GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

H D

HOUSE BILL 258 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H258-PCS40204-BP-1

Short Title: Novel Opioid Control Act of 2023. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 6, 2023

		Watch 0, 2023
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2		THE STATE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.
3	The General Assembly of	
4		(a) G.S. 90-89(1) reads as rewritten:
5	"(1) Opiate	s Any of the following opiates or opioids, including the isomers,
6		ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically
7		ed, or listed in another schedule, whenever the existence of such
8		rs, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical
9	design	ation:
0	•••	
1	rrr.	Brorphine.
12	SSS.	<u>AP-237.</u>
13	<u>ttt.</u>	2-methyl AP-237.
4	<u>uuu.</u>	(ortho, meta, or para)-methyl AP-237.
15	<u>vvv.</u>	<u>AP-238.</u>
16	<u>www.</u>	(ortho, meta, or para)-hydroxy 2-methyl AP-237.
17	XXX.	2-Naphthyl U-47700.
18	<u>yyy.</u>	1-Naphthyl U-47700.
9	ZZZ.	4-(Trifluoromethyl) U-47700.
20	·	Methoxy U-47700.
21		<u>Furanyl UF-17.</u>
22		Cyclopropyl U-47700.
23		<u>Phenyl U-47700.</u>
24	' 	Ethyl U-47700.
25	<u>ffff.</u>	(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro-N,N-didesmethyl U-47700.
26		(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro U-49900.
27		(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro-N-desmethyl U-47700.
28	<u>iiii.</u>	4-fluoro U-47931E.
29	<u>iiii.</u>	(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro U-51754.
30		(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro Isopropyl U-47700.
31	<u>1111.</u>	(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro Propyl U-47700.
32	mmmi	
33		(2,3- or 3,4)-difluoro U-48800.
34		(2,3- or 3,4 or 2,4)-difluoro U-47700.
35		<u>UF-17.</u>
36	<u>qqqq.</u>	<u>U-47109.</u>



1	<u>rrrr.</u> <u>U-48520.</u>
2	ssss. N,N-didesmethyl U-47700.
3	<u>tttt.</u> <u>U-62066.</u>
4	<u>uuuu.</u> <u>Propyl U-47700.</u>
5	<u>vvvv.</u> (2,3- or 3,4)-Ethylenedioxy U-51754.
6	<u>wwww.</u> 4-phenyl U-51754.
7	xxxx. N-desmethyl U-47700.
8	yyyy. (2,3- or 3,4)-Ethylenedioxy U-47700.
9	zzzz. N-methyl U-47931E.
10	aaaaa. $(2,3- \text{ or } 3,4)$ -Methylenedioxy U-47700.
11	bbbbb. U-69593.
12	$\overline{\text{cccc.}}$ $\overline{\text{U-50488.}}$
13	$\overline{\text{ddddd}}$. $\overline{\text{U-48753E}}$.
14	eeeee. U-47931E.
15	Butonitazene.
16	ggggg. Etodesnitazene (also known as Etonitazepyne).
17	hhhhh. Flunitazene.
18	iiii. Metodesnitazene.
19	ijiji. N-Pyrrolidino Etonitazene.
20	kkkk. Protonitazene."
21	SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 90-89(1a) reads as rewritten:
22	"(1a) Fentanyl derivatives. – Unless specifically excepted, listed in another
23	schedule, or contained within a pharmaceutical product approved by the
24	United States Food and Drug Administration, any compound structurally
25	derived from N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
26	(Fentanyl) by any substitution on or replacement of the phenethyl group, any
27	substitution on the piperidine ring, any substitution on or replacement of the
28	propanamide group, any substitution on the anilido phenyl group, or any
29	combination of the above unless specifically excepted or listed in another
30	schedule to include their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Fentanyl
31	derivatives include, but are not limited to, the following:
32	
33	f.
34	N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propana
35	mide (also known as 2 fluorofentanyl). (also known as
36	ortho-fluorofentanyl).
37	g.
38	N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propana
39	mide (also known as 3-fluorofentanyl).(also known as
40	meta-fluorofentanyl).
41	h.
42	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbox
43	amide (also known as tetrahydrofuran fentanyl).
44	i.
45	N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]
46	-propanamid e (also known as 4-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl,
47	4-FIBF).(also known as 4-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl).
48	j. N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide
49	(also known as 4-fluorobutyryl fentanyl, 4-FBF).(also known as
50	4-fluorobutyryl fentanyl)."
51	SECTION 1.(c) G.S. 90-89 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
<i>J</i> 1	She ito it into 3.5. 70 07 is amonated by adding a new subdivision to read.

- "(1b) Nitazene derivatives. The N-substituted benzimidazole structural class, including any of the following derivatives, their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers unless specifically utilized as part of the manufacturing process by a commercial industry of a substance or material not intended for human ingestion or consumption, as a prescription administered under medical supervision, or for research at a recognized institution, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, or salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation or unless specifically excepted or listed in this or another schedule, structurally derived from benzimidazole by substitution at the 1-position nitrogen with an ethylamine group, and by substitution at the 2-position carbon with a benzyl group, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
 - a. By monoalkyl or dialkyl substitution on the 1'-nitrogen of the 1-position ethylamine group, or by inclusion of the nitrogen in a cyclic structure;
 - <u>b.</u> By substitution on the 2'-methylene carbon of the benzyl group by alkyl or carboxamide groups;
 - c. By replacement of the 2'-methylene carbon group with an ethylbenzyl, thiophenol, or methoxybenzene group, which may be further substituted with alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, acetoxy, halide, a fused heterocyclic ring which may be further substituted, or sulfide groups;
 - d. By substitution at the 2'-position, 3'-position, or 4'-position of the benzyl group, or both, with alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, acetoxy, halide, or sulfide groups;
 - e. By replacement of a phenyl hydrogen atom at either the 5-position or 6-position of the benzimidazole core with a nitro, or primary amine group."

SECTION 1.(d) G.S. 90-89(3)mm. reads as rewritten:

"mm. <u>5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-propyltryptamine</u> <u>5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine</u> (5-MeO-MiPT)."

SECTION 1.(e) G.S. 90-89(5)j. reads as rewritten:

"j. Substituted cathinones. A compound, other than bupropion, that is structurally derived from 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone by modification in any of the following ways: (i) by substitution in the phenyl ring to any extent with alkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, haloalkyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the phenyl ring by one or more other univalent substituents; (ii) by substitution at the 3-position to any extent; or (iii) by substitution at the nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, cycloalkyl, or methoxybenzyl groups or by inclusion of the nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "isomer" includes the optical, positional, or geometric isomer."

SECTION 1.(f) G.S. 90-89(7) reads as rewritten:

"(7) Synthetic cannabinoids. – Any quantity of any synthetic chemical compound that (i) is a cannabinoid receptor agonist and mimics the pharmacological effect of naturally occurring substances or (ii) has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is not listed as a controlled substance in Schedules I through V, and is not an FDA-approved drug. Synthetic cannabinoids include, but are not limited to, the substances listed in sub-subdivisions a. through p-r. of this subdivision and any substance that contains any quantity of their salts, isomers (whether optical, positional,

47

on or after that date.

1	or geometric), homologues, and salts of isomers and homologues, unless
2	specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers,
3	homologues, and salts of isomers and homologues is possible within the
4	specific chemical designation. The following substances are examples of
5	synthetic cannabinoids and are not intended to be inclusive of the substances
6	included in this Schedule:
7	
8	n. Indazole carboxaldehydes. Any compound structurally derived from
9	1H-indazole-3-carboxaldehyde or 1H-indazole-2-carboxaldehyde
10	substituted in both of the following ways:
11	Ç ·
12	2. At the carbon of the carboxaldehyde by a phenyl, benzyl,
13	
14	naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group;
	whether or not the compound is further modified to any extent
15	in the following ways: (i) substitution to the indazole ring to
16	any extent, (ii) substitution to the phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl,
17	adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group to any
18	extent, (iii) a nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the indazole ring,
19	or (iv) a nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the phenyl, benzyl,
20	naphthyl, adamantyl, or cyclopropyl ring.
21	o. Indazole carboxamides. Any compound structurally derived from
22	1H-indazole-3-carboxamide or 1H-indazole-2-carboxamide
23	substituted in both of the following ways:
24	•••
25	2. At the nitrogen of the carboxamide by a phenyl, benzyl,
26	naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group;
27	whether or not the compound is further modified to any extent
28	in the following ways: (i) substitution to the indazole ring to
29	any extent, (ii) substitution to the phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl,
30	adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group to any
31	extent, (iii) a nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the indazole ring,
32	or (iv) a nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the phenyl, benzyl,
33	naphthyl, adamantyl, or cyclopropyl ring. Substances in this
34	class include, but are not limited to: AKB-48, fluoro-AKB-48,
35	APINCACA, —AB-PINACA, AB-FUBINACA,
36	ADB-FUBINACA, and ADB-PINACA.
37	"
38	SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 90-90(2)h1. reads as rewritten:
39	"h1. Fentanyl immediate precursor chemical,
40	4 anilino N phenethyl 4 piperidine
41	(ANPP).4-anilino-N-phenethylpiperdine (ANPP)."
42	SECTION 1.(h) G.S. 90-91(k)11. reads as rewritten:
43	"11. Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone, Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone,"
44	SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 90-91(k)16. reads as rewritten:
45	"16. Mesterolene, Mesterolone,"
46	SECTION 2. This act is effective on July 1, 2023, and applies to offenses committed