## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

H.B. 784 May 3, 2021 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH10390-MH-144

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35 36 Short Title: Environmental Justice Considerations. (Public) Representative Harrison. Sponsors: Referred to: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE CONSIDERATION OF THE CUMULATIVE IMPACT OF A PROPOSED ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITTING DECISION ON MINORITY OR LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES AND TO PROVIDE ENHANCED PUBLIC PARTICIPATION OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERMITTING DECISIONS IMPACTING OVERBURDENED COMMUNITIES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)c. reads as rewritten: The Department shall deny an application for a permit for a solid waste management facility if the Department finds that: 9. The cumulative impact of the proposed facility, when considered in relation to other similar impacts of facilities located or proposed in the community, would have a disproportionate adverse impact on a low-income community or a minority or low-income community protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964. This subdivision shall apply only to the extent required by federal law." **SECTION 1.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any application for a permit for a solid waste management facility that is pending on that date. **SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 113A-4 reads as rewritten: "§ 113A-4. Cooperation of agencies; reports; availability of information. The General Assembly authorizes and directs that, to the fullest extent possible: (2) Every State agency shall include in every recommendation or report on any action involving significant expenditure of public moneys or use of public land for projects and programs significantly affecting the quality of the

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federal Civil Rights Act of 1964.

setting forth the following:

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environment of this State, a detailed statement by the responsible official

The cumulative impact of the proposed action (including the impact

on public health), when considered in relation to other similar impacts

of actions taken or proposed in the community, on a low-income

community or a minority community protected by Title VI of the

**SECTION 2.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any environmental documents for proposed actions submitted on or after that date.

**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 113A-120 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 113A-120. Grant or denial of permits.

(a) The responsible official or body shall deny an application for a permit upon finding:

...

(9a) In any case, the proposed development, when considered in relation to other similar impacts of developments located or proposed in the community, would have a disproportionate adverse impact on a low-income community or a minority community protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964. For purposes of this subdivision, "adverse impact" includes impacts on public health.

**SECTION 3.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any application for a permit that is pending on that date.

**SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 130A-310.69 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 130A-310.69. Remedial investigation report; remedial action plans.

...

(c) A remedial action plan shall also include an analysis of each of the following factors:

...

(4) The cumulative impact of the proposed remediation (including the impact on public health), when considered in relation to other similar impacts of actions taken or proposed in the community on a low-income community or a minority community protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964.

...."

**SECTION 4.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to remedial action plans submitted to the Department of Environmental Quality on or after that date.

**SECTION 5.(a)** G.S. 143-215.10C is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(d1) The Commission shall deny any application for a permit or permit renewal if it finds that the cumulative impact of the proposed permit, when considered in relation to other similar impacts of actions taken or proposed in the community, would have a disproportionate adverse impact on a low-income community or a minority community protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964. For purposes of this subsection, "adverse impact" includes impacts on public health."

**SECTION 5.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any application for a permit or permit renewal that is pending on that date.

**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 143-215.108(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The Commission shall have the power:

. . .

(9) With respect to permits required by Title V, to deny a permit application or require suitable mitigation if it finds that the cumulative impact of the proposed air contaminant source, when considered in relation to other similar impacts of air contaminant sources permitted or proposed in the community, would have a disproportionate adverse impact on a low-income community or a minority community protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964. For purposes of this subdivision, "adverse impact" includes impacts on public health."

**SECTION 6.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any application for a permit or permit renewal that is pending on that date.

**SECTION 7.(a)** G.S. 143-215.1(b)(4) reads as rewritten:

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1	"(4)	The Commission shall have the power:
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3		g. To deny a permit or the renewal of a permit when the Commission
4		finds that the cumulative impact of the proposed action, when
5		considered in relation to other similar impacts of actions taken or
6		proposed in the community, would have a disproportionate adverse
7		impact on a low-income community or a minority community
8		protected by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964. For
9		purposes of this sub-subdivision, "adverse impact" includes impacts
10		on public health."
11		<b>TION 7.(b)</b> This section becomes effective July 1, 2021, and applies to any
12		permit that is pending on that date.
13	SEC'	<b>TION 8.</b> Article 7 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding
14	a new section to	read:
15	" <u>§ 143B-279.18.</u>	Enhanced public participation for overburdened communities.
16	(a) When	n the Department of Environmental Quality or any Commission with permitting
17	authority created	d by this Article considers an application for a permit or approval for a new or
18	expanded facili	ty, source, or project in an overburdened community, the Department or
19	Commission mu	ast hold at least one public hearing in the overburdened community, provide 60
20	days' advance n	otice of the hearing, and include in the hearing officer's report a response to
21	community inpu	at received at the hearing or in response to the notice. The hearing required by
22	this section shall	be in addition to any other public participation required by applicable law.
23		following definitions apply in this section:
24	$\overline{(1)}$	Community of color. – A distinct geographic area in which the share of the
25	<del></del>	population of any of the following categories of individuals is higher than that
26		category's share of the State population as a whole:
27		a. African American.
28		b. Asian and Pacific Islander.
29		
30		<u>c. Hispanic.</u> <u>d. Latino.</u>
31		e. Member of a federally recognized Native American tribe or a Native
32		American tribe recognized under Chapter 71A of the General Statutes.
33		<u>f.</u> Other non-white race.
34		g. Linguistically isolated.
35	<u>(2)</u>	Linguistically isolated. – Households in which all members aged 14 years and
36		older speak a language other than English and also have limited proficiency
37		in English.
38	<u>(3)</u>	Low-income household. – Households with a household income equal to or
39	<u> (57</u>	less than the greater of (i) eighty percent (80%) of the median income of the
40		area in which the household is located and (ii) two hundred percent (200%) of
41		the federal poverty level.
42	<u>(4)</u>	Overburdened community. – A census block, as designated by the most recent
43	<u>(+)</u>	census of the U.S. Census Bureau, in which at least thirty percent (30%) of
44		the households qualify as low-income households, or a geographically distinct
45		area that is a community of color."
46	SEC.	<b>TION 9.</b> Except as otherwise specified, this act is effective when it becomes
		1101 7. Except as outerwise specified, this act is effective when it becomes
47	law.	

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