GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

FILED SENATE
Mar 26, 2015
S.B. 589
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SENATE DRS15138-LH-13 (11/17)

Short Title: Habitual Felons/Clarify Previous Convictions. (Public) Senators J. Jackson, Bingham, and Tucker (Primary Sponsors). Sponsors: Referred to: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITION OF "FELONY OFFENSE" FOR PURPOSES OF THE HABITUAL FELON LAW. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 14-7.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 14-7.1. Persons defined as habitual felons. Any person who has been convicted of or pled guilty to three felony offenses in any federal court or state court in the United States or combination thereof is declared to be an habitual felon and may be charged as a status offender pursuant to this Article. For the purpose of this Article, a felony offense is defined as an to include all of the (b) following: An offense which that is a felony under the laws of the State or other (1) sovereign wherein this State. An offense that is a felony under the laws of another state and to which a (2) plea of guilty was entered or a conviction was returned regardless of the sentence actually imposed. An offense that is a crime under the laws of another state that does not (3) classify any crimes as felonies, but that may be punishable by imprisonment for more than a year in state prison and to which a plea of guilty was entered or a conviction was returned regardless of the sentence actually imposed. An offense that is a felony under federal law. Provided, however, that <u>(4)</u> federal offenses relating to the manufacture, possession, sale and kindred offenses involving intoxicating liquors shall not be considered felonies for the purposes of this Article. For the purposes of this Article, felonies committed before a person attains the age of 18 years shall not constitute more than one felony. The commission of a second felony shall not fall within the purview of this Article unless it is committed after the conviction of or plea of guilty to the first felony. The commission of a third felony shall not fall within the purview of this Article unless it is committed after the conviction of or plea of guilty to the second felony. Pleas of guilty to or convictions of felony offenses prior to July 6, 1967, shall not be felony offenses within the meaning of this Article. Any felony offense to which a pardon has been extended shall not for the purpose of this Article constitute a felony. The burden of proving such pardon shall rest with the defendant and the State shall not be required to disprove a pardon."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.