GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

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Short Title:

HOUSE BILL 951 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H951-PCS10518-RIf-28

Modernize Energy Generation.

Sponsors: Referred to: May 12, 2021 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO MODERNIZE NORTH CAROLINA'S GENERATION AND GRID 3 RESOURCES AND RATE MAKING AND TO INVEST IN CRITICAL ENERGY 4 INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF CUSTOMERS. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 6 7 PART I. CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR GRID MODERNIZATION AND 8 **INVESTMENT IN CRITICAL ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE** 9 **SECTION 1.(a)** Findings. – The General Assembly of North Carolina finds: 10 In order to ensure predictable and low customer electricity costs, promote (1)economic development, protect the continued long-term reliability of electric 11 service, and protect the environment, it is in the public interest of the State to 12 13 seek to continue the transition away from coal-fired electricity generation in 14 an orderly and disciplined manner. Overreliance on coal-fired electricity generation carries financial and 15 (2)operational risks in light of the future potential for limited coal supply options 16 due to coal market consolidation, future potential coal market constraints, and 17 18 coal price unpredictability. These risks are increased when combined with the 19 effects of likely future stringent federal environmental regulations, including 20 future potential tax or other costs, direct or indirect, imposed on coal-fired 21 electricity generation. 22 In transitioning away from coal-fired electricity generation, given uncertainty (3) 23 of long-term fuel supply and environmental regulation, it is in the public 24 interest and the policy of the State that maintaining predictable and affordable 25 customer electricity costs and maintaining continued long-term reliability of the electric grid are the most significant factors in determining replacement 26 27 generating resources. 28 (4) It is in the public interest for the electric public utilities to accelerate retirement 29 of certain coal-fired electric generating facilities in an orderly and disciplined 30 manner that (i) ensures continued electric system reliability for all customers, 31 (ii) mitigates the financial and operational risks associated with potential rapid 32 coal-fired electric generating facility retirement over a short period of time in 33 the future, (iii) seeks to maximize the overall value and lower the overall cost 34 of such future transition, (iv) seeks to reduce the risk of future rate shock 35 arising from the need for a more compressed transition, (v) delivers to electric 36 utility customers financial and operational benefits from diverse and new



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	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1 2 3		electric generation technologies, and (vi) will result in a electric power sector CO2 emissions of at least sixty-or 2005 levels.	•
4 5 6	(5)	The plan set forth herein is generally consistent wi utilities' current integrated resource plan, and this act public utilities to implement their integrated resource pl	will allow the electric
7		manner.	
8 9 0	(6)	The plan set forth herein will provide an "all of the replacing a limited number of coal-fired power plants of network and storage concerting technic	with a combination of
1	(7)	natural gas, nuclear, solar, and storage generating techn It is in the public interest to decrease the number of rate	-
2 3		regulatory lag that currently delays and hinders certain which would bring or maintain benefit to customers	n capital investments
4		public utilities.	
5 5 7	(8)	To facilitate the investments necessary to transition from generation in a manner that ensures predictable and electricity costs, the General Assembly declares that it is for the North Caroline Utilities Commission to a	affordable customer s in the public interest
8 9		for the North Carolina Utilities Commission to a	
)		performance-based regulation for electric utilities in encourage all of the following:	order to achieve and
1		a. Alignment of electric public utilities' incentive	es with customer and
2		societal interests through regulatory mech	anisms that reward
3		improved operations and increased program effe	
4		b. Electric public utilities' innovation in service de	•
5 6 7		c. Electric public utilities' investments to make the resilient to adverse weather and to cyber and phy and capable of accommodating more renewable	ysical security threats,
3		resources onto the system.	
)		d. More efficient use of energy by customers b	y decoupling electric
)		public utility revenues from customer consumpt	ion.
		e. Multiyear rate planning to maintain predictable and reduce regulatory lag on necessary investme	
3	SECT	TION 1.(b) Definitions. – For purposes of Part I of the	his act, the following
	definitions shall a		
5 5	(1)	"Coal retirement and replacement plan" means a plan, a subsection (d) of this section, for retiring a subcritic	
7		generating facility located in North Carolina by Decem	
3		replacement of such facility with a new source of energ	
)	(2)	"Designated replacement resources" means those resour	
)		in subsection (c) of this section and those replacement	
L		approved by the Commission pursuant to subsection	
2		replace the capacity and energy lost by the retirem	ent of the remaining
5		subcritical coal-fired generating facility.	
- ,	(3)	"Energy storage system" or "ESS" means a system, e	
, -)		technology relating to the electric grid that (i) is cap	
)		receiving electrical energy, storing such energy for a dispatching electrical energy after storage, and (ii)	
3		electrical, chemical, electrochemical, or thermal proces	
,)	(4)	"Subcritical coal-fired generating facilities" means the Allen Plant located in Gaston County, Marshall Unit	remaining units of the

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		Catawba County, the Roxboro Plant located in Person County	nty, Cliffside Unit
2		5 located in Cleveland County, and the Mayo Plant located	•
3		TION 1.(c) Subcritical Coal-Fired Generating Facilities; Spec	-
4		nd Associated Designated Replacement Resources In ord	
5	•	rom coal-fired electricity generation in an orderly and discip	
6		inancial and operational risks to customers of overreliance o	
7	-	c utilities shall retire all subcritical coal-fired generating facil	ities by December
8		nanner and subject to the conditions described herein.	
9	(1)	Allen Plant. – Except as provided in subdivisions (1) and (2	
10		of this section, the remaining units of the Allen Plant shall	
11 12		before December 31, 2023. On or near the site of the Alle	
12		event outside of Gaston County, the applicable electric p	-
13 14		procure and own designated replacement resources comprise energy storage systems with a total capacity of approximate	
14		alternating current (MW AC)/80 megawatt hours (MWh	• •
16		electric public utility shall exert reasonable efforts to	
10		designated replacement resources are constructed according	
18		allows for retirement of the coal-fired generating facility	
19		retirement dates, and the utility shall provide updates	
20		Commission regarding the status of such efforts in its in	
21		plans.	C
22	(2)	Marshall Units 1 and 2. – Except as provided in subdivision	ons (1) and (2) of
23		subsection (e) of this section, Marshall Units 1 and 2 shall	ll be retired on or
24		before December 31, 2026. On or near the site of the Marsh	
25		event outside of Catawba County, the applicable electric p	•
26		procure and own designated replacement resources compris	-
27		fueled simple-cycle combustion turbine generating facilities	
28		capacity totaling approximately 900 MW, provided that t	-
29 30		utility shall be permitted to propose a smaller combustion to	
		facility where the electric public utility determines that tech constraints so require. The applicable electric public u	-
31 32		reasonable efforts to ensure that the designated replacem	•
33		constructed according to a time line that allows for retirement	
34		generating facility by the targeted retirement dates, and	
35		provide updates to the Utilities Commission regarding t	•
36		efforts in its integrated resource plans.	
37	(3)	Roxboro Plant. – A coal retirement and replacement plan sh	all be filed for the
38		Roxboro Plant on or before September 1, 2024. With respec	
39		replacement resource for the Roxboro Plant, the replacemen	t resource shall be
40		a generating facility located on the Roxboro Plant site or, in	the event that the
41		applicable electric public utility, in its reasonable discretio	
42		it will be unable or infeasible to procure or construct a ger	
43		the Roxboro Plant site, at another location in Person Count	y that satisfies all
44		of the following criteria:	
45		a. The resource has continuous generating and dispate	-
46 47		other operating characteristics that provide system in that are equal to an areater than the rating Bayhard	
47 48		that are equal to or greater than the retiring Roxbord	
48 49		b. The resource provides effective load carrying capal ensure continued reliability of the system.	omity sufficient to
4 7		ensure continueu renaonity of the system.	

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1 2 3		c. The resource has the ability to deliver continue maximum capacity of the resource for a continue or longer without relience on other grid resource.	uous period of one week
5 4	(A)	or longer without reliance on other grid resour	
	(4)	Cliffside Unit 5. – A coal retirement and replacement	-
5		Cliffside Unit 5 on or before September 1, 2027. Wi	
6		replacement resources for the facility, the replacement	
7		energy storage system to be procured and owned by	11
8		public utility. The applicable electric public utility	
9		substantial portion of the ESS on the Cliffside Un	
10		permitted to site such ESS on or near other electric	
11	(-)	where such siting will provide increased benefit to cu	
12	(5)	Mayo Plant. – A coal retirement and replacement pla	
13		Mayo Plant on or before September 1, 2027. With	1 0
14		replacement resources for these facilities, the replace	
15		facility shall be an ESS to be procured and owned by	
16		public utility. The applicable electric public utility	shall seek to locate a
17		substantial portion of the ESS on the site of the	e applicable subcritical
18		coal-fired generating facility but shall be permitted to	site such ESS on or near
19		other electric public utility property where such siting	g will provide increased
20		benefit to customers.	
21	SECT	TON 1.(d) Coal Retirement and Replacement Plans G	enerally. –
22	(1)	A coal retirement and replacement plan shall include	all of the following:
23		a. The proposed retirement date for the applicab	ble subcritical coal-fired
24		generating facility and the reasons for that pro	posed retirement date.
25		b. The proposed type, size, and location of the r	replacement resource or
26		resources intended to replace the energy and ca	apacity of the subcritical
27		coal-fired generating facility in order to en	
28		cost-effective service to the electric public uti	lity's customers and the
29		projected timing of the commercial operation	on of such replacement
30		resource or resources.	Ĩ
31		c. A forecast of capital costs, fuel costs, other ope	eration and maintenance
32		costs, and the capacity factors of the proposed	
33		as well as any assumptions about future regula	-
34		d. In the case of replacement resources that wo	• •
35		under G.S. 62-110.1 or otherwise, to the exte	-
36		above, the information that would be required	• •
37		application for certificate of a generating facili	
38		except that the information required under	-
39		G.S. 62-110.1(d) shall not be required.	
40	(2)	After receipt of a coal retirement and replacement plan	n, the Commission shall
41	(-)	do all of the following:	-,
42		a. Establish a procedural schedule to allow intere	ested parties to intervene
43		in the proceeding, to facilitate discovery of	-
44		among parties to the proceeding, and to red	
45		parties and the filing of any direct or rebuttal ex	
46		b. Hold one or more public hearings and require	
47		a single notice of the public hearing in a	
48		circulation in the county in which the subcritic	
49		facility is located.	an cour mod generating
5 0		c. Schedule an evidentiary hearing to allow for the	he cross-examination of
50 51		expert witnesses, to resolve all contested issue	
<i></i>		expert writeboos, to resolve an contested issue	s connoon the puritos to

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		the proceeding, and to address any question	ns or issues the Commission
2	(2)	may raise upon its own motion.	
3	(3)	After completion of the process described in subdiv	
4		the Commission shall issue an order approving,	
5		electric public utility's coal retirement and replace	
6		after the filing thereof. The Commission shall app	prove a coal retirement and
7		replacement plan if it finds all of the following:	ometico with the amplicable
8 9		a. The coal retirement and replacement plan c requirements set forth in this subsection.	
0		b. The replacement resource proposed in	
1		replacement plan is sized appropriately to	
2		on an hourly basis over an annual period an	1 1
3		to serve anticipated peak electrical load	
4		reserve margin based upon the applicable	
5		current projections of customer load req	
6		equivalent ancillary services and ensu	
7		applicable reliability standards, including t	
8		Reliability Corporation's (NERC) reliability	-
9		c. The electric public utility has reasonab	
0		competitive equipment procurement pra	
1		projected cost of the proposed replacement	
2		accordance with the requirements set forth	in subdivisions (3) through
3		(5) of subsection (c) of this section	C.1. 1
4	(4)	In a decision issued pursuant to subdivision (3) o	
5		any replacement resource, the Commission si	
6		construction cost for each such replacement r	-
7		resource requires a certificate of public conven $C = C^2 + 10^2$ and the entropy of the second sec	
.8 .9		G.S. 62-110.1 or otherwise, and is approved by	
0		section, such replacement resource shall be deeme convenience and necessity and public interest for	
1		and the Commission shall issue a certificate of	purposes of 0.3. 02-110.1,
2		necessity for such replacement resources at the ti	
3		further process shall be required under G.S. 62-	
3 4		addressed herein.	110.1 except as otherwise
5	SECT	TION 1.(e) General Provisions Applicable to	Retirement of Subcritical
5		rating Facilities. –	Remement of Suberniear
7	(1)	Notwithstanding any date established under sul	bsection (c) or (d) of this
8	(1)	section that requires retirement of a subcritical co	
9		in the event the applicable electric public utility de	u
0		of any such facility would have the potential to co	
1		electric public utility's service, or otherwise impa	
2		public utility to comply with any applicable re	-
.3		electric public utility shall file notice with the (• •
4		reliability issues preventing compliance with the	-
5		by the date specified and requesting a delay of re-	-
.6		of a notice and request for retirement delay as aut	
.7		the Commission may conduct a hearing regarding	•
.8		an order approving or rejecting the request for dela	•
9		of such notice and request.	
0	(2)	In order to ensure the continued reliability of the el	ectric system, no subcritical
1	. ,	coal-fired generating facilities shall be retired unl	-
			11

	General Assem	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1 2 3 4 5		designated replacement resource has been placed however, that the electric public utility shall be aut subcritical coal-fired generating facility prior to the i applicable designated replacement resource if the e determines that it will be able to maintain reliable service	horized to retire the n-service date of the electric public utility
6	(3)	In the case of each subcritical coal-fired generating f	facility that is retired
7		pursuant to this section, the applicable electric public uti	• •
8 9		to establish a regulatory asset for the remaining net subcritical coal-fired generating facility and amortize t	
10		the same rate the subcritical coal-fired generating fa	
11		being depreciated. The regulatory asset shall be inclu	
12		rate-making purposes, and in a future general rate proceed	
13		shall establish an amortization period for recovery and	-
14		unamortized balance at the electric public utility's then a	
15		weighted average cost of capital.	
16		FION 1.(f) General Provisions Applicable to Desi	0 1
17		ased and Owned by the Electric Public Utilities Pursuan	t to Subsection (c) of
18	this Section. –		1
19	(1)	In order to ensure predictable and affordable customer e	-
20 21		customers and to ensure an orderly and disciplined tran	isition, the applicable
21 22		electric utility shall:a. In the case of the nonrenewable generating facility	tion produced pursuant
22		to subsection (c) of this section, utilize compet	
23 24		the design, engineering, and construction of such	-
25		b. In the case of any renewable energy facilities	
26		subsection (c) of this section, competitively proc	
27		facilities from third parties utilizing the procee	lures set forth and in
28		compliance with the requirements of G.S. 62-11	1
29		occurring after January 1, 2022; provided, h	
30		procuring electric public utility shall own an	-
31		renewable energy facilities procured pursuant to	
32 33		percentage allocation of ownership between electric public utilities for procurements comme	1
33 34		2021, that is specified in subsection (b1)	
35		renewable generating facilities shall not apply	
36		renewable energy facilities pursuant to subsecti	-
37		and (ii) the cost cap specified in subsection (g1)	
38		not apply to the procurement of renewable ener	gy facilities pursuant
39		to subsection (c) of this section.	
40		c. In the case of the ESS procured pursuant to s	
41		section, competitively procure and purchase suc	
42		parties utilizing the procurement procedures	-
43 44		independent oversight set forth in G.S. 62-110	-
44 45		occurring after January 1, 2022; provided, h procuring electric public utility shall own and c	
46		procured pursuant to this section and the per-	-
47		ownership between third parties and the electr	-
48		procurements commencing after January 1, 202	-
49		subsection (b1) of G.S. 62-110.8 for renewable	_
50		shall not apply to procurements of ESS pursuar	
51		this section and (ii) the cost cap specified in	n subsection (g1) of

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1 2		G.S. 62-110.8 shall not apply to the procusubsection (c) of this section.	arement of ESS pursuant to
3	(2)	The designated replacement resources identified	d in subsection (c) of this
4	(-)	section that require a certificate of public conve	
5		G.S. 62-110.1, or otherwise, shall be deemed	•
6		convenience and necessity and public interest for	1
7		so long as the applicable electric public utility	1 1
8		procures such replacement generation in a manner	• • •
9		(1) of this subsection.	
10	(3)	Notwithstanding G.S. 62-110.1, the Commission	
11		decision on an application for a certificate of pub	
12		resources. The Commission shall render its decis	
13		certificate, including any related transmission	
14		generation facility, within 90 days of the date t	
15		application for a certificate of public convenience	•
16		or procure those designated replacement resources	
17		of this section that require a certificate of public	•
18		and the renewable generating facilities purchased	2
19 20		public utilities pursuant to G.S. 62-110.8 throug	
20 21		after January 1, 2021, shall be subject to all of the	
21		a. The applicable electric public utility shall p Commission of the date the electric public	
22		application no less than 30 days prior	-
23 24		application no less than 50 days prior	to the submission of the
25		b. When the electric public utility applies for	r a certificate as provided in
26		this subdivision, it shall submit to the Cor	-
20 27		costs of construction of the generating fa	
28		Commission may require.	
29		c. G.S. 62-110.1(d) and (e) and G.S. 62-82	(a) shall not apply to such
30		applications.	(ii) sinni interappin sunni
31		d. The Commission shall hold a single	public hearing for such
32		applications and require the applicant to p	
33		public hearing in a newspaper of general	-
34		which the generating facility is located.	-
35	(4)	The electric public utilities shall be permitted to	recover from its customers
36		the reasonably and prudently incurred cost of a	Ill generation facilities and
37		energy storage systems purchased or constructed p	pursuant to subsection (c) or
38		(d) of this section. In the case of an energy stora	ige system approved by the
39		Commission pursuant to subsection (d) of this	
40		rebuttable presumption that the electric public	
41		reasonable and prudent if such actual costs are at	
42		approved by the Commission. In the case of a cer	
43		approved by the Commission pursuant to this sub	
44		this section or procured pursuant to G.S.	C
45		G.S. 62-110.1(f1), there shall be a rebuttable pr	-
46		public utility's actual costs are reasonable and pru	
47		at or below the projected costs approved by the	-
48		upon the request of the electric public utility or up to $C = C = 110 1(0)$, the Commission and	1
49 50		to G.S. 62-110.1(f), the Commission may cond	
50		construction of the facility under G.S. 62-110.1	
51		recovery provisions of G.S. 62-110.1(f1) shall ap	ppiy except that the electric

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1 2 3	public utility may seek cost recovery in a rate case under e or G.S. 62-133.16. The electric public utilities shall be per a regulatory asset and defer to such regulatory asset the ind	nitted to establish
4 5	all such costs incurred pursuant to this section until such tin be reflected in customer rates. The types of incremental	ne as the costs can
6	deferred include, but are not limited to, operation and main	•
7	administration costs, property tax, depreciation expense	-
8	carrying costs related to electric plant investments, and regu	
9	electric public utility's then authorized, net-of-tax, weighte	•
10	capital.	
11	SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 62-110.8 reads as rewritten:	
12	"§ 62-110.8. Competitive procurement of renewable energy.	
13	(a) Each electric public utility shall file for Commission approval a	program for the
14	competitive procurement of energy and capacity from renewable energy f	facilities with the
15	purpose of adding renewable energy to the State's generation portfolio in a m	
16	the State's electric public utilities to continue to reliably and cost-effectively	
17	future energy needs. Renewable energy facilities eligible to participate ir	-
18	procurement shall include those facilities that use renewable energy resou	
19	G.S. 62-133.8(a)(8) but but, except as provided in subsection (b1) of this section	
20	to facilities with a nameplate capacity rating of 80 megawatts (MW)-alterna	
21 22	<u>AC</u>) or less that are placed in service after the date of the electric public competitive procurement. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsections (•
22	section, the electric public utilities shall issue requests for proposals to procure	
23 24	energy and capacity from renewable energy facilities in the aggregate amount of	. .
25	(MW), and the total amount shall be reasonably allocated over a term of 45 t	
26	when the Commission approves the program. 7,327 megawatts alternating c	
27	and the total amount shall be reasonably allocated over a term of 106 month	
28	the Commission approves the program; provided, however, that the electric pu	ublic utilities shall
29	conduct an annual procurement of approximately 777 megawatts alternating of	
30	each calendar year beginning in 2021 and concluding in 2026. The electric pu	
31	be permitted to petition the Commission for approval to modify the proce	
32	established herein in the event that administration of annual procurements bec	-
33	due to the need to align with then existing interconnection study processes or other the activities and the Commission shall an arrest and different study of the state of the	
34 35	the utilities' control, and the Commission shall approve such modifications if the modifications would be in the public interest. The Commission shall requ	
35 36	competitive procurement of renewable energy capacity by the electric pub	
37	amount that includes all of the following: (i) any unawarded portion of the i	
38	procurement required by this subsection; (ii) any deficit in renewable energy of	-
39	pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection $\frac{(b)}{(b2)}$ of this section; and (iii) any ca	
40	pursuant to G.S. 62-159.2. In addition, at the termination of the initial compet	1 1
41	period of 45 months, the offering of a new renewable energy resources compet	-
42	and the amount to be procured shall be determined by the Commission, based	
43	need evidenced by the electric public utility's most recent biennial integrated	l resource plan or
44	annual update approved by the Commission pursuant to G.S. 62-110.1(c)	
45	Commission shall determine whether it is in the interest of ratepayers t	
46	competitive procurement of renewable generating facilities by the electric pul	
47	this subsection, and shall also determine the amount to be procured beyond the	
48	subsection, and the allocation of ownership between third parties and electric p	
49 50	<u>Commission's determination shall be based on the electric public utility's mo</u>	
50 51	integrated resource plan or annual update accepted or approved by the Comp that such plan assures adequate, reliable utility service.	mission, provided
51	that such plan assures adequate, renable utility service.	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	competitive proc respect to procure the procurement through any of th subsequently own facilities to be con	ic public utilities may jointly or individually implement the aggregate urement requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section and and, with ements commencing prior to January 1, 2021, may satisfy such requirements for of renewable energy capacity to be supplied by renewable energy facilities e following: (i) renewable energy facilities to be acquired from third parties and ned and operated by the soliciting public utility or utilities; (ii) renewable energy instructed, owned, and operated by the soliciting public utility or utilities subject
8	to the limitations	of subdivision (4) of this subsection; or (iii) the purchase of renewable energy,
9	capacity, and env	vironmental and renewable attributes from renewable energy facilities owned
10	and operated by t	hird parties that commit to allow the procuring public utility rights to dispatch,
11	operate, and cont	rol the solicited renewable energy facilities in the same manner as the utility's
12	own generating r	
13		ocurements required by subsection (a) of this section commencing after January
14	<u>1, 2021, and co</u>	ontinuing through December 31, 2026, shall be subject to the following
15	requirements:	
16	<u>(1)</u>	Forty-five percent (45%) of the total megawatts alternating current (MW AC)
17		of renewable energy facilities scheduled to be procured in procurements
18		commencing after January 1, 2021, shall be supplied through the execution of
19		power purchase agreements with third parties pursuant to which the electric
20		public utility purchases of renewable energy, capacity, and environmental and
21		renewable attributes from renewable energy facilities owned and operated by
22		third parties that commit to allow the procuring electric public utility rights to
23		dispatch, operate, and control the solicited renewable energy facilities in the
24		same manner as the utility's own generating resources.
25	<u>(2)</u>	Fifty-five percent (55%) of the total megawatts alternating current (MW AC)
26		of renewable energy facilities scheduled to be procured through procurements
27		commencing after January 1, 2021, shall be supplied from renewable energy
28		facilities purchased from third parties and owned and operated by the
29		soliciting electric public utility. The cap on facility nameplate capacity of 80
30		megawatts alternating current (MW AC) or less established by subsection (a)
31		of this section shall not apply to facilities procured pursuant to this
32	(10) D	subdivision.
33		red renewable energy capacity, as provided for in this section, shall be subject
34 25	to the following l	
35	(1)	If prior to the end of the initial 45 month competitive procurement period the
36 37		public utilities subject to this section have executed power purchase
37 38		agreements and interconnection agreements for renewable energy capacity
38 39		within their balancing authority areas that are not subject to economic dispatch or curtailment and were not procured pursuant to G.S. 62-159.2 having an
40		aggregate capacity in excess of 3,500 megawatts (MW), the Commission shall
40 41		reduce the competitive procurement aggregate amount by the amount of such
42		exceedance. If the aggregate capacity of such renewable energy facilities is
43		less than 3,500 megawatts (MW) at the end of the initial 45-month competitive
44		procurement period, the Commission shall require the electric public utilities
45		to conduct an additional competitive procurement in the amount of such
46		deficit. In the event that it is reasonably projected that, on or before January 1,
47		2027, the electric public utilities subject to the procurement obligation under
48		subsection (a) of this section will have executed power purchase agreements
49		and interconnection agreements with renewable generating facilities within
50		their balancing authority areas having an aggregate megawatts alternating
51		current (MW AC) capacity in excess of 3,500 megawatts alternating current

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		(MW AC), exclusive of power purchase agreen	nents entered into pursuant to
2		this section, G.S. 62-159.2, and G.S. 62-126.8B	
3		the total aggregate megawatts alternating curre	
4		renewable generating facilities required for proc	
5		an amount equal to the difference between	
6		megawatts alternating current (MW AC) capa	
7		facilities with executed power purchase agree	
8		agreements, including all such renewable gene	
9		electric public utility's balancing authority are	-
10		outside the geographic boundaries of the St	tate but exclusive of power
11		purchase agreements entered into pursuant to th	
2		G.S. 62-126.8B and (ii) 3,500 megawatts altern	
3	(2)	To ensure the cost-effectiveness of procured new	
4		each public utility's procurement obligation th	
15		power purchase agreements for third-party own	
16		the cost of any necessary transmission or distribution	
17		by the public utility's current forecast of its avo	
8		term of the power purchase agreement. The pub	
9		its avoided cost shall be consistent with the Co	•
20		cost methodology.	
21	(3)	Each public utility shall submit to the Commi	ssion for approval and make
22		publicly available at 30 days prior to eac	
23		solicitation a pro forma contract power purchas	<u>e agreement to be utilized for</u>
24		the purpose of informing market participants o	
25		competitive procurement. Each pro forma contra	
26		shall define limits and compensation for resour	ce dispatch and curtailments.
27		curtailments; provided, however, that curtail	ment shall be limited to a
28		percentage of the expected output of the generat	tion facility that is determined
29		by the Commission to be in the public interest.	The pro forma contract power
30		purchase agreement shall be for a term of 20 y	
31		Commission may approve a contract term o	f a different duration if the
32		Commission determines that it is in the public in	nterest to do so.
33	(4)	No-With respect only to those procurements co	mmencing prior to January 1,
34		2021, more than thirty percent (30%) of an elect	· · ·
5		procurement requirement may be satisfied	
86		development of renewable energy facilities o	• •
37		utility or any subsidiary of the electric public ut	5
38		electric public utility's service territory. This lin	
39		renewable energy facilities acquired by an el	1 0
40		selected through the competitive procurement	t and are located within the
11		electric public utility's service territory.	
12		ct to the aggregate competitive procurement req	-
13		ric public utilities shall have the authority to determ	
14		npetitive procurement within their respective bala	
45		outside the geographic boundaries of the State, ta	-
16 17		foster diversification of siting of renewable ene	•••••••
17 10	,	ciency and reliability impacts of siting of addition	
18 10	-	ility's service territory; and (iii) the potential for	
19 -	± •	stomers as a result of siting additional renewabl	
50	•	erritory, including additional costs of ancillary serv	• •
51	to the operation	nal or locational characteristics of a specific	renewable energy resource

technology, such as nondispatchability, unreliability of availability, and creation or exacerbation 1 2 of system congestion that may increase redispatch costs. In the case of renewable energy facilities 3 to be procured and owned by the electric public utilities pursuant to this section, the electric 4 public utilities shall be permitted through the competitive processes described herein to solicit 5 bids for the construction of such renewable energy facilities on or near property owned or controlled by the electric public utility, including the site of any retiring subcritical coal-fired 6 7 generating facility, where such sites will provide benefits to customers, including through 8 reduced interconnection or infrastructure costs. 9 (d) The For all procurements commencing prior to January 1, 2022, the competitive procurement of renewable energy capacity established pursuant to this section shall be 10 independently administered by a third-party entity to be approved by the Commission. The 11 12 third-party entity shall-Commission, provided that in the case of any procurement commencing after January 1, 2021, but prior to January 1, 2022, the electric public utilities shall be permitted 13 14 to directly assist the third-party entity and provide input on all aspects of the procurement and shall collaborate with the third-party entity to develop and publish the methodology used to 15 evaluate responses received pursuant to a competitive procurement solicitation and to ensure that 16 17 all responses are treated equitably. For all procurements commencing after January 1, 2022, the 18 competitive procurement of renewable energy capacity required pursuant to this section shall be 19 administered by the electric public utilities in accordance with the rules to be adopted pursuant 20 to subdivision (1) of subsection (h) of this section, and subject to oversight and evaluation by a 21 third-party entity to be approved by the Commission. All reasonable and prudent administrative and related expenses incurred to implement this subsection shall be recovered from market 22 23 participants through administrative fees levied upon those that participate in the competitive 24 bidding process, as approved by the Commission. 25 (e) An-With respect only to those procurements commencing prior to January 1, 2021, 26 an electric public utility may participate in any competitive procurement process, but shall only 27 participate within its own assigned service territory. If the public utility uses nonpublicly 28 available information concerning its own distribution or transmission system in preparing a 29 proposal to a competitive procurement, the public utility shall make such information available 30 to third parties that have notified the public utility of their intention to submit a proposal to the 31 same request for proposals. 32 In the case of all procurements commencing after January 1, 2021, neither the electric (e1) 33 public utilities nor any of their affiliates shall be permitted to submit bids into the competitive 34 procurement process or to have any financial interest in third-party bidders. 35 The renewable generating facilities purchased and owned by the electric public (e2)36 utilities pursuant to this section through procurements occurring after January 1, 2021, shall be deemed consistent with the public convenience and necessity and public interest for purposes of 37 G.S. 62-110.1 so long as the renewable generating facilities were procured in compliance with 38 39 the procurement process established under this section. 40 For purposes of this section, the term "balancing authority" means the entity that (f) 41 integrates resource plans ahead of time, maintains load-interchange-generation balance within a 42 balancing authority area, and supports interconnection frequency in real time, and the term 43 "balancing authority area" means the collection of generation, transmission, and loads within the 44 metered boundaries of the balancing authority, and the balancing authority maintains 45 load-resource balance within this area. 46 (g) An electric public utility shall be authorized to recover the costs of all purchases of 47 energy, capacity, and environmental and renewable attributes from third-party renewable energy 48 facilities and to recover the authorized revenue of any utility-owned assets that are-procured pursuant to this section prior to January 1, 2021, through an annual rider approved by the 49 Commission and reviewed annually. Provided it is in the public interest, the authorized revenue 50 for any such renewable energy facilities owned by an electric public utility and procured pursuant 51

to this section prior to January 1, 2021, may be calculated on a market basis in lieu of 1 2 cost-of-service based recovery, using data from the applicable competitive procurement to 3 determine the market price in accordance with the methodology established by the Commission 4 pursuant to subsection (h) of this section. The annual increase in the aggregate amount of these 5 costs that are recoverable by an electric public utility pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed one percent (1%) of the electric public utility's total North Carolina retail jurisdictional gross 6 7 revenues for the preceding calendar year. 8 (g1) With respect to all procurements commencing after January 1, 2021, an electric public 9 utility shall be permitted to recover from its customers the reasonably and prudently incurred costs paid under power purchase agreements executed pursuant to this section through the rider 10 11 authorized under subsection (g) of this section; provided, however, costs that may be recovered by the utility for utility-owned renewable generating facilities shall be subject to the same cost 12 caps established under subdivision (2) of subsection (b2) of this section applicable to power 13 14 purchases of third-party owned resources. An electric public utility shall be permitted to establish a regulatory asset and defer to such regulatory asset the incremental costs of all such costs 15 incurred pursuant to this section until such time as the costs can be reflected in customer rates. 16 17 The types of incremental costs that may be deferred include, but are not limited to, operation and 18 maintenance expenses, administration costs, property tax, depreciation expense, income taxes, 19 carrying costs related to electric plant investments, and regulatory assets at the electric public 20 utility's then authorized, net-of-tax, weighted average cost of capital. 21 In determining the most cost-effective proposals in any procurement process under (g2)this section, the electric public utility shall take into account the cost of any needed transmission 22 or distribution upgrades but, in the case of any proposals selected by the electric public utility, 23 24 such transmission or distribution upgrades costs shall not be directly assigned to the bidder but 25 instead shall be included in the electric public utility's rate base for rate-making purposes. In 26 addition, the electric public utility shall be permitted to establish a regulatory asset and defer to 27 such regulatory asset the incremental cost of all such upgrades, along with associated carrying 28 costs based on the electric public utility's then authorized net-of-tax, weighted average cost of 29 capital, until such time as the costs can be reflected in customer rates. In a future general rate 30 proceeding, the Commission shall establish an amortization period for recovery and allow a return on the unamortized balance at the electric public utility's then authorized, net-of-tax, 31 32 weighted average cost of capital. 33 The Commission shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of this section, as (h) 34 follows: 35 (1)Oversight of the competitive procurement program.program by the 36 Commission and by independent third parties. No later than May 1, 2022, the Commission's rules shall be amended to provide for (i) administration of the 37 procurement process, including establishing the selection methodology and 38 39 selection of projects, by the electric public utilities subject to the oversight of 40 an independent evaluator retained by the utilities pursuant to a contract 41 approved by the Commission, (ii) approval by the Commission of the electric 42 public utilities' selection methodology and the independent evaluator's review 43 procedures, (iii) detailed reports by the independent evaluator to the Commission regarding the results of each procurement, and (iv) any further 44 changes related to the foregoing, including modification of communication 45 restrictions deemed appropriate by the Commission. 46 To provide for a waiver of regulatory conditions or code of conduct 47 (2)48 requirements that would unreasonably restrict a public utility or its affiliates 49 from participating in the competitive procurement process, with respect to 50 procurements occurring under this section prior to January 1, 2021, unless the

 Commission finds that such a waiver would not hold the public utilic customers harmless. (3) Establishment of a procedure for expedited review and approval of certificat of public convenience and necessity, or the transfer thereof, for renewatenergy facilities owned by the public utility and procured pursuant to section. The Commission shall issue an order not later than 30 days after petition for a certificate is filed by the public utility. (4) Establishment of a methodology to allow an electric public utility to record its costs pursuant to subsection (g) subsections (g), (g1), and (g2) of section. (5) Establishment of a procedure for the Commission to modify or definition of the provisions of this section in whole or in part if Commission determines that it is in the public interest to do so. 	ates able this er a over this
 (3) Establishment of a procedure for expedited review and approval of certificat of public convenience and necessity, or the transfer thereof, for renewal energy facilities owned by the public utility and procured pursuant to section. The Commission shall issue an order not later than 30 days after petition for a certificate is filed by the public utility. (4) Establishment of a methodology to allow an electric public utility to record its costs pursuant to subsection (g) subsections (g), (g1), and (g2) of section. (5) Establishment of a procedure for the Commission to modify or definition of the provisions of this section in whole or in part if 	able this er a over this
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section.(5) Establishment of a procedure for the Commission to modify or de implementation of the provisions of this section in whole or in part if	
implementation of the provisions of this section in whole or in part if	1
	•
Commission determines that it is in the public interest to do so.	the
SECTION 1.(h) The requirements of subsections (a) through (g) of this section s	
ot apply to an electric public utility serving fewer than 150,000 North Carolina re	etail
urisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021.	
SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 62-133.2 reads as rewritten:	
§ 62-133.2. Fuel and fuel-related charge adjustments for electric utilities.	
(d) The Commission shall provide for notice of a public hearing with reasonable	and
lequate time for investigation and for all intervenors to prepare for hearing. At the hearing	
ommission shall receive evidence from the utility, the Public Staff, and any intervenor desir	
submit evidence, and from the public generally. In reaching its decision, the Commission s	0
onsider all evidence required under subsection (c) of this section as well as any and all of	
ompetent evidence that may assist the Commission in reaching its decision including chan	
the cost of fuel consumed and fuel-related costs that occur within a reasonable time	-
etermined by the Commission, after the test period is closed. The Commission shall incorpor	
its cost of fuel and fuel-related costs determination under this subsection the experien	ced
ver-recovery or under-recovery of reasonable costs of fuel and fuel-related costs pruder	-
curred during the test period, based upon the prudent standards set pursuant to subsection (
f this section, in fixing an increment or decrement rider. Upon request of the electric put	
tility, the Commission shall also incorporate in this determination the experien	
ver-recovery or under-recovery of costs of fuel and fuel-related costs through the date that is	
alendar days prior to the date of the hearing, provided that the reasonableness and prudence	
hese costs shall be subject to review in the utility's next annual hearing pursuant to this sect	
he Commission shall use deferral accounting, and consecutive test periods, in complying v	
is subsection, and the over-recovery or under-recovery portion of the increment or decrem	
hall be reflected in rates for 12 months, notwithstanding any changes in the base fuel cost is energy rate case. The burden of proof as to the correctness and reasonableness of the charge	
s to whether the cost of fuel and fuel-related costs were reasonably and prudently incurred s	
e on the utility. The Commission shall allow only that portion, if any, of a requested cost of the	
Ind fuel-related costs adjustment that is based on adjusted and reasonable cost of fuel	
iel-related costs prudently incurred under efficient management and economic operation	
fficient management and economic operations include actions and decisions that mod	
ommitment and dispatch to manage seasonal demand, mitigate fuel supply security	
ansportation risk, and maintain dispatchable capacity value. In evaluating whether cost of	
nd fuel-related costs were reasonable and prudently incurred, the Commission shall apply	
le adopted pursuant to subsection (d1) of this section. To the extent that the Commiss	sion
etermines that an increment or decrement to the rates of the utility due to changes in the cos	
el and fuel-related costs over or under base fuel costs established in the preceding general	rate

General	l Assem	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
effective	e for all s	easonable, the Commission shall order that the increment ales of electricity and remain in effect until changed in a s	
case or a	annual pi	roceeding under this section.	
"			
	SEC	FION 1.(j) This section is effective when it becomes law	V.
AUTHO		FINANCING OF CERTAIN ENERGY TRANSITION	
a new se		FION 2.(a) Article 8 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes	s is amended by adding
		ncing for certain energy transition costs.	
<u>(a)</u>		itions. – The following definitions apply in this section:	·· · · · ·
	<u>(1)</u>	Ancillary agreement A bond, insurance policy, le	
		account, surety bond, interest rate lock or swap	
		arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangeme	
		arrangement entered into in connection with energy tra	
	<u>(2)</u>	Assignee. – A legally recognized entity to which a public	
		or transfers, other than as security, all or a portion of it	-
		energy transition property. The term includes a corpor	
		company, general partnership or limited partnership,	
		financing entity, or any entity to which an assignee assignee	-
		other than as security, its interest in or right to energy t	ransition property.
	<u>(3)</u>	Bondholder. – A person who holds an energy transition	<u>n bond.</u>
	<u>(4)</u>	Code The Uniform Commercial Code, Chapter 25 o	f the General Statutes.
	<u>(5)</u>	Commission. – The North Carolina Utilities Commissi	<u>.on.</u>
	<u>(6)</u>	Energy transition bonds Bonds, debentures,	notes, certificates of
		participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates	cates of ownership, or
		other evidences of indebtedness or ownership that are is	sued by a public utility
		or an assignee pursuant to a financing order, the proce	eds of which are used
		directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance	Commission-approved
		energy transition costs and financing costs, and that are	secured by or payable
		from energy transition property. If certificates of part	icipation or ownership
		are issued, references in this section to principal, intere	st, or premium shall be
		construed to refer to comparable amounts under those	certificates.
	<u>(7)</u>	Energy transition charge. – The amounts authorized	by the Commission to
		repay, finance, or refinance energy transition costs an	•
		that are nonbypassable charges (i) imposed on and par	-
		bills, (ii) collected by a public utility or its success	
		collection agent, in full, separate and apart from the pu	
		and (iii) paid by all existing or future retail customers	•
		or distribution service, or both, from the public utility	-
		assignees under Commission-approved rate schedu	
		contracts, even if a customer elects to purchase electric	
		electricity supplier following a fundamental change i	-
		utilities in this State.	
	<u>(8)</u>	Energy transition costs. – A cost other than a mono	etary penalty fine or
	<u>\\</u> /	forfeiture assessed against a public utility by a govern	
		under a federal or State environmental statute, ru	
		retirement of Marshall Units 1 and 2, the Allen Plant,	-
		<u>Cliffside Unit 5 Plant, and the Mayo Plant. The tota</u>	
		securitized as provided by this subdivision shall be	
		dollars (\$500,000,000), which shall be allocated am	
		uonais (\$300,000,000), willen shan of anotated and	ong mese plants in a

General A	ssembly Of	North (Carolina	Session 2021
1	manr	her that	realizes the greatest cost saving	ngs to ratepayers as determined by
2			sion. Such costs include:	
3	<u>a.</u>			ed by the Commission not to exceed
4			± ±	book value, plus the costs set forth
5				this subdivision, of the subcritical
6		-		ties at Marshall Units 1 and 2, the
7			· · ·	he Cliffside Unit 5 Plant, and the
8			o Plant.	
9	<u>b.</u>			ty has incurred or will incur caused
10	<u></u>			as a result of the early retirement of
11				shall Units 1 and 2, the Allen Plant,
12				hit 5 Plant, and the Mayo Plant:
13		<u>1.</u>		iding capital costs, appropriate for
14				I future retail customers receiving
15				n service from the electric public
16				curred or expects to incur as a result
17			•	e Marshall Units 1 and 2, the Allen
18			•	he Cliffside Unit 5 Plant, and the
19				e costs of decommissioning and
20				early retired electric generating
21			facilities, except for	
22				n G.S. 130A-309.226 or 40 C.F.R.
23			Subpart D, which are not su	
24		<u>2.</u>	±	cost of capital from the date this
25		_		to the date the energy transition
26			bonds are issued, calculated	l using the public utility's weighted
27			average cost of capital as d	lefined in its most recent base rate
28			case proceeding before th	e Commission net of applicable
29			income tax savings related	I to the interest component. Such
30			costs also include other app	licable capital and operating costs,
31			accrued carrying charges,	deferred expenses, reductions for
32			applicable insurance and s	alvage proceeds and the costs of
33			retiring any existing indebte	edness, fees, costs, and expenses to
34			modify existing debt agree	ements or for waivers or consents
35			related to existing debt agre	eements.
36	<u>c.</u>	Energ	gy transition costs shall be net	t of applicable insurance proceeds,
37		<u>tax b</u>	enefits, and any other amount	s intended to reimburse the public
38		<u>utility</u>	y for energy transition activitie	es such as government grants, or aid
39		<u>of an</u>	y kind and where determined a	ppropriate by the Commission, and
40				al replacement and operating costs
41		previ	ously considered in determin	ing normal amounts in the public
42		•	y's most recent general rate cas	
43	<u>d.</u>	With	respect to energy transition co	osts that the public utility expects to
14				expected to be incurred and actual,
45			—	curred, or any other rate-making
46				and reasonably assign or allocate
17		-		o customers over time, shall be
18			• •	roceeding, as may be facilitated by
9				ssued at the time or prior to such
50		proce	eding; provided, however, the	at the Commission's adoption of a

General A	Assemb	oly Of	North Carolina	Session 2021
			financing order and approval of the issuance	e of energy transition bonds
			may not be revoked or otherwise modified	<u>.</u>
	<u>(9)</u>	Ene	rgy transition property. – All of the following:	
		<u>a.</u>	All rights and interests of a public utility	or successor or assignee of
			the public utility under a financing order, in	cluding the right to impose.
			bill, charge, collect, and receive energy tra	ansition charges authorized
			under the financing order and to obtain pe	eriodic adjustments to such
			charges as provided in the financing order.	_
		<u>b.</u>	All revenues, collections, claims, rights	s to payments, payments,
			money, or proceeds arising from the right	s and interests specified in
			the financing order, regardless of whether	such revenues, collections.
			claims, rights to payment, payments, mone	y, or proceeds are imposed.
			billed, received, collected, or maintained to	gether with or commingled
			with other revenues, collections, rights to p	bayment, payments, money,
			or proceeds.	
	(10)	Fina	ncing costs. – The term includes all of the foll	lowing:
		<u>a.</u>	Interest and acquisition, defeasance, or red	
			on energy transition bonds.	
		<u>b.</u>	Redemption premiums or make-whole pa	yments related to the early
			redemption of the public utility's first mo	rtgage bonds or other debt
			associated with the retired electric generati	
		<u>c.</u>	Any payment required under an ancillary	
			required to fund or replenish a reserve	
			established under the terms of any indentu	
			other financing documents pertaining to en	
		<u>d.</u>	Any other cost related to issuing, supportin	
			servicing energy transition bonds, including	
			and auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees,	
			adviser fees, administrative fees, placeme	
			independent director and manager fees,	capitalized interest, rating
			agency fees, stock exchange listing and	
			registration fees, filing fees, information	
			costs, and any other costs necessary to o	
			payment of energy transition bonds or	other amounts or charges
			payable in connection with the bonds,	including costs related to
			obtaining the financing order.	
		<u>e.</u>	Any taxes and license fees or other fees	imposed on the revenues
			generated from the collection of the en	-
			otherwise resulting from the collection of e	
			any such case whether paid, payable, or ac	
		<u>f.</u>	Any State and local taxes, franchise, gross	
		_	similar charges, including regulatory asse	
			payable, or accrued.	· •
		<u>g.</u>	Any costs incurred by the Commission or	public staff for any outside
		.	consultants or counsel retained in connection	
			energy transition costs.	
	(11)	Fina	ncing order. – An order that authorizes the is	suance of energy transition
	<u>/</u>		ds; the imposition, collection, and periodic	
			sition charge; the creation of energy transiti	

	General	Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		(12)	Financing party. – Bondholders and trustees, collateral	agents, any party under
2		<u> </u>	an ancillary agreement, or any other person actir	• • • •
3			bondholders.	<u> </u>
4		(13)	Financing statement. – Defined in Article 9 of the Cod	le.
5		(14)	Pledgee. – A financing party to which a public utili	
6		<u> </u>	assignees mortgages, negotiates, pledges, or creates a	-
7			on all or any portion of its interest in or right to energy	-
8		<u>(15)</u>	Public utility. – A public utility, as defined in G.S. 6	
9		<u> </u>	power to retail electric customers in the State.	
10	<u>(b)</u>	Finan	ring Orders. –	
11		(1)	A public utility shall petition the Commission for a final	ancing order for energy
12			transition costs. The petition shall include all of the fol	
13			a. The energy transition costs incurred by the uti	-
14			the costs that are being undertaken but are not	
15			b. An estimate of the financing costs related to	
16			bonds.	
17			c. An estimate of the energy transition charges no	ecessary to recover the
18			energy transition costs and financing costs and	•
19			recovery of such costs.	
20			d. A comparison between the net present value of	the costs to customers
21			that are estimated to result from the issuance of	energy transition bonds
22			and the costs that would result from the applic	cation of the traditional
23			method of financing and recovering energy	transition costs from
24			customers. The comparison shall demonstrat	e that the issuance of
25			energy transition bonds and the imposition	of energy transition
26			charges are expected to provide quantifiable be	enefits to customers.
27			e. Direct testimony and exhibits supporting the pe	etition.
28		<u>(2)</u>	If a public utility is subject to a settlement agreement	t that governs the type
29			and amount of principal costs that could be included in	energy transition costs,
30			and the principal costs are not already subject to revie	ew and approval by the
31			Commission in a separate proceeding, then the pub	•
32			petition with the Commission for review and approval	of those principal costs
33			no later than 90 days before filing a petition for a finan	ncing order pursuant to
34			this section.	
35		<u>(3)</u>	Petition and order. –	
36			a. <u>Proceedings on a petition submitted pursuant to</u>	
37			with the petition by a public utility, initially file	•
38			1, 2023, subject to the time frame specified in	
39			subsection, if applicable, and shall be disposed	
40			the requirements of this Chapter and the rule	<u>s of the Commission,</u>
41			except as follows:	
42			1. Within 14 days after the date the	-
43			Commission shall establish a procedura	-
44			a Commission decision no later than 135	5 days after the date the
45			petition is filed.	1 ,,, , , , , , , , , ,
46			2. <u>No later than 135 days after the date th</u>	-
47			Commission shall issue a financing ord	• •
48			the petition. If a petition for a financin	• •
49 50			Commission shall include in its orde	
50			rejection, and the utility shall resubm	-
51			days of the order rejecting the earlier p	beution. A party to the

General Assembly Of	North (Carolina Session 2021
		Commission proceeding may petition the Commission for
		reconsideration of the financing order within five days after the
		date of its issuance.
<u>b.</u>	A fin	nancing order issued by the Commission to a public utility shall
<u>.</u>		de all of the following elements:
	<u>1.</u>	Except for changes made pursuant to the formula-based
	<u>1.</u>	mechanism authorized under this section, the amount of energy
		transition costs to be financed using energy transition bonds.
		The Commission shall describe and estimate the amount of
		financing costs that shall be recovered through energy
		transition charges and specify the period over which energy
		transition costs and financing costs shall be recovered.
	<u>2.</u>	A finding that the proposed issuance of energy transition bonds
	<u>2.</u>	and the imposition and collection of an energy transition
		charge are expected to provide quantifiable benefits to
		customers as compared to the cost that would have been
		incurred absent the issuance of energy transition bonds.
	<u>3.</u>	A finding that the structuring and pricing of the energy
	<u>.</u>	transition bonds are reasonably expected to result in the lowest
		energy transition charges consistent with market conditions at
		the time the energy transition bonds are priced and the terms
		set forth in such financing order.
	<u>4.</u>	A requirement that, for so long as the energy transition bonds
	<u></u>	are outstanding and until all financing costs have been paid in
		full, the imposition and collection of energy transition charges
		authorized under a financing order shall be nonbypassable and
		paid by all existing and future retail customers receiving
		transmission or distribution service, or both, from the public
		utility or its successors or assignees under
		Commission-approved rate schedules or under special
		contracts, even if a customer elects to purchase electricity from
		an alternative electric supplier following a fundamental change
		in regulation of public utilities in this State.
	<u>5.</u>	A formula-based true-up mechanism for making, at least
		annually, expeditious periodic adjustments in the energy
		transition charges that customers are required to pay pursuant
		to the financing order and for making any adjustments that are
		necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection
		of the charges or to otherwise ensure the timely payment of
		energy transition bonds and financing costs and other required
		amounts and charges payable in connection with the energy
		transition bonds.
	<u>6.</u>	The energy transition property that is, or shall be, created in
		favor of a public utility or its successors or assignees and that
		shall be used to pay or secure energy transition bonds and all
		financing costs.
	<u>7.</u>	The degree of flexibility to be afforded to the public utility in
		establishing the terms and conditions of the energy transition
		bonds, including, but not limited to, repayment schedules,
		expected interest rates, and other financing costs.

General Assemb	ly Of N	orth C	Carolina Session 2021
		<u>8.</u>	How energy transition charges will be allocated among
			customer classes.
		<u>9.</u>	A requirement that, after the final terms of an issuance of energy
		_	transition bonds have been established and before the issuance
			of energy transition bonds, the public utility determines the
			resulting initial energy transition charge in accordance with the
			financing order and that such initial energy transition charge
			be final and effective upon the issuance of such energy
			transition bonds without further Commission action so long as
			the energy transition charge is consistent with the financing
			order.
		10.	A requirement that the public utility, simultaneously with the
		<u>10.</u>	inception of the collection of energy transition charges, reduce
			its rates through a reduction in base rates or by a negative rider
			on customer bills in an amount equal to the revenue
			requirement in customer rates associated with the utility assets
			being financed by energy transition bonds. The public utility
			shall propose the method to reduce its rates in accordance with
			this sub-subdivision in its petition.
		11.	A method of tracing funds collected as energy transition
		<u>11.</u>	charges, or other proceeds of energy transition property, and
			determine that such method shall be deemed the method of
			tracing such funds and determining the identifiable cash
			proceeds of any energy transition property subject to a
			financing order under applicable law.
		12.	Establishment of a bond team consisting of representatives of
		<u>12.</u>	the public utility and its consultant, the Public Staff and its
			consultant, and the Commission with a designated
			Commissioner and the Commission's consultant and counsel.
		13.	A direction for the bond team to work together and make all
		<u>15.</u>	decisions as to the structuring, marketing, and pricing of the
			energy transition bonds; the selection of the underwriters; and
			the approval of the transaction documents. The Commission
			shall have final decision-making authority on all matters
			considered by the bond team.
		14.	Any other conditions not otherwise inconsistent with this
		<u>17.</u>	section that the Commission determines are appropriate.
	C	A fine	ancing order issued to a public utility may provide that creation
	<u>c.</u>		e public utility's energy transition property is conditioned upon,
			simultaneous with, the sale or other transfer of the energy
			tion property to an assignee and the pledge of the energy
	d		tion property to secure energy transition bonds. Commission issues a financing order, the public utility shall file
	<u>d.</u>	-	- · · ·
			the Commission at least annually a petition or a letter applying rmula-based mechanism and, based on estimates of consumption
			each rate class and other mathematical factors, requesting
		-	nistrative approval to make the applicable adjustments. The
		-	w of the filing shall be limited to determining whether there are
			mathematical or clerical errors in the application of the
			ula-based mechanism relating to the appropriate amount of any
		overco	ollection or undercollection of energy transition charges and the

General Assem	bly Of	North Carolina	Session 2021
		amount of an adjustment. The	adjustments shall ensure the recovery
		of revenues sufficient to provide	e for the payment of principal, interest,
		acquisition, defeasance, financi	ng costs, or redemption premium and
		other fees, costs, and charges	in respect of energy transition bonds
		approved under the financing o	rder. Within 30 days after receiving a
		public utility's request pursuan	t to this paragraph, the Commission
		shall either approve the reques	at or inform the public utility of any
		mathematical or clerical errors	in its calculation. If the Commission
		informs the utility of mathemati	cal or clerical errors in its calculation,
		the utility may correct its error	and refile its request. The time frames
		previously described in this para	agraph shall apply to a refiled request.
	<u>e.</u>	Subsequent to the transfer of en-	ergy transition property to an assignee
			ransition bonds authorized thereby,
			g order is irrevocable and, except for
		changes made pursuant to the fo	rmula-based mechanism authorized in
			ay not amend, modify, or terminate the
			ent action or reduce, impair, postpone,
		•	energy transition charges approved in
			suance of a financing order, the public
			egarding whether to assign, sell, or
		otherwise transfer energy transi	
<u>(4)</u>	-	· · ·	the Commission may commence a
			financing order that provides for
			nergy transition bonds issued pursuant
			<u>Commission finds that the subsequent</u>
		-	iteria specified in this section for a nent of the refunded energy transition
		•	ransition bonds, the Commission shall
		st the related energy transition char	
(5)			issues a financing order or a decision
<u>(5)</u>	-	-	or, if the request for reconsideration is
			Commission issues its decision on
	-	-	party may petition for judicial review
	-	•	na. Review on appeal shall be based
		±	nission and briefs to the court and is
	limit	ed to determining whether the	financing order, or the order on
	reco	nsideration, conforms to the State	Constitution and State and federal law
	and	s within the authority of the Comn	nission under this section.
<u>(6)</u>	Dura	<u>tion of financing order. –</u>	
	<u>a.</u>	A financing order remains in	effect and energy transition property
			inues to exist until energy transition
			ancing order have been paid in full or
			Commission-approved financing costs
		of such energy transition bonds	
	<u>b.</u>		public utility remains in effect and
			reorganization, bankruptcy or other
		• • • •	r, or sale of the public utility or its
	<i>,</i> •	successors or assignees.	
			Commission may not, in exercising its
_			within its authority pursuant to this
Chapter, conside	r the el	lergy transition bonds issued pursu	ant to a financing order to be the debt

1	of the pu	blic uti	<u>lity oth</u>	er than for federal income tax purposes, consider the energy transition					
2	charges paid under the financing order to be the revenue of the public utility for any purpose, or								
3	consider the energy transition costs or financing costs specified in the financing order to be the								
4	costs of the public utility, nor may the Commission determine any action taken by a public utility								
5	which is o	consiste	ent with	the financing order to be unjust or unreasonable.					
6	(d)	Publi	c Utilit	y Duties. – The electric bills of a public utility that has obtained a					
7				ed energy transition bonds to be issued must comply with the provisions					
8				ver, the failure of a public utility to comply with this subsection does not					
9				fect any financing order, energy transition property, energy transition					
10				ion bonds. The public utility must do all of the following:					
11		<u>(1)</u>		citly reflect that a portion of the charges on such bill represents energy					
12				tion charges approved in a financing order issued to the public utility and,					
12				e energy transition property has been transferred to an assignee, must					
13 14				de a statement to the effect that the assignee is the owner of the rights to					
14				y transition charges and that the public utility or other entity, if					
15 16									
				cable, is acting as a collection agent or servicer for the assignee. The tariff					
17				cable to customers must indicate the energy transition charge and the					
18		(2)		rship of the charge.					
19 20		<u>(2)</u>		de the energy transition charge on each customer's bill as a separate line					
20	$\langle \rangle$	Г		and include both the rate and the amount of the charge on each bill.					
21	<u>(e)</u>		•	sition Property. –					
22		<u>(1)</u>		sions applicable to energy transition property. –					
23			<u>a.</u>	All energy transition property that is specified in a financing order					
24				constitutes an existing, present intangible property right or interest					
25				therein, notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of energy					
26				transition charges depends on the public utility, to which the financing					
27				order is issued, performing its servicing functions relating to the					
28				collection of energy transition charges and on future electricity					
29				consumption. The property exists (i) regardless of whether or not the					
30				revenues or proceeds arising from the property have been billed, have					
31				accrued, or have been collected and (ii) notwithstanding the fact that					
32				the value or amount of the property is dependent on the future					
33				provision of service to customers by the public utility or its successors					
34				or assignees and the future consumption of electricity by customers.					
35			<u>b.</u>	Energy transition property specified in a financing order exists until					
36				energy transition bonds issued pursuant to the financing order are paid					
37				in full and all financing costs and other costs of such energy transition					
38				bonds have been recovered in full.					
39			<u>c.</u>	All or any portion of energy transition property specified in a financing					
40				order issued to a public utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or					
41				assigned to a successor or assignee that is wholly owned, directly or					
42				indirectly, by the public utility and created for the limited purpose of					
43				acquiring, owning, or administering energy transition property or					
44				issuing energy transition bonds under the financing order. All or any					
45				portion of energy transition property may be pledged to secure energy					
46				transition bonds issued pursuant to the financing order, amounts					
47				payable to financing parties and to counterparties under any ancillary					
48				agreements, and other financing costs. Any transfer, sale, conveyance,					
49				assignment, grant of a security interest in, or pledge of energy					
50				transition property by a public utility, or an affiliate of the public					
51				utility, to an assignee, to the extent previously authorized in a financing					

	General Assembly	of N	orth Carolina	Session 2021
1			order, does not require the prior of	consent and approval of the
2 3			Commission.	
	<u>(</u>	<u>d.</u>	If a public utility defaults on any requi	
4			from energy transition property specific	-
5			upon application by an interested party.	
6			remedies available to the applying part	
7			and payment of the revenues arisin	
8			property to the financing parties or their	
9			order remains in full force and	
10			reorganization, bankruptcy, or other	
11			respect to the public utility or its succes	-
12	<u>e</u>	<u>e.</u>	The interest of a transferee, purchaser,	
13			in energy transition property specified	-
14			public utility, and in the revenue and	-
15			property, is not subject to setoff, coun	
16 17			by the public utility or any other per	
17 18			reorganization, bankruptcy, or other ins	solvency of the public utility or
18 19	4	<u>f.</u>	any other entity. Any successor to a public utility	whether pursuant to any
20	<u>1</u>	<u>ı.</u>	reorganization, bankruptcy, or other ins	
20 21			pursuant to any merger or acquisit	
21			combination, or transfer by operation	
22			utility restructuring or otherwise, n	• • • •
23 24			obligations of, and have the same rights	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25			public utility under the financing order	
26			same extent as the public utility, includ	
27			person entitled to receive the revenue	
28			proceeds of the energy transition	± •
29			sub-subdivision is intended to limit of	
30			Commission concerning the transfer	± • •
31			public utilities.	
32	Ş	<u>g.</u>	Energy transition bonds shall be nonrec	course to the credit or any assets
33	-	-	of the public utility other than the	energy transition property as
34			specified in the financing order and a	any rights under any ancillary
35			agreement.	
36	<u>(2)</u> <u>I</u>	Provisi	ons applicable to security interests. –	
37	<u>8</u>	<u>a.</u>	The creation, perfection, and enforcem	• •
38			energy transition property to secure the	· · · ·
39			interest and other amounts payable in	
40			bonds; amounts payable under any a	
41			financing costs are governed by thi	s subsection and not by the
42			provisions of the Code.	
43	<u>t</u>	<u>b.</u>	A security interest in energy transition	
44 45			binding and perfected at the later of the	
45 46			issued, (ii) a security agreement is e	
46 47			debtor granting such security interest, (-
47 48			energy transition property or the powersy transition property or (iv) value	
48 49			energy transition property, or (iv) va transition property. The description of	
49 50			security agreement is sufficient if the d	•• • • • •
50 51			and the financing order creating the en-	-
51			and the manening order creating tile en	asy numerion property.

G	eneral Assemb	ly Of N	orth Carolina	Session 2021
1		<u>c.</u>	A security interest shall attach without a	ny physical delivery of
2			collateral or other act, and, upon the filing	of a financing statement
3			with the office of the Secretary of State, the li	ien of the security interest
4			shall be valid, binding, and perfected against	all parties having claims
5			of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise ag	ainst the person granting
6			the security interest, regardless of whether t	he parties have notice of
7			the lien. Also upon this filing, a transfer of	an interest in the energy
8			transition property shall be perfected against	•••
9			of any kind, including any judicial lien or o	ther lien creditors or any
10			claims of the seller or creditors of the selle	
11			over all competing claims other than any	prior security interest,
12			ownership interest, or assignment in the prop	perty previously perfected
13			in accordance with this section.	
14		<u>d.</u>	The Secretary of State shall maintain any fir	nancing statement filed to
15			perfect any security interest under this sectio	n in the same manner that
16			the Secretary maintains financing statement	
17			utilities under the Code. The filing of a finan	ncing statement under this
18			section shall be governed by the provision	s regarding the filing of
19			financing statements in the Code.	
20		<u>e.</u>	The priority of a security interest in energy	transition property is not
21			affected by the commingling of energy tran	
22			amounts. Any pledgee or secured party shall	have a perfected security
23			interest in the amount of all energy tran	nsition charges that are
24			deposited in any cash or deposit account of	f the qualifying utility in
25			which energy transition charges have been	commingled with other
26			funds, and any other security interest that may	apply to those funds shall
27			be terminated when they are transferred to a s	segregated account for the
28			assignee or a financing party.	
29		<u>f.</u>	No application of the formula-based ad	justment mechanism as
30			provided in this section will affect the validi	ity, perfection, or priority
31			of a security interest in or transfer of energy	transition property.
32		<u>g.</u>	If a default or termination occurs under the	energy transition bonds,
33			the financing parties or their representative	ves may foreclose on or
34			otherwise enforce their lien and security	interest in any energy
35			transition property as if they were secured pa	rties with a perfected and
36			prior lien under the Code, and the Commis	sion may order amounts
37			arising from energy transition charges be	transferred to a separate
38			account for the financing parties' benefit,	to which their lien and
39			security interest shall apply. On application	n by or on behalf of the
40			financing parties, the Superior Court of Wal	ke County shall order the
41			sequestration and payment to them of revenue	es arising from the energy
42			transition charges.	
43	<u>(3)</u>	Provis	ions applicable to the sale, assignment, or tra	nsfer of energy transition
44		proper	<u>ty. –</u>	
45		<u>a.</u>	Any sale, assignment, or other transfer of e	nergy transition property
46			shall be an absolute transfer and true sale o	f, and not a pledge of or
47			secured transaction relating to, the seller's r	ight, title, and interest in,
48			to, and under the energy transition pro-	perty if the documents
49			governing the transaction expressly state that	at the transaction is a sale
50			or other absolute transfer other than for fede	eral and State income tax
51			purposes. For all purposes other than feder	

Gene	ral Assembly Of N	orth (Carolina	Session 2021
1		purpo	oses, the parties' characterization of	of a transaction as a sale of an
2		1	est in energy transition property	•
3			action is a true sale and that owned	•
			cterized as the purchaser, regardle	
			possession of any documents evi	
			est. A transfer of an interest in ener	
			ed only when all of the following h	
			creating the energy transition prop	· · · · ·
			ocuments evidencing the transfer	
			been executed by the assignor and	
		-	value is received for the energy tra	
			action, the energy transition proper	
			e transferor or the transferor's c	
			ng a prior security interest in th	
			cted in accordance with subdivisio	
	<u>b.</u>	-	characterization of the sale, assign	
	<u></u>		ute transfer and true sale and the c	
		-	e property interest of the purcha	· · ·
			ired by the occurrence of any of the	
		<u>1.</u>	Commingling of energy transition	
		2.	The retention by the seller of (i	
			including an equity interest, in t	1
			whether direct or indirect, or whe	
			or (ii) the right to recover costs a	
			fees, or license fees imposed	
			transition charges.	
		<u>3.</u>	Any recourse that the purchaser	may have against the seller.
		<u>4.</u>	Any indemnification rights, obl	igations, or repurchase rights
			made or provided by the seller.	
		<u>5.</u>	The obligation of the seller to co	llect energy transition charges
			on behalf of an assignee.	
		<u>6.</u>	The transferor acting as the ser	vicer of the energy transition
			charges or the existence of an	y contract that authorizes or
			requires the public utility, to the	ne extent that any interest in
			energy transition property is sold	d or assigned, to contract with
			the assignee or any financing	party that it will continue to
			operate its system to provide s	service to its customers, will
			collect amounts in respect of the	energy transition charges for
			the benefit and account of such a	ssignee or financing party, and
			will account for and remit such	amounts to or for the account
			of such assignee or financing part	<u>rty.</u>
		<u>7.</u>	The treatment of the sale, conv	veyance, assignment, or other
			transfer for tax, financial reporti	ng, or other purposes.
		<u>8.</u>	The granting or providing to bo	ndholders a preferred right to
			the energy transition property of	or credit enhancement by the
			public utility or its affiliates	with respect to such energy
			transition bonds.	
		<u>9.</u>	Any application of the formula-	based adjustment mechanism
			as provided in this section.	
	<u>c.</u>		right that a public utility has in t	
		befor	e its pledge, sale, or transfer or any	other right created under this

	y -	
1		section or created in the financing order and assignable under this
2		section or assignable pursuant to a financing order is property in the
3		form of a contract right or a chose in action. Transfer of an interest in
4		energy transition property to an assignee is enforceable only upon the
5		later of (i) the issuance of a financing order, (ii) the assignor having
6		rights in such energy transition property or the power to transfer rights
7		in such energy transition property to an assignee, (iii) the execution and
8		delivery by the assignor of transfer documents in connection with the
9		issuance of energy transition bonds, and (iv) the receipt of value for
10		the energy transition property. An enforceable transfer of an interest
11		in energy transition property to an assignee is perfected against all
12		third parties, including subsequent judicial or other lien creditors,
13		when a notice of that transfer has been given by the filing of a
14		financing statement in accordance with sub-subdivision c. of
15		subdivision (2) of this subsection. The transfer is perfected against
16		third parties as of the date of filing.
17	<u>d.</u>	The Secretary of State shall maintain any financing statement filed to
18	<u></u>	perfect any sale, assignment, or transfer of energy transition property
19		under this section in the same manner that the Secretary maintains
20		financing statements filed by transmitting utilities under the Code. The
20		filing of any financing statement under this section shall be governed
22		by the provisions regarding the filing of financing statements in the
23		Code. The filing of such a financing statement is the only method of
23 24		perfecting a transfer of energy transition property.
2 4 25	2	The priority of a transfer perfected under this section is not impaired
23 26	<u>e.</u>	by any later modification of the financing order or energy transition
20 27		property or by the commingling of funds arising from energy transition
27		property with other funds. Any other security interest that may apply
28 29		
29 30		to those funds, other than a security interest perfected under subdivision (2) of this subsection is terminated when they are
30 31		subdivision (2) of this subsection, is terminated when they are
		transferred to a segregated account for the assignee or a financing
32		party. If energy transition property has been transferred to an assignee
33		or financing party, any proceeds of that property must be held in trust
34	c	for the assignee or financing party.
35	<u>f.</u>	The priority of the conflicting interests of assignees in the same
36		interest or rights in any energy transition property is determined as
37		follows:
38		1. Conflicting perfected interests or rights of assignees rank
39		according to priority in time of perfection. Priority dates from
40		the time a filing covering the transfer is made in accordance
41		with sub-subdivision c. of subdivision (2) of this subsection.
42		2. <u>A perfected interest or right of an assignee has priority over a</u>
43		conflicting unperfected interest or right of an assignee.
44		<u>A perfected interest or right of an assignee has priority over a</u>
45		person who becomes a lien creditor after the perfection of such
46		assignee's interest or right.
47	(f) Description o	r Indication of Property. – The description of energy transition property
48		assignee in any sale agreement, purchase agreement, or other transfer
49	agreement, granted or ple	edged to a pledgee in any security agreement, pledge agreement, or other
50	security document, or in	dicated in any financing statement is only sufficient if such description
51	or indication refers to th	e financing order that created the energy transition property and states

1		-		nancing statement covers all or part of the property described in the					
2	financing order. This section applies to all purported transfers of, and all purported grants or liens								
3	or security interests in, energy transition property, regardless of whether the related sale								
4	agreement, purchase agreement, other transfer agreement, security agreement, pledge agreement,								
5	or other security document was entered into, or any financing statement was filed.								
6	<u>(g)</u>	Financ	cing Sta	ements. – All financing statements referenced in this section are subject					
7	to Part 5	of Articl	le 9 of t	ne Code, except that the requirement as to continuation statement does					
8	not apply	<u>.</u>							
9	<u>(h)</u>	Choice	e of La	aw. – The law governing the validity, enforceability, attachment,					
10	perfection	n, priorit	y, and e	xercise of remedies with respect to the transfer of an interest or right or					
11	the pledg	e or crea	tion of	a security interest in any energy transition property shall be the laws of					
12	this State	<u>.</u>							
13	(i)	Energy	y Trans	ition Bonds Not Public Debt. – Neither the State nor its political					
14	subdivisi			any energy transition bonds, and the bonds are not a debt or a general					
15				any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, nor are					
16				or indebtedness of the State or any agency or political subdivision. An					
17	issue of e	nergy tra	ansition	bonds does not, directly, indirectly, or contingently, obligate the State					
18				ubdivision, or instrumentality of the State to levy any tax or make any					
19		• •		t of the energy transition bonds, other than in their capacity as consumers					
20				transition bonds must contain on the face thereof a statement to the					
21				r the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of North					
22	Carolina	is pledge	ed to the	payment of the principal of, or interest on, this bond."					
23	<u>(i)</u>	Legal	Investm	ent. – All of the following entities may legally invest any sinking funds,					
24	moneys,	or other	funds ir	energy transition bonds:					
25		(1)	Subjec	t to applicable statutory restrictions on State or local investment					
26			author	ity, the State, units of local government, political subdivisions, public					
27			bodies	, and public officers, except for members of the Commission.					
28		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Banks</u>	and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust					
29			<u>compa</u>	nies, savings banks and institutions, investment companies, insurance					
30			<u>compa</u>	nies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a banking					
31			<u>or inst</u>	rance business.					
32		<u>(3)</u>		al representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries.					
33		<u>(4)</u>	<u>All oth</u>	er persons authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of a similar					
34			<u>nature</u>	<u>.</u>					
35	<u>(k)</u>	<u>Obliga</u>	ation of	<u>Nonimpairment. –</u>					
36		(1)		ate and its agencies, including the Commission, pledge and agree with					
37			<u>bondh</u>	olders, the owners of the energy transition property, and other financing					
38			parties	that the State and its agencies will not take any action listed in this					
39			<u>subdiv</u>	ision. This paragraph does not preclude limitation or alteration if full					
40			<u>compe</u>	nsation is made by law for the full protection of the energy transition					
41			<u>charge</u>	s collected pursuant to a financing order and of the bondholders and					
42				signee or financing party entering into a contract with the public utility.					
43			The pr	ohibited actions are as follows:					
44			<u>a.</u>	Alter the provisions of this section, which authorize the Commission					
45				to create an irrevocable contract right or a chose in action by the					
46				issuance of a financing order, to create energy transition property, and					
47				make the energy transition charges imposed by a financing order					
48				irrevocable, binding, or nonbypassable charges.					
49			<u>b.</u>	Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of					
50				energy transition property or the security for the energy transition					

General A	Asseml	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
		bonds or revises the energy transition cost	ts for which recovery is
		authorized.	
		c. In any way impair the rights and remed	lies of the bondholders.
		assignees, and other financing parties.	<u>, and and continuents</u>
		<u>d.</u> Except for changes made pursuant to the for	ormula-based adjustment
		mechanism authorized under this section,	-
		energy transition charges that are to be in	±
		collected, and remitted for the benefit of	
		assignee, and any other financing parties ur	
		interest, premium, financing costs and other	
		incurred, and any contracts to be performed	
		related energy transition bonds have been pa	
	(2)	Any person or entity that issues energy transition	▲
	<u>(2)</u>	language specified in this subsection in the energy transition	•
		documentation.	ansition bonds and related
(l)	Not a	Public Utility. – An assignee or financing party is not	a public utility or person
		c service by virtue of engaging in the transactions desc	
(m)		icts. – If there is a conflict between this section and an	
		gnment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or p	
	-	curity interest in energy transition property, this section	
(n)		ultation. – In making determinations under this sector	
		oth may engage an outside consultant and counsel.	,
(0)		t of Invalidity. – If any provision of this section is held	l invalid or is invalidated.
		aced, repealed, or expires for any reason, that occur	
		tion allowed under this section which is taken by a pu	
-	-	a collection agent, or a party to an ancillary agreem	
-		prce and effect with respect to all energy transition bon	•
a financin	g order	r issued under this section before the date that such pr	ovision is held invalid or
<u>is invalida</u>	ited, su	perseded, replaced, or repealed, or expires for any reas	<u>son.</u> "
		FION 2.(b) G.S. 25-9-109 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 25-9-10			
(a)		ral scope of Article Except as otherwise provided i	in subsections (c) and (d)
of this sec	tion, th	nis Article applies to:to all of the following:	
	(1)	A transaction, regardless of its form, that creates a se	curity interest in personal
		property or fixtures by contract; contract.	
	(2)	An agricultural lien;<u>l</u>ien.	
	(3)	A sale of accounts, chattel paper, payment int	angibles, or promissory
		notes;notes.	
	(4)	A consignment; consignment.	
	(5)	A security interest arising under G.S. 25-2-401, 2	
		25-2A-508(5), as provided in G.S. 25-9-110; and G.S.	
	(6)	A security interest arising under G.S. 25-4-208 or G	
(b)		ity interest in secured obligation. – The application of	
		red obligation is not affected by the fact that the obligation	ation is itself secured by a
		erest to which this Article does not apply.	
(c)		t to which Article does not apply. – This Article doe	es not apply to the extent
that: that a	•	or more of the following conditions are met:	J Otataa waa ta di
	(1)	A statute, regulation, or treaty of the United	u states preempts this
	(2)	Article; Article. Papaeled by Session Laws 2001 218 s. 2. offective	$J_{\rm mby} = 1 - 2001$
	(2)	Repealed by Session Laws 2001-218, s. 2, effective	July 1, 2001.

(3) (4)	A statute of another state, a foreign country, or a governmental unit of another state or a foreign country, other than a statute generally applicable to security interests, expressly governs creation, perfection, priority, or enforcement of
(4)	•, • , , , , , , , ,
	security interest created by the state, country, or governmental unit; or <u>unit.</u> The rights of a transferee beneficiary or nominated person under a letter o
	credit are independent and superior under G.S. 25-5-114.
Inapp	blicability of Article. – This Article does not apply to: to any of the following:
(1)	A landlord's lien, other than an agricultural lien; lien.
(2)	A lien, other than an agricultural lien, given by statute or other rule of law fo
	services or materials, but G.S. 25-9-333 applies with respect to priority of th lien; lien.
(3)	An assignment of a claim for wages, salary, or other compensation of a
(3)	employee;employee.
(4)	A sale of accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles, or promissory notes a
(.)	part of a sale of the business out of which they arose; arose.
(5)	An assignment of accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles, or promissor
(0)	notes which is for the purpose of collection only;only.
(6)	An assignment of a right to payment under a contract to an assignee that i
(0)	also obligated to perform under the contract; contract.
(7)	An assignment of a single account, payment intangible, or promissory note to
(')	an assignee in full or partial satisfaction of a preexisting
	indebtedness; indebtedness.
(8)	A transfer of an interest in or an assignment of a claim under a policy of
(0)	insurance, other than an assignment by or to a health-care provider of
	health-care-insurance receivable and any subsequent assignment of the righ
	to payment, but G.S. 25-9-315 and G.S. 25-9-322 apply with respect to
	proceeds and priorities in proceeds; proceeds.
(9)	An assignment of a right represented by a judgment, other than a judgment
()	taken on a right to payment that was collateral; <u>collateral.</u>
(10)	A right of recoupment or setoff, but: <u>but (i) G.S. 25-9-340</u>
()	a. G.S. 25 9 340 applies with respect to the effectiveness of rights o
	recoupment or setoff against deposit accounts; and accounts and (iii
	G.S. 25-9-404
	b. G.S. 25-9-404 applies with respect to defenses or claims of an account
	debtor; debtor.
(11)	The creation or transfer of an interest in or lien on real property, including
~ /	lease or rents thereunder, except to the extent that provision is made for: for
	the following:
	a. Liens on real property in G.S. 25-9-203 and
	G.S. 25-9-308;G.S. 25-9-308.
	b. Fixtures in G.S. 25-9-334;G.S. 25-9-334.
	c. Fixture filings in G.S. 25-9-501, 25-9-502, 25-9-512, 25-9-516, and
	25-9-519; and <u>25-9-519.</u>
	d. Security agreements covering personal and real property in G.S. 25-9-604;G.S. 25-9-604.
(12)	An assignment of a claim arising in tort, other than a commercial tort claim
()	but G.S. 25-9-315 and G.S. 25-9-322 apply with respect to proceeds and
	priorities in proceeds; proceeds.
(13)	An assignment of a deposit account in a consumer transaction, bu
1 1 . / /	
(15)	G.S. 25-9-315 and G.S. 25-9-322 apply with respect to proceeds and prioritie
	 (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)

General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
(14)	The creation, perfection, priority, or enforcement of any la	-
	of, pledge of, or security in, any revenues, rights, funds, o	•
	intangible assets created, made, or granted by this State or a	•
	in this State, including the assignment of rights as secure	
	interests granted by any party subject to the provisions of	
	State or a governmental unit in this State, to secure, directly	
	bond, note, other evidence of indebtedness, or other paym	Ū.
	borrowed money issued by, or in connection with, in	
	purchase financings by, this State or a governmental	
	However, notwithstanding this subdivision, this Article	
	creation, perfection, priority, and enforcement of security i	
	this State or a governmental unit in this State in equip	pment or fixtures;
	or fixtures.	
(15)	The creation, perfection, priority, or enforcement of any s	-
	pledge of, security interest in, or other transfer of, any i	•
	portion of any interest or right in any storm recovery prop	perty as defined in
	G.S. 62-172.	1
<u>(16)</u>	The creation, perfection, priority, or enforcement of any s	-
	pledge of, security interest in, or other transfer of, any i	
	portion of any interest or right in any energy transition pro	perty as defined in
	<u>G.S. 62-173.</u> "	
SECI	TION 2.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law.	
ADVANCED N	ULCLEAD FADLY STEE DEDMIT AND SUBSECT	IENT LICENSE
RENEWAL	NUCLEAR EARLY SITE PERMIT AND SUBSEQU	JENI LICENSE
	FION 3.(a) In order to support a diverse portfolio of	advanced anergy
	duce future permitting and siting costs, and promote th	
	r energy, the electric public utilities operating in this Sta	
	costs up to an aggregate total of fifty million dollars (\$50,000	• • •
- ·	t (ESP) from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for sitin	· · ·
•	t a single location in the State. The electric public utilities sha	•
•	any funding available from any federal agencies in order to	
	ding obtained from a federal agency shall be utilized to offset	
	ng electric public utility may establish a regulatory asset	
	the incremental costs incurred in connection with its pursui	
•	arrying costs based on the utility's then-authorized, net-of-tax	0
	ntil such time as the costs can be reflected in customer rates.	
-	the Commission shall establish an amortization period for re	-
1 0,	namortized balance at the utility's then authorized, net-of-tax	
	his section shall not be construed to provide any legislative e	
	ear resources in future electric public utility integrated reso	
	by the Commission in accordance with then-applicable law	-

- 43 SECTION 3.(b) In order to support the continued operation of high capacity factor, 44 low-cost, and emissions free nuclear electric generation, the electric public utilities are directed 45 to prepare and submit Subsequent License Renewal applications with the Nuclear Regulatory 46 Commission for each of the six currently operating nuclear electric generating facility sites in the 47 electric public utilities' balancing area authority. The electric public utilities shall report on the 48 status of the Subsequent License Renewal applications in their integrated resource plan filings. 49 SECTION 3.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law.
- 49 50
- H951-PCS10518-RIf-28

General Assen	bly Of North Carolina Session 2	2021
PART	II. RATE-MAKING MODERNIZATION/AUTHOR	IZE
	CE-BASED REGULATION OF ELECTRIC PUBLIC UTILITIES	
	FION 4.(a) Article 7 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by add	ding
a new section to		
	erformance-based regulation authorized.	
(a) Defi	itions. – For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
<u>(1)</u>	"Cost causation principle" means establishment of a causal link between	
	specific customer class, how that class uses the electric system, and c incurred by the electric public utility for the provision of electric service.	
<u>(2)</u>	"Decoupling rate-making mechanism" means a rate-making mechan	<u>iism</u>
	intended to break the link between an electric public utility's revenue and level of consumption of electricity on a per customer basis by its resider	
	customers.	<u>IIIIII</u>
(3)	"Distributed energy resource" or "DER" means a device or measure	that
<u>(87</u>	produces electricity or reduces electricity consumption and is connected to	
	electric distribution system, either on the customer's premises, or on	
	electric public utility's primary distribution system. A DER may include	
	of the following: energy efficiency, distributed generation, demand respo	
	microgrids, energy storage, energy management systems, and ele	
	vehicles.	
<u>(4)</u>	"Earnings sharing mechanism" means an annual rate-making mechanism	that
 -	shares surplus earnings between the electric public utility and customers	
	the period of time covered by a MYRP.	
<u>(5)</u>	"Multiyear rate plan" or "MYRP" means a rate-making mechanism un	nder
<u></u>	which the Commission sets base rates for a multiyear period that inclu	
	authorized periodic changes in base rates without the need for the electronic changes in base rates without the electronic changes i	
	public utility to file a subsequent general rate application pursuan	
	G.S. 62-133, along with an earnings sharing mechanism.	
<u>(6)</u>	"Performance incentive mechanism" or "PIM" means a rate-mal	king
	mechanism that links electric public utility revenue or earnings to electric	ctric
	public utility performance in targeted areas consistent with policy goals	s, as
	that term is defined by this section, approved by the Commission, and inclu-	udes
	specific performance metrics and targets against which electric public ut	ility
	performance is measured.	
<u>(7)</u>	"Performance-based regulation" or "PBR" means an alternative rate-mal	
	approach that includes decoupling, one or more performance incen	
	mechanisms, and a multiyear rate plan, including an earnings sha	-
	mechanism, or such other alternative regulatory mechanisms as may	<i>i</i> be
	proposed by an electric public utility.	
<u>(8)</u>	"Policy goal" means the expected or anticipated achievement of operativ	
	efficiency, cost savings, or reliability of electric service that is greater	
	that which already is required by State or federal law or regulation, inclu-	
	standards the Commission has established by order prior to and independent	
	of a PBR application, provided that, with respect to environmental standa	
	the Commission may not approve a policy goal that is more stringent that	
	established (i) by State law, (ii) by federal law, (iii) by the Environme	
	Management Commission pursuant to G.S. 143B-282, or (iv) by the Un	inted
	States Environmental Protection Agency.	
(9)	"Rate year" means the year of the MYRP for which base rates are effective	
<u>(10)</u>	"Tracking metric" means a methodology for tracking and quantitatimeasuring and monitoring outcomes or electric public utility performance	

1	(h) Derfermen - Dered Dereletien Authorized - In edition to the method for figure
1	(b) <u>Performance-Based Regulation Authorized. – In addition to the method for fixing</u>
2 3	base rates established under G.S. 62-133, the Commission is authorized to approve performance-based regulation upon application of an electric public utility pursuant to the
4	process and requirements of this section, so long as the Commission allocates the electric public
5	utility's total revenue requirement among customer classes based upon the cost causation
6	principle, including the use of minimum system methodology by an electric public utility for the
7	purpose of allocating distribution costs between customer classes, and interclass subsidization of
8	ratepayers is minimized to the greatest extent practicable by the conclusion of the MYRP period.
9	This section shall not be construed to require the Commission to use the minimum system
10	methodology for the purpose of classifying costs within a customer class when setting a basic
11	facilities charge.
12	(c) Application. – An electric public utility shall be permitted to submit a PBR
13	application in a general rate case proceeding initiated pursuant to G.S. 62-133. A PBR application
14	shall include a decoupling rate-making mechanism, one or more PIMs, and a MYRP, including
15	both an earnings sharing mechanism and proposed revenue requirements and base rates for each
16	of the years that a MYRP is in effect or a method for calculating the same. The PBR application
17	may also include proposed tracking metrics with or without targets or benchmarks to measure
18	electric public utility achievement. The following additional requirements apply to a PBR
19	application:
20	(1) The following shall apply to a MYRP:
21	a. The base rates for the first rate year of a MYRP shall be fixed in the
22 23	manner prescribed under G.S. 62-133, including actual changes in
23 24	costs, revenues or the cost of the electric public utility's property used and useful, or to be used and useful within a reasonable time after the
24 25	test period, plus costs associated with a known and measurable set of
26	capital investments, net of operating benefits, associated with a set of
27	discrete and identifiable capital spending projects to be placed in
28	service during the first rate year. Subsequent changes in base rates in
29	the second and third rate years of the MYRP shall be based on
30	projected incremental Commission-authorized capital investments
31	that will be used and useful during the rate year and associated
32	expenses, net of operating benefits, including operation and
33	maintenance savings, and depreciation of rate base associated with the
34	capital investments, that are incurred or realized during each rate year
35	of the MYRP period; provided that the amount of increase in the
36	second rate year under the MYRP shall not exceed four percent (4%)
37	of the electric public utility's North Carolina retail jurisdictional
38	revenue requirement that is used to fix rates during the first year of the
39 40	MYRP pursuant to G.S. 62-133 excluding any revenue requirement for the conital apanding projects to be placed in convice during the first
40 41	for the capital spending projects to be placed in service during the first rate year. The amount of increase for the third rate year under the
42	MYRP shall not exceed four percent (4%) of the electric public
43	utility's North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue requirement that is
44	used to fix rates during the first year of the MYRP pursuant to
45	G.S. 62-133, excluding any revenue requirement for the capital
46	spending projects placed in service during the first rate year. The
47	revenue requirements associated with any single new generation plant
48	placed in service during the MYRP for which the total plant in service
49	balance exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) shall not
50	be included in a MYRP. Instead, the utility may request and the
51	Commission may grant, if it deems appropriate, permission to

Genera	al Asseml	oly Of Nor	th Ca	arolina	Session 2021
		e	stabli	sh a regulatory asset and d	efer to such regulatory asset
				• •	ric generation investments to be
					rate proceeding. In setting the
				•	of return on equity for an MYRP
					any increased or decreased risk
		_			s ratepayers that may result from
				an approved MYRP.	ratepayers that may result from
				* *	the Commission shall establish
			-		ne earnings sharing mechanism,
					ed to PIM rewards or penalties,
				coupling adjustments.	ed to Thin fewards of penantes,
				· · ·	each rate year, the Commission
				stablish a proceeding to:	each faite year, the Commission
		<u>1</u>			electric public utility during the
		<u>1</u>	<u>.</u>		arnings exceeded the authorized
				-	nined by the Commission in the
					BR. If the weather-normalized
					rate of return on equity plus 50
					gs above the authorized rate of sis points will be refunded to
					shed by the Commission. If the
					•
					<u>Fall below the authorized rate of</u>
					ublic utility may file a rate case penalties or rewards from PIM
					ives related to demand-side
					iciency measures pursuant to ided from the determination of
				any refund pursuant to earning	
		2		• • •	the electric public utility with
		<u>2</u>	<u>.</u>	-	ved PIMs applicable in the rate
					all be collected from customers
					customers, in each case, through
				the rider established by the Co	
		3			making mechanism, and refund
		<u>3</u>	<u>.</u>		corresponding amount from
					the rider established by the
				Commission.	i the fider established by the
	(2)	The prov	boood		only be applied to residential
	<u>(2)</u>		-		only be applied to residential
					establish an annual revenue
					appropriate distribution of said
		-	-		onth of the year. The established
					actual number of residential
					get revenue for the residential
				-	shall defer to a regulatory asset
			-		e actual revenue and the target
		-			in revenue requirements for the
				-	to the residential customer class
				•	<u>l customers to determine the</u>
				•	ue requirement per residential
					evenues for the residential class
		in the sec	cond a	and third rate years of a MYRP	. The electric public utility may

	General A	Assemb	oly Of N	North Carolina	Session 2021
1			exclu	le rate schedules or riders for electric vehicle	e charging, including EV
2				ing during off-peak periods on time-of-use ra	
3			-	anism to preserve the electric public utility's	1 0
4				ic vehicle adoption.	<u>meenare to encourage</u>
5		(3)		olicy goal targeted by a PIM shall be clearly d	efined, measurable with a
6		<u>(0)</u>		ed performance metric, and solely or primarily	
7				's control.	p
8		<u>(4)</u>		PIM shall be structured to ensure that, pursuar	nt to subdivisions (1) and
9		<u>/</u>		this subsection, any penalty shall be refund	
10				d shall be collected from customers and shall	
11				of all potential and actual PIM incentives or p	
12				percent (1%) of the electric public utility	
13			-	ement that is used to fix rates during the first ye	
14				5. 62-133, excluding any revenue requirement	-
15			_	ets to be placed in service during the first rate	
16				ved. Any incentives related to demand-side	-
17				ency measures pursuant to G.S. 62-133.9(f) sh	•
18				established in this section and shall continue	
19				mand-side management and energy efficiency	
20		(5)	Subje	ct to the limitations set out in the preceding	g subdivision, any PIMs
21			propo	sed by an electric public utility shall inclu	ide one or more of the
22			follow	ving:	
23			<u>a.</u>	Rewards based on the sharing of savings	achieved by meeting or
24				exceeding a specific policy goal.	
25			<u>b.</u>	Rewards or penalties based on differentiated	authorized rates of return
26				on common equity to encourage utility in	vestments or operational
27				changes to meet a specific policy goal, which	<u>h shall not be greater than</u>
28				<u>25 basis points.</u>	
29			<u>c.</u>	Fixed financial rewards to encourage achieved	vement of specific policy
30				goals, or fixed financial penalties for failure	to achieve policy goals.
31	<u>(d)</u>			Action on Application. –	
32		<u>(1)</u>		ommission shall approve a PBR application by	
33				pon a finding that a proposed PBR would res	e
34				is in the public interest, and is consistent with	
35				ection and rules adopted thereunder. In re	
36				ation under this section, the Commission sh	hall consider whether the
37				application:	
38			<u>a.</u>	Assures that no customer or class of customer	
39				and that the rates are fair both to the electric	c public utility and to the
40			1	customer.	
41			<u>b.</u>	Reasonably assures the continuation of s	are and reliable electric
42				service.	
43			<u>c.</u>	Will not unreasonably prejudice any class	
44 45		(2)	In nor	result in sudden substantial rate increases or '	
45 46		<u>(2)</u>		iewing any such PBR application under this	section, the Commission
46 47				onsider whether the PBR application:	use of the system
47 48			<u>a.</u> b	Encourages peak load reduction or efficient	-
48 49			<u>b.</u>	Encourages utility-scale renewable energy as Encourages DERs.	nu storage.
49 50			<u>c.</u> d	<u>Encourages DERS.</u> Reduces low-income energy burdens.	
50 51			<u>d.</u>		
51			<u>e.</u>	Encourages energy efficiency.	

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		<u>f.</u> <u>Encourages carbon reductions.</u>	
2		g. Encourages beneficial electrification, including ele	ectric vehicles
3			<u>cettie venicies.</u>
4		h.Supports equity in contracting.i.Promotes resilience and security of the electric grij.Maintains adequate levels of reliability and custor	bi
5		j. Maintains adequate levels of reliability and custor	
6		<u>k.</u> Promotes rate designs that yield peak load redu	
7		load-shaping.	
8	<u>(3)</u>	When an electric public utility files with the Commission	an application for a
9	<u>(5)</u>	general rate case pursuant to G.S. 62-133 and that applica	
10		application, the Commission shall institute proceedings of	
11		provided in this subdivision. The electric public utility	
12		changes in any rate or implement a PBR except upon 30	
13		<u>Commission</u> , and the Commission may require the elect	
14		provide notice of the pending PBR application to the same	
15		in G.S. 62-134(a) and may suspend the effect of the prop	
16		PBR implementation pending investigation in the same	
17		in G.S. 62-134(b), provided that, the Commission	•
18		implementation of the proposed base rates for no longer	
19		electric public utility's application shall plainly state the c	
20		and the time when the change in rates will go into effect	
20		schedules in the same manner required pursuant to (
22		<u>Commission shall, upon reasonable notice, conduct a hea</u>	
23		lawfulness of the proposed base rates and the PBR applica	
24		the Commission shall issue an order approving or rejectin	-
25		utility's PBR application. The Commission shall not be p	
26		the PBR application. In the event that the Commiss	
27		application, the Commission shall nevertheless establish	
28		utility's base rates in accordance with G.S. 62-133 b	-
29		application. If the Commission rejects the PBR application	
30		explanation of the deficiency and an opportunity for the e	•
31		to refile, or for the electric public utility and the stakehold	
32		cure the identified deficiency and refile.	
33	(e) Comm	mission Review. – At any time prior to expiration of a PI	BR plan period the
34		h good cause and upon its own motion or petition by the	
35		onableness of an electric public utility's rates under a pla	
36		ortunities for public hearings and comments from interested	-
37		djust base rates or PIMs as necessary. In addition, the appr	
38		to limit the Commission's authority to grant additional de	
39		linary costs not otherwise recognized in rates.	
40		Period. – Any PBR application approved pursuant to this sec	ction shall remain in
41		period of not more than 36 months.	
42		nission Authority Preserved. – Nothing in this section shall	l be construed to (i)
43		the existing rate-making authority of the Commission or (i	
44		ed by the Commission prior to the effective date of this sec	
45	• • • •	rate-making mechanisms, designs, plans, or settleme	-
46		nd be considered separately, from riders or other cost red	
47		d by law, unless otherwise incorporated into such plan.	
48		Reporting. – For purposes of measuring an electric publ	lic utility's earnings
49		blication approved under this section, an electric public u	
50		sets forth the electric public utility's earned return on equity	
51		requirement trued-up with the actual electric public utility r	

1	of revenue adjustment in terms of customer refund or surcharge, if applicable, and the
2	adjustments reflecting rewards or penalties provided for in PIMs approved by the Commission.
3	(i) <u>Commission Report. – No later than April 1 of each year, the Commission shall</u>
4	submit a report on the activities taken by the Commission to implement, and by electric public
5	utilities to comply with, the requirements of this section to the Governor, the Environmental
6	Review Commission, the Joint Legislative Commission on Energy Policy, the Joint Legislative
7	Oversight Committee on Agriculture and Natural and Economic Resources, the chairs of the
8	Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Natural, and Economic Resources, the chairs
9	of the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee on Agriculture and Natural and
10	Economic Resources, and the chairs of the House Committee on Energy and Public Utilities. The
11	report shall include a summary of public comments received by the Commission. In developing
12	the report, the Commission shall consult with the Department of Environmental Quality.
13	(j) <u>Rulemaking. – The Commission shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of</u>
14	this section. Rules adopted shall include all of the following matters:
15	(1) The specific procedures and requirements that an electric public utility shall
16	meet when requesting approval of a PBR application.
17	(2) <u>The criteria for evaluating a PBR application.</u>
18	(3) The parameters for a technical conference process to be conducted by the
19	Commission prior to submission of any PBR application consisting of one or
20	more public meetings at which the electric public utility presents information
21	regarding projected transmission and distribution expenditures and interested
22	parties are permitted to provide comment and feedback; provided, however,
23	no cross-examination of parties shall be permitted. The technical conference
24	process to be established shall not exceed a duration of 60 days from the date
25	on which the electric public utility requests initiation of such process.
26	(4) In the event the Commission rejects a PBR application, the process by which
27	an electric public utility may address the Commission's reasons for rejection
28	of a PBR application, which process may include collaboration between
29	stakeholders and the electric public utility to cure any identified deficiency in
30	an electric public utility's PBR application."
31	SECTION 4.(b) The Commission shall adopt rules as required by G.S. 62-133.16(j),
32	as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, no later than 120 days after the date this section
33	becomes law.
34	SECTION 4.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to any
35	rate-making mechanisms filed by an electric public utility on or after the date that rules adopted
36	pursuant to G.S. 62-133.16, as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, become effective.
37	
38	PART III. CUSTOMER RENEWABLES PROGRAMS
39	
40	GREEN SOURCE ADVANTAGE
41	SECTION 5. G.S. 62-159.2 reads as rewritten:
42	"§ 62-159.2. Direct renewable energy procurement for major military installations, public
43	universities, and large customers.
44	(a) Each electric public utility providing retail electric service to more than 150,000
45	North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2017, shall file with the
46	Commission an application requesting approval of a new program applicable to major military
47	installations, as that term is defined in G.S. 143-215.115(1), The University of North Carolina,
48	as established in Article 1 of Chapter 116 of the General Statutes, and other new and existing
49 50	nonresidential customers with either a contract demand (i) equal to or greater than one megawatt (MW) or (ii) at multiple service locations that in accurate is equal to or greater than five
50	(MW) or (ii) at multiple service locations that, in aggregate, is equal to or greater than five measure (MW)
51	megawatts (MW).

Each electric public utility's program application required by this section shall provide 1 (b) 2 standard contract terms and conditions for participating customers and for renewable energy suppliers from which the electric public utility procures energy and capacity on behalf of the 3 4 participating customer. The application program shall allow eligible customers to select the new 5 renewable energy facility from which the electric public utility shall procure energy and capacity. The standard terms and conditions available to renewable energy suppliers shall provide a range 6 7 of terms, between two years and 20 years, from which the participating customer may elect. 8 Eligible customers shall be allowed to negotiate with renewable energy suppliers regarding price 9 terms. Each contracted amount of capacity shall be limited to no more than one hundred 10 (c) twenty-five percent (125%) of the maximum annual peak demand of the eligible customer 11 12 premises. All agreements executed under this program prior to January 1, 2021, shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be deemed modified or altered in any respect. 13 14 In the case of any participating customer that has not entered into an agreement under (c1) this program on or before January 1, 2021, all of the following shall apply: 15 The reasonably projected first year annual energy output of any renewable 16 (1) 17 energy facility or facilities selected by or procured on behalf of a participating 18 customer shall not exceed the average annual energy consumption of the 19 eligible customer premises for the most recent three calendar years, or, in the 20 case of premises not in operation for three years, the reasonably projected 21 average annual energy consumption for the first three years of operation. Participating customers' premises shall be located in the State of North 22 Carolina and in the retail service territory of the offering utility, and 23 24 participating customers may only participate in the program offered by the 25 electric public utility that provides such customer with retail service. 26 No single generating facility selected by or procured on behalf of a (2)27 participating customer shall exceed 80 megawatts alternating current (MW 28 AC) in capacity. 29 The electric public utility, the participating customer, and the owner of any (3) 30 renewable energy facility or facilities selected by or procured on behalf of a participating customer shall enter into an agreement providing that all 31 32 environmental and renewable energy attributes generated by such facilities 33 shall be transferred to the participating customer for retirement or retired on 34 the customer's behalf. 35 Each public utility shall establish reasonable credit requirements for financial (c2)assurance for renewable energy suppliers and eligible customers that are consistent with the 36 Uniform Commercial Code of North Carolina. Major military installations and The University 37 of North Carolina are exempt from the financial assurance requirements of this section. 38 39 The program shall be offered by the electric public utilities subject to this section for (d) 40 a period of five years or until December 31, 2022, whichever is later, and shall not exceed a combined 600 megawatts (MW)-alternating current (MW AC) of total capacity. For the public 41 42 utilities subject to this section, where a major military installation is located within its 43 Commission-assigned service territory, at least 100 megawatts (MW) of new renewable energy facility capacity offered under the program shall be reserved for participation by major military 44 45 installations. At least 250 megawatts (MW)-alternating current (MW AC) of new renewable 46 energy facility capacity offered under the programs shall also be reserved for participation by 47 The University of North Carolina. Major military installations and The University of North Carolina must fully subscribe to all their allocations prior to December 31, 2020, or a period of 48 49 no more than three years after approval of the program, whichever is later. 2022. If any portion 50 of total capacity set aside to major military installations or The University of North Carolina is

General Assembly Of North Carolina

Session 2021

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021 600 megawatts (MW)-alternating current (MW AC) of renewable energy capacity provided for 1 2 in this section is not awarded prior to the expiration of the program, it shall be reallocated to and 3 included in a competitive procurement in accordance with G.S. 62-110.8(a). 4 In addition to the participating customer's normal retail bill, the total cost of any (e) 5 renewable energy and capacity procured by or provided by the electric public utility for the 6 benefit of the program customer shall be paid by that customer. The electric public utility shall 7 pay the owner of the renewable energy facility which provided the electricity. The program 8 customer shall receive a bill credit for the energy as determined by the Commission; provided, 9 however, that the bill credit shall not exceed utility's avoided cost. The Commission shall ensure 10 that all other customers are held neutral, neither advantaged nor disadvantaged, from the impact 11 of the renewable electricity procured on behalf of the program customer. In the case of any 12 customer that enters into an agreement under this program after the effective date of this section, 13 the customer shall be entitled to select one of the following bill credit options: 14 A bill credit equal to the hourly real time avoided cost or day ahead avoided (1)15 cost. A bill credit equal to avoided cost as determined in a manner consistent with 16 (2) 17 the most recent Commission-approved methodology for a period of two, five, 18 or 10 years, as selected by the customer. 19 Major military installations and The University of North Carolina shall be entitled to (f) 20 participate in the program as described in subsections (b) through (e) of this section, or in 21 accordance with the following terms and conditions: On or before December 31, 2021, The University of North Carolina may 22 (1)23 provide written notice to the electric public utility of its intent to participate in 24 the program and its desired capacity amount, not to exceed 250 megawatts 25 alternating current (MW AC) of renewable energy capacity, and major 26 military installations may provide written notice to the electric public utility 27 of their intent to participate in the program and their desired capacity amount, 28 not to exceed 100 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) of renewable 29 energy capacity. 30 Upon receipt of written notice provided in accordance with subdivision (1) of (2)this subsection, the electric public utility shall competitively procure from 31 32 independent third parties renewable energy and capacity from one or more 33 renewable energy facilities to provide the total amount of renewable energy 34 capacity requested by The University of North Carolina and major military 35 installations utilizing the competitive procurement process set forth in 36 G.S. 62-110.8 for procurements occurring on or after January 1, 2022. The 37 electric public utility shall enter into a power purchase agreement with one or more renewable facilities selected through such competitive procurement, 38 39 provided that the price to be paid under the power purchase agreement. 40 inclusive of network upgrades, shall not exceed the electric public utility's avoided cost as determined in a manner consistent with the most recent 41 42 Commission-approved methodology for a period of 20 years. The applicable 43 power purchase agreement shall allow the procuring electric public utility rights to dispatch, operate, and control the renewable energy facilities in the 44 45 same manner as the electric public utility's own generating resource. Where 46 necessary, the electric public utility may allocate a renewable energy facility between the major military installations and The University of North Carolina. 47 48 In the event that an insufficient amount of qualifying bids are received in the 49 initial procurement event or the electric public utility is otherwise unable to 50 procure the requested amount of capacity, the electric public utility may

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		conduct subsequent procurements at a reasonably det	ermined time to attempt
2		to procure the full amount of requested capacity.	<u> </u>
3	<u>(3)</u>	In addition to their normal retail bill, the major milita	ry installations and The
4	<u> </u>	University of North Carolina shall pay a product ch	
5		established through the competitive procurement for	
6		facility or facilities procured for them, respectively. T	
7		shall pay the owner of the renewable energy facili	ty or facilities selected
8		through such competitive procurement at the price	-
9		competitive procurement. The major military installat	ions and The University
10		of North Carolina shall be entitled to a bill credit equa	l to the price established
11		through the competitive procurement for the renew	able energy facility or
12		facilities procured for them, respectively.	
13	<u>(4)</u>	In the event that the electric public utility is proh	ibited, for purposes of
14		compliance with a future federal or State law, rule, or	regulation relating to air
15		emissions or renewable energy or clean energy, from	relying on or otherwise
16		receiving credit for any renewable generating facility	• •
17		program for a major military installation or The Unive	-
18		the electric public utility shall be entitled after the	<u> </u>
19		contract term to terminate the agreement with the pa	
20		90 days' written notice to the participating custon	
21		determines that the offering utility will incur increm	-
22		due to its inability to rely on or otherwise receive cr	
23		generation resource or the output of such renewable	-
24		the event of any such termination, to the greatest ext	
25		and subject to Commission approval, the utility sha	
26		replacement arrangement with such customer that pro	
27		a set of rights that is as close as possible to the initial	-
28		allowing the utility to comply with the federal or State	
29 30		related to air emissions or renewable energy or clean	energy generation.
30 31	SHADED SOLA	AR/COMMUNITY SOLAR GARDENS	
32		TION 6.(a) G.S. 62-126.3 reads as rewritten:	
33	"§ 62-126.3. Def		
33 34	0	of this Article, the following definitions apply:	
35	(1)	Affiliate. – Any entity directly or indirectly controll	ling or controlled by or
36	(1)	under direct or indirect common control with an elect	•
37	(2)	Commission. – The North Carolina Utilities Commiss	
38	(2) (3)	Community solar energy facility. A solar energy f	
39		shared through subscriptions.	
40	(4)	Customer generator. – An owner, operator, or custom	her-generator lessee of a
41		solar energy facility or other renewable energy	-
42		equipment that enhances the use of that facility suc	
43		device, provided that the storage device is charged s	
44		that is taking service under the terms and conditions	•
45		approved by the Commission, including a ta	
46		G.S. 62-126.4A.	
47	<u>(4a)</u>	Customer generator lessee. – A lessee of a solar energy	gy facility.
48	(5)	Electric generator lessor The owner of solar energy	y facility that leases the
49		facility to a customer generator lessee, including any a	0
50		of the electric generator lessor. For purposes of t	
51		generator lessor shall not be considered a public utilit	y under G.S. 62-3(23).

1 (6) Electric power supplier. A public utility, an electric membership corporation, or a municipality that sells electric power to retail electric customers in the State. 4 (7) Electric public utility A public utility as defined by G.S. 62-3(23) that sells electric power to retail electric public utility. 5 electric power to retail electric customers in the State. 6 (7a) Government customerA governmental customer that receives retail electric service from an electric public utility. 7 service from an electric public utility. A commercial or industrial retail customer		General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
4 (7) Electric public utility. – A public utility as defined by G.S. 62-3(23) that sells electric power to retail electric customers in the State. 5 (7a) Government customer. – A governmental customer that receives retail electric service from an electric public utility. 8 (7b) Large commercial or industrial customer. – A commercial or industrial retail existomer of an electric public utility whose annual peak demand is more than 5 megawatts. 11 12 (9) Net metering. – To use electrical metering equipment to measure the difference between the electric alenergy supplied to a retail electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing period. <u>A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall prospectively constitute an electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.4A, and 10 G.S. 62-126.4A, and 10 G.S. 62-126.4A, and 10 G.S. 62-126.4A, and 10 G.S. 62-3(23) serving at least 150.000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2017. 2021. The term shall not inclued any other provision of this Chapter. An offering utility is any electric public utility and electric electric public utility, electric service within the State. An offering utility's participation in this Article as an electric and semand is less than or egual to 5 megawatts but excluding government customers. 7 gravities and the provisions of this Article. 8 offering utility's participation in this Article as an electric gravitie and the electric service within the State. An offering utility's participation</u>	2	(6)	corporation, or a municipality that sells electric powe	-
6 (7a) Government customer. – A governmental customer that receives retail electric service from an electric public utility. 8 (7b) Large commercial or industrial customer. – A commercial or industrial retail customer of an electric public utility whose annual peak demand is more than 5 megawatts. 11 12 (9) Net metering. – To use electrical metering equipment to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a retail electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing period. A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall prospectively constitute an electric public utility's net metering arrangement for new customer participation after its effective date. 19 (10) Offering utility. – Amy-Except as specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A and G.S. 62-126.8A, an offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.8A, and offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.8A, and offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.8A, and offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.8A, and offering utility is any electric public utility whother and the avolution of the state. An offering utility's participation in this Article as an electric generator lessor shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other provision of this Chapter. An offering utility is participation in this Article shall be regulated pursuant to the provisions of this Article. 20 31 Stattle commercial or industrial customers. – A commercial or industrial retail c	4	(7)	Electric public utility. – A public utility as defined by G.S.	. 62-3(23) that sells
8 (7b) Large commercial or industrial customer. – A commercial or industrial retail customer of an electric public utility whose annual peak demand is more than 5 megawatts. 11 12 (9) Net metering. – To use electrical metering equipment to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a retail electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing or period. A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall prospectively constitute an electric public utility's net metering arrangement for new customer participation after its effective date. 19 (10) Offering utility Amy Except as specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A and G.S. 62-126.4A, and offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in the state of the electric public utility is any electric public utility and other is a specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4A, and in G.S. 62-126.4B, and in G.S. 62-126.4B, and other is a state and electric customer and in this Article as an electric generator lessor shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other electric public utility anticipation in this Article as an electric generator lessor shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation in this Article shall be regulated pursuant to the provisions of this Article. 9 10 (13a) Small commercial or industrial c	6	<u>(7a)</u>	Government customer A governmental customer that rec	ceives retail electric
10 5 megawatts. 11 12 (9) Net metering. – To use electrical metering equipment to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a retail electric customer to the electric power supplier and the electrical energy supplied by the retail electric customer to the electric public utility's net metering arrangement for new customer participation after its effective date. 16 period. A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall prospectively constitute an electric public utility's net metering arrangement for new customer participation after its effective date. 19 (10) Offering utility. – Amy-Except as specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A and O. G.S. 62-3(23) serving at least 150,000 North Carolian retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2017-2021. The term shall not include any other 21 customers as of January 1, 2017-2021. The term shall not include any other 23 electric public utility, electric membership corporation, or municipal electric supplier authorized to provide retail electric service within the State. An offering utility's participation in this Article as an electric generator lessor shall not therwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation in this Article. 23 34 SECTION 6.(b) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: 35 36	8	<u>(7b)</u>	Large commercial or industrial customer A commercial	
 (9) Net metering. – To use electrical metering equipment to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a retail electric customer by an electric power supplier and the electric all energy supplied by the retail electric customer to the electric power supplier over the applicable billing period. A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall prospectively constitute an electric public utility's net metering arrangement for new customer participation after its effective date. (10) Offering utility. – Any-Except as specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A and G.S. 62-126.3A, an offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-3(23) serving at least 150.000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 20172021. The term shall not include any other electric public utility's participation in this Article as an electric generator lessor shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation in this Article shall be regulated pursuant to the provisions of this Article. (13a) Small commercial or industrial customer. – A commercial or industrial retail customers" (a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities' periode expanded preawatts but excluding government customers, and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the celectric public utilities. Physical customers, and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities shall entric public utilities shall entries are of a period of approximately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating cursomers, and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities shall enter into power pur	10			emand is more than
13 difference between the electrical energy supplied to a retail electric customer 14 by an electric power supplier and the electrical energy supplied by the retail 15 electric customer to the electric public over the applicable billing 16 period. A solar choice tariff authorized under G.S. 62-126.4A shall 17 prospectively constitute an electric public utility's net metering arrangement 18 for new customer participation after its effective date. 19 (10) Offering utility Amp-Except as specifically defined in G.S. 62-126.4A and 20 G.S. 62-126.8A, an offering utility is any electric public utility as defined in 21 G.S. 62-3(23) serving at least 150.000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional 22 customers as of January 1, 2017-2021. The term shall not include any other 23 electric public utility, electric membership corporation, or municipal electric 24 supplier authorized to provide retail electric service within the State. An 25 offering utility's participation in this Article as an electric gual to any other 26 shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other 27 provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation in this Article shall 28 30				
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26 shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with respect to any other 27 provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation in this Article shall 28 be regulated pursuant to the provisions of this Article. 29 30 (13a) 31 customer of an electric public utility whose annual peak demand is less than 32 or equal to 5 megawatts but excluding government customers. 33 " 34 SECTION 6.(b) 35 Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by 36 dding a new section to read: "\$ SECTION for program. (a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities to provide expanded renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 </td <td>23 24</td> <td></td> <td>electric public utility, electric membership corporation, or supplier authorized to provide retail electric service wi</td> <td>municipal electric thin the State. An</td>	23 24		electric public utility, electric membership corporation, or supplier authorized to provide retail electric service wi	municipal electric thin the State. An
 (13a) Small commercial or industrial customer. – A commercial or industrial retail customer of an electric public utility whose annual peak demand is less than or equal to 5 megawatts but excluding government customers. " SECTION 6.(b) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "<u>§ 62-126.8B. Shared solar program.</u> (a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities to provide expanded renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 	27 28		shall not otherwise alter its status as a public utility with r provision of this Chapter. An offering utility's participation	respect to any other
32 or equal to 5 megawatts but excluding government customers. 33 " 34 SECTION 6.(b) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by 35 adding a new section to read: "§ 62-126.8B. Shared solar program. 37 (a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities to provide expanded 38 renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small 39 commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to 40 foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. 41 Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North 42 a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 44 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. 45 All the following shall apply to such procurements: 46 (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall	30	 <u>(13a)</u>		
 adding a new section to read: "<u>§ 62-126.8B. Shared solar program.</u> (a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities to provide expanded renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 	32	"	· · · ·	
37(a) It is the policy of the State to encourage electric public utilities to provide expanded38renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small39commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to40foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix.41Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North42Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete43a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 75044megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years.45All the following shall apply to such procurements:46(1)The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall			· · · · ·	ites is amended by
 renewable energy options for North Carolina large commercial or industrial customers, small commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 	36			
 commercial or industrial customers, units of local government, and residential customers and to foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 				
 foster the use of renewable energy as part of the electric public utilities' generation mix. Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 				
 Therefore, electric public utilities providing retail electric service to more than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, shall jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. All the following shall apply to such procurements: (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 				
 43 a competitive procurement seeking new solar resources in a total amount of approximately 750 44 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. 45 All the following shall apply to such procurements: 46 (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with 47 the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years 48 and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all 49 environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 				-
 44 megawatts alternating current (MW AC) procured over a period of approximately three years. 45 All the following shall apply to such procurements: 46 (1) The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with 47 the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years 48 and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all 49 environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 	42			
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46(1)The offering utilities shall enter into power purchase agreements (PPA) with47the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years48and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all49environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall				mately three years.
 47 the selected solar generating facilities. PPAs shall be for a period of 20 years 48 and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all 49 environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall 				amonte (DDA) with
48and shall provide for the purchase of all the energy, capacity, and all49environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall		<u>(1)</u>		
49 environmental and renewable energy attributes. The applicable PPA shall				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	49		environmental and renewable energy attributes. The app	plicable PPA shall

General Assemb	ly Of I	North Carolina	Session 2021
	contr	ol the renewable energy facilities in	the same manner as the electric
		c utility's own generating resources.	
<u>(2)</u>		ffering utilities may require the renew	able generation facilities procured
		nder to meet commercially reasons	
		ng utilities and their affiliates shall	
		etitive solicitation process required up	
<u>(3)</u>	-	wable generation facilities procured r	
		solar generating facilities and locate	
	autho	rity areas of the electric public utilities	s, whether located inside or outside
		eographic boundaries of the State. Eac	
		ic public utility's transmission system	÷ •
		than 80 megawatts alternating curren	
		PA shall not exceed the electric pub	
		ed cost calculated over the term of t	
		The electric public utility's current f	
		stent with the Commission-approved	
		g utility shall file with the Comm	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
		lar program. The Commission shall	· · · · ·
	-	the program within 120 days of received	pt of the application. Each shared
		orm with all of the following:	
<u>(1)</u>		tipating customers' premises shall b	
		ina and in the retail service territ	• • •
	1	ipating customers may only particip	
(2)		ic public utility that provides such cu	
<u>(2)</u>		city under the program shall be open	
	1	<u>d</u> during each program procuremen ubscribed during the initial enrollmer	• • • •
	apply		it period, all of the following shan
		<u>.</u> In the case of large commerci	al or industrial customers and
	<u>a.</u>	government customers, the available	
		eligible customers that applied on	
		requested subscription amount of ea	
	<u>b.</u>	In the case of small commercial or in	
	<u>.</u>	the available capacity shall be allo	
		process.	dated through a fundom beleetion
<u>(3)</u>	Thete	otal program volume shall be allocated	as follows: seventy percent (70%)
<u>(0)</u>		rge commercial or industrial custo	• •
	-	trial customers, twenty percent (20%)	
		nt (10%) to residential customers. To	
	-	not fully subscribed to its respect	-
	-	lment period, any unsubscribed amo	
		le customers through a second enrolli	
		g such second enrollment period, sha	-
	-	ion process. Thereafter, any remaining	-
		shall be made available on a first con	• • • •
<u>(4)</u>		easonably projected first year's annual	
		mer's capacity allocation from the pro-	
	-	al energy consumption of the eligible	•
	-	t three calendar years, or, in the case	
		years, the reasonably projected avera	
	-	rst three years of operation.	

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	(5)	Once a subscription has been awarded, the subscription	ription shall remain in place
2	<u></u>	until the earlier of the following:	
3		a. The customer terminates their subscription	n.
4		b. The customer cancels their retail service.	
5		c. Twenty years after the solar generating fac	ility to which such customer
6		has been subscribed achieved commercial	
7	<u>(6)</u>	Each participating customer shall pay a product	▲
8	<u>(0)</u>	contract price for all facilities with which the offer	• • •
9		a particular procurement cycle pursuant to t	
10		solicitation.	
11	<u>(7)</u>	Each participating customer shall receive a bill	credit equal to the product
12	<u>(7)</u>	charge for such customer.	create equal to the product
12	<u>(8)</u>	All environmental and renewable energy attribut	tas produced by any shared
13 14	(0)	renewables facility associated with the customer's	
14		shall be retired by the offering utility on behalf o	
15 16		or, at the election of a nonresidential participatin	
10		the customer for retirement, at the customer's e	
17		customer must provide proof of retirement within	▲
18		the utility is prohibited, for purposes of complian	
20		State law or regulation relating to air emissions of	
20			
21		energy, from relying on or otherwise receiving	-
		generating facility that is procured under this proceed under the first two wars of the proceed	•
23 24		entitled after the first two years of the progr	
24 25		agreement with such participating customer on 90 participating customer if the Commission determi	-
23 26		incremental compliance costs due to its inabili	-
20 27		receive credit for such renewable generation res	
28		renewable generation resource. In the event of a	-
29		greatest extent reasonably possible and subject to	•
30		utility shall seek Commission approval of a rep	* *
31		such customer that provides the customer with a	
32		as possible to the initial arrangement while still al	
33		with such federal or State law or regulation r	
34		renewable energy or clean energy generation.	
35	<u>(9)</u>	Each participating customer shall pay a reas	sonable administration fee
36	<u></u>	approved by the Commission in order for the of	
37		administrative costs of the program."	
38	SECT	TION 6.(c) G.S. 62-126.8 is repealed.	
39	SECT	TION 6.(d) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the Gene	eral Statutes is amended by
40	adding a new sec		-
41	" <u>§ 62-126.8A.</u> C	<u>ommunity solar gardens.</u>	
42	(a) Procu	rement. – In order to provide expanded solar energy	y options for North Carolina
43	small commercia	l and industrial customers and residential customers	and to foster the use of solar
44	energy as part of	the electric public utilities' generation mix, electr	ic public utilities subject to
45	this section shall	undertake a competitive procurement of solar energy	y for the purpose of offering
46		lar gardens program for participation by small	
47		residential customers. For purposes of this section, a	
48		ic utility serving more than 100,000 retail electric	customers in the State as of
49		Aggregate procurement shall be as follows:	
50	<u>(1)</u>	Electric public utilities providing retail electric se	
51		North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as	s of January 1, 2021, shall

General Asse	mbly Of North Carolina Sess	ion 2021
	jointly or separately complete a competitive procurement seeking	<u>up to 50</u>
	megawatts (MW) of new distribution-connected solar generation	on to be
	utility-owned. To the extent practicable, approximately equal amount	
	generation shall be procured under this program in each of their re-	espective
	service territories.	
<u>(2)</u>	An electric public utility providing retail electric service to more than	
	and fewer than 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional custom	
	January 1, 2021, may elect to offer a competitive procurement seek	
	10 megawatts (MW) of new distribution-connected solar generation	
	utility-owned. For purposes of this section, such electric utility shal	<u>ll also be</u>
	an "offering utility."	
	e initial procurements required by this section shall be completed within	
	which the Commission approves the program pursuant to subsection (a	
	offering utility implementing this section shall attempt to procure	
	rcent (25%) of its total procurement amount from projects that are capable	
	rvice on or before December 31, 2023, for the purpose of offering a con-	
	program for participation by its small commercial and industrial, governm	
	tomers. Each offering utility shall be permitted to require that solar ge	
	ured under this section meet commercially reasonable performance and t	
	offering utility and its affiliates shall not participate as bidders in the cor	-
· · ·	posals process required under this section. In the event that an insufficien	
	ar generating facilities are procured through such process, an offering uti	
-	o propose self-developed solar generating facilities if the capital costs a	
	pecified in subsection (e) of this section. To the extent that an offering	
	ure viable projects meeting the required criteria and meeting the total produced in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subarctice (3) of this section through the	
-	ied in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this section through t	
*	and there are no self-developed facilities meeting the criteria identifie fering utility shall be permitted to conduct another procurement at a late	
	procurement amount.	<u>er uale lo</u>
	gible Projects. – Solar generation facilities procured pursuant to subsecti	on (a) of
	all be new solar capacity and located in the State of North Carolina. E	
	e interconnected to the relevant offering utility's distribution system.	<u>den sten</u>
	plication. – Within 180 days of the effective date of this section, each	offering
	e with the Commission an application requesting approval of a commun	
	am. Each community solar gardens program shall conform with the follow	
<u>(1)</u>		-
<u> </u>	to small commercial and industrial customers, thirty percent (
	government customers, and thirty-five percent (35%) to residential cu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	To the extent that any customer class has not fully subscribed to its re	
	allocation within one year of the opening of the application per	
	unsubscribed amount shall be made available to all program application	
	on the priority of their applications, or, to the extent necessary, by	
	selection process.	
		<u>icipating</u>
(2)		
<u>(2</u>)	customer's capacity allocation from the program shall not exceed the	e average
(2)	annual energy consumption of the eligible customer premises for	
(2)		the most
(2)	annual energy consumption of the eligible customer premises for	the most ation for

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	<u>(3)</u>	No single participating customer subscription shal	l account for more than fifty
2		percent (50%) interest in a single facility, and	•
3		minimum of five subscribers.	-
4	<u>(4)</u>	Participating customers' premises shall be loca	tted in the State of North
5		Carolina and in the retail service territory of the	offering utility offering the
6		program. Participating customers may only partic	ipate in the program offered
7		by the electric public utility that provides such cu	stomer with retail service.
8	<u>(5)</u>	Once a subscription has been awarded, such subsc	ription shall remain in place
9		until the earlier of the following:	
10		a. The customer terminates their subscription	<u>1.</u>
11		b. The customer cancels their retail service.	
12		c. <u>Twenty years after the solar generating fac</u>	•
13		has been subscribed achieved commercial	
14	<u>(6)</u>	Each participating customer shall pay a monthly	
15		pro rata share of the offering utility's monthly lev	_
16		for all of the community solar garden facilities so	erving the relevant offering
17 18	(7)	utility's community solar garden program.	anghle administration for
18 19	<u>(7)</u>	Each participating customer shall pay a reas approved by the Commission in order for the of	
20		administrative costs of the program.	tering utility to recover the
20 21	<u>(8)</u>	Each offering utility shall provide to each partici	inating customer a monthly
22	<u>(0)</u>	bill credit in an amount equal to its pro rata sh	
23		monthly levelized revenue requirement for all of t	
24		facilities. The renewable energy certificates produ	
25		garden facility associated with the customer's sub	
26		the offering utility on the customer's behalf,	
27		customers may elect to have certificates transfe	erred by the electric public
28		utilities to an account the customer controls but	shall be responsible for the
29		cost of such transfer and must provide proof of r	
30		to the electric public utilities within 90 days of re	
31		in the event that the offering utility is prohibited,	
32		with a future federal or State law or regulation	-
33		renewable energy or clean energy from relying	-
34 25		credit for any solar generating facility procured	
35 36		gardens program, the offering utility shall be enti-	
30 37		of the program to terminate such program on 90 participating customers if the Commission determ	•
37		will incur incremental compliance costs due to	
39		otherwise receive credit for such renewable gener	• •
40		of such renewable generation resource.	ation resource of the output
41	(e) Cost	Recovery. – The capital cost for the construction	on of projects procured or
42		r this section shall not exceed one dollar and ninety	
43		connection costs. If a solar generating facility has l	
44		ogram in accordance with the terms of this section ar	
45	cap, such solar g	enerating facility shall be deemed consistent with	the public convenience and
46	necessity for pur	poses of G.S. 62-110.1, and the Commission shall	issue a certificate of public
47		necessity for such replacement resources in accord	-
48		-111.9(13)(a), and no further process shall be rec	-
49	· · ·	vise addressed therein. Each offering utility shall	-
50		and defer to such regulatory asset the incremental	
51	racinties procure	d or built under this section until such time as the	ne costs can be reflected in

General Assembly Of North Carolina

customer rates. The types of incremental costs that may be deferred include operations and 1 2 maintenance expenses, administration costs, property tax, depreciation expense, income taxes, 3 and carrying costs related to electric plant investments and regulatory assets at the offering 4 utility's then authorized, net-of-tax, weighted average cost of capital. 5 Bill Credit Adjustment. - If, at any point after the date that is two years from the date (f) on which the program is opened for subscriptions, less than fifty percent (50%) of the available 6 7 subscriptions have been claimed, any party may petition the Commission to modify a community 8 solar garden program as needed to enhance participation through adjustments to the participating 9 customer product charge and bill credit, and the Commission may so modify the program if the 10 Commission determines that it is in the public interest to do so." 11 **SECTION 6.(e)** This section is effective when it becomes law. The applications required to be filed with the Utilities Commission pursuant to G.S. 62-126.8B(b), as enacted by 12 13 subsection (b) of this section, and G.S. 62-126.8A, as enacted by subsection (d) of this section, 14 shall be filed by the offering utilities no later than 180 days after the effective date of this section. 15 16 **SOLAR CHOICE TARIFF** 17 SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 62-2 reads as rewritten: "§ 62-2. Declaration of policy. 18 19 Upon investigation, it has been determined that the rates, services and operations of (a) 20 public utilities as defined herein, are affected with the public interest and that the availability of 21 an adequate and reliable supply of electric power and natural gas to the people, economy and 22 government of North Carolina is a matter of public policy. It is hereby declared to be the policy 23 of the State of North Carolina: 24 25 (4) To provide just and reasonable rates and charges for public utility services 26 without unjust discrimination, undue preferences or advantages, or unfair or 27 destructive competitive practices and consistent with long-term management 28 and conservation efficient use of energy resources by avoiding wasteful, 29 uneconomic and inefficient uses of energy; 30 (4a) To provide just and reasonable time-variant rates and other dynamic price offerings to utility customers that are designed to optimize the total cost of 31 32 energy consumption rather than the total volume of energy consumed; 33 To assure that facilities necessary to meet future growth can be financed by (4b) 34 the utilities operating in this State on terms which are reasonable and fair to 35 both the customers and existing investors of such utilities; and to that end to 36 authorize fixing of rates in such a manner as to result in lower costs of new 37 facilities and lower rates over the operating lives of such new facilities by 38 making provisions in the rate-making process for the investment of public 39 utilities in plants under construction; 40 41 **SECTION 7.(b)** G.S. 126-2 reads as rewritten: 42 "§ 62-126.2. Declaration of policy. 43 The General Assembly of North Carolina finds that as a matter of public policy it is in the 44 interest of the State to encourage time-variant pricing structures to promote net energy metering 45 options and to authorize the leasing of solar energy facilities for retail customers and subscription to shared community solar energy facilities. The General Assembly further finds and declares 46 47 that in encouraging the time-variant pricing structures to promote net energy metering options and the leasing of and subscription to solar energy facilities pursuant to this act, 48 49 cross-subsidization should be avoided by holding harmless electric public utilities' customers that 50 do not participate in such arrangements to the greatest extent practicable when balancing the goals of this act. The General Assembly recognizes that due to substantive differences in size, 51

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	<u>customer bases,</u>	access to low-carbon generation, and other factors,	, this declaration of policy
2	· · · ·	to electric membership corporations, State-own	* *
3		at sell electric power to retail customers in the State.	
4	SEC	FION 7.(c) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the Gener	ral Statutes is amended by
5	adding a new sec		
б	" <u>§ 62-126.4A.</u> S	olar choice tariff.	
7	(a) Each	offering utility shall file for Commission approval a s	solar choice tariff that shall
8		usive option available to customers that apply for	
)	Commission app	roval pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section	ection, an "offering utility"
)	includes all elect	ric public utilities serving more than 100,000 retail ele	ectric customer in the State
	as of January 1, 2	<u>2021.</u>	
, ,	<u>(b)</u> <u>To al</u>	low the market for customer-sited renewable energy	gy facilities to continue to
	mature without	disruption and in a sustainable manner for participa	ting and non-participating
		he State economy as a whole, the Commission shall a	
	application to es	tablish a solar choice tariff that meets all of the follow	wing objectives:
	(1)	Provides for monthly netting with net	exports credited at
		Commission-approved avoided cost in light of the	-
		solar choice tariff achieving the objectives of a ne	
		as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.	
	(2)	Provides for monthly netting within each pricing	period for time-variant and
	<u> </u>	dynamic pricing structures with net exports credited	
		avoided cost.	
	<u>(3)</u>	Provides rate design options that align the custo	omer generator's ability to
	<u>(0)</u>	achieve bill savings with long-term reductions in the	
		utility will incur in providing electric service, inc	
		time-variant and dynamic pricing structures.	inding, out not innited to,
	<u>(4)</u>	Reduces cross-subsidization by non-participants	through mechanisms that
	<u></u>	allow offering utilities the opportunity to rec	
		distribution costs, including a minimum monthly	
		oversized systems, and non-bypassable charges t	
		cybersecurity, and public purpose charges for rate	
		energy efficiency, demand side management, and	
		mechanisms shall not, however, include a standb	
		based on the capacity of the renewable energy syst	• • •
	(5)	Minimizes, to the greatest extent prac	
	<u>(5)</u>	cross-subsidization identified using the offerin	
		approved embedded cost of service study.	ig utility's most recently
	<u>(6)</u>	Encourages customer adoption of other energy sav	ings demand reduction or
	<u>(0)</u>	grid services technologies and participation in co	-
		can be offered in conjunction with a solar choice t	
		of providing service and maximize grid benefits.	and to help lower the eost
	(c) Custo	omer generators taking service under a preexisting i	net metering tariff prior to
		proval of a solar choice tariff pursuant to this section	• •
		new solar choice tariff or continue to take service	
		netering tariff in effect at the time of interconnection of	
	-	lity until January 1, 2040. After January 1, 2027, a no	
		pacity of the facility will be added for customers wh	
		ff. This charge shall be designed to collect the base	
		after January 1, 2027, that would otherwise not be	•••••••
		g service under a pre-existing net metering tariff after	•
)	generators taking	s service under a pre-existing net metering tariff after	<u>i janualy 1, 2027.</u>

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021			
1	(d) Nothing in this section prohibits a customer generator that is participating in the			
2	offering utility's net metering tariff or solar choice tariff from also participating in a			
3	Commission-approved energy efficiency program, grid services program, or other type of			
4	distributed energy resource aggregation program.			
5	(e) An offering utility offering a solar choice tariff approved pursuant to this section shall			
6	continue to be authorized to fully recover its cost of service, including, but not limited to, (i) all			
7	costs to effectuate the solar choice tariff and (ii) any unrecovered non-fuel and variable operations			
8	and maintenance costs due to customer generators' participation in the solar choice tariff.			
9	Notwithstanding the foregoing, customers participating in a retail demand electric tariff in effect			
10	on or before July 1, 2021, or a customer who elects to take service under such retail demand			
11	ariff, shall be exempt from cost recovery authorized by this subsection."			
12	SECTION 7.(d) G.S. 62-126.5(d) reads as rewritten:			
13	' § 62-126.5. Scope of leasing program in offering utilities' service areas.			
14				
15	(d) The total installed capacity of all solar energy facilities on an offering utility's system			
16	hat are leased pursuant to this section shall not exceed one percent (1%) five percent (5%) of the			
17	previous five-year average of the North Carolina retail contribution to the offering utility's			
18	coincident retail peak demand. The offering utility may refuse to interconnect customers that			
19	would result in this limitation being exceeded. Each offering utility shall establish a program for			
20	new installations of leased equipment to permit the reservation of capacity by customer generator			
21	lessees, whether participating in a public utility or nonutility lessor's leasing program, on its			
22	system, including provisions to prevent or discourage abuse of such programs. Such programs			
23	nust provide that only prospective individual customer generator lessees may apply for, receive,			
24	and hold reservations to participate in the offering utility's leasing program. Each reservation			
25 26	shall be for a single customer premises only and may not be sold, exchanged, traded, or assigned			
26	except as part of the sale of the underlying premises." SECTION 7 (c) C S_{1} (c) r S_{2} (c) used as munitum			
27 28	SECTION 7.(e) G.S. 62-133.8(a) reads as rewritten:"(a) Definitions. – As used in this section:			
28 29	"(a) Definitions. – As used in this section:			
30	(4) "Energy efficiency measure" means an equipment, physical, <u>behavioral</u> , or			
31	program change implemented by a retail electric customer after January 1,			
32	2007, that results in less energy used reduces the customer's energy			
33	requirements from the electric power supplier needed to perform the same			
34	function. "Energy efficiency measure" includes, but is not limited to, energy			
35	produced from a combined heat and power system that uses nonrenewable			
36	energy resources. resources, and energy produced by a customer generator as			
37	that term is defined under 62-126.3(4). "Energy efficiency measure" does not			
38	include demand-side management.management or the net monthly exports of			
39	energy by a customer under a tariff approved pursuant to G.S. 62-126.4(b).			
40	" 			
41	SECTION 7.(f) Article 6B of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by			
42	adding a new section to read:			
43	' <u>§ 62-126.4B. Standby service required in certain circumstances.</u>			
44	For any customer participating in an offering utility's net metering tariff or solar choice tariff,			
45	standby service shall be required for customers installing solar or other behind-the-meter			
46	generation with a nameplate generation capacity over 100 kW. For behind-the-meter generation			
47	with a planning capacity factor of less than sixty percent (60%), the offering utility shall calculate			
48	standby service cost using the customer's standby service demand for the billing month set based			
49 50	on either the nameplate capacity of the installed generation or, where the customer has additional			
50	metering equipment installed at the customer's expense, then the standby service demand shall			
51	equal the generator gross output that occurs at the billing interval coincident with the customer's			

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2021	
1	maximum demand for the billing month under the participating	g customer's applicable rate	
2	schedule. Notwithstanding the foregoing, customers participating in a retail demand electric tariff		
3	in effect on or before July 1, 2021, or a customer who elects to ta	ake service under such retail	
4	demand tariff, shall be exempt from the standby charge authorized		
5	SECTION 7.(g) This section is effective when it bec	comes law. The solar choice	
6	tariff required to be filed with the Utilities Commission pursuant to		
7	by subsection (c) of this section, shall be filed by each offering utilit	y no later than 120 days after	
8	the effective date of this section, and the Commission shall issue an	order to approve, modify, or	
9	deny the program no later than 90 days after the submission of the p	rogram by the electric public	
10	utility.		
11			
12	POTENTIAL MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN EXISTIN	G POWER PURCHASE	
13	AGREEMENTS WITH SMALL POWER PRODUCERS		
14	SECTION 8.(a) In an effort to reduce cost to custome		
15	effective date of this section, the North Carolina Utilities Commissi		
16	process to provide interested parties the opportunity to establish the	1 ·	
17	public utilities in connection with the modification of certain existing		
18	of small power producers to present to the Commission that we	ould accomplish both of the	
19	following:		
20	(1) Provide small power producers a one-time optio	•	
21	a Commission order authorizing such action, to	• •	
22	purchase agreement, extending into a new lo	e i i	
23	agreement for a term equal to the remaining	01	
24	purchase agreement plus an additional 10 years,	notwithstanding the contract	
25	term limits prescribed in G.S. 62-156(c);		
26	(2) Establish capacity and energy rates to be paid b		
27	that are designed to take into consideration the		
28	and energy rates, capacity and energy rates to	-	
29	small power producer elects to exercise the op		
30	power purchase agreement as provided for		
31	subsection. In developing these rates, stakeholde		
32 33	of the developed rates, for purchases from sn		
33 34	extended future term, are just and reasonable to	the electric consumer of the	
34 35	electric utility, and in the public interest. SECTION 8.(b) For purposes of subsections (a) throug	th (a) of this section the term	
35 36	"small power producers" means small power producers, as t		
37	G.S. 62-3(27a), generating solar electricity with a total capacity equ		
38	alternating current (MW AC) that established a legally enforceable of	-	
39	the Commission's then applicable requirements on or before No	-	
40	entered into a long-term contract exceeding two years to se		
41	interconnected electric public utility under section 210 of the Public	-	
42	Act of 1978.	e officing regulatory ronolos	
43	SECTION 8.(c) In conducting the stakeholder process	required by this section, the	
44	Commission shall convene representatives from all of the following		
45	(1) The Public Staff.	5	
46	(2) Electric public utilities obligated to purchase cap	pacity and energy from small	
47	power producers pursuant to G.S. 62-156.		
48	(3) Small power producers.		
49	SECTION 8.(d) Within 180 days of the Commission's	s initiation of the stakeholder	
50	process, the stakeholders shall present, jointly or separately, th		
51	Commission. The Commission shall approve the proposed rates a		
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General Assembly Of North Carolina

purchase agreements if the Commission finds that the proposed methodology (i) reduces costs to 1 2 customers in the short term and over the life of the amended power purchase agreement, 3 evaluated from the date of the amendment through to the end of the amended agreement, (ii) 4 fairly compensates small power producers that elect such treatment, and (iii) is just and 5 reasonable and in the public interest. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is hereby declared 6 appropriate, in the public interest and promoting of regulatory economy, for small power 7 producers and the electric public utilities to negotiate amendments to the power purchase 8 agreements of such small power producers in lieu of the aforementioned stakeholder process, 9 provided that the intent and objectives of this section are accomplished through such negotiation.

10 **SECTION 8.(e)** Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is hereby declared appropriate, in 11 the public interest, and promoting of regulatory economy for small power producers and the 12 electric public utilities to negotiate amendments to the power purchase agreements of such small 13 power producers in lieu of the aforementioned stakeholder process, provided that the intent and 14 objectives of this section are accomplished through such negotiation.

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PART IV. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE

17 **SECTION 9.** If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or 18 circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of 19 this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and, to this end, the 20 provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

21 SECTION 10. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
22 law.