0
20			or use in any manner whatever, <u>of</u> a	
21			veapon be loaded or unloaded, exception	
22			hild's parent or guardian, and the chi	-
23 24			on standing in loco parentis. It shall b	
2 4 25			child any weapon enumerated herein.	
23 26	•••		n shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdeme	
20 27	(b)		pistols, and BB guns shall not be de	
28	· · /		ction (a) of this section except in	
28 29			owan, Cleveland, Cumberland, Du	
29 30				•
31	Haywoou,		s, Stanly, Stokes, Surry, Union, Vance G. G.S. 15A-1340.16A reads as rewrit	
32	"8 15A 12		anced sentence if defendant is conv	
32 33	§ 13A-13		and the defendant used, displayed,	
33 34		•	leadly weapon during the commission	
35	(a),		by Session Laws 2003-378, s. 2, effe	•
36	(a), (c)	-	s convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C,	-
37	<pre></pre>	-	n that: (i) the person committed the	•
38	+		display of a firearm or deadly wea	
38 39		-	r deadly weapon about his or her pers	
39 40	+		sonment to which the person is sented	· · ·
40 41		-	-	
			um term of imprisonment shall be the	_
42			fter it is increased by 60 months, as	-specified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(e)
43	and (e1). a		felenerie Class A D1 D2 C D	
44 45			e felony is a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, o	•
43 46			sonment to which the person is se	
			ased by 72 months. The maximum t	
47 18			mum term that corresponds to the min	-
48			onths, as specified in G.S. 15A-1340.	
49 50			felony is a Class F or G felony, the i	-
50 51			the person is sentenced for that	
51		mont	hs. The maximum term of imprison	ment shan be the maximum term

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1	that corresponds to the minimum term after it is increased	eased by 36 months, as
2	specified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(d).	
3	(3) If the felony is a Class H or I felony, the minimum te	erm of imprisonment to
4	which the person is sentenced for that felony sha	
5	months. The maximum term of imprisonment shall	
5	that corresponds to the minimum term after it is increased	
7	specified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(d).	
3	(d) An indictment or information for the Class A, B1, B2, C, D, (a, b)	or E felony shall allege
)	in that indictment or information the facts set out in subsection (c) of thi	•
)	is sufficient if it alleges that the defendant committed the felony by	
	threatening the use or display of a firearm or deadly weapon and	
	possessed the firearm or deadly weapon about the defendant's person. Or	
	for all Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felonies that are tried at a single trial.	ic pleading is sufficient
	•	f this santian bayand a
	(e) The State shall prove the issues set out in subsection (c) of	-
	reasonable doubt during the same trial in which the defendant is tried for	2
	defendant pleads guilty or no contest to the issues. If the defendant pleads to the follower has a local providence of the issues of the issue	
	to the felony but pleads not guilty to the issues set out in subsection (c)) of this section, then a
	jury shall be impaneled to determine the issues.	
	(f) Subsection (c) of this section does not apply if the evidence	1.
	threatened use or display of the firearm or deadly weapon is needed to p	
	felony or if the person is not sentenced to an active term of imprisonmen	t."
	SECTION 6. G.S. 14-415.23 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 14-415.23. Statewide uniformity.	
	(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to prescribe a u	
	regulation of legally carrying a concealed handgun. To insure un	• •
	subdivisions, boards, or agencies of the State nor any county, city, n	
	corporation, town, township, village, nor any department or agenc	
	ordinances, rules, or regulations concerning legally carrying a conceal	
	local government may adopt an ordinance to permit the posting of	
	carrying a concealed handgun, in accordance with G.S. 14-415.11(c),	, on local government
	buildings and their appurtenant premises.	
	(b) A unit of local government may adopt an ordinance to pr	
	carrying of a concealed handgun on municipal and county recreation	onal facilities that are
	specifically identified by the unit of local government. If a unit of loc	cal government adopts
	such an ordinance with regard to recreational facilities, then the concea	aled handgun permittee
	may, nevertheless, secure the handgun in a locked vehicle within the tru	nk, glove box, or other
	enclosed compartment or area within or on the motor vehicle.	
	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "recreational facilit	ies" includes only the
	following: a playground, an athletic field, a swimming pool, and an athle	tic facility.
	(1) An athletic field, including any appurtenant faciliti	ies such as restrooms,
	during an organized athletic event if the field had b	been scheduled for use
	with the municipality or county office responsible fo	
	or recreational area.	<u> </u>
	(2) <u>A swimming pool, including any appurtenant facili</u>	ties used for dressing.
	storage of personal items, or other uses relating to the	
	(3) A facility used for athletic events, including, b	
	gymnasium.	···· ···· ····· ····· ··· ··· ··· ···
	(d) For the purposes of this section, the term "recreational facil	lities" does not include
	any greenway, designated biking or walking path, an area that is	
	walkway or bike path although not specifically designated for such us	
	where athletic events may occur unless the area qualifies as an "athl	-
_	where autoric events may been unless the area quanties as all auto	ione note pursuant to

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1	subdivision (1)	of subsection (c) of this section, and any other area th	at is not specifically
2		ection (c) of this section."	
3	SECT	FION 7. G.S. 122C-54(d1) reads as rewritten:	
4	"(d1) After	a judicial determination that an individual shall be involu	intarily committed for
5		r outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article	
6		court in the county where the judicial determination wa	
7		ause a report of the commitment to be transmitted to	
8		round Check System (NICS). Reporting of an ind	
9		patient mental health treatment under this subsection sha	
10		found to be a danger to self or others. The clerk sh	
11		ICS a record where an individual is found not guilty by	
12		incompetent to proceed to criminal trial. The cle	
13 14	documentation th	hat an affected individual has received a relief from di or any applicable federal law, shall cause the individual's	sabilities pursuant to
15		ing Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, not later than 48	
16		the following judicial determinations or findings, the cler	
17		re the determination or finding was made shall can	
18		finding to be transmitted to the National Instant Crimina	
19	System (NICS):		<u> </u>
20	(1)	A determination that an individual shall be involunt	arily committed to a
21		facility for inpatient mental health treatment upon	a finding that the
22		individual is mentally ill and a danger to self or others.	-
23	(2)	A determination that an individual shall be involunt	arily committed to a
24		facility for outpatient mental health treatment upon	n a finding that the
25		individual is mentally ill and, based on the individual's	s treatment history, in
26		need of treatment in order to prevent further disability	or deterioration that
27		would predictably result in a danger to self or others.	
28	<u>(3)</u>	A determination that an individual shall be involunt	arily committed to a
29		facility for substance abuse treatment upon a finding the	hat the individual is a
30		substance abuser and a danger to self or others.	
31	<u>(4)</u>	A finding that an individual is not guilty by reason of in	<u>isanity.</u>
32	<u>(5)</u>	A finding that an individual is mentally incompetent t	o proceed to criminal
33		<u>trial.</u>	
34	<u>(6)</u>	A finding that an individual lacks the capacity to ma	anage the individual's
35		own affairs due to marked subnormal intelligence	e or mental illness,
36		incompetency, condition, or disease.	
37	<u>(7)</u>	A determination to grant a petition to an individua	l for the removal of
38		disabilities pursuant to G.S. 122C-54.1 or any applicabl	le federal law.
39	The 48-hour	period for transmitting a record of a judicial determina	tion or finding to the
40	NICS under thi	s subsection begins upon receipt by the clerk of a	copy of the judicial
41	determination or	finding."	
42	SECT	FION 8. The last two sentences of G.S. 122C-54(d	1) are recodified as
43	G.S. 122C-54(d2) and read as rewritten:	
44	" <u>(d2)</u> The r	ecord of involuntary commitment for inpatient or out	patient mental health
45	treatment or for	substance abuse treatment required by subsection (d1) o	f this section shall be
46	accessible only	by an entity having proper access to NICS and sha	all remain otherwise
47	confidential as j	provided by this Article. The clerk shall effect the tra	ansmissions to NICS
48	required by the	subsection according to protocols which shall be	established by the
49		Office of the Courts. The Administrative Office of the Co	-
50	to require clerks	of court to transmit information to the NICS as required	by subsection (d1) of
51	this section in a u	iniform manner."	

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SECTION 9. G.S. 122C-54.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 122C-54.1. Restoration process to remove mental commitment bar.

2 3 Any individual over the age of 18 may petition for the removal of the mental (a) 4 commitment bar to purchase, possess, or transfer a firearm when the individual no longer 5 suffers from the condition that resulted in the individual's involuntary commitment for either inpatient or outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article 5 of this Chapter and no 6 7 longer poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of 8 firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12. disabilities pursuant to 9 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) and (g)(4), G.S. 14-415.3, and G.S. 14-415.12 arising out of a determination or finding required to be transmitted to the National Instant Criminal 10 11 Background Check System by subdivisions (1) through (6) of subsection (d1) of G.S. 122C-54. The individual may file the petition with a district court judge upon the expiration of any 12 current inpatient or outpatient commitment. No individual who has been found not guilty by 13 14 reason of insanity may petition a court for restoration under this section.

15 The petition must be filed in the district court of the county where the respondent (b) 16 was the subject of the most recent judicial determination or findingthat either inpatient or 17 outpatient treatment was appropriate or in the district court of the county of the petitioner's 18 residence. An individual disqualified from firearms possession due to a comparable 19 out-of-State mental commitment shall make application in the county of residence. The clerk of 20 court upon receipt of the petition shall schedule a hearing using the regularly scheduled 21 commitment court time and provide notice of the hearing to the petitioner and the district attorney. attorney who represented the State in the underlying case, or that attorney's successor. 22 23 Copies of the petition must be served on the director of the relevant inpatient and or outpatient 24 treatment facility, in-State or out-of-State, facility and the district attorney in the petitioner's 25 current county of residence.

26 The burden is on the petitioner to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that (c) 27 the petitioner no longer suffers from the condition that resulted in commitment and no longer 28 poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms 29 pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12, will not be likely to act in a 30 manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to 31 the public interest. The district attorney shall present any and all relevant information to the 32 contrary. For these purposes, the district attorney may access and use any and all mental health 33 records, juvenile records, and criminal history of the petitioner wherever maintained. The 34 applicant must sign a release for the district attorney to receive any mental health records of the 35 applicant. This hearing shall be closed to the public, unless the court finds that the public 36 interest would be better served by conducting the hearing in public. If the court determines the 37 hearing should be open to the public, upon motion by the petitioner, the court may allow for the 38 in camera inspection of any mental health records. The court may allow the use of the record 39 but shall restrict it from public disclosure, unless it finds that the public interest would be better 40 served by making the record public. The district court shall enter an order that the petitioner 41 does or does not continue to suffer from the condition that resulted in commitment and does or 42 does not continue to pose a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12.is or is not 43 44 likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would or 45 would not be contrary to the public interest. The court shall include in its order the specific findings of fact on which it bases its decision. In making its determination, the court shall 46 47 consider the circumstances regarding the firearm disabilities from which relief is sought, the 48 petitioner's mental health and criminal history records, the petitioner's reputation, developed at a minimum through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence, and 49 50 any changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since the original determination or 51 finding relevant to the relief sought. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the

superior court for a hearing de novo. After a denial by the superior court, the applicant must 1 2 wait a minimum of one year before reapplying. Attorneys designated by the Attorney General 3 shall be available to represent the State, or assist in the representation of the State, in a 4 restoration proceeding when requested to do so by a district attorney and approved by the 5 Attorney General. An attorney so designated shall have all the powers of the district attorney 6 under this section. 7 Upon a judicial determination to grant a petition under this section, the clerk of (d) 8 superior court in the county where the petition was granted shall forward the order to the 9 National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) for updating of the respondent's 10 record." 11 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 14-415.3 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: The provisions of this section shall not apply to a person whose rights have been 12 "(c)restored pursuant to G.S. 122C-54.1." 13 14 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 14-415.12(c) reads as rewritten: 15 "(c) An applicant shall not be ineligible to receive a concealed carry permit under subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of this section because of an adjudication of mental incapacity 16 17 or illness or an involuntary commitment to mental health services if the individual's rights have 18 been restored under G.S. 122C-54.1." 19 SECTION 12. G.S. 14-415.17 reads as rewritten: 20 "§ 14-415.17. Permit; sheriff to retain and make available to law enforcement agencies a 21 list of permittees, permittees; confidentiality of list and permit application 22 information; availability to law enforcement agencies. 23 The permit shall be in a certificate form, as prescribed by the Administrative Office (a) 24 of the Courts, that is approximately the size of a North Carolina drivers license. It shall bear the 25 signature, name, address, date of birth, and the drivers license identification number used in 26 applying for the permit. 27 The sheriff shall maintain a listing, including the identifying information, of those (b)28 persons who are issued a permit. The permit information shall be available upon request to all 29 State and local law enforcement agencies. Within five days of the date a permit is issued, the 30 sheriff shall send a copy of the permit to the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of 31 Investigation shall make this information available to law enforcement officers and clerks of 32 court on a statewide system. 33 Except as provided otherwise by this subsection, the list of permit holders and the (c) 34 information collected by the sheriff to process an application for a permit are confidential and 35 are not a public record under G.S. 132-1. The sheriff shall make the list of permit holders and 36 the permit information available upon request to all State and local law enforcement agencies. 37 The State Bureau of Investigation shall make the list of permit holders and the information 38 collected by the sheriff to process an application for a permit available to law enforcement 39 officers and clerks of court on a statewide system." 40 SECTION 13. G.S. 14-406 reads as rewritten: 41 "§ 14-406. Dealer to keep record of sales, sales; confidentiality of records. 42 Every dealer in pistols and other weapons mentioned in this Article shall keep an (a) 43 accurate record of all sales thereof, including the name, place of residence, date of sale, etc., of 44 each person, firm, or corporation to whom or which such sales are made, which record shall be 45 open to the inspection of any duly constituted State, county or police officer, within this 46 State.made. The records maintained by a dealer pursuant to this section are confidential and are 47 not a public record under G.S. 132-1; provided, however, that the dealer shall make the records 48 available upon request to all State and local law enforcement agencies. 49 Repealed by Session Laws 2011-56, s. 3, effective April 28, 2011." (b) 50 SECTION 14. G.S. 14-269.4 reads as rewritten: 51 "§ 14-269.4. Weapons on certain State property and in courthouses.

1	It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, or carry, whether openly or concealed, any					
2	deadly weapon, not used solely for instructional or officially sanctioned ceremonial purposes in					
3	the State Capitol Building, the Executive Mansion, the Western Residence of the Governor, or					
4	on the grounds of any of these buildings, and in any building housing any court of the General					
5	Court of Justice. If a court is housed in a building containing nonpublic uses in addition to the					
6	court, then this prohibition shall apply only to that portion of the building used for court					
7	purposes while the building is being used for court purposes.					
8	This section shall not apply to any of the following:					
9						
10	(6) A person with a permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this					
11	Chapter or Chapter, with a permit considered valid under					
12	G.S. 14-415.24G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt from obtaining a permit					
13	pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25, who has a firearm in a closed compartment or					
14	container within the person's locked vehicle or in a locked container securely					
15	affixed to the person's vehicle. A person may unlock the vehicle to enter or					
16	exit the vehicle provided the firearm remains in the closed compartment at					
17	all times and the vehicle is locked immediately following the entrance or					
18	exit.					
19	Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1					
20	misdemeanor."					
21	SECTION 15. G.S. 14-277.2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:					
22	"(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to concealed carry of a handgun at a					
23	parade or funeral procession by a person with a valid permit issued in accordance with Article					
24	54B of this Chapter, with a permit considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt					
25	from obtaining a permit pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25. This subsection shall not be construed to					
26	permit a person to carry a concealed handgun on any premises where the person in legal					
27	possession or control of the premises has posted a conspicuous notice prohibiting the carrying					
28	of a concealed handgun on the premises in accordance with G.S. 14-415.11(c)."					
29	SECTION 16. G.S. 14-415.21 reads as rewritten:					
30	"§ 14-415.21. Violations of this Article punishable as an infraction.					
31	(a) A person who has been issued a valid permit who is found to be carrying a					
32	concealed handgun without the permit in the person's possession or who fails to disclose to any					
33	law enforcement officer that the person holds a valid permit and is carrying a concealed					
34	handgun, as required by G.S. 14-415.11, shall be guilty of an infraction and shall be punished					
35	in accordance with G.S. 14-3.1. In lieu of paying a fine the person may surrender the permit.					
36	(a1) A person who has been issued a valid permit who is found to be carrying a					
37	concealed handgun in violation of subdivision (c)(8) or subsection (c2) of G.S. 14-415.11 shall					
38	be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.					
39	(b) A person who violates the provisions of this Article other than as set forth in					
40	subsection (a) or (a1) of this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor."					
41	SECTION 17. The following statutes are repealed: G.S. 14-402, 14-403, 14-404,					
42	14-405, and 14-407.1.					
43	SECTION 18. G.S. 14-315(b1) reads as rewritten:					
44	"(b1) Defense. – It shall be a defense to a violation of this section if all of the following					
45	conditions are met:					
46	(1) The person shows that the minor produced an apparently valid permit to					
47	receive the weapon, if such a permit would be required under G.S. 14-402 or					
48	G.S. 14-409.1 for transfer of the weapon to an adult.					
49	(2) The person reasonably believed that the minor was not a minor.					
50	(3) The person either:					

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1 2 3	a.	Shows that the minor produced a drivers identification card issued under G.S. 20-37.7, a r card, or a passport, showing the minor's age to be	nilitary identification e at least the required
4 5		age for purchase and bearing a physical descr named on the card reasonably describing the mir	
6	b.	Produces evidence of other facts that reasonably	
7	υ.	of sale that the minor was at least the required ag	
8	SECTION 1	9. G.S. 20-187.2(a) reads as rewritten:	
9		pouses, or in the event such members die unsu	rvived by a spouse.
10	· · · · · · · · · ·	nembers of North Carolina State, city and cour	• •
11	-	ne of duty or who are members of such agencies	•
12	0	mbers of such agencies shall receive upon reque	
13		carried by such deceased or retiring member. The	
14		y may, in its discretion, also award to a retiring i	e .
15	relatives as provided he	erein, upon request, the service side arm of such	deceased or retiring
16	members, at a price dete	ermined by such governing body, upon securing a	permit as required by
17		4-409.1 et seq., upon determining that the person 1	
18	-	, possess, or receive a firearm under the provision	
19		ermit provided the weapon shall have if the weapon	
20		d. Governing body shall mean for county and lo	
21		inty or local board of alcoholic control; for all ot	
22	0	n limited to a municipality or town, the city or	
23		officers with countywide jurisdiction, the	
24		tate law-enforcement officers, the head of the department of 10° C S 14 415 18 mode of mutual targets	irtment."
25 26		0. G.S. 14-415.18 reads as rewritten: on or suspension of permit.	
20 27		of the county where the permit was issued or the	sheriff of the county
28		s may revoke a permit subsequent to a hearing for	•
29	reasons:	indy revoke a permit subsequent to a nearing for	any of the following
30		l or intentional and material misrepresentation in	n the obtaining of a
31	perm		0
32	1	se of a permit, including lending or giving a p	ermit or a duplicate
33		it to another person, materially altering a permit, o	r using a permit with
34	the ir	tent to unlawfully cause harm to a person or pro	perty. It shall not be
35	consi	dered misuse of a permit to provide a duplicate	e of the permit to a
36		er for record-keeping purposes.	
37		doing of an act or existence of a condition which	ch would have been
38	-	ids for the denial of the permit by the sheriff.	
39	()	violation of any of the terms of this Article.	
40		applicant is adjudicated guilty of or receives a	
41		nued for a crime which would have disqualified	the applicant from
42		lly receiving a permit.	
43		peal the revocation, or nonrenewal of a permit by	
44 45		ict in which the applicant resides. The determinate facts, the law, and the reasonableness of the sheri	-
45 46		of the county where the permit was issued or the	
40 47		s shall revoke a permit of any permittee who is ad	
48	-	udgment continued for a crime which would h	
49	1 1 1	receiving a permit. Upon determining that a perm	-
50	1 1	on, the sheriff shall provide written notice to the p	
		_	

1	-	G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4(j), that the permit is revoked upon the service of the notice.		
2	-	rovide the permittee with information on the process to appeal the revocation.		
3		of the written notice of revocation, the permittee shall surrender the permit to		
4	the sheriff. Any law enforcement officer serving the notice is authorized to take immediate			
5		permit from the permittee. If the notice is served by means other than by a		
6	law enforcement	officer, the permittee shall surrender the permit to the sheriff no later than 48		
7	hours after service	e of the notice.		
8	A permittee m	ay appeal the revocation of a permit pursuant to this subsection by petitioning		
9	a district court ju	dge of the district in which the permittee resides. The determination by the		
10	court, on appeal, s	shall be limited to whether the permittee was adjudicated guilty of or received		
11	a prayer for judgr	nent continued for a crime which would have disqualified the permittee from		
12	initially receiving	a permit. Revocation of the permit is not stayed pending appeal.		
13	(b) The co	ourt may suspend a permit as part of and for the duration of any orders		
14	permitted under C	"hapter 50B of the General Statutes."		
15		ION 21. G.S. 14-269(b) is amended by adding the following new		
16	subdivisions to re-	ad:		
17	" <u>(4d)</u>	Any person who is a North Carolina district court judge, North Carolina		
18		superior court judge, or a North Carolina magistrate and who has a		
19		concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this		
20		Chapter or considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24; provided that the person		
21		shall not carry a concealed weapon at any time while consuming alcohol or		
22		an unlawful controlled substance or while alcohol or an unlawful controlled		
23		substance remains in the person's body. The judge or magistrate shall secure		
24		the weapon in a locked compartment when the weapon is not on the person		
25		of the judge or magistrate;		
26	<u>(4e)</u>	Any person who is elected and serving as a clerk of court or as a register of		
27		deeds and who has a concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with		
28		Article 54B of this Chapter or considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24;		
29		provided that the person shall not carry a concealed weapon at any time		
30		while consuming alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance or while		
31		alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance remains in the person's body.		
32		The clerk of court or register of deeds shall secure the weapon in a locked		
33		compartment when the weapon is not on the person of the clerk of court or		
34		register of deeds;"		
35	SECT	ION 22. G.S. 14-415.27 reads as rewritten:		
36	"§ 14-415.27. E	xpanded permit scope for district attorneys, assistant district attorneys,		
37	and in	vestigators employed by office of the district attorney <u>certain persons</u> .		
38	Notwithstandi	ng G.S. 14-415.11(c), any person who is a district attorney, an assistant		
39	district attorney,	or an investigator employed by the office of a district attorney and of the		
40	following persons	who has a concealed handgun permit issued pursuant to this Article or that is		
41	considered valid	under G.S. 14-415.24 is not subject to the area prohibitions set out in		
42	G.S. 14-415.11(c)	and may carry a concealed handgun in the areas listed in G.S. 14-415.11(c)		
43	unless otherwise p	prohibited by federal law:		
44	<u>(1)</u>	A district attorney.		
45	<u>(2)</u>	An assistant district attorney.		
46	<u>(3)</u>	An investigator employed by the office of a district attorney.		
47	<u>(4)</u>	A North Carolina district or superior court judge.		
48	<u>(5)</u>	<u>A magistrate.</u>		
49	<u>(6)</u>	A person who is elected and serving as a clerk of court.		
50	<u>(7)</u>	A person who is elected and serving as a register of deeds."		
51	SECT	ION 23. G.S. 113-291.1(c) reads as rewritten:		

	neral	Assemt	oly Of N	lorth Carolina	Session 2013
	"(c)	It is a	Class 1	misdemeanor for any person taking wildlife t	o have in his the person's
pos	sessio	n any:			
		(1)	Firear	m equipped with a silencer or any device des	igned to silence, muffle,
			or mi	nimize the report of the firearm. The firearm	is considered equipped
			with 1	he silencer or device whether it is attached to	o the firearm or separate
			but re	asonably accessible for attachment during the	taking of the wildlife.
		(2)	Weap	•	-
			G.S.	4-288.8.G.S. 14-288.8, other than a supp	ressor or other device
				ned to muffle or minimize the report of a	
			posse	ssed by a person in compliance with	26 U.S.C. Chapter 53
			<u>§§ 58</u>	<u>01-5871.</u>	
	The V	Wildlife	Resou	rces Commission may prohibit individuals	training dogs or taking
part	ticular	specie	s from	carrying axes, saws, tree-climbing equipmen	t, and other implements
that	t may	facilita	te the	unlawful taking of wildlife, except tree-clim	bing equipment may be
carı	ried an	nd used	by pers	ons lawfully taking raccoons and opossums du	ring open season."
		SECT	TION 2	4. G.S. 14-415.10 reads as rewritten:	
-		5.10. D			
	The fo	ollowing	g defini	tions apply to this Article:	
		(4a)	-	fied retired law enforcement officer An in	
				tion of "qualified retired law enforcement offi	
			-	of Title 18 of the United States Cod	e.all of the following
			qualif	ications:	
			a.	Retired in good standing from service with a	
				the United States as a law enforcement offic	er, other than for reasons
			_	of mental instability.	
			b.	Prior to retirement, was authorized by law t	
				the prevention, detection, investigation, or	
				incarceration of, any person for any vio	lation of law, and had
				statutory powers of arrest.	1 1 0
			c.	Prior to retirement, was regularly employe	
				officer for a total of 15 years or more, or	
				probationary periods of service due to a serv	rice-connected disability,
			1	as determined by the agency.	4 1 6 4
			d.	Has a vested right to benefits under the retire	ement plan of the agency.
		••••		$\mathbf{E} = C \mathbf{E} = 14.260$ (h) mode as more ittant	
	"(b)			5. G.S. 14-269(b) reads as rewritten: on shall not apply to the following persons:	
	(0)	1 ms ļ	DIOIIIDIU	ion shan not apply to the following persons.	
		 (4b)	Δηγικ	person who is a qualified retired law enforcen	ant officer as defined in
		(40)		4-415.10 and meets all any one of the following	
			<u>0.5.</u> a.	Is a qualified retired law enforcement	-
			a.	G.S. 14-415.10.	- officer as defined in
			ha	Is the holder of a concealed handgun per	mit in accordance with
			b.<u>a.</u>	Article 54B of this Chapter.	
			h	Is exempt from obtaining a permit pursuant t	G S = 14-415.25
			<u>b.</u> c.	Is certified by the North Carolina Crimina	
			С.	Training Standards Commission pursuant to	
				Training Standards Commission pursualit to	0.0.1 + 41J.20,
		SECT	TON 2	6. Sections 1 through 6, 14 through 18, 21	23 and 25 of this act

- 1 Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or
- 2 affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable
- 3 to those prosecutions. The remainder of this act becomes effective October 1, 2013.