GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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Sponsors:

HOUSE BILL 618 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/2/23 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H618-PCS30390-TC-49

Short Title: Charter School Review Board.

(Public)

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	1		
	Referred	to:	
			April 17, 2023
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT	то с	CONVERT THE CHARTER SCHOOLS ADVISORY BOARD INTO THE
3	CHA	RTER	SCHOOLS REVIEW BOARD, TO SHIFT THE AUTHORITY TO APPROVE
4			S FROM THE STATE BOARD TO THE REVIEW BOARD, AND TO
5			RIGHT OF APPEAL TO THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION FROM
6			OARD DECISIONS.
7	The Gene		sembly of North Carolina enacts:
8			TION 1.(a) G.S. 115C-218 reads as rewritten:
9	"§ 115C-		Purpose of charter schools; <u>role of State Board of Education;</u> establishment
10			orth Carolina Charter Schools Advisory <u>Review</u> Board and North Carolina
11		Offic	ce of Charter Schools.
12	•••	a	
13	<u>(a1)</u>		Board of Education The State Board of Education shall have the following
14	<u>duties reg</u>		<u>charter schools:</u>
15		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Rulemaking. – To establish all rules for the operation and approval of charter</u>
16			schools. Any rule adopted by the State Board shall first be recommended by
17		(2)	the Charter Schools Review Board.
18		$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	<u>Funding. – To allocate funds to charter schools.</u>
19 20		(5)	<u>Appeals. – To hear appeals from decisions of the Charter Schools Review</u> Board under G.S. 115C-218.9.
20 21		<u>(4)</u>	Accountability. – To ensure accountability from charter schools for school
21		<u>(4)</u>	finances and student performance.
23	(b)	North	h Carolina Charter Schools Advisory Review Board. –
23 24	(0)	(1)	Advisory–Review_Board. – There is created the North Carolina Charter
25		(1)	Schools <u>Advisory Review</u> Board, hereinafter referred to in this Article as the
26			Advisory <u>Review</u> Board. The Advisory <u>Review</u> Board shall be located
27			administratively within the Department of Public Instruction and shall report
28			to the State Board of Education.
29		(2)	Membership The State Superintendent of Public Instruction, or the
30			Superintendent's designee, shall be the secretary of the Advisory Review
31			Board and a nonvoting member. The Advisory Review Board shall consist of
32			the following 11 voting members:
33			a. Repealed by Session Laws 2016-126, 4th Ex. Sess., s. 17, effective
34			January 1, 2017.



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	b. Four members appointed by the General Assembly upon recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, accordance with G.S. 120-121.
	c. Four members appointed by the General Assembly upon recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, accordance with G.S. 120-121.
	d. Two members appointed by the State Board of Education who are current members of the State Board of Education and who are char
	school advocates in North Carolina.
	e. The Lieutenant Governor or the Lieutenant Governor's designee.
(3)	Covered board. – The Advisory-Review Board shall be treated as a board
	purposes of Chapter 138A of the General Statutes.
(4)	Qualifications of members. – Members appointed to the Advisory Revi
	Board shall collectively possess strong experience and expertise in public a
	nonprofit governance, management and finance, assessment, curriculum a
	instruction, public charter schools, and public education law. All appoin
	members of the <u>Advisory Review</u> Board shall have demonstrated
	understanding of and a commitment to charter schools as a strategy
	strengthening public education.
	Durailing officers and success The Advisors Devices Device Devices
(6)	Presiding officers and quorum. – The Advisory Review Board shall annua
	elect a chair and a vice-chair from among its membership. The chair sh
	preside over the Advisory <u>Review</u> Board's meetings. In the absence of
	chair, the vice-chair shall preside over the Advisory Review Board's meetin
$\langle 7 \rangle$	A majority of the Advisory Review Board constitutes a quorum.
(7)	Meetings. – Meetings of the Advisory Review Board shall be held upon
$\langle 0 \rangle$	call of the chair or the vice-chair with the approval of the chair.
(8)	Expenses. – Members of the Advisory-Review Board shall be reimbursed
	travel and subsistence expenses at the rates allowed to State officers a simple set by $C = 128$ ((c))
(0)	employees by G.S. 138-6(a).
(9)	Removal. – Any appointed member of the Advisory Review Board may
	removed by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the Advis
	<u>Review</u> Board at any duly held meeting for any cause that renders the mem
(10	incapable or unfit to discharge the duties of the office.
(10	Powers and duties. – The Advisory Review Board shall have the follow duties:
	adoption of rules regarding all aspects of charter school operati
	including time lines, standards, and criteria for acceptance a
	approval of applications, monitoring of charter schools, and group
	for revocation of charters.
	b. To review applications and make recommendations to the State Bo
	for final approval of charter applications.and approve or deny char
	applications, renewals, and revocations.
	c. To make recommendations to the State Board on actions regarding
	charter school, including renewals of charters, nonrenewals
	charters, and revocations of charters.before the State Board on app under G.S. 115C-218.9.
	d. To undertake any other duties and responsibilities as assigned by

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1 2 3 4 5	(11)	Duties of the chair of the <u>Advisory Review</u> Board. – In duties prescribed in this Article, the chair of the <u>Adviso</u> the chair's designee, shall advocate for the recommendat <u>Review</u> Board at meetings of the State Board upon the Board.	bry <u>Review</u> Board, or tions of the Advisory
6	(c) North	h Carolina Office of Charter Schools. –	
7 8	(2)	Executive Director. – The Executive Director shall repo	ort to and serve at the
9 10	(2)	pleasure of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at a the Superintendent within the funds appropriated for this	salary established by s purpose. The duties
11 12 13		of the Executive Director shall include presenting the red decisions of the Advisory Review Board at meetings of the request of the State-Board.	
13 14 15	(3)	Powers and duties. – The Office of Charter Schools sha powers and duties:	ll have the following
16 17 18		a. Serve as staff to the <u>Advisory Review</u> Board and duties assigned to it by the <u>Advisory Review</u> Boa	•
18 19		d. Provide or arrange for training for charter schoo	Is that have received
20		preliminary approval from the State Review Boa	
21 22 22		e. Assist approved charter schools and charter scho from the <u>State Review</u> Board in coordinatin	
23 24		Department of Public Instruction.	
25	SEC	TION 1.(b) G.S. 115C-218.2 reads as rewritten:	
26	"§ 115C-218.2.	Opportunity to correct applications; opportunity to	address Advisory
27		ew Board.	
28		State Board of Education and the Advisory Review Board	
29		an applicant of any format issues or incomplete inform	
30 31		provide the applicant at least five business days to correct	
31		on. If the applicant submits the corrections within the five all be given to that application.	business days, equal
33		re taking action regarding a charter school or charter school	l applicant including
34	recommendation	ns on preliminary or final approval of charter applications,	renewals of charters,
35		charters, and revocations of charters, the Advisory Review I	
36	•	- <u>Review</u> Board shall provide an opportunity for the applic	
37 38		ess the Advisory <u>Review</u> Board or its committee, if present TION 1.(c) G.S. 115C-218.3 reads as rewritten:	, at a meeting.
38 39		Fast-track replication of high-quality charter schools.	
40		mendations by the Office of Charter Schools and the Chart	ter Schools Advisory
41	-	the State Board of Education shall adopt a process and	•
42		gh-quality charter schools currently operating in the State	
43	-	not require a planning year for applicants selected th	
44		ess. In addition to the requirements for charter applicants se	-
45	the fast-track rej	plication process adopted by the State Board of Education	shall, at a minimum,
46	-	of directors of a charter school to demonstrate one of the	following in order to
47		rack replication:	.
48	(1)	The board of directors operates charter schools and can	demonstrate both of
49 50		the following:	
50 51		a. The majority of charter schools in this State gove directors has student academic outcomes from t	•

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	years that are equal to or greater than the student academi in the local school administrative unit in which each chart located.	
	b. The board of directors can provide three years of financ audits for each school it governs.	ially sound
(2)	The board of directors agrees to contract with an education morganization or charter management organization that can demon	-
	 of the following: a. The majority of the charter schools in this State mana organization has student academic outcomes from the school years that are equal to or greater than the studen outcomes in the local school administrative unit in which e school is located. 	three prior at academic
	b. The organization can provide three years of financially so for each school it governs.	ound audits
provide that de charter through submission dat the year immed	rd of Education shall ensure that the rules for a fast-track replication ecisions by the State Board of Education <u>Review Board</u> on whether in the replication process are completed in less than 120 days from the te. The State <u>Review</u> Board shall provide a decision no later than Oc- liately preceding the year of the proposed school opening.opening, and <u>Board's decision shall be heard and decided no later than December 1</u>	r to grant a application tober 15 of <u>l any appeal</u>
•	CTION 1.(d) G.S. 115C-218.5 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 115C-218.5	. Final approval of applications for charter schools.	
(a) The	e State <u>Review</u> Board may grant final approval of an application if	it finds the
following:		
(1)	The application meets the requirements set out in this Article and requirements as may be adopted by the State Board of Education. The applicant has the ability to operate the school and would be	
(2) (3)	operate the school in an educationally and economically sound ma Granting the application would achieve one or more of the purpose	anner.
	G.S. 115C-218.	
	ng applications for the establishment of charter schools within a le	
	unit, the State Review Board is encouraged to give preference to appli	
	e capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to student	ts identified
	nts as at risk of academic failure.	m domint - f
	e <u>State Review</u> Board shall make final decisions on the approval of August 15 of a colonder war on all applications it receives price	
	y August 15 of a calendar year on all applications it receives prio the Office of Charter Schools for receipt of applications in that applic	
•	the Office of Charter Schools for receipt of applications in that applic ew Board may make the final decision for approval contingent upon the	•
	a planning period prior to enrollment of students.	L SUCCESSIUI
-	e State Board of Education <u>Review Board</u> may authorize a school	before the
	ecured its space, equipment, facilities, and personnel if the applicant in	
	cessary for it to raise working capital. The State Board shall not allocat	
•	ntil the school has obtained space.	
	e State Board of Education Review Board may grant the initial charter	for a period
not to exceed 1	•	
	bealed by Session Laws 2016-79, s. 1.1, effective June 30, 2016, and	l applicable
0 0	the 2016-2017 school year.	
	charter school shall be entitled to automatically extend any deadling commence the term of its charter until the next school year if it notified	-

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1	<u>Review</u> Board by June 30 that it is seeking land use or development approvals for its selected
2	site or facilities or if it is challenging the denial of any requested land use or development
3	approvals. The term of the charter issued by the State Board shall be tolled during the period of
1	any extension or extensions issued under this section."
5	SECTION 1.(e) G.S. 115C-218.6 reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 115C-218.6. Review and renewal of charters.
7	(a) The State Board of Education <u>Review Board</u> shall review the operations of each
3	charter school at least once prior to the expiration of its charter to ensure that the school is meeting
)	the expected academic, financial, and governance standards.
)	(b) The State Board of Education <u>Review Board</u> shall renew a charter upon the request
l	of the chartering entity for subsequent periods of 10 years, unless one of the following applies:
)	(1) The charter school has not provided financially sound audits for the
	immediately preceding three years.
Ļ	(2) The charter school's student academic outcomes for the immediately
í	preceding three years have not been comparable to the academic outcomes of
	students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is
	located.
3	(3) The charter school is not, at the time of the request for renewal of the charter,
	substantially in compliance with State law, federal law, the school's own
	bylaws, or the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State Board of
	Education. Review Board.
	If one of the conditions set forth in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection applies,
	then the <u>State Review</u> Board may renew the charter for a period of less than 10 years or not renew
	the charter."
-	SECTION 1.(f) G.S. 115C-218.7 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 115C-218.7. Material revisions of charters.
	(a) A material revision of the provisions of a charter shall be made only upon the approval
	of the State Board of Education. Review Board.
)	(b) Enrollment growth of greater than twenty percent (20%) shall be considered a
	material revision of the charter if the charter is currently identified as low-performing. The State
	<u>Review</u> Board shall not approve a material revision for enrollment growth of greater than twenty
	percent (20%) for a charter that is currently identified as low-performing. Enrollment growth of
	greater than thirty percent (30%) shall be considered a material revision of the charter for any
	charter school that is not identified as low-performing. The <u>State-Review</u> Board may approve
	such additional enrollment growth of greater than thirty percent (30%) only if it finds all of the
	following:
	(1) The actual enrollment of the charter school is within ten percent (10%) of its
	maximum authorized enrollment.
	(2) The charter school has commitments for ninety percent (90%) of the requested
	maximum growth.
	(3) The charter school is not currently identified as low-performing.
	 (4) The charter school meets generally accepted standards of fiscal management.
	(5) The charter school is, at the time of the request for the enrollment increase,
	substantially in compliance with State law, federal law, the charter school's
	own bylaws, and the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State
	Review Board.
	(c) For the purposes of calculating actual enrollment and maximum authorized
	enrollment under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section, if a charter school is pursuing
	a material revision of enrollment growth based on a proposed capital expansion of the charter
	school, but fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section, the
1	State <u>Review</u> Board shall have the discretion to investigate and determine whether subdivision

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1	(1) of subsection (b) of this section may be waived to grant the school's material revision request
2	to allow the capital expansion to move forward. In making such a determination, the charter
3	school shall provide the State Review Board with documentation to show evidence that
4	demonstrates sufficiently in the <u>State Review</u> Board's discretion all of the following:
5	(1) The requested increase in enrollment growth is within a reasonable margin of
6	the threshold necessary to support the requested material revision.
7	(2) The charter school has secured financing for its proposed capital expansion
8 9	conditioned on its obtaining the requested material revision of enrollment growth.
10	(d) If a charter school presents evidence of a proposed capital expansion as part of a
11	request for a material revision of enrollment growth under this section that is granted by the State
12	<u>Review</u> Board, and the charter school is not able to realize that capital expansion within two
13	years of the grant of the material revision, the charter shall reflect the maximum authorized
14	enrollment immediately preceding that material revision."
15	SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 115C-218.8 reads as rewritten:
16	"§ 115C-218.8. Nonmaterial revisions of charters.
17	It shall not be considered a material revision of a charter and shall not require prior approval
18	of the <u>State Review</u> Board for a charter school to do any of the following:
19	(1) Increase its enrollment during the charter school's second year of operation
20	and annually thereafter in accordance with G.S. 115C-218.7(b).
21 22	(2) Increase its enrollment during the charter school's second year of operation and annually thereafter in accordance with planned growth as authorized in its
22	charter.
23 24	(3) Expand to offer one grade higher or lower than the charter school currently
25	offers if the charter school has (i) operated for at least three years, (ii) has not
26	been identified as continually low-performing as provided in
27	G.S. 115C-218.94, and (iii) has been in financial compliance as required by
28	the <u>rules adopted by the State</u> Board."
29	SECTION 1.(h) Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by
30	adding a new section to read:
31	" <u>§ 115C-218.9. Appeals to the State Board of Education.</u>
32	(a) <u>An applicant, charter school, or the State Superintendent may appeal a final decision</u>
33	of the Review Board to grant, renew, revoke, or amend a charter by submitting notice to the Chair
34	of the State Board of Education within 10 days of the Review Board's decision. Copies of the
35	notice shall be sent to the Executive Director of the Office of Charter Schools, State
36	Superintendent, the Chair of the Review Board, and the applicant or charter school affected.
37	(b) The State Board shall review appealed decisions de novo. The party submitting the
38	appeal, and the applicant or charter school affected, may provide any information to the State
39 40	Board the party believes the Board should consider in reviewing the Review Board's decision.(c) The State Board shall issue a written decision in any matter appealed under this
40 41	section within 60 days of the date the notice of appeal was submitted. The State Board of
42	Education has the final decision-making authority on the approval of charter applications,
43	renewals, revocations, and amendments."
44	SECTION 1.(i) G.S. 115C-218.15 reads as rewritten:
45	"§ 115C-218.15. Charter school operation.
46	(a) A charter school that is approved by the State in accordance with this Article shall be
47	a public school within the local school administrative unit in which it is located. All charter
48	schools shall be accountable to the State <u>Board and the Review</u> Board for ensuring compliance
49	with applicable laws and the provisions of their charters.
50	

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1 2	(c) A charter school shall operate under the written charter signed by the applicant. State Superintendent and the applicant. A charter school is n	ot required to enter
3	into any other contract. The charter shall incorporate the information provide	11 '
4	as modified during the charter approval process, and any terms and conditi	1
5	charter school by the State Board of Education. Review Board, or if the	
6	through an appeal pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.9, any conditions imposed by	
7	Education. No other terms may be imposed on the charter school as a con-	dition for receipt of
8	local funds.	
9	(d) The board of directors of the charter school shall decide ma	
10	operation of the school, including budgeting, curriculum, and operating proc	
11	(e) The board of directors of the private nonprofit corporation of	
12	school may have members who reside outside of the State. However,	
13	Education may require by policy rule that a majority of the board of director	rs and all officers of
14	the board of directors reside within the State.	
15		
16	SECTION 1.(j) G.S. 115C-218.20(b) reads as rewritten:	
17	"(b) No civil liability shall attach to the State Board of Education, <u>t</u>	
18	<u>Review Board</u> , the Superintendent of Public Instruction, or to any of their men	nbers or employees,
19	individually or collectively, for any acts or omissions of the charter school."	
20	SECTION 1.(k) G.S. 115C-218.30 reads as rewritten:	
21	"§ 115C-218.30. Accountability; reporting requirements to State Board	of Education.
22		
23	(c) The school shall report at least annually to the <u>Review Board and</u>	<u>d the State Board of</u>
24	Education the information required by <u>rules adopted by</u> the State Board."	
25	SECTION 1.(<i>l</i>) G.S. 115C-218.35(c) reads as rewritten:	1
26	"(c) The local board of education shall make a decision on the charter	-
27	building or land within 90 days of the request. If the local board of educati	
28	decision within 90 days of the request of the charter school, the local boar	
29	provide a written explanation of its reasons for not acting on the request with	•
30	period to the North Carolina Charter Schools Advisory Review Board and t	ne Joint Legislative
31	Education Oversight Committee."	
32	SECTION 1.(m) G.S. 115C-218.45 reads as rewritten:	
33 34	"§ 115C-218.45. Admission requirements.	
34 35	(f) The charter school may give enrollment priority to any of the following the follow	lowing.
36	(i) The charter school may give enronment priority to any of the for	lowing.
30 37	(3) Limited to no more than fifteen percent (15%) of the school	ol's total enrollment
38	unless granted a waiver by the State Board of Education.	
39	following:	<u>Review Doard, the</u>
40	a. Children or grandchildren of persons (i) employ	ed full time by the
41	charter school or (ii) working full time in the da	•
42	charter school, including children of persons	• -
43	• •	arter management
44	organization for the charter school.	urter munugement
45	b. Children or grandchildren of the charter school's b	poard of directors
46		
47	(g1) If a procedure for a weighted lottery reflecting the mission of t	the school has been
48	approved by the <u>State-Review</u> Board as part of the charter, and a lotte	
49	subsection (h) of this section, the lottery shall be conducted according to t	•
50	charter.	r
51		

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	SEC	FION 1.(n) G.S. 115C-218.90 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 115C	-218.90	Employment requirements.	
(a)		oyees. –	
	1		
	(4)	The employees of the charter school shall be deemed	employees of the local
		school administrative unit for purposes of providin	
		employee benefits, including membership in the	0
		Employees' Retirement System and the State Health	
		State Employees. The State Board of Education pro	
		schools, approves the original members of the boar	
		charter schools, has the has final decision-makir	
		supervise, and revoke charters, on the approval o	
		renewals, revocations, and amendments, and deman	
		from charter schools for school finances and	
		Accordingly, it is the determination of the General	Assembly that charter
		schools are public schools and that the employees of ch	arter schools are public
		school employees. Employees of a charter school wh	nose board of director
		elects to become a participating employer under G.S.	
		for the purpose of membership in the North Carolin	
		Employees' Retirement System. In no event shall any	-
		Article require the North Carolina Teachers' and State	
		System to accept employees of a private employer as r	nembers or participant
		of the System.	
(b)	 Crim	inal History Chastra	
(b)	Crim	inal History Checks. –	
	(2)	There shall be no liability for negligence on the part	t of the State Board o
	(2)	Education Education, the State Superintendent, the	
		board of directors of the charter school, or their emplo	
		act taken or omission by any of them in carrying ou	
		subsection. The immunity established by this subsect	-
		gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional w	
		otherwise be actionable. The immunity established by	this subsection shall be
		deemed to have been waived to the extent of indemr	nification by insurance
		indemnification under Articles 31A and 31B of Chap	oter 143 of the Genera
		Statutes, and to the extent sovereign immunity is	waived under the Tor
		Claims Act, as set forth in Article 31 of Chapter 143 o	f the General Statutes.
		FION 1.(0) G.S. 115C-218.95 reads as rewritten:	
		Causes for nonrenewal or termination; disputes.	
(a)		State Board of Education Review Board may termina	
		ume the charter through a competitive bid process establi	shed by the State Board
upon an	-	following grounds:	
	(1)	Failure to meet the requirements for student perform	nance contained in the
	(2)	charter;	monogomonti
	(2)	Failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal	management;
	(3)	Violations of law; Material violation of any of the conditions, standards	or procedures set forth
	(4)	Material violation of any of the conditions, standards, in the charter;	of procedures set for
	(5)	Two-thirds of the faculty and instructional support p	personnel at the schoo
	(\mathbf{J})	request that the charter be terminated or not renewed;	
	(6)	Other good cause identified.	U1
		Chief 2004 eulise identified.	

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Repealed by Session Laws 2016-79, s. 1.7(b), effective June 30, 2016, and applicable 1 (b) 2 beginning with the 2016-2017 school year. 3 If a charter school is continually low-performing, the State-Review Board is (b1) 4 authorized to terminate, not renew, or seek applicants to assume the charter through a competitive 5 bid process established by the State Board. However, the State Review Board shall not terminate or not renew the charter of a continually low-performing charter school solely for its continually 6 7 low-performing status if the charter school has met growth in each of the immediately preceding 8 three school years or if the charter school has implemented a strategic improvement plan 9 approved by the State-Review Board and is making measurable progress toward student 10 performance goals. The State Board shall develop rules on the assumption of a charter by a new entity that includes all aspects of the operations of the charter school, including the status of the 11 12 employees. Public assets shall transfer to the new entity and shall not revert to the local school 13 administrative unit in which the charter school is located pursuant to G.S. 115C-218.100(b).

14 (c) The <u>State Review</u> Board of <u>Education</u> shall develop and implement a process to 15 address contractual and other grievances between a charter school and the local board of 16 education during the time of its charter.

17 The State Review Board and the charter school are encouraged to make a good-faith (d) 18 attempt to resolve the differences that may arise between them. They may agree to jointly select 19 a mediator. The mediator shall act as a neutral facilitator of disclosures of factual information, 20 statements of positions and contentions, and efforts to negotiate an agreement settling the 21 differences. The mediator shall, at the request of either the State-Review Board or a charter 22 school, commence a mediation immediately or within a reasonable period of time. The mediation 23 shall be held in accordance with rules and standards of conduct adopted under Chapter 7A of the 24 General Statutes governing mediated settlement conferences but modified as appropriate and 25 suitable to the resolution of the particular issues in disagreement.

26 Notwithstanding Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, the mediation 27 proceedings shall be conducted in private. Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring 28 in a mediation are not subject to discovery and are inadmissible in any court action. However, no 29 evidence otherwise discoverable is inadmissible merely because it is presented or discussed in a 30 mediation. The mediator shall not be compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning 31 statements made and conduct occurring in a mediation in any civil proceeding for any purpose, 32 except disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or any agency established to enforce standards 33 of conduct for mediators. The mediator may determine that an impasse exists and discontinue the 34 mediation at any time. The mediator shall not make any recommendations or public statement of 35 findings or conclusions. The State Review Board and the charter school shall share equally the 36 mediator's compensation and expenses. The mediator's compensation shall be determined 37 according to rules adopted under Chapter 7A of the General Statutes."

38 39

SECTION 1.(p) G.S. 115C-218.105 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-218.105. State and local funds for a charter school.

40

41 (c4)The local school administrative unit and charter school may use the process for 42 mediation of differences between the State-Review Board and a charter school provided in G.S. 115C-218.95(d) to resolve differences on calculation and transference of the per pupil share 43 44 of the local current expense fund. In the event the local school administrative unit and the charter 45 school disagree on the amount owed to the charter school, the local school administrative unit 46 may delay transfer of the disputed amount but shall not delay the transfer of the undisputed 47 amount. The amount transferred under this subsection that consists of revenue derived from 48 supplemental taxes shall be transferred only to a charter school located in the tax district for 49 which these taxes are levied and in which the student resides.

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(d) The local school administrative unit shall also provide each charter school to which
it transfers a per pupil share of its local current expense fund with all of the following information
within the 30-day time period provided in subsection (c) of this section:
(1) The total amount of monies the local school administrative unit has in each of
the funds listed in G.S. 115C-426(c).
(2) The student membership numbers used to calculate the per pupil share of the local current expense fund.
(3) How the per pupil share of the local current expense fund was calculated.
(4) Any additional records requested by a charter school from the local school administrative unit in order for the charter school to audit and verify the
calculation and transfer of the per pupil share of the local current expense fund.
In addition, the local school administrative unit shall provide to the State Board of Education
and the Review Board all of the information required by this subsection for each charter school
to which it transfers a per pupil share of its local current expense fund. This information shall be
provided to the State Board of Education by November 1 of each year. The State Board shall
adopt a policy-rules, as recommended by the Review Board, to govern the collection of this
information. The State Board shall issue a letter of noncompliance to a local school
administrative unit that does not provide the State Board and Review Board with the information
required by this subsection.
(h) Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-218.15(b) and solely with respect to the North Carolina
Medicaid program, a charter school that is approved by the State in accordance with this Article
as a public school pursuant to this Article shall be deemed a local government entity that is
responsible, or assumes responsibility, either directly or indirectly through an agency or other
political subdivision, for the payment of the nonfederal share for reimbursable medical services,
if any, provided by the charter school. The nonfederal share shall consist exclusively of public
funds. For purposes of this subsection, "reimbursable medical services" means services,
including administrative activities related to those services, that are medically necessary and for
which federal payment is available under the North Carolina Medicaid Program established
under Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes. For the purposes of this subsection, "nonfederal share" means the share of expenditures for the reimbursable medical
subsection, nonrederal share means the share of expenditures for the reinbursable medical services that draws down federal financial participation."
SECTION 1.(q) G.S. 115C-218.110(a) reads as rewritten:
"(a) The State Board of Education Charter Schools Review Board shall distribute
information announcing the availability of the charter school process described in this Article to
each local school administrative unit and public postsecondary educational institution and,
through press releases, to each major newspaper in the State."
SECTION 1.(r) G.S. 115C-296.2(b)(1) reads as rewritten:
"(1) A "North Carolina public school" is a school operated by a local board of
education, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Division of
Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety, or The University of
North Carolina; a school affiliated with The University of North Carolina; or
a charter school approved by the State Board of Education.in accordance with
Article 14A of this Chapter."
SECTION 1.(s) G.S. 135-5.3(b1) reads as rewritten:
"(b1) The board of directors of a charter school operated by a private nonprofit corporation
or a charter school operated by a municipality that has received State Board of Education
approval under G.S. 115C-218.5 Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes may elect
approval under G.S. 115C-218.5 <u>Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes</u> may elect to become a participating employer in the Retirement System in accordance with this Article."

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1 "(b) No later than two years after both parties have signed the written charter under 2 G.S. 115C-218.15, the board of directors of a charter school operated by a private nonprofit 3 corporation or a charter school operated by a municipality shall elect whether to become a 4 participating employer in the Plan in accordance with this Article. This election shall be in writing 5 and filed with the <u>Plan_Plan</u>, the <u>Charter Schools Review Board</u>, and the State Board of 6 Education. This election is effective for each charter school employee as of the date of that 7 employee's entry into eligible service."

8 SECTION 2. The current members of the Charter Schools Advisory Board shall 9 serve as initial members of the Charter Schools Review Board. Notwithstanding 10 G.S. 115C-218(b), as amended by this act, upon the expiration of the current term of the Charter School Review Board members, (i) one term expiring in 2023 shall be replaced with an 11 12 appointment by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in accordance with G.S. 120-121, and (ii) two terms expiring in 2023 shall be 13 14 replaced with an appointment by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the 15 President Pro Tempore of the Senate, in accordance with G.S. 120-121. Those members shall be 16 appointed for two-year terms. As those terms expire in 2025 and thereafter, or as vacancies occur 17 prior to the expiration of those terms, those members on the North Carolina Charter Schools Review Board shall be appointed in accordance with G.S. 115C-218. 18

SECTION 3. Any applicant or charter school that received a decision on an application, charter amendment, renewal, or termination from the State Board of Education after July 1, 2022, that differed from the decision recommended by the Charter Schools Advisory Board may apply for the decision to be reconsidered by the Charter Schools Review Board. The applicant or charter school shall request reconsideration within 60 days of the date this act becomes law, and the Review Board shall issue a decision on the reconsideration at the first meeting of the Review Board after it receives the reconsideration request.

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SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.