## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

FILED SENATE
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S.B. 161
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## SENATE BILL DRS15067-MG-47A

Short Title:	Enact the North Carolina Caregivers Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Krawiec, Bishop, and Hise (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT ENACTING THE NORTH CAROLINA CAREGIVERS ACT.		
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
	ECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as "The North O	arolina
Caregivers A	•	zaromia
U	ECTION 2. Article 5 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is amended by	adding
a new section to read:		
"§ 131E-79.5. Designation of caregiver.		
	efinitions. – As used in this section, the following definitions apply:	
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$		fter the
<del></del>	patient's discharge from a hospital, including assistance with basic a	
	of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, or carrying out	
	or nursing tasks, such as managing wound care, assisting in the admini	
	of medications, and operating medical equipment.	
<u>(2</u> )		t's legal
	guardian as a caregiver pursuant to subsection (b) of this section a	nd who
	provides aftercare assistance to a patient living in the patient's residen	ce.
<u>(3</u> )	Discharge A patient's exit or release from a hospital to the p	<u>patient's</u>
	residence following an inpatient admission.	
<u>(4)</u>	Residence. – A dwelling that the patient considers to be home. The ter	rm does
	not include any rehabilitation facility, hospital, nursing home, assiste	<u>d living</u>
	facility, or group home licensed in this State.	
	pportunity to Designate Caregiver. – Each hospital licensed under this Artic	
	patient or, if applicable, the patient's legal guardian with at least one opport	
-	least one caregiver as soon as possible following the patient's admission	
	prior to the patient's discharge or transfer to another facility. If the patien	
patient's lega	al guardian declines to designate a caregiver, the hospital shall docume	ent this
	he patient's medical record. If the patient or the patient's legal guardian e	elects to
designate a ca	aregiver, all of the following apply:	
<u>(1)</u>		
	legal guardian to release medical information to the patient's des	_
	caregiver in a manner that complies with the hospital's established pro	
	for releasing personal health information and any applicable State and	federal
	<u>laws.</u>	
<u>(2)</u>		
	medical information to the patient's designated caregiver, the hospital	al is not



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required to provide to the designated caregiver the notice required by subsection (c) of this section or the instructions described in subsection (d) of this section.

 (3) The hospital shall record in the patient's medical record the designated caregiver's name and contact information along with the relationship of the designated caregiver to the patient.

 (4) A patient or the patient's legal guardian may elect to change a designated caregiver at any time, and the hospital shall record this change in the patient's medical record as soon as possible after the patient elects to make a change.

A designation of a caregiver by a patient or a patient's legal guardian pursuant to this section does not obligate any individual to perform any aftercare tasks for any patient.

(c) <u>Hospital Notice to Designated Caregiver.</u> — A hospital shall make a good-faith effort to notify the patient's designated caregiver of the patient's discharge or transfer to another hospital or facility licensed in this State as soon as possible prior to discharge. If the hospital is unable to contact the designated caregiver, the hospital shall document its efforts in the patient's medical record. The lack of contact shall not interfere with, delay, or otherwise affect (i) the medical care provided by the hospital to the patient or (ii) an otherwise appropriate discharge of the patient.

(d) Hospital Instructions to Designated Caregiver. — As soon as possible prior to a patient's discharge from a hospital, the hospital shall consult with the patient along with the designated caregiver regarding the designated caregiver's capabilities and limitations and issue a discharge plan that describes a patient's aftercare needs at the patient's residence. During this consultation, the hospital shall provide the patient and the designated caregiver an opportunity for instruction in related aftercare tasks. Any instruction provided pursuant to this subsection shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

(e) Rules. – The Division of Health Service Regulation may adopt rules as necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including rules to further define the content and scope of any instruction provided to designated caregivers pursuant to this section.

(f) Noninterference With Advance Health Care Directives. – Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with the rights of an agent operating under a valid health care power of attorney or other valid advance health care directive.

(g) <u>Caregiver Designation Not Required. – Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a patient or a patient's legal guardian to designate any individual as a caregiver.</u>

 (h) <u>Limitation of Actions. – Nothing in this section shall be construed to do any of the following:</u>

 (1) Create a private right of action against a hospital, a hospital employee, or an individual with whom a hospital has a contractual relationship, or to otherwise supersede or replace existing rights or remedies under any other provision of law.

 (2) Make a hospital, hospital employee, or an individual with whom a hospital has a contractual relationship liable, in any way, for the services rendered or not rendered by a designated caregiver to the patient after the patient's discharge from the hospital."

**SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2020, and applies to hospital admissions occurring on and after that date.

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