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Short Title: JOBS Grants and Tax Relief.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 22, 2021

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESSES AFFECTED BY THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC, TO PROVIDE TAX RELIEF TO BUSINESSES AND INDIVIDUALS, TO UPDATE THE REFERENCE TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND TO MAKE VARIOUS OTHER CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**PART I. JOBS GRANT PROGRAM**

**SECTION 1.1.(a)** Purpose; Use. – The purpose of this section is to use funds from the American Rescue Plan Act to aid businesses in North Carolina that suffered substantial economic damage from the COVID-19 pandemic for which they were otherwise not fully compensated by providing economic support.

**SECTION 1.1.(b)** JOBS Grant Program. – There is created the Job Opportunity and Business Saving Grant Program (the Program) to be administered by the Department of Commerce. The Department may provide a one-time grant for each award amount to a qualifying business. Each grant awarded under the Program must include a description of the award amount used to calculate the grant. The Department's grant determinations are final.

**SECTION 1.1.(c)** Maximum Grant Amount. – The maximum grant a qualifying business may receive per award amount is seven and one-half percent (7.5%) of either the award amount or two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), whichever is less.

**SECTION 1.1.(d)** Grant Program Limits. – The total of all funds granted under the Program, including the administration allocation for the Department of Commerce under Section 1.2 of this act, may not exceed one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000).

**SECTION 1.1.(e)** Automatic Award. – The Department of Commerce shall use currently available data from the Department, the Small Business Administration, and any other available sources to identify qualifying businesses in this State that have been approved for an award amount on or before June 30, 2021. The Department must award a grant under this subsection to the last known address of an identified qualifying business for each ascertainable award amount by September 30, 2021.

**SECTION 1.1.(f)** Initial Application; Award. – A qualifying business that was approved for an award amount on or before June 30, 2021, but does not receive a grant under subsection (e) of this section by September 30, 2021, for that award amount may apply to the Department of Commerce for a grant on a form prescribed by the Department. The applicant must include any supporting documentation required by the Department, and the Department



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1 must confirm that the applicant did not previously receive a grant under the Program for the  
2 applicable award amount. Grants will be paid on a rolling basis to qualifying businesses that  
3 submit their applications on or before November 19, 2021.

4 **SECTION 1.1.(g) Secondary Application; Award.** – If the limit under subsection (d)  
5 of this section has not been met by December 31, 2021, the Department of Commerce must  
6 reopen the Program for additional applications. A qualifying business that was approved for an  
7 award amount but did not receive a grant for that award amount under subsections (e) or (f) of  
8 this section may file an application with the Department to receive a grant under this subsection.  
9 The applicant must include any supporting documentation required by the Department, and the  
10 Department must confirm that the applicant did not previously receive a grant under the Program  
11 for the applicable award amount. The application must be filed with the Department on or before  
12 February 18, 2022. The Department may not accept late applications. The Department may not  
13 award grants under this subsection until the application deadline has passed. If the total amount  
14 to be awarded for applications submitted pursuant to this subsection, when added to the amounts  
15 awarded under subsections (e) and (f) of this section, exceeds the maximum amount of funds  
16 available under subsection (d) of this section, the Department must reduce each grant awarded  
17 under this subsection on a proportionate basis so the maximum amount is not exceeded. The  
18 Department must award grants under this subsection as soon as practicable after the application  
19 deadline has passed.

20 **SECTION 1.1.(h) Clawback.** – For grants awarded under the Program pursuant to  
21 an application, the Department shall require a business to apply, under oath, on a form prescribed  
22 by the Department that includes (i) a certification that the business was approved for the  
23 applicable award amount, (ii) a certification that the business will promptly inform the  
24 Department of any reduction or recapture of the award amount and return any grant amount  
25 calculated on the reduced or recaptured award amount, and (iii) any information necessary for  
26 the Department to evaluate the application. The Department shall include with every grant  
27 awarded under the Program a notice that (i) the award must be returned or forfeited by a business  
28 to the extent the calculation of the award is premised on an award amount the qualifying business  
29 did not receive or did receive that was subsequently recaptured and (ii) a business is responsible  
30 for returning or forfeiting any amount improperly received.

31 **SECTION 1.1.(i) Definitions.** – The following definitions apply in this section:

32 (1) Award amount. – Amount awarded from any of the following:

- 33 a. COVID-19 Job Retention Program. – Defined in Section 4.2B of S.L.  
34 2020-4, as enacted by Section 1.1(e) of S.L. 2020-80, as amended.  
35 b. EIDL Advance. – An Economic Injury Disaster Loan Advance defined  
36 in any of the following:  
37 1. 15 U.S.C. § 9009(e).  
38 2. Section 331 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small  
39 Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act, Title III of Division  
40 N of Public Law 116–260.  
41 3. Section 5002 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, P.L.  
42 117-2.  
43 c. Paycheck Protection Program. – Defined in 15 U.S.C. § 636(a)(36).  
44 d. Restaurant Revitalization Fund. – Defined in section 5003 of the  
45 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, P.L. 117-2.  
46 e. Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program. – Defined in section 324  
47 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and  
48 Venues Act, Title III of Division N of Public Law 116–260.

49 (2) Qualifying business. – A business that (i) listed a North Carolina address as  
50 its business address on the application for an award amount and (ii) was  
51 approved for that award amount.

1           **SECTION 1.1.(j)** Outreach. – The Office of Historically Underutilized Businesses,  
 2 Department of Administration, is directed to inform and educate minority-owned businesses that  
 3 may be eligible to apply for the grants provided by the Program as soon as practicable so they  
 4 may have the opportunity to access the grants provided by it.

5           **SECTION 1.2.** Appropriation of Funds for JOBS Grant Program. – The State  
 6 Controller shall transfer the sum of one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) for the 2021-2022 fiscal  
 7 year from the State Fiscal Recovery Reserve established in Section 2.1 of S.L. 2021-25 to the  
 8 State Fiscal Recovery Fund established in Section 2.2 of S.L. 2021-25. There is appropriated  
 9 from the State Fiscal Recovery Fund to the Office of State Budget and Management the sum of  
 10 one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2021-2022 fiscal year to be  
 11 allocated to the Department of Commerce to be used as provided in Section 1.1 of this act. The  
 12 Department of Commerce may use up to one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of the funds  
 13 appropriated in this section for the administration of the Program under Section 1.1 of this act.  
 14 The Department shall remit any funds remaining after disposition of all timely filed applications  
 15 under subsection (g) of Section 1.1 of this act to the Office of State Budget and Management  
 16 which shall deposit the funds into the State Fiscal Recovery Reserve. Amounts deposited into the  
 17 Reserve under this section are receipts that do not constitute an "appropriation made by law," as  
 18 that phrase is used in Section 7(1) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution.

19           **SECTION 1.3.(a)** G.S. 105-130.5(b) reads as rewritten:

20           (b) The following deductions from federal taxable income shall be made in determining  
 21 State net income:

22           ...

23           (31a) To the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount received by a  
 24 taxpayer under the Job Opportunity and Business Saving Grant Program."

25           **SECTION 1.3.(b)** G.S. 105-153.5(b) reads as rewritten:

26           (b) Other Deductions. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer may  
 27 deduct from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items that are included in  
 28 the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

29           ...

30           (14a) The amount received by a taxpayer under the Job Opportunity and Business  
 31 Saving Grant Program."

32           **SECTION 1.3.(c)** This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
 33 January 1, 2021, and applies to amounts received by a taxpayer on or after that date.

34  
 35 **PART II. TAX POLICY INITIATIVES**

36  
 37 **SUBPART A. PERSONAL INCOME TAX REDUCTION**

38           **SECTION 2A.1.** G.S. 105-153.7(a) reads as rewritten:

39           (a) Tax. – A tax is imposed for each taxable year on the North Carolina taxable income  
 40 of every individual. The tax shall be levied, collected, and paid annually. The tax is ~~five and~~  
 41 ~~one quarter percent (5.25%)~~ four and ninety-nine hundredths percent (4.99%) of the taxpayer's  
 42 North Carolina taxable income."

43           **SECTION 2A.2.** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(1) reads as rewritten:

44           (1) Standard deduction amount. – The standard deduction amount is zero for a  
 45 person who is not eligible for a standard deduction under section 63 of the  
 46 Code. For all other taxpayers, the standard deduction amount is equal to the  
 47 amount listed in the table below based on the taxpayer's filing status:

<b>Filing Status</b>	<b>Standard Deduction</b>
Married, filing jointly/surviving spouse	\$ <del>21,500</del> \$25,500
Head of Household	<del>16,125</del> 19,125
Single	<del>10,750</del> 12,750

1 Married, filing separately 10,750-12,750."

2 **SECTION 2A.3.** G.S. 105-153.5(a1) reads as rewritten:

3 "(a1) Child Deduction Amount. – A taxpayer who is allowed a federal child tax credit under  
 4 section 24 of the Code for the taxable year is allowed a deduction under this subsection for each  
 5 qualifying child for whom the taxpayer is allowed the federal tax credit. The amount of the  
 6 deduction is equal to the amount listed in the table below based on the taxpayer's adjusted gross  
 7 income, as calculated under the Code:

8	<b>Filing Status</b>	<b>AGI</b>	<b>Deduction Amount</b>
9	Married, filing jointly/ surviving spouse	Up to \$40,000	<del>\$2,500.00</del> <u>\$3,000</u>
10		Over \$40,000	
11		Up to \$60,000	<del>2,000.00</del> <u>2,500</u>
12		Over \$60,000	
13		Up to \$80,000	<del>1,500.00</del> <u>2,000</u>
14		Over \$80,000	
15		Up to \$100,000	<del>1,000.00</del> <u>1,500</u>
16		Over \$100,000	
17		Up to \$120,000	<del>500.00</del> <u>1,000</u>
18		Over \$120,000	0
19		<u>Up to \$140,000</u>	<u>500.00</u>
20		<u>Over \$140,000</u>	<u>0</u>
21			
22	Head of Household	Up to \$30,000	<del>\$2,500.00</del> <u>\$3,000</u>
23		Over \$30,000	
24		Up to \$45,000	<del>2,000.00</del> <u>2,500</u>
25		Over \$45,000	
26		Up to \$60,000	<del>1,500.00</del> <u>2,000</u>
27		Over \$60,000	
28		Up to \$75,000	<del>1,000.00</del> <u>1,500</u>
29		Over \$75,000	
30		Up to \$90,000	<del>500.00</del> <u>1,000</u>
31		Over \$90,000	0
32		<u>Up to \$105,000</u>	<u>500.00</u>
33		<u>Over \$105,000</u>	<u>0</u>
34			
35	Single	Up to \$20,000	<del>\$2,500.00</del> <u>\$3,000</u>
36		Over \$20,000	
37		Up to \$30,000	<del>2,000.00</del> <u>2,500</u>
38		Over \$30,000	
39		Up to \$40,000	<del>1,500.00</del> <u>2,000</u>
40		Over \$40,000	
41		Up to \$50,000	<del>1,000.00</del> <u>1,500</u>
42		Over \$50,000	
43		Up to \$60,000	<del>500.00</del> <u>1,000</u>
44		Over \$60,000	0
45		<u>Up to \$70,000</u>	<u>500.00</u>
46		<u>Over \$70,000</u>	<u>0</u>
47			
48	Married, filing separately	Up to \$20,000	<del>\$2,500.00</del> <u>\$3,000</u>
49		Over \$20,000	
50		Up to \$30,000	<del>2,000.00</del> <u>2,500</u>
51		Over \$30,000	

1	Up to \$40,000	1,500.00 <u>2,000</u>
2	Over \$40,000	
3	Up to \$50,000	1,000.00 <u>1,500</u>
4	Over \$50,000	
5	Up to \$60,000	500.00 <u>1,000</u>
6	Over \$60,000	0.
7	Up to \$70,000	500.00
8	Over \$70,000	0."

9           **SECTION 2A.4.** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
 10 January 1, 2022.

11  
 12 **SUBPART B. PHASE OUT CORPORATE INCOME TAX**

13           **SECTION 2B.1.(a)** G.S. 105-130.3 reads as rewritten:

14 "**§ 105-130.3. Corporations.**

15           A tax is imposed on the State net income of every C Corporation doing business in this State  
 16 ~~at the rate of two and one-half percent (2.5%).~~ State. An S Corporation is not subject to the tax  
 17 levied in this section. The tax is a percentage of the taxpayer's State net income computed as  
 18 follows:

19	<u>Taxable Years Beginning</u>	<u>Tax</u>
20	<u>In 2024</u>	<u>2%</u>
21	<u>In 2025</u>	<u>1.5%</u>
22	<u>In 2026</u>	<u>1%</u>
23	<u>In 2027</u>	<u>0.5%</u>
24	<u>After 2027</u>	<u>0%."</u>

25           **SECTION 2B.1.(b)** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
 26 January 1, 2024.

27  
 28 **SUBPART C. FRANCHISE TAX REDUCTION AND SIMPLIFICATION**

29           **SECTION 2C.1.(a)** G.S. 105-122(d) reads as rewritten:

- 30           "(d) Tax Base. – A corporation's tax base is the ~~greatest of the following:~~
- 31           (1) ~~The proportion of its net worth as set out in subsection (c1) of this section.~~
  - 32           (2) ~~Fifty five percent (55%) of the corporation's appraised value as determined~~  
 33 ~~for ad valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property in this~~  
 34 ~~State. For purposes of this subdivision, the appraised value of tangible~~  
 35 ~~property, including real estate, is the ad valorem valuation for the calendar~~  
 36 ~~year next preceding the due date of the franchise tax return.~~
  - 37           (3) ~~(Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and~~  
 38 ~~applicable to the calculation of franchise tax reported on the 2019 and later~~  
 39 ~~corporate income tax returns) The corporation's total actual investment in~~  
 40 ~~tangible property in this State. For purposes of this subdivision, the total actual~~  
 41 ~~investment in tangible property in this State is the total original purchase price~~  
 42 ~~or consideration to the reporting taxpayer of its tangible properties, including~~  
 43 ~~real estate, in this State plus additions and improvements thereto less (i)~~  
 44 ~~reserve for depreciation as permitted for income tax purposes and (ii) any~~  
 45 ~~indebtedness specifically incurred and existing solely for and as the result of~~  
 46 ~~the purchase of any real estate and any permanent improvements made on the~~  
 47 ~~real estate."~~

48           **SECTION 2C.1.(b)** G.S. 105-114.1(b) reads as rewritten:

49           "(b) Controlled Companies. – If a corporation or an affiliated group of corporations owns  
 50 more than fifty percent (50%) of the capital interests in a noncorporate limited liability company,  
 51 the corporation or group of corporations must include in its ~~three tax bases~~ base pursuant to

1 G.S. 105-122 the same percentage of ~~(i) the noncorporate limited liability company's net worth;~~  
 2 ~~(ii) fifty five percent (55%) of the noncorporate limited liability company's appraised ad valorem~~  
 3 ~~tax value of property; and (iii) the noncorporate limited liability company's actual investment in~~  
 4 ~~tangible property in this State, as appropriate, worth."~~

5 **SECTION 2C.1.(c)** G.S. 105-120.2(b) reads as rewritten:

6 "(b) Tax Rate. – Every corporation taxed under this section shall annually pay to the  
 7 Secretary of Revenue, at the time the return is due, ~~the greater of the following:~~

8 (1) ~~A~~ franchise or privilege tax at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50)  
 9 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of the amount determined under subsection  
 10 (a) of this section, but in no case shall the tax be more than one hundred fifty  
 11 thousand dollars (\$150,000) nor less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00).

12 (2) ~~If the tax calculated under this subdivision exceeds the tax calculated under~~  
 13 ~~subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the tax is levied at the rate of one dollar~~  
 14 ~~and fifty cents (\$1.50) per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on the greater of the~~  
 15 ~~following:~~

16 a. ~~Fifty five percent (55%) of the appraised value as determined for ad~~  
 17 ~~valorem taxation of all the real and tangible personal property in this~~  
 18 ~~State of each such corporation plus the total appraised value of~~  
 19 ~~intangible property returned for taxation of intangible personal~~  
 20 ~~property as computed under G.S. 105-122(d).~~

21 b. ~~The total actual investment in tangible property in this State of such~~  
 22 ~~corporation as computed under G.S. 105-122(d)."~~

23 **SECTION 2C.1.(d)** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
 24 January 1, 2023, and applicable to the calculation of franchise tax reported on the 2022 and later  
 25 corporate income tax return.

26  
 27 **SUBPART D. EXTEND THE TIME TO COMPLETE AN ELIGIBLE PROJECT UNDER**  
 28 **THE MILL REHABILITATION TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS**

29 **SECTION 2D.1.(a)** G.S. 105-129.71(a1) reads as rewritten:

30 "(a1) Credit for Rehabilitated Railroad Station. – A taxpayer who is allowed a credit under  
 31 section 47 of the Code for making qualified rehabilitation expenditures of at least ten million  
 32 dollars (\$10,000,000) with respect to a certified rehabilitation of an eligible railroad station is  
 33 allowed a credit equal to a percentage of the expenditures that qualify for the federal credit. In  
 34 order to be eligible for a credit allowed by this Article, the taxpayer must provide to the Secretary  
 35 a copy of the eligibility certification and the cost certification. The amount of the credit is equal  
 36 to forty percent (40%) of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures. The credit cannot be claimed  
 37 for a taxable year beginning prior to January 1, 2021. ~~The tax credit must be taken in two equal~~  
 38 ~~installments on returns filed for taxable years 2021 and 2022. The sum of the two installments is~~  
 39 ~~equal to the credit amount allowed for qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred in taxable~~  
 40 ~~years 2019, 2020, and 2021. When the eligible site is placed into service in two or more phases~~  
 41 ~~in different years, the amount of credit that may be claimed in a year is the amount based on the~~  
 42 ~~qualified rehabilitation expenditures associated with the phase placed into service during that~~  
 43 ~~year.~~

44 For purposes of this subsection, the term "eligible railroad station" is a site located in this  
 45 State that satisfies all of the following conditions:

46 ...  
 47 (4) It is a designated local landmark as certified by a city on or before ~~June 30,~~  
 48 ~~2019.~~ September 1, 2020.

49 ...  
 50 (7) It is issued a certificate of occupancy on or before December 31, ~~2021-2023.~~"

51 **SECTION 2D.1.(b)** G.S. 105-129.75 reads as rewritten:

1 **"§ 105-129.75. Sunset and applicable expenditures.**

2 (a) Sunset. – Except for credits allowed under G.S. 105-129.71(a1), this Article expires  
3 January 1, 2015, for rehabilitation projects for which an application for an eligibility certification  
4 is submitted on or after that date. Eligibility certifications under this Article expire January 1,  
5 ~~2023-2025.~~

6 (b) Delayed Sunset and Applicable Expenditures. – For credits allowed under  
7 G.S. 105-129.71(a1), the following applies:

8 (1) The qualified rehabilitation expenditures must be incurred on or after January  
9 1, 2019, and before January 1, ~~2022-2024.~~

10 (2) This Article expires, and a tax credit allowed under G.S. 105-127.71(a1) may  
11 not be claimed, for rehabilitation projects not completed and placed in service  
12 prior to ~~January 1, 2022.~~July 1, 2024."

13  
14 **SUBPART E. LIMIT GROSS PREMIUMS TAX ON SURETY BONDS**

15 **SECTION 2E.1.(a)** G.S. 105-228.5(b1) reads as rewritten:

16 "(b1) Calculation of Tax Base. – In determining the amount of gross premiums from  
17 business in this State, all gross premiums received in this State, credited to policies written or  
18 procured in this State, or derived from business written in this State shall be deemed to be for  
19 contracts covering persons, property, or risks resident or located in this State unless one of the  
20 following applies:

21 (1) The premiums are properly reported and properly allocated as being received  
22 from business done in some other nation, territory, state, or states.

23 (2) The premiums are from policies written in federal areas for persons in military  
24 service who pay premiums by assignment of service pay.

25 Gross premiums from business done in this State in the case of life insurance contracts,  
26 including supplemental contracts providing for disability benefits, accidental death benefits, or  
27 other special benefits that are not annuities, means all premiums collected in the calendar year,  
28 other than for contracts of reinsurance, for policies the premiums on which are paid by or credited  
29 to persons, firms, or corporations resident in this State, or in the case of group policies, for  
30 contracts of insurance covering persons resident within this State. The only deductions allowed  
31 shall be for premiums refunded on policies rescinded for fraud or other breach of contract and  
32 premiums that were paid in advance on life insurance contracts and subsequently refunded to the  
33 insured, premium payer, beneficiary or estate. Gross premiums shall be deemed to have been  
34 collected for the amounts as provided in the policy contracts for the time in force during the year,  
35 whether satisfied by cash payment, notes, loans, automatic premium loans, applied dividend, or  
36 by any other means except waiver of premiums by companies under a contract for waiver of  
37 premium in case of disability.

38 Gross premiums from business done in this State in the case of an insurer of bail bonds means  
39 the amounts received by an insurer from a surety bondsman during the calendar year for bail  
40 bonds written on behalf of the insurer. An insurer is subject to the definitions of gross premiums  
41 under this section for gross premiums from transacting any other line of insurance business. For  
42 purposes of this paragraph, the terms "bail bonds," "insurer," and "surety bondsman" have the  
43 same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-71-1.

44 Gross premiums from business done in this State for all other health care plans and contracts  
45 of insurance, including contracts of insurance required to be carried by the Workers'  
46 Compensation Act, means all premiums written during the calendar year, or the equivalent  
47 thereof in the case of self-insurers under the Workers' Compensation Act, for contracts covering  
48 property or risks in this State, other than for contracts of reinsurance, whether the premiums are  
49 designated as premiums, deposits, premium deposits, policy fees, membership fees, or  
50 assessments. Gross premiums shall be deemed to have been written for the amounts as provided  
51 in the policy contracts, new and renewal, becoming effective during the year irrespective of the

1 time or method of making payment or settlement for the premiums, and with no deduction for  
2 dividends whether returned in cash or allowed in payment or reduction of premiums or for  
3 additional insurance, and without any other deduction except for return of premiums, deposits,  
4 fees, or assessments for adjustment of policy rates or for cancellation or surrender of policies."

5 **SECTION 2E.1.(b)** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
6 January 1, 2022.

7  
8 **SUBPART F. MODIFY EXCISE TAX ON CIGARS AND CLARIFY DELIVERY SALES**  
9 **AND REMOTE SALES OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS**

10 **SECTION 2F.1.(a)** G.S. 105-113.4 reads as rewritten:

11 **"§ 105-113.4. Definitions.**

12 The following definitions apply in this Article:

- 13 ...
- 14 (2) Cost price. – ~~The actual price a person liable for the tax on tobacco products~~  
15 paid for an item subject to the tax imposed by Part 3-Part 3A of this Article  
16 paid for the products, before any discount, rebate, or allowance or the tax  
17 imposed by that Part by the person liable for the tax. The actual price paid for  
18 an item may be either of the following:
- 19 a. The actual price paid for an item identified as a stock keeping unit by  
20 a unique code or identifier representing the item.
- 21 b. If the actual price paid for an item is not available, the average of the  
22 actual price paid for the item over the 12 calendar months before  
23 January 1 of the year in which the sale occurs.
- 24 (2d) Delivery sale. – ~~A sale of tobacco products-cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, or~~  
25 vapor products to a consumer in this State in which either of the following  
26 apply:
- 27 a. The consumer submits the order for the sale by telephone, mail, the  
28 Internet or other online service or application, or when the seller is  
29 otherwise not in the physical presence of the consumer when the  
30 consumer submits the order.
- 31 b. ~~The tobacco products-cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, or vapor products~~  
32 are delivered via mail or a delivery service.
- 33 (2e) Delivery seller. – ~~A person that~~ located within or outside this State who makes  
34 a delivery sale.
- 35 ...
- 36 (3) Distributor. – ~~Either~~ Any of the following:
- 37 a. A person, wherever resident or located, who purchases non-tax-paid  
38 cigarettes directly from the manufacturer of the cigarettes and stores,  
39 sells, or otherwise disposes of the cigarettes.
- 40 b. A manufacturer of cigarettes.
- 41 c. A delivery seller of cigarettes.
- 42 ...
- 43 (8a) Remote sale. – A sale of tobacco products other than cigarettes, smokeless  
44 tobacco, or vapor products to a consumer in this State in which either of the  
45 following applies:
- 46 a. The consumer submits the order for the sale by telephone, mail, the  
47 Internet, or other online service or application, or when the seller is  
48 otherwise not in the physical presence of the consumer when the  
49 consumer submits the order.
- 50 b. The tobacco products other than cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, or  
51 vapor products are delivered via mail or a delivery service.



1           (8b) Remote seller. – A person located within or outside this State who makes a  
2           remote sale.

3           (9) Retail dealer. – A person who sells a tobacco product to the ultimate consumer  
4           of the ~~product.~~product, including a remote seller or a delivery seller.

5           ...  
6           (10b) Smokeless tobacco. – Any finely cut, ground, powdered, or leaf tobacco, or  
7           other product containing tobacco, that is intended to be placed in the oral or  
8           nasal cavity or otherwise consumed without being combusted.

9           ...."

10           **SECTION 2F.1.(b)** G.S. 105-113.4F reads as rewritten:

11           "**§ 105-113.4F. Delivery sales of certain tobacco products; age verification.**

12           (a) Scope. – This section applies to delivery sales of tobacco products, other than cigars,  
13 ~~to consumers in this State regardless of whether the delivery seller is located inside or outside~~  
14 ~~this State.~~sales. For purposes of this section, the term "tobacco product" is ~~as defined in~~  
15 ~~G.S. 105-113.4, except that it does not include cigars.~~means cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, or  
16 vapor products.

17           (b) Delivery Seller Requirements. – A delivery seller ~~shall~~must do all of the following  
18 with respect to a delivery sale:

19           (1) Obtain a license from the Secretary ~~pursuant to the requirements of~~as required  
20 by this Article before accepting an order.

21           (2) Comply with the age verification requirements in G.S. 14-313(b2).

22           (3) Report, collect, and remit to the Secretary all applicable taxes levied on  
23 ~~tobacco products~~as set out in this Article and Article 5 of this Chapter.

24           (c) Filing Requirement. – A delivery seller who has made a delivery sale, or shipped or  
25 delivered tobacco products in connection with a delivery sale, during the previous month ~~shall,~~  
26 must, not later than the tenth day of each month, file with the Secretary a memorandum or a copy  
27 of the invoice for every delivery sale made during the previous month. A delivery seller who  
28 complies with 15 U.S.C. § 376 with respect to tobacco products covered by that section is  
29 considered to have complied with this subsection. The memorandum or invoice ~~shall~~must  
30 contain the following information:

31           (1) The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the consumer.

32           (2) The type and the brand, or brands, of tobacco products that were sold.

33           (3) The quantity of tobacco products that were sold.

34           (d) Penalties. – A person who violates this section is subject to the following penalties:

35           (1) For the first violation, a penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

36           (2) For a subsequent violation, a penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars  
37 (\$5,000), as determined by the Secretary.

38           (e) ~~Exception.~~ ~~This section does not apply to sales of tobacco products by a retail dealer~~  
39 ~~who purchased the tobacco products from a licensed distributor or wholesale dealer.~~

40           (f) ~~State Laws Apply.~~ ~~All State laws that apply to tobacco product retailers in this State~~  
41 ~~shall apply to delivery sellers that sell tobacco products into this State.~~Delivery Sellers as  
42 Retailers. – A delivery seller that meets the definition of a "retailer" as defined in Article 5 of  
43 this Chapter is subject to all State laws that apply to a retailer in this State."

44           **SECTION 2F.1.(c)** G.S. 105-113.5 reads as rewritten:

45           "**§ 105-113.5. Tax on cigarettes.**

46           (a) Rate. – A tax is levied on the sale or possession for sale in this State, by a licensed  
47 distributor, of all cigarettes at the rate of two and one-fourth cents (2.25¢) per individual cigarette.

48           (b) Primary Liability. – ~~The licensed distributor who first acquires or otherwise handles~~  
49 ~~cigarettes subject to the tax imposed by this section is liable for the tax imposed by this section.~~  
50 A licensed distributor who ~~brings~~meets any of the following conditions is liable for the tax  
51 imposed by this section:

- 1           (1) Is the first person to possess or acquire cigarettes in this State.  
 2           (2) Is the first person to bring into this State cigarettes made outside the State  
 3 ~~is the first person to handle the cigarettes in this State. A licensed distributor~~  
 4 ~~who is~~  
 5           (3) Is the original consignee of cigarettes made outside the State and is that are  
 6 ~~shipped into the State is the first person to handle the cigarettes in this State.~~  
 7           (4) Makes a delivery sale of cigarettes for which the delivery seller is required to  
 8 ~~collect sales and use tax under Article 5 of this Chapter."~~

9           **SECTION 2F.1.(d)** G.S. 105-113.12 reads as rewritten:

10 **"§ 105-113.12. ~~Distributor must obtain license.~~License required.**

11           (a) A distributor ~~shall~~ must obtain a license for each ~~place of business a distributor's~~  
 12 ~~license and shall~~ of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable, and must pay a tax of  
 13 twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for the each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of the year  
 14 following the second calendar year after the date of issuance or renewal. A license for each place  
 15 ~~of business is renewable upon signed application with no renewal license tax, unless applied for~~  
 16 ~~after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:~~

- 17           (1) Each location where a distributor receives or stores non-tax-paid cigarettes in  
 18 ~~this State.~~  
 19           (2) For a distributor that is a delivery seller, each location from which the  
 20 ~~distributor ships delivery sales of cigarettes, if the location is a location other~~  
 21 ~~than the location described in subdivision (1) of this subsection.~~

22           (b) ~~For the purposes of this section, a "place of business" is a place where a distributor~~  
 23 ~~receives or stores non tax paid cigarettes.~~

24           (c) An out-of-state distributor that is not a delivery seller may obtain a distributor's  
 25 license upon compliance with the provisions of G.S. 105-113.4A and G.S. 105-113.24 and  
 26 payment of a tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)."

27           **SECTION 2F.1.(e)** G.S. 105-113.18 reads as rewritten:

28 **"§ 105-113.18. Payment of tax; reports.**

29           The taxes levied in this Part are payable when a report is required to be filed. The following  
 30 reports are required to be filed with the Secretary:

- 31           (1) Distributor's Report. – A licensed distributor ~~shall~~ must file a monthly report  
 32 in the form prescribed by the Secretary. The report covers cigarettes sold,  
 33 shipped, delivered, or otherwise disposed of in this State in a calendar month  
 34 and is due within 20 days after the end of the month covered by the report.  
 35 The report ~~shall~~ must show the quantity of all cigarettes transported or caused  
 36 to be transported into the State by the licensed distributor or licensed  
 37 manufacturer in the State for sales in this State and state the amount of tax due  
 38 and ~~shall~~ must identify any transactions to which the tax does not apply. A  
 39 licensed distributor that is a delivery seller must also comply with the filing  
 40 requirement under G.S. 105-113.4F.  
 41           (1a) Repealed by Session Laws 2019-169, s. 4.3(a), effective July 26, 2019.  
 42           (2) Use Tax Report. – ~~Every other~~ A person who is not a licensed distributor and  
 43 has acquired non-tax-paid cigarettes for sale, use, or consumption  
 44 consumption, subject to the tax imposed by this Part shall, must, within 96  
 45 hours after receipt of the cigarettes, file a report in the form prescribed by the  
 46 Secretary showing the amount of cigarettes so received and any other  
 47 information required by the Secretary. The report shall must be accompanied  
 48 by payment of the full amount of the tax.  
 49           (3) Shipping Report. – Any person, except a licensed distributor, who ~~transports~~  
 50 transports, or causes to transport, cigarettes upon the public highways, roads,  
 51 or streets of this State, upon notice from the Secretary, shall must file a report

1 in the form prescribed by the Secretary and containing the information  
2 required by the Secretary.

3 ...."

4 **SECTION 2F.1.(f)** Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is  
5 repealed.

6 **SECTION 2F.1.(g)** Article 2A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended  
7 by adding a new Part to read as follows:

8 "Part 3A. Tax on Tobacco Products Other Than Cigarettes.

9 **"§ 105-113.50. Applicability.**

10 As used in this Part, the term "tobacco product" means a tobacco product other than cigarettes.

11 "Subpart 1. Tax Rates and Liability.

12 **"§ 105-113.51. Tax rates; liability for tax.**

13 (a) Tax Imposed. – An excise tax is levied on the sale, use, consumption, handling, or  
14 distribution of tobacco products at the following rates:

15 (1) On vapor products, the rate of five cents (5¢) per fluid milliliter of consumable  
16 product. All invoices for vapor products issued by manufacturers must state  
17 the amount of consumable product in milliliters.

18 (2) On cigars, the rate of twelve and eight-tenths percent (12.8%) of the cost price,  
19 subject to a cap of thirty cents (30¢) per cigar.

20 (3) On all other tobacco products, the rate of twelve and eight-tenths percent  
21 (12.8%) of the cost price.

22 (b) Primary Liability for Tax. – A wholesale dealer that has not been relieved of paying  
23 tax under G.S. 105-113.60 or a retail dealer is primarily liable for the tax imposed by this section  
24 if the dealer meets any of the following conditions:

25 (1) Is the first person to possess or acquire the tobacco product in this State.

26 (2) Is the first person to bring a tobacco product made outside the State into this  
27 State.

28 (3) Is the original consignee of a tobacco product made outside the State that is  
29 shipped into the State.

30 (4) Makes a remote sale or a delivery sale for which the dealer is required to  
31 collect sales and use tax under Article 5 of this Chapter.

32 (c) Secondary Liability. – A retail dealer located in this State who acquires from a  
33 wholesale dealer non-tax-paid tobacco products subject to the tax imposed by this section is liable  
34 for any tax due on the tobacco products.

35 (d) Exemptions. – The taxes imposed under this section do not apply to the following:

36 (1) A tobacco product sold outside the State.

37 (2) A tobacco product sold to the federal government.

38 (3) A sample tobacco product distributed without charge. A sample tobacco  
39 product may only be distributed in a "qualified adult-only facility" as that term  
40 is defined in 21 C.F.R. § 1140.16(d)(2).

41 (e) Use Tax. – A tax is levied upon the sale or possession for sale by a person other than  
42 a licensed wholesale dealer or a licensed retail dealer and upon the use, consumption, or  
43 possession for use or consumption of tobacco products within this State at the rate set in this  
44 section. This tax does not apply to tobacco products for which the tax levied in this section has  
45 been paid.

46 (f) Documentation. – If a person liable for the tax imposed by this Part cannot produce  
47 to the Secretary's satisfaction documentation of the cost price of the items subject to tax, the  
48 Secretary may determine a value based on the cost price of comparable items.

49 "Subpart 2. Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

50 **"§ 105-113.60. Manufacturer's option.**





1 by the Secretary, provided the amount of the bond may not be less than two thousand dollars  
2 (\$2,000) and may not be more than two million dollars (\$2,000,000). The Secretary should  
3 periodically review the sufficiency of bonds required of dealers, increase the amount of a required  
4 bond when the amount of the bond furnished no longer covers the anticipated tax liability of the  
5 wholesale dealer or retail dealer, and decrease the amount when the Secretary determines that a  
6 smaller bond amount will adequately protect the State from loss.

7 For purposes of this section, a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer may substitute an irrevocable  
8 letter of credit for the secured bond required by this section. The letter of credit must be issued  
9 by a commercial bank acceptable to the Secretary and available to the State as a beneficiary. The  
10 letter of credit must be in a form acceptable to the Secretary, conditioned upon compliance with  
11 this Part, and in the amounts stipulated in this section.

12 **"§ 105-113.83. Use of tax proceeds.**

13 The Secretary must credit the net proceeds of the tax collected under this Part as follows:

14 (1) Six percent (6%) to the University Cancer Research Fund established under  
15 G.S. 116-29.1.

16 (2) The remainder to the General Fund."

17 **SECTION 2F.1.(h)** G.S. 116-29.1(b) reads as rewritten:

18 "(b) Effective July 1 of each calendar year, the funds remitted to the University Cancer  
19 Research Fund by the Secretary of Revenue from the tax on tobacco products other than  
20 cigarettes pursuant to ~~G.S. 105-113.40A~~ G.S. 105-113.83 are appropriated for this purpose."

21 **SECTION 2F.1.(i)** This Subpart becomes effective July 1, 2022, and applies to sales  
22 or purchases occurring on or after that date. This Subpart does not affect the rights or liabilities  
23 of a taxpayer, or another person arising under the law as it existed before the effective date of  
24 this Subpart, nor does it affect the right to any refund or credit of a tax that accrued under the law  
25 as it existed before the effective date of this Subpart.

26  
27 **SUBPART G. PROVIDE TAX PARITY FOR SHORT-TERM VEHICLE RENTALS**

28 **SECTION 2G.1.(a)** G.S. 105-164.4 reads as rewritten:

29 **"§ 105-164.4. Tax imposed on retailers and certain facilitators.**

30 (a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer engaged in business in the State at the  
31 percentage rates of the retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, listed in this subsection. The  
32 general rate of tax is four and three-quarters percent (4.75%). The percentage rates are as follows:

33 ...  
34 (17) The general rate applies to the gross receipts derived from a short-term motor  
35 vehicle rental by a peer-to-peer vehicle sharing facilitator, notwithstanding  
36 G.S. 105-164.13(32).

37 ...."

38 **SECTION 2G.1.(b)** G.S. 105-164.13(32) reads as rewritten:

39 "(32) ~~Sales~~ Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 105-164.4(a)(17), sales of motor  
40 vehicles, the sale of a motor vehicle body to be mounted on a motor vehicle  
41 chassis when a certificate of title has not been issued for the chassis, and the  
42 sale of a motor vehicle body mounted on a motor vehicle chassis that  
43 temporarily enters the State so the manufacturer of the body can mount the  
44 body on the chassis. For purposes of this subdivision, a park model RV, as  
45 defined in G.S. 105-187.1, is a motor vehicle."

46 **SECTION 2G.1.(c)** G.S. 105-164.3 reads as rewritten:

47 **"§ 105-164.3. Definitions.**

48 The following definitions apply in this Article:

49 ...  
50 (166) Peer-to-peer vehicle sharing facilitator. – A marketplace facilitator who  
51 facilitates a short-term motor vehicle rental where the marketplace seller is the

1 registered owner of the motor vehicle who has not made an election under  
2 G.S. 105-187.5.

3 ...

4 (248) Short-term motor vehicle rental. – A motor vehicle rental to the same person  
5 for a period of less than 365 continuous days.

6 ...."

7 **SECTION 2G.1.(d)** G.S. 105-187.1(a)(8) reads as rewritten:

8 "(8) Vehicle sharing service. – A service for which a person pays a membership  
9 fee for the right to use a motor vehicle or motor vehicles upon payment of an  
10 additional time-based or mileage-based fee. The term does not include a  
11 short-term motor vehicle rental by a peer-to-peer vehicle sharing facilitator."

12 **SECTION 2G.1.(e)** Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by  
13 adding a new section to read as follows:

14 **"§ 105-164.44N. Transfer to Highway Fund of tax on peer-to-peer vehicle rentals.**

15 Beginning with the 2021-2022 fiscal year, and within 75 days after the end of each fiscal  
16 year, five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) must be transferred from the General Fund to the  
17 Highway Fund in recognition of the fact that peer-to-peer vehicle rentals exercise the privilege  
18 of using the highways of this State."

19 **SECTION 2G.1.(f)** G.S. 105-187.9(a) reads as rewritten:

20 "(a) Distribution. – ~~Of the taxes~~ Taxes collected under this Article at the rate of five  
21 percent (5%) and eight percent (8%), ~~the sum of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) (8%)~~ shall be  
22 credited ~~annually to the Highway Fund, and the remainder shall be credited to the General Fund.~~  
23 Taxes collected under this Article at the rate of three percent (3%) shall be credited to the North  
24 Carolina Highway Trust Fund."

25 **SECTION 2G.1.(g)** Subsection (f) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2021.  
26 The remainder of this Subpart becomes effective October 1, 2021, and applies to sales occurring  
27 on or after that date.

## 29 SUBPART H. PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS

30 **SECTION 2H.1.(a)** G.S. 105-278.2 reads as rewritten:

31 **"§ 105-278.2. Burial property.**

32 (a) Commercial Property. – Real property set apart for burial purposes shall be exempted  
33 from taxation unless it is owned and held for purposes of (i) sale or rental or (ii) sale of burial  
34 rights therein. No application is required under G.S. 105-282.1 for property exempt under this  
35 subsection. A county cannot deny the exemption provided under this subsection to a taxpayer  
36 that lacks a survey or plat detailing the exempt property. ~~therein is exempted from taxation. The~~  
37 taxes that would otherwise be due on real property classified under this subsection shall be a lien  
38 on the real property of the taxpayer as provided in G.S. 105-355(a). The taxes shall be carried  
39 forward in the records of the taxing unit or units as deferred taxes. The deferred taxes for the  
40 preceding five fiscal years are due and payable in accordance with G.S. 105-277.1F when the  
41 property loses its eligibility for deferral as a result of a disqualifying event. A disqualifying event  
42 occurs when the property is sold, conveyed, leased, encumbered, or disposed of for a purpose  
43 other than burial purposes.

44 (b) ~~Taxable real property set apart for human burial purposes is hereby designated a~~  
45 ~~special class of property under authority of Article V, Section 2(2) of the North Carolina~~  
46 ~~Constitution, and it shall be assessed for taxation taking into consideration the following:~~ Other  
47 Property. – Real property not held for the purposes listed in subsection (a) of this section that is  
48 set apart for burial purposes is exempted from taxation. A county cannot deny the exemption  
49 provided under this subsection to a taxpayer that lacks a survey or plat detailing the exempt  
50 property.

51 (1) ~~The effect on its value by division and development into burial plots;~~

- (2) ~~Whether it is irrevocably dedicated for human burial purposes by plat recorded with the Register of Deeds in the county in which the land is located; and~~
- (3) ~~Whether the owner is prohibited or restricted by law or otherwise from selling, mortgaging, leasing or encumbering the same.~~

(c) Terms. – For purposes of this section, the term "real property" includes land, tombs, vaults, monuments, and mausoleums, and the term "burial" includes entombment, entombment and the term "real property" includes any of the following on the burial property:

- (1) Land.
- (2) Tombs, vaults, monuments, or mausoleums.
- (3) Buildings, structures, improvements, or permanent fixtures."

**SECTION 2H.1.(b)** G.S. 105-277.1F(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Scope. – This section applies to the following deferred tax programs:

- ...
- (5a) G.S. 105-278.2(a), commercial burial property.
- ...."

**SECTION 2H.1.(c)** G.S. 105-282.1 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 105-282.1. Applications for property tax exemption or exclusion; annual review of property exempted or excluded from property tax.**

(a) Application. – Every owner of property claiming exemption or exclusion from property taxes under the provisions of this Subchapter has the burden of establishing that the property is entitled to it. If the property for which the exemption or exclusion is claimed is appraised by the Department of Revenue, the application shall be filed with the Department. Otherwise, the application shall be filed with the assessor of the county in which the property is situated. An application must contain a complete and accurate statement of the facts that entitle the property to the exemption or exclusion and must indicate the municipality, if any, in which the property is located. Each application filed with the Department of Revenue or an assessor shall be submitted on a form approved by the Department. Application forms shall be made available by the assessor and the Department, as appropriate.

Except as provided below, an owner claiming an exemption or exclusion from property taxes must file an application for the exemption or exclusion annually during the listing period.

- (1) No application required. – Owners of the following exempt or excluded property do not need to file an application for the exemption or exclusion to be entitled to receive it:

- a. Property exempt from taxation under G.S. 105-278.1 or ~~G.S. 105-278.2~~ G.S. 105-278.2(b).

- (2) Single application required. – An owner of one or more of the following properties eligible for a property tax benefit must file an application for the benefit to receive it. Once the application has been approved, the owner does not need to file an application in subsequent years unless new or additional property is acquired or improvements are added or removed, necessitating a change in the valuation of the property, or there is a change in the use of the property or the qualifications or eligibility of the taxpayer necessitating a review of the benefit.

- a. Property exempted from taxation under ~~G.S. 105-278.3,~~ G.S. 105-278.2(a), 105-278.3, 105-278.4, 105-278.5, 105-278.6, 105-278.7, or 105-278.8.

...."  
**SECTION 2H.2.** G.S. 105-275 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 105-275. Property classified and excluded from the tax base.**



1 The following classes of property are designated special classes under Article V, Sec. 2(2),  
2 of the North Carolina Constitution and are excluded from tax:

3 ...  
4 (44a) Vaccines.  
5 ...."

6 **SECTION 2H.3.** This Subpart is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years  
7 beginning on or after July 1, 2022.

## 9 **SUBPART I. GRADUATE LATE PAYMENT PENALTIES**

10 **SECTION 2I.1.** G.S. 105-236(a)(4) reads as rewritten:

11 "(4) Failure to Pay Tax When Due. – In the case of failure to pay any tax when  
12 due, without intent to evade the tax, the Secretary shall assess a penalty equal  
13 to ~~ten two percent (10%)-(2%)~~ of the ~~tax amount of the tax if the failure is for~~  
14 not more than one month, with an additional two percent (2%) for each  
15 additional month, or fraction thereof, during which the failure continues, not  
16 exceeding ten percent (10%) in aggregate. This penalty does not apply in any  
17 of the following circumstances:

- 18 a. When the amount of tax shown as due on an amended return is paid  
19 when the return is filed.
- 20 b. When the Secretary proposes an assessment for tax due but not shown  
21 on a return and the tax due is paid within 45 days after the later of the  
22 following:
  - 23 1. The date of the notice of proposed assessment of the tax, if the  
24 taxpayer does not file a timely request for a Departmental  
25 review of the proposed assessment.
  - 26 2. The date the proposed assessment becomes collectible under  
27 one of the circumstances listed in G.S. 105-241.22(3) through  
28 (6), if the taxpayer files a timely request for a Departmental  
29 review of the proposed assessment."

30 **SECTION 2I.2.** This Subpart becomes effective January 1, 2022, and applies to  
31 penalties assessed on or after that date.

## 33 **PART III. IRC UPDATE AND OTHER INCOME TAX CHANGES**

### 35 **SUBPART A. IRC UPDATE**

36 **SECTION 3A.1.(a)** G.S. 105-228.90(b)(7) reads as rewritten:

37 "(7) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of ~~May 1, 2020, April 1,~~  
38 2021, including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective  
39 either before or after that date."

40 **SECTION 3A.1.(b)** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)b. reads as rewritten:

- 41 "b. Mortgage Expense and Property Tax. – The amount allowed as a  
42 deduction for interest paid or accrued during the taxable year under  
43 section 163(h) of the Code with respect to any qualified residence plus  
44 the amount allowed as a deduction for property taxes paid or accrued  
45 on real estate under section 164 of the Code for that taxable year. For  
46 taxable years 2014 through ~~2020, 2021,~~ the amount allowed as a  
47 deduction for interest paid or accrued during the taxable year under  
48 section 163(h) of the Code with respect to any qualified residence shall  
49 not include the amount for mortgage insurance premiums treated as  
50 qualified residence interest. The amount allowed under this  
51 sub-subdivision may not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).

1 For spouses filing as married filing separately or married filing jointly,  
 2 the total mortgage interest and real estate taxes claimed by both  
 3 spouses combined may not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).  
 4 For spouses filing as married filing separately with a joint obligation  
 5 for mortgage interest and real estate taxes, the deduction for these  
 6 items is allowable to the spouse who actually paid them. If the amount  
 7 of the mortgage interest and real estate taxes paid by both spouses  
 8 exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), these deductions must be  
 9 prorated based on the percentage paid by each spouse. For joint  
 10 obligations paid from joint accounts, the proration is based on the  
 11 income reported by each spouse for that taxable year."

12 **SECTION 3A.1.(c)** G.S. 105-153.5(c2) reads as rewritten:

13 "(c2) Decoupling Adjustments. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer  
 14 must make the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

15 (1) For taxable years 2014 through ~~2020~~, 2025, the taxpayer must add the amount  
 16 excluded from the taxpayer's gross income for the discharge of qualified  
 17 principal residence indebtedness under section 108 of the Code. The purpose  
 18 of this subdivision is to decouple from the income exclusion available under  
 19 federal tax law. If the taxpayer is insolvent, as defined in section 108(d)(3)  
 20 of the Code, then the addition required under this subdivision is limited to the  
 21 amount of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness excluded  
 22 from adjusted gross income under section 108(a)(1)(E) of the Code that  
 23 exceeds the amount of discharge of indebtedness that would have been  
 24 excluded under section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Code.

25 ...

26 (18) For taxable ~~year 2020~~, years 2020 through 2025, a taxpayer must add the  
 27 amount excluded from the taxpayer's gross income for payment by an  
 28 employer, whether paid to the taxpayer or to a lender, of principal or interest  
 29 on any qualified education loan, as defined in section 221(d)(1) of the Code,  
 30 incurred by the taxpayer for education of the taxpayer. The purpose of this  
 31 subdivision is to decouple from the exclusion for certain employer payments  
 32 of student loans under section 2206 of the CARES ~~Act~~, Act or under the  
 33 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, P.L. 116-260.

34 ...

35 (20) A taxpayer must add the amount of any expense deducted under the Code to  
 36 the extent ~~that payment of the expense results in forgiveness of a covered loan~~  
 37 ~~pursuant to section 1106(b) of the CARES Act, and the income associated~~  
 38 ~~with the forgiveness is excluded from gross income pursuant to section~~  
 39 ~~1106(i) of the CARES Act. The term "covered loan" has the same meaning as~~  
 40 ~~defined in section 1106 of the CARES Act.~~ the expense is allocable to income  
 41 that is either wholly excluded from gross income or wholly exempt from the  
 42 taxes imposed by this Part.

43 (21) For taxable years 2021 and 2022, a taxpayer must add an amount equal to the  
 44 amount by which the taxpayer's deduction under section 274(n) of the Code  
 45 exceeds the deduction that would have been allowed under the Internal  
 46 Revenue Code as enacted as of May 1, 2020. The purpose of this subdivision  
 47 is to decouple from the increased deduction under the Consolidated  
 48 Appropriations Act, 2021, P.L. 116-260, for business-related expenses for  
 49 food and beverages provided by a restaurant.

50 (22) For taxable years 2021 through 2025, a taxpayer must add the amount  
 51 excluded from the taxpayer's gross income for the discharge of a student loan

1 under section 108(f)(5) of the Code. The purpose of this subdivision is to  
2 decouple from the exclusion from income for the discharge of a student loan  
3 under section 9675 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

4 (23) For taxable year 2020, a taxpayer must add the amount excluded from the  
5 taxpayer's gross income for unemployment compensation received by the  
6 taxpayer under section 85(c) of the Code. The purpose of this subdivision is  
7 to decouple from the exclusion from income for unemployment compensation  
8 under section 9042 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021."

9 **SECTION 3A.1.(d)** G.S. 105-130.5(a)(32) reads as rewritten:

10 "(32) ~~The amount of any expense deducted under the Code to the extent that~~  
11 ~~payment of the expense results in forgiveness of a covered loan pursuant to~~  
12 ~~section 1106(b) of the CARES Act and the income associated with the~~  
13 ~~forgiveness is excluded from gross income pursuant to section 1106(i) of the~~  
14 ~~CARES Act. The term "covered loan" has the same meaning as defined in~~  
15 ~~section 1106 of the CARES Act.~~the expense is allocable to income that is  
16 either wholly excluded from gross income or wholly exempt from the taxes  
17 imposed by this Part."

18  
19 **SUBPART B. REDUCE IMPACT OF FEDERAL SALT CAP BY ALLOWING CERTAIN**  
20 **PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES TO ELECT TO PAY TAX AT THE ENTITY LEVEL**

21 **SECTION 3B.1.(a)** G.S. 105-131(b) reads as rewritten:

22 "(b) For the purpose of this Part, unless otherwise required by the context:

23 ...

24 (11) "Taxed S Corporation" means an S Corporation for which a valid election  
25 under G.S. 105-131.1A(a) is in effect."

26 **SECTION 3B.1.(b)** G.S. 105-131.1 reads as rewritten:

27 **"§ 105-131.1. Taxation of an S Corporation and its shareholders.**

28 (a) An S Corporation shall not be subject to the tax levied under G.S. 105-130.3. A taxed  
29 S Corporation shall be subject to tax under G.S. 105-131.1A.

30 (b) ~~Each~~ Except with respect to a taxed S Corporation, each shareholder's pro rata share  
31 of an S Corporation's income attributable to the State and each resident shareholder's pro rata  
32 share of income not attributable to the State, shall be taken into account by the shareholder in the  
33 manner and subject to the adjustments provided in Parts 2 and 3 of this Article and section 1366  
34 of the Code and shall be subject to the tax levied under Parts 2 and 3 of this Article."

35 **SECTION 3B.1.(c)** Part 1A of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is  
36 amended by adding a new section to read:

37 **"§ 105-131.1A. Taxation of S Corporation as a taxed pass-through entity.**

38 (a) Taxed S Corporation Election. – An S Corporation may elect, on its timely filed  
39 annual return required under G.S. 105-131.7, to have the tax under this Article imposed on the S  
40 Corporation for any taxable period covered by the return. An S Corporation may not revoke the  
41 election after the due date of the return including extensions.

42 (b) Taxable Income of Taxed S Corporation. – A tax is imposed for the taxable period on  
43 the North Carolina taxable income of a taxed S Corporation. The tax shall be levied, collected,  
44 and paid annually. The tax is imposed on the North Carolina taxable income at the rate levied in  
45 G.S. 105-153.7. The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed S Corporation is determined as  
46 follows:

47 (1) The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed S Corporation with respect to  
48 such taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following:

49 a. Each shareholder's pro rata share of the taxed S Corporation's income  
50 or loss, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and  
51 G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.

- 1                    b. Each resident shareholder's pro rata share of the taxed S Corporation's  
2                    income or loss, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5  
3                    and G.S. 105-153.6, not attributable to the State with respect to such  
4                    taxable period.
- 5                    (2) Separately stated items of deduction are not included when calculating each  
6                    shareholder's pro rata share of the taxed S Corporation's taxable income. For  
7                    purposes of this subdivision, separately stated items are those items described  
8                    in section 1366 of the Code and the regulations under it.
- 9                    (3) The adjustments required by G.S. 105-153.5(c3) are not included in the  
10                    calculation of the taxed S Corporation's taxable income.
- 11                    (c) Tax Credit. – A taxed S Corporation that qualifies for a credit may apply each  
12                    shareholder's pro rata share of the taxed S Corporation's credits against the shareholder's pro rata  
13                    share of the taxed S Corporation's income tax imposed by subsection (b) of this section. An S  
14                    Corporation must pass through to its shareholders any credit required to be taken in installments  
15                    by this Chapter if the first installment was taken in a taxable period that the election under  
16                    subsection (a) of this section was not in effect. An S Corporation shall not pass through to its  
17                    shareholders any of the following:
- 18                    (1) Any credit allowed under this Chapter for any taxable period the S  
19                    Corporation makes the election under subsection (a) of this section and the  
20                    carryforward of the unused portion of such credit.
- 21                    (2) Any subsequent installment of such credit required to be taken in installments  
22                    by this Chapter after the S Corporation makes an election under subsection (a)  
23                    of this section and the carryforward of any unused portion of such installment.
- 24                    (d) Tax Credit for Income Taxes Paid to Other States. – With respect to resident  
25                    shareholders, a taxed S Corporation is allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this section  
26                    for income taxes imposed by and paid to another state or country on income taxed under this  
27                    section. The credit allowed by this subsection is administered in accordance with the provisions  
28                    of G.S. 105-153.9.
- 29                    (e) Deduction Allowed for Shareholders of a Taxed S Corporation. – The shareholders  
30                    of a taxed S Corporation are allowed a deduction as specified in G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(1). This  
31                    adjustment is only allowed if the taxed S Corporation complies with the provisions of subsection  
32                    (g) of this section.
- 33                    (f) Addition Required for Shareholders of a Taxed S Corporation. – The shareholders of  
34                    a taxed S Corporation must make an addition as provided in G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(2).
- 35                    (g) Payment of Tax. – Except as provided in Article 4C of this Chapter, the full amount  
36                    of the tax payable as shown on the return of the taxed S Corporation must be paid to the Secretary  
37                    within the time allowed for filing the return. In the case of any overpayment by a taxed S  
38                    Corporation of the tax imposed under this section, only the taxed S Corporation may request a  
39                    refund of the overpayment. If the taxed S Corporation files a return showing an amount due with  
40                    the return and does not pay the amount shown due, the Department may collect the tax from the  
41                    taxed S Corporation pursuant to G.S. 105-241.22(1). The Secretary must issue a notice of  
42                    collection for the amount of tax debt to the taxed S Corporation. If the tax debt is not paid to the  
43                    Secretary within 60 days of the date the notice of collection is mailed to the taxed S Corporation,  
44                    the shareholders of the S Corporation are not allowed the deduction provided in  
45                    G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(1). The Secretary must send the shareholders a notice of proposed  
46                    assessment in accordance with G.S. 105-241.9. For purposes of this subsection, the term "tax  
47                    debt" has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 105-243.1(a).
- 48                    (h) Basis. – The basis of both resident and nonresident shareholders of a taxed S  
49                    Corporation in their stock and indebtedness of the taxed S Corporation shall be determined as if  
50                    the election under subsection (a) of this section had not been made and each of the shareholders  
51                    of the taxed S Corporation had properly taken into account each shareholder's pro rata share of

1 the taxed S Corporation's items of income, loss, and deduction in the manner required with  
2 respect to an S Corporation for which no such election is in effect."

3 **SECTION 3B.1.(d)** G.S. 105-131.7 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

4 "(g) Taxed S Corporation. – Subsections (b) through (f) of this section do not apply to an  
5 S Corporation with respect to any taxable period for which it is a taxed S Corporation under  
6 G.S. 105-131.1A."

7 **SECTION 3B.1.(e)** G.S. 105-131.8(a) reads as rewritten:

8 "(a) ~~For~~ Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 105-153.9(a)(4) with respect to a taxed S  
9 Corporation, for purposes of G.S. 105-153.9 and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident shareholder is  
10 considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the shareholder's  
11 pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the S Corporation to a state that does not measure  
12 the income of S Corporation shareholders by the income of the S Corporation. For purposes of  
13 the preceding sentence, the term "net income tax" means any tax imposed on or measured by a  
14 corporation's net income."

15 **SECTION 3B.2.(a)** G.S. 105-153.3 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 105-153.3. Definitions.**

17 The following definitions apply in this Part:

18 ...

19 (18a) Taxed partnership. – A partnership for which a valid election under  
20 G.S. 105-154.1 is in effect.

21 (18b) Taxed pass-through entity. – A taxed S Corporation or a taxed partnership.

22 (18c) Taxed S Corporation. – Defined in G.S. 105-131(b).

23 ...."

24 **SECTION 3B.2.(b)** G.S. 105-154(d) reads as rewritten:

25 "(d) Payment of Tax on Behalf of Nonresident Owner or Partner. – If a business conducted  
26 in this State is owned by a nonresident individual or by a partnership having one or more  
27 nonresident members, the manager of the business shall report information concerning the  
28 earnings of the business in this State, the distributive share of the income of each nonresident  
29 owner or partner, and any other information required by the Secretary. The distributive share of  
30 the income of each nonresident partner includes any guaranteed payments made to the partner.  
31 The manager of the business shall pay with the return the tax on each nonresident owner or  
32 partner's share of the income computed at the rate levied on individuals under G.S. 105-153.7.  
33 The business may deduct the payment for each nonresident owner or partner from the owner or  
34 partner's distributive share of the income of the business in this State. If the nonresident partner  
35 is not an individual and the partner has executed an affirmation that the partner will pay the tax  
36 with its corporate, partnership, trust, or estate income tax return, the manager of the business is  
37 not required to pay the tax on the partner's share. In this case, the manager shall include a copy  
38 of the affirmation with the report required by this subsection. The affirmation must be annually  
39 filed by the nonresident partner and submitted by the manager by the due date of the report  
40 required in this subsection. Otherwise, the manager of the business is required to pay the tax on  
41 the nonresident partner's share. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-241.7(b), the  
42 manager of the business may not request a refund of an overpayment made on behalf of a  
43 nonresident owner or partner if the manager of the business has previously filed the return and  
44 paid the tax due. The nonresident owner or partner may, on its own income tax return, request a  
45 refund of an overpayment made on its behalf by the manager of the business within the provisions  
46 of G.S. 105-241.6. This subsection does not apply to a partnership with respect to any taxable  
47 period for which it is a taxed partnership."

48 **SECTION 3B.2.(c)** Part 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is  
49 amended by adding a new section to read:

50 "**§ 105-154.1. Taxation of partnership as a taxed pass-through entity.**

1       (a) Taxed Partnership Election. – A partnership may elect, on its timely filed annual  
2 return required under G.S. 105-154(c), to have the tax under this Article imposed on the  
3 partnership for any taxable period covered by the return. A partnership may not revoke the  
4 election after the due date of the return, including extensions. This election cannot be made by a  
5 publicly traded partnership that is described in section 7704(c) of the Code or by a partnership  
6 that has at any time during the taxable year a partner who is not one of the following:

7           (1) An individual.

8           (2) An estate.

9           (3) A trust described in section 1361(c)(2) of the Code.

10          (4) An organization described in section 1361(c)(6) of the Code.

11       (b) Taxable Income of Taxed Partnership. – A tax is imposed for the taxable period on  
12 the North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership. The tax shall be levied, collected, and  
13 paid annually. The tax is imposed on the North Carolina taxable income at the rate levied in  
14 G.S. 105-153.7. The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership is determined as  
15 follows:

16           (1) The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership with respect to such  
17 taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following:

18           a. Each partner's distributive share of the taxed partnership's income or  
19 loss, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and  
20 G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.

21           b. Each resident partner's distributive share of the taxed partnership's  
22 income or loss, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5  
23 and G.S. 105-153.6, not attributable to the State with respect to such  
24 taxable period.

25           (2) Separately stated items of deduction are not included when calculating each  
26 partner's distributive share of the taxed partnership's taxable income. For  
27 purposes of this subdivision, separately stated items are those items described  
28 in section 702 of the Code and the regulations adopted under it.

29           (3) The adjustments required by G.S. 105-153.5(c3) are not included in the  
30 calculation of the taxed partnership's taxable income.

31       (c) Tax Credit. – A taxed partnership that qualifies for a credit may apply each partner's  
32 distributive share of the taxed partnership's credits against the partner's distributive share of the  
33 taxed partnership's income tax imposed by subsection (b) of this section. A partnership must pass  
34 through to its partners any credit required to be taken in installments by this Chapter if the first  
35 installment was taken in a taxable period that the election under subsection (a) of this section was  
36 not in effect. A partnership shall not pass through to its partners any of the following:

37           (1) Any credit allowed under this Chapter for any taxable period the partnership  
38 makes the election under subsection (a) of this section and the carryforward  
39 of the unused portion of such credit.

40           (2) Any subsequent installment of such credit required to be taken in installments  
41 by this Chapter after the partnership makes an election under subsection (a) of  
42 this section and the carryforward of any unused portion of such installment.

43       (d) Deduction Allowed for Partners of a Taxed Partnership. – The partners of a taxed  
44 partnership are allowed a deduction as specified in G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(3). This adjustment is  
45 only allowed if the taxed partnership complies with the provisions of subsection (f) of this  
46 section.

47       (e) Addition Required for Partners of a Taxed Partnership. – The partners of a taxed  
48 partnership must make an addition as provided in G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(4).

49       (f) Payment of Tax. – Except as provided in Article 4C of this Chapter, the full amount  
50 of the tax payable as shown on the return of the taxed partnership must be paid to the Secretary  
51 within the time allowed for filing the return. In the case of any overpayment by a taxed

1 partnership of the tax imposed under this section, only the taxed partnership may request a refund  
2 of the overpayment. If the taxed partnership files a return showing an amount due with the return  
3 and does not pay the amount shown due, the Department may collect the tax from the taxed  
4 partnership pursuant to G.S. 105-241.22(1). The Secretary must issue a notice of collection for  
5 the amount of the tax debt to the taxed partnership. If the tax debt is not paid to the Secretary  
6 within 60 days of the date the notice of collection is mailed to the taxed partnership, the partners  
7 of the partnership are not allowed the deduction provided in G.S. 105-153.5(c3)(3). The  
8 Secretary must send the partners a notice of proposed assessment in accordance with  
9 G.S. 105-241.9. For purposes of this subsection, the term "tax debt" has the same meaning as  
10 defined in G.S. 105-243.1(a).

11 (g) Basis. – The basis of both resident and nonresident partners of a taxed partnership  
12 shall be determined as if the election under subsection (a) of this section had not been made and  
13 each of the partners of the taxed partnership had properly taken into account each partner's  
14 distributive share of the taxed partnership's items of income, loss, and deduction in the manner  
15 required with respect to a partnership for which no such election is in effect."

16 **SECTION 3B.3.** G.S. 105-153.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

17 "(c3) Taxed Pass-Through Entities. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a  
18 taxpayer must make the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

19 (1) A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation may deduct the  
20 amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income from the taxed S  
21 Corporation to the extent it was included in the taxed S Corporation's North  
22 Carolina taxable income and the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.

23 (2) A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation must add the amount  
24 of the taxpayer's pro rata share of loss from the taxed S Corporation to the  
25 extent it was included in the taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable  
26 income and the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.

27 (3) A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership may deduct the amount of  
28 the taxpayer's distributive share of income from the taxed partnership to the  
29 extent it was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina taxable income  
30 and the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.

31 (4) A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership must add the amount of the  
32 taxpayer's distributive share of loss from the taxed partnership to the extent it  
33 was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina taxable income and the  
34 taxpayer's adjusted gross income."

35 **SECTION 3B.4.(a)** G.S. 105-153.9(a) reads as rewritten:

36 "(a) An individual who is a resident of this State is allowed a credit against the taxes  
37 imposed by this Part for income taxes imposed by and paid to another state or country on income  
38 taxed under this Part, subject to the following conditions:

39 ...  
40 (4) Shareholders of a taxed S Corporation shall not be allowed a credit under this  
41 section for taxes paid by the taxed S Corporation to another state or country  
42 on income that is taxed to the taxed S Corporation. For purposes of allowing  
43 the credit under this section for taxes paid to another state or country by a  
44 taxed S Corporation's shareholders, a shareholder's pro rata share of the  
45 income of the taxed S Corporation shall be treated as income taxed to the  
46 shareholder under this Part and a shareholder's pro rata share of the tax  
47 imposed on the taxed S Corporation under G.S. 105-131.1A shall be treated  
48 as tax imposed on the shareholder under this Part.

49 (5) Partners of a taxed partnership shall not be allowed a credit under this section  
50 for taxes paid by the taxed partnership to another state or country on income  
51 that is taxed to the taxed partnership. The taxed partnership as defined in

1 G.S. 105-153.3(18a) is entitled to a credit under this section for all such taxes  
 2 paid. For purposes of allowing the credit under this section for taxes paid to  
 3 another state or country by a taxed partnership's partners, a partner's pro rata  
 4 share of the income of the taxed partnership shall be treated as income taxed  
 5 to the partner under this Part and a partner's pro rata share of the tax imposed  
 6 on the taxed partnership under G.S. 105-154.1 shall be treated as tax imposed  
 7 on the partner under this Part."

8 **SECTION 3B.4.(b)** G.S. 105-160.4 reads as rewritten:

9 **"§ 105-160.4. Tax credits for income taxes paid to other states by estates and trusts.**

10 ...

11 (f) Fiduciaries and beneficiaries of estates and trusts who are shareholders of a taxed S  
 12 Corporation are not allowed a credit under this section for taxes paid by the estates and trusts or  
 13 by the taxed S Corporation to another state or country on income that is taxed to the taxed S  
 14 Corporation. The taxed S Corporation is entitled to a credit under G.S. 105-153.9(a)(4) for all  
 15 such taxes paid. For purposes of this subsection, the term "taxed S Corporation" is the same as  
 16 defined in G.S. 105-131(b).

17 (g) Fiduciaries and beneficiaries of estates and trusts who are partners of a taxed  
 18 partnership are not allowed a credit under this section for taxes paid by the estates and trusts or  
 19 by the taxed partnership to another state or country on income that is taxed to the taxed  
 20 partnership. The taxed partnership is entitled to a credit under G.S. 105-153.9(a)(5) for all such  
 21 taxes paid. For purposes of this subsection, the term "taxed partnership" is the same as defined  
 22 in G.S. 105-153.3."

23 **SECTION 3B.5.(a)** G.S. 105-163.38 is amended by adding a new subdivision to  
 24 read:

25 "(6) Taxed pass-through entity. – Defined in G.S. 105-153.3."

26 **SECTION 3B.5.(b)** G.S. 105-163.39 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

27 "(d) Taxed Pass-Through Entity. – This Article applies to every taxed pass-through entity  
 28 in the same manner as a corporation subject to tax under Article 4 of this Chapter, except that  
 29 G.S. 105-163.41(d)(5) shall not apply with respect to a taxable year of a taxed pass-through entity  
 30 if it was not a taxed pass-through entity during its preceding taxable year."

31 **SECTION 3B.6.** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
 32 January 1, 2021.

33  
 34 **SUBPART C. CREATE SEPARATE STATE NET OPERATING LOSS CALCULATION**  
 35 **FOR INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES**

36 **SECTION 3C.1.(a)** G.S. 105-153.5 reads as rewritten:

37 **"§ 105-153.5. Modifications to adjusted gross income.**

38 ...

39 (b) **Other Deductions.** – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer may  
 40 deduct from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items that are included in  
 41 the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

42 ...

43 (16) A State net operating loss as allowed under G.S. 105-153.5A.

44 (c) **Additions.** – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer must add to the  
 45 taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items that are not included in the taxpayer's  
 46 adjusted gross income:

47 ...

48 (6) ~~The Any amount of allowed as a net operating loss carried to and deducted on~~  
 49 ~~the federal return but not absorbed in that year and carried forward to a~~  
 50 ~~subsequent year deduction under the Code.~~

51 ...."



1           **SECTION 3C.1.(b)** Part 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is  
2 amended by adding a new section to read:

3 **"§ 105-153.5A. Net operating loss provisions.**

4           (a) State Net Operating Loss. – A taxpayer's State net operating loss for a taxable year is  
5 the amount by which business deductions for the year exceed gross business income for the year  
6 as determined under the Code adjusted as provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6. The  
7 amount of a taxpayer's State net operating loss must also be determined in accordance with the  
8 following modifications:

9           (1) No State net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.

10           (2) The amount deductible on account of losses from sales or exchanges of capital  
11 assets shall not exceed the amount includable on account of gains from sales  
12 or exchanges of capital assets.

13           (3) The exclusion provided by Code section 1202 shall not be allowed.

14           (4) No deduction shall be allowed under G.S. 105-153.5(a1) for the child  
15 deduction.

16           (5) The deductions which are not attributable to a taxpayer's trade or business  
17 shall be allowed only to the extent of the amount of the gross income not  
18 derived from such trade or business.

19           (6) Any deduction under Code section 199A shall not be allowed.

20           (b) Deduction. – A taxpayer may carry forward a State net operating loss the taxpayer  
21 incurred in a prior taxable year and deduct it in the current taxable year, subject to the limitations  
22 in this subsection:

23           (1) The loss was incurred in one of the preceding 15 taxable years.

24           (2) Any loss carried forward is applied to the next succeeding taxable year before  
25 any portion of it is carried forward and applied to a subsequent taxable year.

26           (3) The taxpayer's State net operating loss deduction may not exceed the amount  
27 of the taxpayer's North Carolina taxable income determined without deducting  
28 the taxpayer's State net operating loss.

29           (4) The portion of the State net operating loss attributable to the carryforward  
30 allowed under subsection (f) of this section is only allowed to the extent  
31 described in subsection (f) of this section.

32           (c) Nonresidents. – In the case of a taxpayer that is a nonresident in the year of the loss,  
33 the State net operating loss only includes income and deductions derived from a business carried  
34 on in this State in the year of the loss. In the case of a taxpayer that is a nonresident in the year  
35 of the deduction, the State net operating loss must be included in the numerator of the fraction  
36 used to calculate taxable income as defined in G.S. 105-153.4(b).

37           (d) Part-Year Residents. – In the case of a taxpayer that is a part-year resident in the year  
38 of the loss, the State net operating loss includes income and deductions derived from a business  
39 carried on in this State while the taxpayer was a nonresident and includes business income and  
40 deductions derived from all sources during the period the taxpayer was a resident. In the case of  
41 a taxpayer that is a part-year resident in the year of the deduction, the State net operating loss  
42 must be included in the numerator of the fraction used to calculate taxable income as defined in  
43 G.S. 105-153.4(c).

44           (e) Administration. – A taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section must maintain  
45 and make available for inspection by the Secretary all records necessary to determine and verify  
46 the amount of the deduction. The Secretary or the taxpayer may redetermine a loss originating in  
47 a taxable year that is closed under the statute of limitations for the purpose of determining the  
48 amount of loss that can be carried forward to a taxable year that remains open under the statute  
49 of limitations.

50           (f) Federal Net Operating Loss Carryforwards. – The portion of a taxpayer's federal net  
51 operating loss carryforward that was not absorbed in tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2021,

1 may be included in the amount of a taxpayer's State net operating loss in taxable years beginning  
2 on or after January 1, 2021. The federal net operating loss carryforward is only allowed as a State  
3 net operating loss in tax years beginning after January 1, 2021, to the extent that it meets all of  
4 the following conditions:

5 (1) The loss would have been allowed in that taxable year under section 172 of  
6 the Code as enacted on May 1, 2020.

7 (2) The provisions of G.S. 105-153.5(c2)(8), (9), (10), (13), and (14) do not apply  
8 to the federal net operating loss carryforward.

9 (3) The loss was incurred in one of the preceding 15 taxable years."

10 **SECTION 3C.1.(c)** This Subpart is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
11 January 1, 2021.

## 12 **PART IV. REVENUE LAWS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE** 13 **CHANGES**

### 14 **SUBPART A. PERSONAL INCOME TAX CHANGES**

15 **SECTION 4A.1.** G.S. 105-153.5(b) reads as rewritten:

16 "(b) Other Deductions. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer may  
17 deduct from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items that are included in  
18 the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

19 ...

20 ~~(14)~~(15) The amount granted to the taxpayer during the taxable year under the Extra  
21 Credit grant program. This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning on  
22 or after January 1, 2021-2022."

23 **SECTION 4A.2.** G.S. 105-153.5(c2) reads as rewritten:

24 "(c2) Decoupling Adjustments. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpayer  
25 must make the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:

26 ...

27 (17) For taxable years 2019 and 2020, a taxpayer must add an amount equal to the  
28 amount by which the taxpayer's interest expense deduction under section  
29 163(j) of the Code exceeds the interest expense deduction that would have  
30 been allowed under the Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of January 1,  
31 2020. An add-back under this subdivision is not required to the extent the  
32 amount was required to be added back under another provision of this  
33 subsection. The purpose of this subdivision is to decouple from the  
34 modification of limitation on business interest allowed under section 2306 of  
35 the CARES Act.

36 (17a) A taxpayer who made an addition under subdivision (17) of this subsection  
37 may deduct twenty percent (20%) of the addition in each of the first five  
38 taxable years beginning with tax year 2021.

39 ...."

40 **SECTION 4A.3.** G.S. 105-153.9(a)(2) reads as rewritten:

41 "(2) The fraction of the gross income, as modified as provided in ~~G.S. 105-134.6A,~~  
42 ~~G.S. 105-153.5,~~ G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, that is subject to income  
43 tax in another state or country shall be ascertained, and the North Carolina net  
44 income tax before credit under this section shall be multiplied by that fraction.  
45 The credit allowed is either the product thus calculated or the income tax  
46 actually paid the other state or country, whichever is smaller."

47 **SECTION 4A.4.** G.S. 105-163.7(b) reads as rewritten:

48 "(b) Informational Return to Secretary. – Every employer shall annually file an  
49 informational return with the Secretary that contains the information given on each of the  
50  
51

1 employer's written statements to an employee. The Secretary may require additional information  
2 to be included on the informational return, provided the Secretary has given a minimum of 90  
3 days' notice of the additional information required. The informational return ~~is due on or before~~  
4 ~~January 31 of the succeeding year and~~ must be filed in an electronic format as prescribed by the  
5 ~~Secretary. If Secretary~~ and is due on or before January 31 of the succeeding year or, if the  
6 employer terminates its business ~~or permanently ceases paying wages during before the close of~~  
7 the calendar year, ~~the informational return must be filed within 30 days of the last payment of~~  
8 ~~remuneration. on or before the last day of the month following the end of the calendar quarter in~~  
9 ~~which the employer terminates its business, but no later than January 31 of the succeeding year.~~  
10 The informational return required by this subsection is in lieu of the report required by  
11 G.S. 105-154."

12 **SECTION 4A.5.** G.S. 105-163.8 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

13 "(c) If a withholding agent fails to file a return and pay the tax due under this Article or  
14 files a grossly incorrect or false or fraudulent return, the Secretary must estimate the tax due and  
15 assess the withholding agent based on the estimate."

16 **SECTION 4A.6.** G.S. 105-241.6(b)(5) reads as rewritten:

17 "(5) Contingent Event. – The period to request a refund of an overpayment may be  
18 extended once as provided in this subdivision:

19 ...

20 b. Other Event. – If a taxpayer contends that an event has occurred that  
21 prevents the taxpayer from filing an accurate and definite request for  
22 a refund of an overpayment within the period under this section, the  
23 taxpayer may submit a written request to the Secretary seeking an  
24 extension of the statute of limitations. The taxpayer must file a written  
25 request to the Secretary prior to expiration of the statute of limitations  
26 under this section. The request must establish by clear, convincing  
27 proof that the event is beyond the taxpayer's control and prevents the  
28 taxpayer from timely filing an accurate and definite request for a  
29 refund of an overpayment. The Secretary's decision on the request is  
30 final and is not subject to administrative or judicial review. If the  
31 Secretary agrees to the request, the period to file a request for a refund  
32 of an overpayment is six months after the event concludes."

33 **SECTION 4A.7.** G.S. 105-252.1 reads as rewritten:

34 "**§ 105-252.1. Use of a TTIN.**

35 A TTIN may not be used on any return, statement, or other document required to be filed  
36 with or furnished to the Department unless specifically authorized ~~in this Chapter by the~~  
37 Secretary."

38 **SECTION 4A.8.** Section 1.2(a) of S.L. 2021-16 reads as rewritten:

39 "**SECTION 1.2.(a)** Nonaccrual of Interest. – As a result of the automatic extension of the  
40 federal tax filing due date for individuals for the 2020 calendar year, the Secretary of Revenue  
41 has automatically extended the State tax filing due date for individuals for the 2020 tax year from  
42 April 15, 2021, to May 17, 2021. The Secretary will waive the penalty for failure to file an  
43 individual income tax return, including a partnership and estate and trust tax return, or pay  
44 individual income tax due if the return is filed and the tax due is paid by May 17, 2021.  
45 Notwithstanding G.S. 105-241.21(b), interest shall not accrue from April 15, 2021, through May  
46 17, 2021, on an underpayment of tax imposed on an individual income tax ~~return~~ return, including  
47 a partnership and estate and trust tax return, due April 15, 2021."

## 49 **SUBPART B. CORPORATE INCOME TAX CHANGES**

50 **SECTION 4B.1.(a)** G.S. 105-83(d) reads as rewritten:

51 "(d) This section does not apply to the following:

1           (1) ~~corporations liable for the tax levied under G.S. 105-102.3 or to savings~~  
2           Banks. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "bank" has the same  
3           meaning as defined in G.S. 105-130.7B(b).

4           (2) Savings and loan associations."

5           **SECTION 4B.1.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies  
6 retroactively for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2016.

7           **SECTION 4B.2.(a)** G.S. 105-130.5(a)(31) reads as rewritten:

8           "(a) The following additions to federal taxable income shall be made in determining State  
9 net income:

10           ...

11           (31) For taxable years 2019 and 2020, a taxpayer must add an amount equal to the  
12 amount by which the taxpayer's interest expense deduction under section  
13 163(j) of the Code exceeds the interest expense deduction that would have  
14 been allowed under the Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of January 1,  
15 2020, as calculated on a separate entity basis. An add-back under this  
16 subdivision is not required to the extent the amount was required to be added  
17 back under another provision of this subsection. The purpose of this  
18 subdivision is to decouple from the modification of limitation on business  
19 interest allowed under section 2306 of the CARES Act."

20           **SECTION 4B.2.(b)** G.S. 105-130.5(b) reads as rewritten:

21           "(b) The following deductions from federal taxable income shall be made in determining  
22 State net income:

23           ...

24           (33) A taxpayer who made an addition under subdivision (a)(31) of this section  
25 may deduct twenty percent (20%) of the addition that was not otherwise  
26 disallowed by G.S. 105-130.7B in each of the first five taxable years  
27 beginning tax year 2021."

28           **SECTION 4B.3.(a)** G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4) reads as rewritten:

29           "(4) Qualified interest expense. – The amount of net interest expense paid or  
30 accrued to a related member in a taxable year with the amount limited to the  
31 taxpayer's proportionate share of interest paid or accrued to a person who is  
32 not a related member during the same taxable year. This limitation does not  
33 apply to interest paid or accrued to a related member if one or more of the  
34 following applies:

35           ...

36           e. The proportionate amount of interest paid or accrued to a related  
37 member that has already been disallowed by the application of section  
38 163(j) of the Code."

39           **SECTION 4B.3.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies  
40 retroactively for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

41           **SECTION 4B.4.** G.S. 105-130.8A(c) reads as rewritten:

42           "(c) Mergers and Acquisitions. – The Secretary must apply the standards contained in  
43 regulations adopted under sections 381 and 382 of the Code in determining the extent to which  
44 a loss survives a merger or an acquisition. For mergers and acquisitions occurring prior to January  
45 1, 2015, the Secretary must apply the standards under G.S. 105-130.8 for taxable years beginning  
46 before January 1, 2015, and the standards of this section for taxable years beginning on or after  
47 January 1, 2015."

48           **SECTION 4B.5.** G.S. 105-251(a) reads as rewritten:

49           "(a) Scope of Information. – A taxpayer must give information to the Secretary when the  
50 Secretary requests the information. The Secretary may request a taxpayer to provide only the  
51 following kinds of information on a return, a report, or otherwise:

- 1 (1) Information that identifies the taxpayer.
- 2 (2) Information needed to determine the liability of the taxpayer for a tax.
- 3 (3) Information needed to determine whether an item is subject to a tax.
- 4 (4) Information that enables the Secretary to collect a tax.
- 5 (5) Financial or tax documentation required to determine the appropriate
- 6 adjustment under G.S. 105-130.5A. If such information is not timely provided
- 7 as required under G.S. 105-130.5A(a), the Secretary may propose any
- 8 adjustment allowable under Part 1 of Article 4 of this Chapter.
- 9 ~~(5)~~(6) Other information the law requires a taxpayer to provide or the Secretary
- 10 needs to perform a duty a law requires the Secretary to perform."

11  
12 **SUBPART C. SALES AND USE TAX CHANGES**

13 **SECTION 4C.1.(a)** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(7) reads as rewritten:

- 14 "(7) Any of the following animals:
- 15 a. ~~Baby chicks and poults.~~Fowl.
- 16 b. Livestock."

17 **SECTION 4C.1.(b)** This section is effective retroactively to July 1, 2020, and  
18 applies to purchases made on or after that date.

19 **SECTION 4C.2.** G.S. 105-259(b) reads as rewritten:

20 "(b) Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, or an agent of the State who has  
21 access to tax information in the course of service to or employment by the State may not disclose  
22 the information to any other person except as provided in this subsection. Standards used or to  
23 be used for the selection of returns for examination and data used or to be used for determining  
24 the standards may not be disclosed for any purpose. All other tax information may be disclosed  
25 only if the disclosure is made for one of the following purposes:

- 26 ...
- 27 ~~(5b) To furnish to the finance officials of a city a list of the utility taxable gross~~
- 28 ~~receipts and piped natural gas tax revenues attributable to the city under~~
- 29 ~~G.S. 105-116.1 and G.S. 105-187.44 or under former G.S. 105-116 and~~
- 30 ~~G.S. 105-120.~~
- 31 ...."

32  
33 **SUBPART D. EXCISE TAX HEARINGS CHANGES**

34 **SECTION 4D.1.** G.S. 105-113.4B reads as rewritten:

35 **"§ 105-113.4B. Cancellation or revocation of license.**

- 36 ...
- 37 ~~(a1) Revocation.~~Summary Revocation and Procedure. – The Secretary may summarily
- 38 revoke a license issued under this Article when the Secretary ~~finds~~determines that the licensee
- 39 is incurring liability for the tax imposed under this Article after failing to pay a tax when due
- 40 under this Article. ~~In addition, the~~The Secretary must send a revoked licensee a notice of the
- 41 revocation and a notice of hearing. The hearing must be held within 10 days after the date of the
- 42 notice of revocation unless the revoked licensee requests, before the day of the hearing, that the
- 43 hearing be rescheduled. Upon receipt of a timely request, the Secretary must reschedule the
- 44 hearing and provide at least 10 days' notice of the rescheduled hearing. The revocation is not
- 45 stayed pending the hearing decision. A notice of hearing under this subsection must be in writing
- 46 and indicate the date, time, and place of the hearing. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed
- 47 by the Secretary. The Secretary must issue a final decision and notify the revoked licensee in
- 48 writing within 10 days of the hearing. The final decision must state the basis for the decision.
- 49 The statement of the basis of a revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.
- 50 (a2) Non-Summary Revocation. – The Secretary may revoke the license of a licensee that
- 51 commits one or more of the following acts after ~~holding a hearing on whether the license should~~

1 ~~be revoked:~~affording the licensee an opportunity to have a hearing as provided in subsections  
2 (a3) through (b2) of this section:

- 3 (1) Fails to obtain a license in a timely manner or for all places of business as  
4 required by this Article.
- 5 (2) Willfully fails to file a return required by this Article.
- 6 (3) Willfully fails to pay a tax when due under this Article.
- 7 (4) Makes a false statement in an application or return required under this Article.
- 8 (5) Fails to keep records as required by this Article.
- 9 (6) Refuses to allow the Secretary or a representative of the Secretary to examine  
10 the person's books, accounts, and records concerning tobacco product.
- 11 (7) Fails to disclose the correct amount of tobacco product taxable in this State.
- 12 (8) Fails to file a replacement bond or an additional bond if required by the  
13 Secretary under this Article.
- 14 (9) Violates G.S. 14-401.18.
- 15 (10) Fails to meet or maintain the requirements set out in G.S. 105-113.4A(b).

16 (a3) Notice of Proposed Revocation. – The Secretary must provide a licensee with a notice  
17 of proposed revocation that includes all of the following information:

- 18 (1) The basis for the proposed revocation. The statement of the basis for the  
19 proposed revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.
- 20 (2) The effective date of the revocation, which must be one of the following:
  - 21 a. Forty-five days from the date of the notice of proposed revocation if  
22 the licensee does not file a timely request for hearing.
  - 23 b. The tenth day after the date an adverse final decision is issued if the  
24 adverse final decision is mailed.
  - 25 c. The date an adverse final decision is delivered if the adverse final  
26 decision is delivered in person.
- 27 (3) The circumstances, if any, under which the Secretary will not revoke the  
28 license.
- 29 (4) An explanation of how the licensee may contest the proposed revocation.

30 (a4) Request for Hearing and Decision. – A licensee may contest a proposed revocation  
31 by filing a written hearing request within 45 days of the date the notice of proposed revocation  
32 was mailed, if the notice was delivered by mail, or delivered to the licensee, if the notice was  
33 delivered in person. A hearing request is considered filed as provided under G.S. 105-241.11(b).  
34 If the licensee does not file a timely hearing request, the license is revoked as provided in the  
35 notice of proposed revocation and the revocation is final and not subject to further administrative  
36 or judicial review.

37 ~~(b) Hearing Procedure. – The Secretary must send a person whose license is summarily~~  
38 ~~revoked a notice of the revocation and must give the person an opportunity to have a hearing on~~  
39 ~~the revocation within 10 days after the revocation. The Secretary must give a person whose~~  
40 ~~license may be revoked after a hearing at least 10 days' written notice licensee who filed a timely~~  
41 ~~hearing request in accordance with subsection (a4) of this section at least 20 days' written notice~~  
42 ~~of the date, time, and place of the hearing. A notice of a summary license revocation and a notice~~  
43 ~~of hearing must be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the licensee. If the person~~  
44 ~~whose license may be revoked fails to attend the noticed hearing, the license revocation is~~  
45 ~~effective 15 days after the noticed hearing hearing, unless the Department and the licensee agree~~  
46 ~~to a shorter period. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary~~  
47 ~~must issue a final decision and notify the licensee in writing within 60 days of the hearing. The~~  
48 ~~Department and the licensee may extend this time by mutual agreement. Failure to issue a final~~  
49 ~~decision within the required time does not affect the validity of the decision. The final decision~~  
50 ~~must state the basis for the decision and, if the final decision includes revocation of the license,~~  
51 ~~the effective date of the revocation in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (a3) of this~~

1 section. The statement of the basis of a revocation does not limit the Department from changing  
2 the basis.

3 (b1) Delivery of Notice. – The Secretary must deliver a notice in accordance with  
4 G.S. 105-241.20(b). In lieu of providing notice by United States mail, the Secretary may give  
5 notice by email or other electronic means if the licensee has consented to receiving notices via  
6 electronic means.

7 (b2) Return of Credentials. – If a license is revoked, the revoked licensee must return to  
8 the Secretary, within 10 days of the issuance of the final decision, all licenses previously issued.  
9 If a license is unable to be returned, the revoked licensee must include a written statement of the  
10 reasons, satisfactory to the Secretary, why the license cannot be returned.

11 (c) Release of Bond. – When the Secretary cancels or revokes a license and the licensee  
12 has paid all taxes and penalties due under this Article, the Secretary must take one of the  
13 following actions concerning a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit filed by the licensee:

14 (1) Return an irrevocable letter of credit to the licensee.

15 (2) Return a bond to the licensee or notify the person liable on the bond and the  
16 licensee that the person is released from liability on the bond."

17 **SECTION 4D.2.** Article 36B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by  
18 adding the following new section:

19 **"§ 105-449.47B. Revocation of license.**

20 (a) Revocation. – The Secretary may revoke a license or a decal when a motor carrier  
21 fails to comply with this Article or Article 36C or 36D of this Subchapter after affording the  
22 motor carrier an opportunity to have a hearing as provided in this section.

23 (b) Notice of Proposed Revocation. – The Secretary must provide a licensee with a notice  
24 of proposed revocation that includes all of the following information:

25 (1) The basis for the proposed revocation. The statement of the basis for the  
26 proposed revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.

27 (2) The effective date of the revocation, which must be one of the following:

28 a. Forty-five days from the date of the notice of proposed revocation if  
29 the licensee does not file a timely request for hearing.

30 b. The tenth day after the date an adverse final decision is issued if the  
31 adverse final decision is mailed.

32 c. The date an adverse final decision is delivered if the adverse final  
33 decision is delivered in person.

34 (3) The circumstances, if any, under which the Secretary will not revoke the  
35 license.

36 (4) An explanation of how the licensee may contest the proposed revocation.

37 (c) Request for Hearing and Decision. – A licensee may contest a proposed revocation  
38 by filing a written hearing request within 45 days of the date the notice of proposed revocation  
39 was mailed, if the notice was delivered by mail, or delivered to the licensee, if the notice was  
40 delivered in person. A hearing request is considered filed as provided under G.S. 105-241.11(b).  
41 If the licensee does not file a timely hearing request, the license is revoked as provided in the  
42 notice of proposed revocation and the revocation is final and not subject to further administrative  
43 or judicial review.

44 (d) Hearing Procedure. – The Secretary must give a licensee who filed a timely hearing  
45 request in accordance with subsection (c) of this section at least 20 days' written notice of the  
46 date, time, and place of the hearing, unless the Department and the licensee agree to a shorter  
47 period. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary must issue a  
48 final decision and notify the licensee in writing within 60 days of the hearing. The Department  
49 and the licensee may extend this time limit by mutual agreement. Failure to issue a final decision  
50 within the required time does not affect the validity of the decision. The final decision must state  
51 the basis for the decision and, if the final decision includes revocation of a license or a decal, the

1 effective date of the revocation in accordance with subdivision (b)(2) of this section. The  
2 statement of the basis of the revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.

3 (e) Delivery of Notice. – The Secretary must deliver a notice in accordance with  
4 G.S. 105-241.20(b). In lieu of providing notice by United States mail, the Secretary may give  
5 notice by email or other electronic means if the licensee has consented to receiving notices via  
6 electronic means.

7 (f) Return of Credentials. – If the license is revoked, the former licensee shall return to  
8 the Secretary, within 10 days of the issuance of the final decision, all licenses and decals  
9 previously issued. If the licenses or decals are not returned, the credentials are subject to seizure  
10 or removal from the motor vehicle or defacement. If a license or decal is unable to be returned,  
11 the licensee must include a written statement of the reasons, satisfactory to the Secretary, why  
12 the license or decal cannot be returned."

13 **SECTION 4D.3.** G.S. 105-449.76 reads as rewritten:

14 "**§ 105-449.76. Cancellation or revocation of license.**

15 (a) Cancellation. – The Secretary may cancel a license issued under this Article upon the  
16 written request of the licensee. The licensee's request must include a proposed effective date of  
17 cancellation and must return the license to the Secretary on or before the proposed effective date.  
18 If the licensee's request does not include a proposed effective date of cancellation, the license is  
19 cancelled 15 days after the Department receives the written request. If the license is unable to be  
20 returned, the licensee must include a written statement of the reasons, satisfactory to the  
21 Secretary, why the license cannot be returned. The Secretary shall notify the licensee when the  
22 license is cancelled.

23 ~~(a1) Revocation.~~ Summary Revocation and Procedure. – The Secretary may summarily  
24 revoke a license issued under this Article when the Secretary ~~finds~~ determines that the licensee  
25 is incurring liability for the tax imposed under this Article after failing to pay a tax when due  
26 under this Article. ~~In addition, the~~ The Secretary must send a revoked licensee a notice of the  
27 revocation and a notice of hearing. The hearing must be held within 10 days after the date of the  
28 notice of revocation unless the revoked licensee requests, before the day of the hearing, that the  
29 hearing be rescheduled. Upon receipt of a timely request, the Secretary must reschedule the  
30 hearing and provide at least 10 days' notice of the rescheduled hearing. The revocation is not  
31 stayed pending the hearing decision. A notice of hearing under this subsection must be in writing  
32 and indicate the date, time, and place of the hearing. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed  
33 by the Secretary. The Secretary must issue a final decision and notify the revoked licensee in  
34 writing within 10 days of the hearing. The final decision must state the basis for the decision.  
35 The statement of the basis of a revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.

36 (a2) Non-Summary Revocation. – The Secretary may revoke the license of a licensee that  
37 commits one or more of the acts listed in G.S. 105-449.120 after ~~holding a hearing on whether~~  
38 ~~the license should be revoked,~~ affording the licensee an opportunity to have a hearing as provided  
39 in subsections (a3) through (b2) of this section.

40 (a3) Notice of Proposed Revocation. – The Secretary must provide a licensee with a notice  
41 of proposed revocation that includes all of the following information:

- 42 (1) The basis for the proposed revocation. The statement of the basis for the  
43 proposed revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.
- 44 (2) The effective date of the revocation, which must be one of the following:
  - 45 a. Forty-five days from the date of the notice of proposed revocation if  
46 the licensee does not file a timely request for hearing.
  - 47 b. The tenth day after the date an adverse final decision is issued if the  
48 adverse final decision is mailed.
  - 49 c. The date an adverse final decision is delivered if the adverse final  
50 decision is delivered in person.



1           (3)    The circumstances, if any, under which the Secretary will not revoke the  
2           license.

3           (4)    An explanation of how the licensee may contest the proposed revocation.

4           (a4)   Request for Hearing and Decision. – A licensee may contest a proposed revocation  
5           by filing a written hearing request within 45 days of the date the notice of proposed revocation  
6           was mailed, if the notice was delivered by mail, or delivered to the licensee, if the notice was  
7           delivered in person. A hearing request is considered filed as provided under G.S. 105-241.11(b).  
8           If the licensee does not file a timely hearing request, the license is revoked as provided in the  
9           notice of proposed revocation and the revocation is final and not subject to further administrative  
10           or judicial review.

11           (b)    ~~Hearing Procedure. – The Secretary must send a person whose license is summarily~~  
12           ~~revoked a notice of the revocation and must give the person an opportunity to have a hearing on~~  
13           ~~the revocation within 10 days after the revocation. The Secretary must give a person whose~~  
14           ~~license may be revoked after a hearing at least 10 give a licensee who filed a timely hearing~~  
15           ~~request in accordance with subsection (a4) of this section at least 20 days' written notice of the~~  
16           ~~date, time, and place of the hearing. A notice of a summary license revocation and a notice of~~  
17           ~~hearing must be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the licensee. If the person~~  
18           ~~whose license may be revoked fails to attend the noticed hearing, the license revocation is~~  
19           ~~effective 15 days after the noticed hearing, unless the Department and the licensee agree~~  
20           ~~to a shorter period. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary~~  
21           ~~must issue a final decision and notify the licensee in writing within 60 days of the hearing. The~~  
22           ~~Department and the licensee may extend this time by mutual agreement. Failure to issue a final~~  
23           ~~decision within the required time does not affect the validity of the decision. The final decision~~  
24           ~~must state the basis for the decision and, if the final decision includes revocation of the license,~~  
25           ~~the effective date of the revocation in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (a3) of this~~  
26           ~~section. The statement of the basis of a revocation does not limit the Department from changing~~  
27           ~~the basis.~~

28           (b1)   Delivery of Notice. – The Secretary must deliver a notice in accordance with  
29           G.S. 105-241.20(b). In lieu of providing notice by United States mail, the Secretary may give  
30           notice by email or other electronic means if the licensee has consented to receiving notices via  
31           electronic means.

32           (b2)   Return of Credentials. – If the license is revoked, the former licensee shall return to  
33           the Secretary, within 10 days of the issuance of the final decision, all licenses and decals  
34           previously issued. If a license or decal is unable to be returned, the licensee must include a written  
35           statement of the reasons, satisfactory to the Secretary, why the license or decal cannot be  
36           returned.

37           (c)    Release of Bond. – When the Secretary cancels or revokes a license and the licensee  
38           has paid all taxes and penalties due under this Article, the Secretary must take one of the  
39           following actions concerning a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit filed by the licensee:

40                   (1)    Return an irrevocable letter of credit to the licensee.

41                   (2)    Return a bond to the licensee or notify the person liable on the bond and the  
42                   licensee that the person is released from liability on the bond."

43           **SECTION 4D.4.** G.S. 119-19 reads as rewritten:

44           "**§ 119-19. Authority of Secretary to cancel or revoke a license.**

45           (a)    ~~Reasons. Cancellation.~~ – The Secretary of Revenue may cancel a license issued under  
46           this Article upon the written request of the licensee. The licensee's request must include a  
47           proposed effective date of the cancellation and must return the license to the Secretary on or  
48           before the proposed effective date. If the licensee's request does not include a proposed effective  
49           date of cancellation, the license is cancelled 15 days after the Department receives the written  
50           request. If the license is unable to be returned, the licensee must include a written statement of

1 the reason, satisfactory to the Secretary, why the license cannot be returned. The Secretary must  
2 notify the licensee when the license is cancelled.

3 (a1) Summary Revocation and Procedure. – The Secretary may summarily revoke a  
4 license issued under this Article or under Article 36C or 36D of Chapter 105 of the General  
5 Statutes this Chapter when the Secretary finds-determines that the licensee is incurring liability  
6 for the tax imposed by this Article after failing to pay a tax when due under this Article. The  
7 Secretary must send a revoked licensee a notice of the revocation and a notice of hearing. The  
8 hearing must be held within 10 days after the date of the notice of revocation unless the revoked  
9 licensee requests, before the day of the hearing, that the hearing be rescheduled. Upon receipt of  
10 a timely request, the Secretary must reschedule the hearing and provide at least 10 days' notice  
11 of the rescheduled hearing. The revocation is not stayed pending the hearing decision. A notice  
12 of hearing under this subsection must be in writing and indicate the date, time, and place of the  
13 hearing. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary must issue  
14 a final decision and notify the revoked licensee in writing within 10 days of the hearing. The final  
15 decision must state the basis for the decision. The statement of the basis of a revocation does not  
16 limit the Department from changing the basis.

17 (a2) Non-Summary Revocation. – The Secretary may revoke the license of a licensee who  
18 files a false report under this Article or fails to file a report required under this Article after  
19 holding a hearing on whether the license should be revoked-affording the licensee an opportunity  
20 to have a hearing as provided in subsections (a3) through (b2) of this section.

21 (a3) Notice of Proposed Revocation. – The Secretary must provide a licensee with a notice  
22 of proposed revocation that includes all of the following information:

- 23 (1) The basis for the proposed revocation. The statement of the basis for the  
24 proposed revocation does not limit the Department from changing the basis.
- 25 (2) The effective date of the revocation, which must be one of the following:
  - 26 a. Forty-five days from the date of the notice of proposed revocation if  
27 the licensee does not file a timely request for hearing.
  - 28 b. The tenth day after the date an adverse final decision is issued if the  
29 adverse final decision is mailed.
  - 30 c. The date an adverse final decision is delivered if the adverse final  
31 decision is delivered in person.
- 32 (3) The circumstances, if any, under which the Secretary will not revoke the  
33 license.
- 34 (4) An explanation of how the licensee may contest the proposed revocation.

35 (a4) Request for Hearing and Decision. – A licensee may contest a proposed revocation  
36 by filing a written hearing request within 45 days of the date the notice of proposed revocation  
37 was mailed, if the notice was delivered by mail, or delivered to the licensee, if the notice was  
38 delivered in person. A hearing request is considered filed as provided under G.S. 105-241.11(b).  
39 If the licensee does not file a timely hearing request, the license is revoked as provided in the  
40 notice of proposed revocation and the revocation is final and not subject to further administrative  
41 or judicial review.

42 (b) Hearing Procedure. – The Secretary must send a person whose license is summarily  
43 revoked a notice of the revocation and must give the person an opportunity to have a hearing on  
44 the revocation within 10 days after the revocation. The Secretary must give a person whose  
45 license may be revoked after a hearing-give a licensee who filed a timely hearing request in  
46 accordance with subsection (a4) of this section at least 10-20 days' written notice of the date,  
47 time, and place of the hearing. A notice of a summary license revocation and a notice of hearing  
48 must be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the licensee-hearing, unless the  
49 Department and the licensee agree to a shorter period. A hearing must be conducted as prescribed  
50 by the Secretary. The Secretary must issue a final decision and notify the licensee in writing  
51 within 60 days of the hearing. The Department and the licensee may extend this time by mutual

1 agreement. Failure to issue a final decision within the required time does not affect the validity  
2 of the decision. The final decision must state the basis for the decision and, if the final decision  
3 includes revocation of the license, the effective date of the revocation in accordance with  
4 subdivision (2) of subsection (a3) of this section. The statement of the basis of a revocation does  
5 not limit the Department from changing the basis.

6 (b1) Delivery of Notice. – The Secretary must deliver a notice in accordance with  
7 G.S. 105-241.20(b). In lieu of providing notice by United States mail, the Secretary may give  
8 notice by email or other electronic means if the licensee has consented to receiving notices via  
9 electronic means.

10 (b2) Return of Credentials. – If the license is revoked, the former licensee shall return to  
11 the Secretary, within 10 days of the issuance of the final decision, all licenses previously issued.  
12 If a license is unable to be returned, the licensee must include a written statement of the reasons,  
13 satisfactory to the Secretary, why the license cannot be returned.

14 (c) Release of Bond. – When the Secretary cancels or revokes a license and the licensee  
15 has paid all taxes and penalties due under this Article, the Secretary must either return to the  
16 licensee the bond filed by the licensee or notify the person liable on the bond and the licensee  
17 that the person is released from liability on the bond."

18 **SECTION 4D.5.** This Subpart becomes effective January 1, 2022, and applies to  
19 summary revocations and non-summary revocations initiated by the Department on or after that  
20 date.

## 21 **SUBPART E. OTHER EXCISE TAX CHANGES**

22 **SECTION 4E.1.** G.S. 105-113.8 is recodified as G.S. 105-113.4H.

23 **SECTION 4E.2.(a)** G.S. 105-113.11 is recodified as G.S. 105-113.4I.

24 **SECTION 4E.2.(b)** G.S. 105-113.4I, as recodified by subsection (a) of this section,  
25 reads as rewritten:

26 **"§ 105-113.4I. Licenses required.**

27 ~~After the effective date of this Article, no A person shall may not~~ engage in business as a  
28 ~~distributor distributor, wholesale dealer, or retail dealer~~ in this State, without having first obtained  
29 from the Secretary the appropriate license for that purpose as prescribed ~~herein. Any in this~~  
30 Article. A license required by this Article shall be is in addition to any ~~and all~~ other licenses  
31 ~~which that~~ may be required by law."

32 **SECTION 4E.3.(a)** G.S. 105-113.29 is recodified as G.S. 105-113.4J.

33 **SECTION 4E.3.(b)** G.S. 105-113.4J, as recodified by subsection (a) of this section,  
34 reads as rewritten:

35 **"§ 105-113.4J. Unlicensed place of business.**

36 It is unlawful for a person to maintain a place of business within this State required by this  
37 Article to be licensed to engage in the business of selling, offering for sale, or possessing with  
38 the intent to sell ~~cigarettes or other~~ tobacco products without first obtaining ~~the licenses all~~  
39 licenses required by this Article."

40 **SECTION 4E.4.** G.S. 105-113.33 is recodified as G.S. 105-113.4K.

41 **SECTION 4E.5.** G.S. 105-113.18(2) reads as rewritten:

42 **"(2) Use Tax Report. – Every other A person who is not a licensed distributor and**  
43 **has acquired non-tax-paid cigarettes for sale, use, or consumption**  
44 **consumption, subject to the tax imposed by this Part shall, must, within 96**  
45 **hours after receipt of the cigarettes, file a report in the form prescribed by the**  
46 **Secretary showing the amount of cigarettes so received and any other**  
47 **information required by the Secretary. The report shall must be accompanied**  
48 **by payment of the full amount of the tax."**

49 **SECTION 4E.6.** G.S. 105-113.35(d) reads as rewritten:  
50

1 "(d) Manufacturer's Option. – A manufacturer who is not a retail dealer and who ships  
2 tobacco products other than cigarettes to either a wholesale dealer or retail dealer licensed under  
3 this Part may apply to the Secretary to be relieved of paying the tax imposed by this section on  
4 the tobacco products. ~~A manufacturer who is not a retail dealer and who ships vapor products to~~  
5 ~~either a wholesale dealer or retail dealer licensed under this Part may apply to the Secretary to be~~  
6 ~~relieved of paying the tax imposed by this section on the vapor products shipped to either a~~  
7 ~~wholesale dealer or retail dealer.~~ Once granted permission, a manufacturer may choose not to  
8 pay the tax until otherwise notified by the Secretary but is not relieved from filing a report as  
9 required by this Part. To be relieved of payment of the tax imposed by this section, a manufacturer  
10 must comply with the requirements set by the Secretary.

11 Permission granted under this subsection to a manufacturer to be relieved of paying the tax  
12 imposed by this section applies to an integrated wholesale dealer with whom the manufacturer is  
13 an affiliate. A manufacturer must notify the Secretary of any integrated wholesale dealer with  
14 whom it is an affiliate when the manufacturer applies to the Secretary for permission to be  
15 relieved of paying the tax and when an integrated wholesale dealer becomes an affiliate of the  
16 manufacturer after the Secretary has given the manufacturer permission to be relieved of paying  
17 the tax.

18 If a person is both a manufacturer of cigarettes and a wholesale dealer of tobacco products  
19 other than cigarettes and the person is granted permission under G.S. 105-113.10 to be relieved  
20 of paying the cigarette excise tax, the permission applies to the tax imposed by this section on  
21 tobacco products other than cigarettes. A cigarette manufacturer who becomes a wholesale dealer  
22 after receiving permission to be relieved of the cigarette excise tax must notify the Secretary of  
23 the permission received under G.S. 105-113.10 when applying for a license as a wholesale  
24 dealer."

25 **SECTION 4E.7.** G.S. 105-113.37 reads as rewritten:

26 "**§ 105-113.37. Payment of tax.**

27 (a) Monthly Report. – Taxes levied by this ~~Article~~ Part are payable by a licensed  
28 wholesale dealer or licensed retail dealer when a report is required to be filed. A report is due on  
29 a monthly basis. A monthly report covers tobacco ~~products~~ products, other than cigarettes, sold,  
30 shipped, delivered, or otherwise disposed of in this State occurring in a calendar month and is  
31 due within 20 days after the end of the month covered by the report. A report ~~shall~~ must be filed  
32 on a form provided by the Secretary and ~~shall~~ must contain the information required by the  
33 Secretary.

34 (a1) Use Tax Report. – A person who is not a licensed wholesale dealer or licensed retail  
35 dealer and has acquired non-tax-paid tobacco products, other than cigarettes, for sale, use, or  
36 consumption, subject to the tax imposed by this Part must, within 96 hours after receipt of the  
37 tobacco products, file a report in the form prescribed by the Secretary showing the amount of  
38 tobacco products received and any other information required by the Secretary. The report must  
39 be accompanied by payment of the full amount of the tax.

40 ...."

41 **SECTION 4E.8.** G.S. 105-113.83 reads as rewritten:

42 "**§ 105-113.83. Payment of excise taxes.**

43 ...

44 (b) Malt Beverage and Wine. – The excise taxes on malt beverages and wine levied under  
45 G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b), respectively, are payable to the Secretary by the resident wholesaler  
46 or importer who first handles the beverages in this State. ~~The excise taxes levied under~~  
47 ~~G.S. 105-113.80(b) on wine shipped directly to consumers in this State pursuant to~~  
48 ~~G.S. 18B-1001.1 must be paid by the wine shipper permittee.~~ The taxes on malt beverages and  
49 wine are payable only once on the same beverages. Unless otherwise provided, the tax is due on  
50 or before the 15th day of the month following the month in which the beverage is first sold or  
51 otherwise disposed of in this State by the wholesaler or importer. When excise taxes are paid on

1 wine or malt beverages, the wholesaler or importer must submit to the Secretary verified reports  
 2 on forms provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the month for which the taxes are  
 3 paid. The report must indicate the amount of excise tax due, contain the information required by  
 4 the Secretary, and indicate separately any transactions to which the excise tax does not apply. ~~A~~  
 5 ~~wine shipper permittee shall submit verified reports once a year on forms provided by the~~  
 6 ~~Secretary detailing sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or~~  
 7 ~~before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year.~~

8 (b1) Brewery and Winery Option. – A brewery or winery may be relieved of paying the  
 9 tax levied under G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b) if all of the following apply:

10 (1) The brewery or winery holds a permit issued under G.S. 18B-1101, 18B-1102,  
 11 or 18B-1104.

12 (2) The brewery or winery transfers malt beverages or wine to a wholesaler  
 13 permitted under G.S. 18B-1107 or G.S. 18B-1109.

14 (3) The wholesaler agrees in writing to be responsible for the tax due on the  
 15 transferred malt beverages or wine.

16 (4) The brewery or winery files a report when the tax would otherwise be due  
 17 reporting the transfer of malt beverages or wine to the wholesaler.

18 (b2) Backup Tax Liability. – If a brewery or winery is relieved of paying the excise tax as  
 19 provided under subsection (b1) of this section, the wholesaler receiving the malt beverages or  
 20 wine is liable for any tax due under this section.

21 (b3) Wine Shipper Permittee. – A wine shipper permittee must pay the excise tax levied  
 22 under G.S. 105-113.80(b) on wine shipped directly to consumers in this State pursuant to  
 23 G.S. 18B-1001.1. A wine shipper permittee must submit verified reports once a year on forms  
 24 provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the year taxes are paid. The verified report  
 25 is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year.

26 ...."

27 **SECTION 4E.9.** G.S. 105-113.86 reads as rewritten:

28 "**§ 105-113.86. Bond or irrevocable letter of credit.**

29 (a) Wholesalers and Importers. – ~~A The Secretary may require a wholesaler or importer~~  
 30 ~~must file with the Secretary to furnish a bond in an amount of that adequately protects the State~~  
 31 ~~from a wholesaler's or importer's failure to pay taxes due under this Article. The amount of the~~  
 32 ~~bond shall not be less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The amount of the bond must be~~  
 33 ~~proportionate to the anticipated tax liability of the wholesaler or importer.~~

34 (a1) Distilleries. – The Secretary may require a distillery to furnish a bond in an amount  
 35 that adequately protects the State from a distillery's failure to pay taxes under this Article. The  
 36 amount of the bond shall not be less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

37 (a2) Periodic Review. – The Secretary should periodically review the sufficiency of the  
 38 bonds required under this section. The Secretary may increase the proportionate amount required,  
 39 not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), if the bond furnished no longer covers the  
 40 taxpayer's anticipated tax liability. The Secretary may decrease the proportionate amount  
 41 required when the Secretary determines that a smaller bond amount will adequately protect the  
 42 State from loss. The bond must be conditioned on compliance with this Article, payable to the  
 43 State, in a form acceptable to the Secretary, and secured by a corporate surety.

44 (b) Nonresident Vendors. – The Secretary may require the holder of a nonresident vendor  
 45 ABC permit to furnish a bond in an amount not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The  
 46 bond must be conditioned on compliance with this Article, payable to the State in a form  
 47 acceptable to the Secretary, and secured by a corporate surety.

48 (c) Letter of Credit. – For purposes of this section, a wholesaler or importer or importer,  
 49 a nonresident vendor vendor, or a distillery may substitute an irrevocable letter of credit for the  
 50 secured bond required by this section. The letter of credit must be issued by a commercial bank  
 51 acceptable to the Secretary and available to the State as a beneficiary. The letter of credit must

1 be in a form acceptable to the Secretary, conditioned upon compliance with this Article, and in  
2 the amounts stipulated in this section."

3 **SECTION 4E.10.(a)** G.S. 105-236(a)(2) reads as rewritten:

4 "(2) Failure to Obtain a License. – For failure to obtain a license before engaging  
5 in a business, trade or profession for which a license is required, the Secretary  
6 shall assess a penalty equal to five percent (5%) of the amount prescribed for  
7 the license per month or fraction thereof until paid, not to exceed twenty-five  
8 percent (25%) of the amount so prescribed, but in any event shall not be less  
9 than five dollars (\$5.00). In cases in which the taxpayer, after written  
10 notification by the Department, fails to obtain a license as required under  
11 ~~G.S. 105-449.65~~ G.S. 105-113.4I, 105-449.65, or G.S. 105-449.131, 105-  
12 449.131, the Secretary may assess a penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000)."

13 **SECTION 4E.10.(b)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2022, and applies to  
14 penalties assessed on or after that date.

15 **SECTION 4E.11.** G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 105-449.45. Returns of carriers.**

17 ...

18 (d) ~~Penalties-Failure to File Return.~~ – A motor carrier that fails to file a return under this  
19 section by the required date is subject to a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00).

20 (d1) Failure to Pay Tax When Due. – A motor carrier that fails to pay a tax when due is  
21 subject to a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00), or ten percent (10%) of the tax due, whichever is  
22 greater. The Secretary shall not assess this penalty if the motor carrier files or pays in accordance  
23 with G.S. 105-236(a)(4)a. or b.

24 (d2) Penalty Waiver. – The Secretary may reduce or waive a penalty as provided under  
25 G.S. 105-449.119.

26 ...."

27 **SECTION 4E.12.(a)** G.S. 105-449.60 reads as rewritten:

28 "**§ 105-449.60. Definitions.**

29 The following definitions apply in this Article:

30 ...

31 (20a) Fuel grade ethanol. – Ethanol meeting the standard for the American Society  
32 Testing Materials Specification D 4806, "Standard Specification for  
33 Denatured Fuel Ethanol for Blending with Gasolines for Use as Automotive  
34 Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel," or ethanol, regardless of how it was produced,  
35 denatured in accordance with 27 C.F.R. § 19.746 as of January 1, 2021.

36 (21) Gasohol. – A blended fuel composed of gasoline and fuel ~~grade~~  
37 ethanol ~~alcohol~~ or gasoline and ethanol.

38 ...."

39 **SECTION 4E.12.(b)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2022.

40 **SECTION 4E.13.(a)** G.S. 105-449.115 reads as rewritten:

41 "**§ 105-449.115. Shipping document required to transport motor fuel by railroad tank car**  
42 **or transport truck.**

43 ...

44 (d) Duties of Transporter. – A person to whom a shipping document was issued must do  
45 all of the following:

46 (1) Carry the shipping document in the conveyance for which it was issued when  
47 transporting the motor fuel described in it.

48 (2) Show the shipping document to a law enforcement officer upon request when  
49 transporting the motor fuel described in it.

50 (2a) Maintain a copy of the shipping at a centralized place of business for at least  
51 three years from the date of delivery.

- 1 (3) Deliver motor fuel described in the shipping document to the destination state  
 2 ~~printed-designated~~ on it unless the ~~person-person~~, in a manner prescribed by  
 3 the Secretary, does all of the following:  
 4 a. ~~Notifies the Secretary, in a manner designated by the Secretary,~~  
 5 Secretary before transporting the motor fuel into a state other than the  
 6 ~~printed-destination-state that the person has received instructions since~~  
 7 ~~the shipping document was issued to deliver the motor fuel to a~~  
 8 ~~different destination state.~~designated on the shipping document.  
 9 b. ~~Receives from the Secretary, in a manner designated by the Secretary,~~  
 10 Secretary a confirmation number authorizing the ~~diversion-shipment~~  
 11 of motor fuel to a state other than the state designated on the shipping  
 12 document.  
 13 c. ~~Writes-Contemporaneously notes~~ on the shipping document the  
 14 change in destination state and the confirmation number ~~for the~~  
 15 ~~diversion.~~received from the Secretary.  
 16 (4) ~~Give-Upon delivery, provide~~ a copy of the shipping document to the  
 17 ~~distributor or other person to whom the motor fuel is delivered.~~  
 18 (e) Duties of Person Receiving Shipment. – A person to whom motor fuel is delivered by  
 19 railroad tank car or transport truck may ~~not-only~~ accept delivery of the motor fuel if the  
 20 destination state shown on the shipping document for the motor fuel is ~~a state other than~~ North  
 21 ~~Carolina. To determine if the shipping document shows North Carolina as the destination state,~~  
 22 ~~the person to whom the fuel is delivered must examine the shipping document and must keep a~~  
 23 ~~copy of the shipping document.~~ Carolina or has been changed to North Carolina in accordance  
 24 with subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of this section. The person must ~~keep-maintain~~ a copy of  
 25 the shipping document for at least three years from the date of delivery and must maintain a copy  
 26 of the shipping document at the place of business where the motor fuel was delivered for 90 days  
 27 from the date of delivery ~~and must keep it at that place or another place for at least three years~~  
 28 ~~from the date of delivery.~~ A person who accepts delivery of motor fuel in violation of this  
 29 subsection is jointly and severally liable for any tax due on the fuel.  
 30 ...."

31 SECTION 4E.13.(b) G.S. 105-449.115A reads as rewritten:

32 "§ 105-449.115A. Shipping document required to transport fuel by tank wagon.

- 33 ...  
 34 (b) Duties of Transporter. – A person to whom an invoice, bill of sale, or shipping  
 35 document was issued must do all of the following:  
 36 (1) Carry the invoice, bill of sale, or shipping document in the conveyance for  
 37 which it is issued when transporting the motor fuel described in it.  
 38 (2) Show the invoice, bill of sale, or shipping document upon request when  
 39 transporting the motor fuel described in it.  
 40 (3) ~~Keep-Maintain~~ a copy of the invoice, bill of sale, or shipping document at a  
 41 centralized place of business for at least three years from the date of delivery.  
 42 (4) Deliver motor fuel described in the shipping document to the state designated  
 43 on it unless the person, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary, does all of  
 44 the following:  
 45 a. Notifies the Secretary before transporting the motor fuel into a state  
 46 other than the state designated on the shipping document.  
 47 b. Receives from the Secretary a confirmation number authorizing the  
 48 shipment of motor fuel to a state other than the state designated on the  
 49 shipping document.

1           c.     Contemporaneously notes on the shipping document the change in  
2                     destination state and the confirmation number received from the  
3                     Secretary.

4           (5)    Upon delivery, provide a copy of the shipping document to the person to  
5                     whom the motor fuel is delivered.

6           **(b1) Duties of Person Receiving Shipment.** – A person to whom motor fuel is delivered by  
7           tank wagon may only accept delivery of the motor fuel if the destination state shown on the  
8           shipping document for the motor fuel is North Carolina or has been changed to North Carolina  
9           in accordance with subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section. The person must maintain a  
10           copy of the shipping document for at least three years from the date of delivery and must maintain  
11           a copy of the shipping document at the place of business where the motor fuel was delivered for  
12           90 days from the date of delivery. A person who accepts delivery of motor fuel in violation of  
13           this subsection is jointly and severally liable for any tax due on the fuel.

14           ...."

15           **SECTION 4E.13.(c)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2022.

16           **SECTION 4E.14.(a)** G.S. 105-449.123 reads as rewritten:

17           "**§ 105-449.123. Marking requirements for dyed fuel storage facilities.**

18           (a)    Requirements. – A person who is a retailer of dyed motor fuel or who stores both  
19           dyed and undyed motor fuel for use by that person or another person must mark the storage  
20           facility for the dyed motor fuel as ~~follows provided in this subsection and~~ in a manner that clearly  
21           indicates the fuel is not to be used to operate a highway vehicle. The storage facility must be  
22           marked "Dyed Diesel, Nontaxable Use Only, Penalty For Taxable Use" or "Dyed Kerosene,  
23           Nontaxable Use Only, Penalty for Taxable Use" or a similar phrase that clearly indicates the fuel  
24           is not to be used to operate a highway vehicle. ~~A person who intentionally fails to mark the~~  
25           ~~storage facility as required by this section is subject to a civil penalty equal to the excise tax at~~  
26           ~~the motor fuel rate on the inventory held in the storage tank at the time of the violation. If the~~  
27           ~~inventory cannot be determined, then the penalty is calculated on the capacity of the storage~~  
28           ~~tank.~~ The marking requirements are:

29           (1)    The storage tank of the storage facility must be marked if the storage tank is  
30                     visible.

31           (2)    The fillcap or spill containment box of the storage facility must be marked.

32           (3)    The dispensing device that serves the storage facility must be marked.

33           (4)    The retail pump or dispensing device at any level of the distribution system  
34                     must comply with the marking requirements.

35           **(a1) Penalty.** – A person who fails to mark the storage facility as required by subsection  
36           (a) of this section is subject to a civil penalty of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). Each  
37           inspection that results in a finding of noncompliance constitutes a separate and distinct offense.

38           **(b) Exception.** – The marking requirements of this section do not apply to a storage  
39           facility that contains fuel used only for one of the purposes listed in G.S. 105-449.105A(a)(1)  
40           and is installed in a manner that makes use of the fuel for any other purpose improbable."

41           **SECTION 4E.14.(b)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2022, and applies to  
42           penalties assessed on or after that date.

## 43 44 **SUBPART F. LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX CHANGES**

45           **SECTION 4F.1.(a)** G.S. 105-278(a) reads as rewritten:

46           "(a)    Real property designated as a historic property by a local ordinance adopted pursuant  
47           to former G.S. 160A-399.4 or designated as a historic landmark by a local ordinance adopted  
48           pursuant to G.S. 160D-945 or former G.S. 160A-400.5 is designated a special class of property  
49           under authority of Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution. Property so classified  
50           shall be taxed uniformly as a class in each local taxing unit on the basis of fifty percent (50%) of  
51           the true value of the property as determined pursuant to G.S. 105-285 and 105-286, or 105-287."



1                   **SECTION 4F.1.(b)** This section is effective retroactively to June 19, 2020.

2

3 **PART V. EFFECTIVE DATE**

4                   **SECTION 5.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes  
5 law.