GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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SENATE BILL 656

Select Committee on Elections Committee Substitute Adopted 4/25/17
House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/21/17
House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/28/17
Proposed Conference Committee Substitute S656-PCCS15254-TC-3

(Public)

Electoral Freedom Act of 2017.

Short Title:

	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
	April 5, 2017		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO CHANGE THE DEFINITION OF A "POLITICAL PARTY" BY REDUCING		
3	THE NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED FOR THE FORMATION OF A NEW		
4	POLITICAL PARTY AND FOR UNAFFILIATED CANDIDATES TO OBTAIN BALLOT		
5	ACCESS ELIGIBILITY; TO AUTHORIZE ESTABLISHMENT OF POLITICAL		
6	PARTIES RECOGNIZED IN A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF STATES IN THE PRIOR		
7	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION; TO CHANGE TIMING OF FILING OF PETITIONS; TO		
8	REDUCE THE THRESHOLD FOR A SUBSTANTIAL PLURALITY TO THIRTY		
9	PERCENT;	AND TO ELIMINATE CERTAIN PRIMARIES FOR THE 2018 GENERAL	
10	ELECTION.		
11	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:	
12	SECT	ΓΙΟΝ 1. G.S. 163-96(a) reads as rewritten:	
13	"(a) Defin	ition. – A political party within the meaning of the election laws of this State	
14	shall be either:or	ne of the following:	
15	(1)	Any group of voters which, at the last preceding general State election, polled	
16		for its candidate for Governor, or for presidential electors, at least two percent	
17		(2%) of the entire vote cast in the State for Governor or for presidential	
18		electors; orelectors.	
19	(2)	Any group of voters which shall have filed with the State Board of Elections	
20		petitions for the formulation of a new political party which are signed by	
21		registered and qualified voters in this State equal in number to two percent	
22 23		(2%) one-quarter of one percent (0.25%) of the total number of voters who	
23		voted in the most recent general election for Governor. Also the petition must	
24		be signed by at least 200 registered voters from each of four at least three	
25		congressional districts in North Carolina. To be effective, the petitioners must	
26		file their petitions with the State Board of Elections before 12:00 noon on the	
27		first day of June preceding the day on which is to be held the first general State	
28		election in which the new political party desires to participate. The State Board	
29		of Elections shall forthwith determine the sufficiency of petitions filed with it	
30		and shall immediately communicate its determination to the State	
31	(2)	chairmanchair of the proposed new political party. Any group of votors which shall have filed with the State Board of Floations.	
32 33	<u>(3)</u>	Any group of voters which shall have filed with the State Board of Elections documentation that the group of voters had a candidate nominated by that	
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group on the general election ballot of at least seventy percent (70%) of the states in the prior Presidential election. To be effective, the group must file their documentation with the State Board of Elections before 12:00 noon on the first day of June preceding the day on which is to be held the first general State election in which the new political party desires to participate. The State Board of Elections shall forthwith verify the documentation filed with it and shall immediately communicate its determination to the State chair of the proposed new political party."

SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 163-122(a), as amended by Section 10 of S.L. 2017-3, reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Procedure for Having Name Printed on Ballot as Unaffiliated Candidate. Any qualified voter who seeks to have the voter's name printed on the general election ballot as an unaffiliated candidate shall:
 - (1) If the office is a statewide office, file written petitions with the State Board of Elections supporting the voter's candidacy for a specified office. These petitions must be filed with the State Board of Elections on or before 12:00 noon on the second Wednesday prior to day of the primary election and must be signed by qualified voters of the State equal in number to two percent (2%) one and a half percent (1.5%) of the total number of voters who voted in the most recent general election for Governor. Also, the petition must be signed by at least 200 registered voters from each of four at least three congressional districts in North Carolina. The petitions shall be divided into sections based on the county in which the signatures were obtained. Provided the petitions are timely filed, the State Board of Elections shall require the filed petition be verified no later than 15 business days after canvass of the primary in one of the following ways:
 - a. The Executive Director shall examine the names on the petition and place a check mark on the petition by the name of each signer who is qualified and registered to vote in the designated county and shall attach to the petition a signed certificate. Said certificates shall state that the signatures on the petition have been checked against the registration records and shall indicate the number of signers to be qualified and registered to vote in each county.
 - b. The chair shall examine the names on the petition and place a check mark on the petition by the name of each signer who is qualified and registered to vote in the chair's county and shall attach to the petition the chair's signed certificate. Said certificates shall state that the signatures on the petition have been checked against the registration records and shall indicate the number of signers to be qualified and registered to vote in the chair's county. The chair shall return the petition and certificate to the State Board.

The State Board shall return a copy of each petition, together with a copy of the certificate required in this section, to the person who presented it to the State Board.

(2) Except as provided in this subsection, if the office is a district office under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Elections under G.S. 163-182.4(b), file written petitions with the State Board of Elections supporting that voter's candidacy for a specified office. These For district offices other than General Assembly seats, petitions must be filed with the State Board of Elections on or before 12:00 noon on the second Wednesday prior today of the primary election and must be signed by qualified voters of the district equal in number

- to four—one and a half percent (4%)(1.5%) of the total number of registered voters in the district as reflected by the voter registration records of the State Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held. For General Assembly seats in which the district lies in more than one county, petitions must be filed with the State Board of Elections on or before 12:00 noon on the day of the primary election and must be signed by qualified voters of the district equal in number to four percent (4%) of the total number of registered voters in the district as reflected by the voter registration records of the State Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held. The petitions shall be divided into sections based on the county in which the signatures were obtained. The petitions shall be verified as specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- If the office is a county office or a single county legislative district, file written (3) petitions with the chair or director of the county board of elections supporting the voter's candidacy for a specified county office. These petitions must be filed with the county board of elections on or before 12:00 noon on the second Wednesday prior today of the primary election and must be signed by qualified voters of the county equal in number to four percent (4%) of the total number of registered voters in the county as reflected by the voter registration records of the State Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held, except if the office is for a district consisting of less than the entire county and only the voters in that district vote for that office, the petitions must be signed by qualified voters of the district equal in number to four percent (4%) of the total number of voters in the district according to the voter registration records of the State Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held. Each petition shall be presented to the chairman chair or director of the county board of elections. The chair or director of the county board of elections shall verify the filed petition no later than 15 business days after canvass as provided in sub-subdivision b. of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and shall return a copy of each petition, together with a copy of the certificate required in this section, to the person who presented it to the county board of elections.
- (4) If the office is a partisan municipal office, file written petitions with the chair or director of the county board of elections in the county wherein the municipality is located supporting the voter's candidacy for a specified municipal office. These petitions must be filed with the county board of elections on or before the time and date specified in G.S. 163-296 and must be signed by the number of qualified voters specified in G.S. 163-296. The chair or director of the county board of elections shall verify the filed petition no later than 15 business days after canvass as provided in sub-subdivision b. of subdivision (1) of this subsection, and shall return a copy of each petition, together with a copy of the certificate required in this section, to the person who presented it to the county board of elections.
- (5) If the office is a superior court judge or a district court judge, regardless of whether the district lies entirely in one county or in more than one county, file written petitions with the State Board of Elections supporting that voter's candidacy for a specified office. These petitions must be filed with the State Board of Elections on or before 12:00 noon on the second Wednesday prior today of the primary election and must be signed by qualified voters of the district equal in number to two percent (2%) of the total number of registered voters in the district as reflected by the voter registration records of the State

Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held. The petitions shall be divided into sections based on the county in which the signatures were obtained. The petitions shall be verified as specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

Upon compliance with the provisions of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this subsection, the board of elections with which the petitions have been timely filed shall cause the unaffiliated candidate's name to be printed on the general election ballots in accordance with Article 14A of this Chapter."

SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 163-296 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-296. Nomination by petition.

In cities conducting partisan elections, any qualified voter who seeks to have his name printed on the regular municipal election ballot as an unaffiliated candidate may do so in the manner provided in G.S. 163-122, except that the petitions and affidavits shall be filed not later than 12:00 noon on the Friday preceding the seventh Saturday before the election, and the petitions shall be signed by a number of qualified voters of the municipality equal to at least four percent (4%) one and a half percent (1.5%) of the whole number of voters qualified to vote in the municipal election according to the voter registration records of the State Board of Elections as of January 1 of the year in which the general municipal election is held. A person whose name appeared on the ballot in a primary election is not eligible to have his name placed on the regular municipal election ballot as an unaffiliated candidate for the same office in that year. The Board of Elections shall examine and verify the signatures on the petition, and shall certify only the names of signers who are found to be qualified registered voters in the municipality. Provided that in the case where a qualified voter seeks to have his name printed on the regular municipal election ballot as an unaffiliated candidate for election from an election district within the municipality, the petition shall be signed by four percent (4%) one and a half percent (1.5%) of the voters qualified to vote for that office."

SECTION 3. G.S. 163-111(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Nomination Determined by Substantial Plurality; Definition of Substantial Plurality. Except as otherwise provided in this section, nominations in primary elections shall be determined by a substantial plurality of the votes cast. A substantial plurality within the meaning of this section shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) If a nominee for a single office is to be selected, and there is more than one person seeking nomination, the substantial plurality shall be ascertained by multiplying the total vote cast for all aspirants by forty percent (40%). thirty percent (30%). Any excess of the sum so ascertained shall be a substantial plurality, and the aspirant who obtains a substantial plurality shall be declared the nominee. If two candidates receive a substantial plurality, the candidate receiving the highest vote shall be declared the nominee.
 - (2) If nominees for two or more offices (constituting a group) are to be selected, and there are more persons seeking nomination than there are offices, the substantial plurality shall be ascertained by dividing the total vote cast for all aspirants by the number of positions to be filled, and by multiplying the result by forty percent (40%).thirty percent (30%). Any excess of the sum so ascertained shall be a substantial plurality, and the aspirants who obtain a substantial plurality shall be declared the nominees. If more candidates obtain a substantial plurality than there are positions to be filled, those having the highest vote (equal to the number of positions to be filled) shall be declared the nominees."

SECTION 4.(a) No 2018 Primary for Judicial Offices and District Attorneys. – Notwithstanding G.S. 163-106, no party primaries shall be held for candidates seeking the following offices in the general election held on November 6, 2018:

Justices of the Supreme Court.
 Judges of the Court of Appeals.
 Judges of the superior courts.
 Judges of the district courts.
 District attorneys.

Candidates seeking the office of Justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, judge of the superior court, judge of the district court, or district attorney shall file their notice of candidacy with the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement no earlier than 12:00 noon on June 18, 2018, and no later than 12:00 noon on June 29, 2018.

SECTION 4.(b) Form of Notice. – Each person offering to be a candidate for election shall do so by filing a notice of candidacy with the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement in the following form, inserting the words in parentheses when appropriate:

I hereby file notice that I am a candidate for election to the office of _______ in the regular election to be held ______, _____.

Signed ______ (Name of Candidate)

Witness:

The notice of candidacy shall be either signed in the presence of the chair or secretary of the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement or signed and acknowledged before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments who shall certify the notice under seal. An acknowledged and certified notice may be mailed to the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement. In signing a notice of candidacy, the candidate shall use only the candidate's legal name and, in the candidate's discretion, any nickname by which commonly known. A candidate may also, in lieu of that candidate's first name and legal middle initial or middle name, if any, sign that candidate's nickname, provided the candidate appends to the notice of candidacy an affidavit that the candidate has been commonly known by that nickname for at least five years prior to the date of making the affidavit. The candidate shall also include with the affidavit the way the candidate's name (as permitted by law) should be listed on the ballot if another candidate with the same last name files a notice of candidacy for that office.

A notice of candidacy signed by an agent or any person other than the candidate shall be invalid.

A candidate, at the time of filing the notice of candidacy under this section, shall indicate on the notice of candidacy the political party recognized under Article 9 of this Chapter with which that candidate is affiliated or any unaffiliated status. The certificate required by subsection (d) of this section shall verify the party designation or unaffiliated status, and the verified party designation or unaffiliated status shall be included on the ballot.

SECTION 4.(c) Withdrawal of Notice of Candidacy. — Any person who has filed a notice of candidacy for an office under this section shall have the right to withdraw it at any time prior to the close of business on the third business day prior to the date on which the right to file for that office expires under the terms of subsection (b) of this section.

SECTION 4.(d) Certificate That Candidate Is Registered Voter. – Candidates shall file along with their notice a certificate signed by the chair of the board of elections or the director of elections of the county in which they are registered to vote, stating that the person is registered to vote in that county, and if the candidacy is for superior court judge or district court judge, and the county contains more than one superior court district or district court district, stating the judicial district of which the person is a resident. In issuing such certificate, the chairman or director shall check the registration records of the county to verify such information. During the period commencing 36 hours immediately preceding the filing deadline, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall accept, on a conditional basis, the notice of candidacy of a candidate who has failed to secure the verification ordered herein subject to receipt of

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verification no later than three days following the filing deadline. The State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall prescribe the form for such certificate and distribute it to each county board of elections no later than the last Monday in December of 2017.

SECTION 4.(e) Candidacy for More Than One Office Prohibited. – No person may file a notice of candidacy for more than one office or group of offices described in subsection (a) of this section, or for an office or group of offices described in subsection (a) of this section and an office described in G.S. 163-106(c), for any one election. If a person has filed a notice of candidacy with a board of elections under this section or under G.S. 163-106(c) for one office or group of offices, then a notice of candidacy may not later be filed for any other office or group of offices under this section when the election is on the same date unless the notice of candidacy for the first office is withdrawn under subsection (c) of this section.

SECTION 4.(f) Notice of Candidacy for Certain Offices to Indicate Vacancy. – In any election in which there are two or more vacancies for the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, superior court judge, or district court judge to be filled by nominations, each candidate shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement a written statement designating the vacancy to which the candidate seeks election. Votes cast for a candidate shall be effective only for election to the vacancy for which the candidate has given notice of candidacy as provided in this subsection.

A person seeking election for a specialized district judgeship established under G.S. 7A-147 shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement a written statement designating the specialized judgeship to which the person seeks nomination.

SECTION 4.(g) Residency Requirements. — No person may file a notice of candidacy for superior court judge or district court judge unless that person is at the time of filing the notice of candidacy a resident of the judicial district as it will exist at the time the person would take office if elected. This subsection implements Section 9(1) of Article IV of the North Carolina Constitution, which requires regular superior court judges to reside in the district for which elected, Section 10 of Article IV of the North Carolina Constitution, which requires every district court judge to reside in the district for which elected, and G.S. 7A-60, which requires district attorneys to reside in the prosecutorial district for which elected.

SECTION 4.(h) Filing Fees. – Candidates shall pay filing fees as required by G.S. 163-107 and G.S. 163-107.1.

SECTION 4.(i) Failure of Candidates to File; Death or Other Disqualification of a Candidate; No Withdrawal From Candidacy. –

Insufficient number of candidates. – If when the filing period expires, candidates have not filed for an office to be filled under this section, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall extend the filing period for five days for any such offices.

Vacancies; reopening filing. – If only one or two candidates have filed for a single office, or the number of candidates filed for a group of offices does not exceed twice the number of positions to be filled, and thereafter a remaining candidate dies or otherwise becomes disqualified before the election and before the ballots are printed, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall, upon notification of the death or other disqualification, immediately reopen the filing period for an additional five days during which time additional candidates shall be permitted to file for election. If the ballots have been printed at the time the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement receives notice of the candidate's death or other disqualification, the Board shall determine whether there will be sufficient time to reprint them before the election if the filing period is reopened for three days. If the Board

determines that there will be sufficient time to reprint the ballots, it shall

(3)

 reopen the filing period for three days to allow other candidates to file for election.

Later vacancies; ballots not reprinted. – If the ballots have been printed at the

time the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement receives notice of a candidate's death or other disqualification, and if the Board determines that there is not enough time to reprint the ballots before the election if the filing period is reopened for three days, then regardless of the number of candidates remaining for the office or group of offices, the ballots shall not be reprinted and the name of the vacated candidate shall remain on the ballots. If a vacated candidate should poll the highest number of votes in the election for a single office or enough votes to be elected to one of a group of offices, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall declare the office vacant and it shall be filled in the manner provided by law.

(4) No withdrawal permitted of living, qualified candidate after close of filing. – After the close of the candidate filing period, a candidate who has filed a notice of candidacy for an office under this section, who has not withdrawn notice before the close of filing as permitted by subsection (c) of this section, who remains alive, and has not become disqualified for the office may not withdraw his or her candidacy. That candidate's name shall remain on the ballot, any votes cast for the candidacy shall be counted in primary or election, and if the candidate wins, the candidate may fail to qualify by refusing to take the oath of office.

(5) Death, disqualification, or failure to qualify after election. – If a person elected to the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, superior or district court judge, or district attorney dies or becomes disqualified on or after election day and before that person has qualified by taking the oath of office, or fails to qualify by refusing to take the oath of office, the office shall be deemed vacant and shall be filled as provided by

SECTION 4.(j) Ballot Order. – For the 2018 general election, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall place elections for the offices elected as provided in this section with other partisan offices, as provided in G.S. 163-165.6(b)(3). Order of candidates for those offices shall be determined as provided in G.S. 163-165.6(c).

SECTION 4.(k) Determination of Election Winners. – A general election for all candidates seeking office as provided in this section shall be held on November 6, 2018. In the general election, the candidate for a single office receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected. Those candidates for a group of offices receiving the highest number of votes, equal in number to the number of positions to be filled, shall be elected. If two candidates receiving the highest number of votes each received the same number of votes, the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall determine the winner by lot.

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective January 1, 2018, and applies to all primaries and elections held on or after that date.