GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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Sea Turtle Protection Act

Short Title:

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HOUSE BILL DRH30468-MHa-126

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Sponsors:	Representative Cervania.
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
ΔΝ ΔΟΤ Τ	O PROVIDE THAT THE WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION SHALL
ESTABLISH DESIGNATED COASTAL AREAS WHICH ARE UTILIZED OR LIKELY	
TO BE UTILIZED BY SEA TURTLES FOR NESTING, TO PROVIDE FOR GRANTS TO	
	RS AND HOMEOWNERS FOR TURTLE FRIENDLY LIGHTING, TO DEFINE
	ARY TERMS, TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL LIGHT TO
	NATE AN AREA OF THE BEACH DESIGNATED BY THE COMMISSION, TO
ESTABL	ISH REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF LIGHTING, AND TO
PROVIDE FOR A PENALTY.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	ECTION 1. Article 22 of Chapter 113 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
a new section to read:	
"§ 113-300. Designation of sea turtle nesting sites.	
	life Resources Commission shall establish designated coastal areas within the State
which are utilized or are likely to be utilized by sea turtles for nesting. Once these designations	
are finalized, the Commission shall publish a map of the coast with the designated areas clearly	
	s website and shall notify the governing board and inspection department of each
county and municipality of the State that includes an area designated under this section."	
Article to rea	ECTION 2. Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new direction.
Afficie to fea	"Article 9H.
"Restrictions on Artificial Lighting to Protect Sea Turtles.	
"§ 143-151.80. Definitions.	
The following definitions apply in this Article:	
(1	
<u> </u>	commercial structure.
(2	



construction, or security lights.

directly to a building.

including, but not limited to, incandescent mercury vapor, metal halide or

sodium lamps, flashlights, spotlights, street lights, vehicular lights,

Beach. - Those lands subject to periodic inundation by tidal and wave action

Floodlight. – An unshielded reflector type light fixture which is attached

of the Atlantic Ocean so that no nonlittoral vegetation is established.

- (5) Low-profile luminaire. A light fixture set on a base that raises the source of the light no higher than 48 inches off the ground and is designed in such a way that light is directed downward from a hooded light source.
 - New development. Construction of an applicable structure, or electrical plans for the installation of artificial lighting associated with parking lots, dune crossing structures, or other outdoor lighting on or adjacent to ocean beaches of the State, if the light can be seen from the beach.
 - (7) Oceanfront. With respect to lighting systems or structures, means that the illuminated portion of the lighting system or structure is visible from any portion of the ocean beaches of the State that is to the ocean side of the dune line or, in the absence of a dune line, from any area within a line 25 feet to the landward side of the mean high tide mark.
 - (8) Pole lighting. A light fixture set on a base or pole that raises the source of the light higher than 48 inches off the ground.
 - (9) Turtle friendly lighting. With respect to any lighting system or structure to which this Article applies, means that the system or structure emits only amber colored light with a wavelength of no less than 560 nanometers.

"§ 143-151.81. Restrictions on artificial lighting for new construction.

- (a) No artificial light may illuminate the oceanfront of any beach designated by the Wildlife Resources Commission pursuant to G.S. 113-300.
- (b) Any building plans for new development or the remodeling of an existing structure when the remodeling includes the alteration of exterior lighting visible from the oceanfront beach of the State must comply with the following:
 - (1) Floodlights are prohibited and wall-mounted light fixtures must be fitted with hoods so that no light illuminates the beach or with turtle friendly lighting.
 - (2) Pole lighting must be equipped with turtle friendly lighting or shielded in such a way that light is contained within an arc of 3 to 73 degrees on the seaward side of the pole. Outdoor lighting must be limited to the minimum necessary for security and convenience.
 - (3) Low profile luminaires must be used in parking lots, and the lighting must be equipped with turtle friendly lighting or positioned so that no light illuminates the beach.
 - (4) Low profile luminaires must be used for dune crossing structures.
 - (5) Balcony lights must be fitted with turtle friendly lighting or with hoods installed so that the light will not illuminate the beach.
 - (6) Where practical, tinted glass, filmed glass, or shade screens must be utilized on windows facing the oceanfront above the first floor of a multistory structure.
- (c) Temporary security lights at construction sites shall not be mounted more than 15 feet above the ground and shall be either equipped with turtle friendly lighting or adjusted so that illumination from the lights does not spread beyond the boundary of the property being developed.

"§ 143-151.84. Enforcement.

- (a) Persons violating the provisions of this Article must be given five days' notice to come into compliance. Failure to comply after five days shall result in a warning for a first offense, and a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for the second and subsequent offenses. Each set of contiguous days in violation of this Article constitutes a separate offense.
- (b) This Article is enforceable by any law enforcement officer or local government code enforcement agent with jurisdiction over the property."

Page 2 DRH30468-MHa-126

SECTION 3. Article 9H of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 2 of this act, is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143-151.82. Restrictions on artificial lighting for existing structures and oceanfront lighting.

- (a) Oceanfront artificial lighting on existing structures must meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Artificial lighting illuminating buildings or associated grounds for decorative or recreational purposes must be either (i) shielded or screened to ensure they are not visible from the beach or turned off after 10:00 P.M. between May 1 and November 30 of each year or (ii) equipped with turtle friendly lighting.
 - (2) Artificial lighting illuminating dune crosswalks of an area oceanward of the dune line must be either equipped with turtle friendly lighting or turned off after 10:00 P.M. between May 1 and November 30 of each year.
 - (3) Security lighting is permitted only if equipped with turtle friendly lighting or if low profile luminaires are used and screened in such a way that those lights do not illuminate the beach.
 - (4) Window treatments in windows facing the ocean above the first floor of a multistory structure must prevent the interior lights from illuminating the beach.
- (b) Oceanfront lighting located in parks or other publicly owned beach access areas must meet either of the following requirements:
 - (1) Designed or mounted so that the bulk of the illumination will travel away from the beach and shielded, shaded, or not utilized between May 1 and November 30 of each year.
 - (2) Equipped with turtle friendly lighting."

SECTION 4. The sum of four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2024-2025 fiscal year is appropriated to the Wildlife Resources Commission and allocated for the following grant programs in areas of the State designated by the Commission pursuant to G.S. 113-300, as enacted by Section 1 of this act:

- (1) Two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) to provide grants to homeowners and builders to provide cost-share of up to fifty percent (50%) of the cost of turtle friendly lighting required by Article 9H of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 2 of this act.
- (2) Two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) to provide grants to law enforcement or local code enforcement agencies for support in enforcement and public education regarding Article 9H of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 2 of this act.

SECTION 5. The Commission shall report on the use of the grant funding provided in Section 4 of this act to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Agriculture and Natural and Economic Resources and the Fiscal Research Division no later than October 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until all funds have been encumbered. The report shall include, at a minimum, a list of grant recipients by county, a brief description of the project or type of assistance funded, and an overview of the status of installation of turtle friendly lighting in and adjacent to the State's ocean beaches. The Commission may retain three percent (3%) of the funds appropriated by this section for its administrative expenses in administering the grant programs established by Section 4 of this act and the designation of sites under G.S. 113-300, as enacted by Section 1 of this act.

SECTION 6. The Commission shall adopt rules setting forth eligibility requirements and application procedures for the grants authorized by Section 4 of this act.

SECTION 7. Section 2 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2025, and applies to building permits applied for on or after that date. Section 3 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2026. The remainder of this act becomes effective July 1, 2024.

DRH30468-MHa-126 Page 3