GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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SENATE BILL 199

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Short Title: Child Sex Abuse/Strengthen Laws. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 7, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROTECT CHILDREN FROM SEXUAL ABUSE BY INCREASING PROSECUTORIAL OPTIONS FOR DELAYED REPORTS OF CHILD ABUSE, TO EXPAND THE DUTY TO REPORT CHILD ABUSE, AND TO PROTECT CHILDREN FROM ONLINE PREDATORS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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PART I. TITLE

SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Sexual Assault Fast Reporting and Enforcement (Safe Child) Act of 2019."

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PART II. EXPAND DUTY TO REPORT CRIMES AGAINST JUVENILES

SECTION 2.(a) Article 39 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 14-318.6. Failure to report crimes against juveniles; penalty.

- (a) Definitions. As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - <u>(1)</u> <u>Juvenile. As defined in G.S. 7B-101. For the purposes of this section, the age of the juvenile at the time of the abuse or offense governs.</u>
 - (2) Serious bodily injury. As defined in G.S. 14-318.4(d).
 - (3) Serious physical injury. As defined in G.S. 14-318.4(d).
 - (4) Sexually violent offense. An offense committed against a juvenile that is a sexually violent offense as defined in G.S. 14-208.6(5). This term also includes the following: an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.
 - Violent offense. —Any offense that inflicts upon the juvenile serious bodily injury or serious physical injury by other than accidental means. This term also includes the following: an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.
- (b) Requirement. Any person 18 years of age or older who knows or should have reasonably known that a juvenile has been or is the victim of a violent offense, sexual offense, or misdemeanor child abuse under G.S. 14-318.2 shall immediately report the case of that juvenile to the appropriate local law enforcement agency in the county where the juvenile resides or is found. The report may be made orally or by telephone. The report shall include information



as is known to the person making it, including the name, address, and age of the juvenile; the name and address of the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker; the name, address, and age of the person who committed the offense against the juvenile; the location where the offense was committed; the names and ages of other juveniles present or in danger; the present whereabouts of the juvenile, if not at the home address; the nature and extent of any injury or condition resulting from the offense or abuse; and any other information which the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the need for law enforcement involvement. The person making the report shall give their name, address, and telephone number.

- (c) Penalty. Any person 18 years of age or older, who knows or should have reasonably known that a juvenile was the victim of a violent offense, sexual offense, or misdemeanor child abuse under G.S. 14-318.2, and knowingly or willfully fails to report as required by subsection (b) of this section, or who knowingly or willfully prevents another person from reporting as required by subsection (b) of this section, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
- (d) Construction. Nothing in this section shall be construed as relieving a person subject to the requirement set forth in subsection (b) of this section from any other duty to report required by law.
- (e) Protection. The identity of a person making a report pursuant to this section must be protected and only revealed as provided in G.S. 132-1.4(c)(4).
- (f) Good-Faith Immunity. A person who makes a report in good faith under this Article, cooperates with law enforcement in an investigation, or testifies in any judicial proceeding resulting from a law enforcement report or investigation is immune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for that action, provided that person was acting in good faith.
- If any law enforcement officer, as the result of a report, finds evidence that a juvenile may be abused, neglected, or dependent as defined in G.S. 7B-101, the law enforcement officer shall make an oral report as soon as practicable and make a subsequent written report of the findings to the director of the department of social services within 48 hours after discovery of the evidence. When a report of abuse, neglect, or dependency is received, the director of the department of social services shall make a prompt and thorough assessment, in accordance with G.S. 7B-302, to determine whether protective services should be provided or the complaint filed as a petition.
- (h) Nothing in this section shall be construed as to require a person with a privilege under G.S. 8-53.3, 8-53.7, 8-53.8, or 8-53.12 or with attorney-client privilege to report pursuant to this section if that privilege would prevent them from doing so."

PART III. EXPANDING THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR MISDEMEANOR CRIMES INVOLVING ABUSE AGAINST CHILDREN

SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 15-1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15-1. Statute of limitations for misdemeanors.

- (a) The crimes of deceit and malicious mischief, and the crime of petit larceny where the value of the property does not exceed five dollars (\$5.00), and all misdemeanors except malicious misdemeanors, shall be charged within two years after the commission of the same, and not afterwards: Provided, that if any pleading shall be defective, so that no judgment can be given thereon, another prosecution may be instituted for the same offense, within one year after the first shall have been abandoned by the State.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the following misdemeanors shall be charged within 10 years of the commission of the crime:
 - (1) G.S. 7B-301(b).
 - (2) G.S. 14-27.33.
 - (3) G.S. 14-202.2.

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General Assembly Of North Carolina 1 (4) G.S. 14-318.2. 2 (5) G.S. 14-318.6." 3 4 PART IV. PROTECTING CHILDREN ONLINE FROM HIGH-RISK SEX OFFENDERS 5 **SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 14-202.5 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 14-202.5. Ban use of commercial social networking Web sites by sex offenders. Ban online 7 conduct by high-risk sex offenders that endangers children. 8 Offense. – It is unlawful for a high-risk sex offender who is registered in accordance 9 with Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes to access a commercial social networking Web site where the sex offender knows that the site permits minor children to become members 10 11 or to create or maintain personal Web pages on the commercial social networking Web site. to do 12 any of the following online: 13 To communicate with a person that the offender believes is under 16 years of (1) 14 age. 15 (2) To contact a person that the offender believes is under 16 years of age. To pose falsely as a person under 16 years of age with the intent to commit an 16 (3) 17 unlawful sex act with a person the offender believes is under 16 years of age. To use a Web site to gather information about a person that the offender 18 <u>(4)</u> 19 believes is under 16 years of age. 20 **(5)** To use a commercial social networking Web site in violation of a policy, 21 posted in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of users, 22 prohibiting convicted sex offenders from using the site. 23 Definition of Commercial Social Networking Web Site. – For the purposes of this 24 section, a "commercial social networking Web site" is an includes any Web site, application, 25 portal, or other means of accessing the Internet Web site that meets all of the following 26 requirements: 27 Is operated by a person who derives revenue from membership fees, (1) 28 advertising, or other sources related to the operation of the Web site. 29 Facilitates the social introduction between two or more persons for the (2)30 purposes of friendship, meeting other persons, or information exchanges. Allows users to create personal Web pages or personal profiles that contain 31 (3) 32 information such as the user's name or nickname of the user, nickname, 33 photographs placed on the personal Web page by the user, of the user, and 34 other personal information about the user, and links to other personal Web 35 pages on the commercial social networking Web site of friends or associates 36 of the user that may be accessed by other users or visitors to the Web 37 site.information. 38 Provides users or visitors to the commercial social networking Web site (4) 39 mechanisms a mechanism to communicate with other users, others, such as a 40 message board, chat room, electronic mail, or instant messenger. Exclusions from Commercial Social Networking Web Site Definition. - A 41 42 commercial social networking Web site does not include an Internet a Web site that either: meets either of the following requirements: 43 44 Provides only one of the following discrete services: photo-sharing, electronic (1)mail, instant messenger, or chat room or message board platform; or 45 Has as its primary purpose the facilitation of commercial transactions 46 (2) 47 involving goods or services between its members or visitors.transactions, the 48 dissemination of news, the discussion of political or social issues, or 49 professional networking.

entity.

Is a Web site owned or operated by a local, State, or federal governmental

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- (c1) <u>Definition of High-Risk Sex Offender.</u> For purposes of this section, the term <u>"high-risk sex offender" means any person registered in accordance with Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes that meets any of the following requirements:</u>
 - (1) Was convicted of an aggravated offense, as that term is defined in G.S. 14-208.6, against a person under 18 years of age.
 - (2) <u>Is a recidivist, as that term is defined in G.S. 14-208.6, and one offense is against a person under 18 years of age.</u>
 - (3) Was convicted of an offense against a minor, as that term is defined in G.S. 14-208.6.
 - (4) Was convicted of a sexually violent offense, as that term is defined in G.S. 14-208.6, against a person under 18 years of age.
 - (5) Was found by a court to be a sexually violent predator, as that term is defined in G.S. 14-208.6, based on a conviction of a sexually violent offense committed against a minor.
- (d) Jurisdiction. The offense is committed in the State for purposes of determining jurisdiction, if the transmission that constitutes the offense either originates in the State or is received in the State.
 - (e) Punishment. A violation of this section is a Class $\frac{1}{4}$ felony.
- (f) Severability. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this section that can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and, to this end, the provisions of this section are severable."

SECTION 4.(b) G.S. 14-202.5A reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-202.5A. Liability of commercial social networking sites.

- (a) A commercial social networking site, as defined in G.S. 14-202.5, that complies with G.S. 14-208.15A or makes other reasonable efforts to prevent a <a href="https://high.night.night.night.night-night-night.night.night.night-
- (b) For the purposes of this section, "access" is defined as allowing the sex offender to do any of the activities or actions described in G.S. 14-202.5(b)(2) through G.S. 14-202.5(b)(4) by utilizing the Web site."

PART V. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE/SAVINGS CLAUSE/EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 5.(a) If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and, to this end, the provisions of this act are severable.

SECTION 5.(b) Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.

SECTION 5.(c) Parts I, II, III, and IV of this act become effective December 1, 2019, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.

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