

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2021

**H.B. 107**  
**Feb 17, 2021**  
**HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK**

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**HOUSE BILL DRH30075-RBxfz-5D\***

Short Title: DES COVID Modifications and Technical Changes. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Howard.

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO MAKE MODIFICATIONS TO THE 2020 COVID-19 RELIEF MEASURES  
3 ALLOWED FOR EMPLOYERS AND CLAIMANTS UNDER THE UNEMPLOYMENT  
4 INSURANCE SYSTEM, TO REDUCE THE SUTA TAX RATE FOR 2021, AND TO  
5 MAKE TECHNICAL AND CLARIFYING CHANGES REQUESTED BY THE DIVISION  
6 OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY.

7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

8 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 96-14.15 reads as rewritten:

9 **"§ 96-14.15. Emergency unemployment benefits and tax credit to respond to the**  
10 **coronavirus emergency of 2020.**

11 (a) Benefits Payable. – Unemployment benefits are payable in response to the  
12 coronavirus emergency in any of the following circumstances:

- 13 (1) An employer temporarily ceases operations due to the coronavirus, preventing  
14 the individual from going to work.  
15 (2) An employer reduces the hours of employment due to the coronavirus.  
16 (3) An individual has a current diagnosis of the coronavirus.  
17 (4) An individual is quarantined at the instruction of a health care provider or a  
18 local, State, or federal official.

19 (b) Exceptions Allowed. – The provisions of this Chapter apply to benefits payable under  
20 this section except as follows:

- 21 (1) Waiting week. – No waiting week applies to a claim for unemployment under  
22 subsection (a) of this section.  
23 (2) Work search. – The work search requirements do not apply to an individual  
24 who is eligible for unemployment under subsection (a) of this section.  
25 (3) Non-charging. – Benefits paid to an individual under subsection (a) of this  
26 section are not charged to the account of any base period employer of the  
27 individual.  
28 (4) Attached claim. – An employer may file an attached claim for benefits allowed  
29 under subsection (a) of this section. The restrictions for filing an attached  
30 claim under G.S. 96-15(a1) do not apply to an employer-filed claim under this  
31 section and a claim filed by an employer under this section is not an attached  
32 claim filed under G.S. 96-15(a1).

33 (b1) Extended Benefit Period. – With respect to determining whether the State is in an  
34 extended benefits period beginning November 1, 2020, through December 31, 2021, the State  
35 shall disregard the requirement in G.S. 96-14.14(b)(3) that no extended period may begin before



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1 the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with  
2 respect to this State.

3 (b2) Deferral of Regular Unemployment Compensation Payment. – The purpose of this  
4 subsection is to elect the option by which the State will coordinate the PEUC and regular  
5 unemployment compensation programs for individuals who meet the four criteria to be paid  
6 PEUC, as required by the Unemployment Insurance Program Letter 17-20, Change 2, issued by  
7 the U.S. Department of Labor on December 31, 2020. The State elects option one, which requires  
8 an individual whose benefit year has expired to file a regular unemployment initial claim in a  
9 new benefit year but defers payment of the new regular unemployment compensation claim until  
10 the individual's PEUC claim has been exhausted or the PEUC program has expired, whichever  
11 occurs first. For purposes of this subsection, "PEUC" means the Pandemic Emergency  
12 Unemployment Compensation program.

13 (c) Tax Credit. – An employer is allowed a tax credit for a contribution to the  
14 Unemployment Insurance Fund payable under G.S. 96-9.2 for contributions due for the calendar  
15 year 2020. The amount of the credit is equal to the amount of contributions payable on the report  
16 filed by the employer on or before April 30, 2020.

17 If an employer remitted the contributions payable with the report due on or before April 30,  
18 2020, the credit will be applied to the contributions payable on the report due on or before July  
19 31, 2020. An employer must file the report to receive the credit. If the amount of the credit  
20 exceeds the amount of contributions due on the report, the excess credit amount is considered an  
21 overpayment and will be refunded pursuant to G.S. 96-9.15(b).

22 (c1) Tax Rate Reduction. – For the calendar year 2021, the base contribution rate  
23 determined under G.S. 96-9.2(c) for an experience-rated employer will remain at one and  
24 nine-tenths percent (1.9%).

25 (d) Coronavirus. – For purposes of this section, the term "coronavirus" has the same  
26 meaning as defined in section 506 of the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental  
27 Appropriations Act, 2020.

28 (e) Applicability. – This section applies for unemployment benefits filed for periods  
29 beginning on or after March 10, 2020, and expires for unemployment benefits filed for periods  
30 beginning on or after the earlier of the following: (i) the date the Governor signs an executive  
31 order rescinding Executive Order No. 116, Declaration of a State of Emergency to Coordinate  
32 Response and Protective Actions to Prevent the Spread of COVID-19, or (ii) ~~December 31,~~  
33 ~~2020.~~December 31, 2021."

34 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 96-14.14(a) reads as rewritten:

35 "(a) ~~[General Provisions.]~~ General Provisions. – Extended benefits payable under  
36 sub-subdivision (b)(5)a. of this section shall be paid as required under the Federal-State Extended  
37 Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970. Extended benefits payable under sub-subdivision  
38 (~~b)(5)a.~~ sub-subdivisions (b)(5)b. and (b)(5)c. of this section are not required under federal law  
39 and may be paid only if the federal government funds one hundred percent (100%) of the costs  
40 of providing them. Extended benefits are payable in the manner prescribed by this section."

41 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 96-14(b) reads as rewritten:

42 "(b) Partial Weekly Benefit Amount. – The weekly benefit amount for an individual who  
43 is partially unemployed or part-totally employed is the amount the individual would receive  
44 under subsection (a) of this section if the individual were totally unemployed, reduced by the  
45 amount of any wages earned by the individual ~~receives~~ in the benefit week in excess of twenty  
46 percent (20%) of the benefit amount applicable to total unemployment. If the amount so  
47 calculated is not a whole dollar, the amount must be rounded to the next lower whole dollar.  
48 Payments received by an individual under a supplemental benefit plan do not affect the  
49 computation of the individual's partial weekly benefit."

50 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 96-15(c) reads as rewritten:

1       "(c) Appeals. – Unless an appeal from the adjudicator is withdrawn, an appeals referee or  
2 hearing officer shall set a hearing in which the parties are given reasonable opportunity to be  
3 heard. The conduct of hearings shall be governed by suitable rules adopted by the Division. The  
4 rules need not conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence or technical or formal rules  
5 of procedure but shall provide for the conduct of hearings in such manner as to ascertain the  
6 substantial rights of the parties. The hearings may be conducted by conference telephone call or  
7 other similar means provided that if any party files with the Division prior written objection to  
8 the telephone procedure, that party will be afforded an opportunity for an in-person hearing at  
9 such place in the State as the Division by rule shall provide. The hearing shall be scheduled for  
10 a time that, as much as practicable, least intrudes on and reasonably accommodates the ordinary  
11 business activities of an employer and the return to employment of a claimant. The appeals  
12 referee or hearing officer may affirm or modify the conclusion of the adjudicator or issue a new  
13 decision in which findings of fact and conclusions of law will be set out or dismiss an appeal  
14 when the appellant fails to appear at the appeals hearing to prosecute the appeal after having been  
15 duly notified of the appeals hearing. The evidence taken at the hearings before the appeals referee  
16 shall be recorded and the decision of the appeals referee shall be deemed to be the final decision  
17 of the Division unless within 10 days after the date of notification or mailing of the decision,  
18 whichever is earlier a written appeal is filed pursuant to such rules as the Board of Review and  
19 the Division may adopt. No person may be appointed as an appeals referee or hearing officer  
20 unless he or she possesses the minimum qualifications necessary to be a staff attorney eligible  
21 for designation by the Division as a hearing officer under G.S. 96-4(q). No appeals referee or  
22 hearing officer in full-time permanent status may engage in the private practice of law as defined  
23 in G.S. 84-2.1 while serving in office as appeals referee or hearing officer; violation of this  
24 prohibition shall be grounds for removal. Whenever an appeal is taken from a decision of the  
25 appeals referee or hearing ~~officer; officer,~~ the appealing party shall submit a clear written  
26 statement containing the grounds for the appeal within the time allowed by law for taking the  
27 appeal, and if such timely statement is not submitted, the Board of Review may dismiss the  
28 appeal."

29       **SECTION 5.** G.S. 96-15(f) reads as rewritten:

30       "(f) Procedure. – The manner in which disputed claims shall be presented, the reports  
31 thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals  
32 shall be in accordance with rules adopted by the Division for determining the rights of the parties,  
33 whether or not such ~~regulations~~ rules conform to common-law or statutory rules of evidence and  
34 other technical rules of procedure.

35       All testimony at any hearing before an appeals referee upon a disputed claim shall be recorded  
36 unless the recording is waived by all interested parties. If the testimony is recorded, it need not  
37 be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed and, one or more of the parties  
38 objects, under such rules as the Division may adopt, to being provided a copy of the tape  
39 recording of the hearing. Any other provisions of this Chapter notwithstanding, any individual  
40 receiving the transcript shall pay to the Division such reasonable fee for the transcript as the  
41 Division may by ~~regulation~~ rule provide. The fee so prescribed by the Division for a party shall  
42 not exceed the lesser of sixty-five cents (65¢) per page or sixty-five dollars (\$65.00) per  
43 transcript. The Division may by regulation provide for the fee to be waived in such circumstances  
44 as it in its sole discretion deems appropriate but in the case of an appeal in forma pauperis  
45 supported by such proofs as are required in G.S. 1-110, the Division shall waive the fee.

46       The parties may enter into a stipulation of the facts. If the appeals referee, hearing officer, or  
47 other employee assigned to make the decision believes the stipulation provides sufficient  
48 information to make a decision, then the appeals referee, hearing officer, or other employee  
49 assigned to make the decision may accept the stipulation and render a decision based on the  
50 stipulation. If the appeals referee, hearing officer, or other employee assigned to make the  
51 decision does not believe the stipulation provides sufficient information to make a decision, then

1 the appeals referee, hearing officer, or other employee assigned to make the decision must reject  
2 the stipulation. The decision to accept or reject a stipulation must occur in a recorded hearing."

3 **SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 96-15(h) reads as rewritten:

4 "(h) Judicial Review. – A decision of the Board of Review becomes final 30 days after the  
5 date of notification or mailing of the decision, whichever is earlier, unless a party to the decision  
6 seeks judicial review as provided in this subsection. Judicial review is permitted only after a party  
7 claiming to be aggrieved by the decision has exhausted the remedies provided in this Chapter  
8 and has filed a petition for review in the superior court of the county in which the petitioner  
9 resides or the county in which the petitioner's principal place of business is located. The petition  
10 for review must explicitly state what exceptions are taken to the decision or procedure and what  
11 relief the petitioner seeks. Within 10 days after the petition is filed with the court, the petitioner  
12 must serve copies of the petition by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested,  
13 upon the Division and upon all parties of record to the Division proceedings. The Division must  
14 furnish the ~~petitioner~~ petitioner, upon request, the names and addresses of the parties upon  
15 ~~request, as found in the records of the Division.~~ The Division is a party to any judicial action  
16 involving any of its decisions and may be represented in the judicial action by any qualified  
17 attorney who has been designated by it for that purpose. Any questions regarding the  
18 requirements of this subsection concerning the service or filing of a petition shall be determined  
19 by the superior court. Any party to the Division proceeding may become a party to the review  
20 proceeding by notifying the court within 10 days after receipt of the copy of the petition. Any  
21 person aggrieved may petition to become a party by filing a motion to intervene as provided in  
22 G.S. 1A-1, Rule 24.

23 Within 45 days after receipt of the copy of the petition for review or within such additional  
24 time as the court may allow, the Division must transmit to the reviewing court the original or a  
25 certified copy of the entire record of the proceedings under review. With the permission of the  
26 court the record may be shortened by stipulation of all parties to the review proceedings. Any  
27 party unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be taxed by the court for the  
28 additional cost incurred by the refusal. The court may require or permit subsequent corrections  
29 or additions to the record when the court considers the changes desirable."

30 **SECTION 6.(b)** This section becomes effective June 1, 2021, and applies to  
31 decisions made on or after that date.

32 **SECTION 7.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes  
33 law.