GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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HOUSE BILL 1008 Committee Substitute Favorable 8/28/19 **PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1008-PCS10714-TMf-28**

Short Title: Real Property Donation Tax Credit. (Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

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April 29, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT TO INCENTIVIZE BUFFERING OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS FROM 3 INCOMPATIBLE DEVELOPMENT THROUGH THE USE OF TIME-LIMITED TAX 4 CREDITS.
- 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6 SECTION 1. G.S. 105-130.34 is reenacted as it existed immediately before its 7 expiration and reads as rewritten:

8 "§ 105-130.34. Credit for certain real property donations.

9 Credit. - Any C Corporation that makes a qualified donation of an interest in real (a) property located in North Carolina during the taxable year that is useful for (i) public beach access 10 or use, (ii) public access to public waters or trails, (iii) fish and wildlife conservation, (iv) 11 forestland or farmland conservation, (v) watershed protection, (vi) conservation of natural areas 12 as that term is defined in G.S. 113A-164.3(3), (vii) conservation of natural or scenic river areas 13 as those terms are used in G.S. 113A-34, (viii) conservation of predominantly natural parkland, 14 15 or (ix) historic landscape conservation as a buffer to limit land-use activities that would restrict, impede, or interfere with military training, testing, or operations on a military installation or 16 training area or otherwise be incompatible with the mission of the installation is allowed a credit 17 against the tax imposed by this Part equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the fair market value 18 19 of the donated property interest. To be eligible for this credit, the interest in real property must be donated in perpetuity for one of the qualifying uses listed in this subsection and accepted in 20 perpetuity for the qualifying use for which the property is donated. The person to whom the 21 22 property is donated must be the State, a local government, or a body that is both organized to 23 receive and administer lands for conservation purposes and qualified to receive charitable 24 contributions pursuant to G.S. 105-130.9. Lands required to be dedicated pursuant to local 25 governmental regulation or ordinance and dedications made to increase building density levels 26 permitted under a regulation or ordinance are not eligible for this credit.

27 The credit allowed under this section for one or more qualified donations made in a taxable year may not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). To support the credit allowed by 28 29 this section, the taxpayer must file with the income tax return for the taxable year in which the 30 credit is claimed the following:

- 31 A certification by the Department of Environment and Natural and Cultural (1)Resources that the property donated is suitable for one or more of the valid 32 33
 - public benefits set forth in this subsection.
- 34 A self-contained appraisal report or summary appraisal report as defined in (2)Standards Rule 2-2 in the latest edition of the Uniform Standards of 35



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1	Professional Appraisal Practice as promulgated by the A	ppraisal Foundation
2	for the property. For fee simple absolute donations of real	
3	may submit documentation of the county's appraised v	alue of the donated
4 5	property, as adjusted by the sales assessment ratio, in report.	lieu of an appraisal
6	(b) <u>Limitation.</u> The credit allowed by this section may not excee	d the amount of tax
7 8	imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all cred payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer.	
8 9	(c) <u>Carryforward. –</u> Any unused portion of this credit may be carried	forward for the next
10	succeeding five years.	IOI ward IOI the heat
10	(d) <u>No Double Benefit. –</u> That portion of a qualifying donation that is	the basis for a credit
12	allowed under this section is not eligible for deduction as a charitable	
13	G.S. 105-130.9."	
14	SECTION 2. G.S. 105-151.12 is reenacted as it existed imm	mediately before its
15	expiration, is recodified as G.S. 105-153.11, and reads as rewritten:	
16	"§ 105-153.11. Credit for certain real property donations.	
17	(a) <u>Credit. – An individual or pass-through entity that makes a qual</u>	
18	interest in real property located in North Carolina during the taxable year	
19	public beach access or use, (ii) public access to public waters or trails, (i	
20	conservation, (iv) forestland or farmland conservation, (v) watership conservation of network energy is defined in C S 112A 164 2(2)	1
21 22	conservation of natural areas as that term is defined in G.S. 113A-164.3(3), natural or scenic river areas as those terms are used in G.S. 113A-34, (v	
22	predominantly natural parkland, or (ix) historic landscape conservation	,
23 24	land-use activities that would restrict, impede, or interfere with military	
24 25	operations on a military installation or training area or otherwise be ind	
25 26	mission of the installation is allowed a credit against the tax imposed b	-
20 27	twenty-five percent (25%) of the fair market value of the donated property in	
28	for this credit, the interest in property must be donated in perpetuity for o	-
29	uses listed in this subsection and accepted in perpetuity for the qualifying	g use for which the
30	property is donated. The person to whom the property is donated must be	
31	government, or a body that is both organized to receive and administer lan	
32	purposes and qualified to receive charitable contributions under the Code. I	-
33	dedicated pursuant to local governmental regulation or ordinance and c	
34	increase building density levels permitted under a regulation or ordinance are	e not eligible for this
35	credit.	• •
36	To support the credit allowed by this section, the taxpayer must file with t	he income tax return
37	for the taxable year in which the credit is claimed the following:	Nature 1 and Calternal
38	(1) A certification by the Department of Environment and I Becourses that the property depated is suitable for one	
39 40	Resources that the property donated is suitable for one of multiplication where the property donated is suitable for one of the subsection.	
40 41	public benefits set forth in this subsection. The certification mode by a page through antity must be filed.	-
41 42	donation made by a pass-through entity must be filed entity.	by the pass-through
42 43	(2) A self-contained or summary appraisal report as define	d in Standards Pula
44	2-2 in the latest edition of the Uniform Standards of Pro-	
45	Practice as promulgated by the Appraisal Foundation for	
46	simple absolute donations of real property, a tax	
47	documentation of the county's appraised value of the c	
48	adjusted by the sales assessment ratio, in lieu of an appra	
49	(a1) Individuals. – The aggregate amount of credit allowed to an inc	-
50	year under this section for one or more qualified donations made during the ta	
51	made directly or indirectly as owner of a pass-through entity, may not exceed	•
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thousand dollars (\$250,000). In the case of property owned by a married couple, if both spouses are required to file North Carolina income tax returns, the credit allowed by this section may be claimed only if the spouses file a joint return. The aggregate amount of credit allowed to a husband and wife filing a joint tax return may not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). If only one spouse is required to file a North Carolina income tax return, that spouse may claim the credit allowed by this section on a separate return.

7 Pass-Through Entities. – The aggregate amount of credit allowed to a pass-through (a2) 8 entity in a taxable year under this section for one or more qualified donations made during the 9 taxable year, whether made directly or indirectly as owner of another pass-through entity, may 10 not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). Each individual who is an owner of a 11 pass-through entity is allowed as a credit an amount equal to the owner's allocated share of the 12 credit to which the pass-through entity is eligible under this subsection, not to exceed two 13 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). Each corporation that is an owner of a pass-through 14 entity is allowed as a credit an amount equal to the owner's allocated share of the credit to which 15 the pass-through entity is eligible under this subsection, not to exceed five hundred thousand 16 dollars (\$500,000). If an owner's share of the pass-through entity's credit is limited due to the 17 maximum allowable credit under this section for a taxable year, the pass-through entity and its 18 owners may not reallocate the unused credit among the other owners.

19 (b) <u>Limitation. – The credit allowed by this section may not exceed the amount of tax</u> 20 imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowed, except 21 payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer.

(c) <u>Carryforward. –</u> Any unused portion of this credit may be carried forward for the next
 succeeding five years.

24 (d) <u>No Double Benefit. – That portion of a qualifying donation that is the basis for a credit</u>
 25 <u>allowed under this section is not eligible for deduction as a charitable contribution under</u>
 26 <u>G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2).</u>

(e) In the case of marshland for which a claim has been filed pursuant to G.S. 113-205,
the offer of donation must be made before December 31, 2003 to qualify for the credit allowed
by this section.

30 (f) Repealed by Session Laws 2007-309, s. 2, effective for taxable years beginning on or
 31 after January 1, 2007."

32 SECTION 3. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
 33 2020, and expires for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024.