

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2013

H.B. 1187
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HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE DRH10535-TQz-21A* (04/01)

Short Title: Motor Vehicle Civil Penalty/District Court. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Younts, Dixon, and Langdon (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO ALLOW JUDICIAL REVIEW OF CIVIL PENALTIES ON MOTOR
3 VEHICLES IMPOSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY IN THE
4 DISTRICT COURT OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE PENALTY WAS ASSESSED,
5 AS RECOMMENDED BY THE AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY AWARENESS
6 STUDY COMMISSION.

7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

8 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 20-178.1 reads as rewritten:

9 "**§ 20-178.1. Payment and review of civil penalty imposed by Department of Public Safety.**

10 ...

11 (c) Judicial Review. – Except as provided in subsection (c1) of this section, any ~~Any~~
12 person who is dissatisfied with the decision of the Secretary and who has paid the penalty in
13 full within 30 days of the notice of decision, as required by subsection (b) of this section, may,
14 within 60 days of the decision, bring an action for refund of the penalty against the Department
15 in the Superior Court of Wake County or in the superior court of the county in which the civil
16 penalty was assessed. The court shall review the Secretary's decision and shall make findings of
17 fact and conclusions of law. The hearing shall be conducted by the court without a jury. In
18 reviewing the case, the court shall not give deference to the prior decision of the Secretary. A
19 superior court may award attorneys' fees to a prevailing plaintiff only upon a showing of bad
20 faith on the part of the Department, and any order for attorneys' fees must be supported by
21 findings of fact and conclusions of law.

22 (c1) Judicial Review. – Any person operating a truck or other motor vehicle transporting
23 supplies, material, or equipment necessary to carry out a farming or forestry operation who is
24 dissatisfied with the decision of the Secretary and who has paid the penalty in full within 30
25 days of the notice of decision, as required by subsection (b) of this section, may, within 60 days
26 of the decision, bring an action for refund of the penalty against the Department in the district
27 court of the county in which the civil penalty was assessed. The court shall review the
28 Secretary's decision and shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law. The hearing shall
29 be conducted by the court without a jury. In reviewing the case, the court shall not give
30 deference to the prior decision of the Secretary. A district court may award attorneys' fees to a
31 prevailing plaintiff only upon a showing of bad faith on the part of the Department, and any
32 order for attorneys' fees must be supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law.

33"

34 **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2014, and applies to penalties
35 assessed on or after that date.



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