GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017



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SENATE BILL DRS45242-MGf-69 (02/28)

Short Title:	Lower Cost of Cataracts for Seniors Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Sanderson and Pate (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT EXEMPTING OPHTHALMOLOGISTS WHO PERFORM OFFICE-BASED	
3	CATARACT SURGERY FROM CERTIFICATE OF NEED LAWS.	
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 131E-175 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:	
6	"(13) That demand for office-based cataract surgery is increasing due to the	
7	growth of the elderly population as well as scientific and technological	
8	advancements that have increased the safety and efficacy of these	
9	procedures."	
10	SECTION 2. G.S. 131E-176 reads as rewritten:	
11	"§ 131E-176. Definitions.	
12	As used in this Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms	
13	have the meanings specified:	
14		
15	(17c) "Ocular surgical procedure room" means a room located in the office of an	
16	ophthalmologist licensed to practice in this State that is used exclusively to	
17	perform office-based cataract surgery.	
18	(18)(17d) To "offer," when used in connection with health services, means that the	
19	person holds himself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for	
20	the provision of, specified health services.	
21	(17e) "Office-based cataract surgery" means cataract surgery performed in an	
22	ocular surgical procedure room that (i) requires local, regional, or general	
23	anesthesia and a period of less than 24 hours of post-operative observation	
24 25	for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes and (ii) does not constitute an	
23 26	ambulatory surgical program as defined in subdivision (1c) of this section.	
20 27	SECTION 3. G.S. 131E-178 reads as rewritten:	
28	"§ 131E-178. Activities requiring certificate of need.need; limited exemption for	
29	gastrointestinal endoscopy procedures and office-based cataract surgery.	
30	(a) No person shall offer or develop a new institutional health service without first	
31	obtaining a certificate of need from the Department; provided, however, no <u>Department, except</u>	
32	as provided in subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section.	
33	(a1) No person who provides gastrointestinal endoscopy procedures in one or more	
34	gastrointestinal endoscopy rooms located in a nonlicensed setting, shall be required to obtain a	
35	certificate of need to license that setting as an ambulatory surgical facility with the existing	



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-	rointestinal endoscopy rooms, provided that: that the person meets all of the
following crite	ia:
(1)	The license application is postmarked for delivery to the Division of Health Service Regulation by December 31, 2006; 2006.
(2)	The applicant verifies, by affidavit submitted to the Division of Health
	Service Regulation within 60 days of the effective date of this act, that the
	facility is in operation as of the effective date of this act or that the
	completed application for the building permit for the facility was submitted
	by the effective date of this act; act.
(3)	The facility has been accredited by The Accreditation Association for
	Ambulatory Health Care, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of
	Healthcare Organizations, or The American Association for Accreditation of
	Ambulatory Surgical Facilities by the time the license application is
	postmarked for delivery to the Division of Health Service Regulation of the
	Department; and Department.
(4)	The license application includes a commitment and plan for serving indigent
	and medically underserved populations.
	All other persons proposing to obtain a license to establish an
	ambulatory surgical facility for the provision of gastrointestinal endoscopy
	procedures shall be required to obtain a certificate of need. The annual State
	Medical Facilities Plan shall not include policies or need determinations that
(a) Na	limit the number of gastrointestinal endoscopy rooms that may be approved.
	ophthalmologist licensed to practice in this State who provides office-based
	<i>in</i> one or more ocular surgical procedure rooms shall be required to obtain a eed to license that setting as an ambulatory surgical facility with the existing
	ar surgical procedure rooms, provided that the ophthalmologist meets all of the
following crite	
<u>(1)</u>	<u>The facility has been accredited by the Accreditation Association for</u>
<u>(1)</u>	Ambulatory Health Care, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of
	Healthcare Organizations, or the American Association for Accreditation of
	Ambulatory Surgical Facilities by the time the license application is
	postmarked for delivery to the Division of Health Service Regulation of the
	Department.
(2)	The license application includes a commitment to and plan for serving
<u></u>	indigent and medically underserved populations.
All other perso	ns proposing to obtain a license to establish an ambulatory surgical facility for
-	f office-based cataract surgery shall be required to obtain a certificate of need.
The annual Sta	te Medical Facilities Plan shall not include policies or need determinations that
limit the numb	r of ocular surgical procedure rooms that may be approved.
"	
SE	CTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.