# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

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### HOUSE BILL 1140 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1140-PCS10653-CHa-35

Short Title: Various Modifications to Courts Provisions.-AB

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 31, 2022 1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO MODIFY VARIOUS PROVISIONS AFFECTING OUR STATE COURT 3 SYSTEM AND TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 6 MAGISTRATES ACCEPT AUTHORIZED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE EX PARTE 7 **ORDERS AND ISSUE SUMMONS WHEN CLERK'S OFFICE IS CLOSED** 8 **SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 50B-2(c1) reads as rewritten: 9 "(c1) Ex Parte Orders by Authorized Magistrate. – The chief district court judge may 10 authorize a magistrate or magistrates to hear any motions for emergency relief ex parte. Prior to 11 the hearing, if the magistrate determines that at the time the party is seeking emergency relief ex parte the district court is not in session and a district court judge is not and will not be available 12 13 to hear the motion for a period of four or more hours, the motion may be heard by the magistrate. 14 When the office of the clerk is closed and a magistrate has been authorized under this section to 15 hear a motion for emergency relief ex parte, an authorized magistrate shall accept for filing a complaint alleging domestic violence and motion for emergency relief ex parte, note thereon the 16 filing date, and the magistrate shall issue a summons. Any endorsement or alias and pluries 17 summons pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4(d) shall be issued by the clerk, assistant clerk, or deputy 18 clerk of the court in the county in which the action is commenced. Any complaint and motion for 19 20 emergency relief ex parte and any other documents accepted for filing under this section and any order entered by the magistrate shall be delivered to the clerk's office for processing as soon as 21 that office is open for business. If it clearly appears to the magistrate from specific facts shown 22 23 that there is a danger of acts of domestic violence against the aggrieved party or a minor child, 24 the magistrate may enter orders as it deems necessary to protect the aggrieved party or minor 25 children from those acts, except that a temporary order for custody ex parte and prior to service of process and notice shall not be entered unless the magistrate finds that the child is exposed to 26 27 a substantial risk of physical or emotional injury or sexual abuse. If the magistrate finds that the child is exposed to a substantial risk of physical or emotional injury or sexual abuse, upon request 28 29 of the aggrieved party, the magistrate shall consider and may order the other party to stay away from a minor child, or to return a minor child to, or not remove a minor child from, the physical 30 31 care of a parent or person in loco parentis, if the magistrate finds that the order is in the best interest of the minor child and is necessary for the safety of the minor child. If the magistrate 32 33 determines that it is in the best interest of the minor child for the other party to have contact with 34 the minor child or children, the magistrate shall issue an order designed to protect the safety and 35 well-being of the minor child and the aggrieved party. The order shall specify the terms of contact 36 between the other party and the minor child and may include a specific schedule of time and



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location of exchange of the minor child, supervision by a third party or supervised visitation 1 2 center, and any other conditions that will ensure both the well-being of the minor child and the aggrieved party. An ex parte order entered under this subsection shall expire and the magistrate 3 4 shall schedule an ex parte hearing before a district court judge by the end of the next day on 5 which the district court is in session in the county in which the action was filed. Ex parte orders 6 entered by the district court judge pursuant to this subsection shall be entered and scheduled in 7 accordance with subsection (c) of this section." 8 **SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 50C-6(d) reads as rewritten: 9 When the court is not in session, the complainant may file for a temporary order "(d) 10 before any judge or magistrate designated to grant relief under this Chapter. If the judge or magistrate finds that there is an immediate and present danger of harm to the victim and that the 11 12 requirements of subsection (a) of this section have been met, the judge or magistrate may issue a temporary civil no-contact order. The chief district court judge may designate for each county at 13 14 least one judge or magistrate to be reasonably available to issue temporary civil no-contact orders when the court is not in session. When the office of the clerk is closed and a magistrate has been 15 authorized under this section to grant relief, an authorized magistrate shall accept for filing a 16 17 complaint for a civil no-contact order and motion for temporary civil no-contact order, note thereon the filing date, and the magistrate shall issue a summons. Any endorsement or alias and 18 pluries summons pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4(d) shall be issued by the clerk, assistant clerk, or 19 deputy clerk of the court in the county in which the action is commenced. Any complaint and 20 motion for temporary civil no-contact order and any other documents accepted for filing under 21 this section and any order entered by the magistrate shall be delivered to the clerk's office for 22 processing as soon as that office is open for business." 23 24 **SECTION 1.(c)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2022. 25 26 MAGISTRATE RESIDENCY SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 7A-171.2(a) reads as rewritten: 27 28 "(a) In order to be eligible for nomination or for renomination as a magistrate an individual 29 shall be a resident of the county or a contiguously bordering county of North Carolina for which 30 he the magistrate is appointed." 31 **SECTION 2.(b)** G.S. 7A-211 reads as rewritten: "§ 7A-211. Small claim actions assignable to magistrates. 32 33 In the interest of speedy and convenient determination, the chief district judge may, in his or 34 her discretion, by specific order or general rule, assign to any magistrate of his the district any 35 small claim action pending in his the district if the defendant is a resident of the county in which 36 the magistrate resides. was appointed. If there is more than one defendant, at least one of them 37 must be a bona fide resident of the county in which the magistrate resides. was appointed." SECTION 2.(c) G.S. 7A-211.1 reads as rewritten: 38 39 "§ 7A-211.1. Actions to enforce motor vehicle mechanic and storage liens. 40 Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 7A-210(2) and 7A-211, G.S. 7A-211, the chief 41 district judge may in his or her discretion, by specific order or general rule, assign to any 42 magistrate of his-the district actions to enforce motor vehicle mechanic and storage liens arising 43 under G.S. 44A-2(d) or  $\frac{20-77(d)}{G.S.}$  20-77(d) when the claim arose in the county in which the magistrate resides. was appointed. The defendant may be subjected to the jurisdiction of the court 44 45 over his or her person by the methods provided in G.S. 7A-217 or 1A-1, Rules 4(j) and 4(j1), 46 Rules of Civil Procedure." 47 **SECTION 2.(d)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2022. 48 49 MAGISTRATE DISCIPLINE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES OF CONDUCT 50 **SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 7A-146 reads as rewritten:

51 "§ 7A-146. Administrative authority and duties of chief district judge.

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The chief district judge, subject to the general supervision of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, has administrative supervision and authority over the operation of the district courts and magistrates in his <u>or her</u> district. These powers and duties include, but are not limited to, the following:
(13) <u>Investigating written complaints against magistrates. Upon investigation and</u> written findings of misconduct, a chief district court judge may discipline a
magistrate in accordance with the Rules of Conduct for Magistrates. Written
complaints received by the chief district court judge and records of
investigations into those complaints are to be treated as personnel records
under Article 7 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes. Upon issuance of a letter of caution, written reprimand, or suspension by the chief district court
judge, the written complaint and the record of the chief district court judge's
action on that complaint, including investigatory records, are no longer
confidential personnel records."
<b>SECTION 3.(b)</b> This section becomes effective October 1, 2022.
APPOINTMENT OF VICE-CHAIR TO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION
SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 7A-375, as amended by Section 5 of S.L. 2021-47, reads as
rewritten: "§ 7A-375. Judicial Standards Commission.
(a) Composition. – The Judicial Standards Commission shall consist of the following
residents of North Carolina: one two Court of Appeals judge, judges, two superior court judges,
and two district court judges, each appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; four
members of the State Bar who have actively practiced in the courts of the State for at least 10
years, elected by the State Bar Council; and four citizens who are not judges, active or retired,
nor members of the State Bar, two appointed by the Governor, and two appointed by the General
Assembly in accordance with G.S. 120-121, one upon recommendation of the President Pro
Tempore of the Senate and one upon recommendation of the Speaker of the House of
Representatives. The General Assembly shall also appoint alternate Commission members for
the Commission members the General Assembly has appointed to serve in the event of scheduling conflicts, conflicts of interest, disability, or other disqualification arising in a
particular case. The alternate members shall have the same qualifications for appointment as the
original members.
(a1) Terms. – The Court of Appeals judge judges shall act as chair be designated by the
<u>Chief Justice as chair and vice-chair of the Commission and shall serve at the pleasure of the</u>
Chief Justice. Terms of other Commission members shall be for six years. No member who has
served a full six-year term is eligible for reappointment. Members who are not judges are entitled
to per diem, and all members are entitled to reimbursement for travel and subsistence expenses
at the rate applicable to members of State boards and commissions generally for each day
engaged in official business.
<b>SECTION 4.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law.
MEDICAL MALPRACTICE JUDICIAL ASSIGNMENT
SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 7A-47.3(e), as enacted by Section 1(b) of S.L. 2021-47, reads
as rewritten:
"(e) The senior resident superior court judge, in consultation with the parties to the case,
shall designate a specific resident judge or a specific judge assigned to hold court in the district
to preside over all proceedings that occur 150 days after the case was filed in a case cases subject
to G.S. 90-21.11(2)."

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**SECTION 5.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2022, and applies to actions 1 2 filed on or after that date. 3 4 **REPEAL ANNUAL LEGISLATIVE REPORTS ON THIRD-PARTY ELECTRONIC** 5 RECORDS ACCESS AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS 6 SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 7A-109(e) is repealed. 7 SECTION 6.(b) G.S. 7A-346.2(a) is repealed. 8 **SECTION 6.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law. 9 10 **CLARIFY JURY EXCUSE DEFERRALS** 11 **SECTION 7.(a)** G.S. 9-6(b) reads as rewritten: 12 "(b) Pursuant to the foregoing policy, each chief district court judge shall promulgate 13 procedures whereby he the chief district court judge or any district court judge of his or her 14 district court district designated by him, the chief district court judge, prior to the date that a jury session (or sessions) of superior or district court convenes, shall receive, hear, and pass on 15 applications for excuses from jury duty. The procedures shall provide for the time and place, 16 17 publicly announced, at which applications for excuses will be heard, and prospective jurors who 18 have been summoned for service shall be so informed. In counties located in a district or set of 19 districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1(a) which have a trial court administrator, the The chief district 20 judge may assign the duty of passing on applications for excuses from jury service to the 21 administrator. judicial support staff. In all cases concerning excuses, the clerk of court or the trial 22 court administrator judicial support staff shall notify prospective jurors of the disposition of their 23 excuses." 24 **SECTION 7.(b)** G.S. 9-6.1 reads as rewritten: 25 "§ 9-6.1. Requests to be excused.

(a) Any person summoned as a juror who is a full-time student and who wishes to be excused pursuant to G.S. 9-6.1(b1) [G.S. 9-6(b1)] G.S. 9-6(b1) or who is 72 years or older and who wishes to be excused, deferred, or exempted, may make the request without appearing in person by filing a signed statement of the ground of the request with the chief district court judge of that district, or the district court judge or trial court administrator judicial support staff member designated by the chief district court judge pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), at any time five business days before the date upon which the person is summoned to appear.

33 Any person summoned as a juror who has a disability that could interfere with the (b) 34 person's ability to serve as a juror and who wishes to be excused, deferred, or exempted may 35 make the request without appearing in person by filing a signed statement of the ground of the 36 request, including a brief explanation of the disability that interferes with the person's ability to 37 serve as a juror, with the chief district court judge of that district, or the district court judge or trial court administrator judicial support staff member designated by the chief district court judge 38 39 pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), at any time five business days before the date upon which the person is 40 summoned to appear. Upon request of the court, medical documentation of any disability may be submitted. Any privileged medical information or protected health information described in 41 42 this section shall be confidential and shall be exempt from the provisions of Chapter 132 of the 43 General Statutes or any other provision requiring information and records held by State agencies 44 to be made public or accessible to the public.

(c) A person may request either a temporary or permanent exemption under this section, and the judge or trial court administrator-judicial support staff member may accept or reject either in the exercise of discretion conferred by G.S. 9-6(b), including the substitution of a temporary exemption for a requested permanent exemption. In the case of supplemental jurors summoned under G.S. 9-11, notice may be given when summoned. In case the chief district court judge, or the judge or trial court administrator judicial support staff member designated by the chief district court judge pursuant to G.S. 9-6(b), rejects the request for exemption, the prospective juror shall

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1	be immediately notified by the trial court administrator judicial support staff	member or the clerk
2	of court by telephone, letter, or personally."	
3	<b>SECTION 7.(c)</b> G.S. 9-7.1 reads as rewritten:	
4	"§ 9-7.1. Trial court administrator Judicial support staff may assist clerk	with performance
5	of duties.	
6	(a) Upon the request of the clerk of superior court and with the agree	ment of the clerk of
7	superior court and the senior resident superior court judge, the duties and re-	sponsibilities of the
8	clerk of superior court under this Article may be assigned to the trial court adu	ministrator pursuant
9	to G.S. 7A-356.judicial support staff.	
10	(b) For purposes of this Article, judicial support staff shall mean	
11	Judicial Branch who provide case management and administrative support un	nder the authority of
12	a judge, including court assistants, court coordinators, court managers, and c	<u>ourt administrators.</u>
13	It shall not include employees of the Clerk of Superior Court."	
14	<b>SECTION 7.(d)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law.	
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16	EXPAND THE ABILITY OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPR	
17	ASSIGN EMERGENCY JUDGES TO HOLD REGULAR AND SPECIA	AL SESSIONS OF
18	COURT	
19	<b>SECTION 8.(a)</b> Section 11(c) of S.L. 2021-47 reads as rewritten	
20	"SECTION 11.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and sh	all expire on July 1,
21	<del>2022.<u>2</u>023.</del> "	
22	<b>SECTION 8.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law.	
23		
24	FUNDS FOR COURT SYSTEM EDUCATION	
25	<b>SECTION 9.(a)</b> There is appropriated from the General Fund to	
26	Office of the Courts the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in nonrecu	
27	2022-2023 fiscal year to be used to educate court system staff and affected	public stakeholders
28	of the statutory changes made in this act.	
29	<b>SECTION 9.(b)</b> This section becomes effective July 1, 2022.	
30		
31	SEVERABILITY CLAUSE	
32	<b>SECTION 10.</b> If any section or provision of this act is declared	
33	invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or	any part other than
34	the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.	
35		
36	EFFECTIVE DATE	1 4 1
37	<b>SECTION 11.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective	ve when it becomes
38	law.	