### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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#### SENATE BILL 174

#### Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 3/1/23 Third Edition Engrossed 3/9/23 PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S174-PCS15129-SVxf-6

Short Title: Rev. Laws Tech., Clarifying, & Admin. Chngs.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 1, 2023

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	·
6	PART I. CORPORATE AND INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES
7	<b>SECTION 1.1.</b> G.S. 105-228.90(b)(7) reads as rewritten:
8	"(7) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of April 1, 2021, January 1,
9	2023, including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective
10	either before or after that date."
11	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 105-122(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
12	"(2) An addition for the amount of indebtedness the corporation owes to a parent,
13	a subsidiary, an affiliate, or a noncorporate entity in which the corporation or
14	group of corporations owns directly or indirectly more than fifty percent
15	(50%) of the capital interest of the noncorporate entity, unless the
16	indebtedness creates qualified interest expense, as defined in
17	G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4).G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)a. through
18	<u>G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)d.</u> "
19	SECTION 1.3. G.S. 105-153.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
20	"(d1) Sole Proprietorships. – In order to calculate the numerator of the fraction provided in
21	subsection (b) of this section for an individual that operates a business in one or more other states,
22	the amount of an individual's total net income of the business, as modified in G.S. 105-153.5 and
23	G.S. 105-153.6, that is includable in the numerator is determined in accordance with the
24	provisions of G.S. 105-130.4. As used in this subsection, total net income means the entire gross
25	income of the business less all expenses, taxes, interest, and other deductions allowable under
26	the Code that were incurred in the operation of the business."
27	SECTION 1.4. G.S. 105-153.9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	"(c) The credit allowed under this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by
29	this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowed, except payments of tax
30	made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
31	SECTION 1.5.(a) G.S. 105-154(d) reads as rewritten:
32	"(d) Payment of Tax on Behalf of Nonresident Owner or Partner. – If a business conducted
33	in this State is owned by a nonresident individual or by a partnership having one or more
34	nonresident members, the business shall report information concerning the earnings of the



#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina**

business in this State, the distributive share of the income of each nonresident owner or partner, 1 2 and any other information required by the Secretary. The distributive share of the income of each 3 nonresident partner includes any guaranteed payments made to the partner. The business shall 4 pay with the return the tax on each nonresident owner or partner's share of the income computed 5 at the rate levied on individuals under G.S. 105-153.7. The business may deduct the payment for 6 each nonresident owner or partner from the owner or partner's distributive share of the income of the business in this State. The Secretary may enforce the business's liability for the tax on each 7 8 nonresident owner or partner's share of the income by sending the business a notice of proposed 9 assessment in accordance with G.S. 105-241.9. If the nonresident partner is not an individual and 10 the partner has executed an affirmation that (i) the partner will pay the tax with its corporate, partnership, trust, or estate income tax return, or (ii) the partner is not subject to State income tax 11 12 under this Article, the business is not required to pay the tax on the partner's share. In this case, the business shall include a copy of the affirmation with the report required by this subsection. 13 14 The affirmation must be annually filed by the nonresident partner and submitted by the due date of the report required in this subsection. Otherwise, the business is required to pay the tax on the 15 nonresident partner's share. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-241.7(b), the business 16 17 may not request a refund of an overpayment made on behalf of a nonresident owner or partner if 18 the business has previously filed the return and paid the tax due. The nonresident owner or partner 19 may, on its own income tax return, request a refund of an overpayment made on its behalf by the 20 business within the provisions of G.S. 105-241.6. This subsection does not apply to a partnership 21 with respect to any taxable period for which it is a taxed partnership partnership unless the taxed partnership has a partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5). If a taxed partnership has a partner 22 23 described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5), this subsection applies to the taxed partnership with respect 24 to the partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5)." 25 **SECTION 1.5.(b)** G.S. 105-154.1(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to 26 read: 27 A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal "(5) 28 income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)." 29 **SECTION 1.5.(c)** G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 30 "(1) The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership with respect to such 31 taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following: following for partners 32 defined under G.S. 105-154.1(a)(1) through G.S. 105-154.1(a)(4): 33 ...." 34 SECTION 1.5.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Section 1.4 of this act, is amended 35 by adding the following new subsections to read: 36 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section with respect to a "(d) taxed partnership, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident partner is 37 considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's 38 39 distributive share of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the District of Columbia 40 where the partnership was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partnership is taxable in 41 42 another state or the District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity in that state or the 43 District of Columbia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by net income. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section with respect to a 44 (e) 45 taxed S Corporation, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident shareholder is considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the 46 shareholder's pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation to a state or the District 47 of Columbia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate 48 pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its shareholders. An S 49 Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S Corporation's business 50 activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or 51

## General Assembly Of North Carolina

1	a tax measured b	y net income. A taxpayer that claims a credit under this subsection may not also
2	<u>claim a credit u</u>	under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the same income tax paid by the S
3	Corporation."	
4	SECT	<b>FION 1.5.(e)</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
5	January 1, 2022.	
6	SECT	<b>FION 1.6.(a)</b> The following statutes are repealed:
7	(1)	G.S. 105-131.1A(b)(1)b.
8	(2)	G.S. 105-131.1A(d)
9	(3)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(4)
10	(4)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(5)
11	(5)	G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1)b.
12	SECT	<b>FION 1.6.(b)</b> G.S. 105-131.1A(a) reads as rewritten:
13	"(a) Taxeo	d S Corporation Election. – An S Corporation may elect, on its timely filed
14	annual-return req	uired under G.S. 105-131.7, to have the tax under this Article imposed on the S
15	Corporation for	any taxable period covered by the return. An S Corporation may not make or
16	-	on after the due date of the return including extensions.return is filed."
17	SECT	<b>FION 1.6.(c)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(c3) reads as rewritten:
18	"(c3) Taxed	l Pass-Through Entities. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a
19	taxpayer must ma	ake the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:
20	(1)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation may deduct the
21		amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income attributable to the State from
22		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the income attributable to the State
23		was included in the taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and
24		was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the
25		adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to
26		the State.
27	<u>(1a)</u>	A resident taxpayer that is a shareholder of an S Corporation may deduct the
28		amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income not attributable to the State
29		from the S Corporation to the extent the income not attributable to the State
30		was included in the S Corporation's taxable income in another state or the
31		District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate
32		pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its
33		shareholders, and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income subject
34		to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6. An S
35		Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S
36		Corporation's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia
37		subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or a tax measured by net
38		income.
39	(2)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation must add the amount
40		of the taxpayer's pro rata share of <u>net taxable loss attributed to the State</u> from
41		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the net taxable loss was included in the
42		taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and was included in the
43		taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the adjustments provided
44		in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.
45	(3)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership may deduct the amount of
46		the taxpayer's share of distributive share of income attributable to the State
47		from the taxed partnership to the extent it-the share of distributive income
48		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina
49		taxable income and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross
50		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and
51		G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3	<u>(3a)</u>	A resident taxpayer that is a partner of a partnership may of the taxpayer's share of distributive income not attributal the partnership to the extent the share of distributive income	ble to the State from
3 4		the partnership to the extent the share of distributive inco	
4 5		to the State was included in the partnership's taxable inco- or the District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-lev	
6		aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income	
7		more of its partners, and was included in the taxpayer's ad	
8		subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and	
9		partnership is taxable in another state or the District	
10		partnership's business activity in that state or the District o	
11		the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by n	
12	(4)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership must ad	
13		taxpayer's share of distributive share of taxable loss attri	butable to the State
14		from the taxed partnership to the extent it-the share of dist	ributive taxable loss
15		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partners	-
16		taxable income and was included in the taxpaye	• •
17		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in	<u>G.S. 105-153.5</u> and
18		G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State."	
19 20		<b>TON 1.6.(d)</b> G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Sections 1.4,	1.5(d), and $1.6(a)$ of
20 21	this act, reads as 1		duala
21	§ 105-155.9. 12	ax credits for income taxes paid to other states by indivi-	uuais.
22	(d) Excep	t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section	on with respect to a
23 24		, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each	
25		ve paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount eq	-
26		of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the I	-
27		ship was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggrega	
28	of the partnership	o's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partr	nership is taxable in
29	another state or th	ne District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity	y in that state or the
30		bia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax meas	•
31		t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section	
32	-	tion, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-10	
33		nsidered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in	_
34 25		pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporati	
35 36		bia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-levent a share of the S Corporation's income allocable to c	
30 37		S Corporation is taxable in another state or the District o	
38		iness activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjec	
39	-	ax or a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claim	-
40		ot also claim a credit under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to t	
41	paid by the S Cor	•	
42	(f) <u>No cre</u>	edit is allowed under this section for taxes paid to another	state or the District
43	of Columbia on in	ncome eligible for the deduction provided in G.S. 105-153.	<u>5(c3).</u> "
44		<b>TON 1.6.(e)</b> G.S. 105-154.1(a), as amended by Section 1.5	(b) of this act, reads
45	as rewritten:		
46		Partnership Election. – A partnership may elect, on its	
47	-	under G.S. 105-154(c), to have the tax under this Artic	-
48		the due date of the return including extensions, return is	
49 50		the due date of the return, including extensions. return is	
50	cannot de made b	y a publicly traded partnership that is described in section 7	1104(c) of the Code

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
l 2	or by a partnership that has at any time during the taxable year a partner who is not one of the following:
3	(1) An individual.
1	(2) An estate.
5	(3) A trust described in section $1361(c)(2)$ of the Code.
5	(4) An organization described in section $1361(c)(6)$ of the Code.
7	(5) A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal
3	income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)."
)	<b>SECTION 1.6.(f)</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
)	January 1, 2023.
L	<b>SECTION 1.7.(a)</b> G.S. 105-249.2(b) reads as rewritten:
2	"(b) Disaster. – The penalties in G.S. 105-236(a)(2), (3), and (4)-(4), and (10)c. may not
3	be assessed for any period in which the time for filing a federal return or report or for paying a
1	federal tax is extended under section 7508A of the Code because of a presidentially declared
5	disaster. The extension of time granted by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A of
5	the Code only applies to the corresponding State tax return or payment. For State returns and
7	payments without a corresponding federal return and payment, the extension granted for
3	individual income tax returns and payments by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A
)	of the Code applies. For the purpose of this section, "presidentially declared disaster" has the
)	same meaning as in section 1033(h)(3) of the Code."
L	<b>SECTION 1.7.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
2	presidentially declared disasters occurring on or after that date.
	<b>SECTION 1.8.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes
3	SECTION 1.6. Except as other wise provided, this I art is effective when it becomes
3 1	law.
1	
1 5	law.
4 5 5	law. PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES
4 5 5 7	law. PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten:
4 5 7 8	<ul> <li>law.</li> <li>PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES         SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten:         "(179) Prepared food. – Food that meets at least one of the conditions of this     </li> </ul>
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	<ul> <li>law.</li> <li>PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten: <ul> <li>"(179) Prepared food. – Food that meets at least one of the conditions of this subdivision. Prepared food does not include food the retailer sliced, repackaged, or pasteurized but did not heat, mix, or sell with eating utensils.Defined in G.S. 105-164.4L. <ul> <li>a. It is sold in a heated state or it is heated by the retailer.</li> <li>b. It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by the retailer for sale as a single item. This sub-subdivision does not include foods containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that require cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration to prevent food borne illnesses. <ul> <li>c. It is sold with eating utensils provided by the retailer, such as plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food."</li> </ul> SECTION 2.1.(b) Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read: <ul> <li><u>* 105-164.4L. Prepared food.</u></li> <li>(a) Prepared food.</li> <li>(b) Article 5 of chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:</li> <li>(b) It is sold in a heated state, or it is heated by the retailer.</li> </ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>
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	General	Assemb	V Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1			Administration in chapter	3, part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to
2			prevent foodborne illnesse	-
3				epackaged, or pasteurized by the retailer.
4		(3)		vided by the retailer, such as plates, knives,
5		<u>(3)</u>		kins, and straws. A plate does not include a
6				ansport the food. An eating utensil placed in
7				• •
				a person other than the retailer, if that other
8				de is that of a manufacturer, sector 311, is
9				rovided by the retailer. For a packager with
10			-	code, the retailer is considered to have
11			provided the eating utensil.	
12	<u>(b)</u>			Based on a retailer's prepared food sales
13				on (c) of this section, the phrase "provided
14	by the ret	ailer," a	described in subdivision (3) of sub	osection (a) of this section, has the following
15	<u>meanings</u>	<u>:</u>		
16		<u>(1)</u>	Sales percentage of greater than so	eventy-five percent (75%). – If a retailer has
17			a prepared food sales percentage	of greater than seventy-five percent (75%),
18			"provided by the retailer" means t	he retailer makes eating utensils available to
19			purchasers, except that an item s	old by the retailer containing four or more
20				nd sold for a single price does not become
21				makes utensils available to the purchaser of
22				ne retailer physically gives or hands utensils
23				ving sizes are determined based on the label
24				ilable, a retailer must reasonably determine
25			the number of servings in an item	
26		(2)		<u>percent (75%) or less. – If a retailer has a</u>
27		<u>1</u>		of seventy-five percent (75%) or less,
28				he retailer's business practice is to physically
28 29				urchasers, except that plates, bowls, glasses,
29 30				aser to receive the food need only be made
30 31			available to purchasers.	aser to receive the food need only be made
	(a)	Dromo	-	
32	<u>(c)</u>	-	<u>d Food Sales Percentage. –</u>	wind her dividing the Collection described
33		<u>(1)</u>		mined by dividing the following described
34			numerator by the following descri	
35				ler's annual sales of prepared food described
36			· · · · · ·	c) of subsection (a) of this section and food
37				glasses, or cups are necessary to receive the
38				ll not include alcoholic beverages or food
39			excluded from prepared for	
40			b. <u>The denominator is the r</u>	retailer's total annual sales of all food and
41			prepared food, excluding a	alcoholic beverages.
42		<u>(2)</u>	Administration of definition. –	
43			a. <u>A retailer must calculate t</u>	the prepared food sales percentage for each
44			tax year or business fisca	l year based on the retailer's data from the
45				ess fiscal year, as soon as possible after
46				ailable, but not later than 90 days after the
47				tax year or business fiscal year.
48				les percentage shall be determined annually
49			for all of the retailer's esta	· · ·
50				e a good-faith estimate of its prepared food
51				rst year in business. The new retailer must
<i></i>			sures percentage for its II.	ist jear in ousiness. The new retailer inust

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	adjust its good-faith estimate prospectively after the first three months
2	of its business operation if actual prepared food sales percentages
3	materially affect the seventy-five percent (75%) threshold described in
4	subsection (b) of this section."
5	SECTION 2.2. G.S. 105-164.4J is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
6	"(k) Efficient Administration. – When the Secretary finds it necessary for the efficient
7	administration of this Article to regard any sales representatives, solicitors, representatives,
8	consignees, peddlers, or truckers as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors,
9	employers, or persons under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the items sold by
10	them regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of these
11	dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons, the Secretary may so regard
12	them and may regard the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons as
13	"marketplace facilitators" for the purpose of this Article and may treat the sales they make as
14	"marketplace-facilitated sales" and the sellers as "marketplace sellers.""
15	SECTION 2.3. G.S. 105-164.11B reads as rewritten:
16	"§ 105-164.11B. Recover sales tax paid.
17	(a) <u>Retailers. – A retailer who pays sales and use tax on an item that is separately stated</u>
18	on an invoice or similar billing document given to the retailer at the time of sale and subsequently
19	resells the item at retail, without the item being used by the retailer, may recover the sales or use
20	tax originally paid to a seller as provided in this section. Subsection. A retailer entitled to recover
21	tax under this section subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the
22	purchase price of the item resold for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery of tax
23	allowed under this section subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where such the recovery
24	is taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the
25	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this section subsection in
26	excess of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax
27	recovered under this section subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period
28	and taken as an adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and
29	support the adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made.
30	(b) Marketplace Facilitators. – A marketplace facilitator may recover the sales or use tax
31	originally paid to a marketplace seller as provided in this subsection when the marketplace
32	facilitator pays sales and use tax to a marketplace seller on a marketplace-facilitated sale for
33	which the marketplace facilitator is considered the retailer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4J(b), and
34	the tax is separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the marketplace
35	facilitator at the time of sale. A marketplace facilitator entitled to recover tax under this
36	subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the marketplace-facilitated sale
37	that is taxed by the marketplace seller for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery
38	of tax allowed under this subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where the recovery is
39	taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the
40	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this subsection in excess
41	of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax recovered
42	under this subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period and taken as an
43	adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and support the
44	adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made."
45	<b>SECTION 2.4.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:
46	"§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.
47 19	The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following items are
48 49	specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:
49 50	(11) Any of the following fuel:
50	(11) Any of the following fuel:

	General Assemb	oly Of N	orth Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3 4		a.	Motor fuel, as taxed in Article 36C of the for which a refund of the per gallon of G.S. 105-449.105A, G.S. 105-449.106(of G.S. 105-449.107.	excise tax is allowed under
5 6 7		b.	Alternative fuel taxed under Article 36 refund of that tax is allowed und G.S. 105-449.107.	-
8 9	SECT	TION 2.	<b>4.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:	
10	"§ 105-164.13. F			
11			the use, storage, or consumption in this Sta	ate of the following items are
12			m the tax imposed by this Article:	C
13		-		
14 15 16	(35)	fratern	by a nonprofit civic, charitable, education al organization when all of the conditions	listed in this subdivision are
10 17			This exemption does not apply to gros sion charge to an entertainment activity. <u>T</u>	
17 18 19		aunns: a.	The sales are conducted only upon an an raising funds for the organization's activity	nual basis for the purpose of
20		b.	The proceeds of the sale are actually	
21			activities.	unchassen within 60 days often
22 23 24		c.	The products sold are delivered to the put the first solicitation of any sale made dur sales period.	
25		<u>d.</u>	Each annual sales period occurs at least 6	0 days after the beginning of
26		<u></u>	the prior annual sales period.	
27		<u>e.</u>	Each annual sales period funds a distinct	t and different program from
28			the other annual sales periods occurring of	
29		<u>f.</u>	Each annual sales period sells products t	
30			from the products sold during the other and	nnual sales periods occurring
31			during the year.	
32	"			
33			<b>4.(c)</b> Subsection (a) of this section is effective for the section of the sectio	
34 35			plications for refunds submitted on or afte then it becomes law.	r that date. The remainder of
36			<b>5.</b> G.S. 105-164.3(259) reads as rewritten	
37			lined Agreement. – The Streamlined Sale	
38			led as of <del>December 21, 2021.</del> December 22	-
39	SECT		6. Except as otherwise provided, this Part	
40	law.			
41				
42	PART III. EXC	ISE TA	X CHANGES	
43	SECT	TION 3.	<b>1.</b> G.S. 105-113.4(13a) reads as rewritten	:
44	"(13a)		product Any nonlighted, noncombust	
45			nical heating element, battery, or electron	
46			and that can be used to produce vapor from	
47			<u>d</u> , in a solution. The term includes any vapo	-
48 40			otine in a solution or other form that is inte	
49 50			nic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic r product or device. The term does not incl	• • • •

General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
	the United States Food and Drug Administration und	er Chapter V of the
	federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act."	1
SEC	<b>FION 3.2.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4(2) reads as rewritten:	
"(2)	Cost price. – The actual price <del>paid paid by the person lia</del>	ble for the tax, before
	any discount, rebate, or allowance, for an item identifie	
	unit by a unique code or identifier representing the item	
	tax imposed by Part 3 of this Article by the person liable	5
	price paid for an item may be either of the following: <u>Art</u>	
	a. The actual price paid for an item identified as a s	
	a unique code or identifier representing the item.	1 0 0
	b. If the actual price paid for an item is not availab	
	actual price paid for the item over the 12 cal	-
	January 1 of the year in which the sale occurs."	
SEC	<b>FION 3.2.(b)</b> G.S. $105-113.36A(f)$ reads as rewritten:	
	mentation. $-$ If a person liable for the tax imposed by this	Part cannot produce
	s satisfaction documentation of the cost price of the iten	-
•	etermine a value based on the <u>either of the following:</u>	
<u>(1)</u>	<u>The cost price of comparable items.</u>	
(2)	The average of the actual price paid by the person liab	ble for the tax for the
<u>\_/</u>	item over the 12 calendar months before January 1 of t	
	sale occurs."	
SEC	<b>FION 3.3.</b> G.S. 105-113.4A(e) reads as rewritten:	
	cate or Amended License. – Upon application to the Secr	etary, a licensee may
	narge a duplicate or amended license as provided in this su	
	use must state that it is a duplicate or amended license, as a	
(1)	A duplicate license, if the licensee establishes that the original	
	lost, destroyed, or defaced.	6
(2)	An amended license, if the licensee establishes that the	location of the place
	of business for which the license was issued has changed	-
SEC	<b>FION 3.4.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4F(c) reads as rewritten:	
	g Requirement. – A delivery seller who has made a deliver	ry sale, or shipped or
	o products in connection with a delivery sale, for which	
	he previous month shall, not later than the tenth day of each	
	norandum or a copy of the invoice for every delivery s	
•	A delivery seller who complies with 15 U.S.C. § 376 wi	U
-	d by that section is considered to have complied with	-
-	invoice shall contain the following information:	
(1)	The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail addre	ss of the consumer.
(2)	The type and the brand, or brands, of tobacco products t	
(3)	The quantity of tobacco products that were sold."	
· · ·	<b>FION 3.4.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become	omes law and applies
	or after that date for sales made during the previous month	
-	<b>FION 3.5.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4G reads as rewritten:	
	Records to be kept.	
	rement Every person required to be licensed under the	nis Article and every
	to make reports under this Article shall keep complete an	-
	aventories, sales, shipments, and deliveries of tobacco	
-	equired under this Article. by the Secretary. The records	-
	e Secretary and shall be open at all times for inspection b	
	sentative of the Secretary.	- •

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	(b) <u>Time Period. – These records shall be safely preserved for a period</u>	iod of three years the
2	applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Ch	•
3	ensure their security and accessibility for inspection by the Department. If t	he records apply to a
4	transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records shall be kept	for three years from
5	the date of the transaction."	
6	SECTION 3.5.(b) This section is effective when this act beco	mes law and applies
7	to records for transactions occurring on or after that date.	
8	SECTION 3.6. G.S. 105-113.12(a) reads as rewritten:	
9	"(a) A distributor must obtain a license for each of the locations liste	ed in this subsection,
10	as applicable, and must pay a tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each lie	cense. A license is in
11	effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar year after the	e date of issuance or
12	renewal. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewa	l license tax, unless
13	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:	
14	(1) Each location where a distributor receives or stores non-	tax-paid cigarettes in
15	this State.	
16	(2) For a distributor that is a delivery seller, each location	
17	distributor ships receives or stores non-tax-paid cigarett	
18	of cigarettes if the location is a location other than the l	location described in
19	subdivision (1) of this subsection."	
20	SECTION 3.7. G.S. 105-113.38B reads as rewritten:	
21	"§ 105-113.38B. Records.	
22	In addition to the records required to be kept under G.S. 105-113.4G, a r	emote seller <u>required</u>
23	to be licensed must maintain the following:	1 11 0
24	(1) A list, updated annually, showing the cost price paid by	the remote seller for
25	each stock keeping unit of tobacco products.	· .1 ·
26	(2) Invoices documenting remote or delivery sales to consur	
27	(3) Records necessary to document the cost price of purch	hases of all tobacco
28	products sold to consumers in this State."	
29 30	SECTION 3.8.(a) G.S. 105-113.39A reads as rewritten: "§ 105-113.39A. License required.	
30 31		n from the Socratory
32		•
33	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable required license tax for each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of the	
33 34	second calendar year after the date of issuance or renewal, unless cancelled	•
35	expiration. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewa	1
36	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:	ai neense tax, unless
37	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco p	roducts
38	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail deal	
39	non-tax-paid tobacco products.	
40	(3) Each location from where a retail dealer that is a deliv	verv seller or remote
41	seller ships receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco produ	•
42	or remote sales if the location is a location other than the	
43	in subdivision (2) of this subsection.	
44	"	
45	SECTION 3.8.(b) G.S. 105-113.39A, as amended by subsection	on (a) of this section,
46	reads as rewritten:	
47	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.	
48	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtai	n from the Secretary
49	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable,	•
50	subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section and must pay the required license	
51	A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the second calend	

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3	upon signed ap	enewal, unless cancelled or revoked prior to expiration. A lipplication with no renewal license tax, unless applied for The locations are:	
4	-	r Tobacco Products License. – A wholesale dealer or a retail	dealer must obtain
5			ucaler must obtain
		products license for all of the following locations:	n na duata na duata
6 7	(1)	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco other than vapor products.	products. <u>products</u>
8	( <b>2</b> )	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail deale	r racaiwas or storas
o 9	(2)		
9 10	(2)	non-tax-paid tobacco products.products other than vapor p	
	(3)	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delive	•
11		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco products for	•
12		remote sales of tobacco products other than vapor product	
13		location other than the location described in subdivision (2	,
14		or Products License. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer r	<u>nust obtain a vapor</u>
15	-	for all of the following locations:	
16	<u>(1)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes vapor prod	
17	<u>(2)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail deale	r receives or stores
18		non-tax-paid vapor products.	
19	<u>(3)</u>	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery	
20		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid vapor products for o	
21		location is a location other than the location described in	<u>ı subdivision (2) of</u>
22		this subsection.	
23	(b) Licer	nse Tax Amount. – The license tax amounts are as follows:	
24	(1)	Wholesale dealer \$25.00	
25	(2)	Retail dealer \$10.00	
26	(c) Out-	of-State Wholesale Dealers An out-of-state wholesale	dealer of tobacco
27	products that is	not a delivery seller or a remote seller may obtain a wholes	sale dealer's license
28	upon complianc	e with the provisions of G.S. 105-113.4A and payment of a	a tax of twenty-five
29	dollars (\$25.00)		
30		TION 3.8.(c) Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective	•
31	applies to licens	es issued on or after that date. The remainder of this section	is effective when it
32	becomes law.		
33	SEC	<b>TION 3.9.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.88 reads as rewritten:	
34	"§ 105-113.88.	Record-keeping requirements.	
35	A person wh	o is required to file a report or return under this Article must	keep a record of all
36	documents used	to determine information the person provides in a report o	r <del>return. <u>return</u> and</del>
37	any other inform	nation required by the Secretary to determine the person's	alcoholic beverage
38	transactions. The	e records must be kept for <del>three years from the due date of th</del>	e report or return to
39	which the record	ds apply.the applicable period of statute of limitations as set	forth under Article
40	9 of this Chapter	r. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be repo	orted in a return, the
41		e kept for three years from the date of the transaction. The	
42	Secretary's desig	gnee has the right at any reasonable time to inspect records."	-
43	SEC	TION 3.9.(b) This section is effective when this act becom	nes law and applies
44		quired to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that da	
45		the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable	•
46	•	records for transactions occurring on or after the effective da	
47		<b>TION 3.10.</b> G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:	
48		Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.	
49		it. $-$ Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Ar	ticle is entitled to a
50		rterly return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the	
51	-	etermined using the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80	
			r

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	covered by the return. date the fuel is placed into the qualified motor vehicle	. To obtain a credit,
2	the motor carrier must furnish evidence satisfactory to the Secretary that th	e tax for which the
3	credit is claimed has been paid.	
4	(b) <u>Refund. – If the amount of a credit to which a motor carrier is en</u>	ntitled for a quarter
5	exceeds the motor carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is refundable	in accordance with
6	G.S. 105-241.7."	
7	SECTION 3.11. G.S. 105-449.42 reads as rewritten:	
8	"§ 105-449.42. Payment of tax.	
9	The tax levied by this Article is due when a motor carrier files a quarterly	return <u>is due under</u>
10	G.S. 105-449.45. The amount of tax due is calculated on the amount of moto	r fuel or alternative
11	fuel used by the motor carrier in its operations within this State during the qua	•
12	return. If a motor carrier is exempt from filing a return under G.S. 105-44	
13	levied by this Article is due when the tax becomes collectible under G.S. 105	<u>5-241.22.</u> "
14	SECTION 3.12. G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten:	
15	"§ 105-449.45. Returns of carriers.	
16	(a) Return. – A motor carrier must report its operations to the Secre	
17	basis unless subsection (b) of this section exempts the motor carrier from t	-
18	quarterly return covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last day in April	• •
19	January. of the month following the quarter. A return must be filed in the fo	orm required by the
20	Secretary.	
21	(b) Exemptions. – A motor carrier is not required to file a quarterly	return if any of the
22	following applies:	
23	(1) All the motor carrier's operations during the quarter we taken a second up day $C = 105$ 440 40	ere made under a
24	temporary permit issued under G.S. 105-449.49.	acted on the motor
25 26	(2) The motor carrier is an intrastate motor carrier, as indic carrier's application for licensure with the <u>Secretary.Secr</u>	
20 27	exclusively in North Carolina.	etary, and operates
28	"	
28 29	SECTION 3.13.(a) G.S. 105-449.46 reads as rewritten:	
30	"§ 105-449.46. Inspection of books and records.Record-keeping require	ements: inspection
31	authority.	ments, inspection
32	(a) <u>Record Keeping. – An interstate motor carrier shall maintain rec</u>	ords in accordance
33	with any cooperative agreements entered into in accordance with G.S. 10	
34	maintain any other information required by the Secretary. An intrastate	
35	maintain records to determine the person's motor fuel or alternative fuel tr	
36	other information as required by the Secretary. The intrastate motor carrier sh	
37	for four years after the date of the transaction.	*
38	(b) Inspection. – The Secretary and his the Secretary's authority	orized agents and
39	representatives shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the books	
40	motor carrier subject to the tax imposed by this Article or to the registrati	on fee imposed by
41	Article 3 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes."	
42	<b>SECTION 3.13.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act becom	nes law and applies
43	to records for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of th	•
44	Secretary's authorized agents to inspect the books and records at any reasona	
45	and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective	date of this section.
46	SECTION 3.14. G.S. 105-449.47 reads as rewritten:	
47	"§ 105-449.47. Licensure of vehicles.	
48		1 0
49 50	(a1) License and Decal. – When the Secretary licenses a motor carrier,	•
50	issue a license for the motor carrier and a set of decals for each qualified mot	
51	carrier must keep records of decals issued to it and must be able to account	int for all decals it

<ul> <li>All decals issued by the Secretary remain the property of the State. The Secretary may revoke a license or a decal when a motor carrier fails to comply with this Article or Article 36C or 36D of this Subchapter.</li> <li>(a2) A Carrying License and Displaying Decal. Except as provided in subsection (a3) of this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its current calendar year license in each qualified motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating under a temporary permit under G-S-105-449.49, G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly display one current calendar year idecalo on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a3) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor whicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor whicle issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>(5) Submit an application for licensure to the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>(6) Carry a copy of the pr</li></ul></li></ul>	1	receives from the Secretary. Licenses and decals issued by the Secretary are for a calendar year.			
<ul> <li>this Subchapter.         <ul> <li>(a2) A-Carrying License and Displaying Decal. — Except as provided in subsection (a3) of this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating under a temporary permit under G-S. 105-449.49, G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a3) Grace Period. — Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:</li></ul></li></ul>	2	All decals issued by the Secretary remain the property of the State. The Secretary may revoke a			
<ul> <li>(a2) A Carrying License and Displaying Decal. – Except as provided in subsection (a3) of this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle operating under a temporary permit under G.S. 105-449.49-G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle particle must clearly display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a3) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current calendar year incess in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's decal issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>"</li> <li>SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"§ 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.107.G.S. 105-449.105.A, 105-449.106(d), or 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.107.G.S. 105-449.105.A, 105-449.106(d), or 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.107.G.S. 105</li></ul></li></ul>	3				
<ul> <li>this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating under ta temporary permit under <u>GS</u>. 105.449.49.G.S. 105.449.49.19.5.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.4</li></ul>		this Subchapter.			
<ul> <li>motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating under a temporary permit under G.S. 105 449.49 or operating under the grace period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a3) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current calendar year icense in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Object metric.</li> <li>(3) No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105 449.105. A or -G.S. 105 449.107.G.S. 105 449.105.A, 105 449.106(d), or 105 449.107.</li> <li>(4) Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105 449.105.A or -G.S. 105 449.107.G.S. 105 449.105.</li></ul></li></ul>	5				
<ul> <li>under a temporary permit under G.S. 105-449.49. G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace period in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:</li> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor yehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 405-449.105A, or G.S. 105-449.107, GS, 105-449.107, GS, 105-449.107, GS, 105-449.105A, or G.S. 405-449.107, GS, 105-449.105A, 105-449.106(d), or 105-449.107.</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>*** 105-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.</li> <li>(a) Taxe Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax apyable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owe</li></ul>	6	this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u>			
<ul> <li>period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly</li> <li>display one current calendar year decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be</li> <li>affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated</li> <li>by the authority that issued it.</li> <li>(a3) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display</li> <li>the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current</li> <li>calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor</li> <li>carrier shall do the following:</li> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding</li> <li>calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction</li> <li>pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December</li> <li>31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued</li> <li>by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor</li> <li>wehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>"</li> <li>SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or</li> <li>use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a srewritten:</li> <li>"IO5-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.</li> <li>(a) Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the anount of tax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes the supplier buf fail</li></ul>		motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating			
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11       affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated         12       by the authority that issued it.         13       Grace Period Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display         14       the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current         15       calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor         16       calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction         17       (1)       Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding         18       calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction         19       pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.         20       (2)       Submit an application for licensure to the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.         21       (3)       Display the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.         22       (3)       Display the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by another jurisdiction.         23       motor fuel, except motor fuel or which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.103.         24       (4)       Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's licen	9				
<ul> <li>by the authority that issued it.         <ul> <li>(a3) Grace Period. — Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:</li></ul></li></ul>	10				
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<ul> <li>the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:         <ol> <li>Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.105A, or G.S. 105-449.107.</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax payable with the return the amount of tax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes the supplier but failed to remit to the supplier:</li> <li>A licensed distributor.</li> <li>A licensed importer that removed the motor fuel on which the tax is due from a terminal of an elective or a permissive supplier.</li> <li>A licensed importer that removed the motor fuel on which the tax is due from a terminal of an elective or a permissive supplie</li></ol></li></ul>	12	by the authority that issued it.			
<ul> <li>calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor carrier shall do the following:         <ol> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction, or</li> <li>weitcle issued by the Department or issued by another set is allowed under G.S. 105 449.105. G.S. 105-449.017.05. 105-449.105.4, 105-449.105.4, 105-449.106(d), or</li> <li>105-449.07.7</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"\$105-449.07.7</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"\$105-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.</li> <li>(a) Taxe Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax payable with the return the amount of ta</li></ol></li></ul>					
<ul> <li>carrier shall do the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>"</li> <li>SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G-S105-449.105. A. or G-S105-449.107.G.S. 105-449.105A, 105-449.106(d), or 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"§ 105-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.</li> <li>(a) Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes the supplier but failed to remit to the supplier:</li> <li>(1) A licensed distributor.</li> <li>(3) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 647, s. 32.</li> <li>(4) Tax Paid After Deduction. – A supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this subsection (a) of this section owes the supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this subsection (a) of this section owes the supplier is not liable for tax a licensee supplier who is the position holder may take a credit for tax-paid motor fuel in the terminal sy</li></ul></li></ul>	14	the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current			
<ul> <li>(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December 31 of the preceding year.</li> <li>(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.</li> <li>(4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.</li> <li>"</li> <li>SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105 449.107. G.S. 105-449.105. (b) 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"§ 105-449.107."</li> <li>SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"§ 105-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.</li> <li>(a) Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax apable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes the supplier but failed to remit to the supplier:</li> <li>(1) A licensed distributor.</li> <li>(3) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 647, s. 32.</li> <li>(a1) Tax Paid After Deduction. – A supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this subsection (a) of this section owes the supplier but fails to pay. If a listed licensee pays tax owed to a supplier after the supplier deducts the amount on a return, the supplier must promptly remit the payment to the Secretary.</li> <li></li> <li>(a) Credit for Motor Fuel in Terminal. – When filing a return, a licensed sup</li></ul>	15	calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor			
18       calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.         20       (2)       Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December         21       31 of the preceding year.         22       (3)       Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.         23       by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.         24       (4)       Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.         26      "         27       SECTION 3.15.       G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:         28       "(a)       No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or         29       use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed         30       under G.S. 105 449.105A.       or G.S. 105 449.106A, or G.S. 105 449.105A, 105 -449.106(d), or         31       I05 -449.97       Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.         31       (a)       Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from the amount of tax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes the supplier but failed to remit to the supplier. <td>16</td> <td>carrier shall do the following:</td>	16	carrier shall do the following:			
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49 "(a) Nonprofits. – A nonprofit organization listed below that purchases and uses motor					
	49 50	fuel may receive a quarterly refund, for the excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate			

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2023 equal to the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for which the refund is 1 2 claimed, less one cent $(1\phi)$ per gallon. 3 An application for a refund allowed under this subsection must be made in accordance with 4 this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The chief 5 executive officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization or another officer 6 of the organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the organization. 7 Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection: 8 Repealed by Session Laws 2002-108, s. 13, effective January 1, 2003. (1)9 A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under contract (2)10 with or at the express designation of a unit of local government. A volunteer fire department. 11 (3) 12 (4) A volunteer rescue squad. 13 A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and Human (5) 14 Services." 15 **SECTION 3.18.(a)** G.S. 105-449.121 reads as rewritten: "§ 105-449.121. Record-keeping requirements; inspection authority. 16 What Must Be Kept. – A person who is subject to audit under subsection (b) of this 17 (a) 18 section must keep a record of all shipping documents or other documents used to determine 19 information the person provides in a return or to determine the person's motor fuel transactions. 20 The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the records 21 apply or, if the applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records must be 22 23 kept for three years from the date of the transaction. 24 (b) Inspection. - The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the 25 right at any reasonable time to inspect the records subject to audit under this subsection and may 26 do any of the following to determine tax liability under this Article: 27 Audit a person who is required to have or elects to have a license under this (1)28 Article. 29 (2) Audit a distributor, a retailer, a bulk end-user, or a motor fuel user that is not 30 licensed under this Article. 31 Examine a tank or other equipment used to make, store, or transport motor (3) fuel, diesel dyes, or diesel markers. 32 33 Take a sample of a product from a vehicle, a tank, or another container in a (4) 34 quantity sufficient to determine the composition of the product. 35 Stop a vehicle for the purpose of taking a sample of motor fuel from the (5) 36 vehicle." 37 SECTION 3.18.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies 38 to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of 39 the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and 40 is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.19.(a) G.S. 105-449.139(a) reads as rewritten: 41 42 Records. - A licensee person required to be licensed under this Article must keep a "(a) 43 record of all documents used to determine the information provided in a return filed under this Article. The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the 44 45 records apply. applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth under Article 9 of this 46 Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records must be kept for three years from the date of the transaction. The records are open to inspection 47 during business hours by the Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary. Secretary or a 48

- 49 person designated by the Secretary shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the
- 50 records."

# General Assembly Of North Carolina

	General Assembly Of N		Session 2023	
1 2		<b>19.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date	11	
3	to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and			
4	is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.			
5	SECTION 3.20.(a) G.S. 119-18 reads as rewritten:			
6		x and distribution of the tax proceeds.		
0 7	-	pection tax of one fourth of one cent $(1/4 \text{ of } 1 \text{¢})$ pe	n collon is lovied	
			0	
8	1	in this subsection regardless of whether the fuel is	1	
9		bsed by Article 36C or 36D of Chapter 105 of the Gen		
10	-	uel is due and payable to the Secretary of Revenue o	-	
11	gallon excise tax on motor fuel is due and payable under Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the			
12	General Statutes. The inspection tax on alternative fuel is due and payable to the Secretary of			
13	Revenue on the date the excise tax on alternative fuel is due and payable under Article 36D of			
14	Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The inspection tax on kerosene is payable monthly to the			
15	Secretary by a supplier that is licensed under Part 2 of Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the General			
16	Statutes and by a kerosene supplier. A monthly report is due on the date a monthly return is due			
17	under G.S. 105-449.90 ar	nd applies to kerosene sold during the preceding mo	onth by a supplier	
18	licensed under that Part and to kerosene received during the preceding month by a kerosene			
19	supplier. A kerosene tern	ninal operator must file a return in accordance with	the provisions of	
20	G.S. 105-449.90. The ins	pection tax on jet fuel and aviation gasoline is payab	le as specified by	
21	the Secretary of Revenue. A return must be in the form prescribed by, and contain information			
22	required by, the Secretary			
23	(1) Motor			
24		ative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle.		
25	(3) Kerose			
26	(4) Jet fue			
27	(5) Aviatio	on gasoline.		
28				
29		person required to remit the tax imposed by this see	-	
30		sed to determine the information provided in a return.		
31		period of statute of limitations as set forth under Ar		
32		es. The Secretary or a person designated by the Secret	ary shall have the	
33	right at any reasonable tir			
34		<b>20.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become		
35	1	be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date	•	
36		tary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable tir		
37		or transactions occurring on or after the effective date	e of this section.	
38		<b>21.</b> G.S. 105-449.81 reads as rewritten:		
39	"§ 105-449.81. Excise ta			
40	An excise tax at the m	otor fuel rate is imposed on motor fuel that is:		
41				
42	· · · · ·	rade ethanol or biodiesel fuel if the fuel meets at	least one of the	
43		ng descriptions:	C	
44 45	a.	Is produced in this State and is removed from the stor	rage facility at the	
43 46	b.	production location. Is imported to this State by means of a transport true	k a railroad tank	
40 47	0.	car, a tank wagon, or a marine vessel where <u>fuel</u>		
47		biodiesel from the vessel is not delivered to a termi	•	
48 49		assigned a terminal control number by the Internal R		
49 50	с.	Repealed by Session Laws 2009-445, s. 34(a), eff		
50 51	υ.	2010.	conversationary 1,	
51		2010.		

Gener	al Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
		<u>d.</u> <u>Is removed from the terminal transfer system and is</u>	s not subject to the
		federal excise tax imposed by § 4081 of the Code.	·
	(4)	Blended fuel made in this State or imported to this State.	
	(5)	Transferred within the terminal transfer system and is sub	ject, upon transfer,
		to the federal excise tax imposed by section § 4081	of the Code or is
		transferred to a person at a terminal who is not licensed un	
		a supplier."	
	SECT	<b>TION 3.22.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.88 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-	-449.88. 1	Exemptions from the excise tax.	
The	e excise ta	x on motor fuel does not apply to the following:	
	•••		
	<u>(12)</u>	Fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel transferred between term	inals within North
		Carolina, if the fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel is owned by	the same licensed
		supplier."	
	SECT	<b>TION 3.22.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes	law and applies to
transfe	ers occurrin	ng on or after that date.	
	SECT	FION 3.23. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective	ve when it becomes
law.			
PART		PERTY TAX CHANGES	
	SEC	<b>TION 4.1.</b> G.S. 105-277.9 is repealed.	
	SEC	<b>TION 4.2.</b> This Part is effective when it becomes law.	
PART		ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTIONS CHANGES	
		<b>TION 5.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-236 reads as rewritten:	
		alties; situs of violations; penalty disposition.	
(a)	Penal	ties. – The following civil penalties and criminal offenses ap	
	(1)	Penalty for Bad Checks. – When the bank upon which any	
		tendered to the Department of Revenue in payment of any	
		the Department returns the check because of insuffic	
		nonexistence of an account of the drawer, the Secretary shall	
		of the check a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the	-
		minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one	
		(\$1,000). This penalty does not apply if the Secretary fin	
		check was presented for payment, the drawer of the check h	
		in an account at a financial institution to pay the check and	
		the drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the	
		sufficient funds. For purposes of this subdivision, in the case	se of a garnishment
	<i></i>	payment, the term "drawer" refers to the garnishee.	
	(1a)	Penalty for Bad Electronic Funds Transfer When an	
		transfer cannot be completed due to insufficient funds or the	
		an account of the transferor, the Secretary shall assess the t	
		equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount of the transfer, sub	•
		of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand dol	
		penalty may be waived by the Secretary in accordance with	
		purposes of this subdivision, in the case of a garnishment	payment, the term
	<b></b>	<u>"transferor" refers to the garnishee.</u> "	
		<b>TION 5.1.(b)</b> G.S. 105-242.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
"(b		n. – A garnishee must comply with a notice of garnishmer	
-		notice within the time set in this subsection. A garnishee	
inclitut	tion much a	omply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a noti	an at a subject and

51 institution must comply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a notice of garnishment.

All other garnishees must comply or file a response within 30 days after receiving a notice of 1 2 garnishment. A written response must explain why the garnishee is not subject to garnishment 3 and attachment. 4 Upon receipt of a written response, the Department must contact the garnishee and schedule 5 a conference to discuss the response or inform the garnishee of the Department's position 6 concerning the response. If the Department does not agree with the garnishee on the garnishee's 7 liability, the Department may proceed to enforce the garnishee's liability for the tax by sending 8 the garnishee a notice of proposed assessment in accordance with G.S. 9 105-241.9.G.S. 105-241.9, including any penalties imposed in this Article. If the garnishee does 10 not file a response to the notice of garnishment within the time set in this subsection and fails to comply with the notice, the garnishee is subject to the penalties imposed in this Article." 11 SECTION 5.2. G.S. 105-241.11(a) reads as rewritten: 12 13 Procedure. – A taxpayer who objects to a proposed denial of a refund or a proposed "(a) 14 assessment of tax may request a Departmental review of the proposed action by filing a request 15 for review. The request for review must either be in-on the form prescribed by the Secretary or be a written statement clearly indicating the taxpayer requests review of a proposed denial of a 16 17 refund or a proposed assessment of tax and include an explanation for the request for review. The 18 request must be filed with the Department as follows: . . . . " 19 20 SECTION 5.3.(a) Article 9 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by 21 adding the following new section to read: 22 <u>\$ 105-241.24. Statute of limitations on collections.</u> The Department may collect a tax for a period of 10 years from the date it becomes collectible 23 24 under G.S. 105-241.22. The 10-year period may be tolled for the same reasons the enforcement 25 period for a certificate of tax liability may be tolled under G.S. 105-242(c). If the tax is not 26 collected within the time frame authorized under this section, the remaining liability is abated." 27 **SECTION 5.3.(b)** G.S. 105-242(c) reads as rewritten: 28 "(c) Certificate of Tax Liability. - The Department may file a certificate of tax liability to 29 collect a tax that is owed by a taxpayer and is collectible under G.S. 105-241.22. A certificate of 30 tax liability must state the taxpayer's name and the type and amount of tax owed. If the taxpayer 31 resides in this State or has property in this State, the Department must file the certificate of tax 32 liability with the clerk of the superior court of a county in which the taxpayer resides or has 33 property. If the taxpayer does not reside in this State or have property in this State, the Department 34 must file the certificate of tax liability in Wake County. 35 The clerk of court must record a certificate of tax liability in the same manner as a judgment. 36 A recorded certificate of tax liability is considered a judgment and is enforceable in the same 37 manner as other judgments. The legal rate of interest set in G.S. 24-1 applies to the principal 38 amount of tax stated on the certificate of tax liability. The tax stated on a certificate of tax liability 39 is a lien on real and personal property from the date the certificate is recorded. 40 A certificate of tax liability is enforceable for a period of 10 years from the date it is recorded. 41 recorded, however, the enforcement period may not extend beyond the statute of limitations 42 provided for under G.S. 105-241.24. If the certificate is not satisfied within this period, the 43 remaining liability of the taxpayer is abated and the Department must cancel the certificate. An 44 execution sale initiated before the end of the 10-year enforcement period may be completed after 45 the end of this period, regardless of whether resales are required because of the posting of 46 increased bids. The Secretary may accept tax payments made after a certificate has expired, 47 regardless of whether any collection actions were taken before the certificate expired. A taxpayer 48 may waive the 10-year enforcement period for enforcement of the certificate for either a definite 49 or an indefinite time. 50 The 10 year enforcement period in which of a certificate of tax liability is enforceable is 51 tolled during the following periods:

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023				
1	(1)	While the taxpayer is absent from the State. The period is may be tolled during			
2		the taxpayer's absence plus one year after the taxpayer returns.			
3	(2)	Upon the death of the taxpayer. The period is tolled while the taxpayer's estate			
4		is administered plus one year after the estate is closed.			
5	(3)	While an action is pending to set aside a conveyance made by the taxpayer as			
6		a fraudulent conveyance.			
7	(4)	While an insolvency proceeding against the taxpayer is pending.			
8	(5)	During the period of any statutory or judicial bar to the enforcement of the			
9		certificate.			
10	(6)	The period for which a taxpayer has waived the 10-year enforcement period."			
11					
12	PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE				
13	SE	<b>CTION 6.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes			
14	law.				