# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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#### **HOUSE BILL 366**

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/3/13
Senate Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 6/23/14
Senate Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 6/24/14

# Fifth Edition Engrossed 6/26/14 Proposed Conference Committee Substitute H366-PCCS40291-TQf-6

Short Title:	NC Farm Act of 2014.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

#### March 21, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO (1) MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF ENVIRONMENTAL 3 INVESTIGATIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS AND DIRECT THE 4 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO ADOPT 5 RULES FOR A FORMAL COMPLAINT PROCEDURE: (2) CLARIFY THE 6 AUTHORITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO ADOPT ORDINANCES RELATED 7 TO FERTILIZER; (3) REWRITE THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR LICENSING 8 STATUTES; (4) STUDY THE STATE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE COMMERCIAL 9 VEHICLE SAFETY ALLIANCE NORTH AMERICAN STANDARD INSPECTION 10 PROGRAM; (5) CLARIFY THE MEANING OF THE TERMS "PLANTING AND HARVESTING SEASON" AND "PLANTING AND HARVESTING PERIOD" FOR 11 12 PURPOSES OF APPLYING FEDERAL LAWS OR REGULATIONS RELATING TO 13 HOURS OF SERVICE RULES FOR CERTAIN DRIVERS TRANSPORTING 14 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS; (6) AMEND THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE 15 AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY AWARENESS STUDY COMMISSION: (7) ALLOW THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE TO 16 APPOINT LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS TO CARRY OUT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT 17 18 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER 19 SERVICES; (8) AMEND THE HORSE INDUSTRY PROMOTION ACT; (9) ALLOW 20 THE USE OF PESTICIDES TO CONTROL MOLES; (10) CLASSIFY TRESPASSING ON AN AGRICULTURAL FACILITY AS A FIRST DEGREE TRESPASS; (11) 21 22 REQUIRE WRITTEN CONSENT TO OPERATE AN ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE ON 23 PROPERTY OWNED BY ANOTHER; (12) ALLOW DRAINAGE DISTRICTS TO 24 MAINTAIN DITCHES IN BUFFER ZONES; (13) CLARIFY PERIODIC INSPECTIONS 25 AUTHORITY OF THE NORTH CAROLINA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY: (14) 26 PERMIT SECURITY GRILLES AT ALL EXITS OF A BUILDING SUBJECT TO 27 CERTAIN CONDITIONS; (15) DESIGNATE THE "GOT TO BE NC" MARKETING CAMPAIGN AS THE OFFICIAL AGRICULTURAL MARKETING CAMPAIGN FOR 28



THE STATE; (16) ALLOW CERTIFICATION OF PRIVATE PESTICIDE APPLICATORS; AND (17) EXEMPT STATE FAIR ADMISSION FEES FROM RULE MAKING.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS AND DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO ADOPT RULES FOR A FORMAL COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

**SECTION 1.(a)** Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding two new sections to read:

#### "§ 143-215.9D. Agricultural operation investigations confidential.

Complaints of violations of this Article relating to an agricultural operation and all other records accumulated in conjunction with the investigation of these complaints shall be considered confidential records and may be released only by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. If the Department determines that a violation has occurred, the complaint of the violation and all records accumulated in conjunction with the investigation of the complaint shall be considered public records pursuant to G.S. 132-6. Any information obtained by the Department from any law enforcement agency, administrative agency, or regulatory organization on a confidential or otherwise restricted basis in the course of such an investigation shall be confidential and exempt from the requirements of G.S. 132-6(a) to the same extent that it is confidential in the possession of the providing agency or organization.

# "§ 143-215.9E. Initial consideration of complaint.

- (a) When a complaint alleging a violation of this Article is filed with the Department, the Department may, at its sole discretion, request additional information to be provided by the complainant within a specified period of time of no less than seven business days.
- (b) The Department may decline to accept or further investigate a complaint about an agricultural operation if, after an initial assessment of the complaint, the Department finds reasonable grounds to believe that the complaint is frivolous or was filed in bad faith."

**SECTION 1.(b)** The Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall adopt rules developing a system for receiving, investigating, and responding to environmental complaints about agricultural operations in accordance with Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, the Administrative Procedure Act.

# CLARIFY THE AUTHORITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO ADOPT ORDINANCES RELATED TO FERTILIZER

**SECTION 2.(a)** If Senate Bill 38, 2013 Regular Session, becomes law, then G.S. 106-678, as enacted by Senate Bill 38, reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 106-678. Authority to regulate fertilizers.

No county, city, or other political subdivision of the State shall adopt or continue in effect any ordinance or resolution regulating the use, sale, distribution, storage, transportation, disposal, formulation, labeling, registration, manufacture, or application of fertilizer. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county, city, or other political subdivision of the State from exercising its planning and zoning authority under Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes or Article 18 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes, or from exercising its fire prevention or inspection authority. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources or the Environmental Management Commission to enforce water quality standards. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county, city, or other political subdivision of the State from adopting ordinances regulating fertilizers to protect water quality, provided that the ordinances have been approved by the Environmental Management Commission or the Department of Environment and Natural Resources as part of

a local plan or National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit application and do not exceed the State's minimum requirements to protect water quality as established by the Environmental Management Commission under Part 1, Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county or city from exercising its authority to regulate explosive, corrosive, inflammable, or radioactive substances pursuant to G.S. 153A-128 or G.S. 160A-183."

**SECTION 2.(b)** If Senate Bill 38, 2013 Regular Session, does not become law, then Article 56 of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

#### "§ 106-678. Authority to regulate fertilizers.

No county, city, or other political subdivision of the State shall adopt or continue in effect any ordinance or resolution regulating the use, sale, distribution, storage, transportation, disposal, formulation, labeling, registration, manufacture, or application of fertilizer. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county, city, or other political subdivision of the State from exercising its planning and zoning authority under Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes or Article 18 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes or from exercising its fire prevention or inspection authority. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources or the Environmental Management Commission to enforce water quality standards. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county, city, or other political subdivision of the State from adopting ordinances regulating fertilizers to protect water quality, provided that the ordinances have been approved by the Environmental Management Commission or the Department of Environment and Natural Resources as part of a local plan or National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit application and do not exceed the State's minimum requirements to protect water quality as established by the Environmental Management Commission under Part 1 of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a county or city from exercising its authority to regulate explosive, corrosive, inflammable, or radioactive substances pursuant to G.S. 153A-128 or G.S. 160A-183."

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#### REWRITE THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR LICENSING STATUTES

**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 89D-1 through G.S. 89D-10 are repealed.

**SECTION 3.(b)** Chapter 89D of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new sections to read:

#### "§ 89D-11. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Chapter:

- (1) Board. The North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board.
- (2) <u>Landscape construction or contracting. The act of providing services as a landscape contractor, as defined in this section, for compensation or other consideration.</u>
- (3) <u>Landscape contractor. Any person who, for compensation or other consideration, does any of the following:</u>
  - a. Engages in the business requiring the art, experience, ability, knowledge, science, and skill to prepare contracts and bid for the performance of landscape services, including installing, planting, repairing, and managing gardens, lawns, shrubs, vines, trees, or other decorative vegetation, including the finish grading and preparation of plots and areas of land for decorative utilitarian treatment and arrangement.
  - b. Practices the act of horticulture consultation or planting design for employment purposes.

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- Constructs, installs, or maintains landscape drainage systems and <u>c.</u> cisterns; provided the landscaping contractor makes no connection to pipes, fixtures, apparatus, or appurtenances installed upon the premises, or in a building, to supply water thereto or convey sewage or other waste therefrom as defined in G.S. 87-21.
- Designs, installs, or maintains low-voltage landscape lighting <u>d.</u> systems, provided (i) the work does not exceed the scope of the exception set forth in G.S. 87-43.1(7) and (ii) the low-voltage lighting systems do not exceed 50 volts and constitute a Class II or Class III cord and plug connected power system.
- Engages in the construction of garden pools, retaining walls, walks, <u>e.</u> patios, or other decorative landscape features.
- Person. An individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other <u>(4)</u> legal entity.

### "§ 89D-12. License required; use of seal; posting license.

- Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, no person shall engage in the practice of landscape construction or contracting, use the designation "landscape contractor," or advertise using any title or description that implies licensure as a landscape contractor unless the person is licensed as a landscape contractor as provided by this Chapter. All landscape construction or contracting performed by a partnership, association, corporation, firm, or other group shall be performed under an individual who is readily available to exercise supervision over the landscape construction and contracting work and who is licensed by the Board under this Chapter.
- (b) Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to authorize a landscape contractor to engage in any of the following:
  - (1) The practice of landscape architecture, as defined in G.S. 89A-1.
  - (2) The practice of engineering, as defined in G.S. 89C-3.
  - **(3)** Practice as a well contractor certified under Article 7A of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.
  - (4) The practice of irrigation contracting, as defined in G.S. 89G-1.
  - The practice of architecture, as defined in G.S. 83A-1. (5)
  - The practice of plumbing, heating group number one, heating group number (6) two, heating group number three, fire sprinkler, or fuel piping contracting, as defined in G.S. 87-21, provided the landscaping contractor may install piping, fittings, valves, and associated components for the purpose of landscape contracting that is downstream of a potable water source, groundwater source, or grey water source, and downstream of a backflow prevention assembly.
  - The practice of electrical contracting, as defined in G.S. 87-43. (7)
- A landscape contractor licensed under this Chapter is not required to be licensed as a general contractor under Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes if the licensed landscape contractor is performing landscape construction or contracting work valued at an amount greater than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
- Upon licensure by the Board, each landscape contractor shall obtain a seal of the design authorized by the Board and bearing the name of the licensee, the number of the license, and the legend "N.C. Licensed Landscape Contractor." A landscape contractor may use the seal only while the license is valid.
- Every landscape contractor issued a license under this Chapter shall display the (e) license conspicuously in the landscape contractor's place of business. Every landscape contractor shall display the license number issued to the contractor by the Board on all business cards, contracts, and vehicles used by the contractor in the landscape contracting business.

### "§ 89D-13. Exemptions.

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The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the following:

- Any federal, State, or local governmental agency performing landscaping on (1) public property.
- (2) The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). However, for landscape installations or establishment periods for any project that exceeds the current contract amount requiring performance and payment bonds according to State law, NCDOT shall require a licensed landscape contractor to perform the work. NCDOT, at its discretion, may require a licensed landscape contractor for landscape projects of any cost.
- **(3)** Any property owner performing landscape work on his or her own property.
- Any person or business owning or operating a golf course. (4)
- Any landscaping work where the price of all contracts for labor, material. (5) and other items for a given job site during any consecutive 12-month period is less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000). A local governmental unit shall not enact a local ordinance or regulation requiring licensure for landscaping work performed pursuant to this subdivision.
- A general contractor licensed under Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General <u>(6)</u> Statutes who possesses a classification under G.S. 87-10(b) as a building contractor, a residential contractor, or a public utilities contractor.
- <u>(7)</u> Any person or business licensed as an electrical contractor under Article 4 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes who is designing, installing, or maintaining any electric work, wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment.
- <u>(8)</u> Any person or business licensed as a plumbing contractor under Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes who is installing pipes, fixtures, apparatus, or appurtenances to supply water thereto or convey sewage or other waste therefrom, including the installation, repair, or maintenance of water mains, water taps, services lines, water meters, or backflow prevention assemblies supplying water for irrigation systems or repairs to an irrigation system.
- A professional engineer licensed pursuant to Chapter 89C of the General (9)
- A professional landscape architect licensed under Chapter 89A of the <u>(10)</u> General Statutes.
- An individual or a business engaged in any of the following activities while (11)performing that activity:
  - Clearing and grading plots and areas of land. a.
  - <u>b.</u> Erosion control.
  - Arboriculture, including consultations on pruning and removal of <u>c.</u>
  - The installation of sod, seed, or plugs by sod producers certified by <u>d.</u> the Plant Industry Division of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
  - Landscape construction performed by utilities contractors for the <u>e.</u> purpose of grading and erosion control.
  - Lawn mowing, turf edging, and debris removal services. f.
  - Turf management or lawn care services only, including fertilization, g. aeration, weed control, or other turf management or lawn care practices other than mowing or edging.
  - Design, installation, and maintenance of on-site wastewater disposal <u>h.</u> or reuse systems within the on-site wastewater permit specifications.

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**General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2013 1 Any person performing landscaping work on a farm for use in agriculture (12)2 production, farming, or ranching. 3 "§ 89D-14. The North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board. 4 There is created the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board. The 5 Board shall consist of nine members appointed as follows: 6 One member appointed by the Governor who is a member of the general (1) 7 public. 8 One member appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture pursuant to (2) 9 recommendations from The North Carolina Green Industry Council. 10 One member appointed by the Board of Directors of the North Carolina (3) 11 Nursery and Landscape Association, Inc., who is a practicing nurseryman operating a nursery certified by the North Carolina Department of 12 13 Agriculture and Consumer Services Plant Industry Division. 14 Four members who are licensed landscape contractors in the business of <u>(4)</u> 15 landscape construction or contracting. One of the four members shall be 16 appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the 17 Speaker of the House of Representatives pursuant to recommendations from The North Carolina Green Industry Council; one shall be appointed by the 18 19 General Assembly upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore 20 of the Senate pursuant to recommendations from the Carolinas Irrigation 21 Association, who is also a licensed irrigation contractor; and two shall be 22 appointed by the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Nursery and 23 Landscape Association, Inc.

- (5) One member appointed by the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Chapter of the American Society of Landscape Architects who is a registered landscape architect.
- (6) One member appointed by the President of The University of North Carolina from within the land grant university community who is knowledgeable in landscaping methods and practices.
- (b) All appointments shall be for three-year terms. No member shall serve more than two complete consecutive terms.
- (c) A vacancy on the Board created by death, resignation, or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment, except that all unexpired terms of Board members appointed by the General Assembly shall be filled in accordance with G.S. 120-122. Appointees to fill vacancies shall serve the remainder of the unexpired term and until their successors are appointed and qualified.
- (d) The Board shall elect annually a chair and other officers as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this Chapter and shall hold meetings at least twice a year. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum.
- (e) Each member of the Board may receive per diem and reimbursement for travel and subsistence as set forth in G.S. 93B-5.
- (f) The Board shall be entitled to the services of the Attorney General in connection with the affairs of the Board or may, in its discretion, employ an attorney to assist or represent it in the enforcement of this Chapter.

# "§ 89D-15. Powers and duties.

The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) Administer and enforce the provisions of this Chapter.
- (2) Adopt, amend, or repeal rules to carry out the provisions of this Chapter.
- (3) Examine and determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and licensure renewal.
  - (4) <u>Issue</u>, renew, deny, restrict, suspend, or revoke licenses.

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- (4) Files with the Board and maintains a corporate surety bond executed by a company authorized to do business in this State or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by an insured institution. The surety bond or the letter of credit shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). The surety bond or letter of credit shall be approved by the Board as to form and shall be conditioned upon the obligor faithfully conforming to and abiding by the provisions of this Chapter. Any person claiming to be injured by an act of a licensed landscape contractor that constitutes a violation of this Chapter may institute an action to recover against the licensee and the surety.
- (b) If the applicant meets all the qualifications in subsection (a) of this section, the applicant shall be required to pass an examination administered by the Board before the Board may issue the license. The Board shall establish the scope and subject matter of the examination to be administered. The Board shall administer examinations at least twice a year at a time and place to be determined by the Board.
- (c) When the Board determines that an applicant has met all the qualifications for licensure, submitted the required fee, and passed the examination, the Board shall issue a license to the applicant.

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## "§ 89D-17. Corporations; partnerships; persons doing business under trade name.

- (a) The Board may issue a license in the name of a corporation if the corporation complies with the following:
  - (1) One or more officers or full-time employees, or both, empowered to act for the corporation are individuals licensed under this Chapter.
  - Only the officers or employees described in subdivision (1) of this subsection execute contracts for landscape construction or contracting in the name of a corporation and are readily available to exercise supervision over the work performed pursuant to the contract.
- (b) The Board may issue a license in the name of a limited liability company if the company complies with the following:
  - (1) One or more managers, as defined in G.S. 57D-1-03, executives, or full-time employees, or a combination thereof, are individuals licensed under this Chapter.
  - Only the managers, executives, or employees described in subdivision (1) of this subsection execute contracts for landscape construction or contracting in the name of the limited liability company and are readily available to exercise supervision over the work performed pursuant to the contract.
- (c) The Board may issue a license in the name of a partnership if the partnership complies with the following:
  - (1) One or more general partners or full-time employees empowered to act for the partnership are individuals licensed under this Chapter.
  - Only the partners or employees described in subdivision (1) of this subsection execute contracts for landscape construction or contracting in the name of the partnership and are readily available to exercise supervision over the work performed pursuant to the contract.
- (d) The Board may issue a license in an assumed or designated trade name if the owner of the business complies with the following:
  - (1) The owner or one or more full-time employees empowered to act for the owner is an individual licensed under this Chapter.
  - Only the persons described in subdivision (1) of this subsection execute contracts for landscape construction or contracting in the assumed or designated trade name of the business and are readily available to exercise supervision over the work performed pursuant to the contract.
- (e) When the Board issues a license under this section, the Board shall indicate on the license the name and license number of the individual licensee connected to the corporation, partnership, or business conducted under an assumed or designated trade name.
- (f) A person licensed pursuant to this section shall be readily available to exercise supervision over a contract for landscape construction or contracting until the contract is completed.
- (g) When a licensee executes a contract for landscape construction or contracting in any capacity other than as a sole proprietor contracting on the licensee's own behalf, the person on whose behalf the licensee is executing the contract shall be licensed under this section.
- (h) A corporation, partnership, or person doing business under an assumed or designated trade name shall notify the Board in accordance with rules adopted by the Board if an individual licensee who is indicated in the license issued under this section ceases to be an officer, partner, owner, or employee of the corporation, partnership, or person doing business under the assumed or designated trade name. If the corporation, partnership, or person no longer has an officer, general partner, owner, or employee described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), subdivision (1) of subsection (b), or subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, the corporation, partnership, or person shall have 120 days from the date the officer,

general partner, owner, or employee ceases the relationship with the corporation, partnership, or person to satisfy the requirements described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), subdivision (1) of subsection (b), or subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section. The Board may, in its discretion, grant the corporation, partnership, or person a period greater than 120 days to satisfy the requirements described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), subdivision (1) of subsection (b), or subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section as it deems appropriate. After 120 days, or a time period greater than 120 days as approved by the Board, if the corporation, partnership, or person does not have an officer, general partner, owner, or employee as described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), subdivision (1) of subsection (b), or subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, the license issued under this section is automatically suspended and the corporation, partnership, or person shall cease practicing landscape construction or contracting.

# "§ 89D-18. Licensing of nonresidents.

- (a) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
  - (1) Delinquent income tax debt. The amount of income tax due as stated in a final notice of assessment issued to a taxpayer by the Secretary of Revenue when the taxpayer no longer has the right to contest the amount.
  - (2) Foreign corporation. A corporation as defined in G.S. 55-1-40.
  - (3) Foreign entity. A foreign corporation, a foreign limited liability company, or a foreign partnership.
  - (4) <u>Foreign limited liability company. A company as defined in</u> G.S. 57D-1-03.
  - (5) Foreign partnership. One of the following that does not have a permanent place of business in this State:
    - <u>a.</u> A foreign limited partnership as defined in G.S. 59-102.
    - <u>b.</u> A general partnership formed under the laws of a jurisdiction other than this State.
- (b) <u>Licensing. Except as provided in this section, the Board may issue a license to a nonresident individual or a foreign entity that meets the requirements for licensure under this Chapter.</u>
- (c) Certificate of Authority Required. The Board shall not issue a license for a foreign corporation unless the corporation has obtained a certificate of authority from the Secretary of State pursuant to Article 15 of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes. The Board shall not issue a license for a foreign limited liability company unless the company has obtained a certificate of authority from the Secretary of State pursuant to Article 7 of Chapter 57D of the General Statutes.
- (d) <u>Information. The Board, upon request, shall provide the Secretary of Revenue the name, address, and tax identification number of every nonresident individual and foreign entity licensed by the Board. The information to be provided under this section shall be in a form required by the Secretary of Revenue.</u>
- (e) Delinquents. If the Secretary of Revenue determines that any nonresident individual or foreign entity licensed by the Board owes a delinquent income tax debt, the Secretary of Revenue may notify the Board of the nonresident individual or foreign entity and instruct the Board not to renew the nonresident individual or foreign entity's license. The Board shall not renew the license of a nonresident individual or foreign entity identified by the Secretary of Revenue unless the Board receives a written statement from the Secretary that (i) the debt has been paid or (ii) the debt is being paid pursuant to an installment agreement.

#### "§ 89D-19. Reciprocity.

The Board may issue a license, without examination, to any person who is a landscape contractor licensed, certified, or registered in another state or country if the requirements for

licensure, certification, or registration in the other state or country are substantially equivalent
 to the requirements for licensure in this State.

# "§ 89D-20. License renewal and continuing education.

- (a) Every license issued under this Chapter shall be renewed on or before the first day of August of each year. Any person who desires to continue to practice shall apply for a license renewal and shall submit the required fee. Licenses that are not renewed shall be automatically revoked. A license may be renewed at any time within one year after its expiration if (i) the applicant pays the required renewal fee and late renewal fee, (ii) the Board finds that the applicant has not used the license in a manner inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter or engaged in the practice of landscape construction or contracting after notice of revocation, and (iii) the applicant is otherwise eligible for licensure under the provisions of this Chapter. When necessary, the Board may require licensees to demonstrate continued competence as a condition of license renewal.
- (b) As a condition of license renewal, a licensee shall meet the continuing education requirements set by the Board. Each licensee shall complete seven continuing education units per year. The Board may suspend a licensee's license for 30 days for failure to obtain continuing education units required by this subsection. Upon payment of a reinstatement fee, submission to the Board of proof of the continuing education units required by this subsection, and payment of the license renewal fee and late renewal fee, the licensee's license shall be reinstated. Failure to request a reinstatement of the license and failure to pay the reinstatement fee, renewal fee, and late renewal fee shall result in the forfeiture of a license. Upon forfeiture, a person shall be required to submit a new application and retake the examination as provided in this Chapter.

# "§ 89D-21. Expenses and fees.

<u>(a)</u>	I ne E	soard may impose the following fees not to exceed the am-	ounts listed below:
	<u>(1)</u>	Application fee	<u>\$100.00</u>
	<u>(2)</u>	Examination fee	<u>250.00</u>
	<u>(3)</u>	Individual license fee and individual license renewal	<u>100.00</u>
	<u>(4)</u>	Initial corporate, limited liability company, partnership,	
		or trade name license	<u>100.00</u>
	<u>(5)</u>	Corporate, limited liability company, partnership,	
		or trade name license renewal	<u>100.00</u>
	<u>(6)</u>	<u>Late renewal fee</u>	<u>50.00</u>
	<u>(7)</u>	Reinstatement fee	<u>250.00</u>
	(8)	License by reciprocity	250.00

(b) When the Board uses a testing service for the preparation, administration, or grading of examinations, the Board may charge the applicant the actual cost of the examination services and a prorated portion of the examination fee.

# "§ 89D-22. Disciplinary action.

Duplicate license

(9)

- (a) The Board may deny, restrict, suspend, or revoke a license or refuse to issue or renew a license if a licensee or applicant does any of the following:
  - (1) Employs the use of fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or the renewal of a license.
  - (2) Practices or attempts to practice landscape construction or contracting by fraudulent misrepresentation.
  - (3) Commits an act of gross malpractice or incompetence as determined by the Board.
  - (4) Has been convicted of or pled guilty or no contest to a crime that indicates that the person is unfit or incompetent to practice as a landscape contractor or that indicates that the person has deceived or defrauded the public.

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- (5) Has been declared incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (6) Has willfully violated any provision in this Chapter or any rules adopted by the Board.
  - (7) Uses or attempts to use the seal in a fraudulent or unauthorized manner.
  - (8) Fails to file the required surety bond or letter of credit or to keep the bond or letter of credit in force.
  - (b) The Board may assess costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and investigatory costs, in a proceeding under this section against an applicant or licensee found to be in violation of this Chapter.

# "§ 89D-23. Civil penalties.

- (a) In addition to taking any of the actions permitted under G.S. 89D-22, the Board may assess a civil penalty not in excess of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each violation of any section of this Chapter or the violation of any rules adopted by the Board. The clear proceeds of any civil penalty assessed under this section shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.
- (b) Before imposing and assessing a civil penalty and fixing the amount of the penalty, the Board shall, as a part of its deliberations, take into consideration the following factors:
  - (1) The nature, gravity, and persistence of the particular violation.
  - (2) The appropriateness of the imposition of a civil penalty when considered alone or in combination with other punishment.
  - (3) Whether the violation was willful and malicious.
  - (4) Any other factors that would tend to mitigate or aggravate the violations found to exist.

# "§ 89D-24. Injunction to prevent violation; notification of complaints.

- (a) If the Board finds that a person who does not have a license issued under this Chapter is engaging in the practice of landscape construction or contracting, the Board may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for injunctive relief to prevent any person from violating the provisions of this Chapter or the rules adopted by the Board.
- (b) A licensed landscape contractor shall notify the Board of any written complaints filed against the landscape contractor not resolved within 30 days from the date the complaint was filed by registered mail to the Board."
- **SECTION 3.(c)** Members serving on the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Registration Board on the effective date of this act shall continue to serve until members of the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board, G.S. 89D-14(a), as enacted by Section 3(b) of this act, are appointed.
- **SECTION 3.(d)** Once the term of one of the current public members appointed by the Governor expires, the General Assembly, upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall appoint a licensed landscape contractor in the business of landscape construction and contracting. Once the term of one of the current members appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture expires, the General Assembly, upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, shall appoint a licensed landscape contractor in the business of landscape construction and contracting. All records, staff, funds, and other items of the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Registration Board are transferred to and made the property of the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board.
- **SECTION 3.(e)** Any person who, on or before December 31, 2014, meets at least one of the following criteria shall be issued a landscape contractor's license by the North Carolina Landscape Contractors' Licensing Board, without the requirement of examination, upon submission of a completed application and payment of the application fee on or before August 1, 2015:
  - (1) Is registered as a landscape contractor.
  - (2) Is licensed as an irrigation contractor.

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- Is certified as a turf grass professional. (3)
- (4) Has three years of documented experience in the person's own business as a landscape contractor or three years of documented experience as an employee in a landscape contracting business and meets all other requirements and qualifications for licensure as a landscape contractor. Educational experience can be applied toward the three-year experience requirement as follows:
  - One year of credit for a two-year degree in related educational
  - Two years of credit for a four-year degree in related educational b. training.
  - c. Up to two years of credit for education or business experience in general business management.

Landscape contractors currently registered under Chapter 89D of the General Statutes shall not be required to renew the registration for the 2015 calendar year to qualify for the landscape contractor's license, as enacted by Section 3(b) of this act.

**SECTION 3.(f)** This section becomes effective August 1, 2015.

# STUDY THE STATE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE SAFETY ALLIANCE NORTH AMERICAN STANDARD INSPECTION PROGRAM

**SECTION 4.** The Department of Public Safety shall study the State's participation in the Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance North American Standard Inspection Program for roadside commercial vehicle safety inspections. The study shall include (i) a history of when North Carolina joined the program; (ii) an explanation of how the program is currently being implemented; (iii) data on how many safety inspection decals are issued annually; and (iv) a geographic analysis of where safety inspection decals are issued within the State. The Department shall report the results of its study to the Agriculture and Forestry Awareness Study Commission on or before February 1, 2015.

CLARIFY THE MEANING OF THE TERMS "PLANTING AND HARVESTING SEASON" AND "PLANTING AND HARVESTING PERIOD" FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING FEDERAL LAWS OR REGULATIONS RELATING TO HOURS OF SERVICE RULES FOR CERTAIN DRIVERS TRANSPORTING AGRICULTURAL **PRODUCTS** 

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 20-381 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

- "§ 20-381. Specific powers and duties of Department of Public Safety applicable to motor carriers; agricultural exemption.
- For purposes of 49 C.F.R. § 395.1(k) and any other federal law or regulation (c) relating to hours-of-service rules for drivers engaged in the transportation of agricultural commodities and farm supplies for agricultural purposes, the terms "planting and harvesting season" and "planting and harvesting period" refer to the period from January 1 through December 31 of each year."

# AMEND THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY AWARENESS STUDY COMMISSION

**SECTION 6.** G.S. 120-150 reads as rewritten:

"§ 120-150. Creation; appointment of members.

There is created an Agriculture and Forestry Awareness Study Commission. Members of the Commission shall be citizens of North Carolina who are interested in the vitality of the agriculture and forestry sectors of the State's economy. Members shall be as follows:

- 1 (1) Three appointed by the Governor.
  - (2) Three appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
- 3 (3) Three appointed by the Speaker of the House.
  - (4) The chairs of the House Agriculture Committee.
  - (5) The chairs of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources.
    - (6) The Commissioner of Agriculture or the Commissioner's designee.
    - (7) A member of the Board of Agriculture designated by the chair of the Board of Agriculture.
      - (8) The President of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., or the President's designee.
      - (9) The President of the North Carolina State Grange or the President's designee.
      - (10) The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources or the Secretary's designee.
      - (11) The President of the North Carolina Forestry Association, Inc., or the President's designee.

Members shall be appointed for two-year terms beginning October 1 of each odd-numbered year. The Chairs of the House Agriculture Committee and the Chairs of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources shall serve as cochairs. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may each appoint an additional member of the Senate and House, respectively, to serve as cochair. If appointed, these cochairs shall be voting members of the Commission."

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# ALLOW THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE TO APPOINT LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS TO CARRY OUT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

**SECTION 7.** G.S. 106-900 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 106-900. Powers of forest—Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services law-enforcement officers.

The Commissioner is authorized to appoint as many forest law enforcement Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services law enforcement officers as he or she deems necessary to carry out the forest law-enforcement responsibilities of the Department investigate and enforce any violation of the laws within the authority of the Department or which occur on Department property. Such officers shall meet the requirements of Chapter 17C of the General Statutes and shall take the oath of office prescribed by Section 7 of Article VI of the North Carolina Constitution. Forest law enforcement officers shall Of these officers, the Commissioner may designate certain officers to also have all—the powers and the duties of a forest ranger enumerated in G.S. 106-898 and G.S. 106-899. G.S. 106-899 and the power to enforce the forest laws. Forest law-enforcement officers shall, in addition to their other duties, have the powers of peace officers to enforce the forest laws. Any forest A Department law enforcement law enforcement officer may arrest, without warrant, any person or persons committing any crime in his the officer's presence or whom who such officer has probable cause for believing has committed a crime in his the officer's presence and bring such person or persons forthwith before a district court or other officer having jurisdiction. Forest Department law enforcement law enforcement officers shall also have authority to obtain and serve warrants including warrants for violation of any duly promulgated rule of the Department."

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### AMEND HORSE INDUSTRY PROMOTION ACT

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 106-822 reads as rewritten:

50 "**§ 106-822. Definitions.** 

As used in this Article:

Statutes used for transmission, distribution, measurement, testing, regulating, compression, control, or storage of natural gas.

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Any facility used or operated for agricultural activities, as that term is d. defined in G.S. 106-581.1."

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**SECTION 10.(b)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2014, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

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# REQUIRE WRITTEN CONSENT TO OPERATE ALL TERRAIN VEHICLES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY

**SECTION 11.(a)** G.S. 14-159.3 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 14-159.3. Trespass to land on motorized all terrain vehicle.

- (a) No person shall operate any motorized all terrain vehicle:
  - (1) On any private property not owned by the operator, without the <u>written</u> consent of the owner; or
  - (2) Within the banks of any stream or waterway, but excluding a sound or the Atlantic Ocean, the adjacent lands of which are not owned by the operator, without the consent of the owner or outside the restrictions imposed by the owner.
- (a1) A landowner who gives a person written consent to operate an all-terrain vehicle on his or her property owes the person the same duty of care that he or she owes a trespasser.
- (b) A "motorized all terrain vehicle", as used in this section, is a two or more wheeled vehicle designed for recreational off-road use.
  - (c) A violation of this section shall be a Class 2 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 11.(b)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2014, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

#### ALLOW DRAINAGE DISTRICTS TO MAINTAIN DITCHES IN BUFFER ZONES

**SECTION 12.** G.S. 156-82.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

## "§ 156-82.1. Duties and powers of the board of drainage commissioners.

- (a) The board of drainage commissioners shall proceed with the levying of assessments, issuance of bonds and construction of canals, water retardant structures and other improvements and acquisition of equipment as approved by the court in the adjudication upon the final report of the board of viewers, either in the creation of the district or in subsequent proceedings authorized by Article 7B.
- (b) The commissioners shall maintain the canals, water retardant structures, and all other improvements and equipment of the district.
- (b1) No State statute or rule or local government ordinance for the establishment, preservation, or maintenance of riparian buffers for the protection of water quality shall apply to the construction, operation, maintenance, or repair of canals, water retardant structures, or other improvements under the control and supervision of a board of drainage commissioners.

...."

# CLARIFY PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AUTHORITY OF HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

**SECTION 13.(a)** G.S. 153A-364 reads as rewritten:

"§ 153A-364. Periodic inspections for hazardous or unlawful conditions.

(b) A county may require periodic inspections as part of a targeted effort within a geographic area that has been designated by the county commissioners. The county shall not discriminate in its selection of areas or housing types to be targeted and shall (i) provide notice to all owners and residents of properties in the affected area about the periodic inspections plan and information regarding a public hearing regarding the plan; (ii) hold a public hearing regarding the plan; and (iii) establish a plan to address the ability of low-income residential property owners to comply with minimum housing code standards. A residential building or structure that is subject to periodic inspections by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (hereinafter "Agency") shall not be subject to periodic inspections under this subsection if the Agency has issued a finding that the building or structure is in compliance with federal standards established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development to assess the physical condition of residential property. The owner or manager of a residential building or structure subject to periodic inspections by the Agency shall, within 10 days of receipt, submit to the inspection department a copy of the Compliance Results Letter issued by

the Agency showing that the residential building or structure is in compliance with federal housing inspection standards. If the owner or manager fails to submit a copy of the Compliance Results Letter as provided in this subsection, the residential building or structure shall be subject to periodic inspections as provided in this subsection until the Compliance Results Letter is submitted to the inspection department.

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**SECTION 13.(b)** G.S. 160A-424 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 160A-424. Periodic inspections.

...

(b) A city may require periodic inspections as part of a targeted effort within a geographic area that has been designated by the city council. The municipality shall not discriminate in its selection of areas or housing types to be targeted and shall (i) provide notice to all owners and residents of properties in the affected area about the periodic inspections plan and information regarding a public hearing regarding the plan; (ii) hold a public hearing regarding the plan; and (iii) establish a plan to address the ability of low-income residential property owners to comply with minimum housing code standards. A residential building or structure that is subject to periodic inspections by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (hereinafter "Agency") shall not be subject to periodic inspections under this subsection if the Agency has issued a finding that the building or structure is in compliance with federal standards established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development to assess the physical condition of residential property. The owner or manager of a residential building or structure subject to periodic inspections by the Agency shall, within 10 days of receipt, submit to the inspection department a copy of the Compliance Results Letter issued by the Agency showing that the residential building or structure is in compliance with federal housing inspection standards. If the owner or manager fails to submit a copy of the Compliance Results Letter as provided in this subsection, the residential building or structure shall be subject to periodic inspections as provided in this subsection until the Compliance Results Letter is submitted to the inspection department.

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# PERMIT SECURITY GRILLES AT ALL EXITS OF A BUILDING SUBJECT TO CERTAIN CONDITIONS

**SECTION 14.(a)** Notwithstanding Section 1008.1.4.5 of the 2012 NC State Building Code (Fire Code), horizontal sliding or vertical security grilles shall be permitted at all exits or exit access doorways, provided that the grilles are openable from the inside without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort during periods that the space is occupied by authorized persons and that the grilles remain secured in the full-open position during the period of occupancy by the general public.

**SECTION 14.(b)** The Building Code Council shall adopt a rule to amend Section 1008.1.4.5 of the 2012 NC State Building Code (Fire Code) consistent with Section 14(a) of this section.

**SECTION 14.(c)** Section 14(a) of this section expires on the date that the rule adopted pursuant to Section 14(b) of this section becomes effective.

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# DESIGNATE "GOT TO BE NC" MARKETING CAMPAIGN AS THE OFFICIAL AGRICULTURAL MARKETING CAMPAIGN FOR THE STATE

**SECTION 15.** G.S. 106-550 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 106-550. Policy as to promotion of use of, and markets for, farm products.

(a) It is declared to be in the interest of the public welfare that the North Carolina farmers who are producers of livestock, poultry, <u>seafood</u>, field crops and other agricultural products, including cattle, sheep, broilers, turkeys, commercial eggs, peanuts, cotton, potatoes,

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sweet potatoes, peaches, apples, berries, vegetables and other fruits of all kinds, as well as bulbs and flowers and other agricultural products having a domestic or foreign market, shall be permitted and encouraged to act jointly and in cooperation with growers, handlers, dealers and processors of such products in promoting and stimulating, by advertising and other methods, the increased production, use and sale, domestic and foreign, of any and all of such agricultural commodities. The provisions of this Article, however, shall not include the agricultural products of tobacco, strawberries, strawberry plants, porcine animals, or equines, with respect to which separate provisions have been made.

The "Got to Be NC" marketing campaign of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be the official agricultural marketing campaign for the State."

#### ALLOW CERTIFICATION OF PRIVATE PESTICIDE APPLICATORS

**SECTION 16.** G.S. 143-440(b) reads as rewritten:

The Board may include in any such restricted use regulation the time and conditions of sale, distribution, or use of such restricted use pesticides, may prohibit the use of any restricted use pesticide for designated purposes or at designated times; may require the purchaser or user to certify that restricted use pesticides will be used only as labeled or as further restricted by regulation; may require the certification and recertification of private applicators, and charge a fee of up to ten dollars (\$10.00), with the fee set at a level to make the certification/recertification program self-supporting, and, after opportunity for a hearing, may suspend, revoke or modify the certification for violation of any provision of this Article, or any rule or regulation adopted thereunder; may adopt rules to classify private applicators; and may, if it deems it necessary to carry out the provisions of this Part, require that any or all restricted use pesticides shall be purchased, possessed, or used only under permit of the Board and under its direct supervision in certain areas and/or under certain conditions or in certain quantities or concentrations except that any person licensed to sell such pesticides may purchase and possess such pesticides without a permit. The Board may require all persons issued such permits to maintain records as to the use of the restricted use pesticides. The Board may authorize the use of restricted use pesticides by persons licensed under the North Carolina Structural Pest Control Act without a permit. A nonrefundable fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) shall be charged for each examination required by this section. This examination fee is in addition to the certification or recertification fee, and any other fee authorized pursuant to any other provision of Article 4C of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes."

#### EXEMPT STATE FAIR ADMISSION FEES FROM RULE MAKING

**SECTION 17.** G.S. 150B-1(d) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

- Exemptions from Rule Making. Article 2A of this Chapter does not apply to the ''(d)following:
  - The Board of Agriculture in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer (26)Services with respect to annual admission fees for the State Fair. The Board shall annually post the admission fee schedule on its Web site and provide notice of the fee schedule, along with a citation to this section, to all persons named on the mailing list maintained pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.2(d)."

#### SEVERABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE

**SECTION 18.(a)** If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

**SECTION 18.(b)** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.