# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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## **HOUSE BILL 590**

# Committee Substitute Favorable 5/17/17 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H590-PCS10353-TMf-11

Short Title: In	terior Design Profession Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	April 6, 2017	
OF INDIVID REGISTERE FROM LOCA The General Asso	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED STABLISH A FRAMEWORK FOR THE VOLUNT DUALS IN THE PROFESSION OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS TO PROFESSIONAL INTERIOR DESIGNERS TO AL GOVERNMENTS.  Embly of North Carolina enacts:	SIGN AND TO ALLOW TO OBTAIN PERMITS
SECI	<b>FION 1.</b> The General Statutes are amended by adding "Chapter 93F.	g a new Chapter to read:
"Interior Design.		
" <u>§ 93F-1. Title.</u> <u>This Chapter</u> " <u>§ 93F-2. Purpo</u>	shall be known and may be cited as the "Interior Desi	gn Profession Act."
public by establi	shing standards for education and expertise for the p	practice of interior design
designers.	high standard of professional conduct on the pa	art of registered interior
"§ 93F-3. Defini	itions.	
	er, unless the context otherwise requires, the following	g definitions shall apply:
<u>(1)</u>	Department. – The North Carolina Department of In	
<u>(2)</u>	Good moral character Such character as tend	·
	discharge of the fiduciary duties of an interior Evidence of lack of such character shall include the offense justifying discipline under this Chapter, design in violation of this Chapter, or of the laws of the conviction of a falary.	willful commission of an the practice of interior
(2)	the conviction of a felony.  Interior alteration or construction. – One or more	projects for an interior
<u>(3)</u>	space or area within a proposed or existing but includes, but is not limited to, the construction, moderate including rehabilitation or historic preservation, of involve changing or altering one or more of the following rehabilitation.	uilding or structure that odification, or renovation, a structure which would owing:
	<ul> <li>a. The design function or layout of rooms,</li> <li>requires assessment rearrangements to be pe</li> <li>b. The physical state of permanent fixtures or e</li> </ul>	rformed.



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local government building codes.

requirements based on occupancy loads, and (iii) assessment and

analysis of interior life safety factors for compliance with State and

- (1) Submission of a signed application for renewal in a form to be established by the Department.
- (2) Submission of proof of completion of at least 24 continuing education units by providing the following information:
  - a. The name and address of the continuing education provider.
  - <u>b.</u> The dates attended and hours of credit claimed.
  - <u>c.</u> The physical location, title, and subject-matter description of the continuing education unit and the names of the instructors.

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- d. <u>Documentation of successful completion of the continuing education units from the providers.</u>
- <u>e.</u> <u>Documentation that at least 12 continuing education units focused on</u> one or more of the following subject matters:
  - 1. Any single area of practice for an interior designer as defined in this Chapter.
  - 2. Any topic that advances consumer protection in the built environment.
  - 3. Health and wellness of building occupants.
  - 4. Public safety, including application of State and local fire codes, building codes, and regulations.
  - 5. Resiliency.
  - 6. Sustainability.
  - 7. Application of federal, State, and local laws pertaining to accessibility standards, including the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- (3) Payment of the renewal fee established by the Department pursuant to this Chapter of fifty dollars (\$50.00).
- (4) Proof of general liability insurance.
- (c) The Department may, at its discretion, grant an extension of an expired registration for a period not exceeding one year for applicants seeking renewal of registration who have failed to submit a completed application or satisfy the continuing education requirements because of circumstances of emergency or hardship. An extension granted pursuant to this subsection shall not relieve the applicant from compliance with the continuing education requirements or any other obligation imposed by this Chapter.

#### "§ 93F-6. Reciprocity.

The Department shall issue a registration to an applicant who, at the time of application, holds a valid license, certificate, or registration as an interior designer issued by another state or a political territory or jurisdiction acceptable to the Department if, in the Department's determination, the requirements for that license, certificate, or registration are substantially equal to or greater than the requirements for registration pursuant to this Chapter. In addition to the application requirements provided in G.S. 93F-4, applicants seeking reciprocal registration shall pay to the Department an additional fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) and demonstrate to the Department a familiarity with the State Building Code.

### "§ 93F-7. Disqualifications for registration.

- (a) The Department may either refuse to issue or to renew or may suspend or revoke a registration for any one or combination of the following reasons:
  - (1) Fraud or material misrepresentation in procuring the registration.
  - (2) Habitual intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs.
  - (3) Use of the title "registered interior designer" under a name other than his or her own.
  - (4) Knowingly allowing another to wrongfully use the title "registered interior designer" or professional connection or association with any person or business entity holding itself out in any manner contrary to the provisions of this Chapter or its rules.
  - (5) Signing or affixing the registered interior designer's seal or knowingly permitting the registered interior designer's seal to be affixed to any technical submissions not prepared by the registered interior designer or under that registered interior designer's direct supervision and control.
  - (6) <u>Improper, unprofessional, or dishonorable conduct of a character likely to</u> deceive, defraud, or harm the public.

- Conviction of the applicant or registrant of any crime that is a felony, if the
  Department determines, after investigation, that such person has not been
  sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust.
  Revocation by another state or a political territory or jurisdiction of an
  - (8) Revocation by another state or a political territory or jurisdiction of an interior design license, certification, or registration if at least one of the grounds for that revocation is the same as or the equivalent of one of the grounds for revocation set forth in this Chapter or by the Department.
  - (9) Mental incompetence as declared by a court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (10) A violation of any provision of this Chapter or its rules or aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Chapter or its rules.
  - (11) Failure to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department within 30 days after receipt of the written request.
  - (b) At any time after suspension, revocation, or the taking of any other disciplinary action with regard to any registration the Department may reinstate the registration, or take any other action to reinstate the registration to good standing.
  - (c) Any person may file with the Department a charge of unprofessional conduct, negligence, incompetence, dishonest practice, or other misconduct of any violation of this Chapter. Upon receipt of such charge, the Department may give notice of an administrative hearing under the Administrative Procedure Act or may dismiss the charge as unfounded or trivial, upon a statement of the reasons therefore which shall be mailed to the registrant and the person who filed the charge by registered or certified mail.

## "§ 93F-8. Misdemeanors.

Each of the following acts constitutes a Class 2 misdemeanor:

- (1) The affixing of a registered interior designer's signature or seal to any interior technical submissions without the permission of the registrant.
- (2) <u>Using or attempting to use an expired, inactive, suspended, or revoked registration or seal or the registration or seal of another or impersonating another registrant.</u>
- (3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a registration by fraud.
- (4) The making of any willfully false oath or affirmation in any matter or proceeding where an oath or affirmation is required by this Chapter.

## "§ 93F-9. Civil penalties; disciplinary costs.

- (\$1,000) per offense for the violation by a registrant of any of the reasons provided in G.S. 93F-7. The clear proceeds of any civil penalty assessed under this section shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.
- (b) Before imposing and assessing a civil penalty, the Department shall consider the following factors:
  - (1) The nature, gravity, and persistence of the particular violation.
  - (2) The appropriateness of the imposition of a civil penalty when considered alone or in combination with other punishment.
  - (3) Whether the violation was willful and malicious.
  - (4) Any other factors that would tend to mitigate or aggravate the violations found to exist.
- (c) The Department shall establish a schedule of civil penalties for violations of this Chapter and rules adopted by the Department.
- (d) The Department may, in a disciplinary proceeding, charge costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, to the registered interior designer against whom the proceedings were brought.

### "§ 93F-10. Enjoining illegal practices.

The Department may apply to the superior court for an injunction to restrain any person from violating the provisions of this Chapter or its rules. Actions under this section shall be brought in the county where the defendant resides or maintains his or her principal place of business or where the alleged acts occurred.

## "§ 93F-11. Authority and duties of registrants.

- (a) A registered interior designer shall possess the authority to sign and seal interior technical submissions covering the scope of the practice of interior design and shall have the authority to submit them to a State or local government entity for the purpose of obtaining requisite permits for an interior alteration or construction project. Only a registered interior designer, or those under the registrant's supervision and control, may sign and seal interior technical submissions within the scope of the practice of interior design defined by this Chapter.
- (b) A registered interior designer shall have a reproducible seal or facsimile, the print of which shall contain the full name and registration number of the registered interior designer on file with the Department, the registrant's business city and state, and the words "Registered Interior Designer, North Carolina." The seal shall be created and granted to each registered interior designer by the Department.
- (c) The registered interior designer shall affix the signature, current date, date of registration expiration, and seal to the first sheet of any bound set or loose sheets of interior technical submissions utilized as contract documents between the parties to the contract or prepared for the review and approval of any State or local government entity having jurisdiction by that registered interior designer or under that registered interior designer's supervision and control.
- (d) The registered interior designer exercising supervision and control under which the documents or portions of the documents were prepared shall be identified on the documents or portions of the documents by name and registration number.
- (e) The sheet of interior technical submissions in which the seal is affixed shall indicate those documents or parts thereof for which the seal shall apply. The seal and dates may be electronically affixed. The registrant may provide, at the registrant's sole discretion, an original signature in the registrant's handwriting, a scanned copy of the document bearing an original signature, or a signature generated by a computer. All interior technical submissions issued by any business entity of this State shall also contain the corporate or assumed business name in addition to any other seal requirements as set forth in this section. The signature, current date, date of registration expiration, and seal shall be evidence of the authenticity of any document or interior technical submissions.
- (f) No registered interior designer shall affix, or permit to be affixed, his or her registration number, seal, or signature to any study, plan, specification, drawing, report, or other document which depicts work which the registrant is not competent to perform.
- (g) A registered interior designer under the laws of this State shall not sign and seal interior technical submissions that were not prepared by or under his or her supervision and control with the exception of any of the following circumstances:
  - (1) The registered interior designer may sign and seal those portions of the interior technical submissions that were prepared by or under the supervision and control of other individuals who are also registered interior designers, provided that the registered interior designer has reviewed in whole or in part such portions and has either coordinated their preparation or integrated them into the registrant's work.
  - (2) A partner or corporate officer of a business entity registered in this State, who is either a registered interior designer or another licensed design professional under the laws of this State, and who has professional knowledge of the content of the interior technical submissions and intends to

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be responsible for the adequacy of the interior technical submissions, may sign and seal interior technical submissions that are prepared by or under the supervision and control of a registered interior designer of this State and who is in the regular employment of the business entity.

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  - (h) <u>Interior technical submissions may be combined with submissions separately prepared under the supervision and control, seal, and signature of other licensed design professionals, but it shall not be mandated pursuant to subsection (j) of this section.</u>
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- (i) All interior technical submissions intended for use in an interior alteration or construction in this State shall be prepared and administered in accordance with standards of reasonable professional skill and diligence. Care shall be taken to reflect the requirements of State law and, where applicable, federal law and local government building ordinances pertaining to the required contents of such submissions.

  (i) A registered interior designer may choose to submit interior technical submissions,
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  - as may be required to obtain a building permit, separately or as part of a larger submission of documents compiled by one or more other registered interior designers or other licensed design professionals.

    (k) A registered interior designer shall have supervisory authority to assemble, compile,
  - (k) A registered interior designer shall have supervisory authority to assemble, compile, and submit all documents required to obtain a building permit for interior alteration or construction, including those prepared, signed, and sealed by one or more other registered interior designers or licensed design professionals.

# "§ 93F-12. Departmental powers and duties.

The Department has the following powers and duties pursuant to this Chapter:

- (1) To issue certificates of registration to individuals meeting the qualifications to be a registered interior designer.
- (2) To adopt rules required for the administration of this act.
- (3) To prescribe, by rule, individually identifiable seals to be used by registered interior designers.
- (4) To take disciplinary action as it deems proper, including, but not limited to, the assessment of civil penalties pursuant to G.S. 93F-9.

# "§ 93F-13. Applicability of Chapter.

Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude an unregistered interior designer from the practice of interior design. The following persons are exempt from the provisions of this Chapter while engaged in the proper scope of their professions:

- (1) Interior decorators.
- (2) Licensed design professionals.
- (3) Attorneys at law, licensed pursuant to Chapter 84 of the General Statutes.
- (4) General contractors, licensed pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.
- (5) <u>Unregistered interior designers.</u>"

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 83A-9 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 83A-9. Partnership practice.

This Chapter neither prevents practice of architecture by a partnership nor requires partnership seals or certificates of practice provided that <u>at least one of</u> the members of the partnership <u>are is</u> duly licensed to practice architecture, and, provided that the partnership files with the Board and keeps current a list of the partners, their license <u>or registration</u> identifications, and the types of services offered by the partnership."

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 153A-357 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 153A-357. Permits.

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(a1) A permit shall be in writing and shall contain a provision that the work done shall comply with the State Building Code and all other applicable State and local laws and local

ordinances and regulations. Nothing in this section shall require a county to review and approve residential building plans submitted to the county pursuant to Section R-110 of Volume VII of the North Carolina State Building Code; provided that the county may review and approve such residential building plans as it deems necessary. No permit may be issued unless the plans and specifications are identified by the name and address of the author thereof; and if the General Statutes of North Carolina require that plans for certain types of work be prepared only by a licensed architect or architect, licensed engineer, or registered interior designer, no permit may be issued unless the plans and specifications bear the North Carolina seal of a licensed architect or of a architect, licensed engineer. or registered interior designer. If a provision of the General Statutes of North Carolina or of any ordinance requires that work be done by a licensed specialty contractor of any kind, no permit for the work may be issued unless the work is to be performed by such a duly licensed contractor.

- (f) No county may withhold issuing a building permit or certificate of occupancy that otherwise would be eligible to be issued under this section to compel, with respect to another property or parcel, completion of work for a separate permit or compliance with land use regulations under this Article unless otherwise authorized by law or unless the county reasonably determines the existence of a public safety issue directly related to the issuance of a building permit or certificate of occupancy.
  - (g) Violation of this section constitutes a Class 1 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 160A-417 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 160A-417. Permits.

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(a1) A permit shall be in writing and shall contain a provision that the work done shall comply with the State Building Code and all other applicable State and local laws. Nothing in this section shall require a city to review and approve residential building plans submitted to the city pursuant to Section R-110 of Volume VII of the North Carolina State Building Code; provided that the city may review and approve such residential building plans as it deems necessary. No permits shall be issued unless the plans and specifications are identified by the name and address of the author thereof, and if the General Statutes of North Carolina require that plans for certain types of work be prepared only by a licensed architect or architect, licensed engineer, or registered interior designer, no permit shall be issued unless the plans and specifications bear the North Carolina seal of a licensed architect or of a architect, licensed engineer. engineer, or registered interior designer. When any provision of the General Statutes of North Carolina or of any ordinance requires that work be done by a licensed specialty contractor of any kind, no permit for the work shall be issued unless the work is to be performed by such a duly licensed contractor.

- (e) No city may withhold issuing a building permit or certificate of occupancy that otherwise would be eligible to be issued under this section to compel, with respect to another property or parcel, completion of work for a separate permit or compliance with land use regulations under this Article unless otherwise authorized by law or unless the city reasonably determines the existence of a public safety issue directly related to the issuance of a building permit or certificate of occupancy.
  - (f) Violation of this section constitutes a Class 1 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 5.** The North Carolina Department of Insurance shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on General Government on the progress of administering Chapter 93F of the General Statutes by February 1, 2018.

**SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2017.