GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2015**

Н

HOUSE BILL 879 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H879-PCS40427-SA-43

Short Title: Juvenile Code Reform. (Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

| | April 15, 2015 |
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| 1 | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED |
| 2 | AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE JUVENILE CODE IN REGARD TO |
| 3 | DUE PROCESS PROTECTIONS, REENTRY OF JUVENILES IN THE DELINQUENCY |
| 4 | SYSTEM, AND CONFINEMENT OF JUVENILES. |
| 5 | The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: |
| 6 | |
| 7 | PART I. DUE PROCESS CHANGES |
| 8 | SECTION 1.1. G.S. 7B-2101(b) reads as rewritten: |
| 9 | "(b) When the juvenile is less than <u>14–16</u> years of age, no in-custody admission or |
| 10 | confession resulting from interrogation may be admitted into evidence unless the confession or |
| 11 | admission was made in the presence of the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, or attorney. If |
| 12 | an attorney is not present, the parent, guardian, or custodian as well as the juvenile must be |
| 13 | advised of the juvenile's rights as set out in subsection (a) of this section; however, a parent, |
| 14 | guardian, or custodian may not waive any right on behalf of the juvenile." |
| 15 | SECTION 1.2. G.S. 7B-2202(f) reads as rewritten: |
| 16 | "(f) If the court does not find probable cause for a felony offense, the court shall: |
| 17 | (1) Dismiss the proceeding, or |
| 18 | (2) If the court finds probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed a |
| 19 | lesser included offense that would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by |
| 20 | an adult, either proceed to an adjudicatory hearing or set a date for that |
| 21 | hearing. The adjudicatory hearing shall be a separate hearing. The court may |
| 22 | continue the adjudicatory hearing for good cause." |
| 23 | SECTION 1.3. G.S. 7B-2203(d) reads as rewritten: |
| 24 | "(d) If the court does not transfer the case to superior court, the court shall either proceed |
| 25 | to an adjudicatory hearing or set a date for that hearing. The adjudicatory hearing shall be a |
| 26 | separate hearing. The court may continue the adjudicatory hearing for good cause." |
| 27 | SECTION 1.4. Article 24 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by |
| 28 29 | adding a new section to read: |
| | " <u>§ 7B-2408.5. Motion to suppress evidence in adjudicatory hearings; procedure; appeal.</u> |
| 30 31 | (a) A motion to suppress evidence in court made before the adjudicatory hearing must |
| 32 | be in writing and a copy of the motion must be served upon the State. The motion must state the grounds upon which it is made. The motion must be accompanied by an affidavit containing |
| 32 33 | facts supporting the motion. The affidavit may be based upon personal knowledge, or upon |
| 33 34 | information and belief, if the source of the information and the basis for the belief are stated. |
| 35 | The State may file an answer denying or admitting any of the allegations. A copy of the answer |
| 55 | The state may me an answer denying of admitting any of the anegations. A copy of the answer |



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| must b | e served c | on the juvenile's counsel or the juvenile's parent, guard | dian, or custodian, if the |
| - | e has no c | • • • • • | |
| <u>(b)</u> | <u>The jı</u> (1) | adge must summarily grant the motion to suppress evice. The motion complies with the requirements of subse | ection (a) of this section, |
| | | it states grounds which require exclusion of the concedes the truth of allegations of fact which suppo | |
| | (2) | The State stipulates that the evidence sought to be | |
| | <u>(2)</u> | offered in evidence in any juvenile proceeding. | suppressed will not be |
| <u>(c)</u> | The ii | idge may summarily deny the motion to suppress evide | ence if |
| <u>(c)</u> | (1) | The motion does not allege a legal basis for the motion | |
| | $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ | The affidavit does not as a matter of law support the | |
| (d) | - <u></u> | motion is not determined summarily, the judge must | |
| | | d finding of facts. Testimony at the hearing must be u | |
| (e) | | tion to suppress made during the adjudicatory hearing | |
| or oral | ly and ma | y be determined in the same manner as when made | before the adjudicatory |
| hearing | <u>z.</u> | | |
| <u>(f)</u> | <u>The ju</u> | udge must set forth in the record his or her findings of | facts and conclusions of |
| <u>law.</u> | | | |
| <u>(g)</u> | An or | der finally denying a motion to suppress evidence ma | ay be reviewed upon an |
| appeal | | order of the court in a juvenile matter. | |
| <u>(h)</u> | <u>The p</u> | rovisions of G.S. 15A-974 shall apply to this section." | |
| | | | |
| PART | | JCE FURTHER ENTRY OF JUVENILES | |
| | | TION 2.1. G.S. 7B-1701 reads as rewritten: | |
| | | liminary inquiry. | 11 1 1 |
| | | plaint is received, the juvenile court counselor sh | |
| | | to whether the juvenile is within the jurisdiction of the venile. If the juvenile court counselor finds that the | - |
| | 1 5 | state a case within the jurisdiction of the court, that I | |
| - | | or that the matters alleged are frivolous, the juvenile | • |
| | | hall refuse authorization to file the complaint as a petit | |
| | 1 | t against the juvenile has not been previously receive | |
| | - | bunselor, the juvenile court counselor shall make rea | |
| | | and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian if the | |
| | | ted by the juvenile court counselor, the prosecutor sh | |
| | - | f evidence as it affects the quantum of proof and the ele | |
| | • | court counselor, without further inquiry, shall author | |
| | • | n if the juvenile court courselor finds reasonable gro | - |
| | - | mitted one of the following nondivertible offenses: | |
| J | (1) | Murder; | |
| | (2) | First-degree rape or second degree rape; | |
| | (3) | First-degree sexual offense or second degree sexual | offense; |
| | (4) | Arson; | |
| | (5) | Any violation of Article 5, Chapter 90 of the Gen | eral Statutes that would |
| | | constitute a felony if committed by an adult; | |
| | (6) | First degree burglary; | |
| | (7) | Crime against nature; or | |
| | (8) | Any felony which involves the willful infliction of | of serious bodily injury |
| | | upon another or which was committed by use of a de | adly weapon." |
| | | TION 2.2. G.S. 7B-2404 reads as rewritten: | |
| "§ 7B-: | 2404. Par | ticipation of the prosecutor.prosecutor; voluntary c | <u>dismissal.</u> |
| | | | |

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2015 1 A prosecutor shall represent the State in contested delinquency hearings including (a) 2 first appearance, detention, probable cause, transfer, adjudicatory, dispositional, probation 3 revocation, post-release supervision, and extended jurisdiction hearings. 4 A prosecutor may dismiss any allegations stated in a juvenile petition with or (b)5 without leave by entering an oral dismissal in open court at any time or by filing a written 6 dismissal with the clerk. The juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian, and the 7 juvenile's counsel shall be notified of the dismissal by the prosecutor either in open court or by 8 being served with the written dismissal. In addition, the written dismissal shall be served on (i) 9 the chief court counselor or his or her designee and (ii) if the juvenile is being held in a 10 detention center, the director of the detention center. If the prosecutor dismisses the petition 11 with leave because of the failure of the juvenile to appear in court, the prosecutor may refile the petition if the juvenile is apprehended or apprehension is imminent." 12 13 **SECTION 2.3.** G.S. 7B-2507(a) reads as rewritten: 14 Generally. - The delinquency history level for a delinquent juvenile is determined "(a) 15 by calculating the sum of the points assigned to each of the juvenile's prior adjudications and to 16 the juvenile's probation status, if any, that the court finds to have been proved in accordance 17 with this section. For the purposes of this section, a prior adjudication is an adjudication of an 18 offense that occurs before the adjudication of the offense before the court." 19 SECTION 2.4. G.S. 7B-2510 reads as rewritten: 20 "§ 7B-2510. Conditions of probation; violation of probation. 21 22 (c) An order of probation shall remain in force for a period not to exceed one year from 23 the date entered. Prior to expiration of an order of probation, the court may extend it for an 24 additional period of one year after notice and a hearing, if the court finds that the extension is 25 necessary to protect the community or to safeguard the welfare of the juvenile. At the discretion 26 of the court, the hearing to determine to extend probation may occur after the expiration of an 27 order of probation at the next regularly scheduled court date or if the juvenile fails to appear in 28 court. 29 On motion of the juvenile court counselor or the juvenile, or on the court's own (d) 30 motion, the court may review the progress of any juvenile on probation at any time during the 31 period of probation or at the end of probation. The conditions or duration of probation may be 32 modified only as provided in this Subchapter and only after notice and a hearing. 33 If the court, after notice and a hearing, finds by the greater weight of the evidence (e) 34 that the juvenile has violated the conditions of probation set by the court, the court may 35 continue the original conditions of probation, modify the conditions of probation, or, except as 36 provided in subsection (f) of this section, order a new disposition at the next higher level on the 37 disposition chart in G.S. 7B-2508. disposition. In the court's discretion, part of the new 38 disposition may include an the court may order a new disposition at the next higher level on the 39 disposition chart or order a term of confinement in a secure juvenile detention facility for up to 40 twice the term authorized by G.S. 7B-2508.G.S. 7B-2508, in addition to any other Level 2 dispositional option. 41 42 A court shall not order a Level 3 disposition for violation of the conditions of (f) 43 probation by a juvenile adjudicated delinquent for an offense classified as minor under G.S. 7B-2508." 44 45 SECTION 2.5. G.S. 7B-2512 reads as rewritten: 46 "§ 7B-2512. Dispositional order. 47 The dispositional order shall be in writing and shall contain appropriate findings of (a) 48 fact and conclusions of law. The court shall state with particularity, both orally and in the 49 written order of disposition, the precise terms of the disposition including the kind, duration, 50 and the person who is responsible for carrying out the disposition and the person or agency in 51 whom custody is vested.

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| (b) The court shall include info | prmation at the time of issuing the dispositional order, |
| | the expunction of juvenile records as provided for in |
| G.S. 7B-3200 that are applicable to the | dispositional order." |
| SECTION 2.6. G.S. 7B-320 "§ 7B-3200. Expunction of records | 00 reads as rewritten: |
| "§ 7B-3200. Expunction of records | of juveniles alleged or adjudicated delinquent and |
| undisciplined. | |
| • • | ed the age of 18 years may file a petition in the court |
| 1 0 | indisciplined for expunction of all records of that |
| adjudication. | |
| | ed the age of 18 years may file a petition in the court |
| | quent for expunction of all records of that adjudication |
| provided: | |
| | e expunged pursuant to subsection (e1) of this section, |
| | n the person was adjudicated would have been a crime |
| | B1, B2, C, D, or E felony if committed by an adult. |
| | ave elapsed since the person was released from juvenile |
| 5 | nd the person has not subsequently been adjudicated |
| - | ed as an adult of any felony or misdemeanor other than |
| | ler the laws of the United States or the laws of this State |
| or any other state. | for an offense that would be a Class A. D.1. D.2. C. D. on |
| E felony if committed by an adult shall | for an offense that would be a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or |
| E fefory if committed by an addit share | not be expunged. |
| (e1) Any person who was adjud | dicated delinquent for a minor offense as defined in |
| · · · · · | of 16 years may file a petition in the court in which the |
| | nt for expunction of all juvenile records related to the |
| | adjudicated delinquent. Prior to the filing of a petition |
| | s must have elapsed since the person was released from |
| | erson must not have subsequently been adjudicated |
| · · · · | ny felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation |
| | e laws of this State or any other state. The petition shall |
| | subdivisions (1) through (3) of subsection (c) of this |
| | on the chief court counselor in the district where the |
| | ourt counselor shall have 10 days thereafter in which to |
| file a written objection in the court. If | no objection is filed, the court may grant the petition |
| without a hearing. If an objection is fil | ed or the court so directs, a hearing shall be scheduled |
| and the chief court counselor shall be | notified as to the date of the hearing. If the court finds |
| that the petitioner satisfies the condition | ns specified herein, the court shall order the clerk and |
| the appropriate law enforcement agenci | es to expunge their records related to the minor offense |
| | ated delinquent, including all references to arrests, |
| | and orders. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of |
| the order of expunction to the sheriff, | chief of police, or other appropriate law enforcement |
| agency. | |
| " | |
| | |
| PART III. JUVENILE CONFINEME | |
| SECTION 3.1. G.S. 7B-190 | |
| "§ 7B-1903. Criteria for secure or not | • |
| 1 | nonsecure custody, the court shall first consider release |
| or the juvenile to the juvenile's parent, g | guardian, custodian, or other responsible adult. An order |

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| 1 | for nonsecure custody shall be made only when there is a reasonable factual basis to believe the | | | | | |
| 2 | matters alleged i | matters alleged in the petition are true, and that: | | | | |
| 3 | (1) | The juvenile is a runaway and consents to nonsecure of | custody; or | | | |
| 4 | (2) | The juvenile meets one or more of the criteria for s | secure custody, but the | | | |
| 5 | | court finds it in the best interests of the juvenile that the | he juvenile be placed in | | | |
| 5 | | a nonsecure placement. | • • | | | |
| 7 | (b) When | n a request is made for secure custody, the court may or | der secure custody only | | | |
| | | finds there is a reasonable factual basis to believe that | | | | |
| | | leged in the petition, and that one of the following circur | 5 | | | |
| | (1) | The juvenile is charged with a felony and has demon | | | | |
| | | is a danger to property or persons. | 5 | | | |
| | (2) | The juvenile has demonstrated that the juvenile is a d | langer to persons and is | | | |
| | | charged with either (i) a misdemeanor at least on | • | | | |
| | | assault on a person or (ii) a misdemeanor in wh | | | | |
| | | threatened to use, or displayed a firearm or other dead | 0 | | | |
| | (2a) | The juvenile has demonstrated that the juvenile is a d | • • | | | |
| | (===) | charged with a violation of G.S. 20-138.1 or G.S. 20- | • | | | |
| | (3) | The juvenile has willfully failed to appear on a pend | | | | |
| | | or on charges of violation of probation or post-release | <u> </u> | | | |
| | | the juvenile was properly notified. | | | | |
| | (4) | A delinquency charge is pending against the juvenile, | and there is reasonable | | | |
| | | cause to believe the juvenile will not appear in court. | | | | |
| | (5) | The juvenile is an absconder from (i) any residential | facility operated by the | | | |
| | | Division or any detention facility in this State or (ii) | | | | |
| | | in another state. | | | | |
| | (6) | There is reasonable cause to believe the juvenile sho | ould be detained for the | | | |
| | | juvenile's own protection because the juvenile ha | | | | |
| | | attempted self-inflicted physical injury. In such case, | | | | |
| | | been refused admission by one appropriate hospital, a | - | | | |
| | | custody is limited to 24 hours to determine the | - | | | |
| | | hospitalization. If the juvenile is placed in secure cus | - | | | |
| | | receive continuous supervision and a physicia | | | | |
| | | immediately. | | | | |
| | (7) | The juvenile is alleged to be undisciplined by virtue of | of the iuvenile's being a | | | |
| | (') | runaway and is inappropriate for nonsecure custody | 5 6 | | | |
| | | nonsecure custody, and the court finds that the juveni | 1 | | | |
| | | for up to 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, | • | | | |
| | | evaluate the juvenile's need for medical or psych | • | | | |
| | | facilitate reunion with the juvenile's parents, guardian | | | | |
| | (8) | The juvenile is alleged to be undisciplined and has w | - | | | |
| | (0) | in court after proper notice; the juvenile shall be brou | • • • • • • | | | |
| | | possible and in no event should be held more that | - | | | |
| | | Saturdays, Sundays, and State holidays. | in 24 nours, excluding | | | |
| | (c) When | a juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent, the co | ourt may order secure | | | |
| | | the dispositional hearing or pending placement of the | - | | | |
| | • • • | as long as the juvenile remains in secure custody, furthe | · · | | | |
| | | tinued secure custody shall be held at intervals of no | - | | | |
| | | we waived for no more than 30 calendar days only w | | | | |
| | | a counsel for the juvenile, either orally in open court of | | | | |
| | • • | cure custody shall be in writing with appropriate finding | | | | |
|) | 101 continueu set | cure custody shan of in writing with appropriate miding | <u>s of fact.</u> | | | |

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| 1 | (d) The court may order secure custody for a juvenile who is alleged | to have violated | | | |
| 2 | the conditions of the juvenile's probation or post-release supervision, but only | if the juvenile is | | | |
| 3 | alleged to have committed acts that damage property or injure persons. | | | | |
| 4 | (e) If the criteria for secure custody as set out in subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this | | | | |
| 5 | section are met, the court may enter an order directing an officer or other authorized person to | | | | |
| 6 | assume custody of the juvenile and to take the juvenile to the place designated in the order. | | | | |
| 7 | (f) If the court finds that there is a need for an evaluation of a juvenile for medical or | | | | |
| 8 | psychiatric treatment pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and that juvenile is under 10 | | | | |
| 9 | years of age and does not have a pending delinquency charge, the law enforce | cement officer or | | | |
| 10 | other authorized person assuming custody of the juvenile shall not use physical restraints | | | | |
| 11 | during the transport of the juvenile to the place designated in the order, unless in the discretion | | | | |
| 12 | of the officer or other authorized person, the restraints are reasonably necessary | ary for the safety | | | |
| 13 | of the officer, authorized person, or the juvenile." | | | | |
| 14 | SECTION 3.2. G.S. 7B-2506 reads as rewritten: | | | | |
| 15 | "§ 7B-2506. Dispositional alternatives for delinquent juveniles. | | | | |
| 16 | The court exercising jurisdiction over a juvenile who has been adjudicated | - | | | |
| 17 | use the following alternatives in accordance with the dispositional struct | ure set forth in | | | |
| 18 | G.S. 7B-2508: | | | | |
| 19 | | | | | |
| 20 | (12) Impose confinement on an intermittent basis in an app | | | | |
| 21 | facility. Confinement shall be limited to not more than five | - | | | |
| 22 | the timing <u>and imposition</u> of which is determined by | the court in its | | | |
| 23 | discretion. | | | | |
| 24 | | 1 | | | |
| 25 | (20) Order that the juvenile be confined in an approved juvenile | • | | | |
| 26 | for a term of up to 14 24-hour periods, which confinem | | | | |
| 27 | imposed consecutively with intermittent confinement | 1 | | | |
| 28 | subdivision (12) of this section at the same dispositional her | 0 0 | | | |
| 29 20 | <u>and imposition of this confinement shall be determined by</u> discretion. | y the court in its | | | |
| 30 31 | discretion. | | | | |
| 31 32 | | | | | |
| 32 33 | PART IV. EFFECTIVE DATE | | | | |
| 33 34 | | and annling to | | | |
| 34 25 | SECTION 4. This act becomes effective December 1, 2015 | , and applies to | | | |

34 35 offenses committed on or after that date.