GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 761

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/13 Third Edition Engrossed 4/25/13 Senate Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 7/2/13 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H761-PCS40295-RO-49

Short Title: Regulatory Reform Act of 2014.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 11, 2013

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PROVIDE FURTHER REGULATORY RELIEF TO THE CITIZENS OF 3 NORTH CAROLINA BY PROVIDING FOR VARIOUS ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS. BY ELIMINATING CERTAIN UNNECESSARY OR OUTDATED 4 5 STATUTES AND REGULATIONS AND MODERNIZING OR SIMPLIFYING 6 CUMBERSOME OR OUTDATED REGULATIONS, AND BY MAKING VARIOUS 7 OTHER STATUTORY CHANGES. 8 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 9 10 PART I. ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS 11 12 THE ELIMINATE, AS **OBSOLETE**, SMALL BUSINESS **CONTRACTOR** 13 AUTHORITY, THE COMMITTEE ON DROPOUT PREVENTION, THE STATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE, THE STATE EDUCATION COMMISSION, THE 14 15 NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA DESIGNATION COMMISSION, THE GOVERNOR'S MANAGEMENT COUNCIL, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH 16 17 CAROLINA CENTER FOR NURSING, AND THE BOARD OF CORRECTIONS SECTION 1.1.(a) Part 20 of Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is 18 19 repealed. 20 **SECTION 1.1.(b)** Article 6B of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is repealed. **SECTION 1.1.(c)** G.S. 116C-1 reads as rewritten: 21 22 "§ 116C-1. Education Cabinet created. 23 The Education Cabinet is created. The Education Cabinet shall be located (a) 24 administratively within, and shall exercise its powers within existing resources of, the Office of the Governor. However, the Education Cabinet shall exercise its statutory powers 25 independently of the Office of the Governor. 26 27 The Education Cabinet shall consist of the Governor, who shall serve as chair, the (b) President of The University of North Carolina, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, 28 29 the Chairman of the State Board of Education, the President of the North Carolina Community 30 Colleges System, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the President of the North Carolina Independent Colleges and Universities. The Education Cabinet may invite other 31 representatives of education to participate in its deliberations as adjunct members. 32 33 (c) The Education Cabinet shall be a nonvoting body that:



(Public)

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(1) Works to resolve issues between existing providers of	education.
(2) Sets the agenda for the State Education Commission.	
(3) Develops a strategic design for a continuum of eacordance with G.S. 116C-3.	ducation programs, in
(4) Studies other issues referred to it by the Governor or the	he General Assembly.
(d) The Office of the Governor, in coordination with the staffs	
North Carolina, the North Carolina Community College System, and the	
Instruction, shall provide staff to the Education Cabinet."	1
SECTION 1.1.(d) G.S. 116C-2 is repealed.	
SECTION 1.1.(e) Article 26 of Chapter 143 of the General S	Statutes is repealed.
SECTION 1.1.(f) Section 18.10 of S.L. 2001-491 reads as re	written:
"SECTION 18.10. Notwithstanding G.S. 158-8.1, the Western No.	
Economic Development Commission shall develop a regional heritage	-
present the plan to the 2002 Regular Session of the 2001 General Assen	
1, 2002. The National Heritage Area Designation Commission created p	
of this act shall terminate August 1, 2014."	
SECTION 1.1.(g) Part 24 of Article 9 of Chapter 143B of	the General Statutes is
repealed.	
SECTION 1.1.(h) G.S. 90-171.71 is repealed.	
SECTION 1.1.(i) G.S. 143B-711 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 143B-711. Division of Adult Correction of the Department	of Public Safety –
organization.	
The Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Saf	ety shall be organized
initially to include the Post-Release Supervision and Parole Comn	nission, the Board of
Correction, the Section of Prisons of the Division of Adult Corre	ction, the Section of
Community Corrections, the Section of Alcoholism and Chemical I	Dependency Treatment
Programs, and such other divisions as may be established under the prov	isions of the Executive
Organization Act of 1973."	
SECTION 1.1.(j) G.S. 143B-715 is repealed.	
CLARIFY PROCESS FOR READOPTION OF EXISTING RULES	
SECTION 1.2. G.S. 150B-21.3A(d) reads as rewritten:	
"(d) Timetable. – The Commission shall establish a schedule	
readoption of existing rules in accordance with this section on a decennia	
(1) With regard to the review process, the Commission sh	
each Title of the Administrative Code a date by whi	-
by this section must be completed. In establishi	-
Commission shall consider the scope and complexity	5
section and the resources required to conduct the re-	1 V
section. The Commission shall have broad authority	•
and extend the time for review in appropriate circ	-
provided in subsection subsections (e) and (f) of this	
fails to conduct the review by the date set by the	
contained in that Title which have not been revie	-
contained in that Title which have not been revie Commission shall report to the Committee any agend	cy that fails to conduct
contained in that Title which have not been revie Commission shall report to the Committee any agence the review. The Commission may exempt rules that	by that fails to conduct have been adopted or
contained in that Title which have not been revier Commission shall report to the Committee any agence the review. The Commission may exempt rules that amended within the previous 10 years from the re	by that fails to conduct have been adopted or view required by this
contained in that Title which have not been revier Commission shall report to the Committee any agence the review. The Commission may exempt rules that amended within the previous 10 years from the re section. However, any rule exempted on this basis	by that fails to conduct have been adopted or view required by this must be reviewed in
contained in that Title which have not been revier Commission shall report to the Committee any agence the review. The Commission may exempt rules that amended within the previous 10 years from the re	by that fails to conduct have been adopted or view required by this must be reviewed in

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1	<u>(2)</u>	With regard to the readoption of rules as require	•
2 3		of this section, once the final determination r	-
3 4		<u>Commission shall establish a date by which</u> rules. The Commission shall consult with the a	• • •
4 5			
5 6		agency's rule-making priorities in establishin	
7		agency may amend a rule as part of the readered without substantive change, the agen	
8		readopted without substantive change, the agent fiscal note as provided by G.S. 150B-21.4."	cy is not required to prepare a
o 9		liscal note as provided by G.S. 150B-21.4.	
10		E LICENSING BOARDS TO ADOPT RULE	S FOR PROFESSIONAL
11 12	CORPORAT	CTION 1.3. G.S. 55B-12 reads as rewritten:	
12		oplication of regulations of licensing boards.	
13 14	· · ·	professional corporation shall be subject to the approximation of the subject to the approximation of the subject to the approximation of the subject to the	lippha rules and regulations
14 15		d all the disciplinary powers of, the licensing board	
15 16			
10 17		all impair the disciplinary powers of any licensing ned. No professional corporation may do any ac	
17			ct which its shareholders as
	1	rohibited from doing.	150D of the Conorol Statutes
19 20		bject to the requirements of Article 2A of Chapter	
20 21		board subject to this Chapter may adopt rules to imp	
21	<u>Chapter, metuc</u>	ding any rules needed to establish fees within the lin	nns set by this Chapter.
22	OCCUDATIO	NAL LICENSING BOARD REPORTING AME	NIDMENITS
23 24		CTION 1.4. G.S. 93B-2 reads as rewritten:	
24 25		nual reports required; contents; open to inspec	tion: sanction for failure to
25 26		ort.	tion, sanction for familie to
20 27	-	later than October 31 of each year, each occupation	onal licensing board shall file
28		with the Secretary of State, the Attorney Genera	-
20 29		tive Administrative Procedure Oversight Committe	
30		wing information:	e un unitur report containing
31		The address of the board, and the names of its n	nembers and officers
32	<u>(1)</u>		
33	$\frac{11}{(2)}$	The number of persons who applied to the board	
34	(2) (3)	The number who were refused examination.	
35	(4)	The number who took the examination.	
36	(5)	The number to whom initial licenses were issue	ed.
37	<u>(5a</u>		
38	(6)		city or comity.
39	(7)	The number who were granted licenses by recip	
40	(7a)	• • •	•
41		unlicensed activities.	
42	(7b		nst licensees, or other actions
43	(10)	taken against nonlicensees, including injunctive	
44	(8)	The number of licenses suspended or revoked.	
45	(9)	The number of licenses terminated for any rea	son other than failure to pay
46		the required renewal fee.	
47	(10	-	occupational licensing board
48	(10)	to the General Assembly to amend statutes	
49		licensing board.	

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1	(11) The substance of any anticipated change in rules adopted by the	he
2	occupational licensing board or the substance of any anticipated adoption	of
3	new rules by the occupational licensing board.	
4	(b) No later than October 31 of each year, each occupational licensing board shall fi	
5	electronically with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Office of State Budget ar	
6	Management, and the Joint Regulatory ReformLegislative Administrative Procedure Oversig	
7	Committee a financial report that includes the source and amount of all funds credited to the	
8	occupational licensing board and the purpose and amount of all funds disbursed by the	ne
9 10	occupational licensing board during the previous fiscal year.	
10	(c) The reports required by this section shall be open to public inspection.	f. .
11 12	(d) <u>The Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee shall notice</u>	_
12	any board that fails to file the reports required by this section. Failure of a board to comply wi the reporting requirements of this section by October 31 of each year shall result in	
13 14	suspension of the board's authority to expend any funds until such time as the board files the	
15	required reports. Suspension of a board's authority to expend any funds under this subsection sha	
16	not affect the board's duty to issue and renew licenses or the validity of any application of	
17	license for which fees have been tendered in accordance with law. Each board shall adopt rule	
18	establishing a procedure for implementing this subsection and shall maintain an escrow accou	
19	into which any fees tendered during a board's period of suspension under this subsection sha	
20	be deposited."	
21		
22	OAH ELECTRONIC FILING	
23	SECTION 1.5.(a) Article 3 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes is amended by	эу
24	adding a new section to read:	
25	" <u>§ 150B-23.3. Electronic filing.</u>	
26	In addition to any other method specified in G.S. 150B-23, documents filed and served in	
27	contested case may be filed and served electronically by means of an Electronic Filing Service	<u>ce</u>
28	Provider. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	۰£
29 30	(1) <u>Electronic filing means the electronic transmission of the petition, notice</u> hearing, pleadings, or any other documents filed in a contested case with the	
30 31	Office of Administrative Hearings, as further defined by rules adopted by the	
32	Office of Administrative Hearings.	
33	(2) Electronic Filing Service Provider (EFSP) means the service provided by the	he
34	Office of Administrative Hearings for e-filing and e-service of documen	
35	via the Internet.	
36	(3) Electronic service means the electronic transmission of the petition, notice	of
37	hearing, pleadings, or any other documents in a contested case, as furth	er
38	defined by rules adopted by the Office of Administrative Hearings."	
39	SECTION 1.5.(b) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies	to
40	contested cases filed on or after that date.	
41		
42	STREAMLINE RULE-MAKING PROCESS	
43	SECTION 1.6.(a) G.S. 150B-19.1(h) is repealed.	
44	SECTION 1.6.(b) G.S. 150B-21.4 reads as rewritten:	
45 46	"§ 150B-21.4. Fiscal notes and regulatory impact analysis on rules.	ha
46 47	(a) State Funds. – Before an agency adopts publishes in the North Carolina Register the proposed text of a permanent rule change that would require the expenditure or distribution of the second seco	
47 48	funds subject to the State Budget Act, Chapter 143C of the General Statutes it must submit the	
40 49	text of the proposed rule change, an analysis of the proposed rule change, and a fiscal note of	
4) 50	the proposed rule change to the Office of State Budget and Management and obta	
50 51	certification from the Office of State Budget and Management that the funds that would be	
		-

required by the proposed rule change are available. The agency shall submit the text of the 1 2 proposed rule change, an analysis of the proposed rule change, and a fiscal note on the 3 proposed rule change to the Office at the same time as the agency submits the notice of text for 4 publication pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.2. The fiscal note must state the amount of funds that 5 would be expended or distributed as a result of the proposed rule change and explain how the 6 amount was computed. The Office of State Budget and Management must certify a proposed 7 rule change if funds are available to cover the expenditure or distribution required by the 8 proposed rule change.

9 DOT Analyses. – In addition to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, (a1) 10 any agency that adopts a rule affecting environmental permitting of Department of 11 Transportation projects shall conduct an analysis to determine if the rule will result in an 12 increased cost to the Department of Transportation. The analysis shall be conducted and 13 submitted to the Board of Transportation when the agency submits the notice of text for 14 publication. The agency shall consider any recommendations offered by the Board of 15 Transportation prior to adopting the rule. Once a rule subject to this subsection is adopted, the 16 Board of Transportation may submit any objection to the rule it may have to the Rules Review 17 Commission. If the Rules Review Commission receives an objection to a rule from the Board 18 of Transportation no later than 5:00 P.M. of the day following the day the Commission 19 approves the rule, then the rule shall only become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1).

20 Local Funds. - Before an agency adopts-publishes in the North Carolina Register (b) 21 the proposed text of a permanent rule change that would affect the expenditures or revenues of 22 a unit of local government, it must submit the text of the proposed rule change and a fiscal note 23 on the proposed rule change to the Office of State Budget and Management as provided by 24 G.S. 150B-21.26, the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly, the North Carolina 25 Association of County Commissioners, and the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The 26 fiscal note must state the amount by which the proposed rule change would increase or 27 decrease expenditures or revenues of a unit of local government and must explain how the 28 amount was computed.

29 Substantial Economic Impact. – Before an agency adopts-publishes in the North (b1) 30 Carolina Register the proposed text of a permanent rule change that would have a substantial 31 economic impact and that is not identical to a federal regulation that the agency is required to 32 adopt, the agency shall prepare a fiscal note for the proposed rule change and have the note 33 approved by the Office of State Budget and Management. The agency must also obtain from 34 the Office a certification that the agency adhered to the regulatory principles set forth in 35 G.S. 150B-19.1(a)(2), (5), and (6). The agency may request the Office of State Budget and 36 Management to prepare the fiscal note only after, working with the Office, it has exhausted all 37 resources, internal and external, to otherwise prepare the required fiscal note. If an agency 38 requests the Office of State Budget and Management to prepare a fiscal note for a proposed rule 39 change, that Office must prepare the note within 90 days after receiving a written request for 40 the note. If the Office of State Budget and Management fails to prepare a fiscal note within this 41 time period, the agency proposing the rule change shall prepare a fiscal note. A fiscal note 42 prepared in this circumstance does not require approval of the Office of State Budget and 43 Management.

44 If an agency prepares the required fiscal note, the agency must submit the note to the Office 45 of State Budget and Management for review. The Office of State Budget and Management 46 shall review the fiscal note within 14 days after it is submitted and either approve the note or 47 inform the agency in writing of the reasons why it does not approve the fiscal note. After 48 addressing these reasons, the agency may submit the revised fiscal note to that Office for its 49 review. If an agency is not sure whether a proposed rule change would have a substantial 50 economic impact, the agency shall ask the Office of State Budget and Management to 51 determine whether the proposed rule change has a substantial economic impact. Failure to

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prepare o	r obtaiı	approval of the fiscal note as required by this subsection	shall be a basis for
objection	to the 1	rule under G.S. 150B-21.9(a)(4).	
As us	sed in t	his subsection, the term "substantial economic impact" n	neans an aggregate
financial	impact	on all persons affected of at least one million dollars	(\$1,000,000) in a
		. In analyzing substantial economic impact, an agency shall	
	(1)	Determine and identify the appropriate time frame of the	-
	(2)	Assess the baseline conditions against which the prop	osed rule is to be
		measured.	
	(3)	Describe the persons who would be subject to the propose	ed rule and the type
		of expenditures these persons would be required to make.	
	(4)	Estimate any additional costs that would be created by im	plementation of the
		proposed rule by measuring the incremental difference be	etween the baseline
		and the future condition expected after implementation	n of the rule. The
		analysis should include direct costs as well as oppo-	rtunity costs. Cost
		estimates must be monetized to the greatest extent possib	ole. Where costs are
		not monetized, they must be listed and described.	
	(5)	For costs that occur in the future, the agency shall determ	nine the net present
		value of the costs by using a discount factor of seven perc	ent (7%).
(b2)		ent A fiscal note required by subsection (b1) of this section	on must contain the
following	;:		
	(1)	A description of the persons who would be affected by	the proposed rule
		change.	
	(2)	A description of the types of expenditures that perso	
		proposed rule change would have to make to comply w	with the rule and an
		estimate of these expenditures.	
	(3)	A description of the purpose and benefits of the proposed	-
	(4)	An explanation of how the estimate of expenditures was c	-
	(5)	A description of at least two alternatives to the propo	
		considered by the agency and the reason the alternatives	e e
		alternatives may have been identified by the agency or	by members of the
	Г	public.	
(c)	Error	s. – An erroneous fiscal note prepared in good faith does no	of affect the validity
of a rule.	TC		• , • 1,
(d)		agency proposes the repeal of an existing rule, the agency	
prepare a		note on the proposed rule change as provided by this section FION 1.6 (a). This section is effective when it becomes	
nronoad		FION 1.6.(c) This section is effective when it becomes ublished on or after that date.	law and applies to
proposed	rules p	ublished on of after that date.	
STATE I	ROARI	O OF EDUCATION RULE-MAKING CLARIFICATIO	N
JINILI		FION 1.7.(a) G.S. 115C-12 reads as rewritten:	1
"§ 115C-		wers and duties of the Board generally.	
		supervision and administration of the free public school sys	stem shall be vested
-		rd of Education. The State Board of Education shall estal	
		public schools, subject to laws enacted by the General As	
		ion is subject to Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General	
		ion may not implement or enforce against any person a po	
definition	of a ru	le contained in G.S. 150B-2(8a) if the policy has not been	adopted as a rule in
		Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. The p	owers and duties of
the State	Board o	of Education are defined as follows:	
	"		
	SEC	FION 1.7.(b) G.S. 150B-23 is amended by adding a new su	ubsection to read:

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 1 If an agency fails to take any required action within the time period specified by "(a4) 2 law, any person whose rights are substantially prejudiced by the agency's failure to act may 3 commence a contested case in accordance with this section seeking an order that the agency act 4 as required by law. If the administrative law judge finds that the agency has failed to act as 5 required by law, the administrative law judge may order that the agency take the required 6 action within a specified time period." SECTION 1.7.(c) G.S. 150B-44 reads as rewritten: 7 8 "§ 150B-44. Right to judicial intervention when final decision unreasonably delayed. 9 Unreasonable delay on the part of any agency or administrative law judge in taking any 10 required action shall be justification for any person whose rights, duties, or privileges are 11 adversely affected by such delay to seek a court order compelling action by the agency or administrative law judge. Failure of an administrative law judge subject to Article 3 of this 12 13 Chapter or failure of an agency subject to Article 3A of this Chapter to make a final decision 14 within 120 days of the close of the contested case hearing is justification for a person whose 15 rights, duties, or privileges are adversely affected by the delay to seek a court order compelling 16 action by the agency or by the administrative law judge. The Board of Trustees of the North 17 Carolina State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees is a "board" for purposes of this 18 section." 19 20 HARDISON AMENDMENT CLARIFICATION 21 SECTION 1.8.(a) G.S. 150B-19.3 reads as rewritten: 22 "§ 150B-19.3. Limitation on certain environmental rules. 23 An agency authorized to implement and enforce State and federal environmental (a) 24 laws may not adopt a rule for the protection of the environment or natural resources that 25 imposes a more restrictive standard, limitation, or requirement than those imposed by federal 26 law or rule, if a federal law or rule pertaining to the same subject matter has been adopted, 27 unless adoption of the rule is required by one of the following:subdivisions of this subsection. 28 A rule required by one of the subdivisions of this subsection shall be subject to the provisions 29 of G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as if the rule received written objections from 10 or more persons under 30 G.S. 150B-21.3(b2). 31 (1)A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety, or welfare. 32 An act of the General Assembly or United States Congress that expressly (2)33 requires the agency to adopt rules. 34 A change in federal or State budgetary policy. (3) 35 A federal regulation required by an act of the United States Congress to be (4) 36 adopted or administered by the State. 37 (5) A court order. 38 For purposes of this section, "an agency authorized to implement and enforce State (b) 39 and federal environmental laws" means any of the following: 40 The Department of Environment and Natural Resources created pursuant to (1) 41 G.S. 143B-279.1. 42 The Environmental Management Commission created pursuant to (2)43 G.S. 143B-282. 44 The Coastal Resources Commission established pursuant to G.S. 113A-104. (3) 45 The Marine Fisheries Commission created pursuant to G.S. 143B-289.51. (4) The Wildlife Resources Commission created pursuant to G.S. 143-240. 46 (5) 47 The Commission for Public Health created pursuant to G.S. 130A-29. (6) 48 The Sedimentation Control Commission created pursuant to G.S. 143B-298. (7) The North Carolina Mining and Energy Commission created pursuant to 49 (8) 50 G.S. 143B-293.1. 51 The Pesticide Board created pursuant to G.S. 143-436." (9)

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SECTION 1.8.(b) G.S. 150B-21.3A(a) reads as rewritten:	
"§ 150B-21.3A. Periodic review and expiration of existing rules.	
(a) Definitions. – For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
(3) Necessary with substantive public interest. – Means any rule for w	hich the
agency has received public comments within the past two years. A	
also "necessary with substantive public interest" if either or both	
following applies:	
<u>a.</u> the <u>The</u> rule affects the property interest of the regulated pu	
the agency knows or suspects that any person may object to the	
b. The rule imposes a more restrictive standard, limitation imposes a more restrictive standard, limitation imposed by fordered law or rule if a	
requirement than those imposed by federal law or rule, if a	
law or rule pertaining to the same subject matter has been add	<u>ptea.</u>
SECTION 1.8.(c) Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective Septer	mbor 1
2014, and applies to rules adopted or readopted on or after that date. Subsection (b	
section becomes effective August 23, 2013, and applies to rules reviewed on or after that	
section becomes effective August 23, 2013, and applies to fulles reviewed on of after the	ii uaic.
REPRESENTATION OF SMALL BUSINESS ENTITIES IN ADMINISTR	ATIVE
APPEALS	
SECTION 1.9.(a) G.S. 150B-23(a) reads as rewritten:	
"(a) A contested case shall be commenced by paying a fee in an amount establ	ished in
G.S. 150B-23.2 and by filing a petition with the Office of Administrative Hearings and	
as provided in Article 3A of this Chapter, shall be conducted by that Office. The pa	rty who
files the petition shall serve a copy of the petition on all other parties and, if the	dispute
concerns a license, the person who holds the license. A party who files a petition sha	all file a
certificate of service together with the petition. A petition shall be signed by a p	
attorney representing a party, or other representative of the party as may specific	cally be
authorized by law, and, if filed by a party other than an agency, shall state facts ter	0
establish that the agency named as the respondent has deprived the petitioner of prope	
ordered the petitioner to pay a fine or civil penalty, or has otherwise substantially pro-	ejudiced
the petitioner's rights and that the agency:	
(1) Exceeded its authority or jurisdiction;	
(2) Acted erroneously;	
 (3) Failed to use proper procedure; (4) A stad arbitrarily on contributing on 	
 (4) Acted arbitrarily or capriciously; or (5) Failed to act as required by law or rule. 	
(5) Failed to act as required by law or rule. The parties in a contested case shall be given an opportunity for a hearing without	it undua
delay. Any person aggrieved may commence a contested case hereunder.	it undue
A local government employee, applicant for employment, or former employee to	o whom
Chapter 126 of the General Statutes applies may commence a contested case under this	
in the same manner as any other petitioner. The case shall be conducted in the same manner as any other petitioner.	
other contested cases under this Article.	uniter us
A business entity may represent itself using a nonattorney representative who is	s one or
more of the following of the business entity: (i) officer, (ii) manager or member-manager	
business entity is a limited liability company, (iii) employee whose income is reported	
Form W-2, if the business entity authorizes the representation in writing, or (iv) owned	
business entity, if the business entity authorizes the representation in writing and if the	
interest in the business entity is at least twenty-five percent (25%). Authority for a	-
notice of nonattorney representation shall be made in writing, under penalty of perjur	y, to the
Office on a form provided by the Office."	

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1	SEC	TION 1.9.(b) G.S. 105-290 is amended by adding a new su	bsection to read:
2 "(d2)		ness Entity Representation. – If a property owner is a b	
		may represent itself using a nonattorney representative who	•
		of the business entity: (i) officer, (ii) manager or memb	
		is a limited liability company, (iii) employee whose income	
	-	be business entity authorizes the representation in writing, o	_
		if the business entity authorizes the representation in writing	
	-	business entity is at least twenty-five percent (25%). Auth	-
		orney representation shall be made in writing, under penalt	•
		a form provided by the Commission."	ty of perjury, to the
1		TION 1.9.(c) This section is effective when it becomes	law and applies to
		and appeals commenced on or after that date.	iun una appres to
		E APPOINTMENTS	nom anhacetions to
5 Garadi	SEC	TION 1.10.(a) G.S. 120-121 is amended by adding two	new subsections to
6 read: (a)	T1	following applies in any asso where the Co. 1	of the Harris C
7 " <u>(e)</u> 8 <u>Represer</u>		following applies in any case where the Speaker	
•		or the President Pro Tempore of the Senate is directed	
		<u>n for an appointment by the General Assembly and the legislo</u> mmendation in consultation with or upon the recommendation	
1 <u>10 make</u>		The recommendation or consultation is discretionary and	
2	<u>(1)</u>	the legislator.	is not omanig upon
3	(2)	The third party must submit the recommendation or const	sultation at least 60
, 1	<u>(2)</u>	days prior to the expiration of the term or within 10 bus	
+ 5		occurrence of a vacancy.	mess days nom me
, j	<u>(3)</u>	Failure by the third party to submit the recommendation	n or consultation to
) 7	<u>(3)</u>	the legislator within the time periods required under this	
3		deemed a waiver by the third party of the opportunity.	subsection shall be
,) (f)	The	following applies in any case where the Speaker	of the House of
		or the President Pro Tempore of the Senate is directed	
		for an appointment by the General Assembly and the legisl	
		ommendation from nominees provided by a third party:	ator is also directed
<u>to make</u>	<u>(1)</u>	The third party must submit the nominees at least 60) days prior to the
, 1	<u>\+/</u>	expiration of the term or within 10 business days from	• •
		vacancy.	
Ď	(2)	Failure by the third party to submit the nomination to t	he legislator within
	<u> </u>	the time periods required under this subsection shall be d	
		the third party of the opportunity."	<u> </u>
	SEC	TION 1.10.(b) Article 16 of Chapter 120 of the General S	Statutes is amended
by addin		v section to read:	
•	0	pointments made by legislators.	
<u>a (a)</u>		y case where a legislator is called upon by law to appoint a	member to a board
		upon the recommendation of or in consultation with	
		1 or consultation is discretionary and is not binding upon	
		st submit the recommendation or consultation at least 60	
	-	e term or within 10 business days from the occurrence of a va	
<u>(b)</u>		y case where a legislator is called upon by law to appoint a	
		from nominees provided by a third party, the third part	
		st 60 days prior to the expiration of the term or within 10 bus	
		a vacancy. This subsection does not apply to nomina	
		or G.S. 120-100(b).	

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1	(c) Failure to submit the recommendation, consultation, or nomination within the time
2	periods required under this section shall be deemed a waiver by the third party of the
3	opportunity."
4	SECTION 1.10.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
5	recommendations, consultations, and nominations made on or after that date.
6	
7	PART II. BUSINESS REGULATION
8	
9	PROHIBIT CERTAIN HEADLIGHTS
10	SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 20-131 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 20-131. Requirements as to headlamps and auxiliary driving lamps.
12	(a) The headlamps of motor vehicles shall be so constructed, arranged, and adjusted
13	that, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, they will at all times mentioned in
14	G.S. 20-129, and under normal atmospheric conditions and on a level road, produce a driving
15	light sufficient to render clearly discernible a person 200 feet ahead, but any person operating a
16	motor vehicle upon the highways, when meeting another vehicle, shall so control the lights of
17	the vehicle operated by him by shifting, depressing, deflecting, tilting, or dimming the
18	headlight beams in such manner as shall not project a glaring or dazzling light to persons within
19	a distance of 500 feet in front of such headlamp. Every new motor vehicle, other than a
20	motorcycle or motor-driven cycle, registered in this State after January 1, 1956, which has
21	multiple-beam road-lighting equipment shall be equipped with a beam indicator, which shall be
22	lighted whenever the uppermost distribution of light from the headlamps is in use, and shall not
23	otherwise be lighted. Said indicator shall be so designed and located that when lighted it will be
24	readily visible without glare to the driver of the vehicle so equipped.
25	(b) Headlamps shall be deemed to comply with the foregoing provisions prohibiting
26	glaring and dazzling lights if none of the main bright portion of the headlamp beams rises
27	above a horizontal plane passing through the lamp centers parallel to the level road upon which
28	the loaded vehicle stands, and in no case higher than 42 inches, 75 feet ahead of the vehicle.
29	(b1) No person shall operate a motor vehicle that is equipped with any headlamps that (i)
30	change the original design or performance of the headlamps and (ii) do not comply with
31	Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 108, as adopted by the National Highway Traffic
32	Safety Administration. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of an infraction
33	punishable by a penalty of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).
34 25	(c) Whenever a motor vehicle is being operated upon a highway, or portion thereof,
35	which is sufficiently lighted to reveal a person on the highway at a distance of 200 feet ahead of the subiple, it shall be normiarible to dim the headlennes on to tilt the beams downward on to
36	the vehicle, it shall be permissible to dim the headlamps or to tilt the beams downward or to
37	substitute therefor the light from an auxiliary driving lamp or pair of such lamps, subject to the
38	restrictions as to tilted beams and auxiliary driving lamps set forth in this section.
39 40	(d) Whenever a motor vehicle meets another vehicle on any highway it shall be
40	permissible to tilt the beams of the headlamps downward or to substitute therefor the light from
41 42	an auxiliary driving lamp or pair of such lamps subject to the requirement that the tilted headlamps or auxiliary lamp or lamps shall give sufficient illumination under normal
42 43	atmospheric conditions and on a level road to render clearly discernible a person 75 feet ahead,
43 44	but shall not project a glaring or dazzling light to persons in front of the vehicle: Provided, that
44 45	at all times required in G.S. 20-129 at least two lights shall be displayed on the front of and on
45 46	opposite sides of every motor vehicle other than a motorcycle, road roller, road machinery, or
40 47	farm tractor.
47 70	(a) No aity or town shall anost an ordinance in conflict with this spation "

48

(e) No city or town shall enact an ordinance in conflict with this section."

49 **SECTION 2.1.(b)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2014, and applies 50 to offenses committed on or after that date.

51

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1	BAIL BOND SH	HELD AMENDMENT	
2	SECT	FION 2.2.(a) G.S. 58-71-40(d1) reads as rewritten:	
3	"(d1) While	e engaged in official duties, a licensee is authorized	d to carry, possess, and
1	display a shield	as described in this subsection. The shield shall ful	lfill all of the following
5	requirements:		
	(1)	Be an exact duplicate in size, shape, color, and desig	gn of the shield approved
		under G.S. 74C-5(12) and pictured in 12 NCAC	07D. 0405 on May 1,
		2013. May 1, 2013, except that the design may	be altered by stamping,
		inlaying, embossing, enameling, or engraving to a	
		number. With respect to size of the shield, the shi	
		wide and 2.36 inches high.	
	(2)	Include the licensee's last name and correspondin	g license number in the
		same locations as the shield referenced in subdivisio	on (1) of this subsection.
	(3)	With reference to the shield described in subdivision	on (1) of this subsection,
		in lieu of the word "Private," the shield shall	have the words "North
		Carolina," and in lieu of the word "Investigator,"	the shield shall have the
		words "Bail Agent."	
	Any shield that	deviates from the design requirements as specified in	n this section shall be an
		eld and its possession by a licensee shall constitute a v	
	the licensee."		-
	SECT	FION 2.2.(b) G.S. 15A-540 is amended by adding a n	new subsection to read:
	" <u>(d)</u> <u>A su</u>	rety may utilize the services and assistance of	any surety bondsman,
	professional bon	dsman, or runner licensed under G.S. 58-71-40 to effe	ect the arrest or surrender
	of a defendant ur	der subsection (a) or (b) of this section."	
	REPEAL OUTI	DATED PUBLIC UTILITIES STATUTES OR RE	PORTS
	SECT	FION 2.3.(a) G.S. 62-36A and G.S. 62-36.1 are repea	led.
	SECT	FION 2.3.(b) G.S. 62-158(d) reads as rewritten:	
		Commission, after hearing, may adopt rules to i	-
	including rules for the establishment of expansion funds, for the use of such funds, for the		
	remittance to the expansion fund or to customers of supplier and transporter refunds and		
	expansion surcharges or other funds that were sources of the expansion fund, and for		
	appropriate accounting, reporting and ratemaking treatment. The Commission and Public Staff		
	1	e Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Op	1
	• •	funds in conjunction with the reports required under (G.S. 62-36A. "
		FION 2.3.(c) G.S. 62-159(d) reads as rewritten:	
	• •	Commission, after hearing, shall adopt rules to impler	
	1	The Commission and Public Staff shall report t	e
		Governmental Operations on the use of funding provi	ided under this section in
		the reports required under G.S. 62-36A."	
		FION 2.3.(d) G.S. 62-133.2(g) is repealed.	
		FION 2.3.(e) Section 14 of S.L. 2002-4 is repealed.	
		FION 2.3.(f) Section 14 of S.L. 2007-397 is repealed.	
	SECT	FION 2.3.(g) Section 6.1 of S.L. 1995-27 is repealed.	
		XEMPTION FROM LOCKSMITH LICENSING	
		FION 2.4. G.S. 74F-16 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 74F-16. Exer	-	
	The provision	ns of this Chapter do not apply to:	

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(6)	A merchant, or retail or hardware store, when the merchant or st purport to be a locksmith and lawfully (i) rekeys a lock at the tin the lock, (ii) duplicates a key, except for duplicating a transpon that requires programming, or (iii) installs as a service a lock both the door and lock were purchased from the same merch long as all of the following apply: a. It is lawfully duplicating keys or installing, servicing	tore does not me of sale of der type key on a door if ant.store, so g, repairing,
8 9		<u>rebuilding, reprograming, rekeying, or maintaining l</u> normal course of its business.	<u>ocks in the</u>
10 11 12		 b. <u>It maintains a physical location in this State.</u> c. <u>It maintains a sales and use tax permit in accord.</u> <u>G.S. 105-164.16.</u> 	rdance with
l3 l4	"	<u>d.</u> <u>It does not represent itself as a locksmith.</u>	
15		NEEGONAL ENGINEED EVENDELON	
l6 l7		DESSIONAL ENGINEER EXEMPTION TION 2.5.(a) G.S. 89C-25 reads as rewritten:	
18		itations on application of Chapter.	
19		shall not be construed to prevent or affect: prevent the following ac	ctivities:
20	(1)	The practice of architecture, architecture as defined in Chapter	
21		General Statutes, landscape architecture, landscape architecture	
22		Chapter 89A of the General Statutes, or contracting or any of	other legally
23		recognized profession or trade.contracting as defined in Articles	s 1, 2, 4, and
24		5 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.	
25	(2)	Repealed by Session Laws 2011-304, s. 7, effective June 26, 201	11.
26	(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 2011-304, s. 7, effective June 26, 201	11.
27	(4)	Engaging in engineering or land surveying as an employee or as	sistant under
28		the responsible charge of a professional engineer or professional	ssional land
29		surveyor or as an employee or assistant of a nonresident	
30		engineer or a nonresident professional land surveyor prov	
31 32		subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section, provided that the employee may not include responsible charge of	
33		supervision.surveyor.	6
34	(5)	The practice of professional engineering or land surveying by an	y person not
35		a resident of, and having no established place of business in this	• •
36		consulting associate of a professional engineer or professional la	and surveyor
37		licensed under the provisions of this Chapter; provided, the ne	onresident is
38		qualified for performing the professional service in the person's	own state or
39		country.	
40	(6)	Practice by members of the Armed Forces of the United States	s; employees
11		of the government of the United States while engaged in the	e practice of
12		engineering or land surveying solely for the gove	ernment on
13		government-owned works and projects; or practice by those e	mployees of
14		the Natural Resources Conservation Service, county em	-
15		employees of the Soil and Water Conservation Districts who	
16		engineering job approval authority that involves the planning, o	
17		implementation of best management practices on agricultural lan	
18	(7)	The internal engineering or surveying activities of a pers	
19 50		corporation engaged in manufacturing, processing, or producin	
50		including the activities of public service corporations, p	
51		companies, authorities, State agencies, railroads, or	membership

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1 2		cooperatives, or the installation and servicing of their particular research and development in connection with the	manufacture of that
3		product or their service; or of their research affiliates; of	1 2
4		the course of their employment in connection with	
5		installation, or servicing of their product or servi	
6		on the premises maintenance of machinery, equip	
7		incidental to the manufacture or installation of the pro-	
8		firm by the employees of the firm upon property owned	
9		the firm; inspection, maintenance and service work de	
10		the State of North Carolina, any political subdivision	
11		municipality including construction, installation, service	
12		regular full-time employees of streets, street lighting, tr	
13		police and fire alarm systems, waterworks, steam,	6
14		treatment and disposal plants; the services of superinte	-
15		foremen regularly employed by the State of North Car	
16		subdivision of the State or a municipal corporation; pro	
17		the internal engineering or surveying activity is not a	-
18		offer to the public of engineering or any service thereof	
19		Chapter. Engineering work, not related to the foregoin	0 1
20		the safety of the public is directly involved shall be u	-
21		charge of a licensed professional engineer, or in accord	
22		prepared or approved by a licensed professional enginee	
23	<u>(7a)</u>	The engineering or surveying activities of a per	-
24		G.S. 89C-3(5) who is engaged in manufacturing, proce	• •
25		transmitting and delivering a product, and which acti	
26		necessary and connected with the primary services perfection	
27		regularly employed in the ordinary course of busin	
28		provided that the engineering or surveying activity is no	-
29 30		offer to the public of engineering or surveying services,	-
30 31		Chapter. The engineering and surveying services n	
32		performed, or rendered independently from the primary	-
32 33		the person. For purposes of this subdivision, "activities	
33 34		and connected with the primary service" include the foll a. Installation or servicing of the person's product	
34 35		a. <u>Installation or servicing of the person's product</u> person conducted outside the premises of the per	
36		<u>b.</u> <u>Design, acquisition, installation, or mainten</u>	
30 37		equipment, or apparatus incidental to the manuf	
38		of the product performed by employees of the p	
39		owned, leased, or used by the person.	<u>person upon property</u>
40		c. Research and development performed in c	onnection with the
41		<u>manufacturing, processing, or production of the</u>	
42		employees of the person.	<u>person's product by</u>
43		Engineering or surveying activities performed pursuan	t to this subdivision
44		where the safety of the public is directly involved,	
45		responsible charge of a licensed professional er	
46		professional surveyor.	ignicer of neensed
40 47	(8)	The (i) preparation of fire sprinkler planning and desig	n drawings by a fire
48	(0)	sprinkler contractor licensed under Article 2 of Chapt	
49		Statutes, or (ii) the performance of internal engineering	
5 0		manufacturing or communications common carrier	
50 51		research and development company, or by employees	
51		research and development company, or by employees (or mose corporations

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(9)	provided that the work is in connection with, or incide nonengineering services rendered by those corporations. The routine maintenance or servicing of machinery, ec structures, the work of mechanics in the performance functions, or the inspection or supervision of constr- superintendent, or agent of the architect or professional of an operational nature performed by an employe manufacturing plant, a public service corporation	s or their affiliates. quipment, facilities or e of their established uction by a foreman l engineer, or services e of a laboratory, a
	operation.	
(10)	The design of land application irrigation systems management plan, required by G.S. 143-215.10C, exhibits, by at least three years of relevant experience science and basic hydraulics, and who is thereby li Design Technical Specialist by the North Caroli Conservation Commission."	by a designer who e, proficiency in soi sted as an Irrigation
SECT	TION 2.5.(b) G.S. 89C-19 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 89C-19. Publ	ic works; requirements where public safety involved.	
This State an entities or legally officials, or empl	d its political subdivisions such as counties, cities, tow constituted boards, commissions, public utility compared oyees of these entities shall not engage in the practice of	nies, or authorities, or of engineering or land
	ing either public or private property where the safety of	
	the project being under the <u>direct</u> supervision of a pro-	-
1 I	of plans and specifications for engineering projects, o	1
	surveying projects, as provided for the practice of the	respective profession
by this Chapter.	r ampleuse of the State or any political subdivision and	aified in this section
	r employee of the State or any political subdivision spe tions set out in this section as of June 19, 1975, shall	
	s section so long as such official or employee is engage	
	k as is involved in the present position.	a in substantiarry the
• 1	is section shall be construed to prohibit inspection, ma	intenance and service
	ployees of the State of North Carolina, any political sub	
	ity including construction, installation, servicing, and m	
	ees of, secondary roads and drawings incidental to worl	
streets, street ligh	ting, traffic-control signals, police and fire alarm system	s, waterworks, steam
electric and sewa	ge treatment and disposal plants, the services of superint	endents, inspectors o
foremen regularly	y employed by the State of North Carolina or any politi	cal subdivision of the
State, or municip	al corporation.	
The provision	ns in this section shall not be construed to alter or modif	y the requirements o
Article 1 of Chap	ter 133 of the General Statutes."	
	ECTIVE DATE OF DEFINITION OF DISCHARGE	
	TION 2.6.(a) Section 17 of S.L. 2012-187 reads as rewrited as re	
	17. Section 11 of this act is effective when it become	
	iled or pending on or after that date. Except as otherwis	e provided, this act i
effective when it		10
SECI	TION 2.6.(b) This section becomes effective July 16, 20	12.
ADA DEOLIDE	MENTS FOD DDIVATE DOOLS	
-	CMENTS FOR PRIVATE POOLS	12 NC State Duilding
	TION 2.7.(a) Notwithstanding Section 1109.14 of the 20 Code), swimming pools shall be required to be accessil	
	code, swimming pools shan be required to be accessi	sie only to the exten

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1	required by the	required by the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq., and federal rules			
2		and regulations adopted pursuant to that Act.			
3		FION 2.7.(b) The Building Code Council shall adopt a rule to the state of the sta			
4		012 NC State Building Code (Building Code) consistent with	h Section 2.11(a)		
5 6	of this act.	FION 2.7.(c) Section 2.7(a) of this act expires on the date that	t the rule adopted		
0 7		on 2.7(b) of this act becomes effective.	t the fulle adopted		
8	pursuant to been	on 2.7(b) of this det becomes effective.			
9	UNCLAIMED	LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS			
10	SEC	FION 2.11.(a) Article 58 of Chapter 58 of the North Carolina	General Statutes		
11	is amended by ac	lding a new Part to read:			
12		"Part 7. Unclaimed Life Insurance Benefits.			
13	" <u>§ 58-58-360. P</u>				
14		ll be known as the "Unclaimed Life Insurance Benefits Act."			
15 16		to preemption of Unclaimed Property Act.	a North Carolina		
16 17	-	nis Part shall be construed to amend, modify, or supersede th erty Act, Article 4 of Chapter 116B of the General Statutes.	e North Carolina		
18	" <u>§ 58-58-380.</u> D	•			
19		g definitions apply in this Part:			
20	(1)	Account owner. – The owner of a retained asset account op	ened after July 1,		
21		2015, by a resident of this State.			
22	<u>(2)</u>	Annuity Any active annuity contract issued in this State a	fter July 1, 2015,		
23		other than an annuity used to fund an employment-based r	-		
24		program where the insurer is not committed by terms of the			
25		to pay death benefits to the beneficiaries of specific plan pa			
26	(2)	is used to fund a preneed funeral contract as defined in G.S.			
27 28	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Beneficiary. – An individual or other entity entitled to</u> policy or annuity.	benefits under a		
28 29	<u>(4)</u>	Death master file or DMF. – The death master file from t	he United States		
30	<u>1-1</u>	Social Security Administration or any other database or			
31		insurer may determine is substantially as inclusive as the			
32		for determining that a person has reportedly died.			
33	<u>(5)</u>	Death master file match or DMF match. – A search of a DM	MF that results in		
34		a match of a person's Social Security number or name and d			
35	<u>(6)</u>	Insurer. – Any insurance company authorized to transa	ct life insurance		
36		business in this State.			
37 38	<u>(7)</u>	Person. – The policy insured, annuity owner, annuitant, or a			
38 39		applicable under the policy, annuity, or retained asset account Part.	int subject to this		
40	<u>(8)</u>	Policy. – Any policy or certificate of life insurance issued	in this State after		
41	<u>(0)</u>	July 1, 2015, but does not include any policy or certificate			
42		that provides a death benefit under any of the following:			
43		a. An employee benefit plan subject to the Empl	oyee Retirement		
44		Income Security Act of 1974, as periodically amen	ded, compiled at		
45		<u>29 U.S.C. § 1002, et seq.</u>			
46		b. Any federal employee benefit program.			
47		c. <u>Government plans or church plans as defined i</u>			
48 49		Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as period	alcally amended,		
49 50		 <u>29 U.S.C. § 1002, et seq.</u> <u>A policy or certificate of life insurance that is used to the sequence of the s</u>	o fund a preneed		
50 51		funeral contract as defined in G.S. 90-210.60.	o runa a preneeu		
51		$\frac{1000100}{1000100} = 0.00000000000000000000000000000000$			

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1		e. A policy or certificate of credit life or accident and he	ealth insurance.
2		f. A policy of industrial life insurance as defined in G.S.	. 58-58-5.
3	<u>(9)</u>	Record-keeping services. – Those circumstances under which	h the insurer has
4		agreed with a group life insurance policyholder to be	responsible for
5		obtaining, maintaining, and administering in its own syste	
6		about each individual insured under the policyholder's grou	
7		contract at least the following information:	*
8		a. Individual insured's Social Security number or na	me and date of
9		<u>birth.</u>	
10		b. Beneficiary designation information.	
11		<u>c.</u> <u>Coverage eligibility.</u> <u>d.</u> <u>Benefit amount.</u>	
12		<u>d.</u> <u>Benefit amount.</u>	
13		e. <u>Premium payment status.</u>	
14		equirements for insurers.	
15	<u>(a)</u> <u>To th</u>	e extent that an insurer's records of its in-force policies, annuit	ties, and account
16		lable electronically, an insurer shall perform a comparison	
17	-	es, and account owners against a death master file, on a semi	
18	· · ·	l death master file matches. To the extent that an insurer'	
19	-	annuities, and account owners are not available electronically	
20		arison of such in-force policies, annuities, and account owners	
21		semiannual basis, to identify potential death master file ma	tches, using the
22	records most eas	ily accessible by the insurer.	
23	<u>(1)</u>	This section shall not apply to policies or annuities for which	
24		received premiums from outside the policy value or by ch	
25		payroll deduction, or any other similar method of active pre-	
26		within the 18 months immediately preceding the dea	ath master file
27		comparison.	
28	<u>(2)</u>	An insurer may comply with the requirements of this section	
29		full death master file once and thereafter using the death m	aster file update
30		files for future comparisons.	
31		insurer learns of the possible death of a person, through a	
32		the insurer shall within 90 days complete a good-faith effort	, which shall be
33		he insurer, to do the following:	
34	<u>(1)</u>	Confirm the death of such person against other available	ble records and
35	(2)	information.	
36	<u>(2)</u>	Review its records to determine whether such decease	ed person had
37	(2)	purchased any other products with the insurer.	
38	<u>(3)</u>	Determine whether benefits may be due in accordance with	i any applicable
39 40	(A)	policy, annuity, or retained asset account.	a hanafiaiany ta
40 41	<u>(4)</u>	Provide the appropriate claims forms or instructions to the	
41		make a claim and notify the beneficiary of the actions neces valid claim.	<u>sary to sublitt a</u>
42 43	(a) Excou		imum pacassary
43 44		ot as prohibited by law, an insurer may disclose only the min onal information about such an insured, annuitant, acco	
44 45		person who the insurer reasonably believes may be able to ass	
43 46		ficiary or a person otherwise entitled to payment of the claims	
40 47		e event an insurer is unable to confirm the death of a person for	
48		r may determine that no further good-faith efforts, as describ	
49		on, are required of it with respect to such policy, annuity, of	
49 50	account.	on, are required or it with respect to such policy, allutty, (n retained asset
50			

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1	(e) An insurer or its service provider shall not charge any	beneficiary or other person
2	who may be entitled to benefits any fees or costs associated	•
3	verification of a DMF match conducted pursuant to this section.	
4	(f) The benefits from life insurance policies, annuities, or	retained asset accounts, any
5	applicable accrued contractual interest, and interest payable under	G.S. 58-58-110 shall first be
6	payable to the beneficiaries or account owners as provided for in	n such policies, annuities, or
7	retained asset accounts. In the event the beneficiaries or account	owners cannot be found, the
8 9	benefits and any associated interest shall escheat to the State as un in Article 4 of Chapter 116B of the General Statutes.	claimed property as set forth
10	(g) The Commissioner may exempt an insurer from the	DMF comparisons required
11	under subsection (a) of this section if the insurer demonstr	
12	satisfaction that compliance would result in hardship to the insurer.	
12	(h) Nothing in this section limits an insurer from requirin	-
13	part of any claims validation process or otherwise requiring con	
15	<u>conditions of the policy or annuity relative to filing and payment of</u>	
16	"§ 58-58-400. Noncompliance may constitute unfair claims sett	
17	A pattern of failures to meet the requirements of this Part ma	
18	settlement practice under G.S. 58-3-100(a)(5) and G.S. 58-63-15.	
19	construed to create or imply a private cause of action for a violation	
20	SECTION 2.11.(b) The Commissioner of Insurance	
21	under Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes to imple	-
22	section, provided such rules shall not impose any duty or requ	
23	section.	
24		
25	EXEMPT SMALL BUSINESS ENTITIES BUYING OR SE	LLING ENTITY-OWNED
26	PROPERTY	
27	SECTION 2.12. G.S. 93A-2(c)(1) reads as rewritten:	
28	"(c) The provisions of G.S. 93A-1 and G.S. 93A-2 do not ap	ply to and do not include:
29	(1) Any partnership, corporation, limited liability co	ompany, association, or other
30	business entity that, as owner or lessor, sha	ll perform any of the acts
31	aforesaid with reference to property owned or le	ased by them, where the acts
32	are performed in the regular course of or as inc	cident to the management of
33	that property and the investment therein. The	e exemption from licensure
34	under this subsection shall extend to the fol	lowing persons when those
35	persons are engaged in acts or services f	for which the corporation,
36	partnership, limited liability company, or othe	er business entity would be
37	exempt hereunder:	
38	<u>a.</u> <u>The</u> officers and employees <u>whose inco</u>	me is reported on IRS Form
39	<u>W-2</u> of an exempt corporation, the <u>corpor</u>	<u>cation.</u>
40	b. <u>The general partners and employees w</u>	
41	IRS Form W-2 of an exempt partnership	, and thepartnership.
42	<u>c.</u> <u>The</u> managers_managers, member-mana	agers, and employees whose
43	income is reported on IRS Form W-2 o	f an exempt limited liability
44	company when said persons are engaged	
45	the corporation, partnership, or limited	liability company would be
46	exempt hereunder.company.	
47	d. <u>The natural person owners of an exempt</u>	
48	For purposes of this subdivision, a clos	
49	limited liability company or a corporation	on, neither having more than
50	two legal owners.	

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	e. The officers, managers, member-manager	rs, and employees whose
	income is reported on IRS Form W-2 o	
	entity when acting as an agent for an exer	•
	closely held business entity is owned by	
	owning fifty percent (50%) or more owne	
	exempt business entity or (ii) owning fifty	
	a closely held business entity that owns a fi	÷ · · · ·
	ownership interest in the exempt business e	• •
	When a person conducts a real estate transaction	•
	under this subdivision, the person shall disclose, i	
	the transaction (i) that the person is not licensed	
	salesperson under Article 1 of this Chapter, (ii) the	
	this subdivision that applies, (iii) the legal name a	
	owner of the subject property. This disclosure ma	
	of a lease or contract executed in compliance with	-
	subdivision."	<u> </u>
		OF COPPORATIONS
	ED LIABILITY COMPANIES TO THE TYPES LEASE OR PURCHASE HOSPITAL FACILITIES	
	CTION 2.13.(a) G.S. 131E-6(3) reads as rewritten:	,
SE "(3)		to do business in North
(5)	Carolina" means ameans any of the following:	to do business in North
		tal stock which is created
	<u>a.</u> <u>A</u> corporation for profit or having a capit and organized under Chapter 55 of the Get	
	general or special act of this State, or aState	-
	<u>b.</u> <u>A</u> foreign corporation which has procured a	
	transact business in this State pursuant to A	
	the General Statutes.	indere to of chapter 55 of
	c. <u>A limited liability company formed un</u>	der Chapter 57D of the
	General Statutes.	<u> </u>
	d. A foreign limited liability company that ha	as procured a certificate of
	authority to transact business in this State	-
	Chapter 57D of the General Statutes."	- F
SE	CTION 2.13.(b) This section becomes effective Octob	per 1, 2014.
		,
CLARIFY M	EMBERSHIP UNDER INSURANCE GUARANTY	ASSOCIATION ACT
SE	CTION 2.14.(a) G.S. 58-48-20 reads as rewritten:	
§ 58-48-20. I		
As used in	this Article:	
		1. 1 ¹
(4)	1	-
	premiums, which is in excess of fifty dollars (\$50.0	
	within the coverage and not in excess of the applic	
	policy to which this Article applies as issued by	
	becomes an insolvent insurer after the effective of the alaiment or insured is a resident of this State	
	the claimant or insured is a resident of this State	
	event; or (ii) the property from which the claim ari	
	in this State. "Covered claim" shall not include a	•
	punitive or exemplary damages; (ii) sought as a ret retrospective rating plan; or (iii) due any reinsure	
	retrospective rating plan; or (iii) due any reinsure or underwriting association, as subrogation or o	-
	or underwriting association, as subiogation of (

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1 2 3	otherwise. "Covered claim" also shall not include fines or penalties, including attorneys fees, imposed against an insolvent insurer or its insured or claims of any claimant whose net worth exceeds fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) on December 21 of the upon preceding the date the insurer
4 5	(\$50,000,000) on December 31 of the year preceding the date the insurer becomes insolvent. The term "covered claim" includes all claims incurred
6	against a workers' compensation group self-insurer, licensed and regulated
7	under Part 1 of Article 47 of this Chapter, that merged with a member
8	insurer on or after January 1, 1997.
9	
10	SECTION 2.14.(b) G.S. 97-131 reads as rewritten:
11 12	(a) There is created a nonprofit unincorporated legal entity to be known as the North
12	Carolina Self-Insurance Security Association. The Association is to provide mechanisms for
13 14	the payment of covered claims against member self-insurers, to avoid excessive delay in
15	payment of covered claims, to avoid financial loss to claimants because of the insolvency of a
16	member self-insurer, to assist the Commissioner in the detection of self-insurer insolvencies, to
17	fund the Association Aggregate Security System, and to capitalize the Fund to ensure the
18	availability of financial resources to pay covered claims and to fund the activities of the
19	Association.
20	(b) All individual self-insurers and group self-insurers shall be and remain members of
21	the Association as a condition of being licensed to self-insure in this State. The Association
22	shall perform its functions under a Plan of Operation established or amended, or both, by the
23 24	Board and shall exercise its powers through the Board. (1) An individual self-insurer or a group self-insurer shall be deemed to be a
24 25	member of the Association for purposes of another member's insolvency, as
26	defined in G.S. 97-135, when:
27	a. The individual self-insurer or group self-insurer is a member of the
28	Association when an insolvency occurs, or
29	b. The individual self-insurer or group self-insurer has been a member
30	of the Association at some point in time during the 12-month period
31	immediately preceding the insolvency in question.
32	(2) An individual self-insurer or a group self-insurer shall be deemed to be a
33	member of the Association for purposes of its own insolvency if it is a
34 35	(3) member when the compensable injury occurs.(3) In determining the membership of the Association for the purposes of
36	subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection for any date after the effective
37	date of this Article, no individual self-insurer or group self-insurer may be
38	deemed to be a member of the Association on any date after the effective
39	date of this Article, unless that employer is on that date licensed as an
40	individual self-insurer by the Commissioner under Article 5 of this Chapter
41	or a group of employers is at that time licensed as a group self-insurer by the
42	Commissioner under Article 47 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.
43	(c) The membership in the Association of an individual self-insurer or group
44	self-insurer shall terminate for purposes of another member's insolvency or any other purpose
45 46	upon the merger of the individual self-insurer or group self-insurer to a mutual insurance company pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes or a stock insurance
40 47	company pursuant to Article 7 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes of a stock insurance company pursuant to Article 7 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes and Article 11 of Chapter
48	55 of the General Statutes on or after January 1, 1997."
49	
50	BROKER-IN-CHARGE
51	SECTION 2.15.(a) G.S. 93A-4(a1) reads as rewritten:

1 "(a1) Each person who is issued a real estate broker license on or after April 1, 2006, shall 2 initially be classified as a provisional broker and shall, within three years following initial 3 licensure, satisfactorily complete, at a school approved by the Commission, a postlicensing 4 education program consisting of 90 hours of classroom instruction in subjects determined by 5 the Commission or shall possess real estate education or experience in real estate transactions 6 which the Commission shall find equivalent to the education program. The Commission shall 7 determine trust accounts to be a subject within the 90 hours of classroom instruction. The 8 Commission may, by rule, establish a schedule for completion of the prescribed postlicensing 9 education that requires provisional brokers to complete portions of the 90-hour postlicensing 10 education program in less than three years, and provisional brokers must comply with this 11 schedule in order to be entitled to actively engage in real estate brokerage. Upon completion of 12 the postlicensing education program, the provisional status of the broker's license shall be 13 terminated. When a provisional broker fails to complete all 90 hours of required postlicensing 14 education within three years following initial licensure, the broker's license shall be placed on 15 inactive status. The broker's license shall not be returned to active status until he or she has 16 satisfied such requirements as the Commission may by rule require. Every license cancelled 17 after April 1, 2009, because the licensee failed to complete postlicensing education shall be 18 reinstated on inactive status until such time as the licensee satisfies the requirements for 19 returning to active status as the Commission may by rule require."

20 SECTION 2.15.(b) G.S. 93A-4.2 reads as rewritten:

21

"§ 93A-4.2. Broker-in-charge qualification.

22 (a) To be qualified to serve as a broker-in-charge of a real estate office, a real estate 23 broker shall possess at least two years of full-time real estate brokerage experience or 24 equivalent part-time real estate brokerage experience within the previous five years or real 25 estate education or experience in real estate transactions that the Commission finds equivalent 26 to such experience and shall complete, within a time prescribed by the Commission, a course of 27 study prescribed by the Commission for brokers-in-charge not to exceed 12 classroom hours of 28 instruction. A provisional broker may not be designated as a broker-in-charge.

29 (b) <u>A real estate broker operating as a sole proprietor shall not be required to obtain the</u>
 30 designation of a broker-in-charge if that real estate broker has completed the trust accounts
 31 subject course of study portion of the classroom instruction required by G.S. 93A-4(a1)."

SECTION 2.15.(c) The Real Estate Commission shall permit any real estate broker operating as a sole proprietor who has completed the 90 hours of classroom instruction on or before July 1, 2014, but has not completed the trust accounts subject course of study portion of the classroom instruction required by G.S. 93A-4(a1), as enacted by this act, to complete just the trust accounts subject course of study in order to qualify for the exemption under G.S. 93A-4(b).

38 SECTION 2.15.(d) No later than December 1, 2014, the Real Estate Commission
 39 shall adopt temporary rules to implement the provisions of this section.

40 **SECTION 2.15.(d)** Subsections (a) and (b) of this section become effective 41 December 1, 2014. Subsection (c) of this section becomes effective December 1, 2014, and 42 expires December 31, 2016.

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- 44 45

47

PART III. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT REGULATION

46 NOTIFY PROPERTY OWNERS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY TRANSFERS

SECTION 3.1.(a) G.S. 136-66.10 reads as rewritten:

48 "§ 136-66.10. Dedication of right-of-way under local ordinances.

49 (a) Whenever a tract of land located within the territorial jurisdiction of a city or
 50 county's zoning or subdivision control ordinance or any other land use control ordinance
 51 authorized by local act is proposed for subdivision or for use pursuant to a zoning or building

1 permit, and a portion of it is embraced within a corridor for a street or highway on a plan 2 established and adopted pursuant to G.S. 136-66.2, a city or county zoning or subdivision 3 ordinance may provide for the dedication of right-of-way within that corridor pursuant to any 4 applicable legal authority, or:

- 5 (1)A city or county may require an applicant for subdivision plat approval or 6 for a special use permit, conditional use permit, or special exception, or for 7 any other permission pursuant to a land use control ordinance authorized by 8 local act to dedicate for street or highway purpose, the right-of-way within 9 such corridor if the city or county allows the applicant to transfer density 10 credits attributable to the dedicated right-of-way to contiguous land owned 11 by the applicant. No dedication of right-of-way shall be required pursuant to this subdivision unless the board or agency granting final subdivision plat 12 13 approval or the special use permit, conditional use permit, special exception, 14 or permission shall find, prior to the grant, that the dedication does not result 15 in the deprivation of a reasonable use of the original tract and that the dedication is either reasonably related to the traffic generated by the 16 17 proposed subdivision or use of the remaining land or the impact of the 18 dedication is mitigated by measures provided in the local ordinance.
- 19 If a city or county does not require the dedication of right-of-way within the (2)20 corridor pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection or other applicable 21 legal authority, but an applicant for subdivision plat approval or a zoning or 22 building permit, or any other permission pursuant to a land use control 23 ordinance authorized by local act elects to dedicate the right-of-way, the city 24 or county may allow the applicant to transfer density credits attributable to 25 the dedicated right-of-way to contiguous land that is part of a common 26 development plan or to transfer severable development rights attributable to 27 the dedicated right-of-way to noncontiguous land in designated receiving 28 districts pursuant to G.S. 136-66.11.
- 29 Units of local government that require or accept right-of-way dedications (3) 30 under this subsection shall notify the applicant and the property owner when 31 the local government begins review of or negotiations for a right-of-way 32 dedication and associated density credit transfer, whichever first occurs. If 33 the property owner is not the applicant, then the property owner shall be 34 given notification of right-of-way dedications and any related density credit 35 transfers under this subsection. The notification shall be sent to the last 36 known address for the owner and shall include a copy of this section and any 37 local ordinances, policies, or procedures governing the calculation and 38 application of the density credit transfer.

(b) When used in this section, the term "density credit" means the potential for the improvement or subdivision of part or all of a parcel of real property, as permitted under the terms of a zoning and/or subdivision ordinance, and/or other land use control ordinance authorized by local act, expressed in dwelling unit equivalents or other measures of development density or intensity or a fraction or multiple of that potential that may be transferred to other portions of the same parcel or to contiguous land in that is part of a common development plan."

46 **SECTION 3.1.(b)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2014, and applies to dedications occurring on or after that date.

48

49 **CORRIDOR MAP CHANGES**

- 50 **SECTION 3.2.(a)** G.S. 136-44.51 reads as rewritten:
- 51 "§ 136-44.51. Effect of transportation corridor official map.

After a transportation corridor official map is filed with the register of deeds, no 1 (a) 2 building permit shall be issued for any building or structure or part thereof located within the 3 transportation corridor, nor shall approval of a subdivision, as defined in G.S. 153A-335 and 4 G.S. 160A-376, be granted with respect to property within the transportation corridor. The 5 Secretary of Transportation or his designee, the director of a regional public transportation 6 authority, or the director of a regional transportation authority, as appropriate, shall be notified 7 within 10 days of all submittals for corridor map determination, as provided in subsections (b) 8 and (c) of this section.

9 (b) In any event, no application for building permit issuance or subdivision plat 10 approval for a tract subject to a valid transportation corridor official map shall be delayed by 11 the provisions of this section for more than three years two years from the date of its original submittal to the appropriate local jurisdiction. A submittal to the local jurisdiction for corridor 12 13 map determination shall require only the name of the property owner, the street address of the 14 property parcel, the parcel number or tax identification number, a vicinity map showing the 15 location of the parcel with respect to nearby roads and other landmarks, a sketch of the parcel 16 showing all existing and proposed structures or other uses of the property, and a description of 17 the proposed improvements. If the impact of an adopted corridor on a property submittal for 18 corridor map determination is still being reviewed after the three-year two-year period 19 established pursuant to this subsection, the entity that adopted the transportation corridor 20 official map affecting the issuance of building permits or subdivision plat approval shall issue 21 approval for an otherwise eligible request or initiate acquisition proceedings on the affected 22 properties. If the entity that adopted the transportation corridor official map has not initiated 23 acquisition proceedings or issued approval within the time limit established pursuant to this 24 subsection, an applicant within the corridor may treat the real property as unencumbered and 25 free of any restriction on sale, transfer, or use established by this Article.

(c) No submittal to a local jurisdiction for corridor map determination shall be construed to be an application for building permit issuance or subdivision plat approval. The provisions of this section shall not apply to valid building permits issued prior to August 7, 1987, or to building permits for buildings and structures which existed prior to the filing of the transportation corridor, provided the size of the building or structure is not increased and the type of building code occupancy as set forth in the North Carolina Building Code is not changed."

33 34 **SECTION 3.2.(b)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2014.

- 35 NOTICE TO CHRONIC VIOLATORS
- 36 37

38

SECTION 3.3.(a) G.S. 160A-200 is repealed.

SECTION 3.3.(b) G.S. 160A-200.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 160A-200.1. Annual notice to chronic violators of public nuisance ordinance.

39 (a) A city may notify a chronic violator of the city's public nuisance ordinance that, if 40 the violator's property is found to be in violation of the ordinance, the city shall, without further 41 notice in the calendar year in which notice is given, take action to remedy the violation, and the 42 expense of the action shall become a lien upon the property and shall be collected as unpaid 43 taxes.

44 The notice shall be sent by registered or certified mail.mail to the address of record (b) 45 for the property owner. When service is attempted by registered or certified mail, a copy of the 46 notice may also be sent by regular mail. Service shall be deemed sufficient if the registered or 47 certified mail is unclaimed or refused, but the regular mail is not returned by the post office 48 within 10 days after the mailing. If service by regular mail is used, a copy of the notice shall be 49 posted in a conspicuous place on the premises affected. A chronic violator is a person who 50 owns property whereupon, in the previous calendar year, the city gave notice of violation at 51 least three times under any provision of the public nuisance ordinance.

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(c) <u>A city may also give notice to a chronic violator of the city's overgrown vegetation</u>
ordinance in accordance with this section.
(d) For purposes of this section, a chronic violator is a person who is the property owner
of record whereupon, in the previous calendar year, the city gave notice of violation at least
three times in accordance with subsection (b) of this section."
REPEAL OBSOLETE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE STATUTES
SECTION 3.4.(a) G.S. 58-2-165(b) reads as rewritten:
"(b) The Commissioner may require statements under this section, G.S. 58-2 170,
section and G.S. 58-2-190 to be filed in a format that can be read by electronic data processing
equipment, provided that this subsection does not apply to an audited financial statement
prepared by a certified public accountant that is submitted by a town or county mutual pursuant to submattion (a1) of this section "
to subsection (a1) of this section." SECTION 3.4.(b) G.S. 58-2-170 is repealed.
SECTION 3.4.(b) G.S. $58-2-170$ is repeated. SECTION 3.4.(c) G.S. $58-3-191(a)$ and (b1) are repeated.
SECTION 3.4.(c) G.S. $58-57-140(a)(7)$ is repealed.
SECTION 3.4.(d) G.S. $58-57-140(a)(7)$ is repeated. SECTION 3.4.(e) G.S. $58-36-3(c)$ is repeated.
SECTION 3.4.(e) G.S. 58-50-5(c) is repealed. SECTION 3.4.(f) G.S. 58-40-130(e) is repealed.
SECTION 3.4.(g) G.S. 58-50-95 is repealed.
SECTION 5.4.(g) 0.5. 58-50-95 is repeated.
STUDY POST-ARREST PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES NOT PUBLIC
SECTION 3.5. The Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of
Public Safety shall study whether or not photographs of individuals charged with a crime
should be a public record, including the admissibility of such photographs, posting on the
Internet of such photographs prior to conviction, and any other matters related to the use of
photographs of charged individuals. The Administrative Office of the Courts and the
Department of Public Safety shall report, with recommendations, to the Joint Legislative
Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on or before December 31, 2014.
COMPLIANCE WITH BUILDING CODE INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS
SECTION 3.6.(a) G.S. 153A-360 reads as rewritten:
"§ 153A-360. Inspections of work in progress.
As-Subject to the provisions of G.S. 153A-352(b), as the work pursuant to a permit
progresses, local inspectors shall make as many inspections of the work as may be necessary to
satisfy them that it is being done according to the provisions of the applicable State and local
laws and local ordinances and regulations and of the terms of the permit. In exercising this
power, each member of the inspection department has a right, upon presentation of proper
credentials, to enter on any premises within the territorial jurisdiction of the department at any
reasonable hour for the purposes of inspection or other enforcement action. If a permit has been
obtained by an owner exempt from licensure under G.S. 87-1(b)(2), no inspection shall be
conducted without the owner being personally present, unless the plans for the building were
drawn and sealed by an architect licensed pursuant to Chapter 83A of the General Statutes."
SECTION 3.6.(b) G.S. 160A-420 reads as rewritten:
"§ 160A-420. Inspections of work in progress.
As Subject to the provisions of G.S. 160A-412(b), as the work pursuant to a permit
progresses, local inspectors shall make as many inspections thereof as may be necessary to
satisfy them that the work is being done according to the provisions of any applicable State and
local laws and of the terms of the permit. In exercising this power, members of the inspection
department shall have a right to enter on any premises within the jurisdiction of the department
at all reasonable hours for the purposes of inspection or other enforcement action, upon
presentation of proper credentials. If a permit has been obtained by an owner exempt from

licensure under G.S. 87-1(b)(2), no inspection shall be conducted without the owner being
 personally present, unless the plans for the building were drawn and sealed by an architect
 licensed pursuant to Chapter 83A of the General Statutes."

5 BUILDING CODE STUDY

6 **SECTION 3.8.** The North Carolina Building Code Council shall undertake a study 7 of the authority granted to local building inspectors in those counties and cities where building 8 plans are reviewed and approved prior to the issuance of a building permit, pursuant to 9 G.S. 153A-357, 153A-359, 153A-360, 153A-362, 153A-365, 160A-417, 160A-419, 160A-420, 10 and any other statutes deemed relevant by the Council. The Council shall report to the 2015 11 General Assembly on or before January 15, 2015, on its findings and make recommendations 12 on any statutory amendments that are necessary to ensure local field inspectors cannot 13 disregard or independently require changes to any construction plans previously approved by a 14 county or city.

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16 EXTEND DEADLINE FOR ADOPTION OF DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT 17 SECURITY RULES

SECTION 3.10.(a) Section 1.10(c) of S.L. 2011-401 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 1.10.(c) The Department of Commerce, Division of Employment Security,
 shall adopt all existing rules and regulations in accordance with Article 2A of Chapter 150B of
 the General Statutes. Any existing rule that has not been readopted by December 31, 2012,
 December 31, 2014, shall expire."

SECTION 3.10.(b) The Department of Commerce, Division of Employment Security, shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Unemployment Insurance on its progress toward the adoption of rules, as required by subsection (a) of this section, on or before September 3, 2014.

SECTION 3.10.(c) G.S. 120-70.156 reads as rewritten:

28 "§ 120-70.156. Purpose and powers of Committee.

(a) Purpose. – The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Unemployment Insurance
is directed to study and review all unemployment insurance matters, workforce development
programs, and reemployment assistance efforts of the State. The following duties and powers,
which are enumerated by way of illustration, shall be liberally construed to provide maximum
review by the Committee of these matters:

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(1) Study the unemployment insurance laws of North Carolina and the administration of those laws.

- (2) Review the State's unemployment insurance laws to determine which laws need clarification, technical amendment, repeal, or other change to make the laws concise, intelligible, and easy to administer.
- (3) Monitor the payment of the debt owed by the Unemployment Trust Fund to the federal government.
 - (4) Review and determine the adequacy of the balances in the Unemployment Trust Fund and the Unemployment Insurance Reserve Fund.
 - (5) Study the workforce development programs and reemployment assistance efforts of the Division of Workforce Solutions of the Department of Commerce.
- 46 (6) Call upon the Department of Commerce to cooperate with it in the study of
 47 the unemployment insurance laws and the workforce development efforts of
 48 the State.
- 49(7)Review rules adopted by the Division of Employment Security of the5050Department of Commerce and recommend statutory policies and procedures,51if necessary, to ensure the Division is operating in conformity with the

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	provisions of Chapter 96 of the General Statutes	_
	<u>federal laws and regulations and written guidance pr</u> the U.S. Department of Labor.	romulgated and issued by
(b) The	Committee may report its findings and recommendation	ons to any regular session
	ssembly. A report to the General Assembly may conta	
	recommendation of the Committee."	, ,
	TION 3.10.(d) Section 3.10(a) becomes effective I	December 31, 2012. The
remainder of thi	s section is effective when it becomes law.	
BUILDING CO	DE ALTERNATE APPROVAL METHODS STUI	DY
SEC	TION 3.11. The North Carolina Building Code Cour	ncil (Council) shall study
procedures and	policies for the approval of alternative materials, de	esigns, or methods. The
study shall addr	ess at least the following elements:	
(1)	Required content for initial applications and su	pporting information to
	initiate and complete the approval process and to	include specific project
	applications for the specific installation in question.	
(2)	Time lines for the full application process, include	
	submissions, Council review of applications and sup	
	final Council approval or denial of submitted appli	
	allow for final determinations to be rendered on within 20 days of the data of submission of a sample	
(3)	within 30 days of the date of submission of a comple Procedures for appeal of Council denials of applicat	
	inducting the study, the Council may utilize support s	
	vision of the Department of Insurance. The Council sha	
	is, including any proposed legislative changes, to the	
on or before Jan		5
	-	
	FICIAL MISCONDUCT FOR CODE OFFICIALS	
	TION 3.12.(a) G.S. 143-151.8 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 143-151.8. I	efinitions.	
	numbers of this Article "willful misson dust one	
	purposes of this Article, "willful misconduct, gro	
-	in addition to the meaning of those terms under other 1 mmon law, shall include any of the following:	provisions of the Ocheral
<u>(1)</u>	The enforcement of a Code requirement applicable	to a certain area or set of
<u>\1/</u>	circumstances in other areas or circumstances	
	requirement.	in the
<u>(2)</u>	For an alternative design or construction method	that has been appealed
<u></u>	under G.S. 143-140.1 and found by the Departmen	. .
	with the Code, to refuse to accept the decision by	
	that alternative design or construction method u	under the conditions or
	circumstances set forth in the Department's decision	* *
<u>(3)</u>	For an alternative construction method currently i	-
	Code, to refuse to allow the alternative method	
	circumstances set forth in the Code for that alternati	
<u>(4)</u>	The enforcement of a requirement when the Code	
	actual knowledge that the requirement is more str	ingent than or otherwise
	exceeds the Code requirement."	
	TION 3.12.(b) The North Carolina Code Officials Q	
	October 1, 2014, notify all Code enforcement offic	
ciarification to t	he grounds for disciplinary action enacted by this section	011.

1	
2	ENFORCE MUNICIPAL FLOODPLAIN ORDINANCE IN ETJ
3	SECTION 3.13. G.S. 160A-360(k) reads as rewritten:
4	"(k) As used in this subsection, "bona fide farm purposes" is as described in
5	G.S. 153A-340. As used in this subsection, "property" means a single tract of property or an
6	identifiable portion of a single tract. Property that is located in the geographic area of a
7	municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction and that is used for bona fide farm purposes is exempt
8	from exercise of the municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction under this Article. Property that
9	is located in the geographic area of a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction and that ceases
10	to be used for bona fide farm purposes shall become subject to exercise of the municipality's
11	extraterritorial jurisdiction under this Article. For purposes of complying with 44 C.F.R. Part
12	60, Subpart A, property that is exempt from the exercise of extraterritorial jurisdiction pursuant
13	to this subsection shall be subject to the county's floodplain ordinance or all floodplain
14	regulation provisions of the county's unified development ordinance."
15	
16	STATEWIDE VENUS FLYTRAP PENALTIES
17	SECTION 3.14.(a) Article 22 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by
18	adding a new section to read:
19	" <u>§ 14-129.3. Felony taking of Venus flytrap.</u>
20	(a) Any person, firm, or corporation who digs up, pulls up, takes, or carries away, or
21	aids in taking or carrying away, any Venus flytrap (Dionaea muscipula) plant or the seed of any
22	Venus flytrap plant growing upon the lands of another person, or from the public domain, with
23	the intent to steal the Venus flytrap plant or seed is guilty of a Class H felony.
24	(b) This section shall not apply to any person, firm, or corporation that has a permit to
25	dig up, pull up, take, or carry away the plant or seed, signed by the owner of the land, or the
26	owner's duly authorized agent. At the time of the digging, pulling, taking, or carrying away, the
27	permit shall be in the possession of the person, firm, or corporation on the land."
28	SECTION 3.14.(b) G.S. 14-129 reads as rewritten:
29	"§ 14-129. Taking, etc., of certain wild plants from land of another.
30	No person, firm or corporation shall dig up, pull up or take from the land of another or from
31	any public domain, the whole or any part of any Venus flytrap (Dionaea muscipula), trailing
32	arbutus, Aaron's Rod (Thermopsis caroliniana), Bird-foot Violet (Viola pedata), Bloodroot
33	(Sanguinaria canadensis), Blue Dogbane (Amsonia tabernaemontana), Cardinal-flower
34	(Lobelia cardinalis), Columbine (Aquilegia canadensis), Dutchman's Breeches (Dicentra
35	cucullaria), Maidenhair Fern (Adiantum pedatum), Walking Fern (Camptosorus rhizophyllus),
36	Gentians (Gentiana), Ground Cedar, Running Cedar, Hepatica (Hepatica americana and
37	acutiloba), Jack-in-the-Pulpit (Arisaema triphyllum), Lily (Lilium), Lupine (Lupinus),
38	Monkshood (Aconitum uncinatum and reclinatum), May Apple (Podophyllum peltatum),
39 40	Orchids (all species), Pitcher Plant (Sarracenia), Shooting Star (Dodecatheon meadia), Oconee Palla (Shortia galacifolia) Solomon's Soal (Polyconotum) Troiling Christmas
40 41	Bells (Shortia galacifolia), Solomon's Seal (Polygonatum), Trailing Christmas (Greens-Lycopodium), Trillium (Trillium), Virginia Bluebells (Mertensia virginica), and
41	
42 43	Fringe Tree (Chionanthus virginicus), American holly, white pine, red cedar, hemlock or other coniferous trees, or any flowering dogwood, any mountain laurel, any rhododendron, or any
43 44	ground pine, or any Christmas greens, or any Judas tree, or any leucothea, or any azalea,
44 45	without having in his possession a permit to dig up, pull up or take such plants, signed by the
45 46	owner of such land, or by his duly authorized agent. Any person convicted of violating the
40 47	provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor only punished by a fine of
47	not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) nor more than fifty dollars
49	(\$50.00)one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175.00) for each offense. offense, with each plant
5 0	taken in violation of this section constituting a separate offense. The Clerk of Court for the
51	jurisdiction in which a conviction occurs under this section involving any species listed in this

1	section that also appears on the North Carolina Protected Plants list created under the authority
2	granted by Article 19B of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes shall report the conviction to the
3	Plant Conservation Board so the Board may consider a civil penalty under the authority of that
4	Article. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the Counties of Cabarrus, Carteret,
5	Catawba, Cherokee, Chowan, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin,
6	Gaston, Granville, Hertford, McDowell, Pamlico, Pender, Person, Richmond, Rockingham,
7	Rowan and Swain."
8	SECTION 3.14.(c) If Senate Bill 38, Fifth Edition, 2013 Regular Session, becomes
9	law, Section 10 of that act is repealed.
10	SECTION 3.14.(d) This section becomes effective December 1, 2014, and applies
11	to offenses committed on or after that date.
12	
13	COMMUNITY COLLEGE BREWING WAIVER
14	SECTION 3.15.(a) Article 11 of Chapter 18B of the General Statutes is amended
15	by adding a new section to read:
16	"§ 18B-1114.6. Brewing, distillation, and fermentation course authorization.
17	(a) Authorization. – The holder of a brewing, distillation, and fermentation course
18	authorization may:
19	(1) Manufacture malt beverages on the school's campus or the school's
20	contracted or leased property for the purpose of providing instruction and
21	education on the making of malt beverages.
22	(2) Possess malt beverages manufactured during the brewing, distillation, and
23	fermentation program for the purpose of conducting malt beverage tasting
24	seminars and classes for students who are 21 years of age or older.
25	(3) Sell malt beverages produced during the course to wholesalers or to retailers
26	upon obtaining a malt beverages wholesaler permit under G.S. 18B-1109,
27	except that the permittee may not receive shipments of malt beverages from
28	other producers.
29	(4) Sell malt beverages produced during the course, upon obtaining a permit
30	under G.S. 18B-1001(2).
31	(b) Limitation. – Authorization for a brewing, distillation, and fermentation course shall
32	be granted by the Commission only for a community college or college that offers a brewing,
33	distillation, and fermentation program as a part of its curriculum offerings for students of the
34	school. For purposes of this section, the term "brewing, distillation, and fermentation program"
35	includes a fermentation sciences program offered by a community college or college as part of
36	its curriculum offerings for students of the school.
37	(c) Malt Beverage Special Event Permit The holder of a brewing, distillation, and
38	fermentation course authorization who obtains a malt beverages wholesaler permit under
39	G.S. 18B-1109 subject to the limitation in subsection (a) of this section may obtain a malt
40	beverage special event permit under G.S. 18B-1114.5 and where the permit is valid may
41	participate in approved events and sell at retail at those events any malt beverages produced
42	incident to the operation of the brewing, distillation, and fermentation program. The holder of a
43	brewing, distillation, and fermentation course authorization may participate in not more than
44	six malt beverage special events within a 12-month period and may sell up to 64 cases of malt
45	beverages, or the equivalent volume of 64 cases of malt beverages, at each event. For purposes
46	of this subsection, a "case of malt beverages" is a package containing not more than 24
47	12-ounce bottles of malt beverage. Net proceeds from the program's retail sale of malt
48	beverages pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by the school and used for support of the
49	brewing, distillation, and fermentation program.

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1	<u>(d)</u> Limi	ited Application. – The holder of a brewing, distillation, and ferme	entation
2	course authoriz	ation shall not be considered a brewery for the purposes of this Cha	upter or
3	Chapter 105 of	the General Statutes."	
4		CTION 3.15.(b) G.S. 18B-1114.5(a) reads as rewritten:	
5		norization. – The holder of a brewery,<u>brewery</u> permit, a malt b	-
6		ages importer permit, a brewing, distillation, and fermentation	
7		r <u>a</u> nonresident malt beverage vendor permit may obtain a malt beverage	-
8	1	lowing the permittee to give free tastings of its malt beverages and to	
9	_	by the glass or in closed containers at trade shows, conventions, sh	
10		verage festivals, street festivals, holiday festivals, agricultural festivals,	
11		d-raisers, and other similar events approved by the Commission. Exception $f \in C$ is 18D 1104(7) all work because for the second secon	
12		ing under the provisions of G.S. 18B-1104(7), all malt beverages sam	
13 14	1	this section must be purchased from a licensed malt beverages wholesal CTION 3.15.(c) G.S. 18B-1001(2) reads as rewritten:	er.
14		Kinds of ABC permits; places eligible.	
15 16		ssuance of the permit is lawful in the jurisdiction in which the premi	icec are
17		mmission may issue the following kinds of permits:	ses are
18	iocated, the Con	minission may issue the following kinds of permits.	
19	(2)	Off-Premises Malt Beverage Permit. – An off-premises malt be	everage
20	(-)	permit authorizes (i) the retail sale of malt beverages in the manufa	
21		original container for consumption off the premises, (ii) the retail	
22		malt beverages in a cleaned, sanitized, resealable container as defin	
23		NCAC 2T.0308(a) that is filled or refilled and sealed for consump	
24		the premises, complies with 4 NCAC 2T.0303, 4 NCAC 2T.0305	, and 4
25		NCAC 2T.0308(d)-(e), and the container identifies the permittee a	and the
26		date the container was filled or refilled, and (iii) the holder of the pe	ermit to
27		ship malt beverages in closed containers to individual purchasers ins	ide and
28		outside the State. The permit may be issued for any of the following:	
29		a. <u>Restaurants;Restaurants.</u>	
30		b. <u>Hotels; Hotels.</u>	
31		c. Eating establishments; establishments.	
32		d. Food businesses; <u>businesses</u>.	
33		<u>e.</u> Retail businesses. <u>f.</u> The holder of a brewing, distillation, and fermentation	
34 35			
35 36		authorization under G.S. 18B-1114.6. A school obtaining a under this subdivision is authorized to sell malt be	_
30 37		manufactured during its brewing, distillation, and ferme	
38		program at one noncampus location in a county where the pe	
39		holds and offers classes on a regular full-time basis in a	
40		owned by the permittee.	<u>iuciiity</u>
41	"		
42	SEC	CTION 3.15.(d) G.S. 66-58(c)(1a) reads as rewritten:	
43		of merchandise or services by governmental units.	
44			
45	(c) The	provisions of subsection (a) shall not prohibit:	
46			
47	(1a)	1 1 1	
48		community college or college viticulture/enology program as author	•
49		G.S. 18B-1114.4.G.S. 18B-1114.4 or the operation of a community	-
50		or college brewing, distillation, or fermentation program as author	ized by
51		<u>G.S. 18B-1114.6.</u> "	

1	
2	GOOD SAMARITAN LAW
3	SECTION 3.17. G.S. 90-21.14 reads as rewritten:
4	"§ 90-21.14. First aid or emergency treatment; liability limitation.
5	(a) Any person, including a volunteer medical or health care provider at a facility of a
6	local health department as defined in G.S. 130A-2 or at a nonprofit community health center or
7	a volunteer member of a rescue squad, who receives no compensation for his services as an
8	emergency medical care provider, who voluntarily and without expectation of compensation
9	renders first aid or emergency health care treatment to a person who is unconscious, ill or
10	injured,
11	(1) When the reasonably apparent circumstances require prompt decisions and
12	actions in medical or other health care, and
13	(2) When the necessity of immediate health care treatment is so reasonably
14	apparent that any delay in the rendering of the treatment would seriously
15	worsen the physical condition or endanger the life of the person,
16	shall not be liable for damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained by the person or for
17	damages for the death of the person alleged to have occurred by reason of an act or omission in
18	the rendering of the treatment unless it is established that the injuries were or the death was
19 20	caused by gross negligence, wanton conduct or intentional wrongdoing on the part of the
20 21	person rendering the treatment. The immunity conferred in this section also applies to any person who uses an automated external defibrillator (AED) and otherwise meets the
21	requirements of this section.
22	"
23 24	
25	NOTICE PUBLICATION – CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTS
26	SECTION 3.18.(a) Chapter 153A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
27	new section to read:
28	"§ 153A-52.2. Electronic notice.
29	(a) Except as provided in this section, the governing board may adopt an ordinance
30	providing that any notice it is required by law to publish or advertise, whether under
31	G.S. 1-597, under Article 8 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, under any other general
32	law, or under any local act, may be published as provided by this section in lieu of or in
33	addition to the required publication or advertisement. The ordinance may cover all notices
34	required to be published or advertised or a selected class or classes of notice.
35	(b) Upon adoption of an ordinance under subsection (a) of this section, the governing
36	board shall publish specific instructions as to how to access all notices published under an
37	ordinance adopted pursuant to this section at least once a month for 12 months in a newspaper
38	having a general circulation for that jurisdiction, as provided in G.S. 1-597.
39 40	(c) Any notice published under an ordinance adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this
40 41	<u>section shall comply with all of the following:</u>(1) The notice is published on the Web site of the governing board no later than
41	(1) <u>The notice is published on the Web site of the governing board no later than</u> the time that publication is required under the applicable statute or local act.
43	(2) The Web site contains, on its main or index page, links to all notices or a
44	link to another page with links to all notices.
45	(3) Notices and links to all notices on the Web site must be maintained on that
46	Web site for at least one year after publication.
47	(4) A copy of the notice must be filed in a notice book maintained separate and
48	apart from the ordinance book or minutes of the governing board. The notice
49	book shall be appropriately indexed and maintained for public inspection in
50	the office of the clerk or with some other person designated by the governing
51	board.

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1	(5)	A copy of the notice must be mailed or e-mailed to a pers	on that has filed a
2		written request for notice with the clerk or secretary of th	
3		or with some other person designated by the governing boa	ard. The governing
		board may require each person submitting a written require	
		renew the request annually.	
	(d) Ordina	ances adopted pursuant to this section may not supersede a	ny general law or
	local act that requ	ires notice by mail to certain persons or classes of persons	s or the posting of
	signs on certain p		× •
	(e) The o	rdinance adopted by the county may control notice giv	en by any board
	appointed by the	governing board of the county, including the board of s	ocial services and
	board of health.		
	<u>(f)</u> <u>For pu</u>	rposes of this section, "governing body" means the body el	ected or appointed
	as the board of co	unty commissioners, city council, or county board of electic	ons."
	SECT	ION 3.18.(b) G.S. 160A-1(7) reads as rewritten:	
	"(7)	"Publish," "publication," and other forms of the verb "to j	publish" mean <u>any</u>
		of the following:	
		<u>a.</u> insertion <u>Insertion</u> in a newspaper qualified und	
		publish legal advertisements in the county or cou	nties in which the
		city is located.	
		b. Electronic notice, as provided in G.S. 153A-52.2, i	f an ordinance has
		been adopted by the governing board.	
		c. Insertion in a news publication circulated in the	
		least once per week, and with an audited readership	o of at least 25,000
		persons."	
		ION 3.18.(c) G.S. 153A-1(6) reads as rewritten:	
	"(6)	"Publish," "publication," and other forms of the verb "to p	publish" mean <u>any</u>
		of the following:	
		<u>a.</u> <u>insertionInsertion</u> in a newspaper qualified und	ler G.S. 1-597 to
		publish legal advertisements in the county.	C 1' 1
		b. Electronic notice, as provided in G.S. 153A-52.2, i	t an ordinance has
		been adopted by the governing board.	
		c. Insertion in a news publication circulated in the co	• •
		least once per week, and with an audited readership	<u>0 01 at least 25,000</u>
	SECT	persons." ION 3 18 (d) G S 159 1(b)(5) reads as rewritten:	
	SEC 1 "(5)	ION 3.18.(d) G.S. 159-1(b)(5) reads as rewritten: "Publish," "publication," and other forms of the word "public	lich" mean any of
	(\mathbf{J})	the following:	mon mean <u>any or</u>
			ler $GS_{1}=507$ to
		<u>a.</u> <u>insertionInsertion</u> in a newspaper qualified und publish legal advertisements.	101 0.5.1-377 10
		<u>b.</u> <u>Electronic notice, as provided in G.S. 153A-52.2, i</u>	f an ordinance has
		been adopted by that governing board.	i an orallance has
		 <u>c.</u> Insertion in a news publication circulated in the construction 	unty published at
		least once per week, and with an audited readership	
		persons."	<u>, 01 at 10ast 23,000</u>
	SECT	ION 3.18.(e) G.S. 163-33(8) reads as rewritten:	
		rs and duties of county boards of elections.	
		bards of elections within their respective jurisdictions shall e	exercise all nowers
		bards of chections within their respective jurisdictions shall e	
	-	Il include the following:	-r upon moni
	- <i>j</i> - <i>u</i> - <i>i</i>		
-	•••		

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1 2 3 4	(8) To provide for the issuance of all notices, advertisements, and publications concerning elections required by law. If the election is on a State bond issue, an amendment to the Constitution, or approval of an act submitted to the voters of the State, the State Board of Elections shall reimburse the county
4 5	boards of elections for their reasonable additional costs in placing such
6	notices, advertisements, and publications. In addition, the county board of
7	elections shall give notice at least 20 days prior to the date on which the
8 9	registration books or records are closed that there will be a primary, general or special election, the date on which it will be held, and the hours the voting
10	places will be open for voting in that election. The notice also shall describe
11	the nature and type of election, and the issues, if any, to be submitted to the
12	voters at that election. Notice shall be given by advertisement at least once
13	weekly during the 20-day period in a newspaper having general circulation
14 15	in the county and by posting a copy of the notice at the courthouse door.
15 16	Notice may additionally be made on a radio or television station or both, but such notice shall be in addition to the newspaper and other required notice.
17	This subdivision shall not apply in the case of bond elections called under
18	the provisions of Chapter 159. The county board may adopt a policy under
19	G.S. 160A-52.2 to provide for notices, advertisements, and publications to
20	be given electronically."
21 22	SECTION 3.18.(f) This section applies only to the Counties of Guilford and Mecklenburg and to any municipality located wholly or partly within those counties.
23	SECTION 3.18.(g) This section becomes effective October 1, 2014, and applies to
24	notices given on or after that date.
25	
26	ABC PERMITS/SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES
27 28	 SECTION 3.19. G.S. 18B-1006(a) reads as rewritten: "(a) School and College Campuses. – No permit for the sale of malt beverages,
20 29	unfortified wine, or fortified wine alcoholic beverages shall be issued to a business on the
30	campus or property of a public school or college, other than at a regional facility as defined by
31	G.S. 160A-480.2 operated by a facility authority under Part 4 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of
32	the General Statutes except for a public school or college function, unless that business is a
33 34	hotel or a nonprofit alumni organization with a mixed beverages permit or a special occasion permit. This subsection shall not apply on property owned by a local board of education which
35	was leased for 99 years or more to a nonprofit auditorium authority created prior to 1991 whose
36	governing board is appointed by a city board of aldermen, a county board of commissioners, or
37	a local school board. This subsection shall also not apply to the constituent institutions of The
38	University of North Carolina with respect to the sale of beer and wine at (i) performing arts
39 40	centers located on property owned or leased by the institutions if the seating capacity does not exceed 2,000 seats; (ii) any golf courses owned or leased by the institutions and open to the
40 41	public for use; or (iii) any stadiums that support a NASCAR sanctioned one fourth mile asphalt
42	flat oval short track, that are owned or leased by the institutions, and that only sell malt
43	beverages, unfortified wine, or fortified wine at events that are not sponsored or funded by the
44	institutions. Notwithstanding this subsection, special one-time permits as described in
45	G.S. 18B 1002(a)(5) may be issued to the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill for the
46 47	Loudermilk Center for Excellence facility.school, college, or university. This subsection shall not apply to the following:
48	(1) <u>A regional facility as defined by G.S. 160A-480.2 operated by a facility</u>
49	authority under Part 4 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes,
50	unless the permit is for a public school or public college or university
51	function.

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<u>(2)</u>	Property owned by a local board of education and leased for 99 years or
	more to a nonprofit auditorium authority created prior to 1991 whose
	governing board is appointed by a city governing board, a county board of
	commissioners, or a local school board.
<u>(3)</u>	A hotel.
$\overline{\underline{(4)}}$	A nonprofit alumni organization.
$\overline{(5)}$	Restaurants, eating establishments, food businesses, or retail businesses on
<u>177</u>	the property defined by G.S. 116-198.33(4).
<u>(6)</u>	Any golf courses owned or leased by the public college or university and
<u></u>	open to the public for use.
<u>(7)</u>	The sale of malt beverages, unfortified wine, or fortified wine at the
<u></u>	following:
	<u>a.</u> <u>Performing arts centers located on property owned or leased by the</u>
	public college or university.
	b. Any stadiums that support a NASCAR-sanctioned one-fourth mile
	asphalt flat oval short track, that are owned or leased by the public
	college or university, and that only sell malt beverages, unfortified
	wine, or fortified wine at events that are not sponsored or funded by
	the public college or university.
<u>(8)</u>	Special one-time permits as described in G.S. 18B-1002(a)(5) for the
<u>(0)</u>	Loudermilk Center for Excellence facility at the University of North
	Carolina at Chapel Hill."
DISTILLERV	TASTINGS CLARIFICATION
	TION 3.20. G.S. 18B-1001(19) reads as rewritten:
"(19)	
(1)	authorized by G.S. 18B-1105 may conduct a consumer tasting event on the
	premises of the distillery subject to the following conditions:
	a. Any person pouring spirituous liquor at a tasting shall be an
	employee of the distillery and at least 21 years of age.
	b. The person pouring the spirituous liquor shall be responsible for
	checking the identification of patrons being served at the tasting.
	c. Each consumer is limited to tasting samples of 0.25 ounce of each
	spirituous liquor which total no more than 1.5 ounces of spirituous
	liquor in any calendar day.
	d. The consumer shall not be charged for any spirituous liquor tasting
	sample.
	e. The spirituous liquor used in the consumer tasting event shall be
	distilled at the distillery where the event is being held by the permit
	holder conducting the event.
	f. A consumer tasting event shall not be allowed when the sale of
	spirituous liquor is otherwise prohibited.
	g. Tasting samples are not to be offered to, or allowed to be consumed by, any person under the legal age for consuming spirituous liquor.
	h. The tasting is held either in (i) the distillery itself or (ii) any other building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which
	building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which
	building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which the distillery is located and that the distillery permit holder has
	building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which the distillery is located and that the distillery permit holder has control of through a lease, deed, or other legal process.
	building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which the distillery is located and that the distillery permit holder has control of through a lease, deed, or other legal process. The distillery permit holder shall be solely liable for any violations of this
	building or structure on property contiguous to the property on which the distillery is located and that the distillery permit holder has control of through a lease, deed, or other legal process.

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	subterfuge for the unlawful sale or distribution of sp the tastings are not used by industry members for us retail permit holders."	-
PART IV. HE	CALTH AND SAFETY REGULATION	
LIMITED FO	OOD SERVICES AT LODGING FACILITIES	
SE	CTION 4.1.(a) G.S. 130A-247(7) reads as rewritten:	
"(7)	"Limited food services establishment" means an esta in G.S. 130A-248(a4), with food handling operation rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to G.S. prepares or serves food only in conjunction with a <u>Limited food service establishment also includes lodg</u> only reheated food that has already been precooked."	ns that are restricted by 130A-248(a4) and that amateur athletic events.
SF	CTION 4.1.(b) G.S. 130A-148(a4) reads as rewritten:	
	the protection of the public health, the Commission shall	ll adopt rules governing
· · ·	of limited food service establishments. In adopting the	1 0 0
	t the number of days that limited food service establ	
	ervice establishment permits shall be issued only to the fo	• 1
(1)	political Political subdivisions of the State, State.	<u>Q</u> _
$\overline{(2)}$	establishments Establishments operated by volunteer	rs that prepare or serve
	food in conjunction with amateur athletic events, even	
<u>(3)</u>	Lodging facilities that serve only reheated food	that has already been
	precooked.	
<u>(4)</u>	or for establishments Establishments operated by	organizations that are
	exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code."	(3) or section 501(c)(4)
SE	CTION 4.1.(c) The Commission for Public Health shall	adopt rules to conform
to the provision	ns of this section.	
NURSING HO	OME ADMINISTRATOR ACT REVISION	
	CTION 4.2. G.S. 90-280(a) reads as rewritten:	
"(a) Eac	h applicant for an examination administered by the Board	and each applicant for
an administrate	pr-in-training program and reciprocity endorsement shall	pay a processing fee set
by the Board n	ot to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) plus the actua	I cost of the exam."
REPORT ON	SEEK	
SE	CTION 4.3. The Division of Child Development and	Early Education shall
-	oint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and H	
	Assembly prior to statewide implementation of the Subs	-
	EK) system. The report shall be due no later than Mar	
	comes of the SEEK system pilot implementation that h	
	current system pilot, (ii) barriers to full implementation, a	and (iii) plans to ensure
effective and e	fficient statewide implementation.	
	N MULTIPLICATIVE AUDITING AND MONITO	RING OF CERTAIN
SERVICE PR		
Behavioral He	CTION 4.4. No later than December 1, 2014, the alth and Developmental Disabilities Services of the Depues shall report to the Joint Logislating Operation to the Depuese shall report to the Joint Logislating Operation of the Depuese shall report to the Joint Logislating Operation of the Depuese shall report to the Joint Logislating Operation of the Depuese shall be also	partment of Health and
numan Servic	es shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Con	minute on Health and

under the Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services who have been nationally accredited through a recognized national accrediting body. The report shall include all group home facilities licensed under Chapter 122C of the General Statutes. The report shall include a complete list of all auditing and monitoring and shall provide recommendations to remove all unnecessary regulatory duplication and to enhance efficiency.

7

8 END SUNSET FOR FACILITIES THAT USE ALTERNATIVE ELECTRONIC 9 MONITORING SYSTEMS

10 SECTION 4.5. Section 4 of S.L. 2009-490, as amended by S.L. 2012-15, reads as 11 rewritten:

12 "SECTION 4. The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health Service Regulation shall establish a pilot program to study the use of electronic supervision devices as 13 14 an alternative means of supervision during sleep hours at facilities for children and adolescents 15 who have a primary diagnosis of mental illness and/or emotional disturbance. The pilot 16 program shall be implemented at a facility currently authorized to waive the requirement set 17 forth in 10A NCAC 27G .1704(c) or any related or subsequent rule or regulation by the Commission for Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services 18 19 setting minimum overnight staffing requirements. The waiver shall remain in effect until 20 December 31, 2015; effect; however, the Division reserves the right to rescind the waiver if, at 21 the time of the facility's license renewal, there are outstanding deficiencies that have remained 22 uncorrected upon follow-up survey, that are related to electronic supervision."

23 24

25

STATE MEDICAID RECREDENTIALING PERIOD

SECTION 4.6.(a) Section 12H.7 of S.L. 2013-360 is codified as G.S. 108C-9(e).

SECTION 4.6.(b) Effective July 1, 2017, and applying to all recredentialings due on or after that date, G.S. 108C-9(e), as codified by subsection (a) of this section, reads as rewritten:

29 "(e) The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance, 30 shall charge an application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00), and the amount federally 31 required, to each provider enrolling in the Medicaid Program for the first time. The fee shall be 32 charged to all providers at recredentialing every three five years."

33 34

USE OF NATURAL SPRING WATER AT CO-LOCATED RESTAURANTS

35 **SECTION 4.7.(a)** Until the effective date of the revised permanent rule that the 36 Commission for Public Health is required to adopt pursuant to Section 4.7(c) of this section, the 37 Commission and the Department of Health and Human Services shall implement 15A NCAC 38 18A .1723 (Springs), as provided in Section 4.7(b) of this section.

39 SECTION 4.7.(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15A NCAC 18A .1723 40 (Springs), or any other applicable rule, a spring which transverses a property on which a 41 restaurant is located may be used for the purpose of water service to restaurant patrons and for 42 employees of the restaurant, for consumption purposes without a requirement that it be 43 equipped with a continuous disinfection device, nor shall the owner of the restaurant be 44 required to submit a certification to the Department of Public Health concerning the spring, nor 45 be subject to any other requirements under law with respect to water service from the spring, except as may be required by the federal Safe Drinking Water Act. 46

47 **SECTION 4.7.(c)** The Commission for Public Health shall adopt rules to amend 48 15A NCAC 18A .1723 consistent with Section 4.7(b) of this section. Notwithstanding 49 G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Commission pursuant to Section 4.7(c) of this section 50 shall be substantively identical to the provisions of Section 4.7(b) of this section. Rules adopted 51 pursuant to Section 4.7(c) of this section are not subject to Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter

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1	150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to Section 4.7(c) of this section shall			
2	become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though 10 or more written objections			
3	had been received, as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).			
4	SECTION 4.7.(d) Article 10 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes is amended			
5	by adding a new section to read:			
6	" <u>§ 130A-330. Restaurants served by natural springs.</u>			
7	Notwithstanding any requirement of this Article or any other provision of law, a spring that			
8	transverses a property on which a restaurant is located may be used for the purpose of water			
9	service to restaurant patrons and for employees of the restaurant and shall be exempt from any			
10	requirements for disinfection of the spring water and other requirements that may be applicable			
11	to a public water system. This provision shall only apply to the extent not preempted by			
12	requirements of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act."			
13	SECTION 4.7.(e) Section 4.7(b) of this section expires on the date that rules			
14	adopted pursuant to Section 4.7(c) of this act become effective.			
15				
16	INTERSTATE CONNECTIVITY OF THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES			
17	REPORTING SYSTEM			
18	SECTION 4.8. The Department of Health and Human Services shall execute a			
19	memorandum of understanding with the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy to			
20	participate in PMP InterConnect.			
21				
22	AMEND HOTEL CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM REQUIREMENT			
23 24	SECTION 4.9.(a) Section $19(c)$ of S.L. 2013-413 is repealed.			
24 25	SECTION 4.9.(b) Section 19(e) of S.L. 2013-413 reads as rewritten:			
23 26	"SECTION 19.(e) This section is effective when it becomes law, except that (i)-subsection (b) of this section becomes effective October 1, 2013, and expires October 1, 2014; and (ii)			
20 27	subsection (c) of this section becomes effective October 1, 2013, and expires October 1, 2014, and (ii)			
27	SECTION 4.9.(c) G.S. 143-138(b2) reads as rewritten:			
28 29	"(b2) Carbon Monoxide Detectors.<u>Alarms.</u> – The Code (i) may contain provisions			
30	requiring the installation of either battery-operated or electrical carbon monoxide			
31	detectorsalarms in every dwelling unit having a fossil fuel burningcombustion heater,			
32	appliance, or fireplace, and in any dwelling unit having an attached garage and (ii) shall contain			
33	provisions requiring the installation of electrical carbon monoxide detectorsalarms at a lodging			
34	establishment. Violations of this subsection and rules adopted pursuant to this subsection shall			
35	be punishable in accordance with subsection (h) of this section and G.S. 143-139. In particular,			
36	the rules shall provide:			
37	(1) For dwelling units, carbon monoxide <u>detectorsalarms</u> shall be those listed by			
38	a nationally recognized testing laboratory that is OSHA-approved approved			
39	to test and certify to American National Standards Institute/Underwriters			
40	Laboratories Standards ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL2075 and shall be			
41	installed in accordance with either the standard of the National Fire			
42	Protection Association or the minimum protection designated in the			
43	manufacturer's instructions, which the property owner shall retain or provide			
44	as proof of compliance. A carbon monoxide detectoralarm may be combined			
45	with smoke detectors if the combined detectoralarm does both of the			
46	following: (i) complies with ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL2075 for carbon			
47	monoxide alarms and ANSI/UL217 for smoke detectors; and (ii) emits an			
48	alarm in a manner that clearly differentiates between detecting the presence			
49 50	of carbon monoxide and the presence of smoke.			
50	(2) For lodging establishments, <u>including tourist homes that provide</u>			
51	accommodations for seven or more continuous days (extended-stay			

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1	establishments), and bed and breakfast inns and bed and	l breakfast homes as
2	defined in G.S. 130A-247, carbon monoxide detect	
3	installed in every enclosed spacedwelling unit or slee	eping unit having a
4	fossil fuel burningcombustion heater, appliance, or fi	ireplace and in any
5	enclosed space, including a sleeping room, every dwell	
6	unit that shares a common wall, floor, or ceiling with an	enclosed spacewith
7	<u>a room</u> having a fossil fuel burningcombustion he	eater, appliance, or
8	fireplace. Carbon monoxide detectorsalarms shall be (i) l	listed by a nationally
9	recognized testing laboratory that is OSHA approveda	pproved to test and
10	certify to American National Standards Institute/Under	writers Laboratories
11	(ANSI/UL) Standards ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL203	75, (ii) installed in
12	accordance with either the standard of the Nation	nal Fire Protection
13	Association (NFPA) or the minimum protection	designated in the
14	manufacturer's instructions, which the lodging establish	ment shall retain or
15	provide as proof of compliance, (iii) receive primar	ry power from the
16	building's wiring, where such wiring is served from a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	and (iv) receive power from a battery when primary pow	wer is interrupted. A
18	carbon monoxide detectoralarm may be combined with	n smoke detectors if
19	the combined detectoralarm complies with the re-	quirements of this
20	subdivision for carbon monoxide alarms and ANSI	/UL217 for smoke
21	detectors.alarms. In lieu of the carbon monoxide alarn	ms required by this
22	subsection, a carbon monoxide detection system, whi	ich includes carbon
23	monoxide detectors and audible notification applia	nces installed and
24	maintained in accordance with NFPA 720, shall be pe	rmitted. The carbon
25	monoxide detectors shall be listed as complying with	
26	purposes of this subsection, "lodging establishment" mea	•
27	tourist home, or other establishment permitted u	
28	G.S. 130A-248 to provide lodging accommodations	
29	public.public, and "combustion heater, appliance, or fi	
30	heater, appliance, or fireplace that burns combustion fuel	
31	limited to, natural or liquefied petroleum gas, fuel oil,	
32	coal for heating, cooking, drying, or decorative purpose	-
33	limited to, space heaters, wall and ceiling heaters, ran	
34	furnaces, fireplaces, water heaters, and clothes dryers.	
35	subsection, candles and canned fuels are not considere	ed to be combustion
36	appliances.	
37 <u>(3)</u>	• •	
38	Prevention) to regulate the provisions of this subsection	
39	lodging establishments, including hotels, motels, tourist	•
40	accommodations for seven or more continuous d	
41	establishments), and bed and breakfast inns and bed and	
42	defined in G.S. 130A-247; provided nothing in this subs	
43	the Building Code Council from establishing more string	
44	carbon monoxide alarms or detectors for new lodg	
45	including hotels, motels, tourist homes that provide a	
46	seven or more continuous days (extended-stay establish	
47	breakfast inns and bed and breakfast homes as defined	
48	The Building Code Council shall modify the NC State	
49 50	Prevention) minimum inspection schedule to include an	
50	new and existing lodging establishments, including	
51	tourist homes that provide accommodations for seven	or more continuous

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		days (extended-stay establishments), and bed and be	reakfast inns and bed and
		breakfast homes as defined in G.S. 130A-247 for th	
		with this subsection.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Upon discovery of a violation of this subsection	that poses an imminent
		hazard and that is not corrected during an in	-
		establishment subject to the provisions of G.S. 130	A-248, the code official
		responsible for enforcing the NC State Building Co	
		immediately notify the local health director for t	
		violation was discovered, or the local health direc	
		contact and shall also submit a written report docu	
		this subsection to the local health director for t	
		violation was discovered, or the local health directed	•
		working day following the discovery of the violat	-
		day of receipt of the written report document	
		subsection, the local health director for the county in	
		discovered, or the local health director's designee,	
		appropriate action regarding the permit for the le	
		provided in G.S. 130A-248. Lodging establishme	
		rooms that are exempted from the requirement	
		G.S. 130A-250 shall be subject to the penalties s	
		Building Code (Fire Prevention).	
	<u>(5)</u>	Upon discovery of a violation of this subsection	that does not pose an
	<u></u>	imminent hazard and that is not corrected during a	
		establishment subject to the provisions of G.S. 1	
		operator of the lodging establishment shall have a	
		working days following the discovery of the viol	
		official responsible for enforcing the NC Stat	
		Prevention) verbally or in writing that the violation	-
		code official receives such notification, the code of	•
		portions of the lodging establishment that contained	• •
		for reinspection shall not exceed the fee charged fo	
		the code official receives no such notification, or if	
		that previous violations were not corrected, the co	-
		written report documenting the violation of this sub-	
		director for the county in which the violation was	
		health director's designee, within three working	
		termination of the correction period or the reinspe	
		The local health director shall investigate and may	
		regarding the permit for the lodging establis	
		G.S. 130A-248. Lodging establishments having fiv	-
		exempted from the requirements of G.S. 130A-248	
		be subject to the penalties set forth in the NC St	-
		Prevention).	<u> </u>
	<u>(6)</u>	The requirements of subdivisions (2) through (5) of	f this subsection shall not
	<u>, /</u>	apply to properties subject to the provisions	
		G.S. 42A-31."	
	SEC	FION 4.9.(d) G.S. 130A-248 reads as rewritten:	
,		egulation of food and lodging establishments.	
		stablishment shall commence or continue operation	on without a permit or
	· · ·	it issued by the Department. The permit or transition	-

transitional permit issued by the Department. The permit or transitional permit shall be issued 51

to the owner or operator of the establishment and shall not be transferable. If the establishment 1 2 is leased, the permit or transitional permit shall be issued to the lessee and shall not be 3 transferable. If the location of an establishment changes, a new permit shall be obtained for the 4 establishment. A permit shall be issued only when the establishment satisfies all of the 5 requirements of the rules and the requirements of subsection (g) of this section.rules. The Commission shall adopt rules establishing the requirements that must be met before a 6 7 transitional permit may be issued, and the period for which a transitional permit may be issued. 8 The Department may also impose conditions on the issuance of a permit or transitional permit 9 in accordance with rules adopted by the Commission. A permit or transitional permit shall be 10 immediately revoked in accordance with G.S. 130A-23(d) for failure of the establishment to 11 maintain a minimum grade of C. A permit or transitional permit may otherwise be suspended or revoked in accordance with G.S. 130A-23. 12

13

14 (g) All hotels, motels, tourist homes, and other establishments that provide lodging for pay shall install either a battery-operated or electrical carbon monoxide detector in every 15 16 enclosed space having a fossil fuel burning heater, appliance, or fireplace and in any enclosed 17 space, including a sleeping room, that shares a common wall, floor, or ceiling with an enclosed space having a fossil fuel burning heater, appliance, or fireplace. Carbon monoxide detectors 18 19 shall be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory that is OSHA-approved to test and 20 certify to American National Standards Institute/Underwriters Laboratories Standards 21 ANSI/UL2034 or ANSI/UL2075, and installed in accordance with either the standard of the 22 National Fire Protection Association or the minimum protection designated in the 23 manufacturer's instructions, which the establishment shall retain or provide as proof of 24 compliance. A carbon monoxide detector may be combined with smoke detectors if the 25 combined detector complies with the requirements of this subdivision for carbon monoxide alarms and ANSI/UL217 for smoke detectors.comply with the requirements of 26 27 G.S. 143-138(b2)(2). Upon notification of a violation of G.S. 143-138(b2)(2) by the code 28 official responsible for enforcing the NC State Building Code (Fire Prevention) in accordance 29 with G.S. 143-138(b2)(4), the local health department is authorized to suspend a permit issued 30 pursuant to this section in accordance with G.S. 130A-23." 31 SECTION 4.9.(e) No later than March 31, 2015, the Building Code Council shall

SECTION 4.9.(e) No later than March 31, 2015, the Building Code Council shall adopt a rule to amend the NC State Building Code (Fire Prevention) as it applies to structures required to comply with the provisions of G.S. 143-138(b2)(2), as enacted by this section, to adopt the standards for carbon monoxide alarms contained in the 2015 International Fire Code promulgated by the International Code Council. The effective date of the rule required by this section shall be no later than June 1, 2015.

37 38

PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGEMENT REGULATION

39 SECTION 4.10.(a) Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
 40 Article to read:

"Article 56A.

41 42

"<u>Pharmacy Benefits Management.</u> "§ 58-56A-1. Definitions.

43 The following definitions apply in this Article: 44 45 Health benefit plan. - As defined in G.S. 58-50-110(11). This definition (1)specifically excludes the State Health Plan for Teachers and State 46 47 Employees. 48 Insurer. – Any entity that provides or offers a health benefit plan. (2)49 (3) Maximum allowable cost price. - The maximum per-unit reimbursement for 50 multiple source prescription drugs, medical products, or devices.

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1	(4)	Pharmacy. – A pharmacy registered with the North (Carolina Board of
2	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Pharmacy.	
3	<u>(5)</u>	Pharmacy benefits manager. – An entity who contracts w	with a pharmacy on
4		behalf of an insurer or third-party administrator to adm	
5		prescription drug benefits.	<u>c</u> /
6	(6)	Third-party administrator. – As defined in G.S. 58-56-2.	
7		aximum allowable cost price.	
8		der to place a prescription drug on the maximum allowable	cost price list, the
9		ailable for purchase by pharmacies in North Carolina from r	÷
10	wholesalers, mus	st not be obsolete, and must meet one of the following condit	tions:
11	<u>(1)</u>	The drug is listed as "A" or "B" rated in the most rec	ent version of the
12		United States Food and Drug Administration's Approved I	Drug Products with
13		Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, also known as the C	Drange Book.
14	<u>(2)</u>	The drug has a "NR" or "NA" rating, or a similar rating	<u>ıg, by a nationally</u>
15		recognized reference.	
16	<u>(b)</u> <u>A pha</u>	armacy benefits manager shall adjust or remove the maxim	um allowable cost
17	price for a presci	ription drug to remain consistent with changes in the natior	nal marketplace for
18	prescription drug	gs. A review of the maximum allowable cost prices for remo-	val or modification
19	shall be complete	ed by the pharmacy benefits manager at least once every se	ven business days,
20	and any remova	al or modification shall occur within seven business days	of the review. A
21		its manager shall provide a means by which the contracte	
22	* * *	current prices in an electronic, print, or telephonic format v	vithin one business
23		val or modification."	
24		FION 4.10.(b) The Department of Insurance, in colla	
25	1	Commerce and the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy, shall	•
26		its management company regulation. Specifically, the stud	
27		closure of and methodology for calculating maximum allow	
28		nefits management companies; (ii) appeals procedures for p	-
29		owable cost pricing; (iii) consumer protections and the discl	
30		on by pharmacy benefits managers; (iv) regulation of the	
31		ed to a consumer by pharmacy benefits managers and its effective	
32		v) any further industry regulation deemed necessary to stud	
33		ll report the collective findings and recommendations, inclu	ding any proposed
34	•	e 2015 General Assembly on or before January 20, 2015.	CC T 1
35		FION 4.10.(c) Subsection (a) of this section becomes ef	•
36	2015, and applies	s to contracts entered into, renewed, or amended on or after t	that date.
37			
38	CBD OIL AME		-f G I - 2014 52
39 40		FION 4.11.(a) G.S. 30-113.101, as enacted by Section 2	2 of S.L. 2014-53,
40 41	reads as rewritter		
41 42	"§ 90-113.101. D	Jermitions.	
42 43	(c) Datab	base. – The Intractable Epilepsy Alternative Treatment Pil	ot Study database
43 44		he Department of Health and Human Services pursuant	•
44 45	•	rs, patients, and recommending neurologists.	to uns Atucle, to
45 46	legister caregiver	is, patients, and recommending neurologists.	
40 47	(i) Pilot	Study. — Research Study. – An evidence based investigatio	n of the safety and
48		ting intractable epilepsy using hemp extract conducted	
40 49		stered pursuant to this Article."	by one of more
49 50	5 5	FION 4.11.(b) G.S. 90-113.102, as enacted by Section 2	2 of S.L. 2014-53
50 51	reads as rewritter		. 01 0.2. 2017 00,
<i></i>		541	

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"§ 9	depa	Intractable Epilepsy Alternative Treatment Pilot Study database; rtmental duties.
(8		Department shall create a secure, electronic, and online Intractable Epilepsy
		tment Pilot Study database registry for the registration of pilot studies, research
		gists, caregivers, and patients as provided by this Article. The registry must be
acces	sible to la	w enforcement agencies in order to verify registration of caregivers.for the
limite	ed purpose	of verifying the names of registered caregivers, provided that no patient
ident	ifying info	rmation or patient information protected under the federal Health Insurance
Porta	bility and	Accountability Act (HIPAA) shall be disclosed. The registry must prevent an
active	e registratio	on of a patient by multiple neurologists. At a minimum, the database shall
consi	st of the fol	llowing:
	(1)	The name and address of each registered caregiver and the name of the pilot
		research study the caregiver is associated with.
	(2)	The name and address of each registered patient and the name of the pilot
		research study the patient is associated with.
	(3)	The name, address, and qualifying institutional affiliation of neurologists
	(-)	conducting pilot research studies pursuant to this Article.
	(4)	The name, institutional affiliation, affiliated registered neurologists, and
		parameters of pilot<u>research</u> studies.
4) The	Department shall contact the county department of health where the patient
· ·		ide the following information:
resia	(1)	The name and address of the registered caregiver.
	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Identifying information contained on the caregiver registration card."
	. ,	TION 4.11.(c) G.S. 90-113.103, as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 2014-53,
reads	as rewritte	
		Registration of pilot studies<u>research studies</u> and neurologists.
3 70 (2		urologist seeking to conduct a pilot research study pursuant to this Article shall
	,	ation to the Department providing all of the following information:
suom	(1)	The name of the pilot<u>research</u> study.
	(1) (2)	The affiliated research institution.
		The scientific and clinical parameters of the research study.
	(3)	The <u>treatment</u> protocols established to ensure patient safety.
	(4)	
	(5)	The name and address of the one or more neurologists associated with the
		pilot research study.
	(6)	Any other information deemed necessary by the Department to determine the sofety and evidence based network of the miletresearch study.
/1	י וידר (the safety and evidence based nature of the pilot research study.
		Department shall examine applications received pursuant to subsection (a) of
		register in the database the proposed pilot research studies that the Department
		minimal scientific methods and protect patient safety.
. (0		Department may monitor registered pilot research studies to ensure continued
adher	-	ient safety protocols and the scientific parameters of the study."
		TION 4.11.(d) G.S. 90-113.104, as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 2014-53,
	as rewritte	
		Caregiver registration card; application; fees.
(8		Department shall, in coordination with recommendations from the Department
	•	, establish the form and content of caregiver registration cards to be issued to
indiv		satisfy the requirements set forth in this section.
(ł		Department shall issue a caregiver registration card, valid for a period of one
year		ce, to an individual who satisfies all of the following criteria:
	(1)	Is at least 18 years of age.
	(2)	Is a resident of North Carolina.
	(2)	is a resident of North Carolina.

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(3)	Provides the Department with a statement signed by a neur	ologist
(5)	conducting a pilot <u>research</u> study that satisfies all of the following:	0105150
	a. Demonstrates that a patient in the caregiver's care satisfies all	of the
	following criteria:	. or the
	1. Has been examined and is under the care of the neurolo	aist
	 Suffers from intractable epilepsy. 	g15t.
	1 1 7	
		tu du
	4. Is eligible for inclusion in the registered pilot research st	ludy.
	5. <u>Is a resident of North Carolina.</u>	
	b. Contains a recommendation for the use of hemp extract for tre	
	of intractable epilepsy as part of a registered pilot <u>research</u> stud	•
	c. Is consistent with records received from the neurologist, conc	
(4)	the patient, contained in the database described in G.S. 90-113.	
(4)	Pays the Department a fee, not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00), established by the pays of the pays o	blished
	by the Department under G.S. 90-113.106.	
(5)	Submits an application to the Department that contains all of the follow	ving:
	a. The caregiver's name and address.	
	b. The patient's name and address.	
	c. A copy of the caregiver's valid government issued	photo
	identification.	
	d. Any additional information the Department finds necess	ary to
	implement this Article.	.1
	Department shall renew a caregiver registration card upon certification fr	
-	he neurologist that all information initially provided to the Department	
	of this section is current or has been updated to reflect any change	
-	all charge a fee for renewal of a caregiver registration card, not to exceed $5(00)$ actabilished under $C = 00, 112, 106$	twenty
,	5.00), established under G.S. 90-113.106."	11 52
eads as rewritte	CTION 4.11.(e) G.S. 90-113.105, as enacted by Section 2 of S.L. 20	114-35,
	Immunity for neurologists; medical records.	
	a case by case basis, neurologists conducting a registered pilot research	a study
· · ·	f dispensation to a registered caregiver, as approved by this Article, hemp	
• • •	another jurisdiction.	extract
-	eurologist Neither a neurologist conducting a registered research study no	or thair
. ,	<u>tution</u> shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized or discipli	
	or denied any right or privilege for <u>possessing</u> , approvingapprovi	
	the use of hemp extract or providing a written statement or health records	
	the use of hemp extract or providing a written statement of health records	s to the
1	eurologist conducting a registered pilotresearch study who signs a staten	nont og
	S. 90-113.104(b)(3) shall do the following:	lient as
(1) (1)	Keep a record of the evaluation and observation of a patient unc	dar tha
(1)	neurologist's care, including the patient's response to hemp extract trea	
(2)	Transmit the record described in subdivision (1) of this subsection	
(2)		to the
(d) All	Department upon request. medical records received or maintained by the Department pursuant	to this
	fidential and may not be disclosed to the public.disclosed to a third party we the patient or if the patient is a minor or otherwise incompotent, the p	
	the patient or, if the patient is a minor or otherwise incompetent, the plical Nothing in this Article is intended to alter the provisions of GS	
G.S. 8-53.1."	lian. Nothing in this Article is intended to alter the provisions of G.S. 8	5-35 OF
	CTION 4.11.(f) G.S. 90-94.1, as enacted by Section 3 of S.L. 2014-53, re	anda na
rewritten:	-11011 $-111(1)$ 0.5. -74.1 , as chacled by Section 5 of S.L. 2014-35, I	Laus as

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" § 90-94. 1	Exemption for use or possession of hemp extract.
(a)	As used in this section, "hemp extract" means an extract from a cannabis plant, or a
mixture (preparation containing cannabis plant material, that has all of the following
characteri	
	(1) Is composed of less than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)
	tetrahydrocannabinol by weight.
	(2) Is composed of at least ten percent (10%) cannabidiol by weight.
	(3) Contains no other psychoactive substance.
(b)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, an individual may possess or
· · /	extract, and is not subject to the penalties described in this Chapter, if the individual
	of the following criteria:
satisfies a	(1) Possesses or uses the hemp extract only to treat intractable epilepsy, as
	defined in G.S. 90-113.101.
	 Possesses, in close proximity to the hemp extract, a certificate of analysis
	that indicates the hemp extract's ingredients, including its percentages of
	(2) tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol by weight.
	(3) Has a current hemp extract registration card issued by the Department of
	Health and Human <u>Services</u> <u>Services</u> , or is a neurologist conducting a
	registered research study, under Article 5G of Chapter 90 of the General
	Statutes.
(c)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, an individual who possesses
	ct lawfully under this section may administer hemp extract to another person under
	lual's care and is not subject to the penalties described in this Chapter for
administer	ng the hemp extract to the person if both of the following conditions are satisfied:
	(1) The individual is the person's caregiver, as defined in G.S. 90-113.101.
	(2) The individual is registered with the Department of Health and Human
	Services to administer hemp extract under G.S. 90-113.103."
0 1	SECTION 4.11.(g) Section 4.11(f) of this section becomes effective upon adoption
1	rsuant to Section 4 of S.L. 2014-53. The remainder of this section is effective when
it become	law.
ANIMAL	EUTHANASIA REQUIREMENTS
	SECTION 4.12.(a) G.S. 19A-24(a) reads as rewritten:
"(a)	
	The Board of Agriculture shall:
	(1) Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding
	(1) Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog
	(1) Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or
	(1) Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to
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	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from
	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises.
	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises. Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase
	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises. Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase and sale of animals and to identify animals at their establishments.
	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises. Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase and sale of animals and to identify animals at their establishments. Adopt rules to implement this Article, including federal regulations
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	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises. Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase and sale of animals and to identify animals at their establishments. Adopt rules to implement this Article, including federal regulations promulgated under Title 7, Chapter 54, of the United States Code. Adopt rules on the euthanasia of animals in the possession or custody of any
	 Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure. Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises. Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase and sale of animals and to identify animals at their establishments. Adopt rules to implement this Article, including federal regulations promulgated under Title 7, Chapter 54, of the United States Code. Adopt rules on the euthanasia of animals in the possession or custody of any person required to obtain a certificate of registration under this Article. An

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1		Department shall establish rules for the euthanasia process	using any one or
2		combination of methods and standards prescribed	•
3		aforementioned organizations. The rules shall address the	
4		process, and the separation of animals, in addition to the	-
5		condition. If the gas method of euthanasia is approved, rule	
6		that only commercially compressed carbon monoxide gas	
7		use, and (ii) that the gas must be delivered in a commercia	
8		chamber that allows for the individual separation of animals	
9		mandate training for any person who participates in the euth	-
10	<u>(6)</u>	Adopt rules to ensure that the correct calculations of chemic	
11		the euthanasia of animals subject to this subsection includ	
12		dosage based upon the species age, weight, and condition of	
13 14		that the recordation of information during this proce	
14 15		identification number of the animal, species, sex, weight, b	
15 16		date, dosages for drugs that are administered, and amounts When any chemical agent has instructions that direct th	
10		dosage to be determined, in whole or in part, upon the ani	
18		animal to be euthanized shall be weighed using a mechanic	
10		accurate to plus or minus one pound or plus or minus one-h	
20		that if the dose of the chemical agent is increased or de	
21		amount recommended for an animal of a given weight	
22		chemical agent administered and the reason for administ	
23		different from that recommended for an animal of that	
24		recorded."	
25	SECT	TON 4.12.(b) This section becomes effective September 1, 2	2014.
26			
27	PART V. ENVI	RONMENTAL REGULATION	
28			
29		CASES FOR AIR QUALITY PERMITS	
30		TION 5.1. G.S. 143-215.108 reads as rewritten:	
31	~§ 143-215.108.	Control of sources of air pollution; permits required.	
32 33	····	muit applicant normittee on third northeapplicant on a	mittaa wha ia
33 34		rmit applicant, permittee, or third partyapplicant or permit applicant or permit application n	
34 35		y filing a petition under G.S. 150B-23 within 30 days after	
36		icant or permittee of its decision. If the permit applicant, p	
37		<u>permittee</u> does not file a petition within the required time, t	
38		upplication is final and is not subject to review. The filing of	
39		ill stay the Commission's decision until resolution of the contr	-
40		son other than a permit applicant or permittee who is a per-	
41	_	s decision on a permit application may commence a contester	
42		G.S. 150B-23 within 30 days after the Commission provide	
43	-	mit application, as provided in G.S. 150B-23(f), or by postin	
44	a publically avai	lable Web site. "Substantial prejudice" to the petitioner in	a contested case
45		subsection means the exceedance of a national ambient air	
46		etition under this subsection does not stay the Commission's d	lecision except as
47	ordered by the ac	ministrative law judge under G.S. 150B-33(b).	
48	"		
49 50			
50	CLOSURE OF	CERTAIN ANIMAL WASTE CONTAINMENT BASINS	

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	SECTION 5.2. Part 1A of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is
	amended by adding a new section to read:
	"§ 143-215.10J. Closure of certain animal waste containment basins.
	(a) The Department shall consider any waste containment basin to be a fresh water
	storage facility meeting all requirements for closure under 15A NCAC 02T .1306 if the owner
	of the basin demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that the basin meets all of the
	following requirements:
	(1) The basin has been used only for the containment of dairy cattle waste.
	(2) The basin was constructed prior to 2006.
	(3) The basin has not been used for the containment of dairy cattle waste after September 1, 2006.
	(4) The only liquid currently entering the basin is from rainwater or rainwater
	runoff.
	(5) Nitrogen levels in the basin water do not exceed 40 parts per million.
	(b) The Department shall provide written notification to the owner of a basin meeting
1	the requirements of subsection (a) of this section that the basin is no longer considered an
	animal waste management system."
	CONTESTED CASES FOR CAMA PERMITS
	SECTION 5.3. G.S. 113A-121.1 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 113A-121.1. Administrative review of permit decisions.
	(a) An applicant for a minor or major development permit who is dissatisfied with the
	decision on his application may file a petition for a contested case hearing under G.S. 150B-23
	within 20 days after the decision is made. When a local official makes a decision to grant or
	deny a minor development permit and the Secretary is dissatisfied with the decision, the
	Secretary may file a petition for a contested case within 20 days after the decision is made.
	(b) A person other than a permit applicant or the Secretary who is dissatisfied with a
	decision to deny or grant a minor or major development permit may file a petition for a
	contested case hearing only if the Commission determines that a hearing is appropriate. A
	request for a determination of the appropriateness of a contested case hearing shall be made in
	writing and received by the Commission within 20 days after the disputed permit decision is
	made. A determination of the appropriateness of a contested case shall be made within 15 days
	after a request for a determination is received and shall be based on whether the person seeking
	to commence a contested case:
	(1) Has alleged that the decision is contrary to a statute or rule;
	(2) Is directly affected by the decision; and
	(3) Has alleged facts or made legal arguments that demonstrate that the request
	for the hearing is not frivolous.
	If the Commission determines a contested case is appropriate, the petition for a contested
	case shall be filed within 20 days after the Commission makes its determination. A
	determination that a person may not commence a contested case is a final agency decision and
	is subject to judicial review under Article 4 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. If, on
	judicial review, the court determines that the Commission erred in determining that a contested
	case would not be appropriate, the court shall remand the matter for a contested case hearing
	under G.S. 150B-23 and final decision on the permit pursuant to G.S. 113A-122. Decisions in
	such cases shall be rendered pursuant to those rules, regulations, and other applicable laws in
	effect at the time of the commencement of the contested case.
	(c) <u>A-When the applicant seeks administrative review of a decision concerning a permit</u>
	<u>under subsection (a) of this section, the permit is suspended from the time a person seeks</u>

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1	makes a final decision in a-the contested case, as appropriate, case, and no action r	nav be taken
2	during that time that would be unlawful in the absence of a permit.	
3	(d) A permit challenged under subsection (b) of this section remains in ef	fect unless a
4	stay is issued by the administrative law judge as set forth in G.S. 150B-33 or by	
5	court as set forth in G.S. 150B-48."	
6		
7	PERMIT CHOICE	
8	SECTION 5.5.(a) Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by a	adding a new
9	Article to read:	
10	" <u>Article 80.</u>	
11	" <u>Permit Choice.</u>	
12	" <u>§ 143-750. Permit choice.</u>	
13 14	(a) If a permit applicant submits a permit for any type of development a ordinance changes between the time the permit application was submitted and a per	
14 15		
15 16	is made, the permit applicant may choose which version of the rule or ordinance the permit.	will apply to
17	(b) This section applies to all development permits issued by the State	and by local
18	governments.	<u>and by locar</u>
19	(c) This section shall not apply to any zoning permit."	
20	SECTION 5.5.(b) This section is effective when it becomes law ar	nd applies to
21	permits for which a permit decision has not been made by that date.	
22		
23	ENVIRONMENTAL SELF-AUDIT PRIVILEGE AND LIMITED IMMUNIT	Y
24	SECTION 5.6.(a) Chapter 8 of the General Statutes is amended by a	dding a new
25	Article to read:	
26	" <u>Article 7D.</u>	
27	"Environmental Audit Privilege and Limited Immunity.	
28	" <u>§ 8-58.50. Purpose.</u>	
29	(a) In order to encourage owners and operators of facilities and persons	
30	activities regulated under those portions of the General Statutes set forth in G.S.	
31	conducting activities regulated under other environmental laws, to conduct volur	
32 33	environmental audits of their compliance programs and management systems and improve compliance with statutes, an environmental audit privilege is recognized t	
33 34	confidentiality of communications relating to voluntary internal environmental aud	-
35	(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, nothing in this Arti	
36	<u>construed to protect owners and operators of facilities and regulated persons from</u>	
37	investigation or prosecution carried out by any appropriate governmental entity.	
38	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any privilege granted by	this Article
39	shall apply only to those communications, oral or written, pertaining to and made i	
40	with the environmental audit and shall not apply to the facts relating to the violation	
41	" <u>§ 8-58.51. Definitions.</u>	
42	The following definitions apply in this Article:	
43	(1) "Department" means the Department of Environment and Natura	al Resources.
44	(2) "Environmental audit" means a voluntary, internal evaluation	or review of
45	one or more facilities or an activity at one or more facilities reg	
46	federal, State, regional, or local environmental law, or of	
47	programs, or management systems related to the facility o	
48	designed to identify and prevent noncompliance and to improve	-
49 50	with these laws. For the purposes of this Article, an environ	
50	does not include an environmental site assessment of a facility	-
51	solely in anticipation of the purchase, sale, or transfer of the	business or

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	facility. An environmental audit may be conducted by th	e owner or operator,
	the parent corporation of the owner or operator or	by their officers or
	employees, or by independent contractors. An environme	ental audit must be a
	discrete activity with a specified beginning date and sc	heduled ending date
	reflecting the auditor's bona fide intended completion scl	nedule.
<u>(3)</u>	"Environmental audit report" means a document mar	ked or identified as
	such with a completion date existing either individually	or as a compilation
	prepared in connection with an environmental audit. An	environmental audit
	report may include field notes and records of obs	servations, findings,
	opinions, suggestions, recommendations, conclusions,	
	drawings, photographs, computer-generated or elec	
	information, maps, charts, graphs, and surveys, prov	÷ ÷ • •
	information is collected or developed for the primary	
	course of an environmental audit. An environmental	
	completed, may include all of the following components	
	a. An audit report prepared by an auditor, which m	• •
	and date of the audit and the information gained	-
	with exhibits and appendices, and may in	nclude conclusions,
	recommendations, exhibits, and appendices.	
	b. <u>Memoranda and documents analyzing any portio</u>	
	or issues relating to the implementation of an aud	
	c. An implementation plan that addresses	
	noncompliance, improving current compliance,	or preventing future
	noncompliance.	
<u>(4)</u>	"Enforcement agencies" means the Department, any o	
	State, and units of local government responsible the	for enforcement of
(5)	environmental laws.	tate and least laws
<u>(5)</u>	<u>"Environmental laws" means all provisions of federal, S</u> rules, and ordinances pertaining to environmental matter	
" <u>§ 8-58.52.</u> App		<u>8.</u>
	applies to activities regulated under environmental laws,	including all of the
	ions of the General Statutes and rules adopted thereunder:	including an or the
<u>(1)</u>	Article 7 of Chapter 74.	
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Chapter 104E.	
$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Article 25 of Chapter 113.	
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Articles 1,4, and 7 of Chapter 113A.	
$\frac{(1)}{(5)}$	Article 9 of Chapter 130A.	
$\frac{(6)}{(6)}$	Articles 21, 21A, and 21B of Chapter 143.	
$\frac{(3)}{(7)}$	Part 1 of Article 7 of Chapter 143B.	
	ironmental audit report; privilege.	
	nvironmental audit report or any part of an environme	ental audit report is
	herefore, immune from discovery and is not admissible as	
	roceedings, except as provided in G.S. 8-58.54 and G.S.	
-	the following documents are exempt from the privilege	
Article:	• • • •	•
(1)	Information obtained by observation of an enforcement a	agency.
$\overline{(2)}$	Information obtained from a source independent of the end	
<u>(3)</u>	Documents, communication, data, reports, or other info	ormation required to
	be collected, maintained, otherwise made available,	or reported to an
	enforcement agency or any other entity by environn	nental laws, permit,
	order, consent agreement, or as otherwise provided by la	<u>W.</u>

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`	<u>(4)</u>	Documents prepared either prior to the beginning of t	he environmental audit
2		or subsequent to the completion date of the audit repo	ort and, in all cases, any
3		documents prepared independent of the audit or audit	report.
-	<u>(5)</u>	Documents prepared as a result of multiple or co	ontinuous self-auditing
		conducted in an effort to intentionally avoid liability f	or violations.
	<u>(6)</u>	Information that is knowingly misrepresented or	
		knowingly deleted or withheld from an environmenta	al audit report, whether
		or not included in a subsequent environmental audit re	-
	<u>(7)</u>	Information in instances where the material	shows evidence of
		noncompliance with environmental laws, perm	nits, orders, consent
		agreements, and the owner or operator failed to	either promptly take
		corrective action or eliminate any violation of law	
		environmental audit within a reasonable period of tim	•
	(b) If an	environmental audit report or any part of an environ	mental audit report is
		ivilege provided for in subsection (a) of this section, no	
		n the audit or who significantly reviewed the audit repo	-
	testify regarding	the audit report or a privileged part of the audit report	except as provided for
		d), 8-58.54, or 8-58.56.	* *
		ing in this Article shall be construed to restrict a party	in a proceeding before
		ommission from obtaining or discovering any evidence n	
	for the proof of	any issue pending in an action before the Commission	, regardless of whether
	-	vileged pursuant to this Article. Further, nothing in	-
	-	vent the admissibility of evidence that is otherwise relev	
	proceeding befor	re the Industrial Commission, regardless of whether the	e evidence is privileged
	pursuant to this	Article. Provided, however, the Commission, upon mot	tion made by a party to
	-	may issue appropriate protective orders preventing dis	
	outside of the Co	ommission's proceeding.	
	(d) Nothi	ing in this Article shall be construed to circumvent th	ne employee protection
	provisions provid	ded by federal or State law.	
	(e) The p	privilege created by this Article does not apply to cri	minal investigations or
	proceedings. Wh	here an audit report is obtained, reviewed, or used in a c	riminal proceeding, the
	privilege created	d by this Article shall continue to apply and is no	t waived in civil and
	administrative p	roceedings and is not discoverable or admissible in	civil or administrative
	proceedings even	n if disclosed during a criminal proceeding.	
	"8 9 59 54 Was	inon of muinilogo	
	<u>8 0-30.34. Wal</u>	iver of privilege.	
		iver of privilege. privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply	to the extent that it is
	(a) The p	privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w	
	(a) The pressly waived	privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply	which an environmental
	(a) The pressly waived	privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w	which an environmental
	(a) The presence of the second	privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w	<u>which an environmental</u> <u>dit report as a result of</u>
	(a)The pexpresslywaivedauditwasconduthe audit.(b)The a	privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privi	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followi	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without any persons:
	(a)The pexpresslywaivedauditwasconduthe audit.(b)The a	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followi <u>A person employed by the owner or operator or the p</u>	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without any persons:
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privi(1)	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followi	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ang persons: arent corporation of the
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privi	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followi A person employed by the owner or operator or the p audited facility.	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ang persons: arent corporation of the ent corporation.
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privition(1)(2)	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followith <u>A person employed by the owner or operator or the p</u> <u>audited facility.</u> <u>A legal representative of the owner or operator or para</u>	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ng persons: arent corporation of the ent corporation. or operator or parent
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privition(1)(2)	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followi A person employed by the owner or operator or the p audited facility. A legal representative of the owner or operator or para An independent contractor retained by the owner	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ng persons: arent corporation of the ent corporation. or operator or parent
	(a)The pexpresslywaivedauditwaived(b)The a(b)The awaiving the privi(1)(2)(3)	brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at w cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the au audit report and information generated by the audit ma ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the followit <u>A person employed by the owner or operator or the p</u> <u>audited facility.</u> <u>A legal representative of the owner or operator or para</u> <u>An independent contractor retained by the owner</u> <u>corporation to conduct an audit on or to address an is</u> <u>the audit.</u>	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ng persons: arent corporation of the ent corporation. or operator or parent ssue or issues raised by
	(a)The pexpressly waivedaudit was conduthe audit.(b)The awaiving the privition(1)(2)(3)	 brivilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 does not apply d in writing by the owner or operator of a facility at we cted and who prepared or caused to be prepared the autimative audit report and information generated by the audit matilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 to all of the following A person employed by the owner or operator or the paudited facility. A legal representative of the owner or operator or para An independent contractor retained by the owner or operator to conduct an audit on or to address an is 	which an environmental dit report as a result of any be disclosed without ng persons: arent corporation of the ent corporation. or operator or parent assue or issues raised by e audit under all of the

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(1)	Disclosure made under the terms of a confidentiality ag	reement between the
	owner or operator of the facility audited and a potent	
	business or facility audited.	r
<u>(2)</u>	Disclosure made under the terms of a confidentiality	agreement between
	governmental officials and the owner or operator of the f	
(3)	Disclosure made under the terms of a confidentiality a	
	customer, lending institution, or insurance company	•
	proposed relationship with the facility.	
" <u>§ 8-58.55.</u> Not	tification of audit.	
In order to a	assert the privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53, the own	ner or operator of the
facility conduct	ting the environmental audit shall, upon inspection of	the facility by an
enforcement ag	ency, or no later than 10 working days after complete	tion of an agency's
inspection, notif	fy the enforcement agency of the existence of any audit re	elevant to the subject
of the agency's	inspection, as well as the beginning date and completion da	ate of that audit. Any
environmental a	udit report shall include a signed certification from the owr	ner or operator of the
facility that doc	uments the date the audit began and the completion date of	the audit.
" <u>§ 8-58.56. Rev</u>	vocation of privilege in civil and administrative proceedi	ings.
<u>In a civil o</u>	r administrative proceeding, an enforcement agency may	y seek by motion a
	ng on the issue of whether an environmental audit report is p	
shall revoke the	e privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 for an audit rep	ort if the factors set
	ction apply. In a civil proceeding, the court, after an in c	
•	ilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 if the court determine	
	tal audit report was sought after the effective date of this	Article and either of
the following ap		
<u>(1)</u>	The privilege is asserted for purposes of deception or eva	
<u>(2)</u>	The material shows evidence of significant noncomplia	* *
	environmental laws; the owner or operator of the facili	
	initiated and pursued with diligence appropriate	
	compliance with these environmental laws or has no	
	efforts to complete any necessary permit application;	
	owner or operator of the facility did not or will not achie	
	applicable environmental laws or did not or will not con	mplete the necessary
	permit application within a reasonable period of time.	
	vilege in criminal proceedings.	
	e established under G.S. 8-58.53 is not applicable in any cri	iminal proceeding.
" <u>§ 8-58.58. Bu</u>		. h
	erting the privilege established under G.S. 8-58.53 has the	
	erials claimed as privileged constitute an environmental au	*
	and (ii) compliance has been achieved or will be achieved A party applying disclosure under $C = 8.58.56$ has the bu	
-	A party seeking disclosure under G.S. 8-58.56 has the bu	urden of proving the
	sclosure set forth in that section.	
	pulations; declaratory rulings.	and an dinasting that
-	to a proceeding may at any time stipulate to entry of an ation contained in an environmental audit report is or is	
	e absence of an ongoing proceeding, where the parties are	
	ency may seek a declaratory ruling from a court on the i	
-	rivileged under G.S. 8-58.53 and whether the privilege, if	
	it to G.S. 8-58.56.	consung, snouid de
-	nstruction of Article.	
	his Article limits, waives, or abrogates any of the following	· ·
rouning ill t	ms rations mints, warves, or abrogates any of the following	<u>, •</u>

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1	<u>(1)</u>	The scope or nature of any statutory or common law privi	lege, including the
2		work-product privilege or the attorney-client privilege.	• •
3	<u>(2)</u>	Any existing ability or authority under State law to challen	ge privilege.
4	$\overline{(3)}$	An enforcement agency's ability to obtain or use docume	• • •
5		that the agency otherwise has the authority to obtain under	
6		pursuant to federally delegated programs.	<u> </u>
7	" <u>§</u> 8-58.61.	Voluntary disclosure; limited immunity from civil an	d administrative
8		alties and fines.	
9	(a) An	owner or operator of a facility is immune from imposi	tion of civil and
0	administrative	penalties and fines for a violation of environmental laws vo	luntarily disclosed
1	subject to the re	equirements and criteria set forth in this section. Provided, ho	wever, that waiver
2	of penalties and	fines shall not be granted until the applicable enforcement ag	gency has certified
3	that the violati	ion was corrected within a reasonable period of time. If	compliance is not
4		e enforcement agency, the enforcement agency shall retain d	
5	penalties and fi	nes for the violation.	
6	<u>(b)</u> If a	person or entity makes a voluntary disclosure of a violation	of environmental
7	laws discovered	d through performance of an environmental audit, that person	has the burden of
8	proving (i) that	the disclosure is voluntary by establishing the elements set	forth in subsection
9	(c) of this sec	ction and (ii) that the person is therefore entitled to im	<u>munity from any</u>
)	administrative	or civil penalties associated with the issues disclosed. Noth	ing in this section
1	may be constru-	ed to provide immunity from criminal penalties.	
2	<u>(c)</u> For	purposes of this section, disclosure is voluntary if all of the	following criteria
3	are met:		
1	<u>(1)</u>	The disclosure is made within 14 days following a reason	nable investigation
5		of the violation's discovery through the environmental aud	<u>it.</u>
5	<u>(2)</u>	The disclosure is made to an enforcement agency	having regulatory
7		authority over the violation disclosed.	
3	<u>(3)</u>	The person or entity making the disclosure initiates an ac	tion to resolve the
)		violation identified in the disclosure in a diligent manner.	
)	<u>(4)</u>	The person or entity making the disclosure cooperates w	
L		enforcement agency in connection with investigation of the	ne issues identified
2		in the disclosure.	
3	<u>(5)</u>	The person or entity making the disclosure diligently person or entity making the disclosure diligently person of the second sec	•
1		and promptly corrects the noncompliance within a reasonal	-
5		isclosure is not voluntary for purposes of this section if any	y of the following
6	factors apply:		
7	<u>(1)</u>	Specific permit conditions require monitoring or samp	
8		reports or assessment plans and management plans to	
9		submitted to the enforcement agency pursuant to an establi	
)	<u>(2)</u>	Environmental laws or specific permit conditions requi	ire notification of
1		releases to the environment.	
2	<u>(3)</u>	The violation was committed intentionally, willfully, or	through criminal
3		negligence by the person or entity making the disclosure.	
4	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$	The violation was not corrected in a diligent manner.	1 1.1 0 . 1
5	<u>(5)</u>	The violation posed or poses a significant threat to public	health, safety, and
6		welfare; the environment; and natural resources.	• • • • •
7	<u>(6)</u>	The violation occurred within one year of a similar price	
8		same facility and immunity from civil and administrat	*
9		granted by the applicable enforcement agency for the prior	-
50	<u>(7)</u>	The violation has resulted in a substantial economic bene	iit to the owner or
51		operator of the facility.	

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1	(8) The violation is a violation of the specific terms of a judicial or
2	administrative order.
} 	(e) If a person meets the burden of proving that the disclosure is voluntary, the burden
	shifts to the enforcement agency to prove that the disclosure was not voluntary, based upon the
	factors set forth in this section. The person claiming immunity from civil or administrative
	penalties or fines under this section retains the ultimate burden of proving the violations were
	voluntarily disclosed.
	(f) <u>A voluntary disclosure made pursuant to this section is subject to disclosure</u> pursuant to the Public Records Act in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 132 of the
	General Statutes.
	" <u>§ 8-58.62. Preemption of local laws.</u>
	No local law, rule, ordinance, or permit condition may circumvent or limit the privilege
	established by this Article or the exercise of the privileges or the presumption and immunity
	established by this Article.
	"§ 8-58.63. Additional limitations on exercise of privilege or immunity.
	An owner or operator of a facility who makes a voluntary disclosure of a violation of
	environmental laws discovered through performance of an environmental audit shall only be
	entitled to exercise of the privilege or immunity established by this Part once in a two-year
	period, not more than twice in a five-year period, and not more than three times in a 10-year
	period."
	SECTION 5.6.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2014, and applies to
	environmental audits, as defined in G.S. 8-58.51, as enacted by subsection (a) of this section,
	that are conducted on or after that date.
	AMBIENT AIR MONITORING
	SECTION 5.7.(a) The Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall
	review its ambient air monitoring network and, in the next annual monitoring network plan
	submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, shall request the removal of
	any ambient air monitors not required by applicable federal laws and regulations.
	SECTION 5.7.(b) No later than October 1, 2014, the Department of Environment
	and Natural Resources shall discontinue all ambient air monitors not required by applicable
	federal laws and regulations if approval from the United States Environmental Protection
	Agency is not required for the discontinuance.
	SECTION 5.7.(c) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent the Department
	from installing temporary ambient air monitors as part of an investigation of a suspected
	violation of air quality rules, standards, or limitations or in response to an emergency situation
	causing an imminent danger to human health and safety.
	SECTION 5.7.(d) The Department of Environment and Natural Resources,
	Division of Air Quality, shall report to the Environmental Review Commission no later than
	November 1, 2014, on the status of the ambient air monitoring network and the Division's
	implementation of the requirements of this section.
	COASTAL STORMWATER GRANDFATHER
	SECTION 5.8.(a) The definitions set out in G.S. 143-212, G.S. 143-213, and 15A
	NCAC 2H .1002 apply to this section.
	SECTION 5.8.(b) 15A NCAC 02H .1005 (Stormwater Requirements: Coastal
	Counties) Until the effective date of the revised permanent rule that the Commission is
	required to adopt pursuant to Section 5.8(d) of this section, the Commission and the
	Department shall implement 15A NCAC 02H .1005 (Stormwater Requirements: Coastal
	Counties) as provided in Section 5.8(c) of this section.

	•				
1	SECTION 5.8.(c) Implementation. – Notwithstanding Paragraph (h) of 15A				
2	NCAC 02H .1005 (Stormwater Requirements: Coastal Counties), the provisions and				
3	requirements applicable to any grandfathered development activity subject to Subparagraph				
4	(a)(2) of 15A NCAC 02H .1005 shall also be applicable to an expansion of the development				
5	activity. For purposes of this subsection, "grandfathered development activity" means				
6	development activity that is regulated by provisions and requirements of 15A NCAC 02H				
7	.1005 (Stormwater Requirements: Coastal Counties) that was effective at the time of the				
8	original issuance of any of the authorizations listed in Subparagraph (h)(2) of 15A NCAC 02H				
9	.1005, because the authorization meets the criteria set forth in that Subparagraph; and				
10	"expansion of the development activity" means development activity conducted on a				
11	contiguous property or properties under a subdivision plat approved by the local government				
12	prior to July 3, 2012.				
13	SECTION 5.8.(d) Additional Rule-Making Authority. – The Commission shall				
14	adopt a rule to amend 15A NCAC 02H .1005 (Stormwater Requirements: Coastal Counties)				
15	consistent with Section 5.8(c) of this section. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule				
16	adopted by the Commission pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to the				
17	provisions of Section 5.8(c) of this act. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to				
18	Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to this				
19	section shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though 10 or more written				
20	objections had been received as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).				
21	SECTION 5.8.(e) Sunset. – Section 5.8(c) of this section expires on the date that				
22	rules adopted pursuant to Section 5.8(d) of this section become effective.				
23					
24	AMEND ISOLATED WETLANDS REGULATION				
25	SECTION 5.9.(a) Until the effective date of the revised permanent rule that the				
26	Environmental Management Commission is required to adopt pursuant to Section 5.9(c) of this				
27	act, the Commission and the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall				
28	implement 15A NCAC 02H .1305 (Review of Applications) as provided in Section 5.9(b) of				
29	this act.				
30	SECTION 5.9.(b) Notwithstanding 15A NCAC 02H .1305 (Review of				
31	Applications), all of the following shall apply to the implementation of 15A NCAC 02H .1305:				
32	(1) The amount of impacts of isolated wetlands under 15A NCAC 02H $1205(1)(2)$ by the last definition of the last				
33	.1305(d)(2) shall be less than or equal to one acre of isolated wetlands for				
34 25	the entire project.				
35	(2) The mitigation ratio for impacts of greater than one acre for the entire 154 NGAC 0211 1205($)$ (G) 1 lift 1 1 \pm 1 \pm 1				
36	project under 15A NCAC 02H .1305(g)(6) shall be 1:1 and may be located				
37	on the same parcel.				
38 39	(3) Impacts to isolated wetlands shall not be combined with the project impacts				
39 40	to jurisdictional wetlands or streams for the purpose of determining when				
40 41	impact thresholds that trigger a mitigation requirement are met.				
42	(4) For purposes of Section 5.9(b) of this act, "isolated wetlands" means a Basin Wetland or Bog as described in the North Carolina Wetland Assessment				
42 43	User Manual prepared by the North Carolina Wetland Functional				
43 44	Assessment Team, version 4.1 October, 2010, that is greater than one acre in				
45	size. An "isolated wetland" does not include an isolated man-made ditch or				
46	pond constructed for either compensatory mitigation or stormwater				
40 47	management purposes or any other man-made isolated pond.				
48	SECTION 5.9.(c) The Environmental Management Commission shall adopt rules				
49	to amend 15A NCAC 02H .1300 through 15A NCAC 02H .1305 consistent with Section 5.9(b)				
5 0	of this act. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Commission pursuant to				
50 51	Section 5.9(c) of this act shall be substantively identical to the provisions of Section $XX(b)$ of				
51	section size, or this act shart be substantivery identical to the provisions of beetion AA(b) of				

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1	this act. Rules adopted pursuant to Section 5.9(c) of this act are not subject	to Part 3 of Article			
2	2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to S	ection 5.9(c) of this			
3	act shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though	10 or more written			
4	objections had been received as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).				
5	SECTION 5.9.(d) The Department of Environment and Nature				
6	study the surface area thresholds for the regulation of mountain bog				
7	including whether mountain bog isolated wetlands should have surfa				
8	thresholds different from other types of isolated wetlands. The Departm	1			
9	findings and recommendations to the Environmental Review Commis	ssion on or before			
10 11	November 1, 2014. SECTION 5.9.(e) Section 5.9(b) of this act expires on the dat	a that rulas adapted			
11	pursuant to Section 5.9(c) of this act become effective.	e mai rules adopted			
12	pursuant to Section 5.9(c) of this act become effective.				
13 14	CLARIFY ISOLATED WETLANDS REGULATION				
15	SECTION 5.10. If Senate Bill 38, 2013 Regular Session, becc	omes law. Section 8			
16	of that act is repealed.				
17					
18	INTERSTATE MINING COMPACT CLARIFICATION				
19	SECTION 5.11. Article V of the Interstate Mining Comp	act, as codified at			
20	G.S. 74-37, reads as rewritten:				
21	"§ 74-37. Compact enacted into law.				
22	The Interstate Mining Compact is hereby enacted into law and entere	•			
23	with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially a	s follows:			
24					
25 26	INTERSTATE MINING COMPACT				
26 27	Article V. The Commission				
27	(a) There is hereby created an agency of the party states to be know	wn as the "Interstate			
20 29	Mining Commission," hereinafter called "the Commission." The Co				
30	composed of one commissioner from each party state who shall be Govern				
31	to the laws of his party state, each Governor shall have the assistance of				
32	(including membership from mining industries, conservation interests, an	• •			
33	and private interests as may be appropriate) in considering problems relating	-			
34	discharging his responsibilities as the commissioner of his state on the C	Commission. In any			
35	instance where a Governor is unable to attend a meeting of the Commiss	sion or perform any			
36	other function in connection with the business of the Commission, he	0			
37	alternate, from among the members of the advisory body required by this H				
38	or the Division Director in the State environmental protection agency with				
39	protecting and restoring lands affected by mining, who shall represent him	_			
40	and stead. The designation of an alternate shall be communicated by the	he Governor to the			
41 42	Commission in such manner as its bylaws may provide.	nmission No action			
42 43	(b) The commissioners shall be entitled to one vote each on the Corr of the Commission making a recommendation pursuant to Article IV-3,				
43 44	requesting, accepting or disposing of funds, services, or other property				
45	paragraph, Articles V (g), V (h), or VII shall be valid unless taken at a	• •			
46	majority of the total number of votes on the Commission is cast in favo	-			
47	action shall be by a majority of those present and voting: Provided				
48	Commission shall be only at a meeting at which a majority of the com				
49	alternates, is present. The Commission may establish and maintain such				
50	necessary for the transacting of its business. The Commission may acquir	e, hold, and convey			
51	real and personal property and any interact therain				

51 real and personal property and any interest therein.

(c) The Commission shall have a seal.

2 (d) The Commission shall elect annually, from among its members, a chairman, a 3 vice-chairman, and a treasurer. The Commission shall appoint an executive director and fix his 4 duties and compensation. Such executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the 5 Commission. The executive director, the treasurer, and such other personnel as the Commission 6 shall designate shall be bonded. The amount or amounts of such bond or bonds shall be 7 determined by the Commission.

8 Irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit system laws of any of the (e) 9 party states, the executive director with the approval of the Commission, shall appoint, remove 10 or discharge such personnel as may be necessary for the performance of the Commission's 11 functions, and shall fix the duties and compensation of such personnel.

12 (f)The Commission may establish and maintain independently or in conjunction with a 13 party state, a suitable retirement system for its employees. Employees of the Commission shall 14 be eligible for social security coverage in respect of old age and survivor's insurance provided 15 that the Commission takes such steps as may be necessary pursuant to the laws of the United 16 States, to participate in such program of insurance as a governmental agency or unit. The 17 Commission may establish and maintain or participate in such additional programs of employee 18 benefits as it may deem appropriate.

19 The Commission may borrow, accept or contract for the services of personnel from (g) 20 any state, the United States, or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, 21 association or corporation.

22 (h) The Commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions under this 23 Compact any and all donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and 24 services, conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States, or any other governmental 25 agency, or from any person, firm, association or corporation, and may receive, utilize and 26 dispose of the same. Any donation or grant accepted by the Commission pursuant to this 27 paragraph or services borrowed pursuant to paragraph (g) of this Article shall be reported in the 28 annual report of the Commission. Such report shall include the nature, amount and conditions, 29 if any, of the donation, grant or services borrowed and the identity of the donor or lender.

30 (i) The Commission shall adopt bylaws for the conduct of its business and shall have 31 the power to amend and rescind these bylaws. The Commission shall publish its bylaws in 32 convenient form and shall file a copy thereof and a copy of any amendment thereto, with the 33 appropriate agency or officer in each of the party states.

34 The Commission annually shall make to the Governor, legislature and advisory (j) 35 body required by Article V (a) of each party state a report covering the activities of the 36 Commission for the preceding year, and embodying such recommendations as may have been 37 made by the Commission. The Commission may make such additional reports as it may deem 38 desirable.

39 40 "

1

41 CHANGE NAME OF ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM TO DIVISION OF 42 **MITIGATION SERVICES** 43

SECTION 5.12.(a) G.S. 143-214.8 reads as rewritten:

44 Ecosystem Enhancement Program: Division of Mitigation Services: "§ 143-214.8. 45 established.

46 The Ecosystem Enhancement Program Division of Mitigation Services is established within 47 the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. The Ecosystem Enhancement 48 ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services shall be developed by the Department as a nonregulatory statewide ecosystem enhancementmitigation services program for the 49 50 acquisition, maintenance, restoration, enhancement, and creation of wetland and riparian 51 resources that contribute to the protection and improvement of water quality, flood prevention,

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fisheries,	wildli	fe habitat, and recreational opportunities. The Ecosyst	stem Enhancement
		<u>n of Mitigation Services</u> shall consist of the following comp	
	(1)	Restoration and perpetual maintenance of wetlands.	
	(2)	Development of restoration plans.	
	(3)	Landowner contact and land acquisition.	
	(4)	Evaluation of site plans and engineering studies.	
	(5)	Oversight of construction and monitoring of restoration si	ites
	(6)	Land ownership and management.	105.
	(0) (7)	Mapping, site identification, and assessment of wetlands	functions
	(7)	Oversight of private wetland mitigation banks to facilitate	
	(0)	the Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Division of Mitigar	-
	SEC'	FION 5.12.(b) G.S. 143-214.9 reads as rewritten:	don bervices.
'§ 143-2		Ecosystem Enhancement Program: Division of Mi	itigation Services:
0	purp		
The r		s of the program are as follows:	
- F	(1)	To restore wetlands functions and values across the Stat	te to replace critical
		functions lost through historic wetlands conversion and	-
		future permitted impacts. It is not the policy of the Stat	-
		habitats unless it would further the purposes of the Ψ	• -
		Program.Division of Mitigation Services.	•••••••••••••••••
	(2)	To provide a consistent and simplified approach to	address mitigation
	(-)	requirements associated with permits or authorizations is	
		States Army Corps of Engineers under 33 U.S.C. § 1344.	
	(3)	To streamline the wetlands permitting process, minimize	
	(5)	decisions, and decrease the burden of permit applican	• •
		performing compensatory mitigation for wetlands losses.	tio of praining and
	(4)	To increase the ecological effectiveness of compensatory	mitigation
	(5)	To achieve a net increase in wetland acres, functions,	-
	(0)	major river basin.	
	(6)	To foster a comprehensive approach to environmental pro	otection."
	. ,	FION 5.12.(c) G.S. 143-214.10 reads as rewritten:	
"8 143-2		Ecosystem Enhancement Program:Division of Mi	itigation Services:
3 1 10 1		opment and implementation of basinwide restoration pl	
Deve		inwide Restoration Plans. – The Department shall develop	
	-	arian area restoration with the goal of protecting and enhan	1
	-	, fisheries, wildlife habitat, and recreational opportunities w	
-		ins in the State. The Department shall develop and impl	
		for each of the 17 river basins in the State in accordance	
	-	ly established by the Division of Water Resources."	
senedule		FION 5.12.(d) G.S. 143-214.11 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 143-2			itigation Services:
3 110 1		pensatory mitigation.	ingunon bervices.
(a)	-	itions. – The following definitions apply to this section:	
(u)	(1)	Compensatory mitigation. – The restoration, creation	enhancement or
	(1)	preservation of jurisdictional waters required as a cor	
		issued by the Department or by the United States Army C	-
	(1a)	Compensatory mitigation bank. – A private compensatory	
	(14)	an existing local compensatory mitigation bank. – A private compensatory	y mitigation bank of
	(1b)	Existing local compensatory mitigation bank. – A mitigator	ation hank operated
	(10)	by a unit of local government that is a party to a	-
		by a and or room government that is a party to a	magaion banking

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	instrument executed on or before July 1, 2011, not	withstanding subsequent
	amendments to such instrument executed after July	0 1
(2)	Government entity The State and its agencies	and subdivisions, or the
	federal government. "Government entity" does no	t include a unit of local
	government unless the unit of local government wa	
	banking instrument executed on or before July 1	, 2011, notwithstanding
	subsequent amendments to such instrument executed	
(3)	Hydrologic area. – An eight-digit Cataloging Unit	lesignated by the United
	States Geological Survey.	
(4)	Jurisdictional waters Wetlands, streams, or other	waters of the State or of
	the United States.	
(4a)	Mitigation banking instrument. – The legal docume	ent for the establishment,
(41)	operation, and use of a mitigation bank.	
(4b)	Private compensatory mitigation bank. – A site	• 1
	compensatory mitigation provider and approved	•
	State and federal regulatory authorities through ex- banking instrument. No site owned by a governme	6
	government shall be considered a "private compensa	•
(5)	Unit of local government. – A "local government	
(5)	"special district" as defined in G.S. 159-7.	, public authority, of
(b) Depa	rtment to Coordinate Compensatory Mitigation. – All	compensatory mitigation
· · · ·	nits or authorizations issued by the Department or by	
	eers shall be coordinated by the Department consis	
1 0	and rules developed by the Environmental Manag	
compensatory m	itigation, whether performed by the Department or by	permit applicants, shall
be consistent w	ith the basinwide restoration plans. All compensat	ory mitigation shall be
	rules adopted by the Commission for wetland and st	ream mitigation and for
-	aintenance of riparian buffers.	
	pensatory Mitigation Emphasis on Replacing Ecologic	
	The emphasis of compensatory mitigation is on replace	-
	n unless it is demonstrated that restoration of othe	
	e overall purposes of the Ecosystem Enhanceme	nt Program. <u>Division of</u>
Mitigation Servi	<u>ces.</u> bensatory Mitigation Options Available to Gove	remant Entition A
	ty may satisfy compensatory mitigation requirements	
0	are consistent with the basinwide restoration plans and	
	the Department or of the United States Army	
applicable:	the Department of of the Office States filmy	corps of Engineers, us
(1)	Payment of a fee established by the Commissi	on into the Ecosystem
(1)	Restoration Fund established in G.S. 143-214.12.	
(2)	Donation of land to the Ecosystem Enhancement	ent ProgramDivision of
	Mitigation Services or to other public or private	ē
	organizations as approved by the Department.	1
(3)	Participation in a compensatory mitigation bank th	at has been approved by
	the United States Army Corps of Engineers, provide	
	the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as app	licable, approves the use
		· 11
	of such bank for the required compensatory mitigation	
(4)	Preparing and implementing a compensatory mitigat	on. ion plan.
(d1) Com		on. ion plan. Other than Government

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requirements by the following actions, if those actions meet or exceed the requirements				
United State	ny Corps of Engineers:			
(Participation in a compensatory mitigation bank that has been approved by			
	the United States Army Corps of Engineers, provided that the Department or			
	the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as applicable, approves the use			
	of such bank for the required compensatory mitigation. This option is only			
	available in a hydrologic area where there is at least one compensatory			
	mitigation bank that has been approved by the United States Army Corps of			
/	Engineers.			
(Payment of a fee established by the Commission into the Ecosystem			
	Restoration Fund established in G.S. 143-214.12. – This option is only			
	available to an applicant who demonstrates that the option under subdivision			
	(1) of this subsection is not available.			
(Donation of land to the Ecosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision of			
	Mitigation Services or to other public or private nonprofit conservation			
	organizations as approved by the Department.			
(Preparing and implementing a compensatory mitigation plan.			
(e) I	ent Schedule. – A standardized schedule of compensatory mitigation payment			
amounts sha	established by the Commission. Compensatory mitigation payments shall be			
	nts to the Ecosystem Restoration Fund established in G.S. 143-214.12. The			
• •	nt shall be based on the ecological functions and values of wetlands and			
• •	d to be lost and on the cost of restoring or creating wetlands and streams			
-	ming the same or similar functions, including directly related costs of wetland			
	ration planning, long-term monitoring, and maintenance of restored areas.			
	itigation payments for wetlands shall be calculated on a per acre basis.			
-	tigation payments for streams shall be calculated on a per linear foot basis.			
-	ation Banks. – State agencies and mitigation banks shall demonstrate that			
	ed financial surety exists to provide for the perpetual land management and			
-	itenance of lands acquired by the State as mitigation banks, or proposed to the			
•	operated and permitted mitigation banks.			
-	ent for Taxes. – A State agency acquiring land to restore, enhance, preserve, or			
	must also pay a sum in lieu of ad valorem taxes lost by the county in			
	G.S. 146-22.3.			
	f Mitigation Credits by Existing Local Compensatory Mitigation Bank. – An			
-	npensatory mitigation bank shall comply with the requirements of Article 12			
-	of the General Statutes applicable to the disposal of property whenever it			
	gation credits to another person.			
	cosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services shall exercise			
•	ovide for compensatory mitigation under the authority granted by this section			
	procurement programs in the following order of preference:			
(Full delivery/bank credit purchase program. – The Ecosystem Enhancement			
	ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services shall first seek to meet			
	compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's			
	compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private			
	compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private compensatory mitigation bank.			
(compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private compensatory mitigation bank.			
(compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private			
(compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private compensatory mitigation bank. Existing local compensatory mitigation bank credit purchase program. – Any			
(compensatory mitigation procurement requirements through the Program's full delivery program or by the purchase of credits from a private compensatory mitigation bank. Existing local compensatory mitigation bank credit purchase program. – Any compensatory mitigation procurement requirements that are not fulfillable			

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1		service area and hydrologic area of the existing local compensatory
2		mitigation bank.
3	(3)	Design/build program. – Any compensatory mitigation procurement
4		requirements that are not fulfillable under subdivision (1) or (2) of this
5		subsection shall be procured under a program in which Ecosystem
6		Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services contracts with one
7		private entity to lead or implement the design, construction, and
8		postconstruction monitoring of compensatory mitigation at sites obtained by
9		the Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Division of Mitigation Services. Such
10		a program shall be considered the procurement of compensatory mitigation
11		credits.
12	(4)	Design-bid-build program Any compensatory mitigation procurement
13		requirements that are not fulfillable under either subdivision (1) or (2) of this
14		subsection may be procured under the Ecosystem Enhancement
15		Program's Division of Mitigation Services' design-bid-build program. The
16		Ecosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services may
17		utilize this program only when procurement under subdivision (1) or (2) of
18		this subsection is not feasible. Any mitigation site design work currently
19		being performed through contracts awarded under the design-bid-build
20		program shall be allowed to continue as scheduled. Contracts for
21		construction of projects with a design already approved by the Ecosystem
22		Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services shall be awarded by
23		the Ecosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services by
24		issuing a Request for Proposal (RFP). Only contractors who have
25		prequalified under procedures established by the Ecosystem Enhancement
26		ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services shall be eligible to bid on
27		Ecosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision of Mitigation Services
28		construction projects. Construction contracts issued under this subdivision
29		shall be exempt from the requirements of Article 8B of Chapter 143 of the
30		General Statutes.
31		regulatory requirements for the establishment, operation, and monitoring of a
32		itigation bank or full delivery project shall vest at the time of the execution of
33	U U	inking instrument or the award of a full delivery contract."
34	SEC	FION 5.12.(e) G.S. 143-214.12 reads as rewritten:

Ecosystem Enhancement Program: Division of Mitigation Services:

"§ 143-214.12. **Ecosystem Restoration Fund.**

35

36

37 (a) Ecosystem Restoration Fund. - The Ecosystem Restoration Fund is established as a 38 nonreverting fund within the Department. The Fund shall be treated as a special trust fund and 39 shall be credited with interest by the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 147-69.2 and 40 G.S. 147-69.3. The Ecosystem Restoration Fund shall provide a repository for monetary 41 contributions and donations or dedications of interests in real property to promote projects for 42 the restoration, enhancement, preservation, or creation of wetlands and riparian areas and for 43 payments made in lieu of compensatory mitigation as described in subsection (b) of this 44 section. No funds shall be expended from this Fund for any purpose other than those directly 45 contributing to the acquisition, perpetual maintenance, enhancement, restoration, or creation of 46 wetlands streams, and riparian areas in accordance with the basinwide plan as described in 47 G.S. 143-214.10. The cost of acquisition includes a payment in lieu of ad valorem taxes 48 required under G.S. 146-22.3 when the Department is the State agency making the acquisition.

49 The Department may distribute funds from the Ecosystem Restoration Fund directly (a1) 50 to a federal or State agency, a local government, or a private, nonprofit conservation 51 organization to acquire, manage, and maintain real property or an interest in real property for

the purposes set out in subsection (a) of this section. A recipient of funds under this subsection 1 2 shall grant a conservation easement in the real property or interest in real property acquired 3 with the funds to the Department in a form that is acceptable to the Department. When the 4 recipient of funds under this subsection acquires a conservation interest or interest in real 5 property appurtenant to a restoration project delivered to the Division of Mitigation Services, 6 the recipient, upon approval from the Department, may directly transfer the conservation 7 easement or real property interest to a third-party nonprofit conservation organization or other 8 governmental agency. The Department may convey real property or an interest in real property 9 that has been acquired under the Ecosystem Enhancement Program Division of Mitigation 10 Services to a federal or State agency, a local government, or a private, nonprofit conservation 11 organization to acquire, manage, and maintain real property or an interest in real property for 12 the purposes set out in subsection (a) of this section. A grantee of real property or an interest in 13 real property under this subsection shall grant a conservation easement in the real property or 14 interest in real property to the Department in a form that is acceptable to the Department.

15 (b) Authorized Methods of Payment. – A person subject to a permit or authorization 16 issued by the United States Army Corps of Engineers under 33 U.S.C. § 1344 may contribute 17 to the Ecosystem Enhancement Program Division of Mitigation Services in order to comply 18 with conditions to, or terms of, the permit or authorization if participation in the Ecosystem 19 Enhancement Program Division of Mitigation Services will meet the mitigation requirements of 20 the United States Army Corps of Engineers. The Department shall, at the discretion of the 21 applicant, accept payment into the Ecosystem Restoration Fund in lieu of other compensatory 22 mitigation requirements of any authorizations issued by the United States Army Corps of 23 Engineers under 33 U.S.C. § 1344 if the contributions will meet the mitigation requirements of 24 the United States Army Corps of Engineers. Payment may be made in the form of monetary 25 contributions according to a fee schedule established by the Environmental Management 26 Commission or in the form of donations of real property provided that the property is approved 27 by the Department as a suitable site consistent with the basinwide wetlands restoration plan.

(c) Accounting of Payments. – The Department shall provide an itemized statement that
 accounts for each payment into the Fund. The statement shall include the expenses and
 activities financed by the payment. "

31

SECTION 5.12.(f) G.S. 143-214.13 reads as rewritten:

32 "§ 143-214.13. Ecosystem Enhancement Program: Division of Mitigation Services: 33 reporting requirement.

34 The Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall report each year by (a) 35 November 1 to the Environmental Review Commission and to the Joint Legislative 36 Commission on Governmental Operations regarding its progress in implementing the 37 Ecosystem Enhancement Program Division of Mitigation Services and its use of the funds in the 38 Ecosystem Restoration Fund. The report shall document statewide wetlands losses and gains 39 and compensatory mitigation performed under G.S. 143-214.8 through G.S. 143-214.12. The 40 report shall also provide an accounting of receipts and disbursements of the Ecosystem 41 Restoration Fund, an analysis of the per-acre cost of wetlands restoration, and a cost 42 comparison on a per-acre basis between the State's Ecosystem Enhancement ProgramDivision 43 of Mitigation Services and private mitigation banks. The Department shall also send a copy of 44 its report to the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly.

(b) The Department shall maintain an inventory of all property that is held, managed,
 maintained, enhanced, restored, or used to create wetlands under the Ecosystem Enhancement
 Program.Division of Mitigation Services. The inventory shall also list all conservation
 easements held by the Department. The inventory shall be included in the annual report
 required under subsection (a) of this section."

- 50 **SECTION 5.12.(g)** G.S. 143-214.14 reads as rewritten:
- 51 "§ 143-214.14. Cooperative State-local coalition water quality protection plans.

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(a)	Defir	nitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:	
	(1)	"Basin" means a river basin as defined in G.S. 143-215.220	G or any subbasin
		or segment thereof.	
	(2)	"Coalition plan" means a water quality protection plan	developed by a
		coalition of local governments for water quality protection	of a basin.
	(3)	"Local government" means a city, county, special district, a	authority, or other
		political subdivision of the State.	
	(4)	"Water quality protection" means management of water u	use, quantity, and
		quality.	
(b)	Legis	slative Findings. – This section establishes a framewo	rk to encourage
State-loca	ıl pollu	tant reduction strategies for basins under the supervision an	d coordination of
the Comm	nission	. The General Assembly finds that:	
	(1)	Water quality conditions and sources of water contamination	on may vary from
		one basin to another.	
	(2)	Water quality conditions and sources of water contami	nation may vary
		within a basin.	
	(3)	Some local governments have demonstrated greater capac	ity than others to
		protect and improve water quality conditions.	
	(4)	In some areas of the State artificial alteration of waterco	ourses by surface
		water impoundments or other means may have a significant	nt effect on water
		quality.	
	(5)	Imposition of standard basinwide water quality protection	requirements and
		strategies may not equitably address the varying condition	s and needs of all
		areas.	
	(6)	There is a need to develop distinct approaches to addre	ess water quality
		protection in basins in the State, drawing upon the re-	esources of local
		governments and the State, under the supervision and co	ordination of the
		Commission.	
(c)	Legis	slative Goals and Policies It is the goal of the General Ass	embly that, to the
		le, the State shall adopt water quality protection plans that a	
-		cooperation and coordination with local governments and the	
adopt wat	er qual	lity protection requirements that are proportional to the relativ	e contributions of
pollution	from	all sources in terms of both the loading and proximity of	of those sources.
		is the goal of the General Assembly to encourage and su	11
-	-	· improved water quality protection through the provision	
financial	assistai	nce available through the Clean Water Management Trust Fu	nd, the Ecosystem
		ogram, Division of Mitigation Services, the Ecosystem Restor	
		; and project grant programs, the State's revolving loan and g	
		tewater facilities, other funding sources, and future app	
		all implement these goals in accordance with the standards	, procedures, and
requireme		t out in this section.	
(d)		Commission may, as an alternative method of attaining water	
		rove a coalition plan proposed by a coalition of local go	
		ollectively includes the affected basin in the manner provide	•
		n may approve a coalition plan proposed by a coalition of l	-
		area or water quality protection plan does not include all of a	
		determines that the omission will not adversely affect water of	
(e)	A co	palition of local governments choosing to propose a coal	ition plan to the

48 (e) A coalition of local governments choosing to propose a coalition plan to the
 49 Commission shall do so through a nonprofit corporation the coalition of local governments
 50 incorporates with the Secretary of State.

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(f)	The	Commission may approve a coalition plan only	v if the Commission first
detern	nines that:		
	(1)	The basin under consideration is an appropria	ate unit for water quality
		planning.	
	(2)	The coalition plan meets the requirements of subs	
	(3)	The coalition of local governments has forme	ed a nonprofit corporation
		pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.	
	(4)	The coalition plan has been approved by the gov	e
		government that is a member of the coaliti	on of local governments
		proposing the coalition plan.	
	(5)	The coalition plan will provide a viable altern	-
		equivalent compliance with federal and State	
		classifications, and management practices in the a	ffected basin.
(g)		lition plan shall include all of the following:	
	(1)	An assessment of water quality and related water the affected basin.	er quantity management in
	(2)	A description of the goals and objectives for prot	ection and improvement of
		water quality and related water quantity managem	ent in the affected basin.
	(3)	A workplan that describes proposed water qu	ality protection strategies,
		including point and nonpoint source programs,	for achieving the specified
		goals and objectives; an implementation strategy	• •
		timetables for action, implementation responsil	
		agencies; and sources of funding, where applicabl	
	(4)	A description of the performance indicators and	
		used to measure progress in achieving the specifie	ed goals and objectives, and
		an associated monitoring framework.	
	(5)	A timetable for reporting to the Commission on	progress in implementing
		the coalition plan.	
(h)		alition plan shall cover a specified period. The coal	
		f specific strategies, tasks, or mechanisms by specif	
	-	plan. The Commission may approve one or more	
-		lition plan may include strategies that vary among t	he subareas or jurisdictions
	0 0 1	c area covered by the coalition plan.	
(i)		ocal government chooses to withdraw from a coaliti	0
	-	nt a coalition plan, the remaining members of a coa	-
	-	d submit a revised coalition plan for approval b	-
		ermines that an approved coalition plan no longer p	
		ning equivalent compliance with federal and Stat	
	coalition p	nd management practices, the Commission may sus	pend or revoke its approval
	1		manta to a coolition plan
(j)		Commission may approve one or more amendation of local governments through its nonp	-
	•	governing board of each local government that is a	-
		ts that proposed the coalition plan.	member of the coantion of
(k	-	the approval of the Commission, any coalition of	local governments with an
		on plan may establish and implement a pollutant tr	-
		en and among point source dischargers and nonpoin	
(l)		Commission shall submit an annual progress repor	-
· · ·		e Environmental Review Commission on or before	-
			or even jour.
AME	ND PRE-I	DRILLING TESTING OF WATER SUPPLIES	
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SECTION 5.13. G.S. 113-423(f), as amended by Section 13(b) of S.L. 2014-4, 1 2 reads as rewritten: 3 Pre-Drilling Testing of Water Supplies. – Any lease of oil or gas rights or any other "(f) 4 conveyance of any kind separating rights to oil or gas from the freehold estate of surface 5 property shall include a clause that requires the oil or gas developer or operator to pay for the 6 reasonable costs involved in testing all water supplies within a one-half mile radius from the 7 center of a proposed wellhead drilling site that is part of the oil or gas developer's or operator's 8 activities at least 30 days prior to initial drilling activities and at least five follow-up tests at six 9 months, 12 months, 18 months, and 24 months after production has commenced and a test 10 within 30 days after completion of production activities at the site. The Department shall 11 identify the location of all water supplies, including wells, on a property on which drilling operations are proposed to occur. A surface owner shall use an independent third party selected 12 13 from a laboratory certified by the Department's Wastewater/Groundwater Laboratory 14 Certification program to sample wells located on their property, and the developer or operator 15 shall pay for the reasonable costs involved in testing of the wells in question. Developers and 16 operators may share analytical results obtained with other developers and operators as 17 necessary or advisable. All analytical results from testing conducted pursuant to this section (i) 18 shall be provided to the Department within 30 days of testing and (ii) shall constitute a public 19 record under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, and the Department shall post any results to 20 the Department's Web site within 30 days of receipt of the results. results, unless the surface 21 owner specifies otherwise in writing at the time the results are provided to the Department. 22 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude or impair the right of any surface 23 owner to refuse pre-drilling testing of wells located on their property." 24 25 LOCAL AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMS SECTION 5.14.(a) G.S. 143-215.112(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision 26 27 to read: 28 "§ 143-215.112. Local air pollution control programs. 29 . . . 30 (c) (1)The governing body of any county, municipality, or group of counties and 31 municipalities within a designated area of the State, as defined in this Article 32 and Article 21, subject to the approval of the Commission, is hereby 33 authorized to establish, administer, and enforce a local air pollution control 34 program for the county, municipality, or designated area of the State which 35 includes but is not limited to: 36 Development of a comprehensive plan for the control and abatement a. 37 of new and existing sources of air pollution; 38 Air quality monitoring to determine existing air quality and to define b. 39 problem areas, as well as to provide background data to show the 40 effectiveness of a pollution abatement program; 41 An emissions inventory to identify specific sources of air c. 42 contamination and the contaminants emitted, together with the 43 quantity of material discharged into the outdoor atmosphere; 44 Adoption, after notice and public hearing, of air quality and emission d. 45 control standards, or adoption by reference, without public hearing, 46 of any applicable rules and standards duly adopted by the 47 Commission; and administration of such rules and standards in 48 accordance with provisions of this section. 49 Provisions for the establishment or approval of time schedules for the e.

49e.Provisions for the establishment or approval of time schedules for the
control or abatement of existing sources of air pollution and for the
review of plans and specifications and issuance of approval

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	 documents covering the construction a abatement facilities at existing or new sou f. Provision for adequate administrative stat control officer and technical personnel, a and other necessary facilities. 	rces; ff, including an air pollution
 (6)	No local air pollution control program may lim	it or otherwise regulate any
<u></u>	combustion heater, appliance, or fireplace in priv	. .
	of this subdivision, "combustion heater, applian	ce, or fireplace" means any
	heater, appliance, or fireplace that burns combust	
	limited to, natural or liquefied petroleum gas, f	
	coal for heating, cooking, drying, or decorative p	
	CTION 5.14.(b) G.S. 143-215.108 is amended by	adding a new subsection to
read:	8. Control of sources of air pollution; permits req	uirod
§ 145-215.10	5. Control of sources of an pollution, permits req	un eu.
(j) No	Power to Regulate Residential Combustion Noth	ning in this section shall be
	give the Commission or the Department the power to	-
	on heater, appliance, or fireplace in private dwell	-
	deral law. For purposes of this subsection, "comb	
	ns any heater, appliance, or fireplace that burns com	
not limited to,	natural or liquefied petroleum gas, fuel oil, kerosene	e, wood, or coal for heating,
	g, or decorative purposes."	
	CTION 5.14.(c) G.S. 160A-193 is amended by addin	ng a new subsection to read:
	Abatement of public health nuisances.	
	ity shall have authority to summarily remove, abate,	
-	within one mile thereof, that is dangerous or prejud	-
	Pursuant to this section, the governing board of a city	
	ol and its appurtenances upon a finding that t is dangerous or prejudicial to public health or safety	
	by the person in default. If the expense is not paid	
	e the nuisance occurred. A lien established pursuant	
	ity and be collected as unpaid ad valorem taxes.	
···· F····		
(c) The	e authority granted by this section does not authori	ze the application of a city
ordinance ban	ning or otherwise limiting outdoor burning to person	ns living within one mile of
the city, unles	s the city provides those persons with either (i) tras	h and yard waste collection
services or (ii)	access to solid waste drop-off sites on the same basis	s as city residents."
	VERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DAT	
	CTION 6.1. If any section or provision of this act is	
	courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a v	whole or any part other than
-	ed to be unconstitutional or invalid. $CTION 6.2$ Except as otherwise provided this set is	a offective when it has me
law.	CTION 6.2. Except as otherwise provided, this act i	is effective when it becomes
iaw.		