Senator Gunn

moves to amend the bill on page 1, line 5, by deleting "(COVID-19)." and substituting

"(COVID-19) AND TO ALLOW CERTAIN EXISTING ESTABLISHMENTS TO OFFER
AND OPERATE OUTDOOR DINING AND BEVERAGE SERVICE OPTIONS.";

and on page 1, line 7, by deleting "SECTION 1." And substituting "SECTION 1.(a).";

and on page 2, line 35-38 by rewriting the lines to read:

"SECTION 1.(b). This section is effective when it becomes law and expires 30 days
after any declaration of emergency prohibitions and restrictions applicable expire or are
otherwise terminated to permit indoor or outdoor fitness and exercise facilities, gyms, health
clubs, and fitness centers to open for full unrestricted operations.

SECTION 2.(a). Notwithstanding any declaration of emergency issued under Article
1A of Chapter 166A of the General Statutes or any municipal or county ordinance adopted under
that Article related to the public health emergency created by COVID-19, any establishment that
prepares or serves food or drink, as defined in and regulated under Part 6 of Article 8 of Chapter
130A of the General Statutes, may open and operate its food and drink service for on-premises
consumption provided all the following apply:

(1) The establishment was in existence on March 10, 2020, is properly licensed
and permitted, and holds all necessary State and local regulatory permits,
including, if applicable, any necessary ABC permits.

(2) If the establishment holds ABC permits, the establishment is not any of the
following:

a. A private club as defined by G.S. 18B-1000.
b. A private bar as defined by G.S. 18B-1000.
c. A winery permitted pursuant to G.S. 18B-1101 or G.S. 18B-1102.
d. A distillery permitted pursuant to G.S. 18B-1105.

(3) The food and drink service operation for on-premises consumption is limited
to any authorized indoor seating and to the outdoor seating location. The
owner or owners of that outdoor seating location must have granted the
establishment permission to use the location for its food and drink service operation.

(4) The outdoor food and drink service seating capacity is limited to fifty percent (50%) of the current indoor seating capacity of the establishment, or 100 customers, whichever is less.

(5) The outdoor seating location is on the same parcel or is contiguous to or in close proximity to the underlying establishment and contains or has access to lavatory and toilet facilities for employees and customers as required for such establishments under rules established by the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.

(6) If the establishment holds ABC permits and serves alcohol pursuant to those permits, the outdoor seating location must have delineated vertical boundaries that the consumer would recognize as indicating the boundaries that physically separate areas where consumption of alcohol is allowed from areas open to the general public other than customers of the establishment.

(7) The establishment maintains and enforces the social distancing requirements recommended by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.

(8) The establishment complies with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Division of Public Health of the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services applicable to outdoor food and drink service.

(9) The outdoor seating location may include a covered patio or areas covered by tents, awnings, tarps, umbrellas, or other similar coverings. For purposes of this subdivision, "tent" shall mean a temporary structure, with or without side panels, constructed by draping or otherwise attaching sheets of fabric, plastic, or other material to a framework of poles or supports.

(10) The outdoor seating location may include areas on a public sidewalk if the local government allows through its ordinances or permitting process the use of public sidewalks for the service of and consumption of food or drink and the establishment obtains any necessary local government approval. Nothing in this act is intended to require a local government to approve the use of public sidewalks for the service of and consumption of food or drink.

(11) The outdoor seating location may include areas on a public street if the local government allows through its ordinances or permitting process the use of public streets during periods of temporary street closure for the service of and consumption of food or drink and the establishment obtains any necessary local government approval. Nothing in this act is intended to require a local government to temporarily close public streets for the service of and consumption of food or drink or to allow the service of and consumption of food or drink on public streets during a period of temporary closure.

SECTION 2.(b). Notwithstanding any declaration of emergency issued under Article 1A of Chapter 166A of the General Statutes or any municipal or county ordinance adopted under that Article related to the public health emergency created by COVID-19, any (i) private
club or private bar as defined by G.S. 18B-1000, (ii) winery permitted pursuant to G.S. 18B-1101 or G.S. 18B-1102, or (iii) distillery permitted pursuant to G.S. 18B-1105 may open and serve alcohol for on-premises consumption provided all the following apply:

(1) The establishment was in existence on March 10, 2020, is properly licensed and permitted, and holds all necessary State and local regulatory permits, including any necessary ABC permits.

(2) The service is limited to an outdoor seating location and the owner or owners of that outdoor seating location have granted the establishment permission to use the location for its service.

(3) The outdoor seating location is on the same parcel or is contiguous to or in close proximity to the underlying establishment and contains or has access to lavatory and toilet facilities for employees and customers as required for such establishments under rules established by the North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.

(4) The outdoor seating location has delineated vertical boundaries that the consumer would recognize as indicating the boundaries that physically separate areas where consumption of alcohol is allowed from areas open to the general public other than customers of the establishment.

(5) The outdoor service seating capacity is limited to fifty percent (50%) of the current indoor seating capacity of the establishment, or 100 customers, whichever is less.

(6) The establishment maintains and enforces the social distancing requirements recommended by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.

(7) The establishment complies with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Division of Public Health of the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services applicable to outdoor food and drink service.

(8) The outdoor seating location may include a covered patio or areas covered by tents, awnings, tarps, umbrellas, or other similar coverings. For purposes of this subdivision, "tent" shall mean a temporary structure, with or without side panels, constructed by draping or otherwise attaching sheets of fabric, plastic, or other material to a framework of poles or supports.

(9) The outdoor seating location may include areas on a public sidewalk if the local government allows through its ordinances or permitting process the use of public sidewalks for the service of and consumption of food or drink and the establishment obtains any necessary local government approval. Nothing in this act is intended to require a local government to approve the use of public sidewalks for the service of and consumption of food or drink.

(10) The outdoor seating location may include areas on a public street if the local government allows through its ordinances or permitting process the use of public streets during periods of temporary street closure for the service of and consumption of food or drink and the establishment obtains any necessary local government approval. Nothing in this act is intended to require a local...
government to temporarily close public streets for the service of and consumption of food or drink or to allow the service of and consumption of food or drink on public streets during a period of temporary closure.

SECTION 2.(c). The outdoor seating area authorized in Sections 2(a) and 2(b) of this section shall not be prohibited by a municipality or county because the outdoor seating area is not a permitted use for operation of food and drink services under zoning ordinances.

SECTION 2.(d). This section is effective when it becomes law and expires upon the later of (i) 30 days after any declaration of emergency prohibitions and restrictions applicable expire or are otherwise terminated to permit the establishment to open for full unrestricted service of food and drink or (ii) October 31, 2020.

SECTION 3. Notwithstanding Sections 1 and 2 of this act, the Governor may, with a concurrence of the majority of the Council of State, exercise powers granted under G.S. 166A-19.30(b) or (c) related to establishments that prepare or serve food or drink, private clubs or private bars, wineries, distilleries, exercise and fitness facilities, gyms, health clubs, or fitness centers. In obtaining a concurrence of a majority of the Council of State for this purpose, the Governor shall contact each member of the Council of State regarding the potential exercise of the emergency powers under G.S. 166A-19.30(b) or (c) and seek the concurrence or nonconcurrence of that member. The Governor shall document and release the concurrence, nonconcurrence, or no response provided by each member of the Council of State by name. Upon receiving and releasing the majority concurrence, the Governor may exercise the power or powers under G.S. 166A-19.30(b) or (c) as described to the members of the Council of State.

SECTION 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 130A-20, the Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Secretary of Environmental Quality may only order an abatement of an imminent hazard related to COVID-19 that requires closure of establishments that prepare or serve food or drink, private clubs or private bars, wineries, distilleries, exercise and fitness facilities, gyms, health clubs, or fitness centers upon notification to the Governor and with a concurrence of the majority of the Council of State. In obtaining a concurrence of a majority of the Council of State for this purpose, each member of the Council of State shall be contacted regarding the potential exercise of the powers under G.S. 130A-20 and seek the concurrence or nonconcurrence of that member. Each response shall be documented and released with respect to concurrence, nonconcurrence, or no response provided by each member of the Council of State by name. Upon receiving and releasing the majority concurrence, the appropriate Secretary may exercise the power under G.S. 130A-20 as described to the members of the Council of State.

SECTION 5. This act is effective when it becomes law."
ADOPTED

H594-ABB-29 [v.8]

SIGNED ________________________________
Amendment Sponsor

SIGNED ________________________________
Committee Chair if Senate Committee Amendment

ADOPTED _____________ FAILED _____________ TABLED _____________

The official copy of this document, with signatures and vote information, is available in the Senate Principal Clerk's Office.