GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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SENATE BILL 100 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 3/8/17 PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S100-PCS45454-TU-24

	Short Title: Ae	erial Adventure Financial Responsibility.	(Public)
	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
		February 16, 2017	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO F	REQUIRE AERIAL ADVENTURE PARKS TO MAINTAI	N CERTAIN
3		INSURANCE COVERAGES, AS RECOMMENDED	
4		E RESEARCH COMMISSION COMMITTEE ON REGULA	
5		ES IN INSURANCE.	
6		embly of North Carolina enacts:	
7		TON 1. Chapter 66 of the General Statutes is amended by	adding a new
8	Article to read:		
9		"Article 47.	
10		"Zip Line and Challenge Course Financial Responsibility.	
11	" <u>§ 66-450. Defin</u>		
12		definitions apply in this Article:	
13	(1)	<u>Aerial adventure/trekking park. – A self-guided challenge</u>	course that is
14		supervised and open to the public, where access is controlled.	
15	<u>(2)</u>	Canopy tour An aerial exploration or transit of the forest	canopy, most
16		commonly by means of a series of zip lines or aerial w	
17		platforms.	-
18	<u>(3)</u>	Challenge course A facility or facilities consisting of one of	more devices
19		that challenge participants. Examples of a challenge course ind	clude an aerial
20		adventure/trekking park, a canopy tour, and a zip line tour.	
21	<u>(4)</u>	Commissioner The Commissioner of Insurance.	
22	<u>(5)</u>	Device An apparatus provided for a unit of activity on a cha	allenge course.
21 22 23 24 25		Examples of a device include items designed to simulate r	ock climbing,
24		beams, bridges, cable traverses, climbing walls, nets, play	tforms, ropes,
25		swings, towers, zip lines, and jump systems. Devices may be	installed on or
26		in trees, poles, portable structures, or buildings, or a	<u>is part of a</u>
27		self-supporting structure.	
28	<u>(6)</u>	Person An individual, association, partnership, limited liab	ility company,
29		firm, corporation, or private organization.	
30	<u>(7)</u>	Zip line A lifeline suspended between support structures	
31		person attached to a pulley to traverse from one point to ano	
32 33 34		by the force of gravity or a passive method of controlled accele	
33	<u>(8)</u>	Zip line tour. – An aerial exploration or transit of a landscape	
		series of zip lines and platforms generally supported l	<u>oy man-made</u>
35		structures.	



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General Assembly Of North Carolina

1	" <u>§ 66-451. Liability insurance.</u>
2	(a) Insurance Required. – A person cannot own or operate a challenge course, zip line,
3	or other similar device unless the person carries insurance coverage provided by an accepted
4	insurer of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence and two million dollars
5	(\$2,000,000) in the aggregate against liability for injury to persons or property arising out of
6	the operation of such facility or use of such device. The insurance contract cannot include per
7	person sublimits to liability. A person required to be insured under this section must
8	immediately notify the Commissioner upon receipt of notice of cancellation, suspension, or
9	nonrenewal of the policy.
10	(b) Proof of Insurance. – A person operating a challenge course, zip line, or other
11	similar device must provide proof of insurance coverage upon request by the Commissioner.
12	Upon failure of the person to provide proof of insurance, the Commissioner must prevent or
13	stop operation of the facility or other similar device until the person provides proof of the
14	required insurance coverage.
15	(c) Acceptable Insurer. – The insurance contract must be provided by an insurer or
16	surety that is acceptable to the Commissioner and authorized to transact business in this State.
17	The Commissioner cannot accept any commercial general liability insurance policy unless it
18	obligates the insurer to give written notice to the person at least 30 days before any proposed
19	cancellation, suspension, or nonrenewal of the policy.
20	" <u>§ 66-452. Exceptions.</u>
21	This Article does not apply to any one or more of the following:
22	(1) <u>A challenge course or zip line installed at a private residence that is not open</u>
23	to the public and for which no fee is charged.
24	(2) <u>A challenge course or zip line owned or operated by the State, a unit of local</u>
25	government, or any political subdivision thereof.
26	" <u>§ 66-453. Rule-making authority.</u>
27	The Commissioner must adopt rules to implement this Article."
28	SECTION 2. The rule-making authority set out in G.S. 66-453, as enacted by
29	Section 1 of this act, is effective when this act becomes law. The remainder of this act becomes

30 effective June 1, 2018.