GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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SENATE BILL DRS35192-LU-87

Short Title: (Public) Adoption Law Changes. Senator Britt (Primary Sponsor). Sponsors: Referred to: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES UNDER THE LAWS PERTAINING TO ADOPTIONS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 48-2-100(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) The courts of this State shall not exercise jurisdiction under this Chapter if at the time the petition for adoption is filed, a court of any other state is exercising jurisdiction substantially in conformity with the Uniform Child-Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Article 2 of Chapter 50A of the General Statutes. However, this subsection shall not apply if prior and the courts of this State may exercise jurisdiction under this Chapter if either of the following apply: (1) The matter in which the other state is exercising jurisdiction places custody of the adoptee in an agency, the petitioner, or another custodian expressly in support of an adoption plan that does not identify a specific prospective adoptive parent other than the petitioner. Prior to the decree of adoption being granted, the court of the other state (2) dismisses its proceeding or releases its exclusive, continuing jurisdiction." **SECTION 2.** G.S. 48-2-101 reads as rewritten: "§ 48-2-101. Venue. A petition for adoption may be filed with the clerk of the superior court in the county in which: which any of the following apply: A petitioner lives, or is domiciled, at the time of filing: filing. (1) The adoptee lives; or lives. (2) An office of the agency that placed the adoptee is located. (3) The adoptee was born if the petition is filed before the adoptee is 6 months of (4) A petition for adoption may be filed in any other county and the adoption may be completed in the other county unless a person or agency who is entitled to notice under G.S. 48-2-401(b) or (c) files a written objection to venue within the time allowed for the person or agency to file a response under G.S. 48-2-401. If an objection to venue is filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the petitioner shall designate in writing a county identified in subsection (a) of this section, and the clerk with whom the petition was originally filed shall transmit all documents on file or thereafter filed to the clerk of the county designated by the petitioner. A change of venue shall not change the filing



date of the petition for adoption or affect any time period provided for in this Chapter."

A final adoption decree issued by any other state must be recognized in this State. Where a minor child has been previously adopted in a foreign country by a petitioner or petitioners seeking to readopt the child under the laws of North Carolina, the adoption order entered in the foreign country may be accepted in lieu of the consent of the biological parent or parents or the guardian of the child to the readoption. A man and a woman-Two persons who adopted a minor child in a foreign country while married to one another must readopt jointly, regardless of whether they have since divorced. If either does not join in the petition, he or she must be joined as a necessary party as provided in G.S. 1A-1, Rule 19. If two persons have adopted a minor child in a foreign country while married to one another and one of them has died, then the survivor may petition for readoption, and the court shall issue any decree of adoption in the names of both of the persons who adopted the minor child in a foreign country."

SECTION 3.(b) G.S. 48-2-301(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) If the individual who files the petition <u>pursuant to Article 3 of this Chapter</u> is unmarried, no other individual may join in the petition, except that a man and a woman <u>two persons</u> who jointly adopted a minor child in a foreign country while married to one another must readopt jointly as provided in <u>G.S. 48 2 205.G.S. 48-2-205</u>, and the survivor of two persons who jointly adopted a minor child in a foreign country while married to one another may file to adopt in the names of both, as provided in <u>G.S. 48-2-205</u>."

SECTION 4. G.S. 48-2-606(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) In stating the date and place of birth of an adoptee born outside the United States, the court shall:shall do each of the following:
 - (1) Enter the date and place of birth as stated in the certificate of birth from the country of origin, the United States Department of State's report of birth abroad, or the documents of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service; Service or a date of birth based upon medical evidence by affidavit or testimony as to the probable chronological age of the adoptee and other evidence the court finds appropriate to consider.
 - (2) If-Enter the place of birth as stated in the certificate of birth from the country of origin, the United States Department of State's report of birth abroad, or the documents of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service or, if the exact place of birth is unknown, enter the information that is known, including the country of origin; and origin.
 - (3) If the exact date of birth is unknown, determine and enter a date of birth based upon medical evidence by affidavit or testimony as to the probable chronological age of the adoptee and other evidence the court finds appropriate to consider."

SECTION 5. G.S. 48-3-303(c)(12) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The preplacement assessment shall, after a reasonable investigation, report on the following about the individual being assessed:

• • •

(12) The agency preparing the preplacement assessment may redact from the preplacement assessment provided to a placing parent or guardian detailed information reflecting the prospective adoptive parent's income and financial account balances income, expenditures, assets, liabilities, and social security numbers, and detailed information about the prospective adoptive parent's extended family members, including surnames, names of employers, names of schools attended, social security numbers, telephone numbers and addresses, and other similarly detailed information about extended family members obtained under subsections (b) and (c) of this section."

SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 48-3-605(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

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1	"(c) An individual before whom a consent is signed and acknowledged under subsection			
2	(a) of this section shall certify in writing that to the best of the individual's knowledge or belief,			
3 4	tne parent, gu	iardian, or m	inor to be adopted executing the consent has met each of the following:	
5	 (5	Deen a	dvised of the right to seek the advice of legal counsel before executing	
6	<u>(5</u>	the con		
7	SI		(b) G.S. 48-3-606(14)c. reads as rewritten:	
8	"§ 48-3-606. Content of consent; mandatory provisions.			
9	A consent required from a minor to be adopted, a parent, or a guardian under G.S. 48-3-601			
10		•	ate each of the following:	
11	must be m wi	itting and sta	te each of the following.	
12	(1	4)	ne person executing the consent has:	
13	(1	i) That th	e person executing the consent has.	
14		c.	Been advised of the right to employ independent seek the advice of	
15		C.	legal counsel."	
16	SI	ECTION 6 ((c) G.S. 48-3-702(b1) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:	
17			before whom a relinquishment is signed and acknowledged under	
18			ion shall certify in writing that to the best of the individual's knowledge	
19	or belief, the parent, guardian, or minor to be adopted executing the relinquishment has met each			
20	of the following:			
21	of the follow.	ilig.		
22	(5	Deen a	dvised of the right to seek the advice of legal counsel before executing	
23	<u>(2</u>	_	nquishment."	
24	SI		(d) G.S. 48-3-703(a)(12)c. reads as rewritten:	
25			ent executed by a parent or guardian under G.S. 48-3-701 must be in	
26	writing and s	•	• 1	
27	writing and s		wing.	
28			e individual executing the relinquishment has:	
29	(1		o mar radar enceating the remiquishment has	
30		c.	Been advised of the right to employ independent seek the advice of	
31			legal counsel."	
32	S	ECTION 7.	G.S. 48-9-102 reads as rewritten:	
33	"§ 48-9-102. Records confidential and sealed.			
34	•••			
35	(e) The second of the second o	he Division 1	must shall, without review, cause the papers and reports related to the	
36		proceeding to be permanently indexed and filed.		
37	(f) The Division shall shall, within 40 days after receiving it from the court, transmit a			
38	report of each adoption and any name change to the State Registrar if the adoptee was born in			
39	this State. In the case of an adoptee who was not born in this State, the Division shall shall, within			
40	40 days after receiving it from the court, transmit the report and any name change to the			
41	appropriate o	fficial respon	nsible for issuing birth certificates or their equivalent.	
42	"	_		
43	Sl	ECTION 8.	G.S. 48-9-109(1) is amended by adding a new sub-subdivision to read:	
44	"§ 48-9-109.	Certain dis	sclosures authorized.	
45	Nothing i	n this Article	e shall be interpreted or construed to prevent:	
46	(1) An em	ployee of a court, agency, or any other person from:	
47		•••		
48		<u>d.</u>	Giving a file-stamped copy of a document to a person, or to the legal	
49			representative of a person, who has filed the document in an adoption	
50			proceeding."	
51	S	ECTION 9.	G.S. 1-597 reads as rewritten:	

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"§ 1-597. Regulations for newspaper publication of legal notices, advertisements, etc.

- Whenever a notice or any other paper, document or legal advertisement of any kind or description shall be authorized or required by any of the laws of the State of North Carolina, heretofore or hereafter enacted, or by any order or judgment of any court of this State to be published or advertised in a newspaper, such publication, advertisement or notice shall be of no force and effect unless it shall be published in a newspaper with a general circulation to actual paid subscribers which newspaper at the time of such publication, advertisement or notice, shall have been admitted to the United States mails in the Periodicals class in the county or political subdivision where such publication, advertisement or notice is required to be published, and which shall have been regularly and continuously issued in the county in which the publication, advertisement or notice is authorized or required to be published, at least one day in each calendar week for at least 25 of the 26 consecutive weeks immediately preceding the date of the first publication of such advertisement, publication or notice; provided that in the event that a newspaper otherwise meeting the qualifications and having the characteristics prescribed by G.S. 1-597 to 1-599, should fail for a period not exceeding four weeks in any calendar year to publish one or more of its issues such newspaper shall nevertheless be deemed to have complied with the requirements of regularity and continuity of publication prescribed herein. Provided further, that where any city or town is located in two or more adjoining counties, any newspaper published in such city or town shall, for the purposes of G.S. 1-597 to 1-599, be deemed to be admitted to the mails, issued and published in all such counties in which such town or city of publication is located, and every publication, advertisement or notice required to be published in any such city or town or in any of the counties where such city or town is located shall be valid if published in a newspaper published, issued and admitted to the mails anywhere within any such city or town, regardless of whether the newspaper's plant or the post office where the newspaper is admitted to the mails is in such county or not, if the newspaper otherwise meets the qualifications and requirements of G.S. 1-597 to 1-599. This provision shall be retroactive to May 1, 1940, and all publications, advertisements and notices published in accordance with this provision since May 1, 1940, are hereby validated.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 1-599, whenever a notice or any other paper, document or legal advertisement of any kind or description shall be authorized or required by any of the laws of the State of North Carolina, heretofore or hereafter enacted, or by any order or judgment of any court of this State to be published or advertised in a newspaper qualified for legal advertising in a county and there is no newspaper qualified for legal advertising as defined in this section in such county, then it shall be deemed sufficient compliance with such laws, order or judgment by publication of such notice or any other such paper, document or legal advertisement of any kind or description in a newspaper published in an adjoining county or in a county within the same district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 or superior court district or set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1, as the case may be; provided, if the clerk of the superior court finds as a fact that such newspaper otherwise meets the requirements of this section and has a general circulation in such county where no newspaper is published meeting the requirements of this section.
- (c) Whenever a notice or any other paper, document, or legal advertisement of any kind or description is required to be published in a jurisdiction outside of North Carolina where legal notices are customarily published in specialized legal publications, any form of publication which meets the requirements for legal notices under the law of the locality where it is published shall be deemed sufficient under this section."

SECTION 10. G.S. 7B-200(a)(1) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The court has exclusive, original jurisdiction over any case involving a juvenile who is alleged to be abused, neglected, or dependent. This jurisdiction does not extend to cases involving adult defendants alleged to be guilty of abuse or neglect.

The court also has exclusive original jurisdiction of the following proceedings:

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(1) Proceedings under the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children set forth in Article 38 of this Chapter. Chapter, including proceedings for the return of a juvenile to this State and proceedings to review a refusal or failure of the Compact administrator for this State to forward a request for approval of a placement to the receiving state or find that a placement does not appear to be contrary to the interests of the child."

SECTION 11. Article 38 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 7B-3807. Judicial proceedings.

(a) The court shall have jurisdiction over proceedings under this Compact, as provided in G.S. 7B-200(a)(1).

- (b) Review of a refusal or failure of the Compact administrator to forward a request for approval of a placement to the receiving state or find that a placement does not appear to be contrary to the interests of the child shall be initiated (i) by a motion in any court in this State in which an abuse, neglect, or dependency action or a termination of parental rights action is pending as to the juvenile or (ii) if no abuse, neglect, or dependency action or termination of parental rights action is pending as to the juvenile in a court of this State, by petition to the court. No motion or petition shall be filed under this section until the Compact administrator has communicated an intention to refuse either to forward a request for approval of a placement to the receiving state or to find that a placement does not appear to be contrary to the interests of the child or the matter has been before the Compact administrator for more than five business days.
- (c) Notice of a motion or petition for review or a hearing under this section shall be given to the Compact administrator by any reasonable means, including by overnight delivery service or by sending a facsimile of the motion, petition, or notice of hearing to the Compact administrator.
- (d) If no abuse, neglect, or dependency action or termination of parental rights action is pending as to the juvenile in a court of this State, then venue shall be in any county in which any of the following applies:
 - (1) The child is located at the time of filing a petition.
 - (2) A petition to adopt the child has been filed.
 - (3) The petitioner under G.S. 7B-200(1) lives, or is domiciled, at the time of filing.
 - (4) The office of an agency that has legal custody of the child is located.
- (e) Review of a refusal or failure of the Compact administrator to forward a request for approval of a placement to the receiving state or find that a placement does not appear to be contrary to the interests of the child shall be an expedited proceeding. The court shall, within 10 days from the date of filing of the petition, or during the next term of court in the county where the petition is filed if there is no court in the county in that 10-day period, conduct a hearing to review a refusal or failure of the Compact administrator to forward a request for approval of a placement to the receiving state or find that a placement does not appear to be contrary to the interests of the child, and the court may order the Compact administrator to take any action that the Compact administrator is permitted to do."

SECTION 12. G.S. 150B-1(e) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(e) Exemptions From Contested Case Provisions. – The contested case provisions of this Chapter apply to all agencies and all proceedings not expressly exempted from the Chapter. The contested case provisions of this Chapter do not apply to the following:

(25) The Department of Health and Human Services in administering the Interstate
Compact on the Placement of Children under Article 38 of Chapter 7B of the
General Statutes."

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SECTION 13. This act becomes effective October 1, 2019.

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