# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2019**

**FILED SENATE** Apr 2, 2019 S.B. 522 PRINCIPAL CLERK D

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#### SENATE BILL DRS15251-MTf-98A

Short Title: (Public) Various Changes to Charter School Laws. Senator Tillman (Primary Sponsor). Sponsors: Referred to: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE LAWS AFFECTING CHARTER SCHOOLS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: PART I. AUTHORIZE COUNTIES TO PROVIDE CAPITAL FUNDS TO CHARTER **SCHOOLS SECTION 1.1.** G.S. 115C-218.100(b) reads as rewritten: Distribution of Assets. – Upon dissolution of a charter school, all net assets of the charter school purchased with public funds shall be deemed the property of the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is <del>located.</del><u>located</u>, <u>except capital-sourced assets</u>. For purposes of this subsection, capital-sourced assets include (i) capital funds provided to a charter school by one or more counties pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.105(b1) and (ii) net assets purchased or improved with such funds, up to the total amount of the funds provided. Capital-sourced assets shall be deemed the property of the counties or counties providing the funding and, if applicable, divided between the counties in proportion to the funds provided." **SECTION 1.2.** G.S. 115C-218.105 is amended by adding the following new subsections to read: "(b1) Counties may provide funds to charter schools by direct appropriation as set forth in G.S. 153A-458. These funds shall be used only for the following purposes: The acquisition of real property for school purposes, including, but not limited **(1)** to, school sites, playgrounds, and athletic fields. The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, enlargement, renovation, or **(2)** replacement of buildings and other structures, including, but not limited to,

apparatus, and similar items of furnishings and equipment. If a charter school uses funds provided in subsection (b1) of this section to acquire or (b2) improve property, the amount provided by the county must be evidenced by a promissory note and secured by a deed of trust on the property acquired or improved by the funds. The county may subordinate the deed of trust to other liens to facilitate the acquisition or improvement of the property secured by the deed of trust. In the event that a charter school repays the county in

buildings for classrooms and laboratories, physical and vocational educational

The acquisition or replacement of furniture and furnishings, instructional

34 the amount of the capital funds provided, the county shall, for the property acquired or improved 35

purposes, libraries, auditoriums, and gymnasiums.

by the funds, execute and file a deed of release or other documentation of satisfaction showing

the charter school repaid the county in the amount of the capital funds provided."



#### **SECTION 1.3.** G.S. 153A-149(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Each county may levy property taxes for one or more of the purposes listed in this subsection up to a combined rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) appraised value of property subject to taxation. Authorized purposes subject to the rate limitation are:

(8a) Charter Schools. – To provide capital funds for charter schools as authorized by G.S. 153A-458.

**SECTION 1.4.** Chapter 153A of the General Statutes is amended by a new section to read:

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## "§ 153A-458. Charter schools.

Each county is authorized to appropriate funds and lease real property to schools chartered under Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes. Counties may provide funds only for the purposes set forth in G.S. 115C-218.105(b1)."

**SECTION 1.5.** This Part applies beginning with the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

# PART II. MAKE CHARTER SCHOOLS ELIGIBLE FOR GRANTS FROM THE NEED-BASED PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL FUND

**SECTION 2.1.** Section 5.3 of S.L. 2017-57, as amended by Section 1.1 of S.L. 2017-187, Section 1.2 of S.L. 2017-197, Section 1.1 of S.L. 2017-212, Section 5.3 of S.L. 2018-5, and Section 3A.1 of S.L. 2018-80, read as rewritten:

"SECTION 5.3.(a) The appropriations made from the Education Lottery Fund for the 2017-2019 fiscal biennium are as follows:

"SECTION 5.3.(d) It is the intent of the General Assembly to increase the amount of North Carolina Education Lottery net lottery revenue collected that is dedicated to assist local governments in meeting local school capital needs from sixteen and nine-tenths percent (16.9%) of net lottery revenue collected in the 2016-2017 fiscal year to forty percent (40%) of net lottery revenue collected no later than the 2028-2029 fiscal year. To that end, there is created the Needs-Based Public School Capital Fund as an interest-bearing, nonreverting special fund in the Department of Public Instruction. The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of the Needs-Based Public School Capital Fund and shall invest its assets in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 147-69.2 and G.S. 147-69.3. The Needs-Based Public School Capital Fund shall be used to award grants to counties designated as a development tier one area or a development tier two area, as defined by G.S. 143B-437.08, to assist with their critical public school building capital needs. Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-218.105(b), a qualified county may use a grant awarded under this section for building capital needs for an approved charter school, including the acquisition or improvement of a property by the charter school. For the purposes of this section, a qualified county is a county designated as a development tier one area.

40 county is a county designated as a development tier one area.
41 The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall award grants to counties in accordance with
42 the following priorities:

- (1) Counties designated as development tier one areas.
- (2) Counties with greater need and less ability to generate sales tax and property tax revenue.
- (3) Counties with a high debt-to-tax revenue ratio.
- (4) The extent to which a project will address critical deficiencies in adequately serving the current and future student population.

"SECTION 5.3.(e) Grant funds awarded under this section shall be subject to a matching requirement from the recipient county as follows:

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- (1) For a county designated as a development tier one area, the grant shall not exceed three dollars (\$3.00) in grant funds for every one dollar (\$1.00) provided by the county. Grant funds awarded to a county designated as a development tier one area shall not exceed fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000).
- (2) For a county designated as a development tier two area, the grant shall not exceed one dollar (\$1.00) for every one dollar (\$1.00) in grant funds provided by the county. Grant funds awarded to a county designated as a tier two area shall not exceed ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
- (3) For a qualified county using grant funds for a charter school, the grant shall not exceed one dollar (\$1.00) for every one dollar (\$1.00) in grant funds provided by the county. Grant funds awarded to the county for this purpose shall not exceed three million dollars (\$3,000,000).

Grant-Except as otherwise provided for a qualified county using grant funds for a charter school, grant funds shall be used for the construction of new school buildings only. Grant funds only and shall not be used for real property acquisition. Grant funds shall be disbursed in a series of payments based on the progress of the project. To obtain a payment, the grantee shall submit a request for payment along with documentation of the expenditures for which the payment is requested and evidence that the matching requirement contained in subsection (b) of this section has been met. Grant funds shall not be awarded to any county that has received an aggregate amount exceeding eight million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$8,750,000) in funds from the Public School Building Capital Fund from the 2012-2013 fiscal year to the 2016-2017 fiscal year. No county may receive grant funds under this section more than once every five years. No portion of grant funds may be used to acquire a Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certification. For fiscal year 2018-2019, for the purposes of this section, a county shall be considered to be designated as a development tier one area if (i) it was so designated by the Department of Commerce in 2017 or 2018 and (ii) the county filed a grant application under this section in 2017.

"SECTION 5.3.(e1) A county receiving grant funds pursuant to this section shall enter into an agreement with the Department of Public Instruction detailing the use of grant funds. The agreement shall contain at least all of the following:

- (1) A requirement that the grantee seek planning assistance and plan review from the School Planning Section of the Department of Public Instruction.
- (2) A progress payment provision governing disbursements to the county for the duration of the school construction project based upon the construction progress and documentation satisfactory to the Department that the matching requirement in subsection (e) of this section has been met.
- (3) A provision requiring periodic reports to the Department of Public Instruction on the use of disbursed grant funds and the progress of the school construction project.
- (4) A requirement that matching funds paid by the county pursuant to this section must be derived from non-State and nonfederal funds.
- (5) For a qualified county using grant funds for a charter school, the agreement shall also contain provisions regarding all of the following:
  - a. A property being acquired or improved by grant funds shall be owned by the nonprofit organization which holds the charter. The amount provided by the county in grant funds shall be evidenced by a promissory note and secured by a deed of trust on the property acquired or improved by the funds. The county may subordinate the deed of trust to other liens to facilitate the acquisition or improvement of the property secured by the deed of trust. In the event that a charter

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school repays the county in the amount of the grant funds provided, the county shall, for the property acquired or improved by the funds, execute and file a deed of release or other documentation of satisfaction showing the charter school repaid the county in the amount of the grant funds provided.

- <u>b.</u> The property may not be conveyed to another entity or person without the approval of the State Board of Education.
- c. An acknowledgment that upon the dissolution, termination, or nonrenewal of the charter school, all capital-sourced assets shall be deemed the property of the county pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.100(b).

**SECTION 2.2.** This Part is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to applications for grant funds submitted on or after that date.

# PART III. SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION MAY APPROVE CHARTER SCHOOL FACILITY BONDS

**SECTION 3.** Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 115C-218.37. Public approval for private activity bonds.

- (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
  - (1) Charter school facility. Real property, personal property, or both that is used or intended for use in connection with the operation of a charter school.
  - (2) Applicable elected representative. An elected official of a governmental unit having jurisdiction over the area in which a charter school facility is located, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) The Superintendent of Public Instruction is hereby designated as an applicable elected representative who may approve the issuance of one or more private activity bonds to finance or refinance a charter school facility, after a public hearing following reasonable public notice, in accordance with Section 147 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable State and federal laws and regulations. Procedures for the public hearing shall be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the public hearing shall be conducted by the Superintendent or his or her designee."

## PART IV. CLARIFY CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL STANDARDS

**SECTION 4.1.** G.S. 115C-218.6 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 115C-218.6. Review and renewal of charters.

- (a) The State Board of Education shall review the operations of each charter school at least once prior to the expiration of its charter to ensure that the school is meeting the expected academic, financial, and governance standards.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall renew a charter upon the request of the chartering entity for subsequent periods of 10 years, unless one of the following applies:
  - (1) The charter school has not provided financially sound audits for the immediately preceding three years.
  - The charter school's student academic outcomes for the immediately preceding three years have not been comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is located. The percent of students who scored at or above proficient for all end-of-grade and end-of-course tests taken in the previous school year, as required by G.S. 115C-174.11(c)(1), is at least five percentage points lower in the charter school than in the local school administrative unit where the charter school is located.

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(3) The charter school is not, at the time of the request for renewal of the charter, substantially in compliance with State law, federal law, the school's own bylaws, or the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State Board of Education.

If one of the conditions set forth in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection applies, then the State Board may renew the charter for a period of less than 10 years or not renew the charter."

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**SECTION 4.2.** This Part applies to applications for the renewal of the charter of a charter school submitted on or after the effective date of this act.

#### PART V. APPLICATION BACKGROUND CHECK STANDARDS

**SECTION 5.(a)** G.S. 115C-218.1 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-218.1. Eligible applicants; contents of applications; submission of applications for approval.

- (a) Any nonprofit corporation seeking to establish a charter school may apply to establish a charter school. If the applicant seeks to convert a public school to a charter school, the application shall include a statement signed by a majority of the teachers and instructional support personnel currently employed at the school indicating that they favor the conversion and evidence that a significant number of parents of children enrolled in the school favor conversion.
  - The application shall contain at least the following information:
    - A description of a program that implements one or more of the purposes in G.S. 115C-218.
    - (2) A description of student achievement goals for the school's educational program and the method of demonstrating that students have attained the skills and knowledge specified for those student achievement goals.
    - (3) The governance structure of the school including the names of the initial members of the board of directors of the nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation and the process to be followed by the school to ensure parental involvement. A teacher employed by the board of directors to teach in the charter school may serve as a nonvoting member of the board of directors for the charter school.
    - The local school administrative unit in which the school will be located. (4)
    - Admission policies and procedures. (5)
    - (6) A proposed budget for the school and evidence that the financial plan for the school is economically sound.
    - Requirements and procedures for program and financial audits. (7)
    - (8) A description of how the school will comply with G.S. 115C-218.20, 115C-218.25, 115C-218.30, 115C-218.40, 115C-218.45, 115C-218.50, 115C-218.55, 115C-218.60, 115C-218.65, 115C-218.70, 115C-218.75, 115C-218.80, 115C-218.85, and 115C-218.90.
    - Types and amounts of insurance coverage, including bonding insurance for (9) the principal officers of the school, to be obtained by the charter school.
    - (10)The term of the charter.
    - (11)The qualifications required for individuals employed by the school.
    - The procedures by which students can be excluded from the charter school (12)and returned to a public school. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any local board may refuse to admit any student who is suspended or expelled from a charter school due to actions that would lead to suspension or expulsion from a public school under G.S. 115C-390.5 through G.S. 115C-390.11 until the period of suspension or expulsion has expired.

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- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2019 1 The number of students to be served, which number shall be at least 80, and (13)2 the minimum number of teachers to be employed at the school, which number 3 shall be at least three. However, the charter school may serve fewer than 80 4 students or employ fewer than three teachers if the application contains a 5 compelling reason, such as the school would serve a geographically remote 6 and small student population. 7 Information regarding the facilities to be used by the school and the manner (14)8 in which administrative services of the school are to be provided. 9 The process for conducting a weighted lottery that reflects the mission of the (15)school if the school desires to use a weighted lottery. 10 11 A nationwide criminal background check for each member of the board of (16)directors of the proposed charter school to ensure that the member has not 12 been convicted, at a minimum, of any crime listed in G.S. 115C-332 or a 13 14 substantially similar crime in another state. The criminal background check shall include all of the following components: 15 A social security number trace, including locations returned on at least 16 a. 17 a county-by-county basis. Any known aliases. 18 b. 19 A certification from each member of the board of directors certifying whether (17)20 the board member has been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor. If the 21 board member has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, the 22 23
  - certification shall include a listing of the year of the charge, the charge, and the disposition of the charge. (c) The State Board shall establish reasonable fees of no less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and no more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for initial and renewal charter

application fee shall be refunded in the event the application is rejected or the charter is revoked." **SECTION 5.(b)** This Part applies to applications for initial charters received on or after the effective date of this act.

applications, in accordance with Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. No

#### PART VI. CHARTER SCHOOLS IN THE WORKPLACE

**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 115C-218.45 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 115C-218.45. Admission requirements.

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- (f) The charter school may give enrollment priority to any of the following:
  - (7) Limited to no more than fifty percent (50%) of the school's total enrollment, children of permanent employees of a charter partner in accordance with subsection (f1) of this section. If the number of applications from these children exceed fifty percent (50%) of the school's total enrollment, these children shall be accepted by a separate lottery.
- For purposes of this section, the term "charter partner" refers to any legal entity (f1) authorized to transact business in this State under Chapter 55, 55A, 55B, 57D, or 59 of the General Statutes and that has, acting individually or as part of a consortium of corporations, donated one or more of the following, valued at a minimum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), to the charter school:
  - The land on which the school is built. (1)
  - (2) The school building or the space the school occupies. If the charter partner is leasing the building or space to the school, the charter school may only give enrollment priority if the lease provides that the building or space is made

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available without cost and if the term of the lease is not less than the duration of the charter.

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- Major renovations to the existing school building or other capital **(3)** improvements, including major investments in technology. For purposes of this subdivision, a major renovation to the existing school building means changes that provide significant opportunities for substantial improvement, including, but not limited to, a structural change to the foundation, roof, floor, or interior or exterior walls or extension of an existing facility to increase its floor area, or an extensive alteration of an existing facility, such as a change in its function or purpose, even if such renovation does not include any structural change to the facility. A major investment in technology includes, but is not limited to, a donation of hardware, software, Internet access, Internet hardware, enterprise systems, software licenses, smart board technology, or audiovisual equipment. The value of a major renovation or of an investment of technology shall be equal to at least fifty percent (50%) of the State's per pupil allocation for charter schools for that year multiplied by the charter school's average daily membership.
- Each year that the charter school provides the children of employees of the charter (f2)partner with enrollment priority, as described in subsection (f)(7) of this section, the charter partner and the charter school shall enter into a memorandum of understanding that shall specify the duration of the priority and the methods by which the charter partner shall support the charter school, including, but not limited to, internships for students, career counseling, academic tutoring, or enrichment activities.
- (f3)The enrollment priority described in subsection (f)(7) of this section shall not be implemented in a way that displaces students who are enrolled at the school at the time the charter application or the material revision providing for the priority is approved by the State Board of Education.

**SECTION 6.(b)** G.S. 115C-218.1(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to

"(16) Whether the charter school intends to provide enrollment priority to the children of employees of a charter partner in accordance with G.S. 115C-218.45(f)(7) and, if so, identifying information for that charter partner."

**SECTION 6.(c)** G.S. 115C-218.7 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

- Adoption of the enrollment priority described in G.S. 115C-218.45(f)(7) shall be "(e) considered a material revision of the charter."
- **SECTION 6.(d)** G.S. 115C-218.15 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: "(b1) Persons affiliated with a charter partner, as defined in G.S. 115C-218.45(f1), are eligible for membership on the board of directors of a charter school that provides enrollment priority to the children of employees of the charter partner, subject to the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, as follows:
  - (1) Persons affiliated with the charter partner shall not constitute a majority of the board.
  - If the charter partner is leasing the building or space to the school, the lease <u>(2)</u> shall provide that the building or space is made available without cost and the term of the lease shall not be less than the duration of the charter."

**SECTION 6.(e)** This Part is effective when it becomes law and applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

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PART VII. PERMIT BOARDS OF TRUSTEES OF CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS OF 1 2 **EDUCATION** TO **AUTHORIZE SCHOOLS** HIGHER **CHARTER** IN 3 COLLABORATION WITH THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION 4 **SECTION 7.1.** Article 14A of Chapter of 115C of the General Statutes, as amended 5 by this act, reads as rewritten: 6 "Article 14A. 7 "Charter Schools. 8 "§ 115C-218. Purpose of charter schools; establishment of North Carolina Charter Schools 9 Advisory Board and North Carolina Office of Charter Schools. 10 11 Definitions. - For the purposes of this Article, "Higher Education Institution (a1) Authorizer" or "HEI Authorizer" shall mean the board of trustees of a community college under 12 the jurisdiction of the State Board of Community Colleges or the board of trustees of a constituent 13 14 institution of The University of North Carolina designated as participating in the NC Promise Tuition Plan pursuant to G.S. 116-143.11. 15 North Carolina Charter Schools Advisory Board. – 16 (b) 17 Powers and duties. – The Advisory Board shall have the following duties: 18 (10)19 To make recommendations to the State Board of Education on the a. 20 adoption of rules regarding all aspects of charter school operation, 21 including time lines, standards, and criteria for acceptance and 22 approval of applications, monitoring of charter schools, and grounds 23 for revocation of charters. 24 b. To review applications and make recommendations to the State Board 25 for final approval of charter applications. The Advisory Board shall 26 not review applications submitted to an HEI Authorizer pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.4. 27 28 To make recommendations to the State Board on actions regarding a c. 29 charter school, including renewals of charters, nonrenewals of 30 charters, and revocations of charters. 31 To undertake any other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the d. 32 State Board. 33 Duties of the chair of the Advisory Board. – In addition to any other duties (11)34 prescribed in this Article, the chair of the Advisory Board, or the chair's 35 designee, shall advocate for the recommendations of the Advisory Board at 36 meetings of the State Board upon the request of the State Board. North Carolina Office of Charter Schools. – 37 (c) 38 39 (3) Powers and duties. – The Office of Charter Schools shall have the following 40 powers and duties: 41 Serve as staff to the Advisory Board and fulfill any task and duties a. 42 assigned to it by the Advisory Board. Provide technical assistance and guidance to charter schools operating 43 b. 44 within the State. 45 Provide technical assistance and guidance to nonprofit corporations c. 46 seeking to operate charter schools within the State. 47 Provide or arrange for training for charter schools that have received d. 48 preliminary approval from an HEI Authorizer or the State Board. Assist approved charter schools and charter schools seeking approval 49 e. 50 from an HEI Authorizer or the State Board in coordinating services with the Department of Public Instruction.

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- e1. Assist certain charter schools seeking to participate in the NC prekindergarten program in accordance with G.S. 115C-218.115.
- f. Other duties as assigned by the State Board.
- (4) Agency cooperation. All State agencies and departments shall cooperate with the Office of Charter Schools in carrying out its powers and duties as necessary in accordance with this Article.

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# "§ 115C-218.2. Opportunity to correct applications; opportunity to address Advisory Board.

- (a) The Except as provided in G.S. 115C-218.4, the State Board of Education and the Advisory Board shall provide timely notification to an applicant of any format issues or incomplete information in the initial application and provide the applicant at least five business days to correct those issues in the initial application. If the applicant submits the corrections within the five business days, equal consideration shall be given to that application.
- (b) Before taking action regarding a charter school or charter school applicant, applicant that applies to the State Board pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.5, including recommendations on preliminary or final approval of charter applications, renewals of charters, nonrenewals of charters, and revocations of charters, the Advisory Board or a committee of the Advisory Board shall provide an opportunity for the applicant or charter board member to address the Advisory Board or its committee, if present, at a meeting.

# "§ 115C-218.3. Fast-track replication of high-quality charter schools.

Upon recommendations by the Office of Charter Schools and the Charter Schools Advisory Board, the State Board of Education shall adopt a process and rules for fast-track replication of high-quality charter schools currently operating in the State. State, including a charter school authorized by a Higher Education Institution Authorizer and approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.4. The State Board of Education shall not require a planning year for applicants selected through the fast-track replication process. In addition to the requirements for charter applicants set forth in this Article, the fast-track replication process adopted by the State Board of Education shall, at a minimum, require a board of directors of a charter school to demonstrate one of the following in order to qualify for fast-track replication:

- (1) A charter school in this State governed by the board of directors has student academic outcomes that are comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is located and can provide three years of financially sound audits.
- (2) The board of directors agrees to contract with an education management organization or charter management organization that can demonstrate that it can replicate high-quality charter schools in the State that have proven student academic success and financial soundness.

The State Board of Education shall ensure that the rules for a fast-track replication process provide that decisions by <u>an HEI Authorizer or</u> the State Board of Education on whether to grant a charter through the replication process are completed in less than 120 days from the application submission date. The State Board shall provide a decision <u>on a charter school</u> authorized by an HEI Authorizer pursuant to G.S 115C-218.4 or a charter school approved by the State Board pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.5 no later than October 15 of the year immediately

preceding the year of the proposed school opening.

# "§ 115C-218.4. Application to a Higher Education Institution Authorizer for a charter school.

(a) An applicant for a charter school may submit an application that meets the requirements of G.S. 115C-218.1 to a Higher Education Institution Authorizer. If the applicant for a charter school submits the application to an HEI Authorizer, the application shall include how the HEI Authorizer shall be involved in the planning, operation, or evaluation of the charter

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 school. The HEI Authorizer shall provide timely notification to an applicant of any format issues or incomplete information in the initial application and provide the applicant at least five business days to correct those issues in the initial application. The HEI Authorizer may authorize a charter school if it finds the following:

- (1) The application meets the requirements set out in this Article and such other requirements as may be adopted by the State Board of Education.
- (2) The applicant has the ability to operate the school and would be likely to operate the school in an educationally and economically sound manner.
- (3) Authorizing the application would achieve one or more of the purposes set out in G.S. 115C-218.
- (b) An HEI Authorizer shall make a final decision on the authorization or denial of an application by August 15 in the year immediately preceding the year in which the charter school proposes to begin operation. An HEI Authorizer that authorizes a charter school shall enter into a written agreement with the charter school incorporating the information provided in the application and any terms and conditions of the HEI Authorizer imposed on the charter school as a condition of authorization. Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-218.100 and G.S. 115C-218.105(b), State funds available to an HEI Authorizer may be used to support the charter school as long as the written agreement with the charter school contains provisions ensuring the return of any assets to the HEI Authorizer to the extent they were purchased with those State funds upon dissolution of the charter school.
- (c) The HEI Authorizer shall file a copy of the application and the written agreement with the charter school with the Office of Charter Schools. Upon receipt of the application and the written agreement with the charter school and upon recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Board of Education shall approve the operation of the charter school for a period not to exceed 10 years. Except as otherwise specified in this Article for a charter school authorized by an HEI Authorizer, a charter school approved pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the same requirements of a charter school approved pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.5.
- (d) <u>Termination</u>, nonrenewal, or assumption of a charter school authorized by an HEI Authorizer pursuant to this section shall not be initiated by the State Board until the State Board has consulted with the HEI Authorizer in accordance with G.S. 115C-218.95(b2).

# "§ 115C-218.5. Final approval of applications to the State Board of Education for charter schools.

- (a) The Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 115C-218.4, the State Board may grant final approval of an application for a charter school if it finds the following:
  - (1) The application meets the requirements set out in this Article and such other requirements as may be adopted by the State Board of Education.
  - (2) The applicant has the ability to operate the school and would be likely to operate the school in an educationally and economically sound manner.
  - (3) Granting the application would achieve one or more of the purposes set out in G.S. 115C-218.

In reviewing applications for the establishment of charter schools within a local school administrative unit, the State Board is encouraged to give preference to applications that demonstrate the capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to students identified by the applicants as at risk of academic failure.

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#### "§ 115C-218.6. Review and renewal of charters.

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(b) The State Board of Education shall renew a charter upon the request of the chartering entity <u>or a Higher Education Authorizer</u> for subsequent periods of 10 years, unless one of the following applies:

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- (1) The charter school has not provided financially sound audits for the immediately preceding three years.
- (2) The percent of students who scored at or above proficient for all end-of-grade and end-of-course tests taken in the previous school year, as required by G.S. 115C-174.11(c)(1), is at least five percentage points lower in the charter school than in the local school administrative unit where the charter school is located.
- (3) The charter school is not, at the time of the request for renewal of the charter, substantially in compliance with State law, federal law, the school's own bylaws, or the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State Board of Education.

 If one of the conditions set forth in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection applies, then the State Board may renew the charter for a period of less than 10 years or not renew the charter.

#### "§ 115C-218.7. Material revisions of charters.

(a) A material revision of the provisions of a charter shall be made only upon the approval of the State Board of Education. A Higher Education Institution Authorizer shall submit a material revision of the provisions of a charter authorized pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.4 consistent with the provisions of this section for State Board approval.

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## "§ 115C-218.15. Charter school operation.

(a) A charter school that is approved by the State shall be a public school within the local school administrative unit in which it is located. All charter schools shall be accountable to the State Board <u>and</u>, if <u>applicable</u>, a <u>Higher Education Institution Authorizer</u>, for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and the provisions of their charters.

(c) A-Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 115C-218.4, a charter school shall operate under the written charter signed by the State Board and the applicant. A charter school is not required to enter into any other contract. The charter shall incorporate the information provided in the application, as modified during the charter approval process, and any terms and conditions imposed on the charter school by the State Board of Education. No other terms may be imposed on the charter school as a condition for receipt of local funds.

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# "§ 115C-218.20. Civil liability and insurance requirements.

(a) The board of directors of a charter school may sue and be sued. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to establish reasonable amounts and types of liability insurance that the board of directors shall be required by the charter to obtain. The board of directors shall obtain at least the amount of and types of insurance required by these rules to be included in the charter. Any sovereign immunity of the charter school, of the organization that operates the charter school, or its members, officers, or directors, or of the employees of the charter school or the organization that operates the charter school, is waived to the extent of indemnification by insurance.

(b) No civil liability shall attach to the State Board of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, <u>a Higher Education Institution Authorizer</u>, or to any of their members or employees, individually or collectively, for any acts or omissions of the charter school.

# "§ 115C-218.45. Admission requirements.

(g1) If a procedure for a weighted lottery reflecting the mission of the school has been authorized by a Higher Education Institution Authorizer or approved by the State Board as part

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of the charter, and a lottery is needed under subsection (h) of this section, the lottery shall be conducted according to the procedure in the charter.

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# "§ 115C-218.90. Employment requirements.

(b) Criminal History Checks. –

There shall be no liability for negligence on the part of the State Board of Education-Education, Higher Education Institution Authorizer, or the board of directors of the charter school, or their employees, arising from any act taken or omission by any of them in carrying out the provisions of this subsection. The immunity established by this subsection shall not extend to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that would otherwise be actionable. The immunity established by this subsection shall be deemed to have been waived to the extent of indemnification by insurance, indemnification under Articles 31A and 31B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, and to the extent sovereign immunity is waived under the Tort Claims Act, as set forth in Article 31 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.

. . .

#### "§ 115C-218.95. Causes for nonrenewal or termination; disputes.

...

(b2) Termination, nonrenewal, or assumption of a charter school authorized by a Higher Education Institution Authorizer pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.4 shall not be initiated by the State Board pursuant to this section until the State Board has consulted with the HEI Authorizer. The State Board may enter into an agreement with an HEI Authorizer and the charter school to provide an opportunity for the HEI Authorizer and the charter school to address concerns that could lead to termination, nonrenewal, or assumption of the charter school by another entity pursuant to this section.

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#### **SECTION 7.2.** G.S. 14-33(c)(6)b. reads as rewritten:

"b. "Employee" or "volunteer" means:

- 1. An employee of a local board of education; or a charter school authorized under <u>G.S. 115C-218.4</u> or <u>G.S. 115C-218.5</u>, or a nonpublic school which has filed intent to operate under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes;
- 2. An independent contractor or an employee of an independent contractor of a local board of education, charter school authorized under <u>G.S. 115C-218.4</u> or <u>G.S. 115C-218.5</u>, or a nonpublic school which has filed intent to operate under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, if the independent contractor carries out duties customarily performed by employees of the school; and
- 3. An adult who volunteers his or her services or presence at any school activity and is under the supervision of an individual listed in sub-sub-subdivision 1. or 2. of this sub-subdivision."

## **SECTION 7.3.** G.S. 14-458(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The following definitions apply in this section:
  - (1) School employee. The term means any of the following:
    - a. An employee of a local board of education, a charter school authorized under <u>G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5</u>, a regional school created under <u>G.S. 115C-238.62</u>, a laboratory school created under

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G.S. 116-239.7, or a nonpublic school which has filed intent to operate under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes.

- An independent contractor or an employee of an independent b. contractor of a local board of education, a charter school authorized under G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5, a regional school created under G.S. 115C-238.62, a laboratory school created under G.S. 116-239.7, or a nonpublic school which has filed intent to operate under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, if the independent contractor carries out duties customarily performed by employees of the school.
- Student. A person who has been assigned to a school by a local board of (2) education as provided in G.S. 115C-366 or has enrolled in a charter school authorized under G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5, a regional school created under G.S. 115C-238.62, a laboratory school created under G.S. 116-239.7, or a nonpublic school which has filed intent to operate under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, or a person who has been suspended or expelled from any of those schools within the last year."

#### **SECTION 7.4.** G.S. 20-84(b)(3a) reads as rewritten:

A motor vehicle that is owned and exclusively operated by a nonprofit corporation authorized under G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5 to operate a charter school and identified by a permanent decal or painted marking disclosing the name of the nonprofit corporation. The motor vehicle shall only be used for student transportation and official charter school related activities."

## **SECTION 7.5.** G.S. 105-228.90(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

Charter school. - A nonprofit corporation that has a charter under "(1)G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5 to operate a charter school."

#### **SECTION 7.6.** G.S. 115C-533 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 115C-533. Duty of State Board to operate insurance system.

The State Board of Education shall have the duty to manage and operate a system of insurance for public school property. The State Board may offer a system of property insurance to any charter schools approved pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5."

#### **SECTION 7.7.** G.S. 135-5.3(b1) reads as rewritten:

The board of directors of a charter school operated by a private nonprofit corporation and that has received State Board of Education approval under G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5 may elect to become a participating employer in the Retirement System in accordance with this Article."

# **SECTION 7.8.** G.S. 136-18(29a) reads as rewritten:

"(29a) To coordinate with all public and private entities planning schools to provide written recommendations and evaluations of driveway access and traffic operational and safety impacts on the State highway system resulting from the development of the proposed sites. All public and private entities shall, upon acquiring land for a new school or prior to beginning construction of a new school, relocating a school, or expanding an existing school, request from the Department a written evaluation and written recommendations to ensure that all proposed access points comply with the criteria in the current North Carolina Department of Transportation "Policy on Street and Driveway Access". The Department shall provide the written evaluation and recommendations within a reasonable time, which shall not exceed 60 days.

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project design under this subdivision. To facilitate completion of the evaluation and recommendations within the required 60 days, in lieu of the evaluation by the Department, schools may engage an independent traffic engineer prequalified by the Department. The resulting evaluation and recommendations from the independent traffic engineer shall also fulfill any similar requirements imposed by a unit of local government. This subdivision shall not be construed to require the public or private entities planning schools to meet the recommendations made by the Department or the independent traffic engineer, except those highway improvements that are required for safe ingress and egress to the State highway system, pursuant to subdivision (29) of this section, and that are physically connected to a driveway on the school property. The total cost of any improvements to the State highway system provided by a school pursuant to this subdivision, including those improvements pursuant to subdivision (29) of this section, shall be reimbursed by the Department. Any agreement between a school and the Department to make improvements to the State highway system shall not include a requirement for acquisition of right-of-way by the school, unless the school is owned by an entity that has eminent domain power. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude the Department from entering into an agreement with the school whereby the school installs the agreed upon improvements and the Department provides full reimbursement for the associated costs incurred by the school, including design fees and any costs of right-of-way or easements. The term "school," as used in this subdivision, means any facility engaged in the educational instruction of children in any grade or combination of grades from kindergarten through the twelfth grade at which attendance satisfies the compulsory attendance law and includes charter schools authorized under G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5. The term "improvements," as used in this subdivision, refers to all facilities within the right-of-way required to be installed to satisfy the road cross-section requirements depicted upon the approved plans. These facilities shall include roadway construction, including pavement installation and medians; ditches and shoulders; storm drainage pipes, culverts, and related appurtenances; and, where required, curb and gutter; signals, including pedestrian safety signals; street lights; sidewalks; and design fees. Improvements shall not include any costs for public utilities." **SECTION 7.9.** G.S. 160A-307.1 reads as rewritten:

This subdivision applies to improvements that are not located on the school

property. The Department shall have the power to grant final approval of any

# "§ 160A-307.1. Limitation on city requirements for street improvements related to schools.

A city may only require street improvements related to schools that are required for safe ingress and egress to the municipal street system and that are physically connected to a driveway on the school site. The required improvements shall not exceed those required pursuant to G.S. 136-18(29). G.S. 160A-307 shall not apply to schools. A city may only require street improvements related to schools as provided in G.S. 160A-372. The cost of any improvements to the municipal street system pursuant to this section shall be reimbursed by the city. Any agreement between a school and a city to make improvements to the municipal street system shall not include a requirement for acquisition of right-of-way by the school, unless the school is owned by an entity that has eminent domain power. Any right-of-way costs incurred by a school for required improvements pursuant to this section shall be reimbursed by the city. Notwithstanding any provision of this Chapter to the contrary, a city may not condition the approval of any zoning, rezoning, or permit request on the waiver or reduction of any provision

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of this section. The term "school," as used in this section, means any facility engaged in the educational instruction of children in any grade or combination of grades from kindergarten through the twelfth grade at which attendance satisfies the compulsory attendance law and includes charter schools authorized under <u>G.S. 115C-218.4 or G.S. 115C-218.5.</u>"

**SECTION 7.10.** This Part applies to applications submitted to establish a charter school on or after the date this act becomes law.

# PART VIII. REMOVE THE CAP ON ENROLLMENT GROWTH OF VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOLS PARTICIPATING IN THE VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL PILOT PROGRAM

**SECTION 8.1.** Section 8.35(b) of S.L. 2014-100, as amended by Section 7.13 of S.L. 2018-5, reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 8.35.(b) The virtual charter schools participating in the pilot program authorized by this section shall be subject to the statutes and rules applicable to charter schools pursuant to Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, except as follows:

- (1) The maximum student enrollment in any participating school shall be no greater than 1,500 in its first year of operation and may increase <u>annually</u> by twenty percent (20%) for each participating <u>school up to a maximum student enrollment of 2,592 in the fourth year of the pilot. school. The State Board of Education may <u>waive increase</u> this maximum student enrollment threshold, beginning in the fourth year of the school's operation, if the State Board determines that doing so would be in the best interest of North Carolina students.</u>
- (2) The maximum overall ratio of teachers to students for kindergarten through eighth grade shall be 1:50, and for ninth through twelfth grade shall be 1:150.
- (3) A student who regularly fails to participate in courses may be withdrawn from enrollment pursuant to procedures adopted by the virtual charter school. The procedures adopted by the virtual charter school shall ensure that (i) fair notice is provided to the parent and student and (ii) an opportunity is provided, prior to withdrawal of the student by the school, for the student and parent to demonstrate that failure to participate in courses is due to a lawful absence recognized under Part I of Article 26 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes and any applicable rules adopted by the State Board of Education."

**SECTION 8.2.** This Part applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

#### PART IX. EFFECTIVE DATE

**SECTION 9.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.

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