GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2023**

H.B. 772 Apr 18, 2023 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

H **HOUSE BILL DRH40398-LU-134A**

Short Title: (Public) Poll Observer Appointments, Access & Activity. Representative Davis. Sponsors: Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY POLL OBSERVER APPOINTMENTS, ACCESS, AND PERMITTED ACTIVITY.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 163-45 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-45. Observers; appointment, access, and permitted activity.

- The chair of each political party in the county shall have the right to designate two observers to attend each voting place at each primary and during one-stop early voting and during each election day and such observers may, at the option of the designating party chair, be relieved during the day of the primary or election after serving no less than four hours and provided the list required by this section to be filed by each chair contains the names of all persons authorized to represent such chair's political party. The chair of each political party in the county shall have the right to designate 10 additional at-large observers who are residents of that county who may attend any voting place in that county. The chair of each political party in the State shall have the right to designate up to 100 additional at-large observers who are residents of the State who may attend any voting place in the State. The list submitted by the chair of the political party may be amended between the one-stop period under G.S. 163-227.2, 163-227.5, and 163-227.6 and general election day to substitute one or all at-large observers for election day. Not more than two site-specific observers from the same political party shall be permitted in the voting enclosure at any time, except that in addition one of the time, and up to two at-large observers from each party may also be in the voting enclosure. However, no more than a total of three observers from the same political party shall be physically present in the voting enclosure at any time. This right shall not extend to the chair of a political party during a primary unless that party is participating in the primary. In any election in which an unaffiliated candidate is named on the ballot, the candidate or the candidate's campaign manager shall have the right to appoint two observers for each voting place consistent with the provisions specified herein. Persons appointed as observers by the chair of a county political party must be registered voters of the county for which they are appointed and must have good moral character. Persons appointed as at-large observers by the chair of a State political party must be registered voters of the State and must have good moral character. No person who is a candidate on the ballot in a primary or election may serve as an observer or runner in that primary or election. Observers shall take no oath of office.
- Individuals authorized to appoint observers must County or State political party chairs may submit a list of names of observers appointed by the chairs electronically or in writing to the director of the county board of elections. The director shall supply the lists of site-specific observers for each voting location and the at-large observers to the chief judge of each precinct a signed list of the observers appointed for that precinct, except that the list of at-large observers



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authorized in subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted to the county director of elections. and site supervisor for each voting location. Individuals authorized to appoint observers must, must provide their lists of appointed observers prior to 10:00 A.M. on the fifth day prior to any primary or general election, submit in writing to the chair of the county board of elections two signed copies of a list of observers appointed by them, designating the precinct or at-large status for which each observer is appointed. before the observer is to serve. Before the opening of the voting place on the day of a primary or general election, the chair-director shall deliver one copy copies of the precinct-specific observer list and the list of at-large observers to the chief judge or site supervisor for each affected precinct, except that the list of at large observers shall be provided by the county director of elections to the chief judge. The chair shall retain the other copy. The chair, or the chief judge and judges for each affected precinct, may for good cause reject any appointee and require that another be appointed. The names of any persons appointed in place of those persons rejected shall be furnished in writing to the chief judge of each affected precinct no later than the time for opening the voting place on the day of any primary or general election, either by the chair of the county board of elections or the person making the substitute appointment.voting location.

If party chairs appoint observers at one-stop sites under G.S. 163-227.2, 163-227.5, and 163-227.6, those party chairs shall provide a list of the observers appointed before 10:00 A.M. on the fifth day before the observer is to observe. At-large observers may serve at any one-stop site.

- (c) An observer shall do no electioneering at the voting <u>place</u>, <u>enclosure</u> and shall in no manner impede the voting process <u>or interfere or communicate with or observe of</u> any voter <u>in easting a ballot</u>, <u>or observe the ballot markings of any voter</u> but, subject to these restrictions, the <u>site administrators or</u> chief judge and judges of elections shall permit <u>the observer observers</u> to make such observation and take such notes as the observer may desire. <u>The State Board of Elections may require observers to wear identification tags for ease of recognition by voters and election officials.</u>
- (c1) Notwithstanding any provision of law and except as otherwise provided in federal law, election observers observing pursuant to this section are permitted to do the following:
 - (1) Move freely around the voting enclosure. Observers shall be permitted to position themselves a distance of 5 feet or greater from the registration and ballot tables and may position themselves a distance of 5 feet from tabulation machines during voting. Observers may position themselves a distance of 5 feet or greater from vehicle passenger compartments during curbside voting. Observers are authorized to hear conversations between poll workers and voters so long as observers do not violate the provisions of this section.
 - (2) Observe and record start-up and shut down procedures, including viewing and making a digital image or video record of zero poll tapes on tabulation machines before opening and the post-election poll tapes after the polls close.
 - (3) Begin observation duties from the time the judge or site supervisor enters the polling location until all ballot containers are officially sealed and the voting enclosure is secured for the day.
 - (4) Hear the voter and election worker recite the name and address of the voter at the registration table and to hear any conversation between the voter and election workers at the registration table.
 - (5) Hear the voter and election worker recite the name and address at curbside voting.
 - (6) Inspect, count, and make an image or a record of completed authorizations to vote (ATVs) at any time when the polls are open.

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Providing voting assistance to, impeding, or communicating with any

containing curbside voters.

voter inside the voting enclosure.

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- An election observer may be removed if the observer's behavior violates the rules (c3)for behavior in the voting enclosure. The chief judge or site supervisor may remove the observer, subject to the following procedure:
 - The observer shall only be removed for specified violations of this section. (1)
 - The chief judge or site supervisor shall first issue a verbal or written (2) warning to the observer, stating the time and nature of the disruptive behavior, and then allow the observer reasonable opportunity to conform to the rules.
 - Any removal shall be under the authority of the chief judge or site (3) supervisor.
 - The chief judge or site supervisor shall issue a written report stating the (4) time and nature of the rules violation.
 - The chief judge or site supervisor shall, within 30 minutes after the <u>(5)</u> removal, notify the director of the county board of elections, who then shall notify the observer's appointing political party or campaign committee chair.
 - The appointing political party or campaign committee chair shall be given (6) the opportunity to replace the removed observer immediately with another observer at the voting location upon written or electronic notification from the director.
 - (7) Citizens shall not be prohibited from serving as poll observers without a hearing and due process.
- Whether or not the observer attends to the polls for the requisite time provided by this section, each observer shall be entitled to obtain at times specified by the State Board of Elections, but not less than three times during election day each day of the election, with the spacing not less than one hour three hours apart, a list of the persons who have voted in the precinct so far in that election day. during that day of the election. Counties that use an "authorization to vote document" (ATV) instead of poll books may comply with the requirement in the previous sentence by permitting each observer to inspect election records the ATVs so that the observer may create a list of persons who have voted in the precinct so far that election day; each observer shall be entitled to make the inspection at times specified by the State Board of Elections, but during that day of the election. The inspection shall occur not less than three times during election each day with the spacing not less than one hour three hours apart.
- Instead of having an observer receive the voting list, the county party chair may send a runner to do so, even if an observer has not been appointed for that precinct. The runner may be the precinct party chair or any person named by the county party chair. Each county party chair using runners in an election shall provide to the county board of elections before 10:00 A.M. on the fifth day before election day a list of the runners to be used. That party chair must notify the chair of the county board of elections or the board chair's designee of the names of all runners to be used in each precinct before the runner goes to the precinct. The runner may receive a voter list from the precinct on the same schedule as an observer. Whether obtained by observer or runner, each party is entitled to only one voter list at each of the scheduled times. No runner may enter the voting enclosure except when necessary to announce that runner's presence and to receive the list. The runner must leave immediately after being provided with the list.
- Any election official who restricts or denies observer access greater than what is allowed under this section or 18 U.S.C. § 245 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor."

SECTION 2. G.S. 163-165(9) reads as rewritten:

"Voting enclosure" means the room area within the voting place location that "(9) is used for voting to complete the voting process. The term includes any vehicle compartment containing one or more voters parked in the designated curbside voting area."

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1	SECTION 3. G.S. 163-166.2 reads as rewritten:
2	"§ 163-166.2. Arrangement of the voting enclosure.
3	Each voting enclosure shall contain at a minimum:
4	(1) A sufficient number of private spaces for all voters to mark their official
5	ballots in secrecy.
6	(2) Adequate space and furniture for the separate functions of:
7	a. The checking of voter registration records.
8	b. The distribution of official ballots.
9	c. Private discussion with voters concerning irregular situations.
10	(3) A telephone or some facility for communication with the county board of
11	elections.
12	(4) Three chairs for each political party's observers to use.
13	The equipment and furniture in the voting enclosure shall be arranged so that it can be
14	generally seen from the public space of the enclosure."
15	SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to observers for
16	elections held on or after that date.

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