GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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HOUSE BILL 799 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/23/15 **PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H799-PCS10436-STf-87**

Short Title: Zoning/Changes to Hist. Preserv. Procedures. (Public)

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Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

April 15, 2015

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ALLOW A PROPERTY OWNER TO REQUEST REMOVAL FROM A 3 HISTORIC DISTRICT, TO MAKE AMENDMENTS TO THE PROCESS TO CREATE A HISTORICAL COMMISSION, TO MODIFY THE CONFLICT OF INTEREST 4 5 RECUSAL FOR MEMBERS OF HISTORICAL COMMISSIONS, AND TO CREATE A 6 PROCESS FOR THE COMMISSION TO ISSUE INFORMATIONAL REPORTS TO 7 POTENTIAL PURCHASERS OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES. 8

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 160A-400.4 reads as rewritten:

10 "§ 160A-400.4. Designation of historic districts.

Any municipal governing board may, as part of a zoning or other ordinance enacted 11 (a) 12 or amended pursuant to this Article, designate and from time to time amend one or more 13 historic districts within the area subject to the ordinance. Such ordinance may treat historic districts either as a separate use district classification or as districts which overlay other zoning 14 15 districts. Where historic districts are designated as separate use districts, the zoning ordinance 16 may include as uses by right or as conditional uses those uses found by the Preservation 17 Commission to have existed during the period sought to be restored or preserved, or to be 18 compatible with the restoration or preservation of the district.

19 (b) No historic district or districts shall be designated under subsection (a) of this 20 section until:

- 21 (1)An investigation and report describing the significance of the buildings, 22 structures, features, sites or surroundings included in any such proposed district, and a description of the boundaries of such district has been 23 24 prepared, and
 - The Department of Cultural Resources, acting through the State Historic (2)Preservation Officer or his or her designee, shall have made an analysis of and recommendations concerning such report and description of proposed boundaries. Failure of the department-Department to submit its written analysis and recommendations to the municipal governing board within 30 calendar days after a written request for such analysis has been received by the Department of Cultural Resources shall relieve the municipality of any responsibility for awaiting such analysis, and said board may at any time thereafter take any necessary action to adopt or amend its zoning ordinance.

The municipal governing board may also, in its discretion, refer the report and 34 (c) 35 proposed boundaries under subsection (b) of this section to any local preservation commission



1 or other interested body for its recommendations prior to taking action to amend the zoning 2 ordinance. With respect to any changes in the boundaries of such district subsequent to its 3 initial establishment, or the creation of additional districts within the jurisdiction, the 4 investigative studies and reports required by subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section 5 shall be prepared by the preservation commission, and shall be referred to the local planning 6 agency for its review and comment according to procedures set forth in the zoning ordinance. 7 Changes in the boundaries of an initial district or proposal for additional districts shall also be 8 submitted to the Department of Cultural Resources in accordance with the provisions of 9 subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section. 10 On receipt of these reports and recommendations, the municipality may proceed in the same 11 manner as would otherwise be required for the adoption or amendment of any appropriate 12 zoning ordinance provisions. 13 The provisions of G.S. 160A-201 apply to zoning or other ordinances pertaining to (d) 14 historic districts, and the authority under G.S. 160A-201(b) for the ordinance to regulate the 15 location or screening of solar collectors may encompass requiring the use of plantings or other 16 measures to ensure that the use of solar collectors is not incongruous with the special character 17 of the district. 18 (e) The owner of a property included in a historical district under this section may 19 petition the commission for removal. Such petition shall be in writing, stating the property 20 owner's name, location of the property, and reasons the property should be removed from the 21 historic district, and be delivered to the clerk to the board. Within 10 days, the clerk shall notify 22 the commission and submit the petition to the Department of Cultural Resources, acting 23 through the State Historic Preservation Officer or his or her designee, for an analysis of and 24 recommendations concerning the petition. The Department shall submit its written analysis and 25 recommendations, if any, to the commission within 30 calendar days after receipt of a written 26 request for such analysis. The commission shall schedule a public hearing on the matter to receive comments from the public regarding the continued inclusion of the property in the 27 historic district, after notice for at least two successive weeks in a newspaper of general 28 29 circulation in the city. After the public hearing, the commission shall make a recommendation 30 to the municipal governing body regarding its continued inclusion after consideration of any 31 analysis from the Department, the public hearing comments, and any other information the 32 commission has before it regarding the property. Upon receipt of the recommendation of the 33 commission, the municipal governing body shall proceed in accordance with this Article to 34 amend any ordinance adopted in accordance with this Article including that property in a 35 historic district, in the discretion of the municipal governing body. If a commission has 36 multiple petitions before it, the commission may, in its discretion, combine the 37 recommendations to the municipal governing board for action." 38 SECTION 2. G.S. 160A-400.7 reads as rewritten: 39 "§ 160A-400.7. Historic Preservation Commission. 40 Before it may designate one or more landmarks or historic districts, a municipality shall 41 establish or designate a historic preservation commission. The municipal governing board shall 42 determine the number of the members of the commission, which shall be at least three, and the 43 length of their terms, which shall be no greater than four years. A majority of the members of 44 such a commission shall have demonstrated special interest, experience, or education in history,

45 architecture, archaeology, or related fields. All the members shall reside within the territorial
46 jurisdiction of the municipality as established pursuant to G.S. 160A-360. The commission may
47 appoint advisory bodies and committees as appropriate.

In lieu of establishing a historic preservation commission, a municipality may designate as its historic preservation commission, (i) a separate historic districts commission or a separate historic landmarks commission established pursuant to this Part to deal only with historic districts or landmarks respectively, respectively or (ii) a planning board established pursuant to

1 this Article, or (iii) a community appearance commission established pursuant to Part 7 of this 2 Article. In order for a commission or board other than the preservation commission to be 3 designated, at least three of its members shall have demonstrated special interest, experience, or 4 education in history, architecture, or related fields. At the discretion of the municipality the 5 ordinance may also provide that the preservation commission may exercise within a historic 6 district any or all of the powers of a planning board or a community appearance commission. 7 A county and one or more cities in the county may establish or designate a joint 8 preservation commission. If a joint commission is established or designated, the county and 9 cities involved shall determine the residence requirements of members of the joint preservation 10 commission." 11 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 160A-400.8 reads as rewritten: 12 "§ 160A-400.8. Powers of the Historic Preservation Commission. 13 A preservation commission established pursuant to this Part may, within the zoning 14 jurisdiction of the municipality: 15 Undertake an inventory of properties of historical, prehistorical, (1)architectural, and/or cultural significance; 16 17 Recommend to the municipal governing board areas to be designated by (2)ordinance as "Historic Districts"; and individual structures, buildings, sites, 18 19 areas, or objects to be designated by ordinance as "Landmarks"; 20 (3) Acquire by any lawful means the fee or any lesser included interest, 21 including options to purchase, to properties within established districts or to 22 any such properties designated as landmarks, to hold, manage, preserve, 23 restore and improve the same, and to exchange or dispose of the property by 24 public or private sale, lease or otherwise, subject to covenants or other 25 legally binding restrictions which will secure appropriate rights of public 26 access and promote the preservation of the property; 27 (4) Restore, preserve and operate historic properties; 28 (5) Recommend to the governing board that designation of any area as a historic 29 district or part thereof, or designation of any building, structure, site, area, or 30 object as a landmark, be revoked or removed for cause; 31 Conduct an educational program with respect to historic properties and (6)32 districts within its jurisdiction; 33 Cooperate with the State, federal, and local governments in pursuance of the (7)34 purposes of this Part. The governing board or the commission when 35 authorized by the governing board may contract with the State, or the United 36 States of America, or any agency of either, or with any other organization 37 provided the terms are not inconsistent with State or federal law; 38 Enter, solely in performance of its official duties and only at reasonable (8) 39 times, upon private lands for examination preparation of a renovation report 40 or other report to aid in review of a certificate of appropriateness application, 41 examination, or survey thereof. However, no member, employee or agent of 42 the commission may enter any private building or structure without the 43 express consent of the owner or occupant thereof; 44 (9) Prepare and recommend the official adoption of a preservation element as 45 part of the municipality's comprehensive plan; 46 (10)Review and act upon proposals for alterations, demolitions, or new 47 construction within historic districts, or for the alteration or demolition of 48 designated landmarks, pursuant to this Part; and Negotiate at any time with the owner of a building, structure, site, area, or 49 (11)50 object for its acquisition or its preservation, when such action is reasonably 51 necessary or appropriate."

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SECTION 4. G.S. 160A-400.9 reads as rewritten:

"§ 160A-400.9. Certificate of appropriateness required.

3 From and after the designation of a landmark or a historic district, no exterior (a) 4 portion of any building or other structure (including masonry walls, fences, light fixtures, steps 5 and pavement, or other appurtenant features), nor above-ground utility structure nor any type of outdoor advertising sign shall be erected, altered, restored, moved, or demolished on such 6 7 landmark or within such district until after an application for a certificate of appropriateness as 8 to exterior features has been submitted to and approved by the preservation commission. The 9 municipality shall require such a certificate to be issued by the commission prior to the 10 issuance of a building permit or other permit granted for the purposes of constructing, altering, 11 moving, or demolishing structures, which certificate may be issued subject to reasonable conditions necessary to carry out the purposes of this Part. A certificate of appropriateness shall 12 be required whether or not a building or other permit is required. 13

14 For purposes of this Part, "exterior features" shall include the architectural style, general 15 design, and general arrangement of the exterior of a building or other structure, including the 16 kind and texture of the building material, the size and scale of the building, and the type and 17 style of all windows, doors, light fixtures, signs, and other appurtenant fixtures. In the case of outdoor advertising signs, "exterior features" shall be construed to mean the style, material, 18 19 size, and location of all such signs. Such "exterior features" may, in the discretion of the local 20 governing board, include historic signs, color, and significant landscape, archaeological, and 21 natural features of the area.

Except as provided in (b) below, the commission shall have no jurisdiction over interior arrangement and shall take no action under this section except to prevent the construction, reconstruction, alteration, restoration, moving, or demolition of buildings, structures, appurtenant fixtures, outdoor advertising signs, or other significant features in the district which would be incongruous with the special character of the landmark or district.

27 Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, jurisdiction of the commission over (b) 28 interior spaces shall be limited to specific interior features of architectural, artistic or historical 29 significance in publicly owned landmarks; and of privately owned historic landmarks for which 30 consent for interior review has been given by the owner. Said consent of an owner for interior 31 review shall bind future owners and/or successors in title, provided such consent has been filed 32 in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the property is located and indexed 33 according to the name of the owner of the property in the grantee and grantor indexes. The 34 landmark designation shall specify the interior features to be reviewed and the specific nature 35 of the commission's jurisdiction over the interior.

36 Prior to any action to enforce a landmark or historic district ordinance, the (c) 37 commission shall (i) prepare and adopt rules of procedure, and (ii) prepare and adopt principles 38 and guidelines not inconsistent with this Part for new construction, alterations, additions, 39 moving and demolition. The ordinance may provide, subject to prior adoption by the 40 preservation commission of detailed standards, for the review and approval by an 41 administrative official of applications for a certificate of appropriateness or of minor works as 42 defined by ordinance; provided, however, that no application for a certificate of appropriateness 43 may be denied without formal action by the preservation commission.

Prior to issuance or denial of a certificate of appropriateness the commission shall take such steps as may be reasonably required in the ordinance and/or rules of procedure to inform the owners of any property likely to be materially affected by the application, and shall give the applicant and such owners an opportunity to be heard. In cases where the commission deems it necessary, it may hold a public hearing concerning the application. All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public, in accordance with the North Carolina Open Meetings Law, Chapter 143, Article 33C.

1 All applications for certificates of appropriateness shall be reviewed and acted upon (d) 2 within a reasonable time, not to exceed 180 days from the date the completed application for a 3 certificate of appropriateness is filed, as defined by the ordinance or the commission's rules of 4 procedure. If a completed application is not acted upon within the 180-day period or a period of 5 time otherwise consented to by the parties, the commission shall issue the certificate of 6 appropriateness. As part of its review procedure, the commission may view the premises and 7 seek the advice of the Division of Archives and History or such other expert advice as it may 8 deem necessary under the circumstances.

9 (e) An appeal may be taken to the Board of Adjustment from the commission's action in 10 granting or denying any certificate, which appeals (i) may be taken by any aggrieved party, (ii) 11 shall be taken within times prescribed by the preservation commission by general rule, and (iii) 12 shall be in the nature of certiorari. <u>A member of the Board of Adjustment shall not vote on a</u> 13 matter under appeal pursuant to this subsection if that member is also a member of the 14 commission or its equivalent. Any appeal from the Board of Adjustment's decision in any such 15 case shall be heard by the superior court of the county in which the municipality is located.

16 All of the provisions of this Part are hereby made applicable to construction, (f) 17 alteration, moving and demolition by the State of North Carolina, its political subdivisions, 18 agencies and instrumentalities, provided however they the provisions shall not apply to 19 interiors of buildings or structures owned by the State of North Carolina. The State and its 20 agencies shall have a right of appeal to the North Carolina Historical Commission or any 21 successor agency assuming its responsibilities under G.S. 121-12(a) from any decision of a 22 local preservation commission. The commission shall render its decision within 30 days from 23 the date that the notice of appeal by the State is received by it. The current edition of the 24 Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating 25 Historic Buildings shall be the sole principles and guidelines used in reviewing applications of 26 the State for certificates of appropriateness. The decision of the commission shall be final and 27 binding upon both the State and the preservation commission."

28 **SECTION 5.** Part 3C of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is 29 amended by adding a new section to read:

30 "§ 160A-400.16. Renovation report by Historic Preservation Commission.

31	(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "renovation report" is defined as an
32	informational report issued by a historic preservation commission or its designee that includes,
33	at a minimum, all of the following:

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34	<u>(1)</u>	An identification and listing of all exterior features as defined in	
35		G.S. 160A-400.9 for particular buildings or structures (i) located on a	
36		particular parcel situated within a historic district or (ii) designated as a	
37		historic landmark.	
38	<u>(2)</u>	A reference to all applicable sections of locally adopted principles and	
39		guidelines not inconsistent with this Part and relevant to alteration or	
40		restoration of the exterior features identified and listed pursuant to	
41		subdivision (1) of this subsection.	
42	<u>(3)</u>	A listing of materials or substitute materials appropriate for use in alteration	
43		or restoration of the exterior features identified and listed pursuant to	
44		subdivision (1) of this subsection.	
45	A renovation	report shall not include stand-alone new construction, demolition, or the	
46	moving of a structure on the subject parcel.		
47	<u>(b)</u> <u>An o</u>	wner, or a potential purchaser with the owner's consent, may request a	
48	renovation report	from the commission. In preparing the report, the commission shall examine	
49	the parcel or stru	cture in collaboration with the requesting party and shall prepare and issue the	
50	report within 90 days of request. The commission may contract with a third party to prepare the		

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- 1 report and may establish and charge a reasonable fee to the party requesting the report not to
- 2 exceed the actual cost of preparing the renovation report.
- 3 (c) <u>A renovation report issued by the commission pursuant to this section shall be valid</u>
- 4 for a period of one year after issuance and is fully transferrable. A completed renovation report
- 5 shall be considered by the commission and its administrative staff during review for a
- 6 certificate of appropriateness, including for minor works, issued pursuant to this Part for the
- 7 parcel or structure for which the renovation report was prepared."
- 8 **SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2015, and applies to 9 applications for certificates of appropriateness submitted on or after that date.