# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2017**

H.B. 1049 May 30, 2018 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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Short Title:

#### **HOUSE BILL DRH10463-MHa-128B**

Support Sustainable Fisheries Communities.

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(Public)

Representative Speciale. Sponsors: Referred to: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO RESTORE THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON 3 SEAFOOD AND AQUACULTURE, TO REFORM THE STATUTES GOVERNING 4 APPOINTMENTS TO THE MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION, AND TO IMPOSE A 5 MORATORIUM ON CERTAIN RULE-MAKING POWERS OF THE MARINE 6 FISHERIES COMMISSION PENDING A STUDY OF ITS STRUCTURE AND 7 FUNCTIONING. 8 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1.1. This act shall be known as the "Sustainable Coastal Fisheries 9 10 Community Preservation and Economic Development Act of 2018." 11 **SECTION 1.2.** The General Assembly finds the following: 12 The General Assembly finds that the reestablishment of an oversight (1) 13 committee for the review and study of issues pertaining to the management 14 and promotion of coastal fisheries, aquaculture, and mariculture during times 15 when the General Assembly is not in session will provide greater opportunity for stakeholder input and promote well-reasoned policy decisions supported 16 17 by sound research. 18 The need for well-reasoned policy decision is highlighted by recent actions of (2) 19 the Marine Fisheries Commission (Commission) that are contrary to the 20 legislative intent and express provisions of the Fisheries Reform Act of 1997, 21 S.L. 1997-400, which significantly revised the State's approach to fisheries 22 management based on the recognition by the General Assembly of the need 23 to protect our coastal fishery resources and to balance the commercial and 24 recreational interests in those fisheries through better management of these 25 resources. 26 The Fisheries Reform Act established a fishery management plan (FMP) (3) development process that professionalized the North Carolina fisheries 27 conservation efforts and provided for structured participation of citizen 28 29 advisory committees and guidance from scientific experts with the North 30 Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries (Division). 31 (4) The Commission recently approved a Petition for Rule Making regarding the North Carolina shrimp trawl fishery and conservation of spot and Atlantic 32 33 croaker that undermined the FMP process and was in many respects contrary 34 to the existing North Carolina Shrimp FMP and the current FMPs for spot and 35 Atlantic croaker. By approving the Petition, the Commission rejected without explanation unanimous recommendations by its standing advisory committees 36



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1 to deny the Petition. This action will likely discourage future participation by 2 stakeholders on the advisory committees. 3 The Commission also recently approved on an expedited basis a Southern (5) 4 Flounder FMP Supplement that was significantly more restrictive than 5 measures recommended by the Division staff and was subsequently partially 6 enjoined on judicial review in the State's courts by North Carolina courts. 7 The Commission has also acted in a manner that is inconsistent with the State's (6) 8 open meeting statutes, which were enacted to provide citizens of the State 9 transparency with respect to the activities of State boards and commissions in 10 carrying out their statutory duties. 11 (7) The Fisheries Reform Act envisioned an appointment structure for the Commission that is fair and balanced with respect to various fisheries 12 13 stakeholders, but recent votes by the Commission on controversial measures 14 frequently passed with recreational fishing, scientist, and at-large seats all 15 voting for significantly restrictive measures and commercial representatives voting against the measures. 16 17 18 RESTORE JOINT LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON SEAFOOD AND 19 **AQUACULTURE** 20 **SECTION 2.1.** Subdivisions 1.2(a)(5) and 1.2(b)(3) and Sections 2.26 through 2.29 21 of S.L. 2011-291 are repealed, and Article 12F of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes, as it 22 existed prior to its repeal by S.L. 2011-291, is reenacted. 23 **SECTION 2.2.** G.S. 120-70.62, as reenacted by Section 2.1 of this act, reads as 24 rewritten: 25 "§ 120-70.62. Powers and duties. The Commission shall have the following powers and duties: 26 27 To monitor and study the current seafood industry in North Carolina including 28 studies of the feasibility of increasing the State's production, processing, and 29 marketing of seafood; seafood. 30 (2) To study the potential for increasing the role of aquaculture in all regions of 31 the State: State. 32 To evaluate the feasibility of creating a central permitting office for fishing (3) 33 and aquaculture matters; matters. 34 (4) To evaluate actions of the Division of Marine Fisheries of the Department of 35 Environment and Natural Resources, Environmental Quality, the Wildlife 36 Resources Commission of the Department of Environment and Natural 37 Resources Commission, and of any other board, commission, department, or 38 agency of the State or local government as such actions relate to the seafood 39 and aquaculture industries; industries. 40 To make recommendations regarding regulatory matters relating to the (5) seafood and aquaculture industries including, but not limited to: 41 42 Increasing the State's representation and decision making ability by <del>a.</del> 43 dividing the State between the Atlantic and South Atlantic regions of 44 the National Division of Marine Fisheries; and 45 Evaluating the necessity to substantially increase To evaluate the b. 46 adequacy of penalties for trespass and theft of shellfish and other 47 aquaculture products; products. 48 To review and evaluate changes in federal law and regulations, relevant court (6) 49 decisions, and changes in technology affecting the seafood and aquaculture

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industries; industries.

- (7) To review existing and proposed State law and rules affecting the seafood and aquaculture industries and to determine whether any modification of law or rules is in the public interest; interest.
- (8) To make reports and recommendations, including draft legislation, to the General Assembly from time to time as to any matter relating to the powers and duties set out in this section; and section.

(9) To undertake such additional studies as it deems appropriate or as may from time to time be requested by the President of the Senate, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, either house of the General Assembly, the Legislative Research Commission, or the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, and to make such reports and recommendations to the General Assembly regarding such studies as it deems appropriate."

**SECTION 2.3.** The ongoing duties of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Seafood and Aquaculture recreated by this act shall include the following actions:

(1) Review and provide recommendations for reforms to the Fisheries Management Plan adoption and amendment process.

 (2) Review and provide recommendations for revisions to membership and appointment procedures of the Marine Fisheries Commission.

 (3) Review and provide recommendations for changes to aquaculture and shellfish leasing and permitting programs including recommendations for training and start-up funding for new participants in those programs.

 (4) With the cooperation and assistance of the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee examine dredging needs for coastal inlets and waterways and other waterborne transportation issues that impact the safe and efficient access to coastal fisheries.

(5) Review guidance documents, proclamations, or other regulatory actions taken by the Division of Marine Fisheries.

(6) Any other issues the Committee finds to important in strengthening the economic impact and sustainability of coastal fisheries.

**SECTION 2.4.** G.S. 120-76(15) is repealed.

**SECTION 2.5.** G.S. 113-182 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

 "(c) The Department shall annually report no later than September 1 to the Joint Legislative Oversight Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture regarding the status of the marine and estuarine resources within the jurisdiction of the Division of Marine Fisheries."

**SECTION 2.6.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the General Assembly the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2018-2019 fiscal year for the review and study of the issues set forth in Section 2.3 of this act.

 **SECTION 2.6.(b)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Environmental Quality the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2018-2019 fiscal year for the completion of the directives to the Division of Marine Fisheries imposed by this act.

## MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION CHANGES

**SECTION 3.1.** G.S. 143B-289.54(a)(7) reads as rewritten:

"(7) One person having general knowledge of and experience related to subjects and persons regulated by the Commission actively connected with, and experienced as, a licensed fish dealer or in seafood processing or distribution as demonstrated by deriving at least fifty percent (50%) of annual earned income from activities involving the buying, selling, processing, or distribution of seafood landed in this State. The spouse of a person qualified

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under this subdivision may be appointed provided that the spouse is actively involved in the qualifying business."

**SECTION 3.2.** G.S. 143B-289.54(a)(8) reads as rewritten:

 "(8) One person having general knowledge of and experience related to subjects and persons regulated by the Commission actively engaged in the sports fishing industry as demonstrated by deriving at least fifty percent (50%) of annual earned income from selling goods or services in this State. The spouse of a person qualified under this subdivision may be appointed provided that the spouse is actively involved in the qualifying business."

**SECTION 3.3.** Notwithstanding the term of office set forth in G.S. 143B-289.54(d), the term of the member of the Marine Fisheries Commission appointed under subdivision (7) of G.S. 143B-289.54(a) shall expire on June 30, 2018. The Governor shall then appoint new members under that subdivision and subdivision (8) of G.S. 143B-289.54, as amended by Sections 3.1 and 3.2 of this act. The member appointed under subdivision (7) of G.S. 143B-289.54(a) shall serve a term expiring on June 30, 2022, and thereafter three-year terms as set forth in G.S. 143B-289.54(d).

## MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION RULE-MAKING MORATORIUM

**SECTION 4.(a)** Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is hereby established a moratorium on the authority of the Marine Fisheries Commission to propose and adopt rules to carry out the duties specified in G.S. 143B-289.52(a). This subsection shall not apply to any of the following:

 (1) Rules necessary to carry out the duties specified in subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), and (11) of G.S. 143B-289.52(a).

 (2) Rules prevent overfishing of a species as documented in a stock assessment that has been approved for management purposes by peer reviewers and accepted by the Director of the Division of Marine Fisheries.

 (3) Rules required by a provision of federal law or regulation to avoid federal assumption of fisheries management in the State.

**SECTION 4.(b)** During the moratorium on rule-making authority set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the Joint Legislative Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture reestablished by this act shall conduct a study of the Marine Fisheries Commission that includes, but is not limited to, an analysis of the following:

(1) The Marine Fisheries Commission's membership, appointment, and terms as specified in G.S. 143B-289.54.

 (2) The Marine Fisheries Commission's meeting and quorum requirements as specified in G.S. 143B-289.57.
SECTION 4.(c) This section expires on the earlier of (i) the thirty-first legislative

day, or, in the case of a regular session lasting less than thirty-one days, the date of adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly beginning after the date the Joint Legislative Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture adopts a report setting forth the results of the study required by this section and its recommendations for legislative action, or (ii) the date the General Assembly convenes for its 2021 Regular Session.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE**

**SECTION 5.** Sections 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3 of this act become effective June 30, 2018. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.

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