#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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#### HOUSE BILL 227 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H227-PCS40492-MN-1

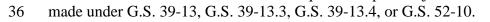
Short Title: Preserve Tenancy by the Entirety.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

#### March 2, 2017

#### 1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO MAKE CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO CLARIFY THAT TENANCY 3 BY THE ENTIRETY IS PRESERVED IN THIS STATE IN LIGHT OF THE UNITED 4 STATES SUPREME COURT DECISION IN OBERGEFELL V. HODGES, AS 5 RECOMMENDED BY THE GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION, AND TO MAKE 6 OTHER TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND OTHER SIMILAR AMENDMENTS TO 7 THE LAWS RELATING TO PROPERTY CONVEYED BY ONE SPOUSE OR 8 BETWEEN SPOUSES. 9 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 10 11 PART I. PRESERVE TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY 12 SECTION 1.1. G.S. 39-13.3 reads as rewritten: 13 "§ 39-13.3. Conveyances between husband and wife.spouses. 14 A conveyance from a husband or wife to the other married grantor to that (a) individual's spouse of real property or any interest therein owned by the grantor alone vests 15 such the property or interest in the grantee. 16 A conveyance of real property, or any interest therein, by a husband or a wife to 17 (b) 18 such husband and wife married grantor to that individual and the individual's spouse vests the 19 same property in the husband and wife grantees as tenants by the entirety unless a contrary 20 intention is expressed in the conveyance. 21 A conveyance from a husband or a wife to the other-married individual to that (c) 22 individual's spouse of real property, or any interest therein, held by such husband and wife the 23 spouses as tenants by the entirety dissolves such the tenancy in the property or interest 24 conveyed and vests such the property or interest formerly held by the entirety in the grantee. 25 The joinder of the spouse of the grantor in any conveyance made by a husband or a (d) 26 wife married grantor pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section is not necessary. 27 (e) Any conveyance authorized by this section is subject to the provisions of G.S. 52-10 or 52-10.1, except that acknowledgment by the spouse of the grantor is not necessary." 28 29 SECTION 1.2. G.S. 39-13.6 reads as rewritten: 30 "§ 39-13.6. Control of real property held in tenancy by the entirety. A husband and wife Two individuals married to each other shall have an equal right 31 (a) 32 to the control, use, possession, rents, income, and profits of real property held by them in 33 tenancy by the entirety. Neither spouse may bargain, sell, lease, mortgage, transfer, convey or in any manner encumber any property so held without the written joinder of the other spouse. 34 35 This section shall not be construed to require the spouse's joinder where a different provision is





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(b) A-Un	less a contrary intention is expressed in the convey	ance, a conveyance of real
	interest therein, to a husband and wife two individ	•
	n them as tenants by the entirety when the conveyand	
(1)	A named man-individual "and wife," or	
(2)	A named woman-individual "and husband," or	
(2) (2a)	A named individual "and spouse," or	
$\frac{(2\alpha)}{(3)}$	Two named <del>persons, individuals,</del> whether or not id	dentified in the conveyance
(5)	as <u>being (i)</u> husband and wife, <u>(ii) spouses, or (iii)</u>	
	the time of conveyance they are legally married; m	
unless a contrary	intention is expressed in the conveyance.	
•	come tax purposes, each spouse is considered to ha	ave received one-half $(1/2)$
	is from property owned by the couple as tenants by t	
	<b>FION 1.3.</b> G.S. 39-13.7 reads as rewritten:	ne entirety.
	ancy by the entireties trusts in real property.	
	eal property held by a husband and wife two individ	duals married to each other
-	the entireties and conveyed to (i) a joint trust or (	
•••	hall no longer be held by the husband and wife the	· / I
1	be disposed of by the terms of the trust or trusts, bu	• •
•	± •	
	) of this section, the real property shall have the	
-	parate creditors of the husband and wife each special parate by the antiration	
-	inued to hold the property as tenants by the entiretie	
	mmunity from the claims of separate creditors pro-	vided by subsection (a) of
	apply as long as all of the following apply:	mid manied to each other
(1)	The husband and wife two individuals remain mar The real property continues to be held in the tru	
(2)	subsection (a) of this section.	ist of trusts as provided in
( <b>2</b> )	Both husband and wife spouses are current benef	initial of the joint trust if
(3)	the real property is conveyed to that trust or of ea	
		1
(a) After	property is conveyed in equal shares to their separ- the death of the first of the husband and wife spouse	
	-	
	mune from the claims of their separate creditors u	
	tely prior to the individual's death shall continue to	•
	cedent's separate creditors as would have existed if	
- <b>-</b>	d to hold the property conveyed in trust as tenants by rustee acting under the express provisions of a tru	• •
	f both the husband and wife spouses may waive the	
	tors provided under this section as to any specific of	•
	ty including all separate creditors of a husband and	
	tritery property conveyed to the trustee.	i whe <u>spouse</u> of all former
• •	reposes of this section:	
	The reference to the real property conveyed to o	r hold in the trust shall be
(1)		
	deemed to include the proceeds arising from the	involuntary conversion of
( <b>2</b> )	the real property.	ble or irreveable truct of
(2)	The reference to a "joint trust" means a revocal which both the husband and wife spouses are the	
	which both the husband and wife spouses are the	
	to "separate trusts" means revocable or irrevoc	
	husband one spouse is the settlor of one trust and t	me whe other spouse is the
$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$	settlor of the other trust.	anias" of a tract if it
(3)	The husband and wife two spouses are "beneficial distributors of the income	
	distributees or permissible distributees of the inco	me or principal of the trust

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1		whether or not c	ther persons are also current or	future beneficiaries of the
2		trust."	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
3		SECTION 1.4. G.S. 41	-2 reads as rewritten:	
4	"§ 41-2.	Survivorship in joint	tenancy defined; proviso as	to partnership; unequal
5		ownership interests.		
6				
7	(b)	-	rantees holding property in jo	• •
8			e equal unless otherwise specifie	
9			band and wife, two individuals	
10		-	e deemed to be held by them a	
11	•		single party when determining in	5
12	0	1	enancy interests among two or	,
13		•	right of survivorship are subj	ect to the provisions of
14 15			e or more of the joint tenants. ny conveyance of an interest in p	reports greated at any time
15 16			equal ownership interests in a j	
10	-	•	rior to the enactment of this sub	•
18			with the right of survivorship th	
19	-	• •	and shall not be subject to modi	•
20	subsection			
21		<b>SECTION 1.5.</b> G.S. 41	-2.5 reads as rewritten:	
22	"§ 41-2.5.	Tenancy by the entirety		
23	(a)	When a husband and	wife two individuals then marr	ied to each other become
24	co-owners	s of a mobile home, in	the absence of anything to the	contrary appearing in the
25	instrumen	t of title, they become ten	ants by the entirety with all the i	ncidents of an estate by the
26	entirety in		he right of survivorship in the cas	
27	(b)		section it shall be immaterial w	
28	-		or any purpose as either real or p	
29			not limit or prohibit any other ty	pe of ownership otherwise
30	authorized		:	-1.1
31 32			tion "mobile home" means a port	
32 33	•	1	on its own chassis and place a measurement of over 32 feet in	1 0
33 34			section, "mobile home" also me	
35			e manufactured housing units des	
36		-	on site for placement on a ter	
37			f over 32 feet in length and over	
38	(d)	-	beal or modify any provisions of	-
39	inheritanc	1		6
40				
41	PART II	OTHER AMENDMEN	NTS TO THE LAWS ON CO	NVEYANCES OF REAL
42	PROPER	TY BETWEEN SPOUS	SES AND CONVEYANCES BY	Y SPOUSES TO OTHER
43	PARTIE			
44		SECTION 2.1. G.S. 29		
45	"§ 29-30.	0	spouse to take life interest i	n lieu of intestate share
46 47	(a)	provided.	n this subsection in line of d	intestate above man 1 - 1 '
47 48	$\begin{array}{c} (a) \\ C S 20 1 \end{array}$		<u>n this subsection, in lieu of the</u> elective share provided in G.S. 3	
48 49			use who has petitioned for an electron	01
49 50			ntestate share or elective share a	
50 51		• •	the deceased spouse was seised	
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1	of inherit	ance at	any time during coverture, except that real estate as	to which the surviving
2	spouse:co	verture.	The following exceptions apply if the surviving spou	<u>se:</u>
3		(1)	Has waived the surviving spouse's rights by joining	with the other spouse in
4			a conveyance <del>thereof, or</del> t <u>hereof.</u>	
5		<u>(1a)</u>	Has waived the right to take a life estate in lieu of	f an intestate or elective
6			share by an express written waiver thereof.	
7		(2)	Has released or quitclaimed Has waived, released, or	r conveyed the surviving
8			spouse's interest therein in accordance with G.S. 52-	
9		(3)	Was not required by law to join in conveyance the	
10			elective life <del>estate, or</del> estate.	
11		<u>(3a)</u>	Has executed a written declaration permitting the de	ceased spouse to convey
12		<u>,,,,,</u>	or encumber the property without the consent or	
13			spouse.	, <u>-</u> -
14		(4)	Is otherwise not legally entitled to the election provid	ded in this section.
15		(.)		
16	(c)	The e	lection provided for in subsection (a) shall be mad	le by (i) the filing of a
17	. ,		lance with Article 2 of Chapter 28A of the General S	•
18	-		t of the county in which the administration of the estat	
19	-		is pending, then with the clerk of the superior court	1 0
20			n of the estate could be <del>commenced.commenced, tog</del>	
20			ting the county and file number of the clerk's filing v	
22			where real property to be claimed under the filing is lo	-
23	•	•	the shorter of the following applicable periods:	<u>reated.</u> The election shall
23 24			the shorter of the following applicable periods.	
25	(g)	 Neithe	er the household furnishings in the dwelling house nor	r the life estates taken by
26			is section shall be subject to the payment of debts du	•
20 27			except those debts secured by such property as follow	
28	ucceased	(1)	By a mortgage or deed of trust in which the survivin	
20 29		(1)	surviving spouse's rights by joining with the othe	0 1
30			thereof; orthereof.	i spouse in the making
31		(2)	By a <del>purchase money</del> mortgage or deed of trust, tru	st given by the deceased
32		(2)	spouse to secure a loan, the proceeds of which we	
33			portion of the purchase price of the encumbered rea	
34			whether the secured party is the seller of the real p	
35			<u>lender</u> , or by a conditional sales contract of persona	
36			is retained by the vendor, made prior to or during the	
37		(3)	By a mortgage or deed of trust made prior to the mar	• •
38		(4)	By a mortgage or deed of trust made prior to the main By a mortgage or deed of trust constituting a lien on	
39		(+)	of its acquisition by the deceased spouse either	1 1 <b>7</b>
40			marriage.	i before of during the
41		(5)	By a mortgage or deed of trust on property with resp	ect to which the elective
42		<u>(J)</u>	life estate provided for in this section does not	
43			subsection (a) of this section.	t apply as provided in
44	"		subsection (a) of this section.	
45		SECT	<b>TON 2.2.</b> The title of Article 2 of Chapter 39 of the O	General Statutes reads as
46	rewritten:		<b>101 2.2.</b> The title of Article 2 of Chapter 39 of the V	General Statutes reads as
40 47	iewittten.		"Article 2.	
47 48		"Convo	yances by Husband and Wife. <u>Conveyances by Marrie</u>	d Individuale "
40 49			<b>'ION 2.3.</b> G.S. 39-7 reads as rewritten:	<u>u murriuuais.</u>
49 50	"§ 39-7.		ments affecting married person's individual's ti	tles joinder of spouses
50 51	8 57-1.	excep		ac, joinact of spouse,
51		excep	uvuə.	

1 (a) In order to waive <u>the a spouse's</u> elective life estate <u>of either husband or wife</u> as 2 provided for in G.S. 29-30, every <u>conveyance conveyance</u>, waiver, release, or other instrument 3 affecting the estate, right or title of any married <u>person\_individual</u> in lands, tenements or 4 hereditaments must be executed by <u>such husband or wife</u>, <u>the spouse</u>, and due proof or 5 acknowledgment thereof must be made and certified as provided by law.

6 A married person-individual may bargain, sell, lease, mortgage, transfer and convey  $(\mathbf{b})$ 7 any of his or her separate real estate without joinder or other waiver by his or her spouse if such 8 the spouse is incompetent and a guardian or trustee has been appointed as provided by the laws 9 of North Carolina, and if the appropriate instrument is executed by the married person 10 individual and the guardian or trustee of the incompetent spouse and is probated and registered 11 in accordance with law, it shall convey all the estate and interest as therein intended of the married person individual in the land conveyed, free and exempt from the elective life estate as 12 13 provided in G.S. 29-30 and all other interests of the incompetent spouse.

(c) Subsection (a) shall not be construed to require the spouse's joinder or other waiver
of the elective life estate of <u>such-the</u> spouse as provided for in G.S. 29-30 where a different
provision is made or provided for in the General Statutes including, but not limited to,
G.S. 39-13, 39-13.3, 39-13.4, 31A-1(d), and 52-10."

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**SECTION 2.4.** G.S. 39-8 reads as rewritten:

# 19 "§ 39-8. Acknowledgment at different times and places; before different officers; order 20 immaterial.

21 In all cases of deeds, or other instruments executed by husband and wife two individuals 22 married to each other and requiring registration, the probate proof or acknowledgment of such 23 the instruments as to the husband one spouse and due proof or acknowledgment of the wife 24 other spouse may be taken before different officers authorized by law to taken take the probate 25 of deeds, and at different times and places, whether either or both of said the officials reside in 26 this State or only one in this State and the other-in another state or country. And in taking the 27 probate of such the instruments executed by husband and wife, two individuals married to each 28 other, it is immaterial whether the execution of the instrument was proven as to or 29 acknowledged by the husband one spouse before or after due proof as to or acknowledgment of 30 the wife.other spouse."

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SECTION 2.5. G.S. 39-9 reads as rewritten:

# 32 "§ 39-9. Absence of wife's one spouse's acknowledgment does not affect deed as to husband. the other spouse.

When an instrument purports to be signed by a husband and wife two individuals married to each other, the instrument may be ordered registered, registered if the acknowledgment of the husband one spouse is duly taken, but no such instrument shall be the act or deed of the wife other spouse unless proven or acknowledged by her that individual according to law."

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- SECTION 2.6. G.S. 39-13 reads as rewritten:

# 39 "§ **39-13.** Spouse need not join in purchase-money mortgage.

40 The purchaser of real estate who does not pay the whole of the purchase money at the time 41 when he or she takes a deed for title may make a mortgage or deed of trust for securing the 42 payment of such purchase money, or such part thereof as may remain unpaid, which A 43 mortgage or deed of trust given by the purchaser of real property to secure a loan, the proceeds 44 of which were used to pay all or a portion of the purchase price of the encumbered real 45 property, regardless of whether the secured party is the seller of the real property or a third-party lender, shall be good and effectual against his or her-the purchaser's spouse as well 46 47 as the purchaser, without requiring the spouse to join in the execution of such the mortgage or 48 deed of trust."

49 SECTION 2.7. G.S. 39-13.2 reads as rewritten:

#### 50 "§ **39-13.2.** Married <u>persons\_individuals</u> under **18** made competent as to certain 51 transactions; certain transactions validated.

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(a) An	y married person-individual under 18 years of age is aut	horized and empowered
	the same privileges as are conferred upon married personal sector of the same privileges as are conferred upon married personal sector of the same personal sector of the	-
	r to:to do any of the following:	
(1)		instrument any right or
	interest which he or she may have in the real or per	
	or intangible) property, tangible or intangible, of the	
(2)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or older, any note, contract of insurance, deed, deed	•
	of whatever nature or other instrument with resp	00
	property (tangible or intangible) property, tangible	1
	such the other spouse either as tenants by the entire	
	in common, or in any other manner.	
(b) An	y transaction between a husband and wife pursuant to the	his section between two
. ,	arried to each other shall be subject to the provisions of	
whenever app		
"		
SE	CTION 2.8. G.S. 39-13.4 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 39-13.4. C	onveyances by <del>husband or wife <u>spouses</u> under deed of</del>	separation.separation,
	paration agreement, or property settlement.	
Any conve	eyance of real property, or any interest therein, by the hu	usband or wife a spouse
-	eviously executed a valid and lawful deed of separa	-
	reement, or property settlement that authorizes said	
	ouse to convey real property or any interest therein w	
	other spouse and which deed of separation separation, s	
	ement, or a memorandum of the deed of separation	
-	property settlement setting forth such the authorization is	-
	d lies, shall be valid to pass such title as the conveying sp	•
	e and shall pass such the title free and clear of all rights i	
	of such the interest in property that the other spouse has	Ū 1
	esult of the marriage, including any rights arising under	
	writing canceling the deed of separation separation, se	
	ement or memorandum thereof and properly executed and	<b>e</b> .
	wife both spouses is recorded in the office of said the reg	
	The instrument which that is registered under this set	
-	of an interest in real property or the cancellation of	-
	paration agreement, or property settlement or memorandu sions of G.S. 52-10 or 52-10.1.	in mereor shan compry
1	yances of any interest in real property by a spouse who ha	d previously executed a
-	ful deed of separation, <del>or</del> separation agreement, or pro	
	at authorized the parties thereto to convey real property	<b>1 7</b>
	onsent and joinder of the other, when said the deed o	•
	property settlement, or a memorandum of the deed o	
	property settlement, setting forth such the authorization	
-	the county where the property is located, and when such	
	re October 1, 1981, shall be valid to pass such title as the	
	her the grantee, and shall pass such the title to him the g	
	uch the property and free and clear of such the interest i	
	use <u>has, had, or might acquire solely as a result of the</u>	
-	under G.S. 29-30, unless an instrument in writing	
0 0	paration agreement, or property settlement, or memora	6
executed and	acknowledged by said husband and wife, both spouses, i	is recorded in the office

1	of said the register of deeds. deeds of that county. The instrument which is registered under this
2	section to authorize the conveyance of an interest in real property or the cancellation of the
3	deed of separation, separation agreement, property settlement, or memorandum thereof shall
4	comply with G.S. 52-10 or 52-10.1."
5	SECTION 2.9. G.S. 39-13.5 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 39-13.5. Creation of tenancy by entirety in partition of real property.
7	When either a husband or a wife a married individual owns an undivided interest in real
8	property as a tenant in common with some person or persons other than his or her spouse and
9	there occurs an actual partition of the property, a tenancy by the entirety may be created in the
10	husband or wife-married individual who owned the undivided interest and his or her spouse in
11	the manner hereinafter provided: one of the following manners:
12	(1) In a division by cross-deed or deeds, between or among the tenants in
13	common provided that the intent of the tenant in common to create a tenancy
14	by the entirety with his or her the tenant's spouse in this exchange of deeds
15	must be clearly stated in the granting clause of the deed or deeds to such the
16	tenant and his or her the tenant's spouse, and further provided that the deed
17	or deeds to such the tenant in common and his or her the tenant's spouse is
18	signed by such-the tenant in common and is acknowledged before a
19	certifying officer in accordance with G.S. 52-10;G.S. 52-10.
20	(2) In a judicial proceeding for partition. In such <u>a proceeding</u> , both spouses
21	have the right to become parties to the proceeding and to have their
22	pleadings state that the intent of the tenant in common is to create a tenancy
23	by the entirety with his or her the tenant's spouse. The order of partition shall
24	provide that the real property assigned to such the tenant and his or her the
25	tenant's spouse shall be owned by them as tenants by the entirety."
26	SECTION 2.10. G.S. 39-13.7, as amended by Section 1.3 of this act, is amended
27	by adding two new subsections to read:
28	"(f) Notice that the real property held in trust receives immunity from the claims of
29	separate creditors may be given in a statement in the conveyance of the tenancy by the
30	entireties real property to the trust that the real property is held under this section and that as of
31	the date of the conveyance, the requirements of subsection (b) of this section are met.
32	(g) <u>A person entering into a transaction involving real property held in trust under this</u>
33	section may request confirmation from the trustee whether the requirements of this section
34	providing immunity from the claims of separate creditors are met at the time of the
35	transaction."
36	SECTION 2.11. G.S. 41-10 reads as rewritten:
37	"§ 41-10. Titles quieted.
38	An action may be brought by any person against another who claims an estate or interest in
39	real property adverse to him-the person who brought the action for the purpose of determining
40	such the adverse claims; and by any man or woman individual against his or her wife or
41	husband-that individual's spouse or alleged wife or husband-spouse who have not lived together
42	as man and wife a married couple within the two years preceding, and who at the death of such
43	the plaintiff might have or claim to have an interest in his or her the plaintiff's estate, and a
44	decree for the plaintiff shall debar all claims of the defendant in the property of the plaintiff
45	then owned or afterwards acquired: Provided, that no such relief shall be granted against such
46	husband or wife a spouse or alleged wife or husband, except in case spouse, unless the
47	summons in said the action is personally served on such the defendant.
48	If the defendant in such-the action disclaim-disclaims in his-the defendant's answer any
49	interest or estate in the property, or suffer suffers judgment to be taken against him the
50	defendant without answer, the plaintiff cannot recover costs. In any case in which judgment has
51	been or shall-will be docketed, whether such the judgment is in favor of or against the person

<u>individual</u> bringing <u>such</u> the action, or is claimed by <u>him, the individual</u>, or affects real estate claimed by <u>him, the individual</u>, or whether <u>such</u> the judgment is in favor of or against the <u>person-individual</u> against whom <u>such</u> the action may be brought, or is claimed by <u>him, that</u> <u>individual</u>, or affects real estate claimed by <u>him, that individual</u>, the lien of <u>said</u> the judgment shall be such claim of an estate or interest in real estate as is contemplated by this section."

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#### "§ 52-10. Contracts between husband and wife spouses generally; releases.

SECTION 2.12. G.S. 52-10 reads as rewritten:

8 Contracts between husband and wife two individuals married to each other not (a) 9 inconsistent with public policy are valid, and any persons individuals of full age about to be 10 married and married persons-individuals may, with or without a valuable consideration, release 11 and quitclaim such-waive, release, or convey rights which they might respectively acquire or may have acquired by marriage in the property of each other; and such releases the waivers, 12 13 releases, or conveyances may be pleaded in bar of any action or proceeding for the recovery of 14 the rights and estate so released waived, released, or conveyed. No contract or release contract, 15 waiver, release, or conveyance between husband and wife-two individuals married to each 16 other made during their coverture shall be valid to affect or change any part of the real estate of 17 either spouse, or the accruing income thereof for a longer time than three years next ensuing the 18 making of such contract or release, the contract, waiver, release, or conveyance, unless it is in 19 writing and is acknowledged by both parties before a certifying officer.

(a1) A contract between a husband and wife two individuals married to each other made, with or without a valuable consideration, during a period of separation to waive, release, or establish rights and obligations to post separation support, alimony, or spousal support is valid and not inconsistent with public policy. A provision waiving, releasing, or establishing rights and obligations to post separation support, alimony, or spousal support shall remain valid following a period of reconciliation and subsequent separation, if the contract satisfies all of the following requirements:

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- (1) The contract is in writing.
- (2) The provision waiving the rights or obligations is clearly stated in the contract.
- (3) The contract was acknowledged by both parties before a certifying officer.

A release made pursuant to this subsection may be pleaded in bar of any action or proceeding for the recovery of the rights released.

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(c) This section shall not apply to any judgment of the superior court or other State
 court of competent jurisdiction, which, by reason of its being consented to by a husband and
 wife, two individuals married to each other, or their attorneys, may be construed to constitute a
 contract or release between such husband and wife.the two spouses."

SECTION 2.13. G.S. 52-10.1 reads as rewritten:

# 39 "§ 52-10.1. Separation agreements.

40 Any married couple is hereby authorized to execute a separation agreement not inconsistent 41 with public policy which shall be legal, valid, and binding in all respects; provided, that the 42 separation agreement must be in writing and acknowledged by both parties before a certifying 43 officer as defined in G.S. 52-10(b). Such certifying officer must not be a party to the contract. This section shall not apply to any judgment of the superior court or other State court of 44 45 competent jurisdiction, which, by reason of its being consented to by a husband and wife, two individuals married to each other, or their attorneys, may be construed to constitute a separation 46 47 agreement between such husband and wife.the two spouses."

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### 49 PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY

1 **SECTION 3.1.** This act is intended to reflect rights established by federal law that 2 became effective in this State on October 10, 2014, by application of *General Synod of the* 3 *United Church of Christ v. Resinger*, 12 F.Supp.3d 790 (W.D. N.C., Oct. 10, 2014).

4 **SECTION 3.2.** This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to conveyances made on or after October 10, 2014.