

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2015

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SENATE DRS45319-LR-86 (03/11)

Short Title: Nondiscrimination in Public Employment. (Public)

Sponsors: Senators Van Duyn and Smith-Ingram (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT AMENDING THE STATE HUMAN RESOURCES ACT TO INCLUDE SEXUAL  
3 ORIENTATION AND GENDER IDENTITY OR EXPRESSION TO THE LIST OF  
4 CLASSIFICATIONS COVERED BY THE STATE'S EQUAL EMPLOYMENT  
5 OPPORTUNITY LAW AND REQUIRING LOCAL BOARDS OF EDUCATION TO  
6 ADOPT POLICIES FOR NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT, INCLUDING  
7 SEXUAL ORIENTATION AND GENDER IDENTITY OR EXPRESSION AMONG THE  
8 COVERED CLASSIFICATIONS.

9 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

10 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 126-16 reads as rewritten:

11 "**§ 126-16. Equal opportunity for employment and compensation by State departments  
12 and agencies and local political subdivisions.**

13 All State agencies, departments, and institutions and all local political subdivisions of North  
14 Carolina shall give equal opportunity for employment and compensation, without regard to  
15 race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression,  
16 disability, or genetic information to all persons otherwise qualified."

17 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 126-34.02(b) reads as rewritten:

18 "(b) The following issues may be heard as contested cases after completion of the  
19 agency grievance procedure and the Office of State Human Resources review:

20 (1) Discrimination or harassment. – An applicant for State employment, a State  
21 employee, or former State employee may allege discrimination or  
22 harassment based on race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, sexual  
23 orientation, gender identity or expression, disability, genetic information, or  
24 political affiliation if the employee believes that he or she has been  
25 discriminated against in his or her application for employment or in the  
26 terms and conditions of the employee's employment, or in the termination of  
27 his or her employment.

28 (2) Retaliation. – An applicant for State employment, a State employee, or  
29 former State employee may allege retaliation for protesting discrimination  
30 based on race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, sexual orientation,  
31 gender identity or expression, disability, political affiliation, or genetic  
32 information if the employee believes that he or she has been retaliated  
33 against in his or her application for employment or in the terms and  
34 conditions of the employee's employment, or in the termination of the  
35 employee's employment.



- 1 (3) Just cause for dismissal, demotion, or suspension. – A career State employee  
2 may allege that he or she was dismissed, demoted, or suspended for  
3 disciplinary reasons without just cause. A dismissal, demotion, or suspension  
4 which is not imposed for disciplinary reasons shall not be considered a  
5 disciplinary action within the meaning of this section. However, in contested  
6 cases conducted pursuant to this section, an employee may appeal an  
7 involuntary nondisciplinary separation due to an employee's unavailability in  
8 the same fashion as if it were a disciplinary action, but the agency shall only  
9 have the burden to prove that the employee was unavailable. In cases of such  
10 disciplinary action the employee shall, before the action is taken, be  
11 furnished with a statement in writing setting forth the specific acts or  
12 omissions that are the reasons for the disciplinary action and the employee's  
13 appeal rights. The employee shall be permitted 15 days from the date the  
14 statement is delivered to appeal under the agency grievance procedure.  
15 However, an employee may be suspended without warning pending the  
16 giving of written reasons in order to avoid undue disruption of work, to  
17 protect the safety of persons or property, or for other serious reasons.
- 18 (4) Veteran's preference. – An applicant for State employment or a State  
19 employee may allege that he or she was denied veteran's preference in  
20 violation of the law.
- 21 (5) Failure to post or give priority consideration. – An applicant for State  
22 employment or a State employee may allege that he or she was denied hiring  
23 or promotion because a position was not posted in accordance with this  
24 Chapter; or a career State employee may allege that he or she was denied a  
25 promotion as a result of a failure to give priority consideration for promotion  
26 as required by G.S. 126-7.1; or a career State employee may allege that he or  
27 she was denied hiring as a result of the failure to give him or her a  
28 reduction-in-force priority.
- 29 (6) Whistleblower. – A whistleblower grievance as provided for in this  
30 Chapter."

31 **SECTION 3.** Article 22 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by  
32 adding a new Part to read:

33 "Part 10. Nondiscrimination in School Employment.

34 "**§ 115C-335.10. School personnel nondiscrimination policy.**

35 (a) Each local board of education shall adopt a policy of nondiscrimination in its  
36 personnel policies and practices on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, age, sex,  
37 sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or disability.

38 (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "school personnel" means any (i)  
39 employee of a local board of education, whether full-time or part-time, or (ii) independent  
40 contractor or employee of an independent contractor of a local board of education, if the  
41 independent contractor carries out duties customarily performed by school personnel, whether  
42 paid with federal, State, local, or other funds. The term includes substitute teachers, driver  
43 training teachers, bus drivers, clerical staff, and custodians."

44 **SECTION 4.** Nothing in this act shall be construed as requiring the State or any  
45 employer, employment agency, or labor organization to give preferential treatment or special  
46 rights based on sexual orientation or gender identity or expression, or to implement special  
47 affirmative action policies or programs, based on sexual orientation or gender identity or  
48 expression.

49 **SECTION 5.** This act is effective when it becomes law.